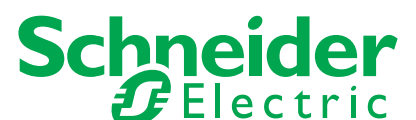
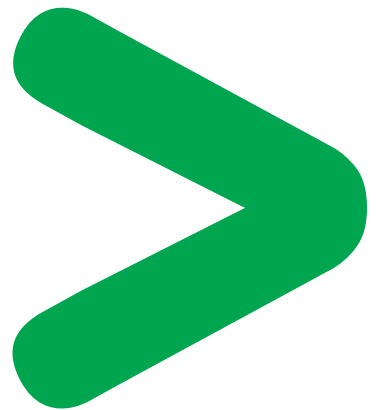
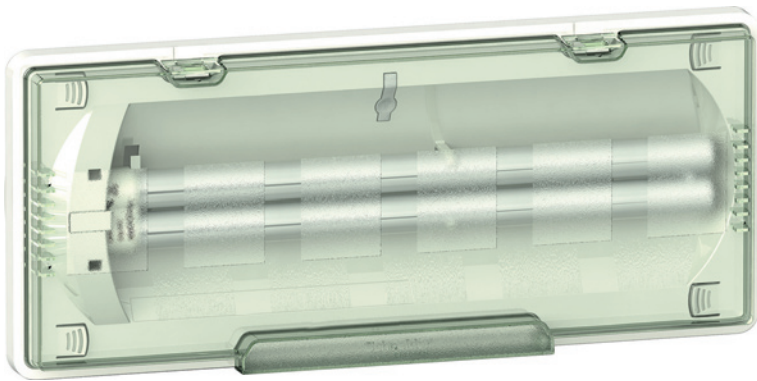


Product Environmental Profile

Emergency lighting Exiway One
IP42 24/280/1NC OVA38679



Product Environmental Profile - PEP

Product Overview

The main function of the Emergency lighting EXIWAY product range is to provide emergency lighting in compliance with European standards.

This subrange consists of 14 commercial reference (Exyway ONE and PLUS, IP42/IP65): OVA38679, OVA38680, OVA38612, OVA38681, OVA38613, OVA38658, OVA38626, OVA38659, OVA38614, OVA38618, OVA38660, OVA38625, OVA38624, OVA38619

The representative product used for the analysis is Emergency lighting EXIWAY ONE IP42 24/280/1NC Ref: OVA38679.

The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with the similar technology.

The extrapolation rules are described in the following chapters.

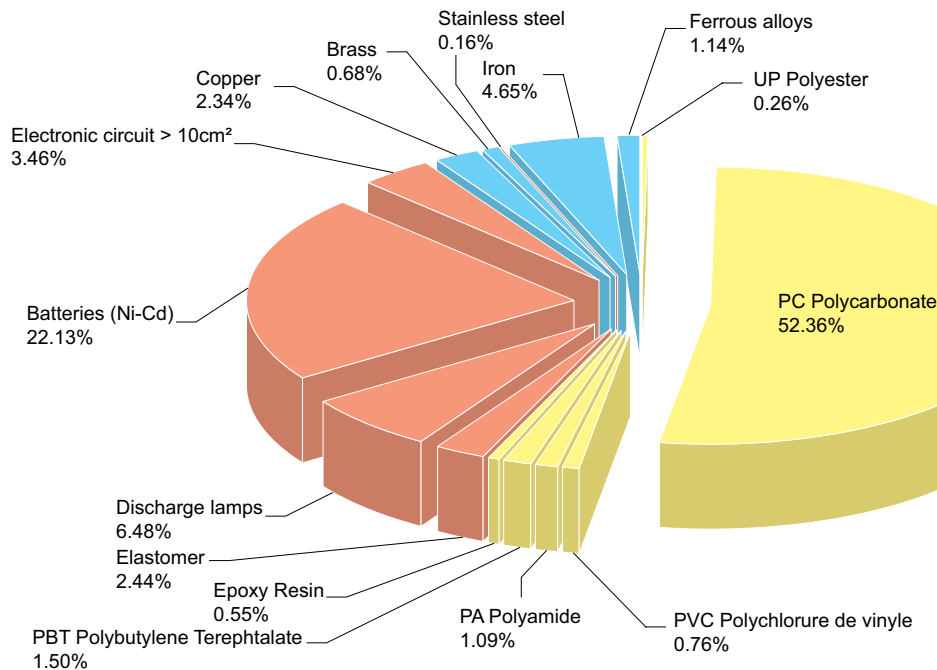
The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

This analysis takes the stages of the life cycle of the product into account.

Constituent materials

The mass of the product range is from 1020 g and 1280 g no including packaging. It is 1270 g for the Emergency lighting EXIWAY ONE IP42 24/280/1NC Ref: OVA38679.

The constituent materials are distributed as follows:



Substance assessment

Products of this range are designed in conformity with the requirements of the RoHS directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003) and do not contain, or in the authorised proportions, lead, mercury, cadmium, chromium hexavalent, flame retardant (polybromobiphenyles PBB, polybromodiphenylthethers PBDE) as mentioned in the Directive.

Manufacturing

Emergency lighting EXIWAY is manufactured at a production site which complies with the regulations governing industrial sites.

Distribution

The weight and volume of the packaging have been reduced, in compliance with the European Union's packaging directive. The Emergency lighting EXIWAY OVA38679 packaging weight is 106.4 g. It consists of Paper (Recycled, With Deinking) 9.4 g, Cardboard (kraft) 97 g.

The product distribution flows have been optimised by setting up local distribution centres close to the market areas.

Product Environmental Profile - PEP

Utilization

The products of the Emergency lighting EXIWAY range do not generate environmental pollution requiring special precautionary measures (noise, emissions, and so on) in using phase

The dissipated power depends on the conditions under which the product is implemented and used.

The electrical power consumed by this Emergency lighting EXIWAY sub range spreads out between 1.65 W and 2.57W. It is 2.93 W 1 % in active mode and 2.57W 98 % in standby mode for the referenced Emergency lighting EXIWAY ONE IP42 24/280/1NC Ref: OVA38679.

During the products lifetime the fluorescent lamp and the battery should be substituted to preserve the declared performance.

End of life

At end of life, the products in the Emergency lighting EXIWAY ONE IP42 have been optimized to decrease the amount of waste and valorise the components and materials of the product in the usual end of life treatment process.

The design and information have been achieved so as components are able to enter the usual end of life treatment processes as appropriate: depollution if recommended, reuse and/or dismantling if recommended so as to increase the recycling performances and shredding for separating the rest of materials.

The potential of recyclability of the products has been evaluated using the Codde "recyclability and recoverability calculation method" (version V1, 20 Sep. 2008) and published by ADEME (French Agency for Environment and Energy Management).

According to this method, the potential recyclability ratio is: 74 %.

The recommendations to optimize the recycling performance are detailed in the product "End of Life Instructions" of this product range.

Environmental impacts

The environmental impacts were analysed for the Manufacturing (M) phases, the Distribution (D) and the Utilization (U) phases.

This product range is included in the category 2 (assumed lifetime service is 10 years and using scenario: 2.57 W and 98 % uptime).

The EIME (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer) software, version 4.0, and its database, version 10.0 were used for the life cycle assessment (LCA).

The calculation has been done on Emergency lighting EXIWAY ONE IP42 24/280/1NC Ref: OVA38679.

The electrical power model used is Italian model.

Presentation of the environmental impacts

Environmental indicators	Short	Unit	For 1 Emergency lighting EXIWAY ONE IP42 24/280/1NC Ref: OVA38679			
			S = M + D + U	M	D	U
Raw material depletion	RMD	Y-1	4.27E ⁻¹³	2.73E ⁻¹³	9.30E ⁻¹⁸	1.53E ⁻¹³
Energy depletion	ED	MJ	2.63E ⁺⁰³	2.16E ⁺⁰²	5.567	2.41E ⁺⁰³
Water depletion	WD	dm ³	2.52E ⁺⁰²	1.00E ⁺⁰²	1.97	1.50E ⁺⁰²
Global warming	GW	g ~CO ₂	1.74E ⁺⁰⁵	1.24E ⁺⁰⁴	2.64E ⁺⁰²	1.61E ⁺⁰⁵
Ozone depletion	OD	g ~CFC-11	5.04E ⁻⁰²	1.29E ⁻⁰³	1.43E ⁻⁰⁴	4.90E ⁻⁰²
Air toxicity	AT	m ³	5.06E ⁺⁰⁷	3.50E ⁺⁰⁶	5.22E ⁺⁰⁴	4.71E ⁺⁰⁷
Photochemical ozone creation	POC	g ~C ₂ H ₄	87.991	5.092	1.93E ⁻⁰¹	82.706
Air acidification	AA	g ~H ⁺	41.776	2.785	3.68E ⁻⁰²	38.955
Water toxicity	WT	dm ³	2.73E ⁺⁰⁴	5.37E ⁺⁰³	70.471	2.19E ⁺⁰⁴
Water eutrophication	WE	g ~PO ₄	6.176	3.701	3.24E ⁻⁰²	2.443
Hazardous waste production	HWP	kg	8.08E ⁻⁰¹	1.46E ⁻⁰¹	4.15E ⁻⁰⁴	6.62E ⁻⁰¹

The life cycle analysis shows that the U phase (M, D or U phase) is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators.

Extrapolation rules for product range:

Depending on the analysis of environmental impacts, the parameters of other products in this sub range may be proportionally extrapolated multiplying the values of the use (U) phase by the ratio of the power consumption values.

The product benefits from design optimisation which allows reducing its impact on environment.

Product Environmental Profile - PEP

System approach

As the product of the range are designed in accordance with the RoHS Directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003), they can be incorporated without any restriction within an assembly or an installation submitted to this Directive.

N.B.: please note that the environmental impacts of the product depend on the use and installation conditions of the product.

Impacts values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be directly used to draw up the environmental assessment of the installation.

Glossary

Raw Material Depletion (RMD)

This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.

Energy Depletion (ED)

This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it be from fossil, hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources.

This indicator takes into account the energy from the material produced during combustion. It is expressed in MJ.

Water Depletion (WD)

This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in dm³.

Global Warming (GW)

The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is quantified in gram equivalent of CO₂.

Ozone Depletion (OD)

This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent of CFC-11.

Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)

This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon (the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene (C₂H₄).

Air Acidification (AA)

The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain. A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests.

The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of H⁺.

Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)

This indicator calculates the quantity of specially treated waste created during all the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the production of electrical power, etc. It is expressed in kg.

Registration No.: SCHN-2011-290-V0

Programme information: www.pep-ecopassport.org

PEP in compliance with PEpecopassport according to PEP-AP0011 rules

ACV rules are available from PEP editor on request

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Published by: Schneider Electric