

Switchboard/Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Ratings

Introduction

This document addresses Underwriters Laboratories (UL) short-circuit current rating (SCCR) requirements for switchboards and panelboards, along with three methods of system protection. It also provides circuit breaker interrupting ratings, series ratings tables, a fuse cross-reference table, and typical application examples.

UL requires that all UL Listed switchboards and panelboards be marked with a maximum SCCR. Testing switchboards and panelboards at the maximum SCCR evaluates the structure, bus, and overcurrent protective device (OCPD) as an entire system. The National Electrical Code® (NEC®) equipment requirements for SCCR are defined in Sections 110.9 and 110.10. The criteria for determining SCCR are found in UL Standard 891 for switchboards and UL Standard 67 for panelboards.

Three systems of short-circuit current protection are available:

- Fully-rated system
- Fully-rated, selectively-coordinated system
- Series-connected system

NOTE: The information contained in the tables of this data bulletin is correct at the time of printing; ratings may change without notice due to equipment design modifications. Refer to the series-connected ratings marked on the end-use equipment.

Fully-Rated System

In a fully-rated system, the interrupting rating of all OCPDs must be greater than or equal to the available fault current at the line side terminals of each device.

Fully-Rated, Selectively-Coordinated System

This is a fully-rated system with an additional design characteristic: within the range of selectivity, the OCPD closest to the fault opens the circuit, while the upstream OCPD remains closed. This limits unnecessary interruption of service to unaffected portions of the system. A system coordination study must be performed to ensure selectivity.

Series-Connected System

A series-rated system consists of a combination of OCPDs connected in series. The line side (main) device must have an interrupting rating equal to or greater than the available fault current at the line side terminals of the device. The load side (branch) circuit breaker has a lower interrupting rating that has been tested in combination with the line side device.

To comply with Sections 110.22 and 240.86 of the NEC, all applicable series combinations must be marked on the end-use equipment. The UL Recognized Component Directory (Yellow Book) must not be used as an application guide for series-connected ratings in end-use equipment.

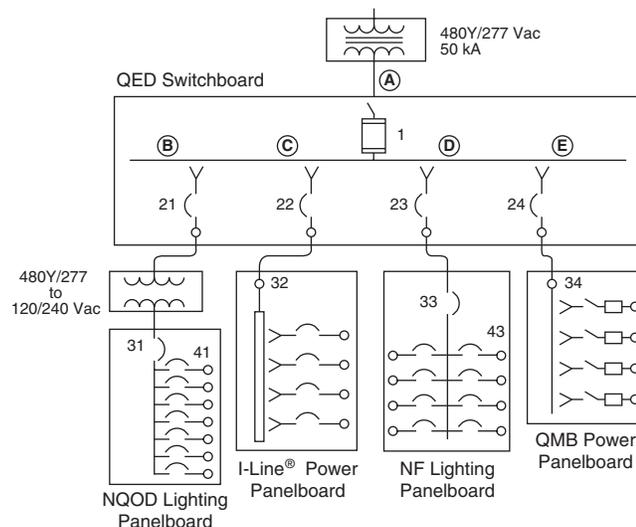
Section 240.86(B) further defines the use of series ratings with respect to motor contribution. This section requires that a calculation of the motor contribution be made if the motor(s) are connected to the load side of the higher rated device and to the line side of the lower rated device. If the sum of the motor full load current(s) is found to be higher than one percent of the interrupting rating of the lower rated device, then the series rating for that device cannot be used.

Examples

The examples are based on a 480Y/277 V system with 50 kA available at the service entrance.

NOTE: Series-rated systems must comply with NEC Article 240.86(B).

Figure 1: Series Rating Example



Legend:

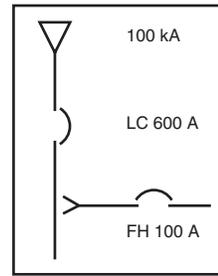
- (A) A main may be series-rated with all the distribution circuit breakers (21, 22, 23, 24). Calculating the available fault current at the line terminals of the downstream circuit breakers may permit lower AIR rated circuit breakers. Series rating at this level typically is not as economical as series rating between the switchboard distribution circuit breakers (22, 23) and panelboards (32, 33).
- (B) A distribution circuit breaker (21) is not series-rated through a transformer to a lighting panelboard (31) because the voltage changes.
- (C) A 225 A KC circuit breaker (22) will series rate with FD and FG circuit breakers in an I-Line panelboard (32). Refer to Table 10 on page 14.
- (D) The 225 A KC feeder circuit breaker (23) in the switchboard must be fully rated. A 225 A main circuit breaker (33) in the panelboard must be fully rated for the available fault current, either calculated at the panelboard or the switchboard available fault rating if calculations are not done. The integral panelboard main circuit breaker must series rate with the branch EDB circuit breakers (43). Refer to Table 12 on page 17.
- (E) Fusible disconnects with Class R, J, T, or L (34) do not require series rating with a 225 A KC circuit breaker (24).

If a consultant specifies, based on a short-circuit study, that all switchboards are to be rated 50 kA, power panelboards 42 kA, and lighting panelboards 22 kA, the following procedure is permissible:

- Series rate the switchboard main fusible disconnect (1) with the switchboard feeder circuit breakers (21, 22, 23, 24) at 50 kA.
- Series rate the NQOD panelboard main circuit breaker (31) with the panelboard branch circuit breaker (41) at 22 kA.
- Series rate the NF panelboard main circuit breaker (33) with the lighting panelboard branch circuit breakers (43) at 22 kA.

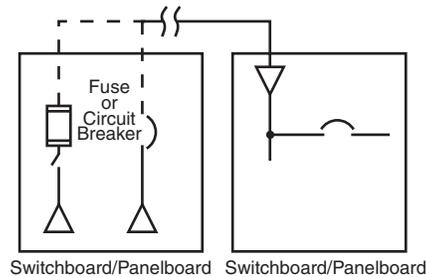
Example 1

A series-connected rating can be used *within* a single switchboard or panelboard enclosure.



Example 2

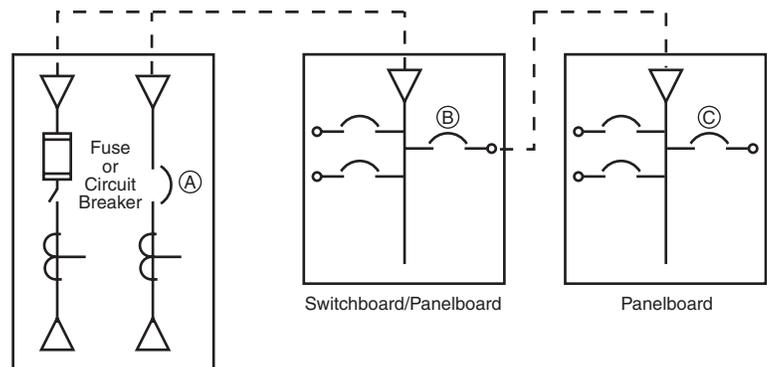
A series-connected rating can be accomplished outside a single enclosure using two switchboards, two panelboards, or a switchboard feeding a panelboard.



Example 3

A series-connected rating can be accomplished using a switchboard OCPD (A) and a panelboard main disconnect (B) (two-tier), or using a panelboard main OCPD (B) and a panelboard branch OCPD (C) (two-tier). In order for all OCPDs (A, B, C) to be in a series combination (three-tier), the series combination would have to be marked on the panelboard housing OCPD (C).

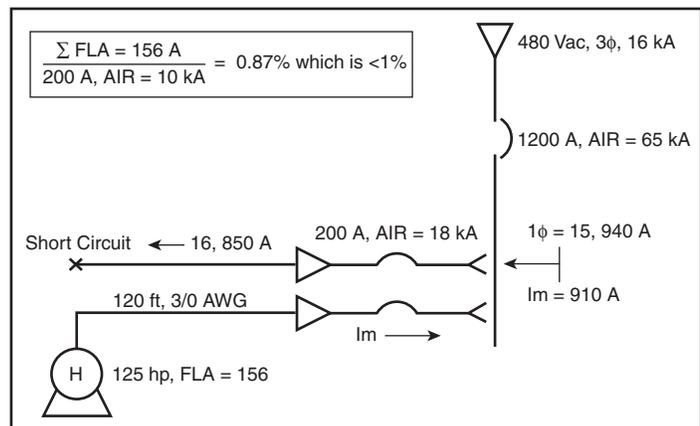
NOTE: Schneider Electric has three-tier ratings for multi-metering equipment. Multi-metering three-tier series ratings are not addressed in this bulletin. Applicable ratings appear on the appropriate equipment.



Example 4

Motor contribution in accordance with NEC 240.86 (B) must be considered before series ratings can be used.

NOTE: Use only the UL Listed SCCRs marked on the equipment. Standard interrupting circuit breakers cannot be substituted where high interrupting circuit breakers are indicated. Do not use the "up-over-down" method. It can lead to unsafe applications. Fuses chosen by the "up-over-down" method typically result in larger ampere ratings than the UL Listed fuse/circuit breaker series-connected short-circuit ratings shown in the tables. This simple method gives inaccurate results, partly because it ignores the dynamic impedance of molded case circuit breakers.



Interrupting and Series Ratings

Table 1 below and Table 2 on page 5 show the ratings of the OCPDs commonly furnished in Square D® brand switchboards and I-Line® panelboards. Devices are UL Listed for the interrupting ratings shown. Information given is correct at time of printing; ratings may change without notice due to modification in equipment design.

Table 1: Molded Case Circuit Breaker Interrupting Ratings (x 1000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes)

| Circuit Breaker Type | Poles | Ampere Rating | 240 Vac | 277 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac |
|----------------------|---------|---------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| FY | 1 | 15-30 | 14 | 14 | — | — |
| FA 240 V | 1, 2, 3 | 15-100 | 10 | — | — | — |
| FA 480 V | 1 | 15-100 | 18 | 18 | — | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 25 | 18 | 18 | — |
| FA 600 V | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 |
| FH | 1 | 15-30 | 65 | 65 | — | — |
| | 1 | 35-100 | 25 | 25 | — | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 65 | 25 | 25 | 18 |
| FC | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 100 | 65 | 65 | — |
| FI | 2, 3 | 20-100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| FD | 1 | 15-70 | 18 | 18 | 18 ^[1] | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 25 | 18 | 18 ^[1] | — |
| FG | 1 | 15-70 | 35 | 35 | 35 ^[1] | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 65 | 35 | 35 ^[1] | — |
| FJ | 1 | 15-70 | 65 | 65 | 65 ^[1] | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15-100 | 100 | 65 | 65 ^[1] | — |
| HD | 2, 3 | 15-150 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 |
| HG | 2, 3 | 15-150 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 |
| HJ | 2, 3 | 15-150 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 |
| HL | 2, 3 | 15-150 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| QB | 2, 3 | 70-225 | 10 | — | — | — |
| QD | 2, 3 | 70-225 | 25 | — | — | — |
| QG | 2, 3 | 70-225 | 65 | — | — | — |
| QJ | 2, 3 | 70-225 | 100 ^[2] | — | — | — |
| KA | 2, 3 | 70-250 | 42 | 25 | 25 | 22 |
| KH | 2, 3 | 70-250 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 25 |
| KC | 2, 3 | 110-250 | 100 | 65 | 65 | — |
| KI | 2, 3 | 110-250 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| JD | 2, 3 | 150-250 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 |
| JG | 2, 3 | 150-250 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 |
| JJ | 2, 3 | 150-250 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 |
| JL | 2, 3 | 150-250 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| LA | 2, 3 | 125-400 | 42 | 30 | 30 | 22 |
| LH | 2, 3 | 125-400 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 25 |
| LC | 2, 3 | 300-600 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 35 |
| LX | 2, 3 | 100-600 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 35 |
| LE | 2, 3 | 100-600 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 35 |
| LXI | 2, 3 | 100-600 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| LI | 2, 3 | 300-600 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 |
| MA | 2, 3 | 300-1200 | 42 | 30 | 30 | 22 |
| MH | 2, 3 | 300-1200 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 25 |
| MX | 2, 3 | 450-800 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 25 |
| ME | 2, 3 | 450-800 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 25 |

Continued on next page

¹ FD, FG, and FJ circuit breakers are rated 480Y/277 Vac maximum.

² QJ 3-pole circuit breaker is rated 100 kA, 208Y/120 Vac maximum.

Table 1: Molded Case Circuit Breaker Interrupting Ratings (x 1000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes) (continued)

| Circuit Breaker Type | Poles | Ampere Rating | 240 Vac | 277 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac |
|----------------------|-------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| NA | 2, 3 | 600–1200 | 100 | 50 | 50 | 25 |
| NC | 2, 3 | 600–1200 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| NX | 2, 3 | 600–1200 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| NE | 2, 3 | 600–1200 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| PA | 2, 3 | 600–2000 | 65 | 50 | 50 | 42 |
| PH | 2, 3 | 600–2000 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| PC | 2, 3 | 1600–2500 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| PX | 3 | 600–2500 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| PE | 3 | 600–2500 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| PG | 2, 3 | 250–1200 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 |
| PJ | 2, 3 | 250–1200 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 |
| PK | 2, 3 | 250–1200 | 65 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| PL | 2, 3 | 250–1200 | 125 | 100 | 100 | — |
| RG | 2, 3 | 600–2500 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 |
| RJ | 2, 3 | 600–2500 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 |
| RK | 2, 3 | 600–2500 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| RL | 2, 3 | 600–2500 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| SE | 3 | 200–4000 | 150 | 100 | 100 | 85 |

Table 2: Insulated Case Circuit Breaker Interrupting Ratings (x 1000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes)

| Circuit Breaker Type | Poles | Ampere Rating | 240 Vac | 277 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac |
|----------------------|-------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| NT-N | 3 | 100–1200 | 65 | 50 | 50 | 35 |
| NT-H | 3 | 100–1200 | 100 | 65 | 65 | — |
| NT-L | 3 | 100–1200 | 200 | 100 | 100 | — |
| NW-N | 3 | 100–2000 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 50 |
| NW-H | 3 | 100–6000 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 85 |
| NW-L | 3 | 100–6000 | 200 | 150 | 150 | 100 |

Table 3 shows the ratings of the OCPDs commonly furnished in Square D brand lighting and appliance panelboards. Devices are UL Listed for the interrupting ratings shown. Information given is correct at time of printing; ratings may change without notice due to equipment design modifications.

Table 3: Molded Case Circuit Breaker Interrupting Ratings (x 1000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes)

| Circuit Breaker Type | Poles | Ampere Rating | 120 Vac | 120/240 Vac | 240 Vac | 277 Vac | 480/277 Vac |
|-----------------------|-------|---------------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| QO | 1 | 10–70 | 10 | 10 | — | — | — |
| | 2 | 10–125 | 10 | 10 | — | — | — |
| | 3 | 10–100 | 10 | 10 | 10 | — | — |
| QO-H | 2 | 15–100 | 10 | 10 | 10 | — | — |
| QO-VH | 1 | 15–30 | 22 | 22 | — | — | — |
| | 2 | 15–125 | 22 | 22 | — | — | — |
| | 3 | 15–100 | 22 | 22 | 22 | — | — |
| QH | 1 | 15–30 | 65 | 65 | — | — | — |
| | 2 | 15–30 | 65 | 65 | — | — | — |
| | 3 | 15–30 | 65 | 65 | 65 | — | — |
| QO-GFI ^[1] | 1 | 15–30 | 10 | — | — | — | — |
| | 2 | 15–60 | 10 | 10 | — | — | — |
| QO-VHGFI | 1 | 15–30 | 22 | — | — | — | — |
| EDB | 1 | 15–70 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 18 | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15–125 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 |
| EGB | 1 | 15–70 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 35 | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15–125 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 35 | 35 |
| EJB | 1 | 15–70 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 65 | — |
| | 2, 3 | 15–125 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 65 | 65 |

¹ 60 A QO-GFI is suitable only for feeding 120/240 Vac and 208 Vac 2-wire loads. It does not contain a load neutral connection.

Commercial Multi-Metering Switchboards (Class 2755 or Class 2756)

The OCPD within commercial metering switchboards, up to 100 kA, will be the *remote* line side main for the series combination. The load side circuit breaker will be in the panelboard, load center, or enclosed circuit breaker. This represents a typical two-tier system. All of the tables on the following pages apply.

NOTE: The marking will be on the downstream device, not on the commercial multi-metering switchboard; therefore, Tables 1–15 apply to series ratings with the devices in the commercial multi-metering switchboard. **Exception:** If a panelboard is installed within the commercial multi-metering switchboard, then the panelboard will be marked accordingly and per the tables listed in this bulletin.

Figure 2: UL Recognized Fuse/Circuit Breaker Series-Connected Rating



Figure 2 at left and Tables 5 and 6 on page 9 show the arrangement and ratings of 240 Vac (maximum) systems with line side fuses in series with load side circuit breakers for switchboards and panelboards.

NOTE: The line side fused switch may be in a separate enclosure or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side fused switch may be integral or remote. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch or feeder. The series combination SCCR must not exceed that of the line side fused switch. The tables apply to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. However, the line side fuse ratings are independent of the fuse manufacturer. For fuse information, refer to Table 13 on page 19. UL fuse/circuit breaker series ratings are not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Table 4: Main Fuse and Branch Circuit Breakers for I-Line Panelboards Only

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Max. Short Circuit Current Rating (RMS Symm.) | Remote Main Fuse | | Branch Circuit Breakers | |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | | Maximum Amperage | Fuse Class ^[1] | Designation | |
| 120/240 1Ø 208Y/120 | 100,000 | 1200 A | L, T (300 V) | QD ^[2] , QG ^[2] | |
| | | 800 A | T (600 V) | | |
| | | 600 A | J, RK5 | | |
| 240 | 65,000 | 1200 A | L, T (300 V) | QD | |
| | | 800 A | T (600 V) | | |
| | | 600 A | J, RK5 | | |
| | 100,000 | 1200 A | L, T (300 V) | QD, QG (2 Pole) | |
| | | | T (600 V) | | |
| | | 600 A | J, RK5 | FA, FH, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, PG FH, KA, KH, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, PG, HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL | |
| | | | J, T (600 V) | | |
| | | | RK5 | | |
| | | 800 A | T (600 V) | FH, KA, KH, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, PG | |
| | | | T (300 V) | PG | |
| | | 1200 A | L | FH,KA,KH,LA,LH,MA,MH,MX,PG | |
| | | | L | FH, KH, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, PG | |
| | | | T (600 V) | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL | |
| | | 1200/2000 A | L | KH, MA, MH, MX, PG | |
| | | | L | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL | |
| | | 200,000 | 600 A | J, T (600V) | FA (3 pole only), FH, FC, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | | RK5 | FH, FC, HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | | J | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL |
| | | | 800 A | T (600V) | FH, FC, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | | T (300V) | PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | | L | FH, FC, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | 1200 A | | L | FC, KH, KC, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL | |
| | | | T (600V) | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL | |
| | 1200/2000 A | | L | NA, NC, NX, PJ, PL | |
| 4000 A | L | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL | | | |

Continued on next page

¹ The fuse used in this UL test is an envelope (umbrella) fuse. This fuse is designed as a "worst case" fuse. Thus, no matter what manufacturer's fuse is used, the Square D brand circuit breaker is protected.

The line side fused switch may be in a separate enclosure, or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side fused switch may be a submain, integral main, or remote main. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch, submain, or an integral main used on the load side of a remote main. This series combination short circuit current rating shall not exceed that of the line side fused switch. The charts apply to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. However, the line side fuse ratings are independent of the fuse manufacturer.

Not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Limiters used in Square D brand DSL and DSL II fused power circuit breakers are not class L fuses and do not have series ratings.

² Series rating valid for 2-pole circuit breakers @ 240 Vac and 3-pole circuit breakers @ 208Y/120 V.

Table 4: Main Fuse and Branch Circuit Breakers for I-Line Panelboards Only (continued)

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Max. Short Circuit Current Rating (RMS Symm.) | Remote Main Fuse | | Branch Circuit Breakers |
|---------------------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| | | Maximum Amperage | Fuse Class ^[1] | Designation |
| 480 | 100,000 | 400 A | J, T (600V) | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL |
| | | 600 A | J, RK5 | HJ, HL, JJ, JL |
| | | | J, T(600V) | FC, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, PG, PJ |
| | | 800 A | RK5 | FC, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, PG, PJ |
| | | | L, T (600V) | FC, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, PG, PJ |
| | | 1200 A | L | FC, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, PG, PJ |
| | | | T (600V) | HJ, HL, JJ, JL |
| | | 1600 A | L | KC, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, PG, PJ |
| | 2000 A | L | KC, LC, MH, MG, MJ, MX, NA, PG, PJ | |
| | 4000 A | L | HJ, HL, JJ, JL | |
| | 200,000 | 200 A | RK5 | HJ, HL |
| | | 400 A | J | FA, FH, FC, HJ, HL, JJ, JL, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | T(600V) | FA, FH, FC, HJ, HL, JJ, JL, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX |
| | | 600 A | J | FC, KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, MG, MJ, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | T(600V) | KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX |
| | | 800 A | RK5 | KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, MG, MJ, NC, NX, PG, PJ, |
| | | | T(300V) | PG, PJ, PL |
| | | | T(600V) | KA, KH, KC, LA, LH, MA, MH, MX, MG, MJ, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL |
| | 1200 A | L | KC, LA, LH, LC, MA, MH, MX, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL | |
| | 1600/2000 A | L | KC, LC, MA, MH, MX, MG, MJ, NA, NC, NX, PG, PJ, PL | |
| | 600 | 100,000 | 30 A | CC |
| 200 A | | | J | HD, HG, HJ, HL, JD, JG, JJ, JL |
| 400 A | | | J, T (600V) | HJ, HL, JJ, JL |
| 600 A | | | R | MG, MJ |
| 1200 A | | | L | MG, MJ |
| 200,000 | | 600 A | J | MG, MJ |
| | | 800 A | T (600V) | MG, MJ |

¹ The fuse used in this UL test is an envelope (umbrella) fuse. This fuse is designed as a "worst case" fuse. Thus, no matter what manufacturer's fuse is used, the Square D brand circuit breaker is protected.

The line side fused switch may be in a separate enclosure, or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side fused switch may be a submain, integral main, or remote main. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch, submain, or an integral main used on the load side of a remote main. This series combination short circuit current rating shall not exceed that of the line side fused switch. The charts apply to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. However, the line side fuse ratings are independent of the fuse manufacturer.

Not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Limiters used in Square D brand DSL and DSL II fused power circuit breakers are not class L fuses and do not have series ratings.

Table 5: 240 Vac Series-Connected Ratings (100 kA Maximum) [1]

| Line Side | | Load Side | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Fuse Class [2] | Fuse Class Amps | FA 15–100 A | FH 15–100 A | QD/QG [3] 70–225 A | KA 70–250 A | KH 70–250 A | LA/LH 125–400 A | MA/MH 300–800 A | MX 450–800 A | PG 250–1200 A |
| R | 200 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | 2, 3 |
| T 300 V | 800 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| T 600 V | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 800 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| J | 200 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | 2, 3 |
| L | 800 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1200 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1600 A | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 2000 A | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |

¹ Ratings are not available for areas with a dash (—); 2, 3 indicates the number of poles.

² The fuse used in this UL test is an envelope (umbrella) fuse. This fuse is designed as a “worst case” fuse. Therefore, no matter which manufacturer’s fuse is used, the Square D brand circuit breaker is protected.

³ A 3-pole circuit breaker can be used only on 208Y/120 Vac maximum.

⁴ Ratings are available, but not typically used with these combinations.

Table 6: 240 Vac Series-Connected Ratings (200 kA Maximum) [1]

| Line Side | | Load Side | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Fuse Class [2] | Fuse Class Amps | FA 15– 100 A | FH 15– 100 A | FC 15– 100 A | KA 70– 250 A | KH 70– 250 A | KC 110– 250 A | LA/LH 125– 400 A | LC 300– 600 A | LX 100– 600 A | MA/MH 300– 800 A | MX 450– 800 A | NA/NC 600– 1200 A | NX 600– 1200 A | PG, PJ, PL 250– 1200 A |
| R | 200 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | [3] | [3] | [3] | [3] | [3] | [3] | — |
| | 400 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | 2, 3 | [3] | [3] | [3] | [3] | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | [3] | [3] | 2, 3 |
| T 300 V | 800 A | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| T 600 V | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | 2, 3 | [3] | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | [3] | [3] | 2, 3 |
| | 800 A | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | [3] | 2, 3 |
| J | 200 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | — | [3] | — | — | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | 2, 3 | [3] | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [3] | [3] | [3] | 2, 3 |
| L | 800 A | — | 2, 3 [4] | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1200 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1600 A | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 [5] |
| | 2000 A | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 [5] |

¹ Ratings are not available for areas with a dash (—); 2, 3 indicates the number of poles.

² The fuse used in this UL test is an envelope (umbrella) fuse. This fuse is designed as a “worst case” fuse. Therefore, no matter which manufacturer’s fuse is used, the Square D brand circuit breaker is protected.

³ Ratings are available, but not typically used with these combinations.

⁴ Not available in QED switchboard construction.

⁵ Rating not available with PG circuit breaker.

Figure 3: UL Recognized Fuse/Circuit Breaker Series-Connected Rating

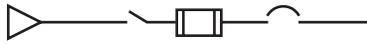


Figure 3 at left, Table 7 below, and Table 8 on page 11 show the arrangement and ratings of 480 Vac (maximum) systems with line side fuses in series with load side circuit breakers for switchboards and panelboards.

NOTE: The line side fused switch may be in a separate enclosure or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side fused switch may be integral or remote. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch or feeder. The series combination SCCR must not exceed that of the line-side fused switch. The tables apply to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. However, the line side fuse ratings are independent of the fuse manufacturer. For fuse information, refer to Table 13 on page 19. UL fuse/circuit breaker series ratings are not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Table 7: 480 Vac Series-Connected Ratings (100 kA Maximum) [1]

| Line Side | | Load Side | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Fuse Class [2] | Fuse Class Amps | FA 15–100 A | FH 15–100 A | FC 15–100 A | KA 70–250 A | KH 70–250 A | KC 110–250 A | LA/LH 125–400 A | LC 300–600 A | LX 100–600 A | MA/MH 300–800 A | MX 450–800 A | NA/NC 600–1200 A | NX 600–1200 A | PG, PJ, PL 250–1200 A |
| R | 200 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 [3] | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | [4] | — | — | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 [3] | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | 2, 3 | [4] | [4] | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 [3] | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | [4] | 2, 3 |
| T 600 V | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | 2, 3 | [4] | [4] | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | [4] | 2, 3 |
| | 800 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| J | 200 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | — | [4] | — | — | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | 2, 3 | [4] | [4] | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | [4] | [4] | 2, 3 |
| L | 800 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1200 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1600 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 2000 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |

¹ Ratings are not available for areas with a dash (—); 2, 3 indicates the number of poles.

² The fuse used in this UL test is an envelope (umbrella) fuse. This fuse is designed as a “worst case” fuse. Therefore, no matter which manufacturer’s fuse is used, the Square D brand circuit breaker is protected.

³ Not available in QED switchboard construction.

⁴ Ratings are available, but not typically used with these combinations.

Table 8: 480 Vac Series-Connected Ratings (200 kA Maximum) ^[1]

| Line Side | | Load Side | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Fuse Class ^[2] | Fuse Class Amps | FA 15–100 A | FH 15–100 A | FC 15–100 A | KA 70–250 A | KH 70–250 A | KC 110–250 A | LA/LH 125–400 A | LC 300–600 A | LX 100–600 A | MA/MH 300–800 A | MX 450–800 A | NA/NC 600–1200 A | NX 600–1200 A | PG, PJ, PL 250–1200 A |
| R | 200 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | ^[3] | — | ^[3] | — | — | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | 2, 3 | ^[3] | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | ^[3] | ^[3] | 2, 3 |
| T 300 V | 800 A | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| T 600 V | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | 2, 3 | ^[3] | — | — | — | — |
| | 600 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | ^[3] | ^[3] | — |
| | 800 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| J | 200 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | — | ^[3] | — | — | — | — | — |
| | 400 A | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | 2, 3 | ^[3] | — | — | — | 2, 3 |
| | 600 A | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | ^[3] | ^[3] | ^[3] | 2, 3 |
| L | 800 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1200 A | — | — | 2, 3 | — | — | 2, 3 | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | 2, 3 |
| | 1600 A | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — |
| | 2000 A | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2, 3 | 2, 3 | — |

¹ Ratings are not available for areas with a dash (—); 2, 3 indicates the number of poles.

² The fuse used in this UL test is an envelope (umbrella) fuse. This fuse is designed as a “worst case” fuse. Therefore, no matter which manufacturer’s fuse is used, the Square D brand circuit breaker is protected.

³ Ratings are available, but not typically used with these combinations.

Figure 4: UL Recognized Circuit Breaker/Circuit Breaker Series-Connected Rating

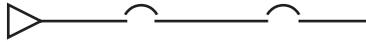


Figure 4 at left and Table 9 below show the arrangement and ratings of 240 or 277 Vac (maximum) systems with line side circuit breakers in series with load side circuit breakers for I-Line switchboards and panelboards.

NOTE: The line side circuit breaker may be in a separate enclosure or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side circuit breaker may be integral or remote. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch or feeder. The series-connected SCCR must not exceed that of the line side circuit breaker. The tables apply to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. UL circuit breaker/circuit breaker series ratings are not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Table 9: I-Line 240 Vac and 277 Vac Series Ratings—Switchboards/Panelboards

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Maximum SCCR | Line Side | | Load Side | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | | Main Circuit Breaker | Maximum Circuit Breaker | Circuit Breakers ^[1] | Current Rating (A) | Poles |
| 120 | 100 kA | FJ | 100 | FD | 15–70 | 1 |
| | | QJ | 225 | FD | 15–70 | |
| | | QJ | 225 | FA | 15–100 | |
| | 65 kA | QG | 225 | FA | 15–100 | |
| FD | | | | 15–70 | | |
| 208Y/120 | 100 kA | QJ | 225 | FA, FD | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| | | QJ | 225 | QD, QG | 70–225 | 2, 3 |
| | | PH | 1600 | | | |
| | | PJ | 1200 | | | |
| | | RJ | 2000 | | | |
| 240 | 42 kA | KA | 250 | FD | 15–100 | 1, 2, 3 |
| | | LA | 400 | QD | 70–225 | 2, 3 |
| | | MA | 1200 | | | |
| | 65 kA | FG, FH | 100 | FD | 15–100 | 1, 2, 3 |
| | | MX | 800 | | | |
| | | MH | 1000 | | | |
| | | PJ | 1200 | | | |
| | | FC | 100 | FD, FG | 15–100 | 1, 2, 3 |
| | | KC, KH | 250 | | | |
| | | LH | 400 | | | |
| | | LC | 600 | | | |
| | | QG | 225 | FA, FD | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| | | LH | 400 | QD | 70–225 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | PA | 1600 | | | | |
| | PG | 1200 | | | | |
| | RG | 2000 | | | | |
| 85 kA | RL | 2500 | FH | 15–100 | 2, 3 | |
| | | | KH | 70–250 | | |

Continued on next page

¹ FD, FG, and FJ circuit breaker ratings apply to both switchboards and panelboards. Ratings for all other circuit breakers apply only to switchboards.

Table 9: I-Line 240 Vac and 277 Vac Series Ratings—Switchboards/Panelboards *(continued)*

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Maximum SCCR | Line Side | | Load Side | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------|---|
| | | Main Circuit Breaker | Maximum Circuit Breaker | Circuit Breakers ^[1] | Current Rating (A) | Poles | |
| 240 | 100 kA | FC | 100 | FD, FG, FJ | 15–100 | 1 | |
| | | KC | 250 | | | | |
| | | LC, LX | 600 | | | | |
| | | QJ | 225 | FD | 15–100 | 2 | |
| | | FC | 100 | FA, FD, FG, FH, FJ | 15–100 | 2, 3 | |
| | | PH | 1600 | QD, QG | 70–225 | | |
| | | RJ | 1200 | | | | |
| | | FJ | 100 | FD | 15–100 | | |
| | | KC | 250 | FA, FD, FG, FH, FJ | | | |
| | | LC, LX | 600 | FD, FG, FH, FJ | | | |
| | | KC | 250 | KA, KH | 70–250 | | |
| | | LC, LX | 600 | | | | |
| | LC, LX | 600 | | | | | |
| | 125 kA | RL | 2500 | RG | 600–2500 | | |
| | 200 kA | 25 kA | FI | 100 | FD, FG, FJ | 15–100 | 1 |
| | | | KI | 250 | | | |
| | | | LI, LXI | 600 | | | |
| | | FI, KI | 100, 250 | FA, FC, FD, FG, FH, FJ | 15–100 | 2, 3 | |
| LI, LXI | | 600 | FC, FD, FG, FH, FJ | | | | |
| KI | | 250 | QD, QG, QJ | 70–225 | | | |
| LI | | 600 | | | | | |
| LXI | | 600 | | | | | |
| KI | | 250 | KA, KC, KH | 70–250 | | | |
| LI, LXI | | 600 | LA, LH, LC | 125–400 | | | |
| LI, LXI | 600 | KA, KC, KH | 70–250 | | | | |
| 277 | 25 kA | FH | 100 | FD | 15–70 | | 1 |
| | | KA | 250 | | | | |
| | 35 kA | FG | 100 | FD | 15–70 | | |
| | | KH | 250 | | | | |
| | | LH | 400 | | | | |
| | 65 kA | FC | 100 | FA, FD, FG, FH, FY | 15–30 | | |
| | | FJ | 100 | FD | | | |
| | | KC | 250 | FA, FD, FG, FH, FY | 15–100 | | |
| | | LC, LX (400 A, Max) | 400 | FH | 15–30 | | |
| | | LC, LX (600 A, Max) | 600 | FY | 15–30 | | |
| | | | | FD, FG | 15–70 | | |
| | 200 kA | FI | 100 | FA, FD, FG, FH, FJ, FY | 15–30 | | |
| | | KI | 250 | | 15–100 | | |
| | | LI, LXI (400 A, Max) | 400 | | 15–70 | | |
| | | | | | FH | 15–30 | |
| | | | | | FY | 15–30 | |
| | | | | | FD, FG, FJ | 15–70 | |

¹ FD, FG, and FJ circuit breaker ratings apply to both switchboards and panelboards. Ratings for all other circuit breakers apply only to switchboards.

Figure 5: UL Recognized Circuit Breaker/Circuit Breaker Series-Connected Rating

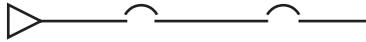


Figure 5 at left and Table 10 below show the arrangement and ratings of 480 Vac (maximum) systems with line side circuit breakers in series with load side circuit breakers for I-Line switchboards and panelboards.

NOTE: The line side circuit breaker may be in a separate enclosure or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side circuit breaker may be integral or remote. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch or feeder. The series-connected SCCR must not exceed that of the line side circuit breaker. The tables apply to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. UL circuit breaker/circuit breaker series ratings are not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Table 10: I-Line 480 Vac Series Ratings—Switchboards/Panelboards

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Maximum SCCR | Line Side | | Load Side | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | | Main Circuit Breaker | Maximum Circuit Breaker | Circuit Breakers ^[1] | Current Rating (A) | Poles |
| 480/277 | 25 kA | FH | 100 | FD | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| | | KA | 250 | | | |
| 480 | 30 kA | KH | 250 | FH | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| | | LA | 400 | | | |
| | | MA | 1000 | | | |
| | | MX | 800 | | | |
| | | PJ | 1200 | | | |
| | | PA, PC | 2000 | | | |
| | | PX | 2500 | KA | 70–250 | |
| | | LA | 400 | | | |
| | | MA | 1000 | | | |
| | | MX | 800 | | | |
| | | PA, PC | 2000 | | | |
| | | PX | 2500 | | | |
| 480/277 | 35 kA | FG | 100 | FD | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| | | KH | 250 | | | |
| | | LH | 400 | | | |
| | 65 kA | FJ | 100 | FD | 15–100 | |
| 480 | 65 kA | FC, KC | 100, 250 | FD, FG | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| | | LC, LX (400 A, Max) | 400 | FH | 15–100 | |
| 480/277 | 65 kA | LC, LE, LX (600 A, Max) | 600 | FD, FG | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| 480 | 65 kA | KC | 250 | KA, KH | 70–250 | 2, 3 |
| | | LC, LX | 600 | | | |
| | | LC, LX | 600 | | | |
| | 100 kA | LI, LXI (600 A, Max) | 600 | KA, KH | 70–250 | |
| | | RL | 2500 | RG | 600–2500 | |
| 200 kA | FI, KI | 100, 250 | FA, FC, FH | 15–100 | | |
| 480/277 | 200 kA | FI, KI | 100, 250 | FD, FG, FJ | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| 480 | 200 kA | LI, LXI (400 A, Max) | 400 | FC, FH | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| 480/277 | 200 kA | LI, LXI (600 A, Max) | 600 | FD, FG, FJ | 15–100 | 2, 3 |
| 480 | 200 kA | KI | 250 | KA, KC, KH | 70–250 | 2, 3 |
| | | LI, LXI (400 A, Max) | 400 | | | |
| | | LI, LXI (600 A, Max) | 600 | FC | 15–100 | |
| | | LI, LXI | 600 | KC | 70–250 | |
| | | | | LA, LH | 125–400 | |
| LC | 300–600 | | | | | |

¹ FD, FG, and FJ circuit breaker ratings apply to both switchboards and panelboards. Ratings for all other circuit breakers apply only to switchboards.

Figure 6: UL Recognized Circuit Breaker/Circuit Breaker Series-Connected Rating

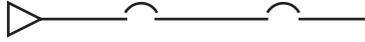


Figure 6 at left and Table 11 below show the arrangement and ratings of 240 Vac (maximum) systems with line side circuit breakers in series with load side circuit breakers for NQOD panelboards.

NOTE: Suffixes HID, SWD, and SWN may also be applied to the applicable branch circuit breakers shown above, with one exception: suffix SWN may not be applied in combination with LC main circuit breakers.

Table 11: NQ 240 Vac Series Short-Circuit Current Ratings—Panelboards

| Maximum System Voltage AC ^[1] | Maximum Short Circuit Current Rating (RMS Symmetrical) | Integral or Remote Main Circuit Breakers and Remote Main Fuses | Branch Circuit Breaker Designations and Allowable Ampere Ranges ^{[2][3][4]} | | | |
|--|--|--|--|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | Type | 1-pole | 2-pole | 3-pole |
| 120/240 1Ø | 22k | MG | QO (B) | 15–30 A | — | — |
| | 42k | HD, JD | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A |
| | 65k | HG, JG | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A |
| | 100k | HJ, JJ | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A |
| | 125k | HL, JL | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A |
| 120/240 1Ø 208Y/120 | 100k | DJ 400 A | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 40–60 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) VH | — | 150 A | 15–150 A |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A |
| | QJ | QO (B) AS | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | |
| | | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — | |
| | | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A | |
| | | QO (B) VH | — | 150 A | 35–150 A | |
| | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — | |
| 208Y/120 | 18k | LA/LH (L) 34200MC LA/LH (L) 34225MC LA/LH (L) 34250MC LA/LH (L) 34400MC | QO (B) | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| 240 | 22k | QO (B) VH | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A |
| | | | QO (B) AS | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | Q2-H ^[5] | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–100 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) AS | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | 25k | QD | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) VH | — | 150 A | 35–150 A |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A |
| | | ED, FD ^[5] | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A |
| | | | QO (B) AS | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | | | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — |
| KD ^[5] | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — | | |
| | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A | | |
| | QO (B) VH | — | — | 35–150 A | | |
| | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — | | |
| | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — | | |
| HD, JD | QO (B) H | — | 15–100 A | — | | |
| | QO (B) H | — | 15–100 A | — | | |
| | QO (B) H | — | 15–100 A | — | | |
| | QO (B) H | — | 15–100 A | — | | |
| | QO (B) H | — | 15–100 A | — | | |

Continued on next page

¹ For shown circuit breakers rated less than this maximum voltage, the indicated short circuit current rating also applies, but at the voltage rating of the circuit breaker.
² Suffixes HID, SWD, and SWN may also be applied to the applicable branch circuit breakers shown above, with one exception: suffix SWN may not be applied in combination with LC main circuit breakers.
³ Where QO® (B) circuit breakers are shown above, QO (B) H, QO (B) VH, and QH (B) circuit breakers may also be used.
⁴ Where QO(B) GFI circuit breakers are shown above, QO (B) EPD circuit breakers may also be used.
⁵ Obsolescent. Contact your local Schneider Electric representative for the replacement circuit breaker. One-pole FJ circuit breakers are still available.

Table 11: NQ 240 Vac Series Short-Circuit Current Ratings—Panelboards (continued)

| Maximum System Voltage AC ^[1] | Maximum Short Circuit Current Rating (RMS Symmetrical) | Integral or Remote Main Circuit Breakers and Remote Main Fuses | Branch Circuit Breaker Designations and Allowable Ampere Ranges ^{[2][3][4]} | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | | Type | 1-pole | 2-pole | 3-pole | |
| 240 | 42k | LA, MA | Q2L-H QDL | — — | 110–225 A 70–225 A | 110–225 A 70–225 A | |
| | | LC 400 A | QO (B) QO (B) VH QOBVH | 15–70 A 15–30 A — | — 15–125 A 150 A | — 15–100 A — | |
| | | | QO (B) GFI QO (B) AFI | 15–30 A 15–20 A | 15–60 A — | — — | |
| | | | LC 600 A | QO (B) VH QOBVH | 15–30 A — | 15–125 A 150 A | 15–100 A — |
| | | | | QO (B) GFI QO (B) AFI | — 15–20 A | 15–60 A — | — — |
| | | MG | | QO (B) VH | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | HD, JD | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | 15–30 A | | |
| | 65k | LC 400 A | QO (B) QO (B) VH QOBVH | 15–30 A 15–30 A — | — 15–125 A 150 A | — 15–100 A — | |
| | | | QO (B) GFI QO (B) AFI | 15–30 A 15–20 A | — — | — — | |
| | | | LC 600 A | QO (B) VH | 15–30 A | 15–125 A | 35–100 A (3P 208 V Max.) 15–30 A (3P 240 V Max.) |
| | | | | QOBVH QO (B) GFI QO (B) AFI | — — 15–20 A | 150 A — — | — — — |
| | | DJ 400 A | QO (B) QO (B) VH QO (B) H | 15–70 A — — | 15–125 A 150 A 15–100 A | — 15–150 A — | |
| | | | EG, FG, KG | QO (B) QO (B) GFI QO (B) AFI | 15–70 A 15–30 A 15–20 A | 15–125 A 15–60 A — | 15–100 A — — |
| | | QG | | QO (B) QO (B) AS QO (B) VH | 15–70 A 15–30 A — | 15–125 A 15–30 A 150 A | 15–30 A 15–30 A 35–150 A |
| | | | | QG, HG, JG | QO (B) GFI QO (B) PL QO (B) AFI | 15–30 A 15–30 A 15–20 A | 15–60 A 15–60 A — |
| | | HG, JG | QO (B) QO (B) VH QO (B) H | | 15–70 A — — | 15–125 A — 15–100 A | 15–100 A — — |
| | | | QOB2150VH | — | 150 A | — | |
| | | | 400 A Max. Class J or T6 Fuses | FC22__ KC22__ FC32__ KC32__ | QO (B) QO (B) AS QO (B) GFI QO (B) AFI | 15–70 A 15–30 A 15–30 A 15–20 A | 15–100 A 15–30 A 15–30 A — |
| | | QO (B) VH QOB-VH QO (B) AFI | | 15–30 A — 15–20 A | 15–125 A 150 A — | 15–100 A — — | |

Continued on next page

¹ For shown circuit breakers rated less than this maximum voltage, the indicated short circuit current rating also applies, but at the voltage rating of the circuit breaker.
² Suffixes HID, SWD and SWN may also be applied to the applicable branch circuit breakers shown above, with one exception: suffix SWN may not be applied in combination with LC main circuit breakers.
³ Where QO (B) circuit breakers are shown above, QO (B) H, QO (B) VH, and QH (B) circuit breakers may also be used.
⁴ Where QO(B) GFI circuit breakers are shown above, QO (B) EPD circuit breakers may also be used.

Table 11: NQ 240 Vac Series Short-Circuit Current Ratings—Panelboards *(continued)*

| Maximum System Voltage AC ^[1] | Maximum Short Circuit Current Rating (RMS Symmetrical) | Integral or Remote Main Circuit Breakers and Remote Main Fuses | Branch Circuit Breaker Designations and Allowable Ampere Ranges ^{[2][3][4]} | | | |
|--|--|--|--|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | Type | 1-pole | 2-pole | 3-pole |
| 240 | 100k | FC24__ | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–100 A | 15–100 A |
| | | KC24__ | QO (B) AS | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A |
| | | FC34__ | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | — |
| | | KC34__ | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | 200 A Max. Class T3 Fuses | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | EJ, FJ | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A |
| | 125k | HJ, JJ | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — |
| | | | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A |
| | | HL, JL | QO (B) VH | — | — | 35–150 A |
| | | | QO (B) PL | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — |
| | | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | 15–30 A |
| 200k | FI, KI | QO (B) H | — | 15–100 A | — | |
| | | QOB2150VH | — | 150 A | — | |
| | | QO (B) | 15–70 A | 15–125 A | 15–100 A | |
| | 200 A max., Class J or T6 fuses and 400 A max., Class T3 fuses | QO (B) AS | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | 15–30 A | |
| | | QO (B) GFI | 15–30 A | 15–60 A | — | |
| | | QO (B) AFI | 15–20 A | — | — | |

¹ For shown circuit breakers rated less than this maximum voltage, the indicated short circuit current rating also applies, but at the voltage rating of the circuit breaker.

² Suffixes HID, SWD and SWN may also be applied to the applicable branch circuit breakers shown above, with one exception: suffix SWN may not be applied in combination with LC main circuit breakers.

³ Where QO (B) circuit breakers are shown above, QO (B) H, QO (B) VH, and QH (B) circuit breakers may also be used.

⁴ Where QO(B) GFI circuit breakers are shown above, QO (B) EPD circuit breakers may also be used.

Figure 7: UL Recognized Circuit Breaker/Circuit Breaker Series-Connected Rating

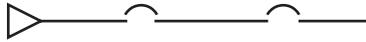


Figure 7 at left and Table 12 below show the arrangement and ratings of systems with line side circuit breakers in series with load side circuit breakers for NF panelboards.

NOTE: The line side circuit breaker may be in a separate enclosure or in the same enclosure as the load side circuit breaker. A line side circuit breaker may be integral or remote. A load side circuit breaker may be a branch or feeder. The series-connected SCCR must not exceed that of the line side circuit breaker. The table applies to Square D brand, load side circuit breakers only. UL circuit breaker/circuit breaker series ratings are not applicable to corner-grounded systems.

Table 12: NF Series Ratings

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Maximum Short Circuit Current Rating (RMS Symmetrical) | Main Type | Branch Type | Poles |
|---------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---------|
| 240 | 65,000 | EG, FH, FG ¹ , KH, LH, MH, MX, HG, JG | EDB, EDB-EPD | 1, 2, 3 |
| | | EG | ECB-G3 | |
| | 100,000 | EJ, FC, FJ ¹ , KC, LC, LX, HJ, JJ | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB | |
| | | EJ, FC, KC, HJ, JJ | ECB-G3 | |
| | 125,000 | HL, JL | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB, ECB-G3 | |
| | 200,000 | FI, KI, LI, LXI | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB, EJB | |
| FI, KI | | ECB-G3 | | |
| 480Y/ 277 | 35,000 | EG, FG ¹ , KH, LH, HG, JG | EDB, EDB-EPD | 1, 2, 3 |
| | | EG, HG, JG | ECB-G3 | |
| | 65,000 | EJ, FC, FJ, KC, LC, LX, HJ, JJ | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB | |
| | | EJ, FC, KC, HJ, JJ | ECB-G3 | |
| | 100,000 | HL, JL | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB | |
| | 200,000 | FI, KI, LI, LXI | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB, EJB | |
| FI, KI | | ECB-G3 | | |
| 600Y/ 347 | 18,000 | HG, JG, MG | EDB, EDB-EPD | 1, 2, 3 |
| | 25,000 | EJ, FI, KH, KI, LC, LE, LX, LI, LXI, HJ, JJ | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB | |
| | | LH | EDB (15–70 A), EGB | |
| | 35,000 | LC, LE | EDB, EGB, EJB | |
| | 50,000 | HL, JL | EDB, EGB | |
| | 65,000 | FI, KI | EDB, EGB, EJB | |
| LI, XI | | EJB | | |
| Remote Main Fuse | | | | |
| 240 | 200,000 | 200 A max., Class J or T 600 V fuses | ECB-G3 | 1, 2, 3 |
| 480Y/ 277 | 100,000 | 400 A max. fuses | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB, EJB | 1, 2, 3 |
| | 200,000 | 200 A max. fuses | EDB, EDB-EPD, EGB, EJB, ECB-G3 | |
| 600Y/ 347 | 200,000 | 200 A max., Class J or T 600 V fuses | EDB, EGB, EJB | 1, 2, 3 |

¹ Obsolescent. Contact your local Schneider Electric representative for the replacement circuit breaker. One-pole FJ circuit breakers are still available.

Table 13: Fuse Cross Reference ^[1]

| UL Class | Voltage Rating (V) | Ampere Rating (A) | Interrupting Rating in RMS Symmetrical Amperes (kA) | Gould Shawmut | Reliance (Economy) | Bussman | Application |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| H | 250 600 | 1–600 | 10 | RF RFS | ERN ERS | REN RES | General purpose, renewable. |
| H or K5 ^[2] | 250 600 | 1–600 | 10 | OT OTS | KON KOS | NON NOS | General purpose. |
| RK5 | 250 600 | 1–600 | 200 | TR-R TRS-R | ECNR ECNS | FRN-R FRS-R | Main, feeder, and branch circuits. Especially recommended for motors, welders, and transformers. |
| RK1 | 250 600 | 1–600 | 200 | A2K-R A6K-R | NCLR SCLR | KTN-R KTS-R | Main, feeder, and branch circuits. Especially recommended for circuit breaker protection (high degree of current limitation). |
| RK1 | 250 600 | 1–600 | 200 | A2D A6D | LENRK LESRK | LPN-RK LPS-RK | Main, feeder, and branch circuits. Circuit breaker protection. |
| J | 600 | 1–600 | 200 | A4J | JCL | LPJ | Main, feeder, and branch circuits. Circuit breaker protection. |
| T | 300 600 | 1–1200 | 200 | A3T | — | JJN JJS | Main, feeder, and branch circuits. Circuit breaker protection, small physical dimensions. Non-motor loads (no heavy inrush currents). |
| L | 600 | 601–6000 | 200 | A4BT | LCL | KRP-C ^[3] | High interrupting capacity main, feeder, and branch circuits; large motor circuit breaker. |
| L | 600 | 601–6000 | 200 | A4BY | LCU | KTU | High interrupting capacity main, feeder, and branch circuits; large motor circuit breaker. |

¹ This listing is intended as a comparative reference only. Some fuse characteristics may not be equal in all aspects to other fuses named. If necessary, check catalog data or request factory verification of specific features.

² Some ampere ratings in the range of 60 A and smaller are available as UL Class K5 with a 50 kA interrupting rating, but are not current limiting.

³ Has more time delay than standard Class L.

Speed-D® Service Section Switchboards (Class 2710)

The main or distribution device within these switchboards, up to 200 kA, will be the *remote* line side main for the series combination. Additional ratings are shown in Tables 14 and 15 for circuit breakers located within the service section.

Table 14: Type SF Service Section Switchboards: Fusible Main with I-Line or NQOD Distribution

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Maximum SCCR | Line Side Class T Fuse Maximum Current Rating (A) | Load Side | |
|---------------------------|--------------|---|-----------------|-------|
| | | | Circuit Breaker | Poles |
| 120/240 | 42 kA | 400 (600 V) | QO-VH, QOB-VH | 1 |
| 240 | 42 kA | 800 (600 V) | QO-VH, QOB-VH | 2, 3 |
| | | | FA | |
| | | | Q4 | |
| 480 | 50 kA | | Q2-H, QD | 2 |
| | 65 kA | | FA, FH | 2, 3 |
| | | | KA, KH | |
| | | LA, LH | | |

Table 15: Type SB Service Section Switchboard: Main Circuit Breaker with I-Line or NQOD Distribution

| Maximum System Voltage AC | Maximum SCCR | Line Side Circuit Breaker | Load Side | |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | | Circuit Breaker | Poles |
| 120 | 42 kA | LH | FY | 1 |
| | | MH | | |
| 240 | 42 kA | LH | Q2-H, QD | 2, 3 |
| | | MH | Q4 | |
| | | | Q2-H, QD | |
| | | 480 | 30 kA | |
| FA | | | | |
| MH | KA | | | |
| | FH | | | |
| | | KH | | |

Schneider Electric USA
232 North Tippecanoe
Peru, IN 46970 USA
1-888-SquareD (1-888-778-2733)
www.us.SquareD.com

Schneider Electric Canada
19 Waterman Avenue
Toronto, Ontario M4B 1Y2
1-800-565-6699
www.schneider-electric.ca

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