Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller

Hardware Guide

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Safety Information

Important Information

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result** in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

Information Related to Cybersecurity

Schneider Electric is most focused on Cybersecurity. Our security by design approach makes our products more resilient against cyberattacks. We implemented mechanisms to mitigate threats, reduce exploitable weaknesses, and defend against avoidable data breaches and cyberattacks. However, it is still strongly recommend to apply the following mitigations to reduce the risk of exploit.

- Use controllers and devices only in a protected environment to minimize network exposure and ensure that they are not accessible from outside.
- Use firewalls to protect and separate the control system network from other networks.
- Use VPN (Virtual Private Networks) tunnels if remote access is required.
- Limit the access to both development and control system by physical means, operating system features, etc.
- Protect both development and control system by using up to date virus detecting solutions.

To ensure you are informed of all updates, including details on affected products and re-mediation plans, subscribe to Schneider Electric's security notification service here: https://www.se.com/en/work/support/cybersecurity/securitynotifications.jsp Recommended Cybersecurity Best Practices: https://www.se.com/ww/en/ download/document/7EN52-0390/

Please Note

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

Qualification of Personnel

Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other pertinent product documentation are authorized to work on and with this product.

The qualified person must be able to detect possible hazards that may arise from parameterization, modifying parameter values and generally from mechanical, electrical, or electronic equipment. The qualified person must be familiar with the standards, provisions, and regulations for the prevention of industrial accidents, which they must observe when designing and implementing the system.

Intended Use

The product may only be used in compliance with all applicable safety regulations and directives, the specified requirements, and the technical data.

Prior to using the product, you must perform a risk assessment in view of the planned application. Based on the results, the appropriate safety-related measures must be implemented.

Since the product is used as a component in an overall machine or process, you must ensure the safety of persons by means of the design of this overall system.

Operate the product only with the specified cables and accessories. Use only genuine accessories and spare parts.

Any use other than the use explicitly permitted is prohibited and can result in unanticipated hazards.

About the Book

Document Scope

Use this document to:

- Install and operate your M100/M200 Logic Controller.
- Connect the M100/M200 Logic Controller to a programming device equipped with EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software.
- Interface the M100/M200 Logic Controller with I/O expansion modules, HMI and other devices.
- Familiarize yourself with the M100/M200 Logic Controller features.

NOTE: Read and understand this document and all related documents, page 7 before installing, operating, or maintaining your controller.

Validity Note

This document has been updated for the release of EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic V1.3.

The technical characteristics of the devices described in this manual also appear online.

The characteristics that are described in the present document should be the same as those characteristics that appear online. In line with our policy of constant improvement, we may revise content over time to improve clarity and accuracy. If you see a difference between the document and online information, use the online information as your reference.

For product compliance and environmental information (RoHS, REACH, PEP, EOLI, etc.), go to https://www.se.com/ww/en/about-us/sustainability/green-premium-products/

Related Documents

Title of Documentation	Reference Number
Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller -	EIO000002019 (ENG)
Programming Guide	EIO000002020 (CHS)
Modicon TM3 Digital I/O Modules - Hardware Guide	EIO000003125 (ENG)
Guide	EIO000003126 (FRE)
	EIO000003127 (GER)
	EIO000003128 (SPA)
	EIO000003129 (ITA)
	EIO000003130 (CHS)
	EIO000003424 (POR)
	EIO000003425 (TUR)
Modicon TM3 Analog I/O Modules - Hardware	EIO000003131 (ENG)
Guide	EIO000003132 (FRE)
	EIO000003133 (GER)
	EIO000003134 (SPA)
	EIO000003135 (ITA)
	EIO000003136 (CHS)
	EIO000003426 (POR)

Title of Documentation	Reference Number
	EIO000003427 (TUR)
Modicon TM2 Digital I/O Modules - Hardware	EIO000000028 (ENG)
Guide	EIO000000029 (FRE)
	EIO000000030 (GER)
	EIO000000031 (SPA)
	EIO000000032 (ITA)
	EIO000000033 (CHS)
Nodicon TM2 Analog I/O Modules - Hardware	EIO000000034 (ENG)
Guide	EIO000000035 (FRE)
	EIO000000036 (GER)
	EIO000000037 (SPA)
	EIO000000038 (ITA)
	EIO000000039 (CHS)
M100/M200 Logic Controller - Instruction Sheet	NVE86608
TM3R•••• Expansion Modules - Instruction Sheet	NHA34534
TMCR2 ···· Cartridges - Instruction Sheet	EAV93187

You can download these technical publications and other technical information from our website at www.se.com/ww/en/download/.

Product Related Information

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION

- Only use this equipment in non-hazardous locations, or in locations that comply with Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D.
- Do not substitute components which would impair compliance to Class I, Division 2.
- Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the location is known to be non-hazardous.
- Do not use the USB port(s), if so equipped, unless the location is known to be non-hazardous.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and overtravel stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.¹
- Each implementation of this equipment must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹ For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller General Overview

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M100/M200 Logic Controller Introduction

Overview

This section provides general information about the M100/M200 Logic Controller system architecture and its components.

M100/M200 Logic Controller Presentation

Overview

The M100/M200 Logic Controller has various powerful features and can service a wide range of applications.

Software configuration, programming, and commissioning are accomplished with the EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software described in the EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic Operating Guide (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert - Basic, Operating Guide) and the M100/M200 Logic Controller - Programming Guide (see Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).

Programming Languages

The M100/M200 Logic Controller is configured and programmed with the EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software, which supports the following IEC 61131-3 programming languages:

- IL: Instruction List
- LD: Ladder Diagram
- Grafcet (List)
- Grafcet SFC

Power Supply

The power supply of the M100 Logic Controller is 100...240 Vac, page 108.

The power supply of the M200 Logic Controller is 24 Vdc, page 105 or 100...240 Vac, page 108.

Real Time Clock

The M200 Logic Controller includes a Real Time Clock (RTC) system, page 79.

Run/Stop

The M100/M200 Logic Controller can be operated externally by the following:

- A hardware Run/Stop switch, page 75
- A Run/Stop, page 75 operation by a dedicated digital input, defined in the software configuration. For more information, refer to Configuring Digital Inputs in the M100/M200 Logic Controller Programming Guide (see Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).
- EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software. For more information, refer to the EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic Operating Guide (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert Basic, Operating Guide).

Embedded Inputs/Outputs

The following embedded I/O types are available, depending on the controller reference:

- Regular inputs, page 20
- · Fast inputs, page 20 associated with counters
- Relay outputs, page 22
- Regular transistor outputs, page 25 (sink and source)
- Fast transistor outputs, page 26 (sink and source) associated with pulse generators

Removable Storage

The M100/M200 Logic Controllers include an embedded micro SD card slot, page 76.

The main uses of the micro SD card are:

- Initializing the controller with a new application
- Updating the controller firmware

Embedded Communication Features

The following types of communication ports are available depending on the controller reference:

- Ethernet, page 129
- USB Mini-B, page 130
- Serial Line 1, page 132

M100 Logic Controller References

Reference	Digital inputs	24VDC sensor power supply	Digital outputs	Communication ports	Power supply
TM100C16RN	3 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	7 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
	2 high-speed inputs				
	(HSC) ⁽⁴⁾				
TM100C24RN	8 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	10 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
	2 high-speed inputs				
	(HSC) ⁽⁴⁾				
TM100C32RN	14 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	12 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
	2 high-speed inputs				
	(HSC) ⁽⁴⁾				
TM100C40RN	18 regular input ⁽¹⁾	Yes	16 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
	2 high-speed inputs				
	(HSC) ⁽⁴⁾				

(1) The regular inputs have a maximum frequency of 5 kHz. The frequency refresh depends on the cycle time of the user application.

(2) The fast inputs have a maximum frequency of 5 kHz. They can be used either as regular inputs or as fast inputs for counting or event functions.

(3) The high-speed inputs have a maximum frequency of 100 kHz.

(4) The high-speed inputs have a maximum frequency of 60 kHz.

M200 Logic Controller References

Reference	Digital inputs	24VDC sensor power supply	Digital outputs	Communication ports	Power supply
TM200C16R	1 regular input ⁽¹⁾	Yes	7 relay outputs	7 relay outputs 1 serial line port	
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
TM200C16T 4 high-speed input		No	Source outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
	(HSC) ⁽³⁾		5 regular transistor outputs	1 USB programming port	
			2 fast outputs (PWM / PLS /PTO / FREQGEN) ⁽⁴⁾		
TM200C16U		No	Sink outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
			5 regular transistor outputs	1 USB programming port	
			2 fast outputs (PWM / PLS / PTO / FREQGEN) ⁽⁴⁾		
TM200C24R	6 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	10 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
TM200CE24R	4 high-speed inputs (HSC) ⁽³⁾	Yes		1 serial line port]
				1 USB programming port	
				1 Ethernet port	
TM200C24T		No	Source outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
			8 regular transistor outputs	1 USB programming port	
TM200CE24T		No	2 fast outputs	1 serial line port	
			(PWM / PLS / PTO	1 USB programming port	
			/ FREQGEN) ⁽⁴⁾	1 Ethernet port	
TM200C24U		No	Sink outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
			8 regular transistor	1 USB programming port	
TM200CE24U		No	 outputs 2 fast outputs 	1 serial line port	7
			(PWM / PLS / PTO	1 USB programming port	
			/ FREQGEN) ⁽⁴⁾	1 Ethernet port	
TM200C32R	12 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	12 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
TM200CE32R	4 high-speed inputs (HSC) ⁽³⁾	Yes		1 serial line port	
				1 USB programming port	
				1 Ethernet port	
TM200C32T		No	Source outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
			10 regular transistor outputs	1 USB programming port	
			2 fast outputs		
TM200C32U		No	Sink outputs		
			10 regular transistor outputs		
			2 fast outputs		

Reference	Digital inputs	24VDC sensor power supply	Digital outputs	Communication ports	Power supply
TM200C40R	16 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	16 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
TM200CE40R	4 high-speed inputs (HSC) ⁽³⁾	Yes		1 serial line port	
				1 USB programming port	
				1 Ethernet port	
TM200C40T		No	Source outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
			14 regular transistor outputs	1 USB programming port	
TM200CE40T		No	2 fast outputs	1 serial line port	
			(PWM / PLS / PTO	1 USB programming port	
			/ FREQGEN) ⁽⁴⁾	1 Ethernet port	
TM200C40U		No	Sink outputs	1 serial line port	24 Vdc
			14 regular transistor outputs	1 USB programming port	
TM200CE40U		No	2 fast outputs	1 serial line port	
	(PW	(PWM / PLS / PTO	1 USB programming port		
			/ FREQGEN) ⁽⁴⁾	1 Ethernet port	
TM200C60R	28 regular inputs ⁽¹⁾	Yes	24 relay outputs	1 serial line port	100240 Vac
	4 fast inputs (FC) ⁽²⁾			1 USB programming port	
TM200CE60R	4 high-speed inputs (HSC) ⁽³⁾	Yes		1 serial line port	
				1 USB programming port	
				1 Ethernet port	

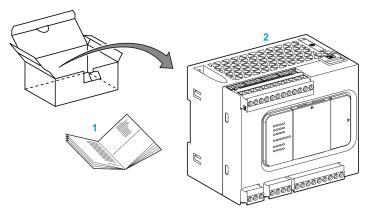
(2) The fast inputs have a maximum frequency of 5 kHz. They can be used either as regular inputs or as fast inputs for counting or event functions.

(3) The high-speed inputs have a maximum frequency of 100 kHz.

(4) The fast transistor outputs can be used either as regular transistor outputs, or for PLS/PWM/PTO/FREQGEN functions.

Delivery Content

The following figure shows the content of the delivery for a M100/M200 Logic Controller:



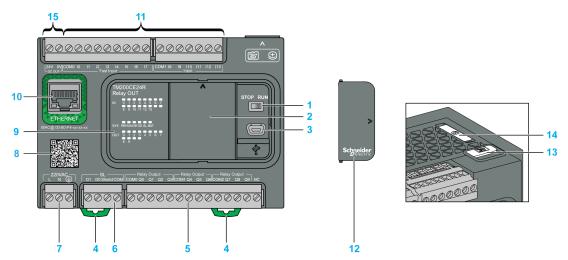
1 M100/M200 Logic Controller Instruction Sheet

2 M100/M200 Logic Controller

M100/M200 Logic Controller Description

Description

The components of the M100/M200 Logic Controller depend on the controller reference.



N°	Description	M100	M200	Refer to
1	Run/Stop switch	L		Run/Stop switch, page 75
2	Cartridge slot	No Yes		TMCR2 ··· Installation, page 93
			(1 or 2)	
3	USB mini-B programming port for (EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Bas	terminal connection to sic)	a programming PC	USB mini-B programming port , page 130
4	Clip-on lock for 35 mm (1.38 in.) to	op hat section rail (DIN	I-rail)	DIN Rail, page 88
5	Output terminal blocks	Removable		Rules for screw terminal block, page 100
				Relay outputs wiring diagram, page 120
				Regular and fast transistor outputs wiring diagram, page 125
6	Serial line terminal blocks	Removable		Serial line 1, page 132
7	Power supply terminal blocks	Removable		Rules for screw terminal block, page 100
				DC power supply, page 105
				AC power supply, page 108
8	QR code			-
9	Status LEDs			Status LEDs, page 82
10	Ethernet port	No	Yes	Ethernet port, page 129
			(TM200CE•••)	
11	Input terminal blocks	Removable		Rules for Screw Terminal Block, page 100
			Digital inputs wiring diagram, page 110	
12	Protective cover for Run/Stop swit	ch and USB mini-B pr	ogramming port	-
13	Micro SD card slot			Micro SD Card Slot, page 76
14	Battery holder	No	Yes	Battery, page 79
15	24VDC sensor power supply terminal blocks	TM100••••RN	TM200•••R	Rules for Screw Terminal Block, page 100 24VDC Sensor Power Supply Characteristics and Wiring, page 110

M200 Logic Controller Maximum Hardware Configuration

Introduction

The M200 Logic Controller is a control system that offers an all-in-one solution with optimized configurations and an expandable architecture.

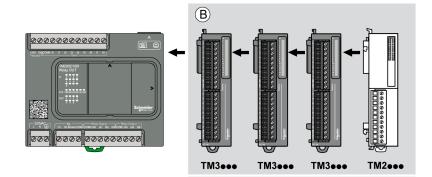
M200 Logic Controller Local Configuration Architecture

Optimized local configuration and flexibility are provided by the association of:

- M200 Logic Controller
- TM3R expansion modules
- TM3 expansion modules
- TM2 expansion modules

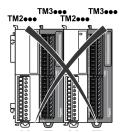
Application requirements determine the architecture of your M200 Logic Controller configuration.

The following figure represents the components of a local configuration:



(B) Expansion modules (see maximum number of modules)

NOTE: It is prohibited to mount a TM2 module before any TM3R or TM3 module, as indicated in the following figure:



Maximum Number of Modules

The following table shows the maximum configuration supported:

References	Maximum	Type of configuration
TM200C16•	4 TM3R / TM3 / TM2 expansion modules	Local
TM200C24•		
TM200CE24•		
TM200C32•		
TM200CE32R		
TM200C40•		
TM200CE40•		

References	Maximum	Type of configuration
TM200C60R		
TM200CE60R		

NOTE: The configuration with its TM3R, TM3, and TM2 expansion modules is validated by EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software in the **Configuration window**.

Current Supplied to the I/O Bus

The following table shows the maximum current supplied by the controllers to the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I/O}}$ Bus:

Reference	I/O bus 5 Vdc	I/O bus 24 Vdc
TM200C16R	360 mA	320 mA
TM200C16T		
TM200C16U		
TM200C24R		
TM200CE24R		
TM200C24T		
TM200CE24T		
TM200C24U		
TM200CE24U		
TM200C32R		
TM200CE32R		
TM200C32T		
TM200C32U		
TM200C40R		
TM200CE40R		
TM200C40T		
TM200CE40T		
TM200C40U		
TM200CE40U		
TM200C60R		
TM200CE60R		

NOTE: Expansion modules consume current from the 5 Vdc and 24 Vdc supplied to the I/O Bus. Therefore, the current delivered by the logic controller to the I/O Bus defines the maximum number of expansion modules that can be connected to the I/O Bus (validated by EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software in the **Configuration** window).

M100/M200 Logic Controller Inputs/Outputs

Digital Inputs Characteristics

Overview

For detailed information on the digital inputs, refer to Digital Input Wiring Diagrams, page 110 and Input Management, page 65.

M100 Logic Controller Regular Input Characteristics

Characteristic		Value					
		TM100	ТМ100	ТМ100	ТМ100		
		C16RN	C24RN	C32RN	C40RN		
Number o	f regular inputs	3 inputs (I6I8)	8 inputs (I6I13)	14 inputs (I6I19)	18 inputs (I6I23)		
Number o	f channel groups	1 common line for I018	1 common line for I017 1 common line for I8113	1 common line for I0 I7 1 common line for I8	1 common line for 1017 1 common line for 18		
				119	123		
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)					
Logic type	1	Sink/Source					
Input volta	ge range	24 Vdc					
Rated inpu	ut voltage	028.8 Vdc					
Rated inpu	ut current	7 mA					
Input impe	edance	3.3 kΩ					
Input limit	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528.8 Vdc)					
values	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)					
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA					
	Current at state 0	ent at state < 1.5 mA					
Derating		See Derating Curve, page 22					
Turn on	1215	35 μs + filter value ¹					
time	18113	35 μs + filter value¹					
	114123	55 μs + filter value¹					
Turn off	1215	100 µs + filter value ¹					
time	18113	100 µs + filter value ¹					
	114123	125 µs + filter value¹					
Isolation b internal log	etween input and gic	Opto-coupler					
Overvolta	ge protection	Up to 30 V, 1 hour per 24 hours					
Connectio	n type	Removable screw terminal blocks					
Cable	Unshielded	50 m (164 ft)					
	Shielded (for PTO and HSC assistant inputs)	Maximum 100 m (328 ft)					
¹ For more	information, refer	to Integrator Filter Principle, pa	ige 65.				

M200 Logic Controller Regular Input Characteristics

Characteristic		Value						
		TM200C16•	TM200C24•	TM200C32•	TM200C40•	TM200C60R		
			TM200CE24•	TM200CE32R	TM200CE40•	TM200CE60R		
Number of regu	ılar inputs	1 input (I8)	6 inputs (I8I13)	12 inputs (I8I19)	16 inputs (I8 I23)	28 inputs (I8 I35)		
Number of cha	nnel groups	1 common line for I0I8	1 common line for I0I7	1 common line for I0I7	1 common line for I0I7	1 common line fo I0I7		
			1 common line for I8I13	1 common line for I8I19	1 common line for 18123	1 common line fo I8I35		
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 6	51131-2)					
Logic type		Sink/Source						
Input voltage ra	ange	24 Vdc						
Rated input vol	tage	028.8 Vdc						
Rated input cur	rent	7 mA						
Input impedance	e	3.3 kΩ						
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528	.8 Vdc)					
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)						
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA						
Current at state 0 < 1.5 mA								
Derating		See Derating Curve, page 22						
Turn on time	1215	35 µs + filter valu	e ¹					
	18113	35 µs + filter value ¹						
	114135	55 µs + filter valu	e ¹					
Turn off time	1215	100 µs + filter val	ue ¹					
	l8l13	100 μs + filter value¹						
	114135	125 μs + filter value ¹						
Isolation betwe internal logic	en input and	Opto-coupler						
Overvoltage protection		Up to 30 V, 1 hour per 24 hours						
Connection type		Removable screw terminal blocks						
Connector inse durability	rtion/removal	Over 50 times						
Cable	Unshielded	50 m (164 ft)						
	Shielded (for PTO and HSC assistant inputs)	Maximum 100 m	(328 ft)					

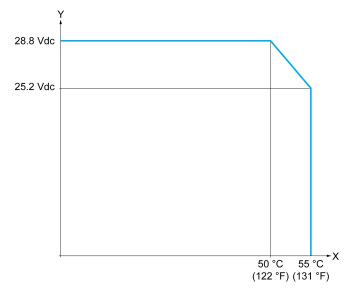
Fast Input Characteristics

The following table describes the characteristics of the M100/M200 Logic Controller fast inputs:

Characteristic		Fast Counter Input Values	High Speed Counter Input Values	
Number of fast inputs	TM100C••RN	4 inputs (I2I5)	2 inputs (I0, I1)	
	TM200C•••		4 inputs (I0, I1, I6, I7)	
Number of channel	TM•00C16•	1 common line for I0I8		
groups	Others	1 common line for I0I7		
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)		
Logic type		Sink/Source		
Rated input voltage		24 Vdc		
Input voltage range		028.8 Vdc		
Rated input current		7 mA	9 mA	
Input impedance		3.3 kΩ	2.81 kΩ	
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528.8 Vdc)		
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)		
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA	> 5 mA	
	Current at state 0	< 1.5 mA		
Derating		See Derating Curve, page 22		
Turn on time		35 µs	5 µs	
Turn off time		100 µs	5 µs	
Counter maximum frequency	TM100C••RN	Single phase: 5 kHz	 A/B phase counter: 60 kHz Pulse/Direction counter: 60 kHz Single counter: 60 kHz 	
	TM200C•••		 A/B phase counter: 100 kHz Pulse/Direction counter: 100 kHz Single counter: 100 kHz 	
Counter supported operation mode		Up/Down counter	 A/B phase counter (Bi-phase counter) Pulse/Direction counter (Up/Down counter) Single counter CW/CCW counter Frequency meter 	
Isolation	Between input and internal logic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc		
Between input groups		500 Vac / 800 Vdc		
Overvoltage protection		Up to 30 V, 1 hour per 24 hours		
Connection type		Removable screw terminal blocks		
Connector insertion/rer M200)	noval durability (only for	Over 50 times		
Cable	Туре	Shielded, including the 24 Vdc po	wer supply	
	Length	Maximum 10 m (32.8 ft)		

Derating Curve

The following figure shows the derating curve of TM200C16• and TM200C24• embedded digital inputs:



X Ambient temperature (°C / °F)

Y Input voltage (V)

Relay Outputs Characteristics

Overview

For detailed information on the relay outputs, refer to Relay Outputs Wiring Diagrams, page 120 and Output Management, page 69.

Characteristics

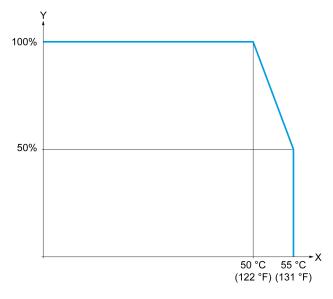
The following table describes the characteristics of the M100/M200 Logic Controller (TM100•••RN and TM200•••R) with relay outputs, depending on the controller reference:

Characteristic	Value				
	TM100C16RN	TM100C24RN	TM100C32RN	TM100C40RN	TM200C60R
	TM200C16R	TM200C24R	TM200C32R	TM200C40R	TM200CE60R
		TM200CE24R	TM200CE32R	TM200CE40R	
Number of relay outputs	7 outputs	10 outputs	12 outputs	16 outputs	24 outputs
Number of channel groups	1 common line for Q0Q3				
	1 common line for Q4Q6	1 common line for Q4Q6	1 common line for Q4Q7	1 common line for Q4Q7	1 common line for Q4Q7
		1 common line for Q7Q9	1 common line for Q8Q11	1 common line for Q8Q11	1 common line for Q8Q11
				1 common line for Q12Q15	1 common line for Q12Q15
					1 common line for Q16Q19
					1 common line for Q20Q23

Characteristic		Value						
		TM100C16RN	TM100C24RN	TM100C32RN	TM100C40RN	TM200C60R		
		TM200C16R	TM200C24R	TM200C32R	TM200C40R	TM200CE60R		
			TM200CE24R	TM200CE32R	TM200CE40R			
Output type		Relay	·		-			
Contact type		NO (Normally Open)					
Rated output	voltage	24 Vdc, 220 Vac						
Maximum volt	age	30 Vdc, 250 Vac						
Rated output	current	2 A						
24VDC senso	r output	250mA		300mA				
	put current at 55	2 A per output						
°C (131 °F) (5 when all the re used at 55 °C	elay outputs are	4 A for common 0 (Q0Q3)	4 A for common 0 (Q0Q3)	4 A per common				
		4 A for common 1 (Q4Q6)	4 A for common 1 (Q4Q6)					
			4 A for common 2 (Q7Q9)					
Maximum out peak load	put current at	5 A per output	5 A per output					
Maximum output	With maximum load	0.1 Hz						
frequency	Without load	5 Hz						
Derating		See Derating Curve	, page 24					
Turn on time		Max. 10 ms	Max. 10 ms					
Turn off time		Max. 10 ms						
Contact resist	ance	Max. 100 mΩ						
Mechanical lif	e	20 million operations						
Electrical life u load 2 A	under resistive	100,000 switching cycles at 45 °C (113 °F)						
Protection aga	ainst short circuit	No						
Isolation type		Relay coil						
Connection ty	ре	Removable screw terminal blocks						
Connector ins durability	ertion/removal	Over 50 times						
Cable	Туре	Unshielded						
Length Max. 150 m (492								

Derating Curve

The following figure shows the derating curve of TM200C16R, TM200C•32R, TM200C•40R, and TM200C•60R for the relay outputs:



X Ambient temperature (°C / °F)

Y Output load current (%)

Power Limitation

The following table describes the power limitation of the relay outputs depending on the voltage, the type of load, and the number of operations required.

These controllers do not support capacitive loads.

AWARNING

RELAY OUTPUTS WELDED CLOSED

- Always protect relay outputs from inductive alternating current load damage using an appropriate external protective circuit or device.
- Do not connect relay outputs to capacitive loads.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Power Limitations					
Voltage	24 Vdc	120 Vac	240 Vac	Number of operations	
Power of resistive loads	-	240 VA	480 VA	100,000	
AC-12		80 VA	160 VA	300,000	
Power of inductive loads	-	60 VA	120 VA	100,000	
AC-15 (cos φ = 0.35)		18 VA	36 VA	300,000	
Power of inductive loads	-	120 VA	240 VA	100,000	
AC-14 (cos φ = 0.7)		36 VA	72 VA	300,000	
Power of resistive loads	48 W	_	-	100,000	
DC-12	16 W			300,000	
Power of inductive loads	24 W	-	-	100,000	
DC-13 L/R = 7 ms	7.2 W			300,000	

Regular and Fast Transistor Outputs Characteristics

Overview

For detailed information on the regular and fast transistor outputs, refer to Regular and Fast Transistor Outputs Wiring Diagrams, page 125 and Output Management, page 69.

Regular Transistor Output Characteristics

The following table describes the characteristics of the M200 Logic Controller (TM200•••U and TM200•••T) with regular outputs, depending on the controller reference:

Character	istic	Value					
		TM200C16U TM200C16T	TM200C24U TM200CE24U	TM200C32T TM200C32U	TM200C40U TM200CE40U		
			TM200C24T		TM200C40T		
			TM200CE24T		TM200CE40T		
Number of outputs	f regular transistor	5 outputs (Q2Q6)	8 outputs (Q2Q9)	10 outputs (Q2Q11)	14 outputs (Q2Q15)		
Number of	f channel groups	1 common line for Q0 Q6	1 common line for Q0 Q3	1 common line for Q0 Q3	1 common line for Q0 Q3		
			1 common line for Q4 Q9	1 common line for Q4 Q7	1 common line for Q4Q7		
				1 common line for Q8 Q11	1 common line for Q8Q15		
Output typ	e	Transistor					
Logic type		Sink (TM200••••U)					
		Source (TM200·••T)					
Rated outp	out voltage	24 Vdc					
Output vol	tage range	20.428.8 Vdc					
Rated outp	out current	0.5 A					
Total outpu	ut current	3.5 A for channel group Q0Q6	2 A for channel group Q0Q3	2A for channel group Q0Q3	2 A for channel group Q0Q3		
			3 A for channel group Q4Q9	2A for channel group Q4Q7	2 A for channel group Q4Q7		
				2A for channel group Q8Q11	4 A for channel group Q8Q15		
Voltage dr	ор	< 1.5 V for I = 0.1 A					
Turn on	Q2Q7	Max. 50 µs at 0.5 A					
time	Other regular outputs	Max. 1 ms at 0.5 A					
Turn off	Q2Q7	Max. 300 µs at 0.5 A					
time	Other regular outputs	Max. 1 ms at 0.5 A					
Protection against short circuit		Yes					
Automatic circuit or o	rearming after short verload	Yes, every 1 s					
Isolation b internal log	etween output and gic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc					
Connectio	n type	Removable screw termin	al blocks				

Characte	eristic	Value				
		TM200C16U TM200C16T	TM200C24U TM200CE24U TM200C24T TM200CE24T	TM200C32T TM200C32U	TM200C40U TM200CE40U TM200C40T TM200CE40T	
Connector insertion/removal durability		Over 50 times				
Cable	Туре	Unshielded	Unshielded			
	Length	Max 150 m (492.12	5 ft)			

NOTE: Refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage, page 101 for additional information concerning output protection.

Fast Transistor Output Characteristics

The following table describes the characteristics of the M200 Logic Controller (TM200•••U and TM200•••T) with fast transistor outputs, depending on the controller reference:

Character	istic	Value				
		TM200C16U	TM200C24U	TM200C32T	TM200C40U	
		TM200C16T	TM200CE24U	TM200C32U	TM200CE40U	
			TM200C24T		TM200C40T	
			TM200CE24T		TM200CE40T	
Number of outputs	fast transistor	2 outputs (Q0 and Q1)	2 outputs (Q0 and Q1)	2 outputs (Q0 and Q1)	2 outputs (Q0 and Q1)	
Number of	channel groups	1 common line	1 common line	1 common line	1 common line	
Output type	Э	Transistor		•		
Logic type		Sink (TM200••••U)				
		Source (TM200•••T)				
Rated outp	out voltage	24 Vdc				
Output volt	age range	20.428.8 Vdc				
Rated output	When used as regular output	0.5 A				
current	When used as fast output	50 mA				
Total outpu	t current	3.5 A for channel group Q0Q6	2 A for channel group Q0Q3	2A for channel group Q0Q3	2 A for channel group Q0Q3	
			3 A for channel group Q4Q9	2A for channel group Q4Q7	2 A for channel group Q4Q7	
				2A for channel group Q8Q11	4 A for channel group Q8Q15	
Re- sponse	Origin input	250 µs				
time	Limit input	250 µs				
	Touch probe	30 µs ¹				
Turn on time		Max. 5 µs				
Turn off time		Max. 5 µs				
Protection	against short circuit	Yes				
Automatic circuit or ov	rearming after short verload	Yes, every 1 s				
Power sup reverse po	ply protection against larity	Yes				

Characteris	stic	Value					
l .		TM200C16U	TM200C24U	TM200C32T	TM200C40U		
l		TM200C16T	TM200CE24U	TM200C32U	TM200CE40U		
l .			TM200C24T		TM200C40T		
			TM200CE24T		TM200CE40T		
Maximum P output frequ	PLS/PTO/FREQGEN iency	100 kHz			-		
PWM outpu	t frequency range	1 Hz10 kHz					
PWM mode	accuracy	1 % of full scale					
Minimum P\ step	WM mode duty rate	1 %	1%				
PWM duty r	ate range	0 %100 %					
Supported of	operating modes	Pulse / Direction output					
l		CW / CCW output					
l		S-curve function					
l		PWM output					
		PLS output					
		FREQGEN output					
Isolation bei	tween output and c	500 Vac / 800 Vdc					
Insulation re	esistance	> 10 MΩ					
Residual vo	ltage	< 1.5 V for I=0.1 A					
Minimum lo	ad impedance	48 Ω					
Connection	type	Removable screw terminal blocks					
Connector i durability	nsertion/removal	removal Over 50 times					
Cable	Туре	Shielded, including 24 V	dc power supply				
	Length	Max 5 m (16 ft)					
NOTE:	Refer to Protecting O	utputs from Inductive Loa	<i>d Damage</i> , page 101 fo	or additional information co	ncerning output protection.		
¹ The respo	nse time can be increa	ased to 50 μ s if the touch p	probe is triggered when	the input status transfers f	rom on to off.		

TMCR2••• Cartridges

Overview

You can expand the number of I/Os or communication options of your M100/M200 Logic Controller by adding a maximum of two TMCR2••• cartridges.

TMCR2DM4U Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2DM4U cartridge:

- 2 digital inputs
- 2 transistor sink outputs
- removable screw terminal block, 3.5 mm (0.13 in.) pitch

AWARNING

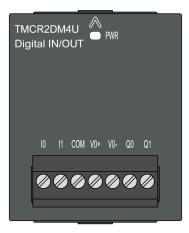
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2DM4U cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Main Characteristic	Value
Number of input channels	2 sink/source
Number of output channels	2 transistor sink
Rated input voltage	24 Vdc (external power supply)
Rated output voltage	24 Vdc
Rated output current	0.5 A
Connection type	3.5 mm (0.13 in.) pitch, removable screw terminal block
Weight	23 g (0.81 oz)

Input Characteristics

The table below describes the input characteristics of the TMCR2DM4U:

Characteristic	Value
Number of input channels	2 inputs
Number of channel groups	1 common line for 2 channels
Input type	Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)
Logic type	Sink/source
Rated input voltage	24 Vdc
Input voltage range	028.8 Vdc
Rated input current	5 mA
Input impedance	4.7 κΩ

Characteristic		Value	
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528.8 Vdc)	
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)	
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA	
	Current at state 0	< 1.0 mA	
Turn on time		4 ms	
Turn off time		4 ms	
Isolation	Between input and internal logic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
	Between input group and output group	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
	Between input groups	N/A	
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block, 3.5 mm (0.13 in.) pitch	
Connector insertion/removal durability		Over 100 times	

Output Characteristics

The table below describes the output characteristics of the TMCR2DM4U:

Characteristic		Value	
Number of output channels		2 outputs	
Number of channel grou	os	1 common line for 2 channels	
Output type		Transistor sink	
Rated output voltage		24 V	
Rated output current		0.5 A	
Total output current		1 A for channel group Q0, Q1	
Voltage drop		< 1.5 V for I = 0.1 A	
Maximum output current		0.5 A per output	
		1 A per common	
Turn on time		1 ms + cycle time at 0.5 A	
Turn off time		1 ms + cycle time at 0.5 A	
Protection against short circuit		Yes	
Isolation	Between output and internal logic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
	Between input group and output group	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
Between output groups		N/A	
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block, 3.5 mm (0.13 in.) pitch	
Connector insertion/removal durability		Over 100 times	

NOTE: Refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage, page 101 for additiona information on this topic.

TMCR2AI2 Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2AI2 cartridge:

- 2 analog inputs (voltage or current)
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2AI2 cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value	
	Voltage	Current
Number of input channels	2	
Input range	010 Vdc	020 mA
		420 mA
Resolution	12 bits (4096 steps)	
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal block	
Weight	15 g (0.53 oz)	

Input Characteristics

The following table describes the input characteristics of the TMCR2Al2 cartridge:

Characteristics		Value	
		Voltage	Current
Rated input range		010 Vdc	020 mA
			420 mA
Input imped	ance	> 1 MΩ	< 250 Ω
Sample dur	ation time	10 ms per enabled channel	
Input type		single-ended	
Operating n	node	self-scan	
Conversion	mode	SAR type	
	ccuracy at ambient e: 25 °C (77 °F)	±0.1 % of full scale	
Temperatur	e drift	± 0.02 % of full scale per 1 °C (1.8 °F)	
Repeatabili	ty after stabilization time	± 0.5 % of full scale	
Non-linearit	у	± 0.01 % of full scale	
Maximum ir	nput deviation	± 1.0 % of full scale	
Digital reso	lution	12 bits (4096 steps)	
Input value	of LSB	2.44 mV (010 Vdc range)	4.88 μA (020 mA range)
			3.91 µA (420 mA range)
Data type ir	application program	scalable from –32768 to 32767	
Input data c	out of detection range	yes	
Noise resistance	Maximum temporary deviation during perturbations	±4.0 % of the full scale maximum when EMC perturbation is applied to the power and I/O wiring	
	Recommended cable	twisted-pair shielded	
	type and length	< 30 m (98.4 ft)	
Crosstalk (maximum)		1 LSB	
Isolation between inputs and internal logic		not isolated	
Maximum continuous overload allowed (without damage)		13 Vdc	40 mA
Input filter		software filter: 010 s (with 0.01 s increment)	

TMCR2AQ2V Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2AQ2V cartridge:

- 2 analog voltage outputs
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2AQ2V cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value	
	Voltage	
Number of output channels	2	
Output range	010 Vdc	
Resolution	12 bits (4096 steps)	
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal block	
Weight	15 g (0.53 oz)	

Output Characteristics

The following table describes the output characteristics of the TMCR2AQ2V cartridge:

Characteristics	Value	
	Voltage	
Rated output range	010 Vdc	
Load impedance	> 2 ΚΩ	
Application load type	resistive load	
Conversion time	20 ms	
Total output system transfer time	40 ms	
Maximum accuracy at ambient temperature: 25 °C (77 °F)	± 0.3 % of full scale	
Temperature drift	± 0.02 % of full scale per 1 °C (1.8 °F)	
Repeatability after stabilization time	± 0.4 % of full scale	
Non-linearity	± 0.01 % of full scale	
Overshoot	0 %	
Maximum output deviation	± 1.0 % of full scale (including ripple)	
Digital resolution	12 bits (4096 steps)	
Output value of LSB	2.44 mV	
Data type in application program	04095 scalable from –32768 to 32767	

Characteristics		Value	
		Voltage	
Noise resistance	Maximum temporary deviation during perturbations	\pm 4.0 % of the full scale maximum when EMC perturbation is applied to the power and I/O wiring	
	Recommended cable	twisted-pair shielded	
	type and length	< 30 m (98.4 ft)	
Crosstalk (maximum)		1 LSB	
Isolation be internal logi	tween outputs and c	not isolated	

TMCR2AQ2C Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2AQ2C cartridge:

- 2 analog current outputs
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2AQ2C cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value	
	Current	
Number of output channels	2	
Output range	420 mA	

Characteristic	Value	
	Current	
Resolution	12 bits (4096 steps)	
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal block	
Weight	15 g (0.53 oz)	

Output Characteristics

The following table describes the output characteristics of the TMCR2AQ2C
cartridge:

Characteristics		Value	
		Current	
Rated output range		420 mA	
Load imped	ance	< 500 Ω	
Application	load type	resistive load	
Conversion	time	20 ms	
Total output	system transfer time	40 ms	
	ccuracy at ambient e: 25 °C (77 °F)	± 0.3 % of full scale	
Temperatur	e drift	± 0.02 % of full scale per 1 °C (1.8 °F)	
Repeatabilit	y after stabilization time	± 0.4 % of full scale	
Non-linearit	у	± 0.01 % of full scale	
Overshoot		0 %	
Maximum o	utput deviation	± 1.0 % of full scale (including ripple)	
Digital resol	ution	12 bits (4096 steps)	
Output valu	e of LSB	3.91 µA	
Data type in	application program	04095 scalable from –32768 to 32767	
Noise resistance	Maximum temporary deviation during perturbations	± 4.0 % of the full scale maximum when EMC perturbation is applied to the power and I/O wiring	
	Recommended cable type and length	twisted-pair shielded	
		< 30 m (98.4 ft)	
	Crosstalk (maximum)	1 LSB	
Isolation between outputs and internal logic		not isolated	

TMCR2AM3 Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2AM3 cartridge:

- 2 analog inputs (voltage or current)
- 1 analog output (voltage or current)
- removable screw terminal block, 3.5 mm (0.13 in.) pitch

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2AM3 cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value	
	Voltage	Current
Number of input channels	2	
Input range	05 Vdc	020 mA
	010 Vdc	420 mA
Resolution	16 bits	
Connection type	3.5 mm (0.13 in.) pitch, removable screw terminal block	
Weight	24 g (0.85 oz)	

Input Characteristics

The following table describes the input characteristics of the TMCR2AM3 cartridge:

Characteristics	Value		
	Voltage	Current	
Rated input range	05 Vdc	020 mA	
	010 Vdc	420 mA	
Input impedance	> 1 MΩ	250 Ω ± 5 %	
Total input system transfer time	2 ms for 2 channels + 1 scan time		
Input type	single-ended		
Operating mode	self-scan		

Characteristics		Value	
		Voltage	Current
Conversion mode		SAR type	
Maximum accuracy at ambient temperature: 25 °C (77 °F)		± 0.5 % of full scale	
Maximum input deviation at 55 °C (131 °F)		± 1.0 % of full scale	
Digital resolution		16 bits	
Input value of LSB		1 mV	2 μΑ
Data type in application program		scalable from –32768 to 32767	
Input data out of detection range		yes	
Noise resistance			
	Recommended cable type and length	twisted-pair shielded	
		< 30 m (98.4 ft)	
	Crosstalk (maximum)	80 dB	
Isolation	Between inputs and internal logic	isolated	
	Between inputs and output	not isolated	
Maximum continuous overload allowed (without damage)		30 Vdc	40 mA
Input filter		software filter: level 06. Refer to TMCR2AM3 cartridge configuration (see Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller, Programming Guide) for details.	

Output Characteristics

The following table describes the output characteristics of the TMCR2AM3 cartridge:

Characteris	stics	Value		
		Voltage	Current	
Rated output range		05 Vdc	020 mA	
		010 Vdc	420 mA	
Load impedance		> 2 KΩ	< 500 Ω	
Application load type		resistive load		
Total output system transfer time		1 ms + 1 scan time		
Maximum accuracy at ambient temperature: 25 °C (77 °F)		± 0.5 % of full scale		
Maximum output deviation at 55 °C (131 °F)		± 1.0 % of full scale		
Output ripple ±2		± 20 mV		
Digital resolution		16 bits		
Output value of LSB		1 mV	2 μΑ	
Data type in application program		scalable from –32768 to 32767		
Noise resistance	Maximum temporary deviation during perturbations	±2.0 % of the full scale maximum when EMC perturbation is applied to the power and I/O wiring		

Characteristics		Value		
		Voltage	Current	
	Recommended cable type and length	twisted-pair shielded	·	
		< 30 m (98.4 ft)		
Crosstalk (maximum)		1 LSB		
	Between outputs and internal logic	isolated		
	Between inputs and outputs	not isolated		

TMCR2TI2 Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2TI2 cartridge:

- 2 analog temperature inputs (thermocouple or RTD)
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

AWARNING

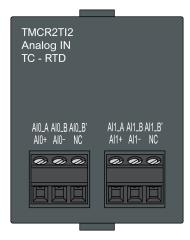
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2TI2 cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value	
	Thermocouple	3 wires RTD
Number of input channels	2	
Input range	type: K, J, R, S, B, E, T, N, C type: Pt100, Pt1000, Ni100 Ni1000	

Characteristic	Value	
	Thermocouple	3 wires RTD
Resolution	Depends on signal type. Refer to Digital resolution, page 38.	
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal blo	
Weight	15 g (0.53 oz)	

Input Characteristics

The following table describes the input characteristics of the TMCR2TI2 cartridge:

Characteristics	Value	
	Thermocouple	3 wires RTD
Rated input range	thermocouple type:	RTD type:
	K: –200+1300 °C (–328+2372 °F)	Pt100: -200+850 °C (-328+1562 °F)
	J: –200+1000 °C (–328+1832 °F)	Pt1000: -200+600 °C (-328+1112 °F)
	R: 0+1760 °C (+32+3200 °F)	Ni100: –60+180 °C (–76+356 °F)
	S: 0+1760 °C (+32+3200 °F)	Ni1000: –60+180 °C (–76+356 °F)
	B:0+1820 °C (+32+3308 °F)	
	E: –200+800 °C (–328+1472 °F)	
	T: -200+400 °C (-328+752 °F)	
	N: –200+1300 °C (–328+2372 °F)	
	C: 0+2315 °C (+32+4199 °F)	
Input impedance	> 1 MΩ	
Sample duration time	125 ms per enabled channel	250 ms per enabled channel
Input type	single-ended	
Operating mode	self-scan	
Conversion mode	SAR type	
Maximum accuracy	± 0.1 % of full scale at ambient temperature: 25 °C (77 °F)	± 0.1 % of full scale at ambient temperature: 25 °C (77 °F)
	Exception:	
	R, S: ± 6 °C (10.8 °F): Measured temperature range: 0200 °C (32392 °F)	
	B:Non-guaranteed: 0300 °C (32572 °F)	
	K, J, E, T, N: ± 0.4 % of full scale at temperature < 0 °C (32 °F)	
Cold junction accuracy	± 4.0 °C (39.2 °F)	None
Temperature drift	± 0.02 % of full scale per 1 °C	(1.8 °F)
Repeatability after stabilization time	± 0.5 % of full scale	

Characteristics		Value	
		Thermocouple	3 wires RTD
Non-linearity		± 0.01 % of full scale	
Maximum input deviation		± 1.0 % of full scale	
Digital reso	ution	thermocouple type:	RTD type:
		K: 15000 steps	Pt100: 10500 steps
		J: 12000 steps	Pt1000: 8000 steps
		R: 17600 steps	Ni100: 2400 steps
		S: 17600 steps	Ni1000: 2400 steps
		B: 18200 steps	
		E: 10000 steps	
		T: 6000 steps	
		N: 15000 steps	
		C: 23150 steps	
Input value	of LSB	0.1 °C (0.18 °F)	•
Data type in	application program	scalable from -32768 to 3276	37
Input data c	out of detection range	yes	
Noise resistance	Maximum temporary deviation during perturbations	±4.0 % of the full scale maximum when EMC perturbation is applied to the power and I/O wiring	
	Recommended cable type and length	shielded	
		< 30 m (98.4 ft)	
	Crosstalk (maximum)	1 LSB	
Isolation between inputs and internal logic		not isolated	
Maximum continuous overload allowed (without damage)		13 Vdc	13 Vdc
Input filter		software filter: 010 s (with 0.1 s increment)	
Behavior when the temperature sensor is disconnected or broken		input value = upper limit	

TMCR2SL1 Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2SL1 cartridge:

- 1 serial line (RS232 or RS485)
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2SL1 cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value		
	Serial lineRS-232	Serial line RS-485	
Number of channels	1		
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal block		
Weight	15 g (0.53 oz)		

Serial Line Characteristics

The following table describes the serial line characteristics of the TMCR2SL1 cartridge:

Characteristics		Value		
		RS-232	RS-485	
Baudrate		1200115200 bps	1200115200 bps	
Wires		RD, TD, GND	D1, D0, GND	
Protocol selection		software programmable		
Line polarization		-	software programmable	
Line end adapter in the ca	Line end adapter in the cartridge			
Recommended cable	Recommended cable Type			
	Length	< 3 m (9.8 ft)	< 15 m (49.2 ft)	
Isolation between lines and internal logic		not isolated		

TMCR2SL1A Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2SL1A cartridge:

- 1 serial line (isolated RS485)
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

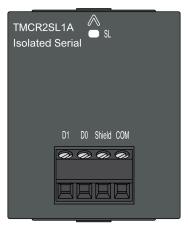
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2SL1A cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value
Standard	isolated Serial line RS-485
Number of channels	1
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal block
Weight	14 g (0.49 oz)

Serial Line Characteristics

The following table describes the serial line characteristics of the TMCR2SL1A cartridge:

Characteristics		Value
Software configurable standard		RS-485
Baudrate		1200115200 bps
Wires		D1, D0, Shield, COM
Protocol selection		software programmable
Line polarization		software programmable
Line end adapter in the cartridge		no
Recommended cable	Туре	shielded
Length		< 15 m (49.2 ft)
Isolation between lines and internal logic		isolated

TMCR2SL1S Characteristics

Introduction

The following features are integrated into the TMCR2SL1S cartridge:

- 1 serial line (isolated RS485)
- non-removable screw terminal block, 3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Connectors

The following diagram shows a TMCR2SL1S cartridge marking and connectors:



Main Characteristics

Characteristic	Value
Standard	isolated Serial line RS-485
Number of channels	1
Connection type	3.81 mm (0.15 in.) pitch, non-removable screw terminal block
Weight	14 g (0.49 oz)

Serial Line Characteristics

The following table describes the serial line characteristics of the TMCR2SL1S cartridge:

Characteristics	Value
Software configurable standard	RS-485
Baudrate	1200115200 bps
Wires	D1, D0, Shield, COM

Characteristics		Value
Protocol selection		software programmable
Line polarization		software programmable
Line end adapter in the cartridge		no
Recommended cable	Туре	shielded
	Length	< 15 m (49.2 ft)
Isolation between lines and internal logic		isolated

TM3R Expansion Modules

Overview

You can expand the number of I/Os of your M200 Logic Controller by adding TM3R expansion modules.

For the maximum number of expansion modules that can be added to a controller, refer to M200 Logic Controller *Maximum Hardware Configuration*, page 17.

TM3R Expansion Modules

Introduction

The range of TM3R expansion modules includes:

• Digital mixed input/output modules, page 57

TM3R Digital Mixed Input/Output Modules

This following table shows the TM3R mixed I/O modules, with corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel Type	Voltage	Terminal Type / Pitch
			Current	
TM3RDM16R, page 44	8	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block / 3.81 mm (0.15 in.)
			5 mA	DIOCK / 3.61 MIM (0.15 M.)
	8	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac	
			4 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	
TM3RDM32R, page 50	16	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal
			5 mA	blocks / 3.81 mm (0.15 in.)
	16	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac	
			4 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	

TM3RDM16R Characteristics

Introduction

This section describes the general characteristics of the TM3RDM16R expansion module.

See also Environmental Characteristics (see Modicon TM3, Digital I/O Modules, Hardware Guide).

ADANGER

FIRE HAZARD

- Use only the correct wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.
- For relay output (2 A) wiring, use conductors of at least 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).
- For common conductors of relay output wiring (4 A), or relay output wiring greater than 2 A, use conductors of at least 1.0 mm² (AWG 16) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

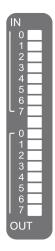
Overview

TM3RDM16R digital expansion module:

- 8 channel 24 Vdc sink/source inputs
- 1 common line for inputs
- 8 channel 2 A relay outputs
- 2 common lines for outputs
- Removable screw terminal block

Status LEDs

The following figure shows the status LEDs:

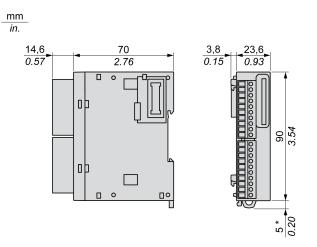


This table describes the status LEDs:

I	LED	Color	Status	Туре	Description
(D7	Green	On	Input	The channel is activated
			Off		The channel is deactivated
(07	Green	On	Output	The channel is activated
			Off		The channel is deactivated

Dimensions

The following diagrams show the external dimensions for the TM3RDM16R expansion modules:



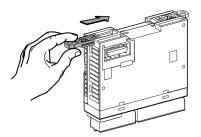
NOTE: * 8.5 mm (0.33 in.) when the clamp is pulled out.

Panel Mounting

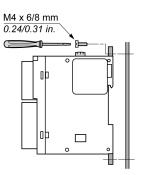
Insert the mounting strip into the slot at the top of the module:

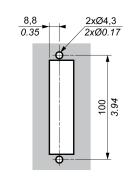
mm

in.



The following diagram shows the mounting holes layout for the TM3RDM16R expansion module:





Main Characteristics

Characteristic		Value
Input		
Number of input channels		8 inputs
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)
Input Logic type		Sink/source
Rated input voltage		24 Vdc
Output		
Number of output channels		8 outputs
Output type		Relay
Contact type		NO (Normally Open)
Rated output voltage		24 Vdc / 240 Vac
Rated output current		2 A
Connection and cable types	\$	
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block
Cable type and length	Туре	Unshielded
	Length	Input: max. 50 m (164 ft)
		Output: max. 150 m (492 ft)
Weight		118 g (4.16 oz)

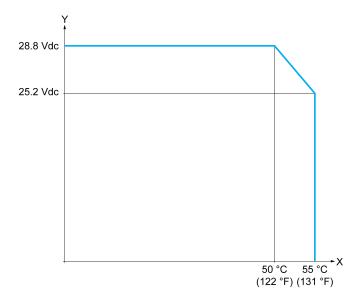
Input Characteristics

The table below describes the input characteristics of the TM3RDM16R:

Characteristic		Value	
Number of input channels	3	8 inputs	
Number of channels grou	ips	1 common line for 8 channels	
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)	
Logic type		Sink/source	
Rated input voltage		24 Vdc	
Input voltage range		028.8 Vdc	
Rated input current		5 mA	
Input impedance		4.7 kΩ	
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528.8 Vdc)	
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)	
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA	
	Current at state 0	< 1.5 mA	
Turn on time	-	4 ms	
Turn off time		4 ms	
De-rating	055 °C	See Input de-rating, page 48	
	(32131 °F)		
Isolation	Between input and internal logic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
	Between input group and output group	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc	
	Between input groups	N/A	
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block	
Connector insertion/remo	oval durability	Over 100 times	
Current draw on 5 Vdc in	ternal bus	70 mA	
Current draw on 24 Vdc i	nternal bus	40 mA	

Input De-rating

When using TM3RDM16R:



X Ambient temperature (°C / °F)

Y Input voltage (V)

At an ambient temperature of 55 °C (131 °F) in the horizontal mounting direction, limit the inputs and outputs, respectively, which turn on simultaneously as indicated by the X axis.

Output Characteristics

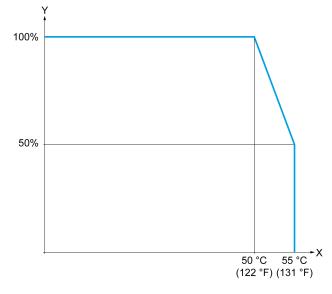
The table below describes the outputs characteristics of the TM3RDM16R:

Characteristic		Value
Number of output channels		8 outputs
Number of channel groups		2 common lines for 8 channels
Output type		Relay
Contact type		NO (Normally Open)
Rated output voltage		24 Vdc, 220 Vac
Maximum voltage		30 Vdc, 250 Vac
Rated output current		2 A per output
Maximum output current		2 A per output
		4 A per common
Maximum output	With max. load	0.1 Hz
frequency	Without load	5 Hz
Turn on time		Max. 10 ms
Turn off time		Max. 10 ms
De-rating	055 °C	See Output de-rating, page 49
	(32131 °F)	
Mechanical life		20 million operations
Electrical life under resistive	load 2 A	100,000 switching cycles at 45 °C (113 °F)
Protection against short circ	uit	No
Isolation	Between output and internal logic	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc

Characteristic		Value	
	Between input group and output group	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc	
	Between output groups	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc	
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block	
Connector insertion/removal durability		Over 100 times	
Current draw on 5 Vdc internal bus		70 mA	
Current draw on 24 Vdc internal bus		40 mA	
NOTE: Refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage, page 101 for additional information on this topic.			

Output De-rating





X Ambient temperature (°C / °F)

Y Output load current (%)

Power Limitation

This table describes the power limitation of the TM3RDM16R expansion module depending on the voltage, the type of load, and the number of operations required.

These expansion modules do not support capacitive loads.

AWARNING

RELAY OUTPUTS WELDED CLOSED

- Always protect relay outputs from inductive alternating current load damage using an appropriate external protective circuit or device.
- Do not connect relay outputs to capacitive loads.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Power Limitations				
Voltage	24 Vdc	120 Vac	240 Vac	Number of operations
Power of resistive loads	-	240 VA	480 VA	100,000
AC-12		80 VA	160 VA	300,000
Power of inductive loads	-	60 VA	120 VA	100,000
AC-15 (cos φ = 0.35)		18 VA	36 VA	300,000
Power of inductive loads	-	120 VA	240 VA	100,000
AC-14 (cos φ = 0.7)		36 VA	72 VA	300,000
Power of resistive loads	48 W	-	-	100,000
DC-12	16 W			300,000
Power of inductive loads	24 W	-	-	100,000
DC-13 L/R = 7 ms	7.2 W			300,000

TM3RDM32R Characteristics

Introduction

This section provides a description of the electrical and input/output characteristics of the TM3RDM32R expansion modules.

See also Environmental Characteristics (see Modicon TM3, Digital I/O Modules, Hardware Guide).

FIRE HAZARD

- Use only the correct wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.
- For relay output (2 A) wiring, use conductors of at least 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).
- For common conductors of relay output wiring (4 A), or relay output wiring greater than 2 A, use conductors of at least 1.0 mm² (AWG 16) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Overview

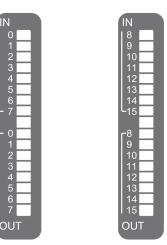
TM3RDM32R digital expansion module:

- 16 channel 24 Vdc sink/source inputs
- 2 common lines for inputs
- 16 channel 2 A relay outputs
- 4 common lines for outputs

Removable screw terminal block

Status LEDs

The following figure shows the status LEDs:

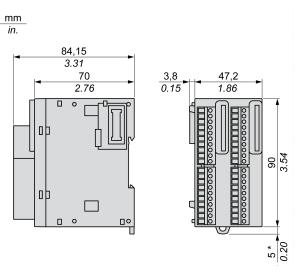


This table describes the status LEDs:

LED	Color	Status	Туре	Description
015	Green	On	Input	The channel is activated
		Off		The channel is deactivated
015	Green	On	Output	The channel is activated
		Off		The channel is deactivated

Dimensions

The following diagrams show the external dimensions for the TM3RDM32R expansion modules:



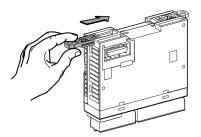
NOTE: * 8.5 mm (0.33 in) when the clamp is pulled out.

Panel Mounting

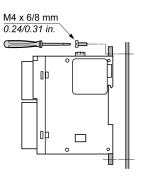
Insert the mounting strip into the slot at the top of the module:

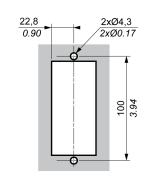
mm

in.



The following diagram shows the mounting holes layout for the TM3RDM32R expansion module:





Main Characteristics

Characteristic		Value
Input		
Number of input channels		16 inputs
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)
Input Logic type		Sink/Source
Rated input voltage		24 Vdc
Output		
Number of output channels		16 outputs
Contact type		NO (Normally Open)
Rated output voltage		24 Vdc / 220 Vdc
Rated output current		2 A
Connection and cable types		
Connection type		Removable screw terminal blocks
Cable type and length	Туре	Unshielded
	Length	Input: max. 50 m (164 ft)
		Output: max. 150 m (490 ft)
Weight		208 g (7.34 oz)

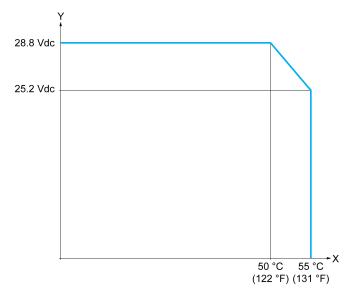
Input Characteristics

The table below describes the input characteristics of the TM3RDM32R:

Characteristic		Value	
Number of input channels	3	16 inputs	
Number of channels grou	ps	2 common lines for 16 channels	
Input type		Type 1 (IEC/EN 61131-2)	
Logic type		Sink/source	
Rated input voltage		24 Vdc	
Input voltage range		028.8 Vdc	
Rated input current		5 mA	
Input impedance		4.7 kΩ	
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528.8 Vdc)	
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)	
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA	
	Current at state 0	< 1.5 mA	
Turn on time		4 ms	
Turn off time		4 ms	
De-rating	055 °C	See Input de-rating, page 54	
	(32131 °F)		
Isolation	Between input and internal logic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
	Between input group and output group	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc	
	Between input groups	500 Vac / 800 Vdc	
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block	
Connector insertion/remo	val durability	Over 100 times	
Current draw on 5 Vdc int	ernal bus	95 mA	
Current draw on 24 Vdc in	nternal bus	80 mA	

Input De-rating

When using TM3RDM32R:



X Ambient temperature (°C / °F)

Y Input voltage

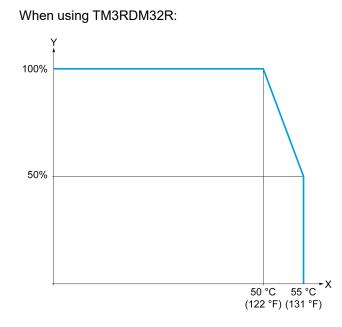
Output Characteristics

The table below describes the output characteristics of the TM3RDM32R

Characteristic		Value
Number of output channe	ls	16
Number of channel group	s	4 common line for 16 channels
Output type		Relay
Contact type		NO (Normally Open)
Rated output current		2 A per output
Maximum output current		2 A per output
		4 A per common
Maximum output	With max. load	0.1 Hz
frequency	Without load	5 Hz
Turn on time		Max. 10 ms
Turn off time		Max. 10 ms
De-rating	055 °C	See Output de-rating, page 55
	(32131 °F)	
Mechanical life		20 million operations
Electrical life under resist	ve load 2 A	100,000 switching cycles at 45 °C (113 °F)
Protection against short c	ircuit	No
Isolation	Between output and internal logic	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc
	Between input group and output group	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc
	Between output groups	1500 Vac / 2500 Vdc
Connection type		Removable screw terminal block

Characteristic	Value
Connector insertion/removal durability	Over 100 times
Current draw on 5 Vdc internal bus	95 mA
Current draw on 24 Vdc internal bus	80 mA
NOTE: Refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage, page 101 for additional information on this topic.	

Output De-rating



X Ambient temperature (°C / °F)

Y Output load current (%)

•

•

Power Limitation

This table describes the power limitation of the TM3RDM32R expansion modules depending on the voltage, the type of load, and the number of operations required.

These expansion modules do not support capacitive loads.

RELAY OUTPUTS WELDED CLOSED

- Always protect relay outputs from inductive alternating current load damage using an appropriate external protective circuit or device.
- Do not connect relay outputs to capacitive loads.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Power Limitations						
Voltage	24 Vdc	120 Vac	240 Vac	Number of operations		
Power of resistive loads	-	240 VA	480 VA	100,000		
AC-12		80 VA	160 VA	300,000		
Power of inductive loads	-	60 VA	120 VA	100,000		
AC-15 (cos φ = 0.35)		18 VA	36 VA	300,000		

Power Limitations				
Power of inductive loads	-	120 VA	240 VA	100,000
AC-14 (cos φ = 0.7)		36 VA	72 VA	300,000
Power of resistive loads	48 W	-	-	100,000
DC-12	16 W			300,000
Power of inductive loads	24 W	-	-	100,000
DC-13 L/R = 7 ms	7.2 W			300,000

TM3 and TM2 Expansion Modules

Overview

You can expand the number of I/Os of your M200 Logic Controller by adding TM3 and TM2 expansion modules.

For the maximum number of expansion modules that can be added to a controller, refer to M200 Logic Controller *Maximum Hardware Configuration*, page 17.

TM3 Expansion Modules

Introduction

The range of TM3 expansion modules includes:

- Digital modules, classified as follows:
 - Input modules, page 56
 - Output modules, page 57
 - Mixed input/output modules, page 57
- · Analog modules, classified as follows:
 - Input modules, page 58
 - Output modules, page 58
 - Mixed input/output modules, page 59

For more information, refer to the following documents:

- TM3 Digital I/O Modules Hardware Guide
- TM3 Analog I/O Modules Hardware Guide

TM3 Digital Input Modules

The following table shows the TM3 digital input expansion modules, with corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel Type	Voltage	Terminal Type / Pitch
			Current	
TM3DI8	8	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal
			7 mA	block / 5.08 mm
TM3DI16	16	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal
			7 mA	blocks / 3.81 mm
TM3DI32K	32	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20) connector
			5 mA	

TM3 Digital Output Modules

The following table shows the TM3 digital output expansion modules, with corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel Type	Voltage	Terminal Type / Pitch
			Current	
TM3DQ8R	8	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac 7 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	Removable screw terminal block / 5.08 mm
TM3DQ8T	8	Regular transistor outputs (source)	24 Vdc 4 A maximum per common line/0.5 A maximum per output	Removable screw terminal block / 5.08 mm
TM3DQ8U	8	Regular transistor outputs (sink)	24 Vdc 4 A maximum per common line/0.5 A maximum per output	Removable screw terminal block / 5.08 mm
TM3DQ16R	16	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac 8 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	Removable screw terminal blocks / 3.81 mm
TM3DQ16T	16	Regular transistor outputs (source)	24 Vdc 8 A maximum per common line / 0.5 A maximum per output	Removable screw terminal blocks / 3.81 mm
TM3DQ16U	16	Regular transistor outputs (sink)	24 Vdc 8 A maximum per common line / 0.5 A maximum per output	Removable screw terminal blocks / 3.81 mm
TM3DQ32TK	32	Regular transistor outputs (source)	24 Vdc 2 A maximum per common line / 0.1 A maximum per output	HE10 (MIL 20) connectors
TM3DQ32UK	32	Regular transistor outputs (sink)	24 Vdc 2 A maximum per common line / 0.1 A maximum per output	HE10 (MIL 20) connectors

TM3 Digital Mixed Input/Output Modules

This following table shows the TM3 mixed I/O modules, with corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel Type	Voltage	Terminal Type / Pitch
			Current	
TM3DM8R	4	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal
			7 mA	block / 5.08 mm
	4	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac	_
			7 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	
TM3DM24R	16	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal blocks / 3.81 mm
			7 mA	

Reference	Channels	Channel Type	Voltage	Terminal Type / Pitch
			Current	
	8	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac 7 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	

TM3 Analog Input Modules

The following table shows the TM3 analog input expansion modules, with corresponding resolution, channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Resolution	Channels	Channel Type	Mode	Terminal Type / Pitch
TM3AI2H	16 bit, or 15 bit	2	inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw
	+ sign			-10+10 Vdc	terminal block / 5.08 mm
				020 mA	
				420 mA	
TM3AI4	12 bit, or 11 bit	4	inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw
	+ sign			-10+10 Vdc	terminal block / 3.81 mm
				020 mA	
				420 mA	
TM3AI8	12 bit, or 11 bit	12 bit, or 11 bit + sign	inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw
	+ sign			-10+10 Vdc	terminal block / 3.81 mm
				020 mA	
				420 mA	
				020 mA extented	
				420 mA extented	
TM3TI4	16 bit, or 15 bit	4	inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block / 3.81 mm
	+ sign			-10+10 Vdc	terminal block / 3.81 mm
				020 mA	
				420 mA	
				Thermocouple	
				PT100/1000	
				NI100/1000	
TM3TI8T	16 bit, or 15 bit	8	inputs	Thermocouple	Removable screw
	+ sign			NTC/PTC	terminal block / 3.81 mm
				Ohmmeter	

TM3 Analog Output Modules

The following table shows the TM3 analog output modules, with corresponding resolution, channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Resolution	Channels	Channel Type	Mode	Terminal Type / Pitch
TM3AQ2	12 bit, or 11 bit + sign	2	outputs	010 Vdc -10+10 Vdc 020 mA 420 mA	Removable screw terminal block / 5.08 mm
TM3AQ4	12 bit, or 11 bit + sign	4	outputs	010 Vdc -10+10 Vdc 020 mA 420 mA	Removable screw terminal block / 5.08 mm

TM3 Analog Mixed Input/Output Modules

This following table shows the TM3 analog mixed I/O modules, with corresponding resolution, channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Resolution	Channels	Channel Type	Mode	Terminal Type / Pitch
TM3AM6	12 bit, or 11 bit +	4	inputs	010 Vdc	Removable spring terminal block / 3.81 mm
	sign	2	outputs	-10+10 Vdc	terminal block / 5.01 mm
				020 mA	
				420 mA	
TM3TM3	16 bit, or 15 bit	2	inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw
	+ sign			-10+10 Vdc	terminal block / 5.08 mm
				020 mA	
				420 mA	
				Thermocouple	
				PT100/1000	
				NI100/1000	
	12 bit, or 11 bit +	1	outputs	010 Vdc	
sign	sign			-10+10 Vdc	
				020 mA	
				420 mA	

TM2 Expansion Modules

Overview

The range of TM2 expansion modules includes:

- Digital modules, classified as follows:
 - Input modules, page 60
 - Output modules, page 60
 - Mixed input/output modules, page 61
- Analog modules, classified as follows:
 - Input modules, page 61
 - Output modules, page 62
 - Mixed input/output modules, page 62

For more information, refer to the following documents:

- TM2 Digital I/O Expansion Modules Hardware Guide
- TM2 Analog I/O Expansion Modules Hardware Guide

NOTICE

INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT

TM2 modules can only be used in the local configuration, and only if there is no TM3 transmitter and receiver modules present in the configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

NOTICE

INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT

It is prohibited to mount a TM2 module before any TM3 module. The TM2 modules must be mounted and configured at the end of the local configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

TM2 Digital Input Expansion Modules

The following table shows the compatible TM2 digital input expansion modules with the corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel Type	Voltage	Terminal Type
			Current	
TM2DAI8DT	8	Regular inputs	120 Vac	Removable screw terminal block
			7.5 mA	terminal block
TM2DDI8DT	8	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block
			7 mA	
TM2DDI16DT	16	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block
			7 mA	terminal block
TM2DDI16DK	16	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20) connector
			5 mA	CONTRECTOR
TM2DDI32DK	32	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20)
			5 mA	connector

TM2 Digital Output Expansion Modules

The following table shows the compatible TM2 digital output expansion modules with the corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel type	Voltage	Terminal type
			Current	
TM2DRA8RT	8	Relay outputs	30 Vdc / 240 Vac	Removable screw
			2 A max	terminal block
TM2DRA16RT	16	Relay outputs	30 Vdc / 240 Vac	Removable screw
			2 A max	terminal block
TM2DDO8UT	8	Regular transistor	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block
		outputs (sink)	0.3 A max per output	

Reference	Channels	Channel type	Voltage	Terminal type
			Current	
TM2DDO8TT	8	Regular transistor	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block
		outputs (source)	0.5 A max per output	terminal block
TM2DDO16UK	16	····	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20)
	outputs (sink)	0.1 A max per output	connector	
TM2DDO16TK	16	Regular transistor	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20)
		outputs (source)	0.4 A max per output	connector
TM2DDO32UK	32	Regular transistor	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20)
		outputs (sink)	0.1 A max per output	connector
TM2DDO32TK	32	- J	24 Vdc	HE10 (MIL 20)
		outputs (source)	0.4 A max per output	connector

TM2 Digital Mixed Input/Output Expansion Modules

The following table shows the compatible TM2 digital mixed I/O expansion modules with the corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel type	Voltage	Terminal type
			Current	
TM2DMM8DRT	4	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block
			7 mA	terminal block
	4	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac	
			7 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	
TM2DMM24DRF	16	Regular inputs	24 Vdc	Non-removable
			7 mA	spring terminal block
	8	Relay outputs	24 Vdc / 240 Vac	
			7 A maximum per common line / 2 A maximum per output	

TM2 Analog Input Expansion Modules

The following table shows the compatible TM2 analog input expansion modules with the corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel type	Voltage	Terminal Type
			Current	
TM2AMI2HT	2	High-level inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw terminal
			420 mA	block
TM2AMI2LT	2	Low-level inputs	Thermocouple type J, K,T	Removable screw terminal block
TM2AMI4LT	4	Analog inputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block
			020 mA	DIOCK
			PT100/1000	
			Ni100/1000	
TM2AMI8HT	8	Analog inputs	020 mA	Removable screw terminal block
			010 Vdc	DIUCK

Reference	Channels	Channel type	Voltage	Terminal Type
			Current	
TM2ARI8HT	8	Analog inputs	NTC / PTC	Removable screw terminal block
TM2ARI8LRJ	8	Analog inputs	PT100/1000	RJ11 connector
TM2ARI8LT	8	Analog inputs	PT100/1000	Removable screw terminal block

TM2 Analog Output Expansion Modules

The following table shows the compatible TM2 analog output expansion modules with the corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Reference Channels		Voltage	Terminal Type
			Current	
TM2AMO1HT	1	Analog outputs	010 Vdc	Removable screw terminal
			420 mA	block
TM2AVO2HT	2	Analog outputs	+/- 10 Vdc	Removable screw terminal block

TM2 Analog Mixed Input/Output Expansion Modules

The following table shows the compatible TM2 analog mixed I/O expansion modules with the corresponding channel type, nominal voltage/current, and terminal type:

Reference	Channels	Channel type	Voltage	Terminal Type
			Current	
TM2AMM3HT	2	Analog inputs	010 Vdc 420 mA	Removable screw terminal
	1	Analog outputs	010 Vdc 420 mA	block
TM2AMM6HT	4	Analog inputs	010 Vdc 420 mA	Removable screw terminal
	2	Analog outputs	010 Vdc 420 mA	- block
TM2ALM3LT	2	Low-level inputs	Thermo J,K,T, PT100	Removable screw terminal
	1	Analog outputs	010 Vdc 420 mA	block

M100/M200 Logic Controller Environmental Information

Environmental Characteristics

Enclosure Requirements

M100/M200 Logic Controller system components are designed as Zone B, Class A industrial equipment according to IEC/CISPR Publication 11. If they are used in environments other than those described in the standard, or in environments that do not meet the specifications in this manual, the ability to meet electromagnetic compatibility requirements in the presence of conducted and/or radiated interference may be reduced.

All M100/M200 Logic Controller system components meet European Community (CE) requirements for open equipment as defined by IEC/EN 61131-2. You must install them in an enclosure designed for the specific environmental conditions and to minimize the possibility of unintended contact with hazardous voltages.

Use metal enclosures to improve the electromagnetic immunity of your M100/ M200 Logic Controller system. Use enclosures with a keyed locking mechanism to minimize unauthorized access.

Environmental Characteristics

All the M100/M200 Logic Controller module components are electrically isolated between the internal electronic circuit and the input/output channels within the limits set forth and described by these environmental characteristics. For more information on electrical isolation, see the technical specifications of your particular controller found later in the current document. This equipment meets CE requirements as indicated in the table below. This equipment is intended for use in a Pollution Degree 2 industrial environment.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The following table shows the general environmental characteristics:

Cha	racteristic	Specification		
Standard compliance	IEC/EN 61131-2			
	IEC/EN 61010-2-201			
Ambient operating temperature	Horizontal installation	055 °C (32131 °F)		
Storage temperature		–2570 °C (- 13158 °F)		
Relative humidity	Transport and storage	595 % (non-condensing)		
	Operation	595 % (non-condensing)		
Degree of pollution	IEC/EN 60664-1	2		
Degree of protection	IEC/EN 61131-2	IP20 with protective covers in place		
Machine Safety conformance	IEC/EN 61010-2-201	Yes		
Corrosion immunity	· · · ·	Atmosphere free from corrosive gases		
Operating altitude		02000 m (06560 ft)		
Storage altitude		03000 m (09843 ft)		
Vibration resistance	IEC/EN 61131-2	DIN installation:		
	Panel mounting or mounted on a top hat section rail (DIN rail)	58.4 Hz, 3.5 mm fixed amplitude; 8.4150 Hz, acceleration 1 g; X/Y/Z directions vibration 10 times.		
		Panel installation:		
		58.7 Hz, 7.5 mm fixed amplitude; 8.7150 Hz, acceleration 2 g; X/Y/Z directions vibration 10 times.		
Mechanical shock resistance	•	DIN installation:		
		Acceleration 15 g, action time: 11 ms; X/Y/Z vibration in each direction 3 times.		
		Panel installation:		
		Acceleration 30 g, action time: 6 ms; X/Y/Z vibration in each direction 3 times.		

Electromagnetic Susceptibility

The M100/M200 Logic Controller system meets electromagnetic susceptibility specifications as indicated in the following table:

Characteristic	Designed to specification	Range					
Electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	8 kV (air discharge)					
		6 kV (contact discharge)					
Radiated electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	10 V/m (80 MHz3 GHz)					
		Sinus amplitude modulated	80% / 1 kHz + I	nternal clock frequency			
Fast transients burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	AC/DC Power lines	2 kV				
		Relay Outputs	2 kV				
		24 Vdc I/Os	1 kV				
		Communication line	1 kV				
Surge immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	-	CM ¹	DM ²			
	IEC/EN 61131-2	DC Power lines	1.1 kV	0.5 kV			
		AC Power lines 2.2 kV		1.1 kV			
		AC I/Os	2.2 kV	2.2 kV 1.1 kV			
		24 Vdc I/Os	1.1 kV	0.5 kV			
		Shielded cable (between shield and ground)	1.1 kV	-			
Induced electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	10 V (0.15 MHz80MHz) +	10 V (0.15 MHz80MHz) + spot frequencies				
		Sinus amplitude modulated	80% / 1KHz				
Conducted emission	IEC/EN 55011 (IEC/CISPR Publication 11)	 0.150.5 MHz: 79 dB 0.530 MHz: 73 dBµ\ 	•	•			
Radiated emission	IEC/EN 55011 (IEC/CISPR Publication 11)	Class A, 10 m distance: • 30230 MHz: 40 dBµV/m QP • 2301000 MHz: 47 dBµV/m QP					
¹ Common Mode	1	1					
² Differential Mode							

Certifications and Standards

Introduction

The M100/M200 Logic Controllers are designed to conform to the main national and international standards concerning electronic industrial control devices:

• IEC/EN 61131-2

The M100/M200 Logic Controllers have obtained:

- CE
- EAC*
- RCM*

Some modules have not been certified by EAC & RCM. Please go to www.se. com/ww/en/ and you can download EAC certificate and check specific modules certified by EAC.

Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller Management

What's in This Chapter

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Input Management

Overview

The M100/M200 Logic Controller features digital inputs, including 4 fast inputs.

The following functions are configurable:

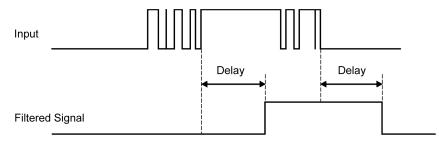
- Filters (depends on the function associated with the input).
- All inputs can be used for the Run/Stop function.
- 4 fast inputs can be either latched or used for events (rising edge, falling edge, or both) and thus be linked to an event task.

NOTE: All inputs can be used as regular inputs.

Integrator Filter Principle

The filter is designed to reduce the bouncing effect at the inputs. Setting a filter value helps the controller to ignore sudden changes of input levels caused by induction of electromagnetic interference.

The following timing diagram illustrates the filter effects:



Bounce Filter Availability

The bounce filter can be used on a fast input when:

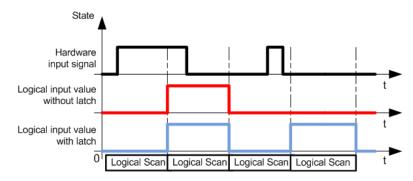
- · Using a latch or event
- HSC is enabled

Latching

Latching is a function that can be assigned to the M100/M200 Logic Controller fast inputs. This function is used to memorize (or latch) any pulse with a duration that is less than the M100/M200 Logic Controller scan time. When a pulse is shorter than one scan, the controller latches the pulse, which is then updated in the next scan. This latching mechanism only recognizes rising edges. Falling edges cannot

be latched. Assigning inputs to be latched is done in the **Configuration** tab in EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic.

The following timing diagram illustrates the latching effects:



Event

An input configured for events can be associated with an event task.

Run/Stop

The Run/Stop function is used to start or stop an application program using an input. In addition to the embedded Run/Stop switch, you can configure one (and only one) input as an additional Run/Stop command.

For more information, refer to the Run/Stop, page 75.

UNINTENDED MACHINE OR PROCESS START-UP

- Verify the state of security of your machine or process environment before applying power to the Run/Stop input.
- Use the Run/Stop input to help prevent the unintentional start-up from a remote location.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Input Management Functions Availability

Embedded digital inputs can be configured as functions (Run/Stop, Latch, Event, Fast Counter, HSC, PTO).

Inputs not configured as functions are used as regular inputs.

You can use filters and functions to manage the controller inputs, page 65.

TM200 ••• R Logic Controller Inputs

The following table shows the possible usage of the M100/M200 Logic Controller (TM200•••R) inputs, depending on the controller reference:

			Input F	unction		Single Phase HSC	Main HSC0	Main HSC1	FC
Functio	on	None	Run/ Stop	Latch	Event		поси 	по С 1	
Fast	10	х	Х	-	_	HSC0	Х	-	-
Input ⁽¹⁾	l1	х	Х	_	_	HSC2	Х	-	-
	12	х	Х	х	х	Preset for Single Phase HSC0	Preset	_	FC0
	13	Х	Х	х	х	Capture for Single Phase HSC0	Capture	-	FC1
	14	х	х	х	х	Capture for Single Phase HSC1	-	Capture	FC2
	15	Х	х	х	х	Preset for Single Phase HSC1	-	Preset	FC3
	16	х	х	-	-	HSC1	-	х	-
	17	х	х	-	_	HSC3	-	х	-
Regular	18	х	х	-	_	_	-	-	-
Input	19	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I10	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I11	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I12	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I13	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	114	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I15	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I16	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	117	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	I18	Х	Х	_	_	-	-	_	-
	I19	х	Х	_	_	-	-	_	-
	120	х	Х	_	_	-	-	_	-
	I21	х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-
	122	х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-
	123	х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-
	124	х	Х	_	_	_	-	-	-
	125	х	х	_	_	-	_	-	-
	126	х	х	_	_	-	_	-	-
	127	х	х	_	_	-	_	-	-
	128	х	х	_	_	-	_	-	-
	129	х	х	-	_	-	-	-	-
	130	х	х	-	_	-	-	-	-
	131	х	Х	_	_	-	_	_	-
	132	х	х	-	_	_	-	-	-
	133	х	Х	_	_	_	_	_	-
	134	х	Х	_	_	_	_	_	-
	135	х	Х	_	_	_	_	_	_

X Yes

– No

(1) Can also be used as a regular input. But only one function can be implemented. If I2...I5 are used, for example, as HSC preset and capture function, they cannot be used as FC function and interrupt function.

TM100•••RN Logic Controller Inputs

			Input F					Main HSC1	FC
Functio	on	None	Run/ Stop	Latch	Event		1300	חסטו	
Fast	10	х	х	-	-	HSC0	Х	-	_
Input ⁽¹⁾	11	х	х	-	-	HSC1	Х	_	-
	12	х	х	х	х	Preset for Single Phase HSC0	Preset	-	FC
	13	х	х	x	х	Capture for Single Phase HSC0	Capture	-	FC
	14	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	FC
	15	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	FC
	16	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	17	х	х	-	-	_	-	-	_
Regular	18	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
Input	19	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	I10	х	х	-	-	_	-	-	_
	111	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	l12	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	113	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	-
	114	х	х	-	-	_	-	-	_
	l15	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	l16	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	-
	117	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	l18	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	119	х	х	-	_	-	-	-	-
	120	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	_
	I21	х	х	-	_	-	-	-	-
	122	х	х	-	_	-	-	-	-
	123	Х	Х	_	_	_	_	_	-

The following table shows the possible usage of the TM100C••RN inputs, depending on the controller reference:

(1) Can also be used as a regular input. But only one function can be implemented. If I2...I5 are used, for example, as HSC preset and capture function, they cannot be used as FC function and interrupt function.

TM200•••U / TM200•••T Logic Controller Inputs

The following table shows the possible usage of the M200 Logic Controller (TM200•••U and TM200•••T) inputs, depending on the controller reference:

			Input	Function		Single phase HSC	HSC0	HSC1	РТО0	PTO1	FC
Function	ו	None	Run/ Stop	Latch	Event	nsc					
Fast	10	Х	Х	-	-	HSC0	х	-	-	-	-
Input ⁽¹⁾	11	Х	Х	-	Ι	HSC2	х	_	_	_	-

			Input I	Function		Single phase	HSC0	HSC1	PTO0	PTO1	FC
Functio	n	None	Run/ Stop	Latch	Event	HSC					
	12	x	Х	х	х	Preset for Single Phase HSC0	Preset	_	Origin ⁽²⁾	_	FC0
	13	x	Х	х	x	Capture for Single Phase HSC0	Capture	-	_	_	FC1
	14	x	Х	х	x	Capture for Single Phase HSC1	_	Capture	Touch Probe ⁽²⁾	_	FC2
	15	x	Х	х	x	Preset for Single Phase HSC1	_	Preset	_	Touch Probe ⁽²⁾	FC3
	16	Х	Х	-	-	HSC1	-	х	-	-	-
	17	Х	Х	-	-	HSC3	-	х	-	-	-
Regular	18	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	Origin ⁽³⁾	Origin ⁽²⁾	-
Input	19	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
	I10	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-	Origin ⁽³⁾	-
	111	Х	Х	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	-
	112	х	х	_	-	_	-	-	Touch Probe ⁽³⁾	_	-
	113	х	х	Ι	_	_	_	-	_	Touch Probe ⁽³⁾	-
	114	Х	Х	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
	I15	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
	I16	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	I17	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	I18	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
	I19	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	120	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
	I21	Х	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	122	Х	Х	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
	123	Х	Х	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-

X Yes

– No

(1) Can also be used as a regular input. But only one function can be implemented. If I2...I5 are used, for example, as HSC preset and capture function, they cannot be used as FC function and interrupt function.

(2) Only for TM200C16U and TM200C16T.

(3) Only for TM200C24U, TM200CE24U, TM200C40U, TM200CE40U, TM200C24T, TM200CE24T, TM200C40T, and TM200CE40T.

Output Management

Introduction

The M100 Logic Controller has only relay outputs.

The M200 Logic Controller has relay, regular, and fast transistor outputs (PTO / PWM / PLS/ FREQGEN).

The following output functions are configurable on the relay and transistor outputs:

- Alarm output
- HSC (reflex features on HSC threshold)
- PTO
- PWM
- PLS
- FREQGEN

NOTE: All fast outputs can be used as regular outputs.

Relay Output Management Availability

The information below refers to M100/M200 Logic Controllers (TM200 $\bullet \bullet \bullet R$) with relay outputs, depending on the controller reference:

Function		Alarm Output	HSC0	HSC1	
	Q0	Х	HSC0 reflex output0	-	
	Q1	х	HSC0 reflex output1	-	
	Q2	х	-	HSC1 reflex output0	
	Q3	х	_	HSC1 reflex output1	
	Q4	Х	_	-	
	Q5	х	-	-	
	Q6	х	-	-	
	Q7	х	-	_	
	Q8	_	_	_	
	Q9	_	_	_	
	Q10	-	-	-	
Regular Output	Q11	_	_	_	
	Q12	_	_	_	
	Q13	_	_	_	
	Q14	-	-	-	
	Q15	_	_	_	
	Q16	_	_	_	
	Q17	_	_	_	
	Q18	_	_	_	
	Q19	_	_	-	
	Q20	_	_	-	
	Q21	_	_	_	
	Q22	_	_	_	
	Q23	_	_	_	

The information below refers to TM100C••RN Logic Controllers with relay outputs, depending on the controller reference:

Function		Alarm Output	HSC0	HSC1	
	Q0	х	HSC0 reflex output0	-	
	Q1	х	HSC0 reflex output1	-	
Regular Output	Q2	х	-	-	
	Q3	х	-	-	
	Q4	х	_	_	

Function		Alarm Output	HSC0	HSC1
	Q5	х	_	-
	Q6	х	-	-
	Q7	х	-	-
	Q8	_	-	-
	Q9	_	-	-
	Q10	-	-	-
	Q11	_	-	-
	Q12	_	-	-
	Q13	-	-	-
	Q14	-	-	-
	Q15	_	-	-
	Q16	-	-	-
	Q17	-	-	-
	Q18	_	-	-
	Q19	-	-	-
	Q20	-	-	-
	Q21	-	-	-
	Q22	-	-	-
	Q23	_	-	-

Transistor Output Management Availability

The information below refers to M200 Logic Controllers (TM200 U and	
TM200•••T) with transistor outputs:	

Function		Alarm Output		PTO1 Pulse + Direction	PTO0 CW/	PLS	PWM	FREQGEN	HSC
					ccw				
	Q0	х	PTO0 output0	PTO1 output1	PTO0 output0	PLS0	PWM0	FREQGEN0	-
Fast	Q1	х	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output0	PTO0 output1	PLS1	PWM1	FREQGEN1	-
Output ¹	Q2	х	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	_	_	-	_	-
	Q3	х	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	_	-	-	_	-
Regular Output	Q4	x	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	-	_	-	HSC0 reflex output0
	Q5	X	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	HSC0 reflex output1
	Q6	X	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	HSC1 reflex output0
	Q7	X	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	_	_	_	-	HSC1 reflex output1
	Q8	_	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	_	_	-

Function		Alarm Output	PTO0 Pulse + Direction	PTO1 Pulse + Direction	РТО0 СW/	PLS	PWM	FREQGEN	HSC
					ccw				
	Q9	_	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	-
	Q10	-	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	-	-	_	-
	Q11	_	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	-
	Q12	_	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	-
	Q13	_	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	-
	Q14	_	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	_	-	_	-
	Q15	-	PTO0 output1	PTO1 output1	-	-	-	_	-

Fallback Modes (Behavior for Outputs in Stop)

When the controller enters the STOPPED or one of the exception states for any reason, the local (embedded and expansion) outputs are set to **Default Value** defined in the application.

In case of PTO outputs, the fallback values are forced to 0 logic (0 Vdc) and these values cannot be modified.

Short-Circuit or Over-Current on Outputs for TM100C••RN and TM200C•••R

For TM100C••RN and TM200C•••R, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, the following **relay outputs** are considered:

- Q0...Q6 for TM100C16RN and TM200C16R
- Q0...Q9 for TM100C24RN and TM200C•24R
- Q0...Q11 for TM100C32RN and TM200C•32R
- Q0...Q15 for TM100C40RN and TM200C•40R
- Q0...Q23 for TM200C•60R

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuits of relay outputs:

lf	Then
you have a short-circuit at 0 V or 24 V	no action is taken and no error is detected.

Short-Circuit or Over-Current on Outputs for TM200C•••U

For TM200C••••U, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, the following **transistor sink outputs** are considered:

• Q0...Q6 for TM200C•16U

For TM200C•16U, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q6): Three transistor sink outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have a short-circuit at 24 V on group 1 or 2	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs set to 0) and the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 126.
you have a short-circuit at 0 V on group 1 or 2	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible

• Q0...Q9 for TM200C•24U

For TM200C•24U, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q7): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 3 (Q8...Q9): Two transistor sink outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have a short-circuit at 24 V on group 1, 2, or 3	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs set to 0) and the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 126.
you have a short-circuit at 0 V on group 1, 2, or 3	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible

• Q0...Q11 for TM200C•32U

For TM200C•32U, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q7): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 3 (Q8...Q11): Two transistor sink outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have a short-circuit at 24 V on group 1, 2, or 3	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs set to 0) and the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 126.
you have a short-circuit at 0 V on group 1, 2, or 3	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible

Q0...Q15 for TM200C•40U

For TM200C•40U, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q7): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 3 (Q8...Q11): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 4 (Q12...Q15): Four transistor sink outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have short-circuit at 24 V on group 1, 2, 3, or 4	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs set to 0) and the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 127
you have short-circuit at 0 V on group 1, 2, 3, or 4	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible

NOTE: For all logic controller references, the system word %SW139 provides the short-circuit diagnostic for the outputs.

Short-Circuit or Over-Current on Outputs for TM200C•••T

For TM200C•••T, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, the following **transistor source outputs** are considered:

• Q0...Q6 for TM200C•16T

For TM200C•16T, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor source outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q6): Three transistor source outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have short-circuit at 0 V on group 1 or 2	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs to 0) and then the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 127.
you have short-circuit at 24 V on group 1 or 2	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible.

For TM200C•24T, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor source outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q7): Four transistor source outputs
- Group 3 (Q8...Q9): Two transistor source outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have short-circuit at 0 V on group 1, 2, or 3	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs to 0) and then the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 128.
you have short-circuit at 24 V on group 1, 2, or 3	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible.

• Q0...Q11 for TM200C•32T

For TM200C•32T, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q7): Four transistor sink outputs
- Group 3 (Q8...Q11): Four transistor sink outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

If	Then
you have short-circuit at 0 V on group 1, 2, or 3	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs to 0) and then the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 128.
you have short-circuit at 24 V on group 1, 2, or 3	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible.

For TM200C•40T, in the case of short-circuit or over-current in outputs, there are different considerations for the following groups of outputs:

- Group 1 (Q0...Q3): Four transistor source outputs
- Group 2 (Q4...Q7): Four transistor source outputs
- Group 3 (Q8...Q11): Four transistor source outputs
- Group 4 (Q12...Q15): Four transistor source outputs

The following table describes the actions taken on short-circuit detection:

lf	Then
you have short-circuit at 0 V on group 1, 2, 3, or 4	the impacted group automatically goes into over-current protection mode (all outputs to 0) and then the group is re-armed every 1 second to test the connection state. For more information, refer to regular outputs wiring diagram, page 128.
you have short-circuit at 24 V on group 1, 2, 3, or 4	no action is taken; however, no damage to the equipment is possible.

NOTE: For all logic controller references, the system word %SW139 provides the short-circuit diagnostic for the outputs.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED MACHINE START-UP

Inhibit the automatic rearming of outputs if this feature is an undesirable behavior for your machine or process.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Run/Stop

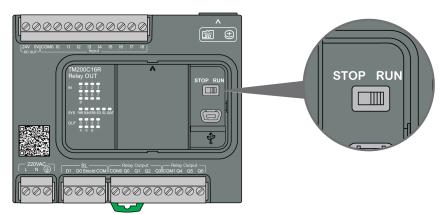
Run/Stop

The M100/M200 Logic Controller can be operated externally by the following:

- a hardware Run/Stop switch
- a Run/Stop, page 66 operation by a dedicated digital input, defined in the software configuration

• an EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software command.

For more information, refer to Configuring Digital Inputs (see Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).



The interaction of the 2 external operators on the controller state behavior is summarized in the table below:

		Embedded Run/Stop hardware switch		
		Switch on Stop	Stop to Run transition	Switch on Run
Software configurable Run/Stop digital input	None	STOP Ignores external Run/Stop commands.	Commands a transition to RUN state ¹ .	Allows external Run/Stop commands.
	State 0	STOP Ignores external Run/Stop commands.	STOP Ignores external Run/Stop commands.	STOP Ignores external Run/Stop commands.
	Rising edge	STOP Ignores external Run/Stop commands.	Commands a transition to RUN state ¹ .	Commands a transition to RUN state.
	State 1	STOP Ignores external Run/Stop commands.	Commands a transition to RUN state ¹ .	Allows external Run/Stop commands.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED MACHINE OR PROCESS START-UP

- Verify the state of security of your machine or process environment before applying power to the Run/Stop input or engaging the Run/Stop switch.
- Use the Run/Stop input to help prevent the unintentional start-up from a remote location, or from accidentally engaging the Run/Stop switch.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Micro SD Card

Overview

Access to the micro SD card is only possible when the M100/M200 Logic Controller is in the STOP state. This means:

• If an SD card is inserted when the controller is in the RUN state, no operation is performed and the **SD** LED is not On or flashing.

- If the logic controller is stopped while an SD card is inserted, SD card access starts automatically.
- If an SD card operation is in progress when the logic controller starts, the logic controller does not run until the operation is complete.
- If using a post configuration file (Machine.cfg), the parameter SL1.HW must be set to 1 to use post configuration for serial line 1, as the embedded serial line 1 only supports RS485. All other values are invalid and could cause post configuration to not be applied.

When handling the micro SD card, follow the instructions below to help prevent internal data on the micro SD card from being corrupted or lost or a micro SD card malfunction from occurring:

NOTICE

LOSS OF APPLICATION DATA

- Do not store the micro SD card where there is static electricity or probable electromagnetic fields.
- Do not store the micro SD card in direct sunlight, near a heater, or other locations where high temperatures can occur.
- Do not bend the micro SD card.
- Do not drop or strike the micro SD card against another object.
- Keep the micro SD card dry.
- Do not touch the micro SD card connectors.
- Do not disassemble or modify the micro SD card.
- Use only micro SD card formatted using FAT or FAT32.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

The M100/M200 Logic Controller does not recognize NTFS formatted micro SD cards. Format the micro SD card on your computer using FAT or FAT32.

When using the M100/M200 Logic Controller and a micro SD card, observe the following to avoid losing valuable data:

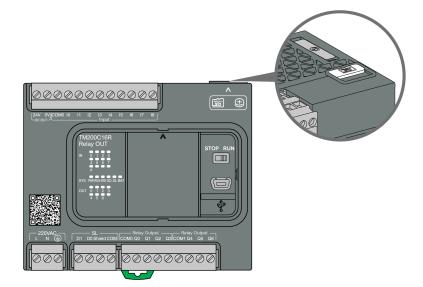
- Accidental data loss can occur at any time. Once data is lost it cannot be recovered.
- If you forcibly extract the micro SD card, data on the micro SD card may become corrupted.
- Removing a micro SD card that is being accessed could damage the micro SD card, or corrupt its data.
- If the micro SD card is not positioned correctly when inserted into the controller, the data on the card and the controller could become damaged.

NOTICE

LOSS OF APPLICATION DATA

- Backup micro SD card data regularly.
- Do not remove power or reset the controller, and do not insert or remove the micro SD card while it is being accessed.
- Become familiar with the proper orientation of the micro SD card when inserting it into the controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.



To install or replace the micro SD card, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Slide the cover to show the micro SD card slot.
2	Insert the micro SD card into the micro SD card slot.
3	Press the micro SD card until it clicks.
	Click
4	Slide the cover back to the original position.

Micro SD Card Slot Characteristics

Торіс	Characteristics	Description
Supported type	Standard Capacity	Micro SD
	High Capacity	Micro SDHC
Global memory	Size	Maximum 32 GB
Speed	Classes	410
Memory organization	Application backup size	64 MB
	Data storage size	1.93 GB
Robustness	Temperature operating range	–25+85 °C (–13+185 °F)
	Write/erase cycles (typical)	See the characteristics provided by your Micro SD card provider
	File retention time	for the value.

Micro SD Card Characteristics

For commercially available cards, please consult your local sales representative.

M200 Logic Controller Real Time Clock (RTC)

Overview

Before using the RTC function, verify that your logic controller is equipped with a battery (TMARBAT1).

NOTE: The battery is not delivered with the M200 Logic Controller (see the *Delivery Content*, page 15). You must order the battery separately and then follow the procedure of *Installing the Battery*, page 80 to install the battery in the controller before using the RTC function.

The M200 Logic Controller includes an RTC to provide system date and time information, and to support related functions requiring a real-time clock.

This table shows how RTC drift is managed:

RTC characteristics	Description
RTC drift	Less than 90 seconds per month at 25 °C (77 °F)

Battery

In the event of a power interruption, a backup battery maintains the RTC for the controller. A battery LED on the front panel of the controller indicates if the battery is depleted or absent.

Characteristics	Description
Use	In the event of a transient power outage, the battery powers the RTC.
Backup life	At least 3 years at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ maximum (77 $^\circ\text{F}).$ At higher temperatures, the time is reduced.
Battery monitoring	Yes
Replaceable	Yes

Characteristics	Description	
Battery life	5 years at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ maximum (77 $^\circ\text{F}$). At higher temperatures, the time is reduced.	
Controller battery type	Lithium carbon monofluoride, type Panasonic BR2032	

Installing and Replacing the Battery

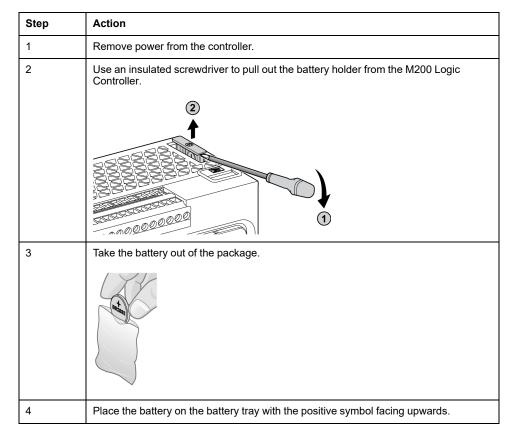
While lithium batteries are preferred due to their slow discharge and long life, they can present hazards to personnel, equipment and the environment and must be handled properly.

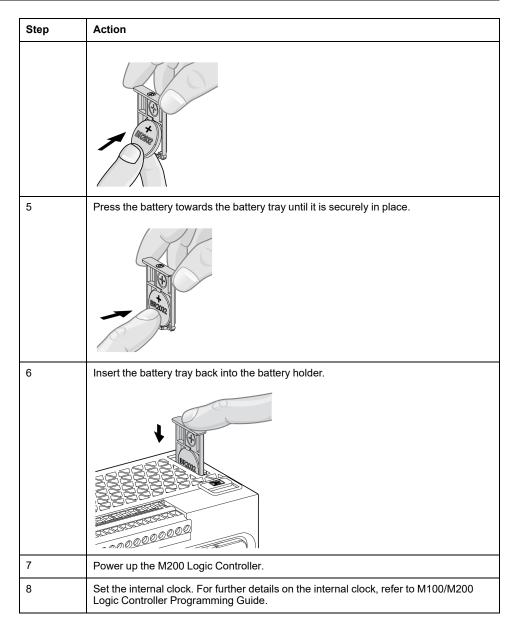
EXPLOSION, FIRE, OR CHEMICAL BURNS

- Replace with identical battery type.
- Follow all the instructions of the battery manufacturer.
- · Remove all replaceable batteries before discarding unit.
- Recycle or properly dispose of used batteries.
- · Protect battery from any potential short-circuit.
- Do not recharge, disassemble, heat above 85 °C (185 °F), or incinerate.
- Use your hands or insulated tools to remove or replace the battery.
- Maintain proper polarity when inserting and connecting a new battery.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

To install or replace the battery, follow these steps:





NOTE: Replacement of the battery in the controllers other than with the type specified in this documentation may present a risk of fire or explosion.

AWARNING

IMPROPER BATTERY CAN PROVOKE FIRE OR EXPLOSION

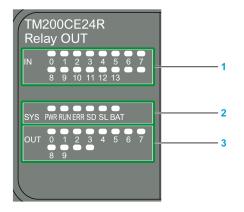
Replace battery only with identical Schneider Electric reference TMARBAT1 battery.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Status LEDs

Description

The number of status LEDs depends on the controller reference. The following figure shows the status LEDs:



1 IN: Input status LEDs

2 SYS: System status LEDs

3 OUT: Output status LEDs

The **IN** and/or **OUT** status LEDs are ON (Green color) if the inputs and/or outputs are active/high that is when the digital inputs/outputs are set to 1.

The following table describes the system status LEDs:

Label	Function Type	Color	Status	Description			
				Controller States	Programming Port Communication	Application Execution	
PWR	Power	Green	On	Indicates that power is applied.			
			Off	Indicates that power is removed.			
RUN	Machine Status Gre		On	Indicates that the	Indicates that the controller is running a valid application.		
			Flashing	Indicates that the controller has a valid application that is stopped.			
			Off	Indicates that the controller is not programmed			
ERR	ERR Error	Red	On*	EXCEPTION	Restricted	NO	
			Flashing (with RUN status LED Off)	INTERNAL ERROR	Restricted	NO	
			Slow flash	Minor error detected	Yes	Depends on the RUN status LED	
			1 single flash	No application	Yes	Yes	
SD			On	Indicates that the	Indicates that the SD card is being accessed		
	Access, page 76		Flashing	Indicates that an	Indicates that an error was detected during the SD card operation.		
			Off	Indicates no access (idle) or no card is present.		t.	
BAT	BAT Battery (only for M200), page 79	Red	On	Indicates that the battery needs to be replaced.		l.	
			Flashing	Indicates that the	Indicates that the battery charge is low.		
			Off	Indicates that the	battery is OK.		

Label	Function Type	Color	Status	Description	Description		
				Controller States	Programming Port Communication	Application Execution	
SL Serial line 1, page		line 1, page Green	On	Indicates the sta	Indicates the status of Serial line 1		
	132	Flashing	Flashing	Indicates activity on Serial line 1			
			Off	Indicates no seri	Indicates no serial communication		

Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller Installation and Wiring

What's in This Chapter

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M100/M200 Logic Controller Wiring	
TMCR2••• Cartridges Wiring	
TM3R Expansion Modules Wiring	
This C Expansion modules Willing	

M100/M200 Logic Controller Electrical Requirements

Installation and Maintenance Requirements

Before Starting

Read and understand this chapter before beginning the installation of your system.

The use and application of the information contained herein require expertise in the design and programming of automated control systems. Only you, the user, machine builder or integrator, can be aware of all the conditions and factors present during installation and setup, operation, and maintenance of the machine or process, and can therefore determine the automation and associated equipment and the related safeties and interlocks which can be effectively and properly used. When selecting automation and control equipment, and any other related equipment or software, for a particular application, you must also consider any applicable local, regional or national standards and/or regulations.

Pay particular attention in conforming to any safety information, different electrical requirements, and normative standards that would apply to your machine or process in the use of this equipment.

Disconnecting Power

All options and modules should be assembled and installed before installing the control system on a mounting rail, onto a mounting plate or in a panel. Remove the control system from its mounting rail, mounting plate or panel before disassembling the equipment.

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Programming Considerations

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Operating Environment

POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION

- Only use this equipment in non-hazardous locations, or in locations that comply with Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D.
- Do not substitute components which would impair compliance to Class I, Division 2.
- Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the location is known to be non-hazardous.
- Do not use the USB port(s), if so equipped, unless the location is known to be non-hazardous.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Install and operate this equipment according to the conditions described in the Environmental Characteristics.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Installation Considerations

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use appropriate safety interlocks where personnel and/or equipment hazards exist.
- Install and operate this equipment in an enclosure appropriately rated for its intended environment and secured by a keyed or tooled locking mechanism.
- Use the sensor and actuator power supplies only for supplying power to the sensors or actuators connected to the module.
- Power line and output circuits must be wired and fused in compliance with local and national regulatory requirements for the rated current and voltage of the particular equipment.
- Do not use this equipment in safety-critical machine functions unless the equipment is otherwise designated as functional safety equipment and conforming to applicable regulations and standards.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify this equipment.
- Do not connect any wiring to reserved, unused connections, or to connections designated as No Connection (N.C.).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

NOTE: JDYX2 or JDYX8 fuse types are UL-recognized and CSA approved.

Mounting Positions and Clearances

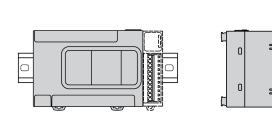
Introduction

This section describes the mounting positions for the M100/M200 Logic Controller

NOTE: Keep adequate spacing for proper ventilation and to maintain the operating temperature specified in the Environmental Characteristics, page 63.

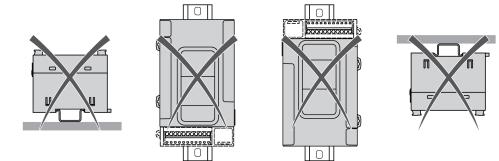
Correct Mounting Position

Whenever possible, the M100/M200 Logic Controller should be mounted horizontally on a vertical plane as shown in the figure below:



Incorrect Mounting Position

The M100/M200 Logic Controller should only be positioned as shown in the figure, Correct Mounting Position, page 86. The figures below show the incorrect mounting positions.



Minimum Clearances

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Place devices dissipating the most heat at the top of the cabinet and ensure adequate ventilation.
- Avoid placing this equipment next to or above devices that might cause overheating.
- Install the equipment in a location providing the minimum clearances from all adjacent structures and equipment as directed in this document.
- Install all equipment in accordance with the specifications in the related documentation.

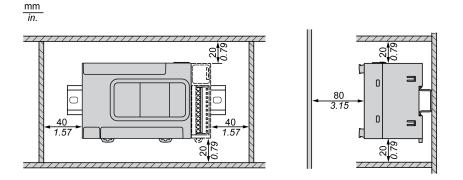
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The M100/M200 Logic Controller has been designed as an IP20 product and must be installed in an enclosure. Clearances must be respected when installing the product.

There are 3 types of clearances between:

- The M100/M200 Logic Controller and all sides of the cabinet (including the panel door).
- The M100/M200 Logic Controller terminal blocks and the wiring ducts. This distance reduces electromagnetic interference between the controller and the wiring ducts.
- The M100/M200 Logic Controller and other heat generating devices installed in the same cabinet.

The following figure shows the minimum clearances that apply to all M100/M200 Logic Controller references:



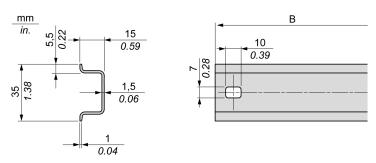
Top Hat Section Rail (DIN rail)

Dimensions of Top Hat Section Rail DIN Rail

You can mount the controller or receiver and its expansions on a 35 mm (1.38 in.) top hat section rail (DIN rail). It can be attached to a smooth mounting surface or suspended from a EIA rack or mounted in a NEMA cabinet.

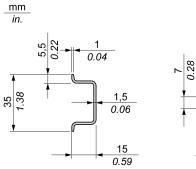
Symmetric Top Hat Section Rails (DIN Rail)

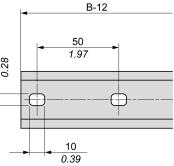
The following illustration and table show the references of the top hat section rails (DIN rail) for the wall-mounting range:



Reference	Туре	Rail Length (B)
NSYSDR50A	А	450 mm (17.71 in.)
NSYSDR60A	А	550 mm (21.65 in.)
NSYSDR80A	А	750 mm (29.52 in.)
NSYSDR100A	А	950 mm (37.40 in.)

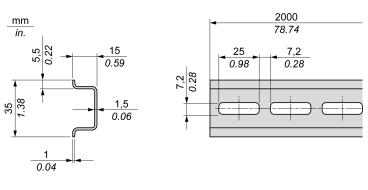
The following illustration and table show the references of the symmetric top hat section rails (DIN rail) for the metal enclosure range:





Reference	Туре	Rail Length (B-12 mm)
NSYSDR60	А	588 mm (23.15 in.)
NSYSDR80	А	788 mm (31.02 in.)
NSYSDR100	А	988 mm (38.89 in.)
NSYSDR120	A	1188 mm (46.77 in.)

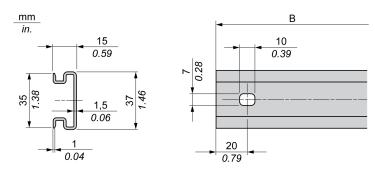
The following illustration and table shows the references of the symmetric top hat section rails (DIN rail) of 2000 mm (78.74 in.):



Reference	Туре	Rail Length
NSYSDR2001	А	2000 mm (78.74 in.)
NSYSDR200D ²	А	
1 Unperforated galvanized steel		
2 Perforated galvanized steel		

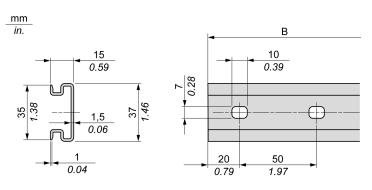
Double-Profile Top Hat Section Rails (DIN rail)

The following illustration and table show the references of the double-profile top hat section rails (DIN rails) for the wall-mounting range:



Reference	Туре	Rail Length (B)
NSYDPR25	W	250 mm (9.84 in.)
NSYDPR35	W	350 mm (13.77 in.)
NSYDPR45	W	450 mm (17.71 in.)
NSYDPR55	W	550 mm (21.65 in.)
NSYDPR65	W	650 mm (25.60 in.)
NSYDPR75	W	750 mm (29.52 in.)

The following illustration and table show the references of the double-profile top hat section rails (DIN rail) for the floor-standing range:



Reference	Туре	Rail Length (B)
NSYDPR60	F	588 mm (23.15 in.)
NSYDPR80	F	788 mm (31.02 in.)
NSYDPR100	F	988 mm (38.89 in.)
NSYDPR120	F	1188 mm (46.77 in.)

Installing and Removing the Controller with Expansions

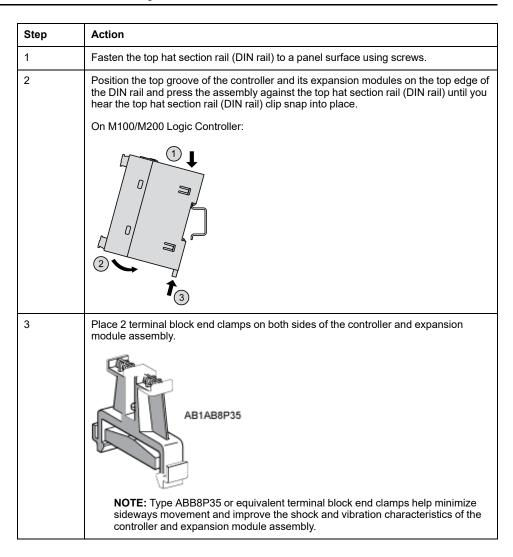
Overview

This section describes how to install and remove the controller with its expansion modules from a top hat section rail (DIN rail).

To assemble expansion modules to a controller or receiver module, or to other modules, refer to the respective expansion modules hardware guide(s).

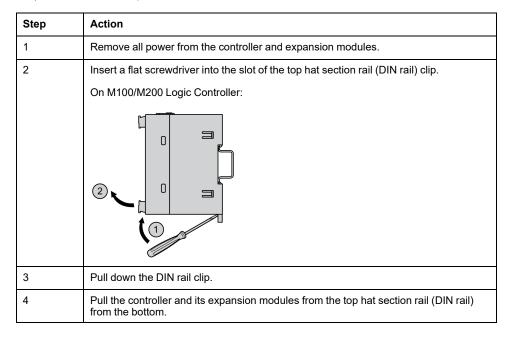
Installing a Controller with its Expansions on a DIN Rail

To install a controller with its expansion modules on a top hat section rail (DIN rail), follow these steps:



Removing a Controller with its Expansions from a Top Hat Section Rail (DIN Rail)

To remove a controller with its expansion modules from a top hat section rail (DIN rail), follow these steps:



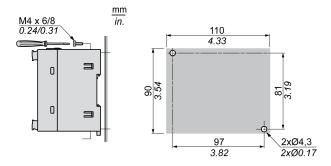
Direct Mounting on a Panel Surface

Overview

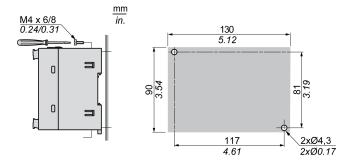
This section shows how to mount the M100/M200 Logic Controller on a panel surface and provides layout of the mounting hole for all modules.

Mounting Hole Layout

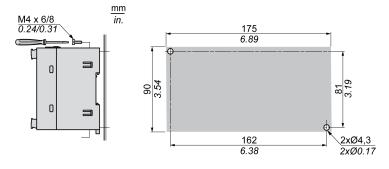
The following diagram shows the mounting hole layout for M100/M200 Logic Controller with 16 I/O channels:



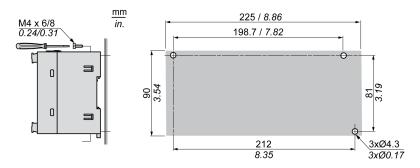
The following diagram shows the mounting hole layout for M100/M200 Logic Controller with 24 I/O channels:



The following diagram shows the mounting hole layout for M100/M200 Logic Controller with 32 and 40 I/O channels:



The following diagram shows the mounting hole layout for M100/M200 Logic Controller with 60 I/O channels:



TMCR2••• Installation

Installation Considerations

The TMCR2••• cartridge is designed to operate within the same temperature range as the controllers, including the controller derating for extended temperature operation, and temperature restrictions associated with the mounting positions. Refer to the controller mounting position and clearance, page 86 for more information.

Installation

A A DANGER

ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Use protective gloves when installing or removing the cartridges.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

NOTICE

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE

- Verify that empty cartridge slots have their covers in place before applying power to the controller.
- Do not touch the contacts of the cartridge.
- Only handle the cartridge on the housing.
- Take the necessary protective measures against electrostatic discharges.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

To install a TMCR2 ··· cartridge on the controller, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Disconnect all power from all equipment prior to removing any covers or installing a cartridge.
2	Remove the cartridge from the packaging.
3	Press the locking clip on the top of the cartridge cover with an insulated screwdriver and pull up the cover gently.
4	Remove by hand the cartridge slot cover from the controller.
	NOTE: Keep the cover to reuse it for the de-installation.
5	Place the cartridge in the slot on the controller.
6	Push the cartridge into the slot until it clicks.
	Click!

De-installation

A A DANGER

ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- · Use protective gloves when installing or removing the cartridges.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

NOTICE

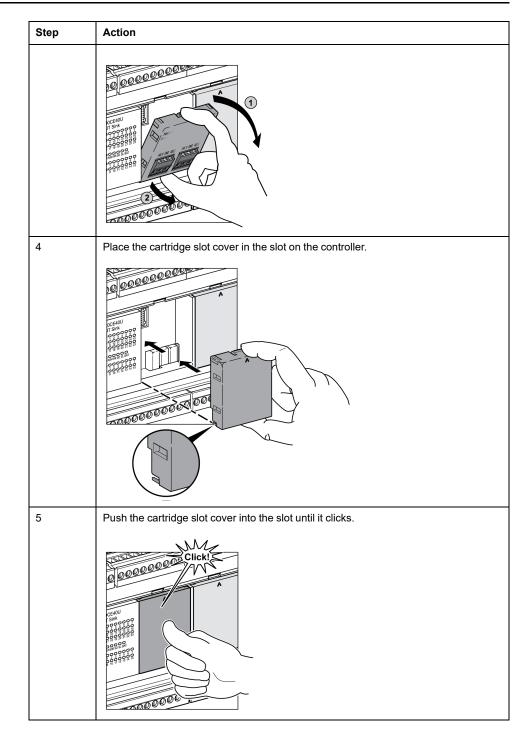
ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE

- Verify that empty cartridge slots have their covers in place before applying power to the controller.
- Do not touch the contacts of the cartridge.
- Only handle the cartridge on the housing.
- Take the necessary protective measures against electrostatic discharges.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

To de-install a TMCR2 ··· cartridge from the controller, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Disconnect all power from all equipment, including connected devices, prior to removing a cartridge.
2	Press the locking clip on the top of the cartridge with an insulated screwdriver and pull up the cartridge gently.
3	Remove by hand the cartridge from the controller.



Assembling an Expansion Module to a Controller

Introduction

This section describes how to assemble an expansion module to a controller or other modules.

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

After connecting new modules to the controller, update and redownload your application program before placing the system back in service. If you do not revise your application program to reflect the addition of new modules, I/O located on the expansion bus may no longer operate normally.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Assembling a Module to a Controller

To assemble a controller and a module together, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Remove all power and dismount any existing controller I/O assembly from its DIN mounting.
2	Remove the expansion connector sticker from the controller or the outermost installed expansion module.
3	Verify that the locking device on the new module is in the upper position.
4	Align the internal bus connector on the left side of the module with the internal bus connector on the right side of the controller or expansion module.
5	Press the new module towards the controller or expansion module until it is securely in place.
6	Push down the locking device on the top of the new module to lock it to the controller or previously installed expansion module.

Disassembling an Expansion Module from a Controller

Introduction

This section describes how to disassemble an expansion module from a controller.

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Disassembling a Module from a Controller

To disassemble a module from a controller, follow these steps:

Step	Action
1	Remove all power from the control system.
2	Dismount the assembled controller and modules from the mounting rail.
3	Push up the locking device from the bottom of the module to disengage it from the controller.
4	Pull apart module from the controller.

Wiring Best Practices

Overview

This section describes the wiring guidelines and associated best practices to be respected when using the M100/M200 Logic Controller system.

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and overtravel stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.¹
- Each implementation of this equipment must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹ For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

Wiring Guidelines

The following rules must be applied when wiring a M100/M200 Logic Controller system:

- I/O and communication wiring must be kept separate from the power wiring. Route these 2 types of wiring in separate cable ducting.
- Verify that the operating conditions and environment are within the specification values.
- Use proper wire sizes to meet voltage and current requirements.
- Use copper conductors (required).
- Use twisted pair, shielded cables for analog, and/or fast I/O.
- Use twisted pair, shielded cables for networks, and fieldbus.

Use shielded, properly grounded cables for all analog and high-speed inputs or outputs and communication connections. If you do not use shielded cable for these connections, electromagnetic interference can cause signal degradation. Degraded signals can cause the controller or attached modules and equipment to perform in an unintended manner.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all analog I/O, fast I/O and communication signals at a single point¹.
- · Route communication and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹Multipoint grounding is permissible if connections are made to an equipotential ground plane dimensioned to help avoid cable shield damage in the event of power system short-circuit currents.

For more details, refer to the topic Grounding the M100/M200 System, page 102.

NOTE: Surface temperatures may exceed 60 °C (140 °F). To conform to IEC 61010 standards, route primary wiring (wires connected to power mains) separately and apart from secondary wiring (extra low voltage wiring coming from intervening power sources). If that is not possible, double insulation is required such as conduit or cable gains.

Rules for Screw Terminal Block

The following tables show the cable types and wire sizes for a **3.81 pitch** removable screw terminal block (I/Os and power supply):

mm 9 in. 0.35►				₿				
mm²	0.141.5	0.141.5	0.251.5	0.250.5	2 x 0.140.5	2 x 0.140.75	2 x 0.250.34	2 x 0.5
AWG	2516	2516	2316	2320	2 x 2520	2 x 2519	2 x 2422	2 x 20
				N•m	0.220.25			
Ø 2,5 mm (0	0.1 in.)	L.C.C.C.	سر	lb-in	1.952.21			

The following tables show the cable types and wire sizes for a **5.08 pitch** screw terminal block (I/Os and power supply):

mm 7 0.28 ↓ ↓		∏ ∏		Å				
mm²	0.22.5	0.22.5	0.252.5	0.252.5	2 x 0.21	2 x 0.21.5	2 x 0.251	2 x 0.51.5
AWG	2414	2414	2314	2314	2 x 2418	2 x 2416	2 x 2218	2 x 2016

	N•m	0.50.6
Ø 3,5 mm (0.14 in.)	lb-in	4.425.31

The use of copper conductors is required.

LOOSE WIRING CAUSES ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Tighten connections in conformance with the torque specifications.
- Do not insert more than one wire per connector of the terminal block unless using the cable ends (ferrules) specified above.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

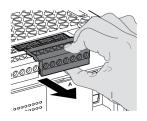
FIRE HAZARD

- Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.
- For relay output (2 A) wiring, use conductors of at least 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).
- For common conductors of relay output wiring (4 A), or relay output wiring greater than 2 A, use conductors of at least 1.0 mm² (AWG 16) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Removing the M200 I/O Terminal Block

The following figure shows the removal of the I/O terminal block from the M200 Logic Controller:



Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage

Depending on the load, a protection circuit may be needed for the outputs on the controllers and certain modules. Inductive loads using DC voltages may create voltage reflections resulting in overshoot that will damage or shorten the life of output devices.

ACAUTION

OUTPUT CIRCUIT DAMAGE DUE TO INDUCTIVE LOADS

Use an appropriate external protective circuit or device to reduce the risk of inductive direct current load damage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

If your controller or module contains relay outputs, these types of outputs can support up to 240 Vac. Inductive damage to these types of outputs can result in welded contacts and loss of control. Each inductive load must include a protection device such as a peak limiter, RC circuit or flyback diode. Capacitive loads are not supported by these relays.

RELAY OUTPUTS WELDED CLOSED

- Always protect relay outputs from inductive alternating current load damage using an appropriate external protective circuit or device.
- Do not connect relay outputs to capacitive loads.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

AC-driven contactor coils are, under certain circumstances, inductive loads that generate pronounced high-frequency interference and electrical transients when the contactor coil is de-energized. This interference may cause the logic controller to detect an I/O bus error.

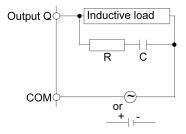
AWARNING

CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OF CONTROL

Install an RC surge suppressor or similar means, such as an interposing relay, on each TM3 expansion module relay output when connecting to AC-driven contactors or other forms of inductive loads.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

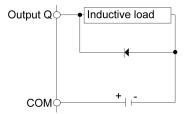
Protective circuit A: this protection circuit can be used for both AC and DC load power circuits.



C Value from 0.1 to 1 µF

R Resistor of approximately the same resistance value as the load

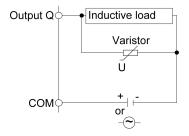
Protective circuit B: this protection circuit can be used for DC load power circuits.



Use a diode with the following ratings:

- Reverse withstand voltage: power voltage of the load circuit x 10.
- · Forward current: more than the load current.

Protective circuit C: this protection circuit can be used for both AC and DC load power circuits.



In applications where the inductive load is switched on and off frequently and/or rapidly, ensure that the continuous energy rating (J) of the varistor exceeds the peak load energy by 20 % or more.

Grounding the M100/M200 System

Overview

To help minimize the effects of electromagnetic interference, cables carrying the fast I/O, analog I/O, and field bus communication signals must be shielded.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals at a single point¹.
- Route communications and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹Multipoint grounding is permissible if connections are made to an equipotential ground plane dimensioned to help avoid cable shield damage in the event of power system short-circuit currents.

The use of shielded cables requires compliance with the following wiring rules:

- For protective ground connections (PE), metal conduit or ducting can be used for part of the shielding length, provided there is no break in the continuity of the ground connections. For functional ground (FE), the shielding is intended to attenuate electromagnetic interference and the shielding must be continuous for the length of the cable. If the purpose is both functional and protective, as is often the case for communication cables, the cable must have continuous shielding.
- Wherever possible, keep cables carrying one type of signal separate from the cables carrying other types of signals or power.

Protective Ground (PE) on the Backplane

The protective ground (PE) is connected to the conductive backplane by a heavyduty wire, usually a braided copper cable with the maximum allowable cable section.

Shielded Cables Connections

Cables carrying the fast I/O, analog I/O, and field bus communication signals must be shielded. The shielding must be securely connected to ground. The fast I/O and analog I/O shields may be connected either to the functional ground (FE) or to the protective ground (PE) of your M100/M200 Logic Controller. The field bus communication cable shields must be connected to the protective ground (PE) with a connecting clamp secured to the conductive backplane of your installation.

ACCIDENTAL DISCONNECTION FROM PROTECTIVE GROUND (PE)

- Do not use the TM2XMTGB Grounding Bar to provide a protective ground (PE).
- Use the TM2XMTGB Grounding Bar only to provide a functional ground (FE).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The shielding of the Modbus cable must be connected to the protective ground (PE).

A A DANGER

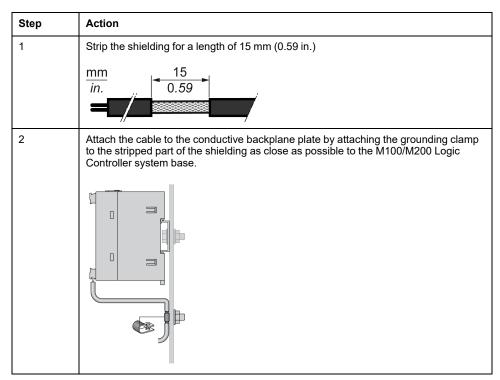
ELECTRIC SHOCK

Make sure that Modbus cables are securely connected to the protective ground (PE).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Protective Ground (PE) Cable Shielding

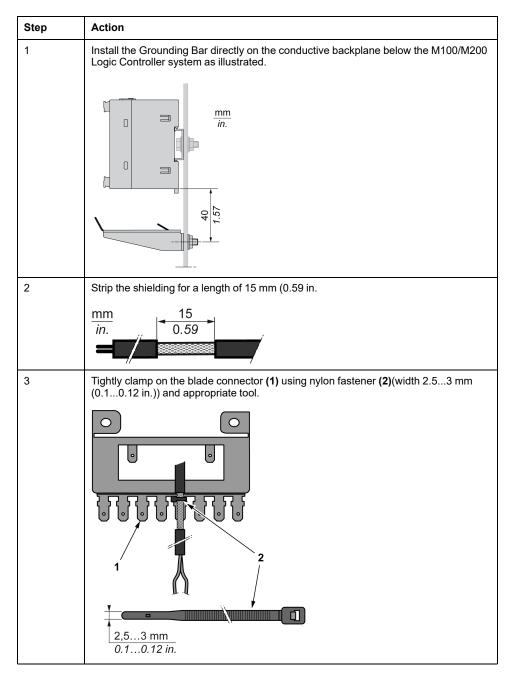
To ground the shield of a cable through a grounding clamp, follow these steps:



NOTE: The shielding must be clamped securely to the conductive backplane to ensure a good contact.

Functional Ground (FE) Cable Shielding

To connect the shield of a cable through the Grounding Bar, follow these steps:



NOTE: Use the TM2XMTGB Grounding Bar exclusively for Functional Ground (FE) connections.

DC Power Supply Characteristics and Wiring

Overview

This section provides the characteristics and the wiring diagrams of the DC power supply.

DC Power Supply Voltage Range

If the specified voltage range is not maintained, outputs may not switch as expected. Use appropriate safety interlocks and voltage monitoring circuits.

FIRE HAZARD

- Use only the correct wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.
- For relay output (2 A) wiring, use conductors of at least 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).
- For common conductors of relay output wiring (4 A), or relay output wiring greater than 2 A, use conductors of at least 1.0 mm² (AWG 16) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

DC Power Supply Requirements

The M200 Logic Controller and associated I/O (TM2, TM3, and embedded I/O) require power supplies with a nominal voltage of 24 Vdc. The 24 Vdc power supplies must be rated Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) or Protective Extra Low Voltage (PELV) according to IEC 61140. These power supplies are isolated between the electrical input and output circuits of the power supply.

POTENTIAL OF OVERHEATING AND FIRE

- · Do not connect the equipment directly to line voltage.
- Use only isolating PELV or SELV power supplies to supply power to the equipment¹.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹For compliance to UL (Underwriters Laboratories) requirements, the power supply must also be of a type Class 2 with a maximum power output availability of less than 100 VA (approximately 4 A at nominal voltage). A Class 2 circuit requires dry indoor use only in non-hazardous locations, and must be grounded. You must separate Class 2 circuits from other circuits. If a non-Class 2 power source is used, either power supply or transformer, you must impose a current limiting device such as a fuse or a circuit breaker with a maximum rating of 4 A, but never exceeding the limits indicated in the electric characteristics and wiring diagrams for this equipment. If the indicated rating of the electrical characteristics or wiring diagrams are greater than 4 A, multiple Class 2 power supplies may be used.

Controller DC Characteristics

The following table shows the DC power supply characteristics:

Characteristic	Value
Rated voltage	24 Vdc
Power supply voltage range	20.428.8 Vdc
Power interruption time	2 ms at 20.4 Vdc

Characteristic	Value	
Maximum inrush current	max. 35 A at 25 °C (77 °F), 24 Vdc, first start-up, I*t<700 mA*s	
Maximum power consumption	with 16 I/Os	15.5 W
	with 24 I/Os	16 W
	with 40 I/Os	18 W
Isolation	between DC power supply and internal logic	500 Vac / 800 Vdc
	between DC power supply and protective earth ground (PE)	500 Vdc

Power Interruption

When planning the management of the power supplied to the controller, you must consider the power interruption duration due to the fast cycle time of the controller.

There could potentially be many scans of the logic and consequential updates to the I/O image table during the power interruption, while there is no external power supplied to the inputs, the outputs or both depending on the power system architecture and power interruption circumstances.

AWARNING

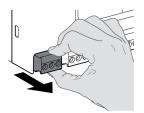
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Individually monitor each source of power used in the controller system including input power supplies, output power supplies and the power supply to the controller to allow appropriate system shutdown during power system interruptions.
- The inputs monitoring each of the power supply sources must be unfiltered inputs.

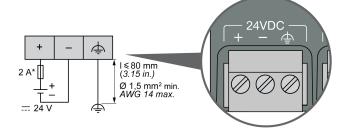
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

DC Power Supply Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows how to remove the power supply terminal block:



The following figure shows the wiring of the DC power supply:



* Type T fuse

For more information, refer to the 5.08 pitch Rules for Screw Terminal block, page 100.

AC Power Supply Characteristics and Wiring

Overview

This section provides the wiring diagrams and the characteristics of the AC power supply.

AC Power Supply Voltage Range

If the specified voltage range is not maintained, outputs may not switch as expected. Use appropriate safety interlocks and voltage monitoring circuits.

FIRE HAZARD

- Use only the correct wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.
- For relay output (2 A) wiring, use conductors of at least 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).
- For common conductors of relay output wiring (4 A), or relay output wiring greater than 2 A, use conductors of at least 1.0 mm² (AWG 16) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Controller AC Characteristics

The following table shows the AC power supply characteristics:

Characteristic		Value
Voltage	rated	100220 Vac
	limit (including ripple)	85264 Vac
Frequency		50/60 Hz
Power interruption til	me	10 ms at 85 Vac
Maximum inrush current	at 240 Vac, 25 °C (77 °F), first start-up, I*t<400 mA*s	50 A
current	at 120 Vac, 25 °C (77 °F), first start-up, I*t<160 mA*s	20 A
Maximum power consumption at 100240 Vac	with 16 I/Os	TM100C••RN: 3040 VA
100240 Vac		TM200C••••: 5163 VA
	with 24 I/Os	TM100C••RN: 3143 VA
		TM200C•••: 5264 VA
	with 32 I/Os	TM100C••RN: 3244 VA

Characteristic		Value
		TM200C•••: 5566 VA
	with 40 I/Os	TM100C••RN: 3345 VA TM200C•••: 5969 VA
	with 60 I/Os	TM200C•••: 6174 VA
Isolation	between AC power supply and internal logic	1780 Vac / 2500 Vdc
	between AC power supply and protective earth ground (PE)	1500 Vac / 2120 Vdc

Power Interruption

The duration of power interruptions where the M100/M200 Logic Controller is able to continue normal operation varies depending upon the load to the power supply of the controller, but generally a minimum of 10 ms is maintained as specified by IEC standards.

When planning the management of the power supplied to the controller, you must consider the duration due to the fast cycle time.

There could potentially be many scans of the logic and consequential updates to the I/O image table during the power interruption, while there is no external power supplied to the inputs, the outputs or both depending on the power system architecture and power interruption circumstances.

AWARNING

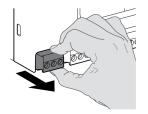
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Individually monitor each source of power used in the Modicon M100/M200 Logic Controller system including input power supplies, output power supplies and the power supply to the controller to allow appropriate system shutdown during power system interruptions.
- The inputs monitoring each of the power supply sources must be unfiltered inputs.

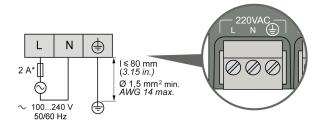
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

AC Power Supply Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows how to remove the power supply terminal block:



The following figure shows the wiring of the AC power supply:



* Use an external, slow-blow, type T fuse.

24VDC Sensor Power Supply Characteristics and Wiring

Overview

This section provides the characteristics and the wiring diagrams of the 24VDC sensor power supply.

24VDC Sensor Power Supply Characteristics

TM200...R/TM100...RN 220VAC references provide isolated 24VDC sensor Power supply.

24VDC sensor power supply parameters	TM200•••16R TM200•••24R	TM200•••32R TM200•••40R TM200•••60R	TM100RN
Voltage Range (V)	21.6-26.4	21.6-26.4	21-28.8
Typical Load (A)	0.25	0.3	0.4

Wiring Diagram

Refer to Digital Inputs Wiring Diagrams, page 110 for the wiring.

M100/M200 Logic Controller Wiring

Digital Inputs Wiring Diagrams

Overview

For detailed information on the digital inputs, refer to *Digital Inputs Characteristics*, page 19 and *Input Management*, page 65.



FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.

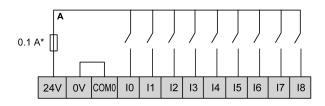
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM100C16RN / TM200C16R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

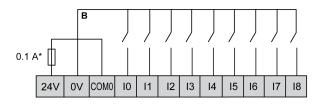
A Sink wiring (positive logic)

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...8

TM100C16RN / TM200C16R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

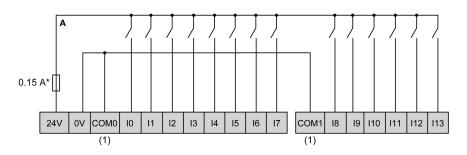
B Source wiring (negative logic)

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...8

TM100C24RN / TM200C24R / TM200CE24R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic)

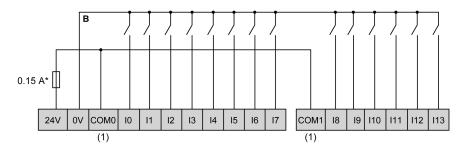
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM100C24RN / TM200C24R / TM200CE24R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

B Source wiring (negative logic)

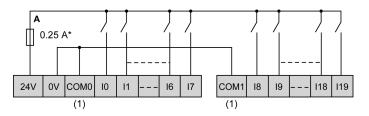
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM100C32RN / TM200C32R / TM200CE32R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic)

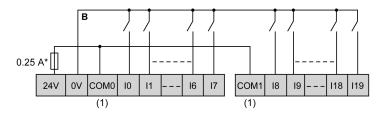
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM100C32RN / TM200C32R / TM200CE32R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

B Source wiring (negative logic)

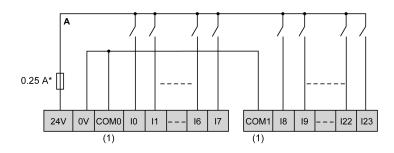
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM100C40RN / TM200C40R / TM200CE40R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic)

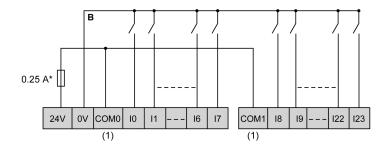
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are **not** connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM100C40RN / TM200C40R / TM200CE40R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

B Source wiring (negative logic)

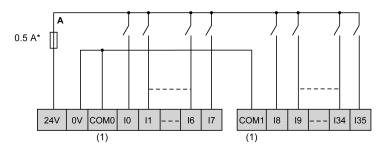
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM200C60R / TM200CE60R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic)

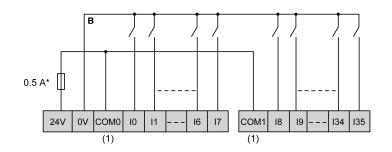
(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7

TM200C60R / TM200CE60R Inputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

B Source wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



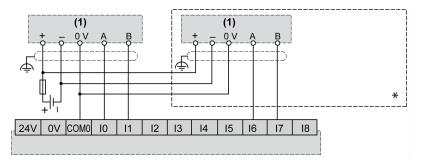
Ix where x=0...7

TM100C••RN / TM200C•••R Encoder Examples Wiring Diagram

The following figures show four wiring examples for TM100C••RN and TM200C•••R:

- dual-phase encoder without index
- dual-phase encoder with a limit switch and no index
- dual-phase encoder with index
- · dual-phase encoder with index and PNP sensor

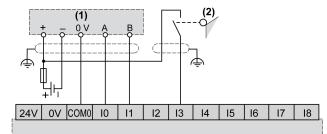
TM100C••RN / TM200C•••R with a dual-phase encoder without index:



(1) Dual phase encoder without index

(*) Only with TM200C ···· R

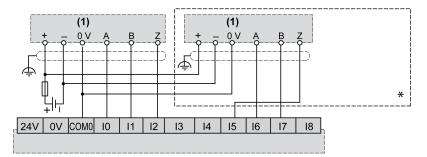
TM100C••RN / TM200C•••R with a dual-phase encoder with a limit switch and no index:



(1) Dual phase encoder without index

(2) Limit switch

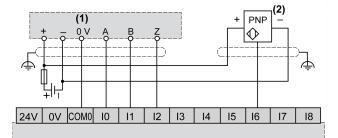
TM100C••RN / TM200C•••R with a dual-phase encoder with index:



(1) Dual phase encoder with index

(*) Only with TM200C ···· R

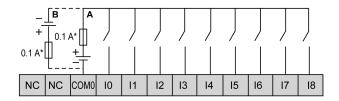
TM100C••RN / TM200C•••R with a dual-phase encoder with index and PNP sensor:



(1) Dual phase encoder with index

(2) PNP sensor

TM200C16U / TM200C16T Inputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

- A Sink wiring (positive logic)
- B Source wiring (negative logic)

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



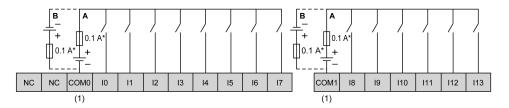
Ix where x=0...8

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM200C24U / TM200CE24U / TM200C24T / TM200CE24T Inputs Wiring Diagrams



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic)

B Source wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



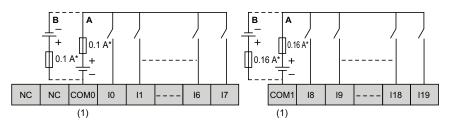
Ix where x=0...7

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM200C32U / TM200C32T Inputs Wiring Diagrams



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic).

B Source wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



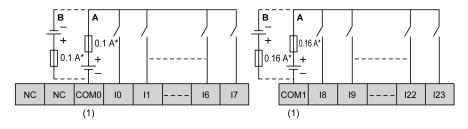
Ix where x=0...7

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM200C40U / TM200CE40U / TM200C40T / TM200CE40T Inputs Wiring Diagrams



* Type T fuse

A Sink wiring (positive logic).

B Source wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast inputs:



Ix where x=0...7



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

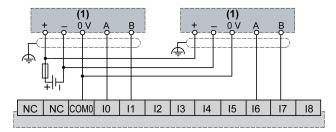
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM200C•••U / TM200C•••T Encoder Examples Wiring Diagrams

The following figures show four wiring examples for TM200C•••U, and TM200C•••T:

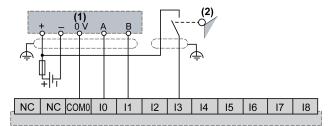
- · dual-phase encoder without index
- · dual-phase encoder with a limit switch and no index
- dual-phase encoder with index
- · dual-phase encoder with index and PNP sensor

TM200C•••U / TM200C•••T with a dual-phase encoder without index:



(1) Dual phase encoder without index

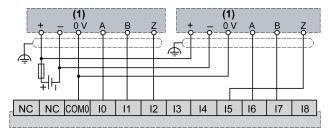
TM200C•••U / TM200C•••T with a dual-phase encoder with a limit switch and no index:



(1) Dual phase encoder without index

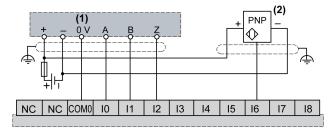
(2) Limit switch

TM200C•••U / TM200C•••T with a dual-phase encoder with index:



(1) Dual phase encoder with index

 $\mathsf{TM200C}{\scriptstyle\bullet\bullet\bullet}\mathsf{U}$ / $\mathsf{TM200C}{\scriptstyle\bullet\bullet\bullet}\mathsf{T}$ with a dual-phase encoder with index and PNP sensor:



(1) Dual phase encoder with index

(2) PNP sensor

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Relay Outputs Wiring Diagrams

Overview

For detailed information on the relay outputs, refer to *Relay Outputs Characteristics*, page 22 and *Output Management*, page 69.

ADANGER

FIRE HAZARD

- Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and power supplies.
- For relay output (2 A) wiring, use conductors of at least 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).
- For common conductors of relay output wiring (4 A), or relay output wiring greater than 2 A, use conductors of at least 1.0 mm² (AWG 16) with a temperature rating of at least 80 °C (176 °F).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

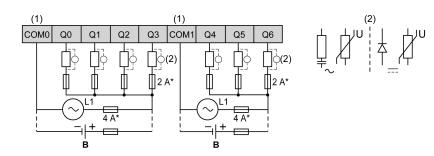
AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM100C16RN / TM200C16R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

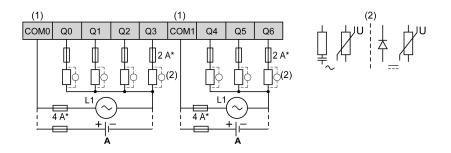
B Sink wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C16RN / TM200C16R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

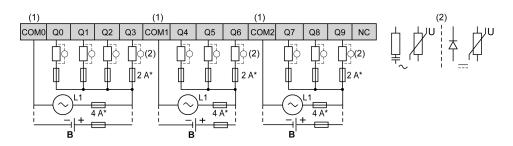
A Source wiring (positive logic)

(1) The COM0 and COM1 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C24RN / TM200C24R / TM200CE24R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

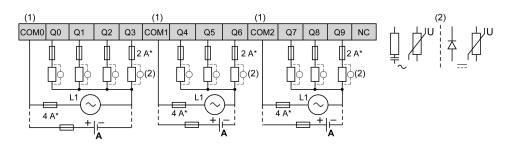
B Sink wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, and COM2 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C24RN / TM200C24R / TM200CE24R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

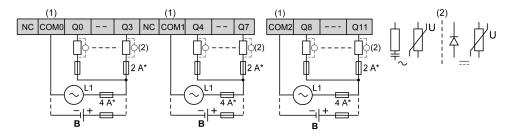
A Source wiring (positive logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, and COM2 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C32RN / TM200C32R / TM200CE32R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

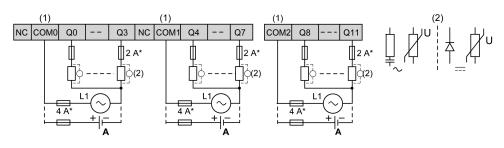
B Sink wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, and COM2 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C32RN / TM200C32R / TM200CE32R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

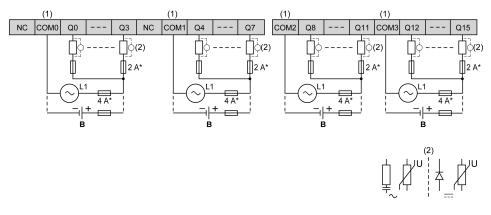
A Source wiring (positive logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, and COM2 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C40RN / TM200C40R / TM200CE40R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

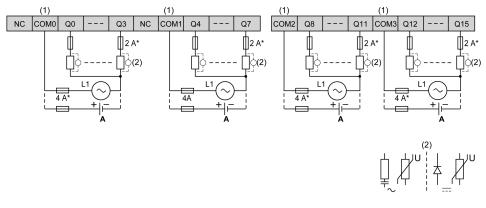
B Sink wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, COM2, and COM3 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM100C40RN / TM200C40R / TM200CE40R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

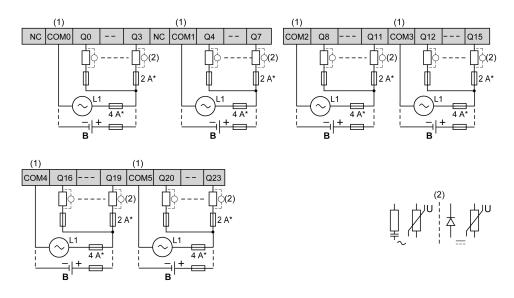
A Source wiring (positive logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, COM2, and COM3 terminals are not connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM200C60R / TM200CE60R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Negative Logic (Sink)



* Type T fuse

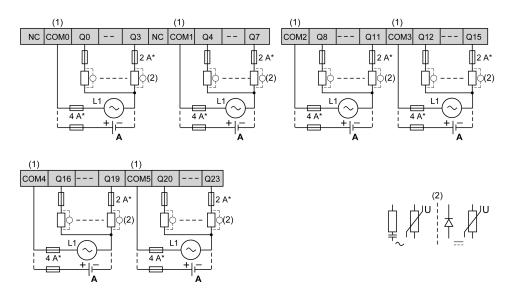
A Sink wiring (negative logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, and COM5 terminals are **not** connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

TM200C60R / TM200CE60R Outputs Wiring Diagram - Positive Logic (Source)



* Type T fuse

A Source wiring (positive logic)

(1) The COM0, COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, and COM5 terminals are **not** connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, you must connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

NOTE: The assigned fuse values have been specified for the maximum current characteristics of the controller I/O and associated commons. You may have other considerations that are applicable based on the unique types of input and output devices you connect, and you should size your fuses accordingly.

Regular and Fast Transistor Outputs Wiring Diagrams

Overview

For detailed information on the regular and fast transistor outputs, refer to *Regular* and *Fast Transistor Outputs Characteristics*, page 25 and *Output Management*, page 69.

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the I/O channels and powersupplies.

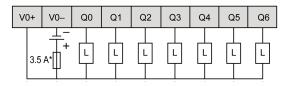
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM200C16U Outputs Wiring Diagram



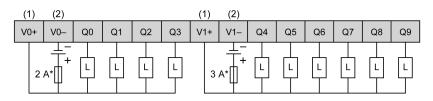
* Type T fuse

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:



Qx where x=0...6

TM200C24U / TM200CE24U Outputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

(1) The V0+ and V1+ terminals are not connected internally.

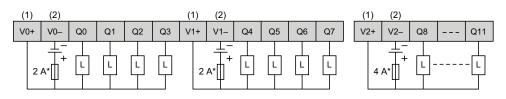
(2) The V0- and V1- terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:



Qx where x=0...3

TM200C32U Outputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

(1) The V0+, V1+, and V2+ terminals are not connected internally.

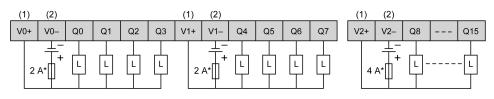
(2) The V0-, V1-, and V2- terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:

 \cap	Qx
	1/0
	<u>vu</u> –
 U	V0+
Φ	

Qx where x=0...3

TM200C40U / TM200CE40U Outputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

(1) The V0+, V1+, and V2+ terminals are not connected internally.

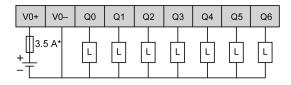
(2) The V0-, V1-, and V2- terminals are **not** connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:



Qx where x=0...3

TM200C16T Outputs Wiring Diagram



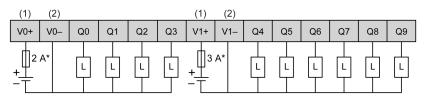
* Type T fuse

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:

	Qx
	V0-
	V0+
Ť	

Qx where x=0...6

TM200C24T / TM200CE24T Outputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

(1) The V0+ and V1+ terminals are not connected internally.

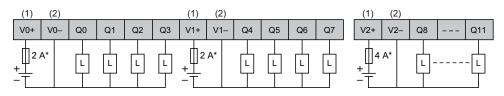
(2) The V0- and V1- terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:



Qx where x=0...3

TM200C32T Outputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

(1) The V0+, V1+, and V2+ terminals are not connected internally.

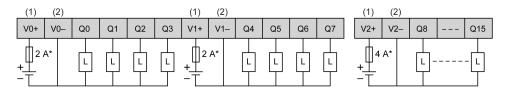
(2) The V0-, V1-, and V2- terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:



Qx where x=0...3

TM200C40T / TM200CE40T Outputs Wiring Diagram



* Type T fuse

(1) The V0+, V1+, and V2+ terminals are not connected internally.

(2) The V0-, V1-, and V2- terminals are not connected internally.

The following figure shows the connection of the fast outputs:



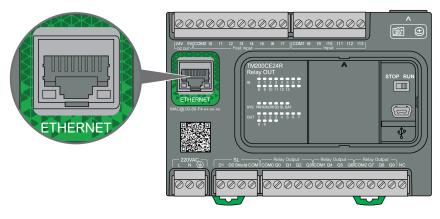
Qx where x=0...3

Ethernet Port

Overview

The TM200CE ••• are equipped with an Ethernet communication port.

The following figure shows the location of the Ethernet port on the M200 Logic Controller:



Characteristics

The following table describes Ethernet characteristics:

Characteristic	Description
Function	Modbus TCP/IP
Connector type	RJ45
Driver	10 M / 100 M auto negotiation
Cable type	Shielded
Automatic cross-over detection	Yes

Pin Assignment

The following figure shows the RJ45 Ethernet connector pin assignment:



The following table describes the RJ45 Ethernet connector pins:

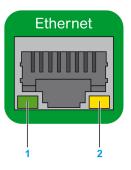
Pin N°	Signal
1	TD+
2	TD-

Pin N°	Signal
3	RD+
4	-
5	-
6	RD-
7	-
8	-

NOTE: The controller supports the MDI/MDIX auto-crossover cable function. It is not necessary to use special Ethernet crossover cables to connect devices directly to this port (connections without an Ethernet hub or switch).

Status LED

The following figures show the RJ45 connector status LED:



The following table describes the Ethernet status LEDs:

Label	Description	LED		
		Color	Status	Description
1: ACT	Ethernet activity	Green	Off	No activity
			Flashing green	Activity
2: LINK	Ethernet link	Green / Yellow	Off	No link
			On (Yellow)	Link speed: 10 Mb
			On (Green)	Link speed: 100 Mb

A change in the value of system bits S34, S35, or S36 may provoke a reinitialization of the Ethernet channel. As a consequence, the Ethernet channel may not be available for several seconds after a change in the values of these System Bits.

USB Mini-B Programming Port

Overview

The USB Mini-B Port is the programming port you can use to connect a PC with a USB host port using EcoStruxure Machine Expert-Basic software. Using a typical USB cable, this connection is suitable for quick updates of the program or short duration connections to perform maintenance and inspect data values. It is not suitable for long-term connections such as commissioning or monitoring without the use of specially adapted cables to help minimize electromagnetic interference.

•

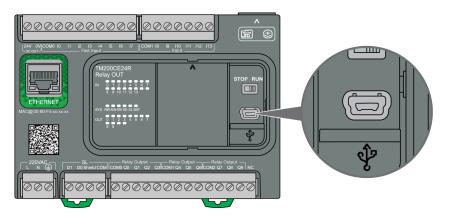
AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION OR INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT

- You must use a shielded USB cable such as a BMX XCAUSBH0•• secured to the functional ground (FE) of the system for any long-term connection.
- Do not connect more than one controller at a time using USB connections.
- Do not use the USB port(s), if so equipped, unless the location is known to be non-hazardous.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The following figure shows the location of the USB Mini-B programming port on the M100/M200 Logic Controller:



Characteristics

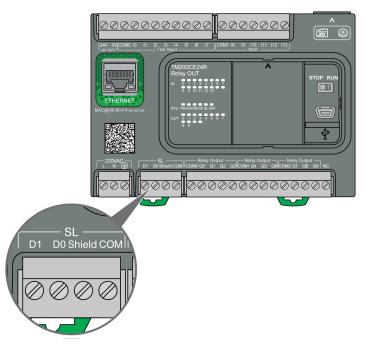
This table describes the characteristics of the USB Mini-B programming port:

Parameter	USB Programming Port
Function	Compatible with USB 2.0
Connector type	Mini-B
Isolation	Not isolated
Cable type	Shielded

Serial Line 1

Overview

The serial line 1 is used to communicate with devices supporting the Modbus protocol as either a master or slave and ASCII Protocol (printer...) and supports RS-485 and terminal block.



Characteristics

Characteristic		Description
Function		RS-485 software configured
Connector type		RS-485
Isolation		Not isolated
Baud rate		1200115 200 bps
Cable Type		Shielded
	Maximum length (between the controller and an isolated junction box)	50m (164 ft) for RS-485
Polarization		Software configuration is used to connect when the node is configured as a master. 560 Ω resistors are optional.
5 Vdc power supply for RS-485		No

NOTE: Some devices provide voltage on RS485 serial connections. Do not connect these voltage lines to your controller as they may damage the controller serial port electronics and render the serial port inoperable.

NOTICE

INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT

Use only the VW3A8306R•• serial cable to connect RS485 devices to your controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Pin Assignment

The following figure shows the pins of the RS-485 connector:

r	SL				
L	D1	D0	Shield	COM	L
					_
					L
	$\langle \rangle$	$\langle \rangle$	$\langle \rangle$	()	L
		<u> </u>	Ŭ	<u> </u>	

The table below describes the pin assignment for RS-485:

Pin	RS-485
D1	D1 (A+)
D0	D0 (B-)
Shield	Shield
СОМ	0 V Com.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TMCR2••• Cartridges Wiring

TMCR2DM4U Wiring Diagram

Introduction

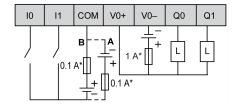
This cartridge has a removable screw terminal block for the connection of the inputs.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of the input and output connections:



- * Type T fuse
- A Sink wiring (positive logic)
- B Source wiring (negative logic)

TMCR2AI2 Wiring Diagram

Introduction

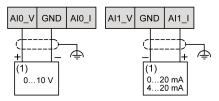
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the inputs.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of the voltage and current input connection:



(1): Current/Voltage analog output deviceNOTE: Each input can be connected to either a voltage or current input.

TMCR2AQ2V Wiring Diagram

Introduction

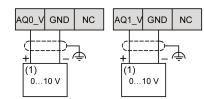
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the outputs.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of the voltage output connection:



(1): Voltage analog input device

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TMCR2AQ2C Wiring Diagram

Introduction

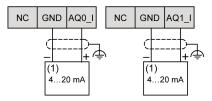
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the outputs.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of the current output connection:



(1): Current analog input device

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TMCR2AM3 Wiring Diagram

Introduction

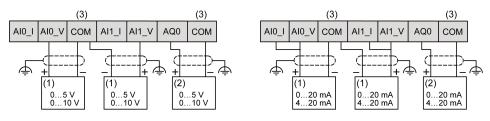
This cartridge has a removable screw terminal block for the connection of the inputs.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of the voltage and current input connection:



(1): Current/Voltage analog output device

(2): Current/Voltage analog input device

(3): The COM terminals are connected internally

NOTE: Each input can be connected to either a voltage or current input.

TMCR2TI2 Wiring Diagram

Introduction

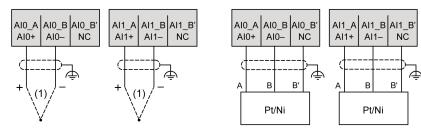
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the inputs.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of RTD and thermocouple probe connection:



(1): Thermocouple

NOTE: Each input can be connected to either an RTD or thermocouple probe.

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TMCR2SL1 Wiring Diagram

Introduction

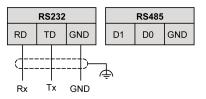
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the serial line wires.

Wiring

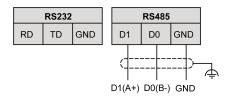
See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of RS232 serial line connection:



The following figure shows an example of RS485 serial line connection:



NOTE: Only 1 serial line (RS232 or RS485) can be connected to the cartridge. **NOTE:** Only 1 TMCR2SL1 cartridge is managed per logic controller.

TMCR2SL1A Wiring Diagram

Introduction

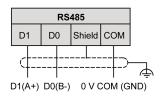
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the serial line wires.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of RS485 serial line connection:



NOTE: Only 1 RS485 serial line can be connected to the cartridge. **NOTE:** Only 1 TMCR2SL1A cartridge is managed for each logic controller.

TMCR2SL1S Wiring Diagram

Introduction

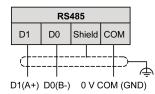
This cartridge has a non-removable screw terminal block for the connection of the serial line wires.

Wiring

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure shows an example of RS485 serial line connection:



NOTE: Only 1 RS485 serial line can be connected to the cartridge. **NOTE:** At most 2 TMCR2SL1S cartridges are managed for each logic controller.

TM3R Expansion Modules Wiring

TM3RDM16R Wiring Diagram

Introduction

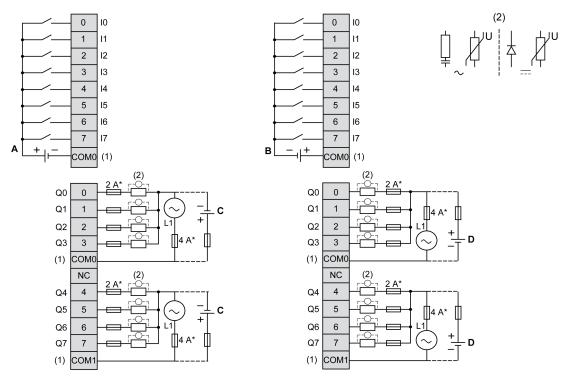
These expansion modules have a built-in removable screw terminal block for the connection of inputs, outputs, and power supply.

Wiring Rules

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure illustrates the connections between the inputs and outputs, the sensors and actuators, and their commons:



* Type T Fuse

(1) The inputs COM0, outputs COM0 and COM1 terminals are **not** connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

- A Sink wiring (positive logic)
- **B** Source wiring (negative logic)
- C Source wiring (positive logic)
- **D** Sink wiring (negative logic)

For information about 24 Vdc power supply, refer to DC Power Supply Characteristics (see Modicon TM3, Digital I/O Modules, Hardware Guide).

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM3RDM32R Wiring Diagram

Introduction

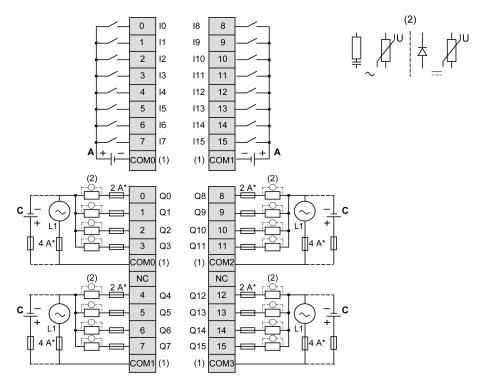
These expansion modules have a built-in removable screw terminal block for the connection of inputs, outputs, and power supply.

Wiring Rules

See Wiring Best Practices, page 98.

Wiring Diagram

The following figure illustrates the connections between the inputs and outputs, the sensors and actuators, and their commons for a positive logic:



* Type T Fuse

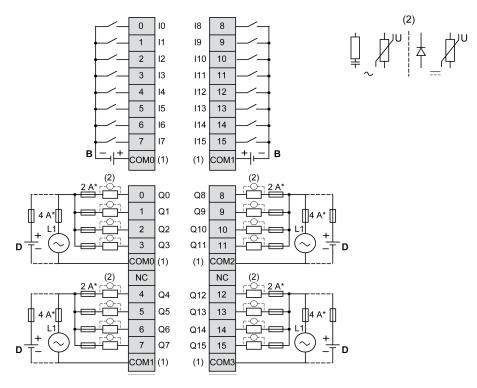
(1) The inputs COM0, COM1, outputs COM0, COM1, COM2, and COM3 terminals are **not** connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

A Sink wiring (positive logic)

C Source wiring (positive logic)

The following figure illustrates the connections between the inputs and outputs, the sensors and actuators, and their commons for a negative logic:



* Type T Fuse

(1) The inputs COM0, COM1 and outputs COM0, COM1, COM2, and COM3 terminals are **not** connected internally.

(2) To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential inductive load damage, connect a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load or an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load.

B Source wiring (negative logic)

D Sink wiring (negative logic)

For information about 24 Vdc power supply, refer to DC Power Supply Characteristics (see Modicon TM3, Digital I/O Modules, Hardware Guide).

AWARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Glossary

Α

application:

A program including configuration data, symbols, and documentation.

В

bps:

(*bit per second*) A definition of transmission rate, also given in conjunction with multiplicator kilo (kbps) and mega (mbps).

С

configuration:

The arrangement and interconnection of hardware components within a system and the hardware and software parameters that determine the operating characteristics of the system.

controller:

Automates industrial processes (also known as programmable logic controller or programmable controller).

D

DIN:

(*Deutsches Institut für Normung*) A German institution that sets engineering and dimensional standards.

Е

EIA rack:

(*electronic industries alliance rack*) A standardized (EIA 310-D, IEC 60297, and DIN 41494 SC48D) system for mounting various electronic modules in a stack or rack that is 19 inches (482.6 mm) wide.

EN:

EN identifies one of many European standards maintained by CEN (*European Committee for Standardization*), CENELEC (*European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization*), or ETSI (*European Telecommunications Standards Institute*).

expansion bus:

An electronic communication bus between expansion I/O modules and a controller.

expansion connector:

A connector to attach expansion I/O modules.

F

FreqGen:

(*frequency generator*) A function that generates a square wave signal with programmable frequency.

G

GRAFCET:

The functioning of a sequential operation in a structured and graphic form.

This is an analytical method that divides any sequential control system into a series of steps, with which actions, transitions, and conditions are associated.

Η

HE10:

Rectangular connector for electrical signals with frequencies below 3 MHz, complying with IEC 60807-2.

HSC:

(*high-speed counter*) A function that counts pulses on the controller or on expansion module inputs.

IEC 61131-3:

Part 3 of a 3-part IEC standard for industrial automation equipment. IEC 61131-3 is concerned with controller programming languages and defines 2 graphical and 2 textual programming language standards. The graphical programming languages are ladder diagram and function block diagram. The textual programming languages include structured text and instruction list.

IEC:

(*international electrotechnical commission*) A non-profit and non-governmental international standards organization that prepares and publishes international standards for electrical, electronic, and related technologies.

IL:

(*instruction list*) A program written in the language that is composed of a series of text-based instructions executed sequentially by the controller. Each instruction includes a line number, an instruction code, and an operand (refer to IEC 61131-3).

instruction list language:

A program written in the instruction list language that is composed of a series of text-based instructions executed sequentially by the controller. Each instruction includes a line number, an instruction code, and an operand (see IEC 61131-3).

I/O:

(input/output)

IP 20:

(*ingress protection*) The protection classification according to IEC 60529 offered by an enclosure, shown by the letter IP and 2 digits. The first digit indicates 2 factors: helping protect persons and for equipment. The second digit indicates helping protect against water. IP 20 devices help protect against electric contact of objects larger than 12.5 mm, but not against water.

L

ladder diagram language:

A graphical representation of the instructions of a controller program with symbols for contacts, coils, and blocks in a series of rungs executed sequentially by a controller (see IEC 61131-3).

LD:

(*ladder diagram*) A graphical representation of the instructions of a controller program with symbols for contacts, coils, and blocks in a series of rungs executed sequentially by a controller (refer to IEC 61131-3).

Μ

Modbus:

The protocol that allows communications between many devices connected to the same network.

Ν

N/O:

(normally open) A contact pair that opens when the actuator is de-energized (no power is applied) and closes when the actuator is energized (power is applied).

NEMA:

(*national electrical manufacturers association*) The standard for the performance of various classes of electrical enclosures. The NEMA standards cover corrosion resistance, ability to help protect from rain, submersion, and so on. For IEC member countries, the IEC 60529 standard classifies the ingress protection rating for enclosures.

Ρ

PE:

(*Protective Earth*) A common grounding connection to help avoid the hazard of electric shock by keeping any exposed conductive surface of a device at earth potential. To avoid possible voltage drop, no current is allowed to flow in this conductor (also referred to as *protective ground* in North America or as an equipment grounding conductor in the US national electrical code).

program:

The component of an application that consists of compiled source code capable of being installed in the memory of a logic controller.

PTO:

(*pulse train outputs*) A fast output that oscillates between off and on in a fixed 50-50 duty cycle, producing a square wave form. PTO is especially well suited for applications such as stepper motors, frequency converters, and servo motor control, among others.

PWM:

(*pulse width modulation*) A fast output that oscillates between off and on in an adjustable duty cycle, producing a rectangular wave form (though you can adjust it to produce a square wave).

R

RJ45:

A standard type of 8-pin connector for network cables defined for Ethernet.

RS-232:

A standard type of serial communication bus, based on 3 wires (also known as EIA RS-232C or V.24).

RS-485:

A standard type of serial communication bus, based on 2 wires (also known as EIA RS-485).

S

SFC:

(*sequential function chart*) A language that is composed of steps with associated actions, transitions with associated logic condition, and directed links between steps and transitions. (The SFC standard is defined in IEC 848. It is IEC 61131-3 compliant.)

Т

terminal block:

(*terminal block*) The component that mounts in an electronic module and provides electrical connections between the controller and the field devices.

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