Easy Altivar ATV310

Variable speed drives for asynchronous motors

User manual

05/2024



380 Vac...460 Vac Three-phase, power rating 0.37 kW to 22 kW



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Important information

NOTICE

Read these instructions carefully, and become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a Danger or Warning safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists, which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential injury hazards that exist at this point. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

A DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

▲ WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result** in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

A CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result** in injury or equipment damage.

NOTICE

Notice, used without the safety alert symbol, indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result** in equipment damage.

PLEASE NOTE

The word "drive" as used in this manual refers to the controller of the adjustable speed drive as defined by NEC.

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this product.

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Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.

▲ A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and fully understand the contents of the present manual and all other
 pertinent product documentation and who have received all necessary training to recognize and avoid hazards involved are
 authorized to work on and with this drive system.
- Installation, adjustment, repair and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- Verify compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.
- Only use properly rated, electrically insulated tools and measuring equipment.
- · Do not touch unshielded components or terminals with voltage present.
- · Prior to performing any type of work on the drive system, block the motor shaft to prevent rotation.
- · Insulate both ends of unused conductors of the motor cable.
- Do not short across the DC bus terminals or the DC bus capacitors or the braking resistor terminals.
- · Before performing work on the drive system:
 - Disconnect all power, including external control power that may be present.
 - Place a "Do Not Turn On" label on all power switches.
 - Lock all power switches in the open position.
 - Wait 15minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. The DC bus LED is not an indicator of the absence of DC bus voltage that can exceed 800 Vdc.
 - Verify that no other voltage is present in the drive system.
- · Before applying voltage to the drive system:
 - Verify that the work has been completed and that the entire installation cannot cause hazards.
 - If the mains input terminals and the motor output terminals have been grounded and short-circuited, remove the ground and the short circuits on the mains input terminals and the motor output terminals.
 - Verify proper grounding of all equipment.
- · Verify that all protective equipment such as covers, doors, grids is installed and/or closed.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

UNEXPECTED MOVEMENT

Drive systems may perform unexpected movements because of incorrect wiring, incorrect settings, incorrect data or other errors.

- · Carefully install the wiring in accordance with the EMC requirements.
- Do not operate the product with unknown or unsuitable settings or data.
- Perform a comprehensive commissioning test.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Damaged products or accessories may cause electric shock or unanticipated equipment operation.

A DANGER

ELECTRIC SHOCK OR UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not use damaged products or accessories.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Contact your local Schneider Electric sales office if you detect any damage whatsoever.

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE

The drive should be cleaned and maintained on a regular basis when operating in high temperature, humid, greasy, chemical, dusty or vibrating environments to prevent reduced driver lifespan and equipment damage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage, and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines. (a)
- Each implementation of the product must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

a. For USA: Additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable Speed Drive Systems."

NOTICE

DESTRUCTION DUE TO INCORRECT MAINS VOLTAGE

Before switching on and configuring the product, verify that it is approved for the mains voltage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

This equipment has been designed to operate outside of any hazardous location. Only install this equipment in zones known to be free of a hazardous atmosphere.

DANGER

POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION

Install and use this equipment in non-hazardous locations only.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Before you begin

Your application consists of a whole range of different interrelated mechanical, electrical, and electronic components, the drive being just one part of the application. The drive by itself is neither intended to nor capable of providing the entire functionality to meet all safety-related requirements that apply to your application. Depending on the application and the corresponding risk assessment to be conducted by you, a whole variety of additional equipment is required such as, but not limited to, external encoders, external brakes, external monitoring devices, guards, etc.

As a designer/manufacturer of machines, you must be familiar with and observe all standards that apply to your machine. You must conduct a risk assessment and determine the appropriate Performance Level (PL) and/or Safety Integrity Level (SIL) and design and build your machine in compliance with all applicable standards. In doing so, you must consider the interrelation of all components of the machine. In addition, you must provide instructions for use that enable the user of your machine to perform any type of work on and with the machine such as operation and maintenance in a safe manner.

The present document assumes that you are fully aware of all normative standards and requirements that apply to your application. Since the drive cannot provide all safety-related functionality for your entire application, you must ensure that the required Performance Level and/ or Safety Integrity Level is reached by installing all necessary additional equipment.

WARNING

INSUFFICIENT PERFORMANCE LEVEL/SAFETY INTEGRITY LEVEL AND/OR UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage, and restart.
- Conduct a risk assessment according to EN ISO 12100 and all other standards that apply to your application.
- · Use redundant components and/or control paths for all critical control functions identified in your risk assessment.
- · If moving loads can result in hazards, for example, slipping or falling loads, operate the drive in closed loop mode.
- Verify that the service life of all individual components used in your application is sufficient for the intended service life of your overall
 application.
- Perform extensive commissioning tests for all potential error situations to verify the effectiveness of the safety-related functions and
 monitoring functions implemented, for example, but not limited to, speed monitoring by means of encoders, short circuit monitoring
 for all connected equipment, correct operation of brakes and guards.
- Perform extensive commissioning tests for all potential error situations to verify that the load can be brought to a safe stop under all
 conditions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Before you begin

Machines, controllers, and related equipment are usually integrated into networks. Unauthorized persons and malware may gain access to the machine as well as to other devices on the network/fieldbus of the machine and connected networks via insufficiently secure access to software and networks.

A WARNING

UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO THE MACHINE VIA SOFTWARE AND NETWORKS

- In your hazard and risk analysis, consider all hazards that result from access to and operation on the network/fieldbus and develop an appropriate cybersecurity concept.
- Verify that the hardware infrastructure and the software infrastructure into which the machine is integrated as well as all
 organizational measures and rules covering access to this infrastructure consider the results of the hazard and risk analysis and are
 implemented according to best practices and standards covering IT security and cybersecurity, such as:
 - ISO/IEC 27000 series, ISO/ IEC 15408, IEC 62351, ISA/IEC 62443,
 - · NIST Cybersecurity Framework,
 - · Information Security Forum Standard of Good Practice for Information Security,
 - Schneider Electric Recommended Cybersecurity Best Practices.
- · Verify the effectiveness of your IT security and cybersecurity systems using appropriate, proven methods.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

A WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

Perform a comprehensive commissioning test to verify that communication monitoring properly detects communication interruptions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Using motors in parallel

Set Motor control type 309 (page 67) to 03.

Motor thermal monitoring is no longer provided by the drive.

NOTICE

MOTOR OVERHEATING

Install external thermal monitoring equipment under the following conditions:

If several motor are connected to the same drive, Install external thermal monitoring equipment for each motor

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

The following Altivar 310 technical documents are available on the Schneider Electric website (www.schneider-electric.cn).

ATV310 Quick Start Guide EAV96127 (Chinese), EAV96135 (English)

The Quick Start Guide is delivered with the drive and describes how to wire and configure the drive to start motor quickly and simply for simple applications.

ATV310 Complete Parameters list EAV96129 (Chinese), EAV96136 (English)

This manual gives the full parameter list of the drive in english and in Chinese.

ATV310 User manual EAV94276 (Chinese), EAV94277 (English)

This manual describes how to install, program and operate the drive.

ATV310 Modbus Communication manual (EAV94278)

This manual describes the assembly, connection to the bus or network, signaling, diagnostics, and configuration of the communication-specific parameters via the 7 segment LED display.

It also describes the communication services of the Modbus protocol.

This manual includes all Modbus addresses. It explains the operating mode specific to communication (state chart).

ATV310 Modbus parameters description file (EAV94279)

All the parameters are grouped together in an Excel file with the following data:

- Code
- Name
- · Modbus Addresses
- Category
- Read/write access
- Type: signed numerical, unsigned numerical, etc.
- Unit
- Factory setting
- Minimum value
- Maximum value
- · Display on the 7-segment integrated display terminal
- · Relevant menu
- · This file offers the option of sorting and arranging the data according to any criterion chosen by the user.

CS-Best-Practices-2019-340 7EN52-0390 (English)

Recommended Cybersecurity Best Practices

1. Receive and inspect the drive

- □ Check that the part number printed on the label is the same as that on the purchase order.
- ☐ Remove the ATV310 from its packaging and check that it has not been damaged in transit.

2. Check the line voltage

☐ Check that the line voltage is compatible with the voltage range of the drive (page 10).

Steps 2 to 4 must be performed with the power off.



3. Mount the drive

- ☐ Mount the drive in accordance with the instructions in this document (page 19).
- □ Install any options required.

4. Wire the drive (page21)

- ☐ Connect the motor, ensuring that its connections correspond to the voltage.
- ☐ Connect the line supply, after making sure that the power is off.
- □ Connect the control part.

5. Configure the drive (page 38)

- ☐ Apply input power to the drive, but do not give a run command.
- ☐ Set the motor parameters (in Conf mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- □ Perform auto-tuning.

6. Start

Prior to switching on the drive

A WARNING

UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Before switching on the device, verify that no unintended signals can be applied to the digital inputs that could cause unintended movements

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Using the drive with motor having a different size

The motor could have a different rating to the drive. In case of smaller motors, there is no specific calculation. The estimated motor current has to be set at Motor thermal current 6 0 4.0 parameter (page 106). In case of large motors (with up to 2 times the capacity of the drive), e.g., using a 4 kW motor in conjunction with a 2.2 kW drive, motor current and actual motor power must not exceed the rated current and power of the drive.

Line contactor

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE

Do not switch on the drive at intervals of less than 60 s.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Use with a smaller rated motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, Output Phase loss 6 0 5 (page 106) is active (6 0 5 = 0 1). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high power drives), deactivate Output Phase loss 6 0 5 (6 0 5 = 0 0).
- In Motor control menu 300 set Motor control type 309 (page 67) to 03.

NOTICE

MOTOR OVERHEATING

Install external thermal monitoring equipment if a motor with a nominal current of less than 20% of the nominal current of the drive is connected.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Three-phase supply voltage: 380 V...460 V 50/60 Hz

For three Phase Output 380 V...460 V motors

Motor	Line su	ipply (inp	ut)	Drive (ou	tput)		EMC	Reference	Frame
Power indicated on plate (1) HD: Heavy duty (2)	Maximu current at		Apparent power	Nominal Current In	Max. transient current	Power dissipated at nominal	category (5)		Size
ND: Normal duty (3)	380 V	460 V			for 60 s	current			
kW	Α	Α	kVA	Α	Α	W			
HD 0.37	2.1	1.8	1.4	1.5	2.3	22.7		ATV310H037N4●	1
HD 0.75	3.5	3.1	2.5	2.3	3.5	34.1		ATV310H075N4●	1
HD 1.5	6.5	5.4	4.3	4.1	6.2	60.4		ATV310HU15N4●	2
HD 2.2	8.8	7.2	5.7	5.5	8.3	75.5		ATV310HU22N4●	2
HD 3	11.1	9.2	7.3	7.1	10.7	90.8		– ATV310HU30N4●	3
ND 4	14.2	11.6	9.3	8.9	9.8	120.4		- A1 V3 10110301140	3
HD 4	13.7	11.4	9.1	9.5	14.3	115.1		– ATV310HU40N4∙	3
ND 5.5	18.0	14.9	11.8	12.1	13.3	158.3		- A1 V3 1011040144	3
HD 5.5	21.3	14.3	11.4	12.6	18.9	162.4		– ATV310HU55N4●	3
ND 7.5	23.0	19.0	15.1	16	17.6	201.9		A1 V31011033N4•	3
HD 7.5	26.6	22.4	17.8	17	25.5	241.2		– ATV310HU75N4●	4
ND 11	29.5	24.8	19.4	22.8	25.1	317.8		A1 V31011073N40	-
HD 11	36.1	30.4	24.2	24	36.0	337.1		– ATV310HD11N4●	4
ND 15	38.6	32.5	25.4	30	33.0	407.0		ATVOTOTIDITINA	-
HD 15	46.5	38.5	30.7	33	49.5	416.0		– ATV310HD15N4●	5
ND 18.5	46.6	38.8	31.2	36	39.6	451.7		7(1 V 0 1011D 101 1 0	
HD 18.5	55.3	45.8	36.5	39	58.5	515.9		– ATV310HD18N4●	5
ND 22	54.1	45.1	35.7	43	47.3	539.4		7 (1 VOTOTIB TOTAL	
HD 22	64.2	53.2	46.2	46	69	568.8		– ATV310HD22N4●	6
ND 30	71.2	59.2	47	60	66	735.6		7(1 00 1011152211416	
HD 15	46.5	38.5	30.7	33	49.5	424.4	- C3	ATV310HD15N4●F	5
ND 18.5	46.6	38.8	31.2	36	39.6	460.2		, 70 1011D 1014 10 1	
HD 18.5	55.3	45.8	36.5	39	58.5	527.8	- C3	ATV310HD18N4•F	5
ND 22	54.1	45.1	35.7	43	47.3	550.9		7.11 VOTOTID TOTA	
HD 22	64.2	53.2	46.2	46	69	593.5	- C3	ATV310HD22N4●F	6
ND 30	71.2	59.2	47	60	66	765.9		, , o lollb221(14)	

(1) These power ratings are for a Switching frequency range of 4 kHz, in continuous operation. The Switching frequency range is adjustable from 2 to 12 kHz.

Above 4 kHz, the drive will reduce the Switching frequency range if an excessive temperature rise occurs. Derating should be applied to the nominal drive current if continuous operation above 4 kHz is required:

- 10% derating for 8 kHz
- 20% derating for 12 kHz
- (2) Values given for applications requiring significant overload (up to 150% for 60 s).
- (3) Values given for applications requiring slight overload (up to 110% for 60 s).
- (4) Line current network requirements:
 - ≤ 4 kW, network short circuit current lsc ≤ 5 kA
 - > 4 kW, network short circuit current lsc : ≤ 22 kA for Heavy duty, ≤ 5 kA for Normal duty
- (5) Easy Altivar ATV310•••N4•F drives with integrated EMC filter fulfill IEC/EN61800-3 with 25 m/82 ft shielded motor cable for CE, and with 5m/16.4ft shielded motor cable for RE.
 - Easy Altivar ATV310•••N4• drives without integrated EMC filter, need to add external EMC filter to fulfill the IEC/EN 61800-3 standard. Refer to External EMC filter selection table page 13.

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE

The drive will be damaged if it operates above the nominal current (In) for an extended period of time. Operating time should not exceed 60 s at 1.5 x In.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

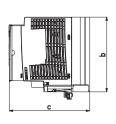
External EMC filter selection table

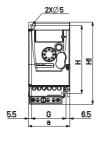
When the drive is without integrated EMC filter, the following external EMC filter is mandatory required to fulfill the IEC/EN 61800-3 C3 category.

Drive Reference	380V line inp	ut current (A)	EMC filter reference	EN 61	800-3
Drive Reference	HD	ND	EMIC filter reference	Conduct emission	Radiated emission
ATV310H037N4•	2.1	N/A			
ATV310H075N4•	3.5	N/A	VW3A4422		
ATV310HU15N4•	6.5	N/A	V VV 3A4422		
ATV310HU22N4•	8.8	N/A			
ATV310HU30N4•	11.1	14.2			C3 max shielded cable 5m
ATV310HU40N4•	13.7	18	VW3A31406	C3 max shielded cable 25m	
ATV310HU55N4•	21.3	23			
ATV310HU75N4•	26.6	29.5			
ATV310HD11N4•	36.1	38.6	VW3A4425		
ATV310HD15N4•	46.5	46.6			
ATV310HD18N4•	55.3	54.1	VW3A4406		
ATV310HD22N4•	64.2	71.2	V VV 3/14400		

Dimensions and weights

ATV310H037N4●, ATV310H075N4●

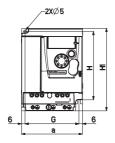




	а	b	С	G	Н	H1	Ø	For	Weight
ATV310H	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	screw	kg
	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	S	(lb)
037N4●	72 (2.83)	130 (5.12)	130 (5.12)	60 (2.36)	118 (4.65)	143 (5.63)	5 (0.20)	M4	0.8 (1.8)
075N4●	72 (2.83)	130 (5.12)	140 (5.51)	60 (2.36)	118 (4.65)	143 (5.63)	5 (0.20)	M4	0.8 (1.8)

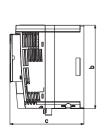
ATV310HU15N4•, ATV310HU22N4•

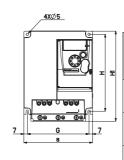




ATV310H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screw s	Weight kg (lb)
U15N4●	105 (4.13)	130 (5.12)	151 (5.94)	93 (3.66)	118 (4.65)	143 (5.63)	5 (0.20)	M4	1.1 (2.43)
U22N4●	105 (4.13)	130 (5.12)	151 (5.94)	93 (3.66)	118 (4.65)	143 (5.63)	5 (0.20)	M4	1.1 (2.43)

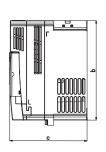
ATV310HU30N4•, ATV310HU40N4•, ATV310HU55N4•

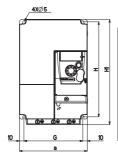




ATV310H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screw s	Weight kg (lb)
U30N4●	140 (5.51)	171 (6.73)	151 (5.94)	126 (4.96)	157 (6.18)	184 (7.24)	5 (0.20)	M4	1.8 (3.97)
U40N4●	140 (5.51)	171 (6.73)	151 (5.94)	126 (4.96)	157 (6.18)	184 (7.24)	5 (0.20)	M4	1.8 (3.97)
U55N4●	140 (5.51)	171 (6.73)	151 (5.94)	126 (4.96)	157 (6.18)	184 (7.24)	5 (0.20)	M4	1.8 (3.97)

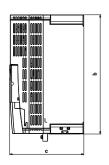
ATV310HU75N4●, ATV310HD11N4●

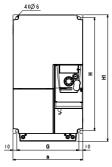




	а	b	С	G	Н	H1	Ø	For	Weight
ATV310H	mm	screw	kg						
	(in.)	s	(lb)						
1175114 -	150	220	171	130	210	232	5	N44	3.7
U75N4●	(5.91)	(8.66)	(6.73)	(5.12)	(8.27)	(9.13)	(0.20)	M4	(8.16)
D11N1-	150	220	171	130	210	232	5	N44	3.7
D11N4●	(5.91)	(8.66)	(6.73)	(5.12)	(8.27)	(9.13)	(0.20)	M4	(8.16)

ATV310HD15N4•, ATV310HD18N4•

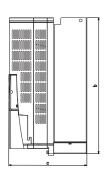


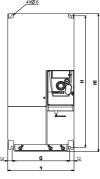


ATV310 H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screw s	Weight kg (lb)
D15N4●	180 (7.09)	311 (12.24)	191 (7.52)	160 (6.29)	295 (11.61)	330 (12.99)	6 (0.23)	M5	6.3 (13.9)
D18N4●	180 (7.09)	311 (12.24)	191 (7.52)	160 (6.29)	295 (11.61)	330 (12.99)	6 (0.23)	M5	6.3 (13.9)

NOTE: for ATV310HD15N4•F and ATV310HD18N4•F, the weight is 6.7 kg (14.8 lb).

ATV310HD22N4•





ATV310 H	a mm (in.)	b mm (in.)	c mm (in.)	G mm (in.)	H mm (in.)	H1 mm (in.)	Ø mm (in.)	For screw s	Weight kg (lb)
D22N4●	180 (7.09)	384.5 (15.14)	212 (8.35)	156 (6.14)	371.5 (14.63)	390 (15.35)	6 (0.23)	M5	8.5 (18.7)

NOTE: for ATV310HD22N4●F, the weight is 9.7kg (21.4lb).

Withstand to harsh environments

- Chemical class 3C3 conforming to IEC/EN 60721
 Mechanical class 3S2 conforming to IEC/EN 60721

Temperature Conditions

Mounting types:

Type A: IP20, IP4X for top with vent cover

Type B: IP20 side by side

Type C: IP20

Ambient Air Temperature:

For	HD/ND (Heavy duty/Normal duty)	Mounting types	Temp	erature
Storage	All types	All types	°C	-2570
			°F	-13158
Operation	HD (ATV310H***N4* version)	Type B	°C	-1055 without derating
		Type C	°F	14131 without derating
			°C	5560 with derating
			°F	131140 with derating
	HD (ATV310H***N4* version)	Type A	°C	-1050 without derating
			°F	14122 without derating
			°C	5060 with derating
			°F	122140 with derating
	HD (ATV310H***N4* F version)	Type C	°C	-1055 without derating
			°F	14131 without derating
			°C	5560 with derating
			°F	131140 with derating
	HD (ATV310H***N4* F version)	Type A Type B	°C	-1050 without derating
			°F	14122 without derating
			°C	5060 with derating
			°F	122140 with derating
	ND	Type C	°C	-1050 without derating
			°F	14122 without derating
			°C	5060 with derating
			°F	122140 with derating
	ND	Type A	°C	-1040 without derating
		Type B	°F	14104 without derating
			°C	4060 with derating
			°F	104140 with derating

Relative Humidity

Without dripping water and without condensation: 5...95% according to IEC 60068-2-3

Operating Altitude

Opera	ting altitude	Supply voltage	Electrical	supply	network	Derating
			TT/TN	IT	Corner-Grounded	
m	Up to 1000	380 - 460 V three-phase	√	✓	✓	Without derating
ft	Up to 3280		•	•	•	
m	1000 2000	380 - 460 V three-phase	√	1	1	With derating current by 1% (maxi)
ft	3280 6560		•	•	•	per additional 100 m (328 ft)
m	2000 3000	380 - 460 V three-phase	1	✓	_	With derating current by 1% (maxi)
ft	6560 9840				_	per additional 100 m (328 ft)

Pollution Degree and Degree of Protection

Ambient pollution degree according to IEC/EN 61800-5-1:

Pollution Degree	Degree of Protection		
2	IP20, IP4X with top vent cover. See page 19.		

Mounting

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- · The drive panel must be properly grounded before power is applied.
- · Use the provided ground connecting point as shown in the figure below.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A A DANGER

ATV310HeeeN4e - GROUND CONTINUITY HAZARD

An anodized heatsink can create an insulation barrier to the mounting surface. Ensure that you follow the recommended grounding connections.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

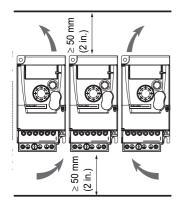
🛕 🛕 DANGER

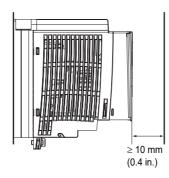
ELECTRIC SHOCK CAUSED BY FOREIGN OBJECTS OR DAMAGE

Conductive foreign objects in the product or damage may cause parasitic voltage.

- · Do not use damaged products.
- Keep foreign objects such as chips, screws or wire clippings from getting into the product.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.





Install the drive vertically, at ±10°.

Do not place it close to heating elements.

Leave sufficient free space to ensure that the air required for cooling purposes can circulate from the bottom to the top of the drive.

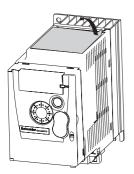
Free space in front of unit: 10 mm (0.4 in.) minimum.

When IP20 protection is adequate, we recommend that the vent cover(s) on the top of the drive be removed, as shown below.

We recommend that the drive is installed on a dissipative surface.

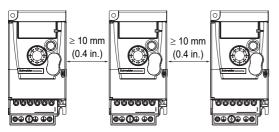
Drive installation should employ fastening washers and screws in combination.

Removing the vent cover



Mounting types

Type A mounting



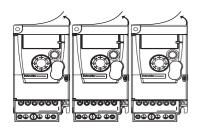
Type A mounting: IP20, IP4X for top with vent cover

Free space ≥10 mm (0.4 in.) on each side, with vent cover fitted.

Mounting type A is suitable for drive operation at surrounding air temperatures less than or equal to 50°C (heavy duty) or 40°C (Normal duty).

When temperature exceeds 50°C (heavy duty) or 40°C (Normal duty), the top vent cover should be removed to ensure cooling.

Type B mounting

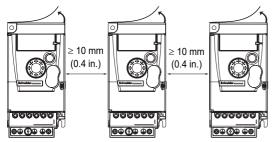


Type B mounting: IP20, side-by-side

Drives mounted side-by-side with vent covers removed. Mounting type B is suitable for drive operation at surrounding air temperatures less than or equal to 55°C (heavy duty) or 40°C (Normal duty).

NOTE: ATV310●●●N4●F operation temperatures less than or equal to 50°C (heavy duty) or 40°C (Normal duty).

Type C mounting



Type C mounting: IP20

Free space ≥10 mm (0.4 in.) on each side, without vent cover Mounting type C is suitable for drive operation at surrounding air temperatures less than or equal to 55°C (heavy duty) or 50°C (Normal duty).

With these types of mounting, drives with a Switching frequency range of 4 kHz can be used up to an ambient temperature which was listed below:

For ATV310●●●N4● @ Heavy duty

1. At ambient temperatures, Type B and Type C mounting between +55°C and +60°C:

Derate current by 2.4% for every 1°C of temperature rise

Switching frequency range will adjust according to the internal temperature of the drive

2. At ambient temperatures, Type A mounting between +50°C and +60°C:

Derate current by 6% for every 1°C of temperature rise

Switching frequency range will adjust according to the internal temperature of the drive

For ATV310●●N4● @ Normal duty

1. At ambient temperatures, Type C mounting between +50°C and +60°C:

Derate current by 2.1% for every 1°C of temperature rise

Switching frequency range will adjust according to the internal temperature of the drive

2. At ambient temperatures, Type B mounting between +40°C and +60°C:

Derate current by 2.2% for every 1°C of temperature rise

Switching frequency range will adjust according to the internal temperature of the drive

3. At ambient temperatures, Type A mounting between +40°C and +60°C:

Cover top safeguard covers on drives if IP4X

Derate current by 2% for every 1°C of temperature rise

Switching frequency range will adjust according to the internal temperature of the drive

Power dissipated for enclosed drives and required air flow

Drive	Overload Pow HD: Heavy duty ND: Normal duty		Minimum air flow rate required per hour (m ³ /h)
ATV310H037N4•	HD	22.7	6
ATV310H075N4•	HD	34.1	9
ATV310HU15N4•	HD	60.4	14
ATV310HU22N4•	HD	75.5	14
ATV310HU30N4•	HD	90.8	50
	ND	120.4	50
ATV310HU40N4•	HD	115.1	50
	ND	158.3	50
ATV310HU55N4•	HD	162.4	50
	ND	201.9	50
ATV310HU75N4•	HD	241.2	100
	ND	317.8	100
ATV310HD11N4•	HD	337.1	100
	ND	407.0	100
ATV310HD15N4•	HD	416.0	140
	ND	451.7	140
ATV310HD18N4•	HD	515.9	140
	ND	539.4	140
ATV310HD22N4•	HD	568.8	180
	ND	735.6	180
ATV310HD15N4•F	HD	424.4	140
	ND	460.2	140
ATV310HD18N4•F	HD	527.8	140
	ND	550.9	140
ATV310HD22N4•F	HD	593.5	180
	ND	765.9	180

General instructions

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Wire cross sections and tightening torques must comply with the specifications provided in this document
- · Do not use multi-conductor cables without cable lugs for any connection with a voltage higher than 25 Vac.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Keep power cables separate from devices containing circuits with low-level signals (detectors, PLCs, measuring apparatus, video, telephone). Always cross control and power cables at 90° if possible.

Power and circuit protection

Adhere to wire size recommendations contained in local codes and standards.

Before wiring power terminals, connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.

The drive must be grounded in accordance with the applicable safety standards.

When upstream protection by means of a residual current device is required by the installation standards, a type A circuit breaker should be used for single-phase drives and type B for 3-phase drives. Choose a suitable model incorporating:

- · High frequency current filtering
- A time delay which prevents tripping caused by the load from stray capacitance on power-up. The time delay is not possible for 30mA devices.

In this case, choose devices with high interference immunity, such as RCDs with SI type leakage protection.

If the installation includes several drives, provide one "residual current device" per drive.

A A DANGER

INSUFFICIENT PROTECTION AGAINST OVERCURRENTS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- · Use properly rated overcurrent protection devices.
- · Use the fuses/circuit breakers specified.
- Do not connect the product to a supply mains whose short circuit current rating (current that flows during a short circuit) exceeds the specified permissible value.
- When rating the upstream mains fuses and the cross sections as well as the lengths of the mains cables, take into account the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc). Refer to the Upstream Protection Device section.
- If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, increase the power of the transformer or decrease the length of the cables.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Control

For control and speed reference circuits, we recommend using shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (1 and 2 in.). Connect the shielding to ground.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED BEHAVIOR OF INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

The functions of the inputs and outputs depend on the selected operating mode and the settings of the corresponding parameters.

- · Verify that the wiring is appropriate for the settings.
- Only start the system if there are no persons or obstructions in the zone of operation.
- · When commissioning, carefully run tests for all operating states and potential error situations.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Length of motor cables

Please use output filters for shielded motor cable lengths longer than 25 m (82 ft) and unshielded cables longer than 50 m (164 ft). For accessory part numbers, please refer to the catalogue.

Equipment Grounding

Ground the drive according to local and national code requirements. A minimum wire size of 10 mm² may be required to meet standards limiting leakage current.

A A DANGER

ELECTRIC SHOCK CAUSED BY INSUFFICIENT GROUNDING

Insufficient grounding causes the hazard of electric shocks.

- · Ground the drive system before applying voltage.
- · Do not use conduits as protective ground conductors; use a protective ground conductor inside the conduit.
- · The cross section of the protective ground conductor must comply with the applicable standards.
- · Do not consider cable shields to be protective ground conductors.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A A DANGER

ATV310HeeeN4e - GROUND CONTINUITY HAZARD

An anodized heatsink can create an insulation barrier to the mounting surface. Ensure that you follow the recommended grounding connections.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

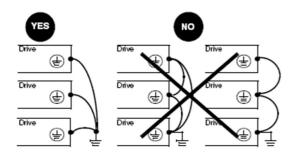
A A DANGER

ELECTRIC SHOCK CAUSED BY INSUFFICIENT GROUNDING

This product has an increased leakage current > 3.5 mA.

- Use a protective ground conductor with at least 10 mm² (AWG 6) or two protective ground conductors with the cross section of the conductors supplying the power terminals.
- Verify compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



- Ensure that the resistance of the ground is one ohm or less.
- When grounding several drives, you must connect each one directly, as shown in the figure to the left.
- Do not loop the ground cables or connect them in series.

NOTICE

DESTRUCTION DUE TO INCORRECT MAINS VOLTAGE

Before switching on and configuring the product, verify that it is approved for the mains voltage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

⚠ A DANGER

HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

For drives ≤ 4kW, the length of stripped part of wires connecting motors and drives and connecting to brake resistor should not exceed 10 mm (0.4 in.).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

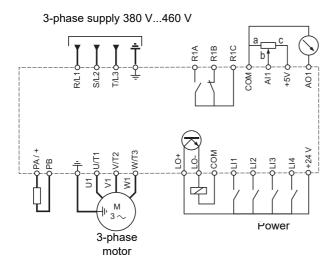
INSUFFICIENT PROTECTION AGAINST OVERCURRENTS

- · Properly rated overcurrent protective devices must be used.
- Do not connect the product to a supply mains whose short-circuit current rating (Isc) exceeds the permissible value (1).

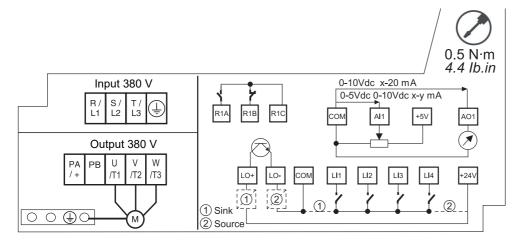
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

(1) the permissible value of the drive short-circuit current rating is 5 kA for product up to 4kW and 22 kA above 4 kW.

General wiring diagram



Wiring label



Operation on an IT System

Definition

IT system: Isolated or impedance grounded neutral. Use a permanent insulation monitoring device compatible with nonlinear loads, such as an XM200 type or equivalent.

Corner grounded system: System with one phase grounded.

Operation

NOTICE

OVERVOLTAGE OR OVERHEATING

If the drive is operated via an IT or corner grounded system, the integrated EMC filter must be disconnected as described in the present

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Disconnecting the Built-in EMC Filter

Filter Disconnection

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in "Before your begin" chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The drives have a built-in EMC filter (*). As a result, they exhibit leakage current to ground. If the leakage current creates compatibility problems with your installation (residual current device or other), then you can reduce the leakage current by deactivating the Y capacitors as shown below. In this configuration the product does not meet the EMC requirements according to the standard IEC 61800-3.

(*): Except ATV310HD••N4A/ ATV310HD••N4E drives (for 3-phase 380...460 V supply mains)

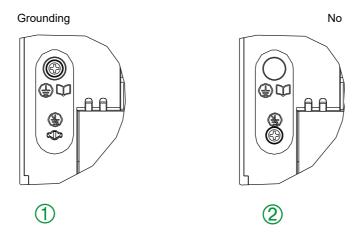
Setting on ATV310HD●●N4AF/ ATV310HD●●N4EF drives

Apply the following instructions to set the drive to operate or not on an IT or Corner grounded system

Step	Action
1	Remove the power terminal cover
2	The switch is factory set to the position shown on detail ①
3	To disconnect the built-in EMC filter, remove the screw from its location and set it to the @ position as shown on detail ②
4	Refit the front cover

NOTE:

- · Use only the screw supplied.
- · Do not operate the drive with setting screw removed.



△ △ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

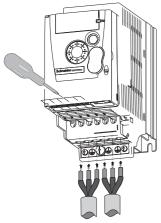
Read and understand the instructions in "Before your begin" chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

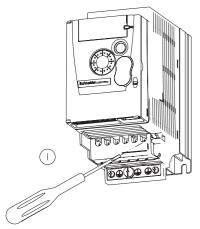
The incoming line power terminals and output terminals to the motor are located at the bottom of the drive. The power terminals can be accessed without opening the wiring trap if you use stripped wire cables.

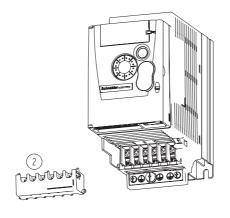
Access to the power terminals

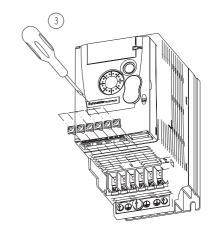
Access to the terminals if you use stripped wire cables



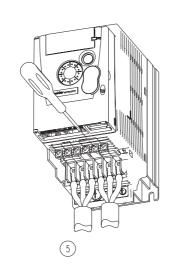
Access to the terminals if you use ring terminals

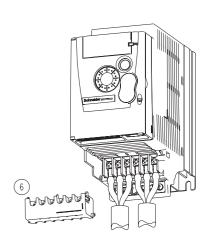








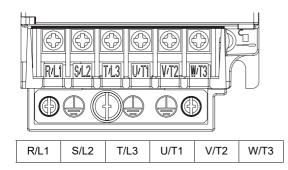




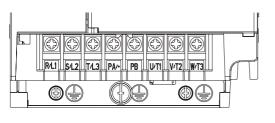
Characteristics and functions of power terminals

Terminal	Function	For ATV310
Ţ	Ground terminal	All ratings
R/L1 - S/L2 - T/L3	Power input terminal	All ratings
PA/+	Brake resistor terminal (DC Bus + output)	ATV310HU15N4●ATV310HD22N4●
РВ	Brake resistor terminal	ATV310HU15N4●ATV310HD22N4●
U/T1 - V/T2 - W/T3	Motor wiring terminal	All ratings

Arrangement of the power terminals

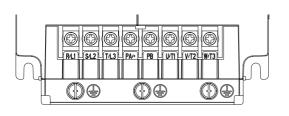


ATV310H	Applicable wire size (1) mm² (AWG)	Recommended wire size (2) mm ² (AWG)	Tightening torque (3) N·m (lb.in)
037N4● 075N4●	1.5~ 2.5 (16~ 14)	2.5 (14)	0.8~1 (7.1 to 8.9)



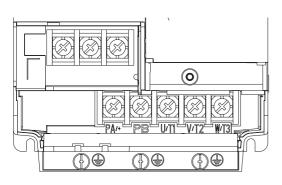
ATV310H	Applicable wire size (1)	Recommended wire size (2)	Tightening torque (3)
AIVSION	mm ² (AWG)	mm ² (AWG)	N·m (lb.in)
U15N4● U22N4●	1.5~ 2.5 (16~ 14)	2.5 (14)	0.8~1 (7.1 to 8.9)



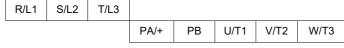


ATV310H	Applicable wire size (1)	Recommended wire size (2)	Tightening torque (3)
	mm ² (AWG)	mm ² (AWG)	N·m (lb.in)
U30N4● U40N4● U55N4●	1.5~4 (16~ 12) 2.5~4 (14~ 12) 4 (12)	2.5 (14) 4 (12) 4 (12)	1.2~1.4 (10.6 to 12.4)

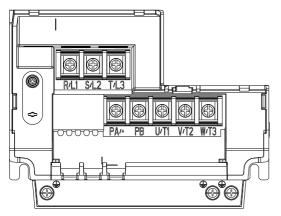




ATV310H	Applicable wire size (1) mm² (AWG)	Recommended wire size (2) mm² (AWG)	Tightening torque (3) N·m (lb.in)
U75N4●	6 ~10 (10 ~7)	10 (7)	2.2~2.4
D11N4●	10 (7)	10 (7)	(19.5 to 21.2)

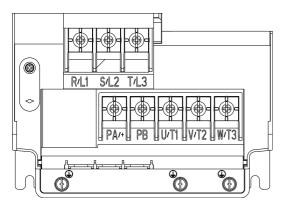


Arrangement of the power terminals



R/L1	S/L2	T/L3					
			PA/+	РВ	U/T1	V/T2	W/T3

ATV310H	Overload ATV310H HD: Heavy duty		Applicable wire size (1) mm² (AWG)		ed wire size (2) (AWG)	Tightening torque (3)	
	ND: Normal duty	Supply terminals	Output terminals	Supply terminals	Output terminals	N·m (lb.in)	
D15N4●	HD ND	16~ 25(4~ 3) 16~ 25(4~ 3)	10~ 25(6~ 3) 10~ 25(6~ 3)	25(3) 25(3)	16(4) 16(4)	2.2~2.4 (19.5 to 21.2)	
D18N4●	HD ND	25(3) 16~ 25(4~ 3)	10~ 25(6~ 3) 16~ 25(4~ 3)	25(3) 25(3)	16(4) 16(4)	2.2~2.4 (19.5 to 21.2)	



R/L1	S/L2	T/L3					
			PA/+	РВ	U/T1	V/T2	W/T3

ATV310H	Overload 310H HD: Heavy duty Applicable wire size (1) mm² (AWG)		Recommended wire size (2) mm ² (AWG)		Tightening torque (3)	
	ND: Normal duty	Supply terminals	Output terminals	Supply terminals	Output terminals	N·m (lb.in)
D22N4●	HD ND	35(2) 25 ~35(3 ~2)	16~ 35(4~ 2) 25~ 35(3~ 2)	35(2) 35(2)	25(3) 25(3)	4.5~5.0 (39~44.3)

- (1) The value in bold corresponds to the minimum wire gauge to permit secureness. (2)70°C copper cable (minimum wire size for rated use).
- (3) Recommended to maximum value.

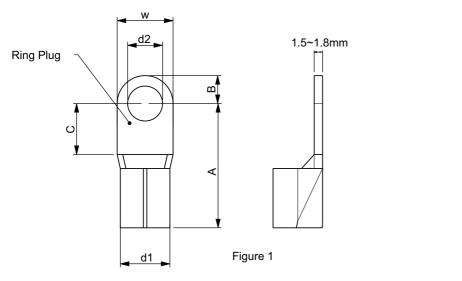
Screwdriver(s)

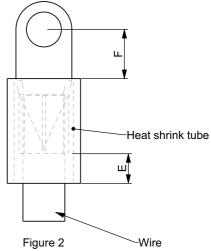
For ≤18.5 kW terminal wiring, use Phillips-head screwdriver PH2 (Ø6).

For 22 kW terminal wiring, use Phillips-head screwdriver PH2 (Ø6) or PH3 (Ø8).

The specification of main circuit terminal

- For ≥ 15 kW, if the wire terminal is > 10mm² (AWG 6), the ring lug is required for main circuit terminal connection, please refer to Figure 1 for the specifications of the ring lug.
 Wire should be crimped into UL compliant ring lug before putting on the insulated heat shrink tube, which is UL and CSA compliant,
- 600 Vac voltage withstand, YUPU2, please refer to Figure 2 for the specifications of the heat shrink tube.





Ring lug size table:

Rated Output Power (kW)	Input Cable Cross -section (mm ²)	Motor Cable Cross - section (mm ²	A (MAX)	B (MAX)	C (MIN)	d1	d2 (MIN)	E (MIN)	F (Range)	W (MAX)
15 18.5	16~25 (AWG6~4)	10~25 (AWG6~3)	33	10	12	Depend on cable	5.2	13	10~14	13
22	25~35 (AWG3~2)	16~35 (AWG4~2)	33	8	12	Depend on cable	6.2	13	10~14	16

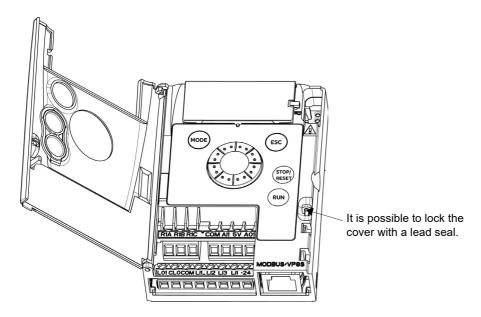
Control terminals

Keep the control circuits away from the power cables. For control and speed reference circuits, we recommend using shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 25 and 50 mm (1 and 2 in.). Connect the shield to ground as outlined on page <u>36</u>.

Access to the control terminals

To access the control terminals, open the cover.

NOTE: For information regarding HMI button functions, see "HMI description" on page <u>40</u>.



Arrangement of control terminals



R1A Normally open (NO) contact of the relay R1B Normally closed (NC) contact of the relay

R1C Common pin of the relay
COM COMmon of analog and logic I/Os

Al1 Analog Input

5V +5VDC supply provided by the drive

AO1 Analog Output

LO+ Logic Output (collector)

LO- Common of the logic Output (emitter)
COM COMmon of analog and logic I/Os

LI1 Logic Input LI2 Logic Input LI3 Logic Input LI4 Logic Input

+24V +24 VDC supply provided by the drive

RJ45 Modbus network or remote display panel interface.

ATV310 Control	Applicable wire size (1)	Tightening torque (2)	
terminals	mm ² (AWG)	N·m (lb.in)	
R1A, R1B, R1C	0.75 to 1.5 (18 to 16)	0.5 to 0.6 (4.4 to 5.3)	
Other terminals	0.14 to 1.5 (26 to 16)	0.5 to 0.0 (4.4 to 5.5)	

- (1) The value in bold corresponds to the minimum wire gauge to permit secureness.
- (2) Recommended to maximum value.

Recommended screwdriver(s)

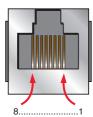
Control terminal wiring requires a Phillips-head screwdriver PH0 (Ø3).

Characteristics and functions of the control terminals

Terminal	Function	Electrical Characteristics
R1A	NO contact of the relay	Minimum switching capacity:
		• 5 mA for 24 V
R1B	NC contact of the relay	Maximum switching capacity:
		• on inductive load (cos φ = 0.4 and L/R = 7 ms):
R1C	Common pin of the relay	2 A for 250 V \sim and 30 V $=$ • on resistive load (cos φ = 1 and L/R = 0):
		3 A for 250 V \sim , 4 A for 30 V $=$
		• response time: 30ms maximum.
COM	Common of analog and lo	
Al1	Voltage or current	• resolution: 10 bits
	analog input	• precision: ± 1% at 25°C (77°F)
		• linearity: ± 0.3% (of full scale)
		• sampling time: 20 ms ± 1 ms
		• analog voltage input 0 to +5 V or 0 to + 10 V
		(maximum voltage 30 V) impedance: 30 kΩ
		• Analog current input x to y mA, impedance: 250 Ω
LIU	Logic input plus	• When the inverter input is positive logic connection (source mode), by setting the Al1 type to LIU,
		and adding the pull-up resistor, Al1 can be used as a logic input.
		When the inverter input is negative logic connection (sink mode), Al1 do not support to use as LIU logic input.
		• When Al1 is used as a logic input, the input impedance is 30kΩ;
		Internal power supply or external power supply, the maximum input voltage of Al1 port is 20 V
		- if ≤3 V, state 0
		- if ≥7 V, state 1
		Source
		ATV310
		+24V Al1 Com
		[] (1) <i>/</i>
		Ϊ Ί
F) /	Danier annah (fan	(1) The series resistance is $15k\Omega$.
5V	Power supply for reference potentiometer	precision: ± 5% maximum current: 10 mA
AO1	Voltage or current	• resolution: 8 bits
AOT	analog output	• precision: ± 1% at 25°C (77°F)
	analog calput	• linearity: ± 0.3% (of full scale)
		• sampling time: 4 ms (max. 7 ms)
		• analog voltage output: 0 to +10 V (maximum voltage +1%)
		\bullet minimum output impedance: 470 Ω
		• analog current output: x to 20 mA
		• maximum output impedance: 800 Ω
LO+	Logic output	• voltage: 24 V (maximum 30 V)
		 impedance: 1kΩ max current output: 100mA (1)
		• linearity: ± 1%
		• sampling time: 20 ms ± 1 ms.
LO-	Common of the logic outp	, , ,
LI1	Logic inputs	Programmable logic inputs
LI2		• +24 VDC power supply (maximum 30 V)
LI3		• impedance: $3.5 \text{ k}\Omega$
LI4		• state: 0 if < 5 V, state 1 if > 11 V in positive logic
		• state: 1 if < 10 V, state 0 if > 16 V or switched off (not connected)
		in negative logic
124)/	124 VDC 01222	• sampling time: < 20 ms ± 1 ms.
+24V	+24 VDC supply provided by the drive	+24 VDC -15% +20% protected against short-circuits and overloads. Maximum customer current available: 100 mA
	provided by the drive	Manimum customer current available. 100 mm

⁽¹⁾ LO logic output maximum current could be 100 mA when external power supply or internal +24 V supply alone to LO. If the internal +24 V supply logic inputs also, the maximum current will be 80 mA

Modbus Connection (RJ45)



Pin	Signal
1	Reserved
2	
3	
4	D1 (1)
5	D0 (1)
6	Reserved
7	VP
	NOTE: Supply for RS232 / RS485 converter or a remote terminal.
8	Common (1)
	NOTICE
	RISK OF SERIAL PORT DAMAGE
	Do not connect shield layer of the cable to Common (pin8).
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.
(1) Modb	ous signals.

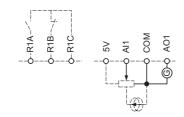
Control connection diagrams

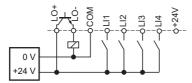
Logic inputs type 203 parameter (page 60) is used to adapt the operation of the logic inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs.

- Set the parameter to [] [] for Source operation.
- Set the parameter to [] I for internal Sink operation.
- Set the paramters to \square of or external Sink operation.

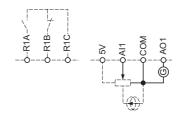
NOTE: The modification will be taken into account only at the next control power-on.

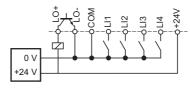
Source - using external supply



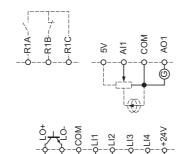


Sink - using external supply

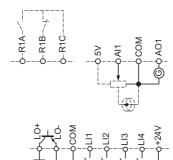




Source - using internal supply



Sink - using internal supply





UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- If the function Logic input type 203 is set to "01" or "02", do not connect the "0 V" terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.
- If you connect a PLC with sink output to the drive:
 - Make sure to set the parameter 203 to "02" before you connect the PLC to the drive.
 - Disconnect the hardware wiring between PLC and drive when you try to restore the factory setting 102 to "64" of the drive.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC), Wiring

EMC requirements for the control cabinet

EMC measures	Objective	
Use mounting plates with good electrical conductivity, connect large surface areas of metal parts, remove paint from contact areas.	Good conductivity due to large surface contact.	
Ground the control cabinet, the control cabinet door and the mounting plate with ground straps or ground wires. The conductor cross section must be at least 10 mm² (AWG 8).	Reduces emissions.	
Fit switching devices such as power contactors, relays or solenoid valves with interference suppression units or arc suppressors (for example, diodes, varistors, RC circuits).	Reduces mutual interference.	
Install power components and control components separately.		

Shielded cables

EMC measures	Objective	
Connect large surface areas of cable shields, use cable clamps and ground straps.	Reduces emissions.	
Use cable clamps to connect a large surface area of the shields of all shielded cables to the mounting plate at the control cabinet entry.		
Ground shields of digital signal wires at both ends by connecting them to a large surface area or via conductive connector housings	Reduces interference affecting the signal wires, reduces emissions	
Ground the shields of analog signal wires directly at the device (signal input); insulate the shield at the other cable end or ground it via a capacitor (for example, 10 nF, 100 V or higher.	Reduces ground loops due to low-frequency interference.	
Use only shielded motor cables with copper braid and a coverage of at least 85%, ground a large surface area of the shield at both ends.	Diverts interference currents in a controlled way, reduces emissions.	

Cable Installation

EMC measures	Objective
Do not route fieldbus cables and signal wires in a single cable duct together with lines with DC and AC voltages of more than 60 V (fieldbus cables, signal lines and analog lines may be in the same cable duct). Recommendation: Use separate cable ducts at least 20 cm apart.	Reduces mutual interference.
Keep cables as short as possible. Do not install unnecessary cable loops, use short cables from the central grounding point in the control cabinet to the external ground connection.	Reduces capacitive and inductive interference.
Use equipotential bonding conductors in the following cases: wide-area installations, different voltage supplies and installation across several buildings.	Reduces current in the cable shield, reduces emissions.
Use fine stranded equipotential bonding conductors.	Diverts high-frequency interference currents
If motor and machine are not conductively connected, for example by an insulated flange or a connection without surface contact, you must ground the motor with a ground strap or a ground wire. The conductor cross section must be at least 10 mm2 (AWG 6).	Reduces emissions, increases immunity.
Use twisted pair for the DC supply. For digital and analog inputs use shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 2550 mm (12 in).	Reduces interference affecting the signal cables, reduces emissions.

Power Supply

EMC measures	Objective
Operate product on mains with grounded neutral point.	Enables effectiveness of mains filter.
Surge arrester if there is a risk of overvoltage.	Reduces the risk of damage caused by overvoltage.

Mechanical Installation

Verify the mechanical installation of the entire drive system:

Step	Step Action	
1	Does the installation meet the specified distance requirements?	
2	Did you tighten all fastening screws with the specified tightening torque?	

Electrical installation

Verify the electrical connections and the cabling:

Step	Action	~
1	Did you connect all protective ground conductors?	
2	Does circuit breaker has the correct rating refer to page 13.	
3	Did you connect or insulate all wires at the cable ends?	
4	Did you properly connect and install all cables and connectors?	
5	Do all plug-in terminals colors and markings correspond to the colors and marking of the control block?	
6	Did you properly connect the signal wires?	

Covers And Seals

Verify that all covers and seals of the control cabinet are properly installed to meet the required degree of protection.

Drive factory settings

The ATV310 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions (motor rating according to drive rating):

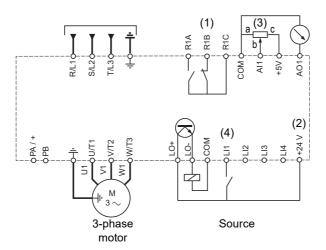
- Display: drive ready (- [] []) with motor stopped or motor frequency reference while running
- Automatic adaptation of the deceleration ramp in the event of overvoltage on braking
- · No automatic restarting after a detected fault is cleared
- · Logic inputs:
 - LI1: forward (2-wire transitional control)
 - LI2, LI3, LI4: no assignment
- · Logic output: LO1: no assignment
- Analog input: Al1 (0 to + 5 V) speed reference
- Relay R1: fault as default setting. R1A opens and R1B closes when a fault is detected or no line voltage is present.
- · Analog output AO1: no assignment

Code	Description	Value	Page
30 I	Standard motor frequency	50 Hz	<u>66</u>
304	Rated motor voltage	380 V	<u>66</u>
50 1.0	Acceleration	3 s	<u>75</u>
501.1	Deceleration	3 s	<u>75</u>
5 12.0	Low speed	0 Hz	<u>101</u>
5 12.2	High speed	50 Hz	<u>102</u>
309	Motor control type	Standard U/F law	<u>67</u>
3 10	IR compensation	100%	<u>68</u>
604.0	Motor thermal current	equal to nominal motor current (value determined by drive rating)	<u>106</u>
504.1	Automatic DC injection current	0.7 x rated drive current, for 0.5 seconds.	<u>80</u>
3 15	Switching frequency	4 kHz	<u>69</u>

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

Drive factory wiring diagram

ATV310



- (1) R1 relay contacts, for remote indication of the drive status.
- (2) Internal + 24 V If an external source is used (+ 30 V maximum), connect the 0 V of the source to the COM terminal, and do not use the + 24 V terminal on the drive.
- (3) Reference potentiometer SZ1RV1202 (2.2 k Ω) or similar (10 k Ω maximum).
- (4) Forward.

Status relay, unlocking

The R1 status relay is energized when the drive power is applied with no fault detected. It de-energizes in the event of a detected fault or when the drive power is removed.

The drive is reset after a detected fault:

- by switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again.
- automatically when "automatic restart" function is enabled, fault detection menu 6 0 0 -, Automatic restart 6 0 2.0 parameter (page 103) set to 0 1.
- via a logic input when this input is assigned to the "drive reset" function, fault detection menu ☐ □ □ menu, Detected fault reset assignment ☐ □ I (page 103) set to L●H.
- by using the "run" key on the drive to reset section fault. See Reset all previous detected faults via Run key of HMI 6 14 parameter (page 109).

Drive thermal detection

Thermal detection is provided by a built-in PTC probe in the power module.

Drive ventilation

Ratings up to 0.75 kW (1 HP) do not include a fan. Other ratings do contain a built-in cooling fan. There are two cooling fan run modes: in the first, the fan runs when drive is running; in the second, the fan runs when the drive thermal state requires ventilation. The fan runs only runs when the drive thermal state requires ventilation.

Motor thermal detection

Function:

Thermal detection by calculating the I²t.

NOTE: The motor thermal state memo returns to zero when the drive power is cycled if Motor thermal state memo 6 4.3 parameter (page 106) is not set to 1.

NOTICE

MOTOR OVERHEATING

The motor thermal state is not saved when drive is switched off.

When the drive is switched on, it is not aware of the thermal state of the connected motor or motors.

To enable correct temperature monitoring of the motors, install an external temperature sensor for each motor.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

NOTICE

MOTOR OVERHEATING

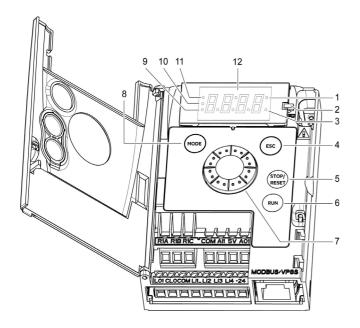
Install external thermal monitoring equipment under the following conditions:

- If a motor with a nominal current of less than 20% of the nominal current of the drive is connected.
- · If you use the function Motor Switching.
- · If several motors are connected to the same drive

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

HMI description

Functions of the display and keys



- 1. Value LED (a) (b)
- 2. Charge LED
- 3. Unit LED (c)
- 4. ESC button: Exits a menu or parameter, or aborts the displayed value to return to the previous value in the memory. In LOCAL configuration, a 2 s press on ESC button switches between the control/programming modes.

NOTE: In LOCAL configuration, the three Leds 9, 10, 11 are blinking simultaneously in programming mode and are working as a Led chaser in control mode.

- STOP/RESET button: stops the motor (could be hidden by door if function disabled). Important: See instructions for "RUN/STOP" cover removal.
- RUN button: Starts running in LOCAL configuration and in REMOTE configuration if the function is configured (could be hidden by door if function disabled).
- 7. Jog Dial
 - Acts as a potentiometer in local mode in LOCAL configuration and in REMOTE configuration if the function is configured
 - For navigation when turned clockwise or counterclockwise
 - And selection / validation when pushed

 This action is represented by the symbol on the right

This action is represented by the symbol on the right.

8. MODE button

Switches between the control/programming modes. A 3 s press on MODE button switches between the REMOTE/LOCAL configurations.

- 9. CONFIGURATION mode LED (b)
- 10. MONITORING mode LED
- 11. REFERENCE mode LED
- 12. Four "7-segment" displays

NOTE: In LOCAL configuration, the three Leds **9**, **10**, **11** are blinking simultaneously in programming mode and are working as a Led chaser in control mode.

- (a) If illuminated, indicates that a **value** is displayed, for example, **a**. **5** is displayed for "0.5".
- (b) When changing a value the Configuration mode LED and the value LED are on steady.
- (c) If illuminated, indicates that a unit is displayed, for example, AMP is displayed for "Amps".

WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

The function Stop key priority 4 0 5 parameter disables the Stop keys of the drive and of the Remote Display Terminal if the setting of the parameter is 0 0.

Only set this parameter to \square \square if you have implemented appropriate alternative stop functions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Programming

Remote control

Remote operation and programming by HMI is possible using the optional display terminal part VW3A1006. The dimensions of the display terminal part are 70 mm (2.76 in) x 50 mm (2.76 in).



NOTE: Set the remote display terminal with:

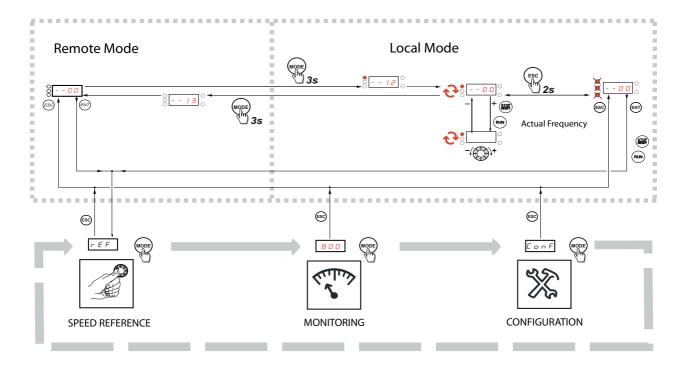
- Modbus rate = 19.2 Kbps, (see 702, page 110)
 Modbus format = 8E1, 8 bit, even parity, 1 stop bit (see 703, page 110).

First power-up

At first power-up you are prompted to set Standard motor frequency 3 1 (page 66). Next time power is applied - - 1 appears. Operating mode selection is then possible using the MODE or JOG key as detailed below.

Menus structure

Access to menus and parameters is possible through the Reference (r E F) mode (page 47), Monitoring (B D - D = 0) mode (page 47) and Configuration (C D = D = 0) mode (page 53). Switching between these modes is possible at any time using the MODE key or Jog Dial on the keyboard. The first MODE key depression moves from current position to the top of the branch. A second depression switches to next mode.



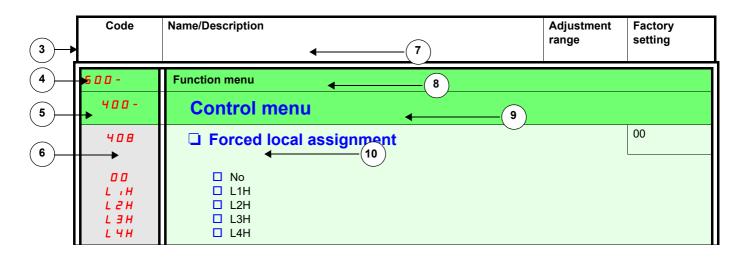
Structure of parameter tables

The mode, sectional, menu, sub-menu and parameter table structure is laid out below.

NOTE: Parameters containing the sign () in the code column can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Example:





- 1. Name of mode
- Name of section, if any
- 3. Menu code on 4-digit 7-segment display, followed by a "-"
- 4. Sub-menu code on 4-digit 7-segment display, if any
- 5. Parameter code

- 6. Value code
- 7. Name of menu
- 8. Name of sub-menu
- 9. Parameter description
- 10. Possible value(s) / state of parameter, if any

Function compatibility table

	Preset speed (page 84)	PI regulator (page 85)	Jog operation (page <u>81</u>)	Auto DC injection (page 80)	Catch on the fly (page 104)	Fast stop (page 77)	Freewheel (page 77)	DC injection (page <u>78</u>)
Preset speed (page <u>84</u>)			Ť					
PI regulator (page <u>85</u>)			•					
Jog operation (page <u>81</u>)	+	•		+				
Auto DC injection (page 80)			Ť				t	t
Catch on the fly (page 104)							+	
Fast stop (page <u>77</u>)							t	• (1)
Freewheel (page <u>77</u>)				+	Ť	+		+
DC injection (page 78)				+		• (1)	t	

Incompatible functions	Compatible functions	Not applicable
The function indicated by the	he arrow has priority over the other.	
← ↑ Priority function (function	ion which can be active at the same tir	me)

(1) Priority is given to the first of these two stop modes to be activated.

Stop functions have priority over run commands.
Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

Reference Mode rEF

Use the reference mode to monitor and if local control is enabled (Reference channel 1 4 1 1 page 73 = 18 3), adjust the actual reference value by rotating the jog dial.

When local control is enabled, the jog dial of the HMI acts as a potentiometer to change the reference value up and down within the limits preset by other parameters (512.0 and 512.2). There is no need to press the ENT key to confirm the change of the reference. If local command mode is disabled, using Command channel 1 4 1 7 page 74, only reference values and units are displayed. The value will be "read only" and cannot be modified by the jog dial (the reference is no longer given by the jog dial but from an AI or other source). The actual reference displayed determined by the choice made in Reference channel 1 4 1 1 page 73.

Organization tree

(1) Determined by active reference channel. Possible values:

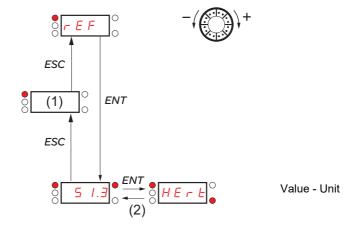
402 403

80 I 59 II

806

(2) 2 s or ESC

Displayed parameter value and unit of the diagram are given as examples.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
402 () (1)	Frequency reference visible if reference channel active Reference channel 1 4 1 1 (page 73) set to 163. or Forced local reference 4 1 9 (page 74) set to 163. This parameter allows modification of the frequency reference Visibility determined by drive settings.		-		
403 () (1)	0 to 100% of 5 <i>1 2 . 2</i> parameter value erence by integrated jog dial.	-			
80 0 63 64 83	Actual frequency reference. This parameter is in read-only mode. Visibility deter Analog input terminal Remote display Modbus				
59.11 () (1)	0 to 100% eference with the jog dial.	-			
806	PID reference value This parameter is the PID reference value expressed as a %.				

(1) It is not necessary to press ENT key to confirm modification of the reference.

()

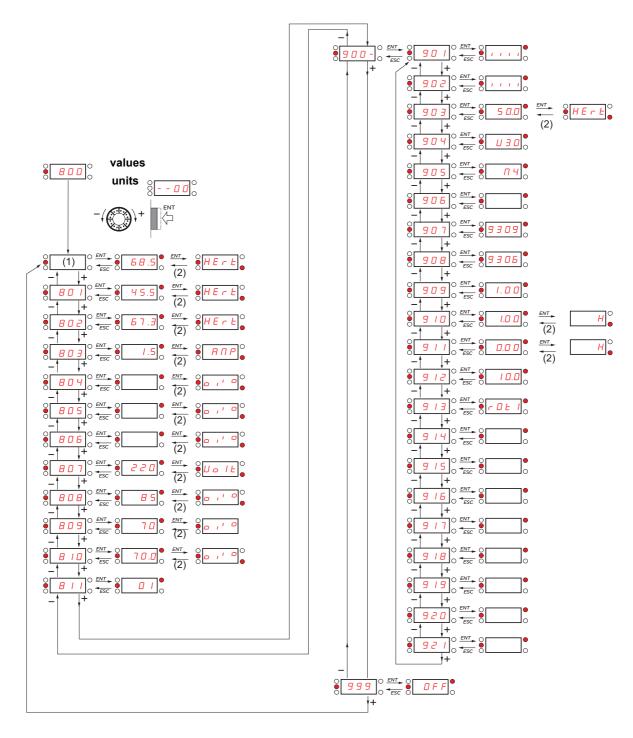
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Monitoring mode MOn

When the drive is running, the value displayed is that of one of the monitoring parameters. The default value displayed is the motor Output frequency $\square \square \square$ (page 47).

While the value of the desired new monitoring parameter is being displayed, press the jog dial button a second time to display the unit.

Organization tree



(1) Determined by active reference channel. Possible values:

402

403

(2) 2 s or ESC

Displayed parameter values and units of the diagram are given as examples.

Code	Name/Description	Unit				
402	☐ External reference value	Hz				
()	External display terminal or local force mode configured. Forced local reference 409 (page 74) I 6 3 and Forced local assignment 408 (page 74) is not 00. Displays the Actual speed reference coming from the remote display terminal. This value is not value factory setting.					
403	Integrated display jog dial reference	%				
()	Embedded display terminal active or local force mode configured. Forced local reference 4 0 9 (page 7 set to 18 3 and Forced local assignment 4 0 8 (page 74) is not 0 0. Displays the Actual speed reference coming from the jog dial. This value is not visible in factory setting					
801	☐ Speed reference	Hz				
	Actual frequency reference					
802	☐ Output frequency	Hz				
	This parameter provides the estimated motor speed. It corresponds to the estimated motor frequency (on the motor shaft). In Standard Motor control type ① 3 (page 67), Output frequency ② 2 is equal to motor stator frequency. In Motor control type ③ 0 9 selection of high performance motor control type ② 0 (page 67), Output frequency ② 0 2 is equal to the frequency corresponding to estimated motor speed. Range: -400 to 400 Hz					
803	☐ Motor current	Α				
	Estimation of the effective motor current (output of the drive) from phase current measurements accuracy of 5%. During DC injection, the current displayed is the maximum value of current injected in the motor.	with an				
804	☐ PID error	%				
	Visible only if the PID function is configured [PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 0 (page 86) set to 1]. See PID diagram on page 85.					
805	□ PID feedback	%				
	Visible only if the PID function is configured [PID feedback assignment 5 9. 0 0 (page 86) set to 0 1]. See PID diagram on page 85.					
806	□ PID reference	%				
	Visible only if the PID function is configured [PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 0 (page 86) set to 0 1]. See PID diagram on page 85.					
807	☐ Main voltage	V				
	Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.					
808	☐ Motor thermal state	%				
	Display of the motor thermal state. Above 118%, drive displays (page 114) Motor overload F 🛭	fault.				
809	☐ Drive thermal state	%				
	Display of the drive thermal state. Above 118%, drive displays (page 114) Drive overheat F 🛭 I	/ fault.				
8 10	☐ Output power	%				
	The parameter displays the ratio between "estimated motor power (on the shaft) versus drive rating."					

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description
811	☐ Product status
	This parameter displays the state of the drive and motor.
0 0	☐ Drive ready
D I	 Drive running, the last 6-segment digit to the right of the code also indicates direction and speed
0 2	☐ Acceleration, the last 6-segment digit to the right of the code also indicates direction and speed
0 3	 Deceleration, the last 6-segment digit to the right of the code also indicates direction and speed
🛮 4	☐ DC injection braking in progress
05	☐ Current limitation state, 4-segment digit blinks
06	☐ Freewheel stop control
D 7	☐ Auto-adapted deceleration
🛭 🗷	☐ Controlled stop on mains phase loss
0 9	☐ Auto-tuning in progress
10	☐ Fast stop state
11	No line power state. When the control part is energized via the RJ45 connector and there is no line voltage and no run order present.
12	☐ Drive is running and using the Fall back speed
13	☐ Remote configuration
14	☐ Local configuration
	Local configuration

Code	Name/Description	Unit			
900-	Maintenance menu Parameters of 900- cannot be selected for monitoring.				
901	☐ State of logic inputs LI1 to LI4	-			
	Can be used to visualize the state of the 4 logic inputs.				
	State 1				
	State 0				
	LI1 LI2 LI3 LI4 Example above: LI1 and LI3 are at 1; LI2 and LI4 are at 0.				
902	☐ State of the logic output LO1 and relay R1	-			
	Can be used to visualize the state of the logic output.				
	State 1				
	State 0 1 1 1				
	R1 LO1				
903	☐ Display of high speed value	Hz			
	Displays frequency corresponding to the high speed value. Range from Low speed 5 12.0 (page 101) Maximum frequency 3 0 8 (page 67) is not set to 0 6 Visible only if 2 High speed assignment 5 12.4 (page 102) is configured.				
904	☐ Drive Power rating	-			
	Indicates the drive power rating. This is part the of the drive reference. Refer to page 12. P 037 = 0.37 kW 075 = 0.75 kW U15 = 1.5 kW U22 = 2.2 kW U30 = 3 kW U40 = 4 kW U55 = 5.5kW U75 = 7.5kW D11 = 11kW D15 = 15 kW D18 = 18.5 kW D22 = 22 kW	cossible values:			
905	☐ Drive voltage rating	-			
	Indicates the Drive rate voltage. This is part of the drive reference, see page <u>12</u> . Possible v N4= 360 V~460 V 3-phase in, 360 V~460 V 3-phase out	/alues:			
906	□ Specific Product Number	-			
	This parameter is used to identify the specific version of the product. When the product is in standard version, this parameter value will be 0 and invisible. When the product is in specific or customized version, the value will be non-zero and visible in the menu.				
907	☐ Card 1 Software Version	-			
	Application software version Example: 1105 for 1.1 ie 05				
	1 (version, major), 1 (version, minor), 05 (ie, evolution number)				

Code	Name/Description			Unit	
900-	Maintenance m	enu (continue	d)		
908	☐ Card 2 Softw	-			
	Motor control s Example: 1105 1 (version, maj				
909	☐ Run elapsed	time display	/	0.01	
	Total time the moto table below. Paran	•	ed up. Range: 0 to 65535 hours. Value displayed is as do r services.	escribed in the	
	Hours	Display			
	1	0.01			
	10	0.10			
	100	1.00			
	1000	10.0			
	10000	100			
9 10	☐ Power On tin	ne display		0.01	
		lrive has been pow e. Parameter reset	vered on. Range: 0 to 65535 hours. Value displayed is a table by services.	s described in	
911	☐ Fan time dis	olay		0.01	
	Range: 0 to 65 customer.	535 hours. Value o	displayed is as described in the table above. Parameter	resettable by	
9 12	□ Process elap	sed time		0.01	
()	Range: 0 to 65 customer.	535 hours. Value o	displayed is as described in the table above. Parameter	resettable by	
9 1 3	☐ Modbus com	munication	status	-	
r 0 £ 0		•	ssion = communication idle		
ro E r E r E	 Modbus no reception, transmission Modbus reception, no transmission Modbus reception and transmission 				
9 14	☐ Last fault 1			-	
		describes the Las	st fault.		

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description					Unit
900-	Maintenance n	nenu (continue	d)			
9 15	☐ State of driv	☐ State of drive at fault 1			-	
	This parameter describes the drive state at the moment of the first detected fault.					
	bit 0	bit 1	bit 2	bit 3	bit	4
	ETA.1: Switched on	ETA.5: Fast stop	ETA.6: Switch on disabled	Forced local enabled	ETA. Motor rotation in fo (or stop	orward direction
	bit 5	bit 6	bit 7	bit 8	bit 9	
	ETI.4: Run order present	ETI.5: DC injection running	ETI.7: Motor thermal threshold reached	ETI.8: Reserved	ETI.9: Product in acceleration	
	bit 10	bit 11	bit 12	bit 1	3 - 14	bit 15
	ETI.10 : Product in deceleration	ETI.11 : Current limitation or torque limitation is running	Fast stop in progress	Drive controlled by display ETI.14= 0 - Drive controlled terr ETI.14= 1 - Drive controll	+ ETI.13=0 : oy terminal or local terminal + ETI.13=1 : by remote display ninal + ETI.13=0 : ed by Modbus .13=0 : Reserved	ETI.15 : Reverse direction applied to the ramp
9 16	☐ Last fault 2 This parameter	er describes the sec	cond detected faul	t		-
9 1 7			ona actodica taar	•		
3 , ,	☐ State of driven This parameter	er describes the driv	e state at the mo	ment of the second	l detected fault. Se	ee 9 /5 .
9 18	☐ Last fault 3					-
	This paramete	er describes the thir	d detected fault.			
9 19	☐ State of driv					-
	This paramete	er describes the driv	e state at the mor	ment of the third de	etected fault. See	9 15.
9 2 0	☐ Last fault 4					-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	er describes the fou	rth detected fault.			
921	☐ State of drive at fault 4					
	This paramete	er describes the driv	e state at the mor	ment of the fourth of	detected fault. See	9 15.

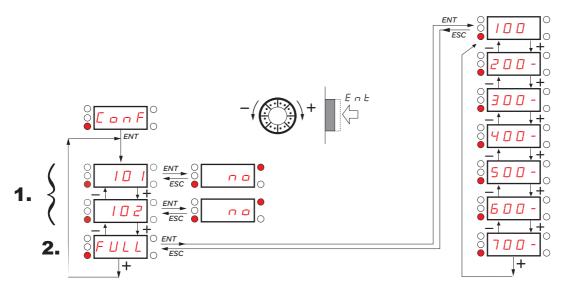
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
999	☐ HMI Password	2 - 9999	OFF
o F F	Possible state value: Password disabled Password activated Range: 2 - 9999 If you have lost your password, please contact Schneider Electric. This parameter is used to restrict access to the drive. To lock the drive, go to the HMI Password 9 9 parameter and en Once activated, the password state changes to password protection only enables access to Reference (per F) (see) (see page 53) mode. Return to factory settings or access to Full To unlock the drive, go to the 9 9 parameter, enter the valid pass Password protection removal is then possible and carried out by en pressing ENT.	ee page <u>45</u>) mode and L L section are disable sword, then press EN	Monitor (B D D - ed. T.

Configuration mode, ConF

The Configuration mode comprises 2 parts :

- 1. Store/recall parameter set: these 2 functions are used to store and recall customer settings.
- 2. FULL: This menu permits to access to all other parameters. It includes 6 sub-menus:
 - Macro-configuration / [[[page 55)
 - Input Output menu 200- (page <u>56</u>)
 - Motor Control menu 3 0 0- (page 66)
 - Control menu 4 0 0- (page 73)
 - Function menu **5** [] []- (page <u>75</u>)
 - Fault detection management menu 6 0 0- (page 103)
 - Communication menu 7 0 0- (page 110)

Organization tree



Displayed parameter values are given as examples only.

(1) Determined by active reference channel. (2) 2 s or ESC Possible values: 4 0 2 or 4 0 3

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
101	☐ Store customer parameter set		00
□	This function creates a backup of the present configuration: ☐ Function inactive ☐ Saves the current configuration in the drive memory.		
_	When a drive leaves the factory the current configuration and the backup configuration are both initialized with the factory configuration.		
102	☐ Factory / recall customer parameter set		00
0 0	This function permits restoration of a configuration. ☐ Function inactive		
02	As soon as one of the following action has been performed, I automatically changes to The current configuration becomes identical to the backup configuration previously saved by I . As soon as this action has been performed, I automatically changes to		
64	the backup has been carried out. If this value appears, <i>E</i>		
₹ 2 s	▲ WARNING		
	UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION		
	Verify that restoring the factory settings is compatible with the type of w	_	
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious inj	ury, or equipment da	mage.



To change the assignment of this parameter, press ENT key for 2 s.

How to control the drive locally

In factory setting, RUN, STOP and jog dial are inactive. To control the drive locally, adjust the following parameters: Set Reference channel 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ (page $\frac{73}{2}$) to $\frac{1}{2}$ (use integrated display with jog dial).

LI assignment information

It is possible with ATV310 to use multi assignment function (ie: 5 0 1.4 and 5 0 3 on the same LI). It is also possible on some functions to assign LIH (high) or LIL (low), which means that the assigned function will be activated to high (LIH) or low level (LIL) of LI.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
100	☐ Macro-configuration			00
		WARNING		
	UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION			
	Verify that the selected macro configuration is configuration is configuration.	ompatible with the typ	e of wiring used.	
	Failure to follow these instructions can resul	t in death, serious ir	ijury or equipment	damage.
0	 Macro configuration provides a shortcut to configure a set of parameters suited to a specific field of application. 3 macro configurations are available: □ Start/stop. Only forward is assigned. □ PID regulation. Activate PID function, dedicate Al1 for feedback and AlV1 for reference. □ Speed. Allocate LI to a preset speed which provides a means of configuring speed functions for a specific field of application. 			
₹ 2 s		e performing an autotuning. ssigns the parameters in this macro configuration.		
	Each macro configuration can still be n	nodified in other menu	S.	
	Input / output or parameter	Start/stop	PID regulation	Speed
	Al1	Ref. channel 1	PID feedback	NONE
	AIV1	NONE	Ref. channel 1	
	AO1	NONE		
	LO1	NONE		
	R1	No drive detected fa	ult	
	L1H (2-wire)	Forward		_
	L2H (2-wire)	NONE		Reverse
	L3H (2-wire)	NONE	Auto/Manual	2 preset speeds
	L4H (2-wire)	NONE		4 preset speeds
	L1H (3-wire)	Stop		
	L2H (3-wire)	Forward		
	L2H (3-wire)	NONE	A 1 /B4 1	Reverse
	L4H (3-wire)	NONE	Auto/Manual	2 preset speeds
	4 0 1 (Reference source 1)		Integrated Jog dial	Integrated Jog dial
	3 0 9 (Motor control type)		Pump: 309=06	
	4 □ 4 (Reverse inhibition) 2 □ 4 . □ (Al1 type)		Yes	
	L F L L (4-20 mA signal loss)		YES	
	5 0 7.3 (Preset speed 2)		3 5 3	10.0Hz
	5 0 7.4 (Preset speed 2) 5 0 7.4 (Preset speed 3)			25.0Hz
	5 0 7.5 (Preset speed 4)			50.0Hz
	3 19 (Motor parameter choice)			Motor power factor
	5 0 4.0 (Automatic DC injection)	Limited DC injection	Limited DC injection	Limited DC injection



2 s To change the assignment of this parameter, press the ENT key for 2 s.

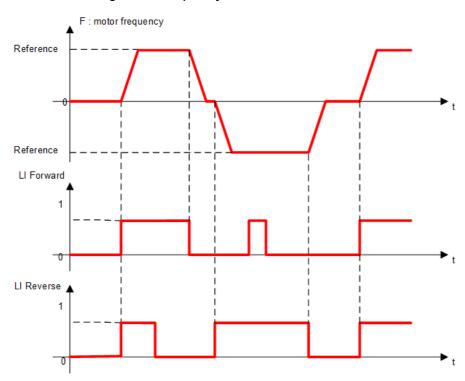
Code		ljustment nge	Factory setting
200-	I/O MENU		
201	☐ Type of control		00
00	2 wire type control (see page 60) The open or closed state of the input controls running and stopping Example of "source" wiring:	g.	
2 s	ATV310 LI1: forward Llx: reverse		
<i>□</i> I	3-wire control (see page 60) "Forward" or "reverse" pulse send a run command. A "stop" pulse Example of "source" wiring: ATV310 +24 Ll1 Ll2 Llx Ll2: forward Llx: reverse	sends a stop c	ommand.
	This parameter must be set before performing an autotuning.		
	▲ WARNING		
	UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If this parameter is changed, the parameters 2-wire type control	e <u>60</u>) and the	assignments o

200-

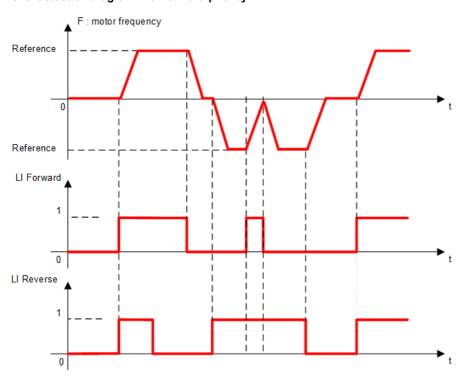
2 s To change the assignment of this parameter, press the ENT key for 2 s.

2 wire type control diagrams (see page 60)

Level detection diagram with no priority



Level detection diagram with forward priority



200-

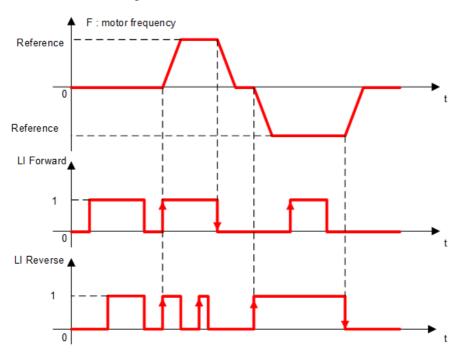
300-

400-

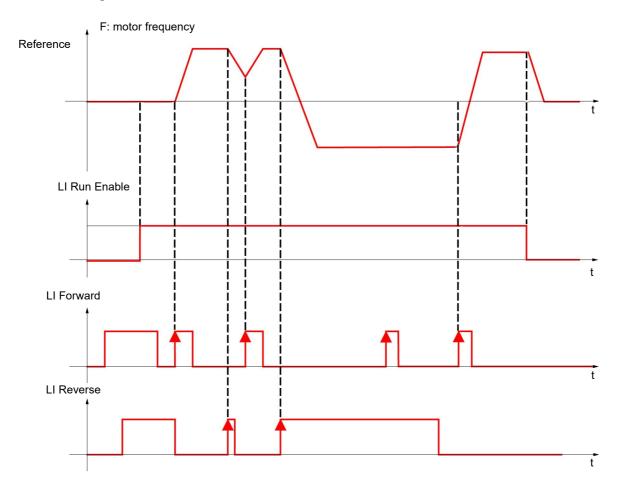
500-

600-700-

Transition detection diagram



3-wire control diagrams (see page 60)



200-

300-400-

500-

600-

700-

200-

Code	· ·	djustment ange	Factory setting
200-	I/O MENU (continued)		
202	☐ 2-wire type control		01
	▲ WARNING		
	UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Verify that the parameter setting is compatible with the type of wiring used		
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury	or equipment	damage.
	2-wire type control parameter can only be accessed if Type of co	ntrol 20 / (pag	e <u>56</u>) is set to 2 [.
0 0 0 1	 □ Level 0/1: Run or stop determined by level state 0 or 1. □ Transition: A change of state (transition or edge) is necessary to initiate operation, to help prevent 		
		•	i, to noip provent
02	accidental restarts after a power supply interruption. Priority FW: Run or stop determined by state 0 or 1, but "forward" in input.	·	
203	☐ Priority FW: Run or stop determined by state 0 or 1, but "forward" in	·	
	 □ Priority FW: Run or stop determined by state 0 or 1, but "forward" in input. □ Logic inputs type □ Positive: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or high 	nput takes priorit	y over the "reverse" 00 for example +24 V
203	 Priority FW: Run or stop determined by state 0 or 1, but "forward" input. Logic inputs type 	nput takes priorit gher than 11 V (ted or at a voltag roltage lower tha	y over the "reverse" 00 for example +24 V ge lower than 5 V. in 10 V (for example
203	□ Priority FW: Run or stop determined by state 0 or 1, but "forward" in input. □ Logic inputs type □ Positive: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or high terminal). They are inactive (state 0) when the drive is disconnecting Negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or negative using internal supply:	pput takes priorit gher than 11 V (ted or at a voltag voltage lower than higher than 16 voltage lower tha	over the "reverse" 00 for example +24 V ge lower than 5 V n 10 V (for example V or when the drive
203 00	□ Priority FW: Run or stop determined by state 0 or 1, but "forward" in input. □ Logic inputs type □ Positive: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or high terminal). They are inactive (state 0) when the drive is disconnected. Negative using internal supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or is disconnected. □ Negative using external supply: the inputs are active (state 1) at a voltage equal to or is disconnected.	pher than 11 V (ted or at a voltage roltage lower than higher than 16 roltage lower than r higher than 16	over the "reverse" 00 for example +24 V ge lower than 5 V. n 10 V (for example V or when the drive un 10 V (for example V.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
200-	I/O MENU (continued)		
204-	AI1 CONFIGURATION MENU		
204.0	☐ Al1 type		5U
5 u I O u O A	This function establishes an interface between the analog input signal and drive internal value. □ Voltage: 0-5 Vdc □ Voltage: 0-10 Vdc □ Current: x-y mA. Range determined by the Al1 current scaling parameter of 0% ≥ □ Ч. I and Al1 current scaling parameter of 100% ≥ □ Ч. Z settings below. See page 61. □ Logic input. Al1 must be wired the same way as a logic input Llx in source mode.		
204.1	☐ Al1 current scaling parameter of 0% Visible only if Al1 type ② □ 4. □ is set to □ ₽.	0 - 20 mA	4 mA
204.2	☐ All current scaling parameter of 100% Visible only if All type ② ☐ 4. ☐ is set to ☐ #.	0 - 20 mA	20 mA
204.3	☐ Al1 filter time Interference filtering cut-off time of the low filter.	0 - 10 s	0 s
200-	I/O MENU (continued)		
205-	R1 CONFIGURATION MENU		
205.0	☐ R1 assignment		01
00 02 05 05 06 01 08 21 22	 Not assigned No fault Drive run Frequency threshold reached Motor frequency when max. reference value reached 5 1 2.2 I threshold reached Frequency reference reached Motor thermal threshold reached Process underload fault Process overload fault 4-20 mA signal loss visible only if 2 0 4.0 is set to 0 ft (see above). NOTE: Relay R1 can be assigned to upstream protection to avoid overvoltage in the drive: Connect fault relay R1 to the contactor, see schematic page 24. Use Relay R1 (R1 assignment 2 0 5.0) with protection. NOTE: When R1 is assigned to Process overload or Process underload fault, the relay will active and last time duration setting by 2 0 9 or 2 1 2. 		
205.1	☐ R1 status (output active level)		00
0	Positive logic: active high Negative logic: active low WARNING LOSS OF CONTROL Depending on the assignments and settings of the logic outputs, signal output functions may not be effective if the wiring is incorrect or inoperative. Do not set this parameter to 01 unless you can ensure that the signal will be available under all circumstances. Verify correct settings for all parameters used to set signal output functions. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.		

200-300-400-500-100-

	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
200-	I/O MENU (continued)		
206-	LO1 CONFIGURATION MENU		
206.0 01 02 04	□ LO1 assignment This parameter is used for a remote indication of the drive Not assigned No fault Drive run Frequency threshold reached	e status.	00
05 06 07 08 21 22 123 126	 Motor frequency when max. reference value reached 5 I threshold reached Frequency reference reached Motor thermal threshold reached Process underload fault Process overload fault 4-20 mA signal loss visible only if ≥ □ 4. □ is set to 0 A (so Auxiliary pump NOTE: When LO1 is assigned to Process overload or Process active and last the time duration setting by ≥ □ 9 or ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥ 1 ≥	see above). ocess underload fault, t	the logic output will
206. I	□ LO1 status (output active level) □ Positive logic: active high		00
0 1	□ Negative logic: active low		
	LOSS OF CONTROL Depending on the assignments and settings of the logic outputs, signs wiring is incorrect or inoperative. Do not set this parameter to 01 unless you can ensure that the signs Verify correct settings for all parameters used to set signal output fu	al will be available under	
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, seriou		t damage.
200-	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, seriou I/O MENU (continued)		t damage.
200- 201	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious I/O MENU (continued) □ Process overload time delay This function can be used to stop the motor in the event of drive thermal overload. If the motor current exceeds the proverload time delay ≥ □ 7 is activated. Once this time designeater than the overload threshold ≥ □ € -10%, the drive overload. Overload detection is only active when the system is in stop A value of 0 will disable application overload detection.	0 to 100 s of an process overload. Process overload threst lay 201 has elapsed e will stop running and	0 s This is not a motor or nold 208, a Process, if the current is still display Process ad reference reached).
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious I/O MENU (continued) Process overload time delay This function can be used to stop the motor in the event of drive thermal overload. If the motor current exceeds the poverload time delay 201 is activated. Once this time degreater than the overload threshold 208 -10%, the drive overload. Overload detection is only active when the system is in stop A value of 0 will disable application overload detection. Estimated motor current Orive stop on the process overload in the event of the poverload detection. Drive stop on the process overload in the event of the process overload.	0 to 100 s of an process overload. Process overload thresh lay 2 0 7 has elapsed, e will stop running and eady state (Actual speed detection of F 0 1 2 fa 70% - 150% of 3 0 5 parameter value 70% - 150%	0 s This is not a motor or nold 208, a Process, if the current is still display Process ad reference reached). ault.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
200-	I/O MENU (continued)			
()	□ Process overload fault duration If 6 □ 2 . □ = □ I, the drive will automatically restart after this time delay following the overload fault F □ I 2. Minimum time permitted between an overload being detected and any automatic restart. In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the maximum restart time 6 □ 2. I (page 103) must exceed that of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if the "Overload time delay 2 □ 7" above is not set to 0.			
₽ 10	Process underload time delay 2 10 can be adjust between 0 to 100 s If the motor current undershoots the underload threshold 2 1 1 2 10, the drive will stop running and display F 0 2 9 (Underlow Estimated motor current When F 0 2 9 fault is detected 2 1 1 +10% (hysteresis) 2 1 0 Underload detection is only active when the system is in steady A value of 0 will disable application underload detection.	ad fault), see page <u>118</u>	<u>.</u>	
2 ()	☐ Process underload threshold Visible only if Process underload time delay ②			
€ 1 <i>€</i>	Process underload fault duration If \$\instrum_{\instrum			
<i>≥ 13</i>	☐ Motor frequency threshold Visible only if R1 assignment ☐ ☐ 5. ☐ (page 61) or LO1 assign	0 to 400 Hz	50 or 60 Hz, Determined by drive rating	
2 14 ()	✓ Motor current threshold Visible only if R1 assignment ≥ □ 5. □ (page 61) or LO1 assignment ≥ □ 5. □ (page 61) or LO1 assignment	0 to 1.5 ln (1)	In	
2 15	☐ Motor thermal state threshold	0 to 118% of 808 parameter	100%	
0	Visible only if R1 assignment ┛ Ū 5. Ū (page 61) is set to □ ❸. Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)			

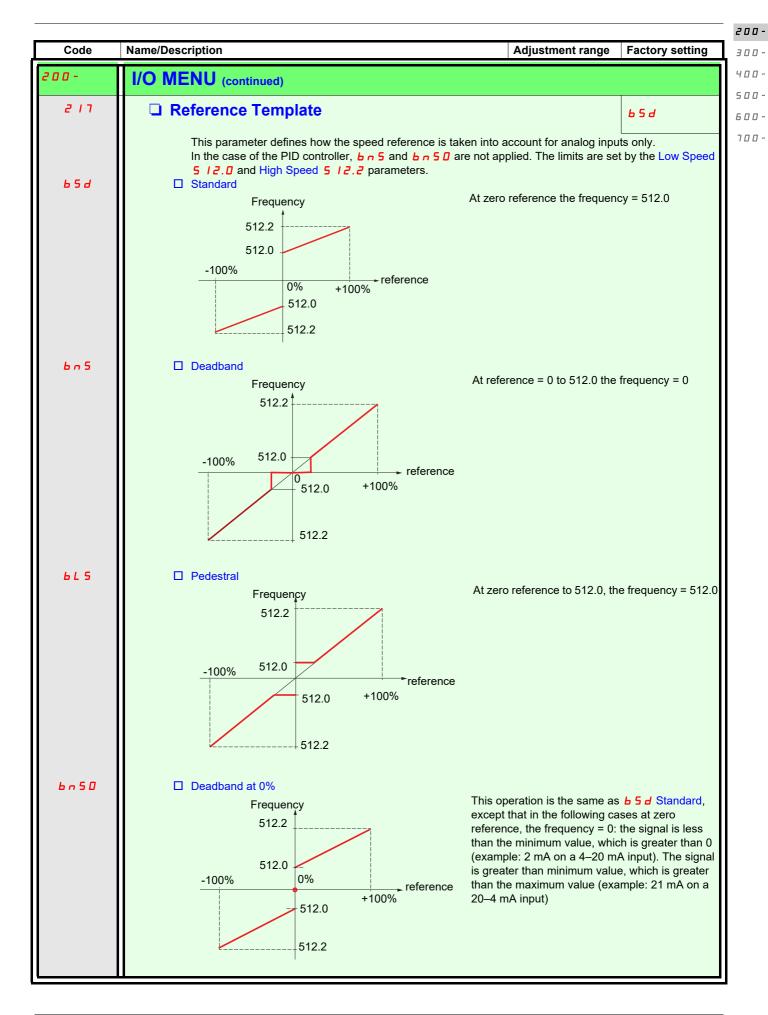
200-300-400-500-100-

(1) In = rated drive current

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

200-
300-
400-
500-
600-
700-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
200-	I/O MENU (continued)		
2 16 -	AO1 configuration menu		
2 16.0	AO1 assignment This parameter is used to set the value of an analog output.		00
0 0	☐ Not assigned		
129	☐ Estimated motor current, between 0 and 2xDrive nominal current		
130	☐ Estimated motor frequency, between 0 and Maximum Frequency		
131	Ramp output, between 0 and Maximum Frequency		
135	☐ PID reference value ⁽¹⁾ , between 0% and 100%		
136	☐ PID feedback ⁽¹⁾ , between 0% and 100%		
137 139	☐ PID error ⁽¹⁾ , between -5% and +5% ☐ Output power, between 0 and 2xMotor nominal power		
140	☐ Motor thermal state, between 0% and 200%		
141	☐ Motor thermal state, between 0% and 200% ☐ Drive thermal state, between 0% and 200%		
, , ,	(1) Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9. 0 0 (page 86)	is not set to 🛮 🗖 .	
2 16.1	☐ AO1 type		0 A
	This parameter provides type selection for the drive analog outp	out signal.	
I 🛭 u	☐ Voltage: 0-10 Vdc		
O A	Current: 0-20 mA		
4 A	☐ Current: 4-20 mA		



-005

300-400-

500-

600-100**AWARNING**

LOSS OF CONTROL

- Fully read and understand the manual of the connected motor.
 Verify that all motor parameters are correctly set by referring to the nameplate and the manual of the connected motor.
- If you modify the value of one or more motor parameters after having performed auto-tuning, the value of Auto-tuning is reset to and you must re-perform auto-tuning.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
300-	Motor control menu			
301	☐ Standard motor frequency		00	
0	This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters: Rated motor voltage ∃ □ 4 below, High speed 5 1 2.2 (page 102), Motor frequency threshold 2 1 3 (page 63) and Rated motor frequency ∃ □ 5 . □ 50 Hz □ 60 Hz			
	,	NOTE:1. This parameter must be set before performing an autotuning.2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune parameters. Auto-tuning will need to be performed again.		
302	☐ Rated motor power	Drive power -5 to drive power +2 according to dual rating	Determined by drive rating and dual rating	
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if Sta in HP if Standard motor frequency 30 / is set to 60 Hz	•	cy ∃ ☐ I is set to 50 Hz,	
	NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an auto 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune param	•	l need to be performed again.	
303	☐ Rated motor cos phi	0.5 to 1	Determined by drive rating and dual rating	
	This parameter is visible only if Motor parameter choice If Rated motor cos phi 3 0 3 is available, Rated Motor F Power factor (pf) is given on the motor rating plate.			
	NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an aut 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune param	_	l need to be performed again.	
	NOTE: Do not confuse this with motor "Service Factor". Setting 303 to 1 or very near to 1 may result in unsatisfactory motor operation. If the motor power factor is not indicated on the nameplate, leave this parameter at the factory default (approximately 0.80).			
304	☐ Rated motor voltage	360 to 460 V	380 V	
	Nominal motor voltage is given on the nameplate. If the Rated motor voltage 304 should be set to the value of	_	=	
	NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an aut 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune param	_	l need to be performed again.	

(1) In = rated drive current

400-500-600-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
300-	Motor control menu (continued)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i seed j
305	☐ Rated motor current	0.25 In to 1.5 In (1)	Determined by drive rating and dual rating
	Nominal motor current is given on the nameplate. Motor according to the nominal motor current 305. NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an auto 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune param	otuning.	
306	☐ Rated motor frequency	10 to 400 Hz	50 Hz
	Nominal motor frequency is given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz [if Standard motor frequency 30 I (page 66) is set to 60 Hz] NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an autotuning. 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune parameters. Auto-tuning will need to be performed again		
307	☐ Rated motor speed	0 to 24000 rpM	Determined by drive rating and dual rating
	Nominal motor speed is given on the nameplate. NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an auto 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune param		l need to be performed again.
308	☐ Maximum frequency	10 to 400 Hz	60 Hz
	Maximum frequency 308 gives the upper value possible for High speed 5 12.2 (page 102). The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz [if Standard motor frequency 301 (page 66) is set to 60 Hz]. NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an autotuning. 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune parameters. Auto-tuning will need to be performed again		
309	☐ Motor control type		03
0 0	Permits selection of motor control types suitable for appl Performance: Sensorless vector control with internal spe For applications requiring high performance during starti	eed loop based on a v	
O 3	For applications requiring high performance during starting or operation. ☐ Standard: 2 point V/F control without internal speed loop. For simple applications that do not require high performance. Simple motor control law maintaining a constant Voltage Frequency ratio, permits adjustment of curve start point. This law is generally used for motors connected in parallel. Some applications using motors in parallel or with high performance requirements may require use of the "high performance" (☐ ☐) control type. ☐ Pump: U2/F; for dedicated use with variable torque fan and pump applications not requiring high starting		
	torque. NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an auto 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune param	otuning.	

(1) In = rated drive current

300-

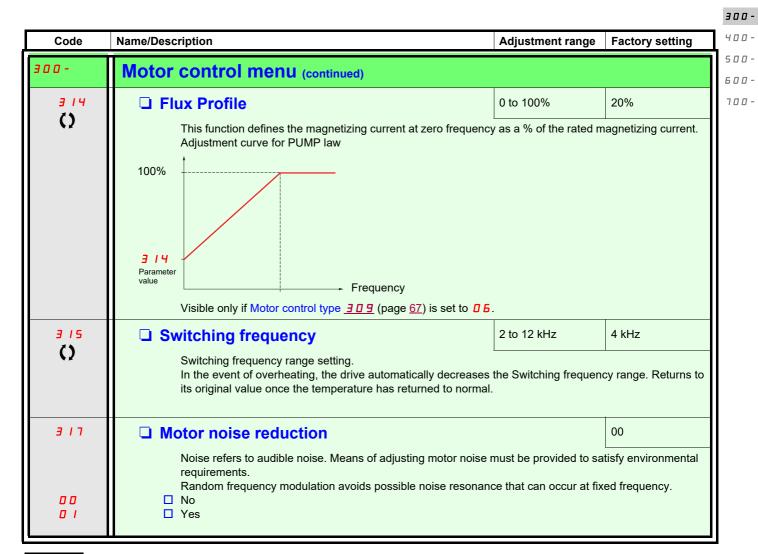
400-500-

600-100-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
300-	Motor control menu (continued)			
3 I O	☐ IR compensation	25 to 200%	100%	
()	Used to optimize torque at very low speed, or to adapt to special in parallel, decrease IR compensation 3 I	cient torque at low spe	ed, increase IR	
3 I I	☐ Slip compensation	0 to 150%	100%	
()	Visible only if Motor control type 309 (page 67) is not set to 05. Used to adjust the slip compensation around the value set by the nominal motor slip, or to adjust to special circumstances (for example, for motors connected in parallel, decrease Slip compensation 311). If the set slip compensation is lower than the actual slip compensation, the motor will not run at nominal speed in a steady state but at a speed lower than the reference. If the set slip compensation is greater than the actual slip compensation, the motor speed becomes unstable.			
3 12	☐ Frequency loop stability	0 to 100%	20%	
()	The 3 12 parameter can be used to reduce overshoots and os a period of acceleration or deceleration, 3 12 adjusts the return value of the equipment; Too high a value can cause an extended response time. Too low a value can cause overspeed, or even instability. Low 3 12 parameter value Correct 3 12 parameter value High In this case, increase 3 12 In this case, reduce 3 12 Hz Visible only ifMotor control type 3 0 9 (page 67) is set to 0 0.	gh 3 / 2 parameter va	tate to the dynamic	
3 13	☐ Frequency loop gain	0 to 100%	20%	
()	The 3 /3 parameter adjusts the slope of the speed increase according to the inertia of the machine being driven. Too high a value can cause overspeed, or even instability. Too low a value can cause an extended response time. Low 3 /3 parameter value Correct 3 /3 parameter value High 3 /3 parameter value In this case, increase 3 /3 In this case, reduce 3 /3 Hz To low a value can cause an extended response time. Visible only if Motor control type 3 0 9 (page 67) is set to 0 0.			

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

300-400-

500-600-

700-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
300-	Motor control menu (continued)				
3 18	☐ Auto-tuning		00		
	▲ WARNING				
	UNEXPECTED MOVEMENT Autotuning moves the motor in order to tune the control loops.				
	Only start the system if there are no persons or obstructions in the zone of operation.				
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.				
	During autotuning, noise development and oscillations of the system are normal.				
	▲ WARNING				
	LOSS OF CONTROL If you modify the value of one or more motor parameters after having performed auto-tuning, the value of Autotuning is reset to D and you must re-perform auto-tuning.				
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.				
0 0 0 1	 No: use factory paramameters of standard motors. Yes: request auto-tuning. Done: auto-tuning has already been performed. Attention: Auto-tuning must be performed with the motor connected and cold. The parameters Rated motor power ∃ □ ≥ (page 66) and Rated motor current ∃ □ 5 (page 67) mu be consistent. Auto-tuning is performed only if no stop command has been activated. If a freewheel stop or fast stofunction has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will take effect after the auto-tuning sequence. 				
	• Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 10 seconds. Do not interrupt. Wait for the display to change to □ ≥ or □ □.				
	Re-perform auto-tuning after motor cables are replaced to ensure effectiveness of motor control.				
	NOTE: During auto-tuning, the motor operates	at rated current.			
3 19	☐ Motor parameter choice		00		
	This parameter allows to choose which motor parameter will be configured (power or power factor).				
0	□ Rated motor power (page 66) □ Rated motor cos phi (page 66)				
	NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an autotuning. 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune parameters. Auto-tuning will need to be performed again.				

400-500-600-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
3 2 O	☐ Vector control 2 points		00	
0 0 0 1	□ [00] No □ [01] Yes			
	For use in the following application contexts: when the rated speed and rated frequency of the motor must be exceeded for optimization of operation performance at constant power, or when the maximum voltage of the motor must be limited to a certain value below the main voltage.			
	The U/F diagram must therefore be modified according to the motor's work ability at maximum voltage and Top frequency. Motor voltage Maximum Voltage 321 Motor Rated Voltage 304			
	Standard Motor Frequency 301 Maximum Freq	Frequency uency 322		
321	☐ Max voltage of constant power	∃ ☐ 4 parameter value ~ 460 V	380 V	
	Visible if ∃ ᡓ □ = YES			
322	☐ Max frequency of constant power	3 parameter value ~ 400Hz	50Hz	
	Visible if ∃ ᡓ □ = YES			
323	☐ Dual Rating		01	
	This parameter is used to select the default value of rated drive current and motor nameplate. This parameter cannot be modified on drive with power equal to or lower than 2.2 kW. A modification of its setting resets several parameters of the drive: - motor nameplate parameters (302,303,304,305,307) - status of tune results - current parameters: In (drive rating current), motor thermal current (504.0), current limitation (511.1) and 511.2), motor current threshold (214) and current injections (502.5,502.7,504.1).			
0 0	 Normal duty: Normal rating, dedicated mode for applications requiring slight overload (up to 1. In for 60 s). 			
0 1	Heavy duty: High rating, dedicated mode for applications requiring significant overload (up to 1.5ln for 60s). NOTE: 1. This parameter must be set before performing an autotuning. 2. Modifying this parameter resets the motor tune parameters. Auto-tuning will need to be performed again.			
	NOTE: Both modes use the same hardware, the overload in normal duty is lower than the one in normal duty, consequently, the rated drive current (In) in normal duty mode is adapted to be slightly higher than the one in heavy duty mode. The default motor nameplate and other current limitation are adapted accordingly.			

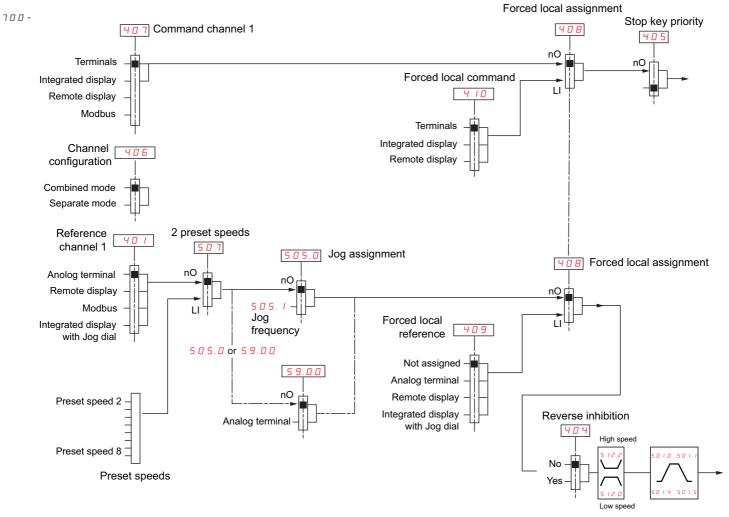
200-300-

400-

Control menu

500 Control channel diagram

600-



200-

300-

400-	0 ()			
	Control menu			
401	☐ Reference channel 1		01	
0 6	☐ Anolog terminal☐ Remote display☐ Modbus☐ Integrated display with Jog dial			
()	☐ External reference value	-400 Hz to 400 Hz	-	
40∃ ()	☐ Integrated display jog dial reference	0% to 100% of 5 1 2 . 2 parameter value		
	Embedded display terminal active or local force mode configured in a substitution of the substitution of t	Displays the Actual spe		
404	☐ Reverse inhibition		00	
0 0 0 1	inputs. - Reverse direction requests sent by logic inputs are taken into account. - Reverse direction requests sent by the display are not taken into account. - Reverse direction requests sent by the communication line are not taken into account. - Any reverse Actual speed reference originating from the PID, summing input etc., is interpreted as a zero reference (0 Hz). □ No □ Yes			
405	☐ Stop key priority 01			
₹ 2 s	This parameter can enable or disable the stop button located on the drive and remote display. Disabling the stop button is effective if the active command channel is not the drive display terminal or the remote display.			
	▲ WARNING			
	LOSS OF CONTROL The function Stop key priority 405 parameter disables the Stop keys of the drive and of the Remote Display Terminal if the setting of the parameter is 00. Only set this parameter to 00 if you have implemented appropriate alternative stop functions. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.			
a a a I	 □ No: Stop inactive □ Yes: Stop active It is advised in case this function is set to □ I to use the front door cover or the optional display cover on the "run" and "stop" keys. 			
406	☐ Channel configuration		01	
	Channel configuration 4 0 5 allows the selection of: - Combined mode (command and reference come from the - Separate mode (command and reference come from diffe			
0 I	☐ Combined mode☐ Separate mode			

₹ 2 s

To change the assignment of this parameter, press the ENT key for 2 s.

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

2	0	0	-
3	0	0	-

400-	Code	Name/Description A	djustment range	Factory setting
500- 600-	400-	Control menu (continued)		
700-	407	☐ Command channel 1		01
	0 I 0 2 0 3 I 0	This parameter permits selection of the command channel. Terminals Integrated display Remote display Modbus Visible only if Channel configuration 405 (page 73) is set to Sep	erate.	
	408	☐ Forced local assignment		00
	00 L IH L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 4 H	 □ Not assigned □ L1H: LI1 active high □ L2H: LI2 active high □ L3H: LI3 active high □ L4H: LI4 active high □ LUH: LIU active high 		
	409	☐ Forced local reference		00
	0 0 0 1 16 3 18 3	Visible only if Forced local assignment ♥□□ is not set to □□□ Not assigned Analog terminal Remote display Integrated display with Jog dial		
	4 10	☐ Forced local command		02
	0 I 0 2 0 3	Visible only if Forced local assignment 4 □ □ is not set to □ □ □ Terminals □ Integrated display □ Remote display		

300-400-Code Name/Description Adjustment range **Factory setting** 500-500-Function menu 600-501-700-Ramp menu 0.0 s to 999.9 s50 1.0 3.0 sAcceleration () Acceleration time between 0 Hz and the Rated motor frequency 305 (page 67). Make sure this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. 0.0 s to 999.9 s 50 1.1 3.0 s Deceleration () Time to decelerate from the Rated motor frequency 306 (page 67) to 0 Hz. Make sure this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. 50 1.2 00 Ramp shape assignment 00 Linear □ S Shape 0 I ■ U Shape 02 f (Hz) f (Hz) () The rounding coefficient is fixed, wherein t1 = 0.6 x set ramp time (linear)S Shape t2 = 0.4 x set ramp time (round)t3 = 1.4 x ramp timet t1 t1 t2 t3 t3 f (Hz) f (Hz) 306 FrS 306 FrS The rounding coefficient is fixed, wherein U Shape t1 = 0.5 x set ramp time (linear)t2 = set ramp time (round) t3 = 1.5 x ramp timet1 t2 t3 t3 501.3 Ramp switching commutation 00 Not assigned 00 ■ L1H: LI1 active high $L \cdot H$ L2H: LI2 active high L2H ☐ L3H: LI3 active high L 3H L4H: LI4 active high LYH ■ LUH: LIU active high LuH L1L: LI1 active low LIL L2L: LI2 active low LZL ☐ L3H: LI3 active low L 3L■ L4H: LI4 active low L4L LUL: LIU active low LuL See LI assignment information on page 54.

200-

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

200-300-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
500-	Function menu (continued)	Function menu (continued)					
501-	Ramp menu (continued)	Ramp menu (continued)					
501.4	☐ Acceleration 2	0.0 to 999.9 s	5.0 s				
O	Second acceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.0 to	Visible only if Ramp switching commutation 5 0 1.3 (page 75) is not set to 0 0. Second acceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.0 to 999.9 s This ramp becomes the active ramp only when PID is used to perform start and wake-up phase See PID: wake up level (page 89).					
50 1.5	☐ Deceleration 2	0.0 to 999.9 s	5.0 s				
()	Visible only if Ramp switching commutation 5 0 1.3 (p Second deceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.0 to						
50 1.6	☐ Decel Ramp Adaptation assignment 01						
0 0	☐ Function inactive. The drive will decelerate based on no compatible with optional dynamic braking (if used).	☐ Function inactive. The drive will decelerate based on normal deceleration time settings. This setting is					
<i>□ I</i>	☐ This function automatically increases deceleration time		speed of high inertia				
o 2	 loads to help prevent DC bus overvoltage or overbraking. Motor Braking: This mode allows the drive to attempt the most rapid stop possible without the use of a dynamic brake resistor. It uses motor losses to dissipate energy generated by braking. This function may be incompatible with positioning. This function should not be used when an optional braking resistor and module are being used. 						
	Attention: When using a braking resistor set 5 0 1.6 to 00.						

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

300-Code Name/Description Adjustment range **Factory setting** 400-500-500-Function menu (continued) 600-502-Stop configuration menu 700-■ Type of stop 00 502.0 Stop mode on disappearance of the run command or appearance of a stop command. 00 □ Ramp stop 03 DC injection stop 08 Fast stop □ Freewheel stop 13 00 502.1 Freewheel stop assignment This stop type is activated when the input or corresponding register bit changes to 0. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if Type of control 20 (page 56) = 2 c and 2-wire type control 2 0 2 (page 60) = 0 0 or 0 2. If not, a new run command must be sent. 00 Not assigned ☐ L1L: LI1 active Low to stop LIL ☐ L2L: LI2 active Low to stop LZL ☐ L3L: LI3 active Low to stop $L \exists L$ ☐ L4L: LI4 active Low to stop L H L■ LUL: LIU active Low to stop $L \cup L$ 502.2 00 ☐ Fast stop assignment 00 Not assigned ☐ L1L: LI1 active Low to stop LIL ☐ L2L: LI2 active Low to stop LZL ☐ L3L: LI3 active Low to stop $L \exists L$ ☐ L4L: LI4 active Low to stop LYL ■ LUL: LIU active Low to stop LuL 502.3 1 to 10 ☐ Fast stop Ramp divider

Visible only if Fast stop assignment 5 ☐ 2.2 (page 77) is not set to ☐ ☐ or 5 ☐ 2.☐ is set to ☐ ☐ Fast stop

When stop requests are sent the active ramp time [Deceleration 5 [] I. I (page 75) or Deceleration 2

200-

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

5 [1.5] (page 76)] is divided by this coefficient.

(page <u>77</u>).

Code	Name/Description	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting			
500-	Function menu (continued)				
502-	Stop configuration menu				
502.4	☐ DC injection assignment			00	
	UNINTENDED MOVEMENT	▲ WARNING			
	Do not use DC injection to generate holding tord	 Do not use DC injection to generate holding torque when the motor is at a standstill. Use a holding brake to keep the motor in the standstill position. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage. 			
	Failure to follow these instructions can result				
	DC injection is activated when the input switches to 0. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if Type of control 2 1 (page 56) = 2C and 2-wire type control 2 2 (page 60) = 0 or 2 . If not, a new run command must be sent. This parameter is forced to 0 0 if Type of stop 5 0 2 . 0 is set to 0 if (page 77)				
00 L 1H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 4 H	 Not assigned. L1H: L1 active high L2H: L2 active high L3H: L3 active high L4H: L4 active high LUH: LIU active high (Al1 used as logic in 	□ L1H: L1 active high□ L2H: L2 active high□ L3H: L3 active high			
502.5	☐ DC injection level		0.1*In to 1.41*In (1)	0.64*In (in A)	
()	N	OTICE			
	tion current to be applied				
	Level of DC injection braking current activated via digital input or selected as stop mode. This parameter can be accessed if DC injection assignment 5 0 2.4 is set to a value different f or if Type of stop 5 0 2.0 is set to DC injection stop 0 3. NOTE: this setting is independent from the AUTO DC INJECTION MENU 5 0 4 - function.			different from 🛮 🖟	
502.6	☐ IDC injection time for DCLI		0.1 s to 30 s	0.5 s	

(1) In = rated drive current

()

()

200-

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

becomes DC injection level 2 5 0 2.7.

OVERHEATING

78 EAV94277 05/2024

NOTICE

Verify that the connected motor is properly rated for the DC injection current to be applied in terms of amount

Maximum current injection time DC injection level 5 0 2.5 . After this time, the injection current

NOTE: this setting is independent from the AUTO DC INJECTION MENU 5 04 - function.

This parameter can be accessed if DC injection assignment 5 0 2.4 is set to a value different from 0 0

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

or if Type of stop 5 0 2.0 is set to DC injection stop 0 3.

300-400-**500-**600-

700-

200-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
500-	Function menu (continued)	Function menu (continued)				
502-	Stop configuration menu					
502.7	□ DC injection level 2	0.1*In to DC injection level 5 0 2.5 (1)	0.5*In (in A)			
()	NOTICE	<u> </u>				
	OVERHEATING Verify that the connected motor is properly rated for the DC injection current to be applied in terms of amount and time. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage. Injection current activated by digital input or selected as stop mode once period IDC injection time for DCLI 5 0 2.6 has elapsed. This parameter can be accessed if DC injection assignment 5 0 2.4 is set to a value different from 0 0 or if Type of stop 5 0 2.0 is set to DC injection stop 0 3. NOTE: this setting is independent from the AUTO DC INJECTION MENU 5 0 4 - function.					
502.8	☐ Injection standstill braking time	0.1 s to 30 s	0.5 s			
()	NOTICE					
	OVERHEATING Verify that the connected motor is properly rated for the DC injection current to be applied in terms of amount and time. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage. Maximum injection time for DC injection level 2 5 0 2.7, selected as stop mode only. This parameter can be accessed if Type of stop 5 0 2.0 is set to DC injection stop 0 3. NOTE: this setting is independent from the AUTO DC INJECTION MENU 5 0 4 - function.					

(1) In = rated drive current

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description Adjustmen	nt range	Factory setting
500-	Function menu (continued)		
503	☐ Reverse direction		00
00 L	LI1 - LI4: choice of the input assigned to the reverse command Function inactive L1H: L1 active high L2H: L2 active high L3H: L3 active high L4H: L4 active high LUH: LIU active high		

2	0	-
3		-

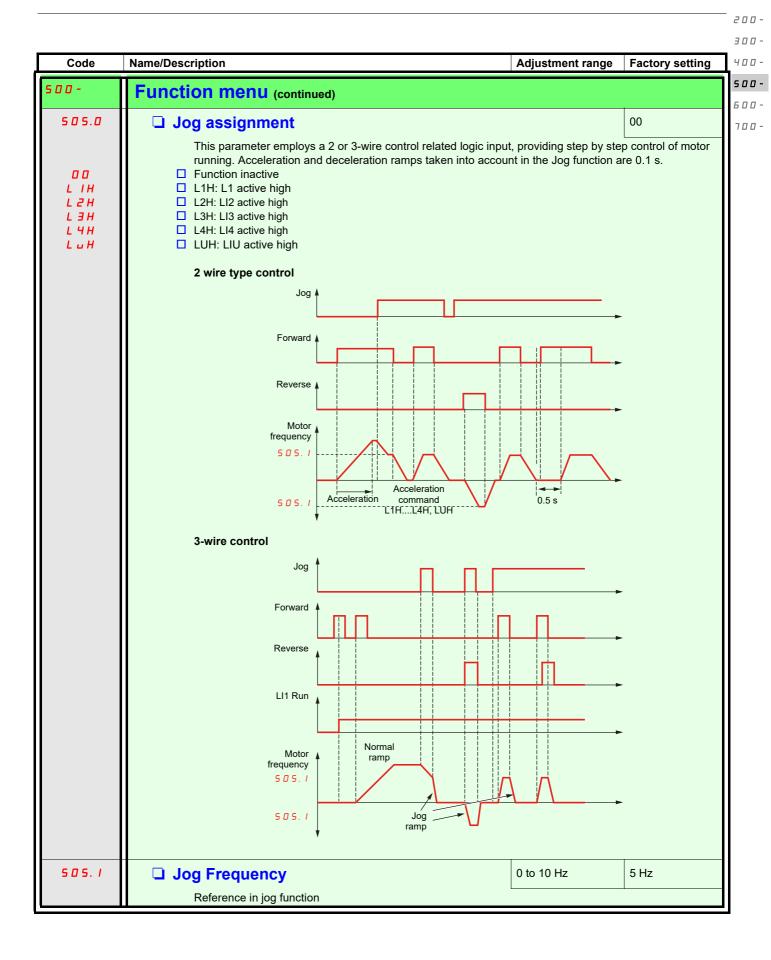
400-

500-600-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
500-	Function menu (continued)				
504-	AUTO DC INJECTION MENU				
504.0 ()	□ Automatic DC injection 01				
	HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH If the parameter 5 0 4.0 Automatic DC injection is set to 2, DC injection is always active, even if the motor does not run. Verify that using this setting does not result in unsafe conditions. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.				
	▲ WARNING	;			
	 UNINTENDED MOVEMENT Do not use DC injection to generate holding torque when the motor is at a standstill. Use a holding brake to keep the motor in the standstill position. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment dar 				
0 0 0 1 0 2	☐ No DC injected current ☐ Time limited DC injection ☐ Continuous DC injection				
504.1	☐ Automatic DC injection current	0 to 120% of Rated motor current 305	70% of Rated motor current 305 (in A)		
	NOTICE				
	OVERHEATING AND DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR Verify that the connected motor is properly rated for the DC inject and time in order to avoid overheating and damage to the motor. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dar		n terms of amount		
	Visible only if Automatic DC injection 5 0 4.0 is not set Injection current on stopping and continuous DC injection				
504.2 ()	☐ Automatic DC injection time	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s		
	NOTICE				
	OVERHEATING AND DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR Verify that the connected motor is properly rated for the DC injection current to be applied in terms of and time in order to avoid overheating and damage to the motor. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
	Visible only if Automatic DC injection 5 🛭 4 . 🗈 is not set to Injection time on stopping.				

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



200-

	Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
00-	500-	Function menu (continued)				
00-	506-	□ □ Speed up and down				
	506.0	☐ Up speed command	00			
	00 L 1H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 5 H	00: Function inactive L1H: LI1 active high L2H: LI2 active high L3H: LI3 active high L4H: LI4 active high LUH: LIU active high				
	506.1	☐ Down speed command	00			
	00 L 1H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 6 H	Up speed command Down speed command Clear the function Forward active	Variable saved to ROM active			
	5.06.2	Up speed/down speed command will change the initial speed reference. Eventually it "speed increment". This speed increment accumulates over time depending on the a It is therefore necessary to keep a record of speed incrementation when changing speed visible only if parameter 5 0 5 0 and 5 0 5 1 are configured.	ctions of Lix and Liy.			
	0 0 0 1 0 2	 □ Do not save. Variables not saved after the RUN command has disappeared. □ Save to RAM. Variables saved to RAM after STOP command ends and disappear w □ Save to ROM. Variables saved to ROM when power off. 	hen power off.			

				200-
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	300-
506-	☐ Speed up and down (continued)			
506.3	☐ Clear the function When the CLEAR command is activated, acceleration and dece	0 - 100%	00 re deactivated All	500 -
	speed increments are reset when the CLEAR command is activated, regardless of the save method used. Visible only if parameter 5 0 6 . 0 and 5 0 6 . 1 are configured.			
00 L 1H	☐ [00], Function inactive☐ [L1H], LI1 active high			
L 3 H	□ [L2H], LI2 active high □ [L3H], LI3 active high			
L 4 H L _u H I 5 9	 □ [L4H], LI4 active high □ [LUH], LIU active high □ The function is cleared when [159] acceleration and deceleration commands activate simultaneously. 			
506.4	☐ Reactivity of +/- speed around ref.	0 - 100%	0%	
	An experience value between 0 to 100% is used to change the deceleration command inputs. Visible only if parameters 5 0 6.0 and 5 0 6.1 are configured		r acceleration and	

Preset speeds

2, 4, or 8 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2 or 3 logic inputs respectively.

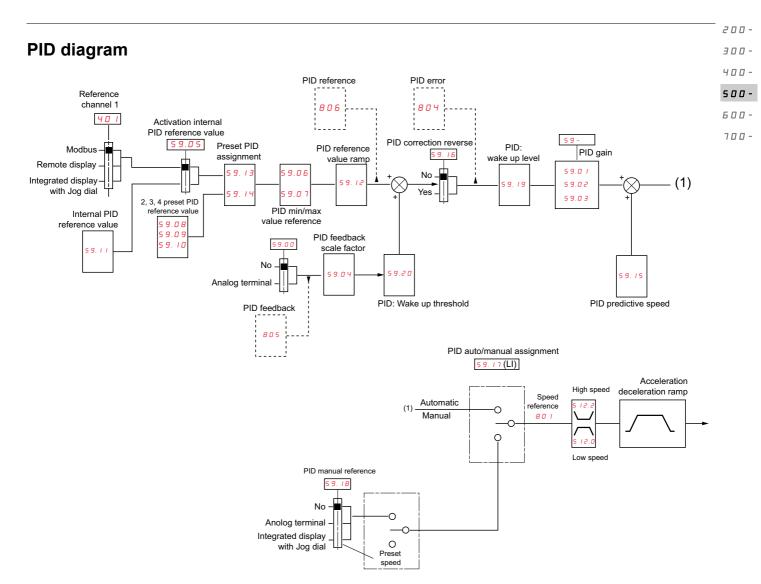
Combination table for preset speed inputs

8 speeds LI (507.2)	4 speeds LI (507.1)	2 speeds LI (507.0)	Speed reference
0	0	0	Preset speed
0	0	1	Preset speed 2
0	1	0	Preset speed 3
0	1	1	Preset speed 4
1	0	0	Preset speed 5
1	0	1	Preset speed 6
1	1	0	Preset speed 7
1	1	1	Preset speed 8

700-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
500-	Function menu (continued)		
507-	Preset speed menu		
507.0	☐ 2 preset speeds		00
00 L 1H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 5 H	☐ Function inactive ☐ L1H: L1 high activation level ☐ L2H: LI2 active high ☐ L3H: LI3 active high ☐ L4H: LI4 active high ☐ LUH: active high		
5 0 7. 1	☐ 4 preset speeds As 5 0 7.0		00
507.2	□ 8 preset speeds As 5 □ 7. □		00
5 0 7.3 ()	☐ Preset speed 2 Visible only if 2 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7. ☐ is not set to ☐ ☐.	0 to 400 Hz	10 Hz
507.4	☐ Preset speed 3 Visible only if 4 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7. / is not set to ☐ □.	0 to 400 Hz	15 Hz
507.5	☐ Preset speed 4 Visible only if 2 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7.☐ and 4 preset speeds 5	0 to 400 Hz	20 Hz
507.6	☐ Preset speed 5 Visible only if 8 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7.2 is not set to ☐ ☐.	0 to 400 Hz	25 Hz
507.7	☐ Preset speed 6 Visible only if 2 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7.☐ and 8 preset speeds 5	0 to 400 Hz ☐ 7.2 are not set to [30 Hz
507.8	☐ Preset speed 7 Visible only if 4 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7. / and 8 preset speeds 5	0 to 400 Hz ☐ 7.2 are not set to €	35 Hz
507.9	☐ Preset speed 8 Visible only if 2 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7.☐, 4 preset speeds 5 ☐ 7.☐.	0 to 400 Hz	40 Hz
508	This parameter prevents prolonged operation within an adjusta ±1 Hz. This function can be used to prevent a critical speed whis Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



200-

59.05

00

 Π I

59.06

00 L IH

L2H

L 3 H L 4 H

LuH

300-Code Name/Description Adjustment range **Factory setting** 400-500-Function menu (continued) 500-600-59-PID menu 700-59.00 00 PID feedback assignment 00 Not assigned. ☐ Analog terminal. Choice not possible if 401 is set to 01. 0 1 59.0 I PID proportional gain 0.01 to 100 () Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 0 is not set to 00. 59.02 □ PID integral gain 0.01 to 100 () Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 is not set to 00.00. 59.03 0.00 to 100.00 0.00 □ PID derivative gain () Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 is not set to 00. 59.04 0.1 to 100.0 1.0 PID feedback scale factor () This parameter gives the relation between process range and feedback range.

Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 is not set to 00.

Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 0 is not set to 0.0.

Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 is not set to 00.00.

Activation internal PID reference value

00

00

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

2 preset PID assignment

☐ No

☐ Yes

■ None

L1H L2H

☐ L3H

☐ L4H

□ LUH

300-400-500-600-700-

200-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
500-	Function menu (continued)		
59-	PID menu (continued)		
5 9.0 7	☐ 4 preset PID assignment		00
00 L 1H L 2H L 3H L 4H L 4H	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) is None L1H: L11 active high L2H: L12 active high L3H: L13 active high L4H: L14 active high LUH Before assigning 4 preset PID assignment 5 9.07, 2 preset Fassigned.		5 (page <u>86</u>) must be
59.08	☐ 2 preset PID reference value	0 to 100%	25%
()	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9. 🛭 🕽 (page <u>86</u>) at <u>86</u>) are not set to 🖺 🖟 .	nd 2 preset PID assignm	nent 5 9 . 0 6 (page
59.09	☐ 3 preset PID reference value	0 to 100%	50%
Ω	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) a (page 87) are not set to 00.00.	nd 4 preset PID assigni	ment 5 9.0 7
59.10	☐ 4 preset PID reference value	0 to 100%	75%
Ω	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 0 (page 86), 2 4 preset PID assignment 5 9.0 7 (page 87) are not set to 0.0		t 5 9.0 6 and
59.11	☐ Internal PID reference value	0 to 100%	0%
Ο	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) is reference value 5 9.00 (page 86) is set to 00 or Reference		
59.12	☐ PID reference value ramp	0 to 99.9 s	0 s
()	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9. □ □ (page <u>86</u>) is	not set to 🛮 🖟 .	
59.13	☐ PID min value reference	0 to 100%	0%
()	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) is	not set to 00.	
59.14	☐ PID max value reference	0 to 100%	100%
()	Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9. □ □ (page <u>86</u>) is	not set to 🛮 🖟 .	
59.15	☐ PID predictive speed	0.1 to 400 Hz	nO
	This parameter allows direct attainment of a set speed referer Visible only if [PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 0 (page 86) is		

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

300-400-**500-**

600-700-

200-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
500-	Function menu (continued)			
59-	PID menu (continued)			
501.4	This parameter only can be activated when the system is starting. Second acceleration ramp time, adjustable from 0.1 to 999.9 s. The time required to accelerate from 0 to Rated motor frequency 3 0 6 (page 67). Make sure that this value			
	is compatible with the inertia being driven. Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9. 0 (page 86) and PID predictive speed 5 9. / 5 (page 87) are not set to 0 0.			
59.16	☐ PID correction reverse		00	
a a a I a 2 a 3	This parameter will reverse the internal error value of PID system. No, no negative speed Yes, no negative speed No, allow negative speed Yes, allow negative speed Visible only if: PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) is not set to 00 Negative speed possible only if Low speed 5 1 2.0 is set to 00 Reverse inhibition 4 0 4 is set to 00			
59.17	☐ PID auto/manual assignment		00	
00 L IH L 2H L 3H L 4H L 4H	At state 0 of input, PID is active. At state 1 of input, manual run is active. No L1H: LI1 active high L2H: LI2 active high L3H: LI3 active high L4H: LI4 active high LUH: LIU active high Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) is not set to 00.			
59.18	☐ PID manual reference		00	
0	This parameter can disable the PID and enable the standard manual reference. No Anolog terminal Integrated display with Jog dial			
	Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) an (page 88) are not set to 00.	d PID auto/manual ass	signment 5 9. / 7	

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

200-300-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
500-	Function menu (continued)		
59-	PID menu (continued)		
5 12.1	☐ Low speed operating time	0.1 to 999.9 s	00
O	A motor stop is requested automatically following a defined period of operation at Low speed 5 12.0 (page 101). The motor restarts if the frequency reference is greater than Low speed 5 12.0 and if a run command is still present. NOTE: 0 value corresponds to an unlimited period. Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9.0 (page 86) is not set to 0.0.		
59.19	☐ PID: wake up level	0 to 100%	0%
	If PID functions and Low speed operating time 5 12. I are set at the same time, the PID regulator may try to set a speed lower than Low speed 5 12. I. This will result in unwanted operations consisting of starting, running at Low speed 5 12. II., stopping and so on. Parameter PID: wake up level 5 9. I 9 can be used to set a minimum PID error threshold to restart after a prolonged stop below Low speed 5 12. II. Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9. II. (page 86) and Low speed operating time 5 12. II. (page 101) are not set to II.		
5 9 . 2 0	☐ PID: Wake up threshold	0 to 100%	0%
O	If PID correction reverse 5 9. 16 (page 88) is set to nO, this parameter can be used to set the PID feedback threshold. Following a stop caused by exceeding the maximum time at low speed 5 12. 1, the PID regulator is reactivated (wake-up) when this threshold is exceeded. If 5 9. 16 is set to 0 1, the PID regulator is reactivated (wake-up) when this threshold is exceeded, following a stop caused by exceeding the maximum time at low speed 5 12. 1. Visible only if PID feedback assignment 5 9.00 (page 86) and Low speed operating time 5 12. 1 (page 101) is not set to 00.00.		
59.2 1	☐ Sleep offset threshold 0 ~ 512.2 (*0)	0 to 5 12.2	0 Hz
59.22	☐ PID feedback supervision threshold 0 - 100% (*0)	0 - 100%	0 (No)
59.23	☐ PID supervision function time delay	0 - 600s	0 s
()	0 - 600s (*0)		
59.24	☐ Maximum frequency detection Hysteresis	0 to 5 12.2	0 Hz
59.25	☐ PID feedback supervision		01
0 I 0 4	☐ Fault and freewheel stop☐ Fall back speed		
59.26	☐ Fall back speed	0 to 5 12.2	0 Hz

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

3	0	0	-	
1	0	0	-	
5	0	0	-	
		0		

200-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 10 -	PUMP SUB-MENU		
201	This function can be used to stop the motor in the event of an protection of the motor current exceeds the Process over time delay 2 1 1 is activated. Once this time delay 2 1 1 has elements.	rload threshold 20 €,	a Process overload
	overload threshold 208 -10%, the drive will stop running and Overload detection is only active when the system is in steady A value of 0 will disable application overload detection.	display Process overlo	oad.
	(hysteresis)	_ _ t	
<i>208</i> ()	☐ Process overload threshold	70% - 150% of 3 0 5 parameter value 70% - 150%	90% of 305 parameter value
	Visible only if Process overload time delay 2 0 7 above is not This parameter is used to detect an "application overload". 2 0 of the rated drive current. This is not the same as a motor or drive current.	🖪 can be adjusted bet	ween 70 and 150%
209 ()	☐ Process overload fault duration	0-6 min.	0 min.
	If 6 0 2 0 = 0 1, the drive will automatically restart after this time Minimum time permitted between an overload being detected a In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the maximum resthat of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if the "Overload time delay 2 0 7" above is not set	and any automatic resta start time	art.
2 10	☐ Process underload time delay	0-100 s	0 s
	 ∠ I □ can be adjust between 0 to 100 s If the motor current undershoots the underload threshold ∠ I ∠ I □, the drive will stop running and display F □ ∠ 9 (Underload) 		
	Estimated motor current When F 0 2 9 fault is detected		
	(hysteresis)		
	Underload detection is only active when the system is in stead A value of 0 will disable application underload detection.	y state (Actual speed re	eference reached).
2 ()	☐ Process Underload threshold	20% to 100% of 305 parameter	60%
()	Visible only if Process underload time delay ? I D is not set to application underload condition on the motor. Process underload 20 and 100% of the rated drive current.		

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

200-

300-

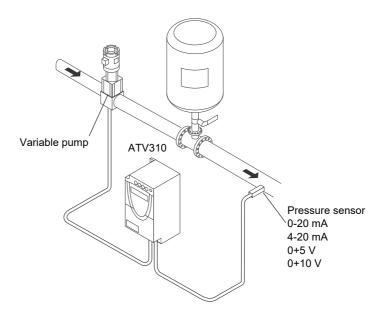
400-**500-**600-

700-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
212	☐ Process underload fault duration	0-6 min.	0 min.
()	If 602.0=0 I, the drive will automatically restart after this time delay following the Process underload fault F029. Minimum time permitted between an underload being detected and any automatic restart. In order for an automatic restart to be possible, the maximum restart time 602. I (page 103) must exceed that of this parameter by at least one minute. Visible only if the "Process underload time delay 210" above is not set to 0.		
5 10.0	☐ Selecting operating mode		
0	 No: single frequency conversion mode Yes: single frequency conversion combined with auxiliary pump mode If 5 I □ . □ = [□ I], digital output L □ will automatically assign value pump switching. 		
5 10.1	☐ Starting frequency of the auxiliary pump	0- 3 0 B parameter value	5 12.2 parameter value
	The auxiliary pump will start if this frequency is exceeded and 5 10.2).	after the pump start tim	e delay (value of
5 10.2	☐ Time delay before starting auxiliary pump	0-999.9s	2 s
	This time avoids the effects of transient pressure fluctuations a pump starting and stopping.	nd so avoids vibrations	generated during
5 10.3	☐ Auxiliary pump ramp reaching	0-999.9s	2 s
5 10.4	☐ Auxiliary pump stop frequency	0- 3 0 8 parameter value	0Hz
	The auxiliary pump will stop below this frequency after the aux	iliary pump stop delay (value of 5 <i>1</i> 0 . 5).
5 10.5	☐ Auxiliary pump stop time delay	0-999.9s	2 s
	This time avoids the effects of transient pressure fluctuations a pump starting and stopping.	and so avoids vibrations	generated during
5 10.6	☐ Auxiliary pump stop ramp	0-999.9s	2 s
5 10.7	☐ Zero flow detection period	0-20 min.	0 min.
	Function inactive if value is 0.		
5 10.8	Zero flow detection activation threshold	0-400Hz	0Hz
	Below this threshold function activated if 5 I 7 value >0 and	d the auxiliary pump is	stopped.
5 10.9	☐ Zero flow detection offset	0-400Hz	0Hz

Architecture of the pumping installation

Single variable mode - 1 single variable speed pump



Enter the values given on the motor rating plate in the Motor control menu 300-

First level adjustment parameters

- 5 0 I. Acceleration: 0.7 s
- 5 / I. / Deceleration: 0.7 s
- 5 / 2. D Low speed: 30 Hz
- 5 12.2 High speed: 60 Hz

Analog input menu Alt

2 ☐ 4. ☐ Scale of analog input Al1: 0-20 mA

Motor control menu drC

- ∃ / / Slip compensation: 0%
- **∃** I **∃** Frequency loop gain: 70%
- **∃** / □ IR compensation: 0%

Application functions menu FUn

- 2 □ 2 2-wire type control: LEL
- PI sub-menu
- 5 9.00 Assignment of the PI function feedback: Al1
- 5 9.0 / PI regulator proportional gain: 5.00
- 5 9. 0 2 PI regulator integral gain: 8.00
- 5 9. / / Internal PI regulator reference: 39%
- 5 9. 19 Restart error threshold: 40%
- 5 9. 2 5 Supervision of the PI regulator function: LFF
- 5 9. 2 PI feedback supervision threshold: 17%
- 5 9.2 3 PI feedback supervision function time delay: 1 s
- 59.26 Fallback speed: 50 Hz

Pump sub-menu PMP

- 5 I . 7 Zero flow detection: 1 min
- 5 I 🛛 . 🖪 Zero flow detection activation threshold: 50 Hz
- 5 ID. 9 Zero flow detection offset: 5 Hz
- 5 12. I Sleep threshold operating time: 3 s
- 5 9. / 5 Quick start threshold: 25 Hz
- 5 9.2 / Sleep threshold offset: 10 Hz
- Automatic DC injection sub-menu AdC
- 5 0 4.0 Automatic DC injection assignment: nO

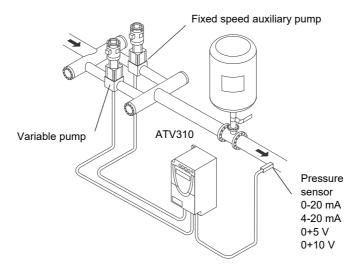
Automatic restart function Atr

6 □ **2** . □ Automatic restart: YES

Fault menu 600-

- **2** □ **B** Process Overload threshold: 11%
- ₽ □ 9 Process overload fault duration: 1
- 5 9. 2 4 Frequency hysteresis reached: 2 Hz

Single variable with auxiliary pump mode - 1 variable speed pump (variable pump) and one fixed speed pump (auxiliary pump)



The auxiliary pump is controlled by the ATV310 via logic output LO.

Enter the values given on the motor rating plate in the Motor control menu 300-

First level adjustment parameters

5 0 I. Acceleration: 0.1 s

5 0 1. I Deceleration: 0.1 s

5 12.0 Low speed: 35 Hz

Analog input menu 204-

2 □ 4. □ Scale of analog input Al1: 0-20 mA

Motor control menu 300-

3 / / Slip compensation: 0%

∃ I **∃** Frequency loop gain: 70%

∃ I □ IR compensation: 0%

Application functions menu FUn

2 □ 2 2-wire type control: 00

PI sub-menu

5 9. 0 0 Assignment of the PI function feedback: 01

5 9.0 / PI regulator proportional gain: 5.00

5 9. 0 2 PI regulator integral gain: 8.00

5 9. / / Internal PI regulator reference: 51%

5 9. / 9 Restart error threshold: 42%

Pump sub-menu PMP

5 I D. D Selecting the operating mode: 01 (Yes)

5 I . I Starting frequency of the auxiliary pump: 49 Hz

5 I . . . Time delay before starting the auxiliary pump: 1 s

5 ID. 3 Ramp for reaching the nominal speed of the auxiliary pump: 1 s

5 ID. 4 Stopping frequency of the auxiliary pump: 39.6 Hz

5 10.5 Time delay before the auxiliary pump stop command: 1 s

5 I Ramp for stopping the auxiliary pump: 1 s

5 I D. 7 Zero flow detection: 1 min

5 I D. B Zero flow detection activation threshold: 42 Hz

5 / D. 9 Zero flow detection offset: 2 Hz

5 12. I Sleep threshold operating time: 5 s

5 9.2 / Sleep threshold offset: 3 Hz

2 ☐ 6. / Assignment as logic/analog output PMP

Automatic DC injection sub-menu 504-

5 0 4.0 Automatic DC injection assignment: 00

Automatic restart function 602-

6 □ 2 . □ Automatic restart: 01 (active)

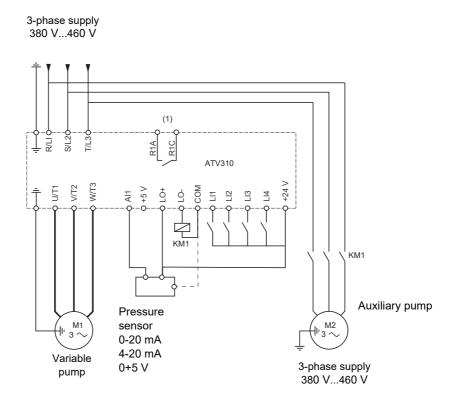
Fault menu 600-

₽ I □ Process underload function time delay 5 s

2 / / Process underload threshold: 59%

2 12 Time delay before automatic restart for the underload fault: 1

Connection diagram



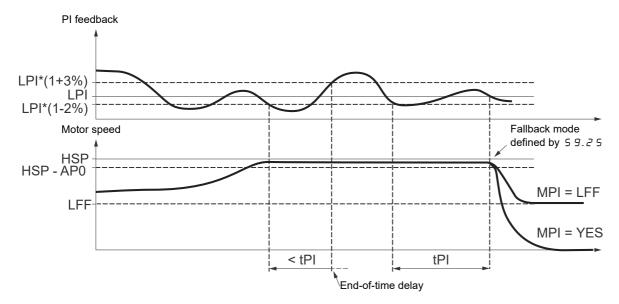
(1) Fault relay contacts, for remote indication of the drive status.

NOTE: Fit interference suppressors to all inductive circuits near the drive or connected to the same circuit (relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc.).

NOTE: This wiring example is in source using internal supply.

PI feedback supervision (59.25)

Used to define the operating mode in the event of detection of a PI feedback lower than the limit set.



Once the variable pump is running at maximum speed (higher than $5 \ l \ 2 \ 2 - 5 \ 9 \ 2 \ 4$) and at the same time the PI feedback is lower than the supervision threshold $5 \ 9 \ 2 \ 2 \ 4$ (1-2%), a time delay tPI is launched. If at the end of this time delay the value of the PI feedback is still lower than the supervision threshold $5 \ 9 \ 2 \ 2 \ 4$ (1+3%), the drive switches to fallback mode as defined by parameter $5 \ 9 \ 2 \ 5$.

The drive will perform a freewheel stop.

- 59.25 = 04:

The drive will run at a fixed frequency 59.26 and will display fault code - - 12.

In both cases the drive reverts to PI regulation mode as soon as the PI feedback is higher than the supervision threshold 5.9.2.2*(1+3%). In single variable with auxiliary pump mode (5.10.0=0.1), the PI feedback supervision function is only active when both pumps are operating.

Pump submenu PMP

The principal objective is to control a complete pumping installation using a single drive by providing constant pressure whatever the flow rate

The system is operated using an auxiliary fixed speed pump, and one variable speed pump, which is unable to provide the full flow range required on its own. A PI regulator is used for drive control. The pressure sensor provides system feedback.

The variable speed pump is called a variable pump.

The fixed speed pump is called an auxiliary pump.

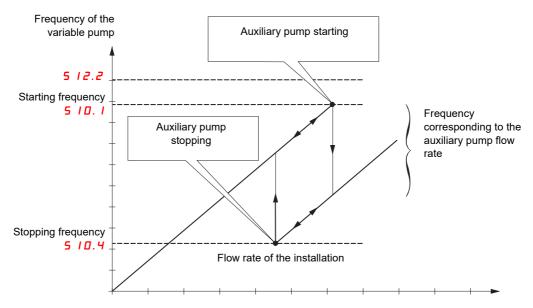
Selecting the operating mode

The ATV310 offers 2 operating modes:

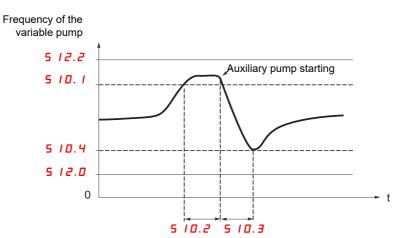
- Single variable mode: 1 single variable speed pump (variable pump).
- · Single variable with auxiliary pump mode: 1 variable speed pump (variable pump) and one fixed speed pump (auxiliary pump).

Control of the auxiliary pump

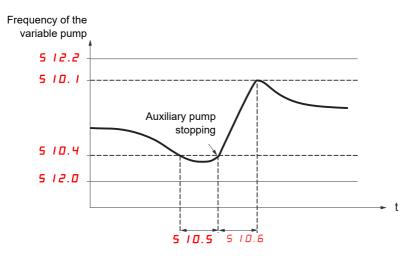
The PI regulator output (frequency reference of the variable pump) is used to control starting or stopping of the auxiliary pump with hysteresis, as shown in the figure below:



When the frequency exceeds the starting threshold (5 10.1), a time delay (5 10.2) is launched to avoid the effects of transient flow fluctuations. If after this time delay, the frequency remains higher than the starting threshold, the auxiliary pump is started. When the start command is sent, the variable pump will go from its current speed reference to the auxiliary pump stopping frequency (5 10.4) following a ramp (5 10.3) that equals the time taken for the auxiliary pump to reach its nominal speed. Parameter rOn is used to minimize the booster effect on starting the auxiliary pump.



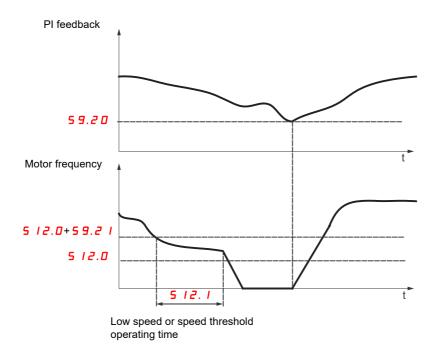
When the frequency is lower than the stopping threshold (5 10.4), a time delay is launched (5 10.5) to avoid the effects of transient flow fluctuations. If after this time delay, the frequency remains lower than the stopping threshold, the auxiliary pump is stopped. When the stop command is sent, the variable pump will go from its current speed reference to the auxiliary pump starting frequency (5 10.6) that equals the auxiliary pump stopping time. Parameter 5 10.6 is used to minimize the booster effect on stopping the auxiliary pump.



"Sleep" function/"Wake-up" function

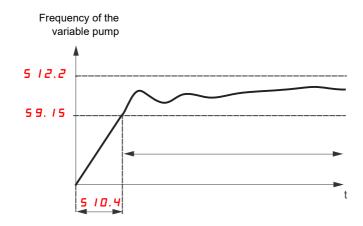
This function is used to stop the variable pump when there is zero flow (auxiliary pump stopped). In this case, if the frequency of the variable pump is lower than the "sleep" threshold ($5 \ l \ 2 \ l \ 1$), a time delay ($5 \ l \ 2 \ l \ 1$) is launched. If, after this time delay, the frequency remains lower than threshold $5 \ l \ 2 \ l \ 1$, the variable pump then stops. The installation is in "sleep" mode.

To switch to "wake-up" mode, the pressure feedback must drop to below the "wake-up" threshold 5 9.20. The variable pump is then started.



Quick start function

The quick start function can be used to overcome problems linked to high 5 9.0 / and 5 9.0 2 gains (instability on starting). The drive accelerates until it reaches the quick start threshold 5 9. / 5 following a ramp 5 / 0.4. Once the threshold has been reached, the PI regulator is activated.

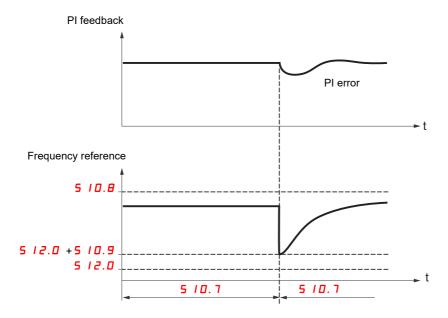


Zero flow detection

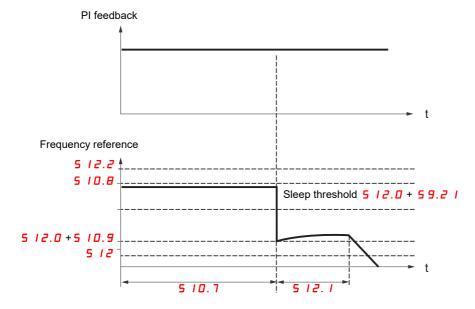
This function is only active when the auxiliary pump is stopped and the motor frequency is below threshold 5 10.8.

This function is used in applications where zero flow cannot be detected by the sleep function alone. It forces the drive frequency reference to 5 12.0 + 5 10.9 periodically (at each time interval 5 10.7) in order to test for zero flow.

• If the request is still present, the PI error increases, causing the drive to restart.



• If the request is no longer present (zero flow), the PI error will not increase.



• Set the sleep function so that the drive switches to sleep mode when zero flow is detected (5 10.9 T 59.2 1).

200-300-400-**500-**

700-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
500-	Function menu (continued)		
5 / / -	CURRENT LIMITATION MENU		
5 / /.0	2nd current limitation commutation		00
00 L IH L 3H L 4H L 0 H L 1L L 2L L 3L L 4L L 0 L	Assignment Function inactive L1H: LI1 active high L2H: LI2 active high L3H: LI3 active high L4H: LI4 active high LUH: LIU active high L1L: LI1 active low L2L: LI2 active low L3L: LI3 active low L4L: LI4 active low L4L: LI4 active low See LI assignment information (page 54).		
5 1 1.1	☐ Current limitation First current limitation.	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	Determined by drive rating and dual rating
	NOTICE		
	OVERHEATING AND DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR Depending on the settings of this parameter, the error response to detect to the operating state Fault is suppressed if an error is detected. • Verify that the settings of this parameter do not result in equipment of the lambda in the lambda in the settings of the parameter do not result in equipment of the lambda in the lambd	damage. unctions.	l or the transition
5 1 1.2	☐ Current limitation 2	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	Determined by drive rating and dual rating
	Second current limitation. This function allows reduction of the drive current limit. Visible only if 2nd current limitation commutation 5 / /. (page 100) is not set to		
	NOTICE		
	OVERHEATING AND DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR Depending on the settings of this parameter, the error response to deter to the operating state Fault is suppressed if an error is detected. • Verify that the settings of this parameter do not result in equipment of the implement alternative monitoring functions for disabled monitoring functions.	damage.	or the transition
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment dama	ge.	

(1) In = rated drive current

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

300-400-Code Name/Description Adjustment range **Factory setting** 500-500-Function menu (continued) 600-5 12 -**Speed limit menu** 700-0 Hz 0 Hz to 512.2 5 12.0 Low speed parameter value () Motor frequency at minimum reference. 0.1 to 999.9 s 00 5 12.1 □ Low speed operating time () Following operation at Low speed 5 12.0 for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor restarts if the reference value is greater than Low speed 5 1 2.0 and if a run command is still NOTE: D corresponds to an unlimited period.

EAV94277 05/2024 101

200-

200-

300-

500-600-

700-

400-

High speed configuration

The logic inputs enable selection of the desired high speed.

00

 Desired High speed
 Setting

 Parameter
 State

 5 12.2
 5 12.3
 0 0

 5 12.4
 0 0

 5 12.5
 5 12.3
 assigned

5 12.4

Desired High	Setting		
speed	Parameter	State	
5 12.6	5 12.3	00	
	5 12.4	assigned	
5 12.7	5 12.3	assigned	
	5 12.4	assigned	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
500-	Function menu (continued)		
5 12 -	Speed limit menu		
5 12.2	☐ High speed	512.0 to 308 parameter value	50 or 60 Hz determined by 301 parameter value, maximum 308 parameter value
	Motor frequency at maximum reference can be set in the rail 3 0 8 (page 67). If 3 0 8 falls below the value defined for 5 1 2 . 2 , 5 1 2 . 2 a		• •
5 12.3	2 High speed assignment		00
00 L 1H L 2H L 3H L 4H L 4H	 □ None □ L1H: LI1 active high □ L2H: LI2 active high □ L3H: LI3 active high □ L4H: LI4 active high □ LUH: LIU active high 		
5 12.4	□ 4 High speed assignment 00		
00 L 1H L 2H L 3H L 4H L 4H	□ None □ L1H: L11 active high □ L2H: L12 active high □ L3H: L13 active high □ L4H: L14 active high □ LUH: LIU active high		
5 12.5 ()	☐ High speed 2	512.0 to 308	As 512.2 parameter value
*2	Visible only if 2 High speed assignment 5 12.3 is not set to		
5 12.6	☐ High speed 3	512.0 to 308	As 512.2 parameter value
()	Visible only if 4 High speed assignment 5 12.4 is not set to	0 0 0.	
5 12.7	☐ High speed 4	512.0 to 308	As with 512.2 parameter value
()	Visible only if 2 High speed assignment 5 1 2.3 and 4 High	speed assignment 5	2. 4 are not set to □ □.
5 13	□ Cooling fan control		01
0 0 0 1	☐ Fan runs while drive is running☐ Temperature control mode, fan starting and stopping control	lled on basis of IGBT to	emperature

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT ME	NU	
6 D I	☐ Detected fault reset assignment		00
00 L 1H L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L u H	Manual fault reset. Function inactive L1H: L11 active high L2H: L12 active high L3H: L13 active high L4H: L14 active high LUH: LIU active high Faults are reset when the assigned input or bit changes to 1, if the cause of the fault has disappeared. The STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal performs the same function. See also Diagnostics and Troubleshooting (page 114).		
602-	Automatic restart menu		
602.0	☐ Automatic restart		00
	This function can be used to automatically perform individual or multiple Fault Resets. If the cause of the error that has triggered the transition to the operating state Fault disappears within while this function is active, the drive resumes normal operation. While the Fault Reset attempts are performed automatically, the output signal "Operating state Fault" is not available. If the attempts to perform the Fault Reset are not successful, the drive remains in the operating state Fault and the output signal "Operating state Fault" becomes active. WARNING UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION • Verify that activating this function does not result in unsafe conditions. • Verify that the fact that the output signal "Operating state Fault" is not available while this function is active does not result in unsafe conditions. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.		
0 0 0 1	□ Function inactive. □ Automatic restart after locking on a detected fault, if the cause has disappeared and the other operating conditions permit the restart. The restart is performed by a series of automatic attempts separated by increasingly longer waiting periods: 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, then 1 minute for subsequent attempts. The drive status relay remains activated if this function is active. The speed reference and the operating direction must be maintained. Use 2 wire type control (Type of control 2 □ I (page 56) = □ □ and 2-wire type control 2 □ 2 (page 60) = □ □). If the restart has not taken place once the Max. automatic restart 5 □ 2. I has elapsed, the procedure is aborted and the drive remains locked until it is turned off and then on again. The detected faults which permit use of this function are listed on page 116.		
602.1	☐ Max. automatic restart		5 min.
0 0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0 4 0 5 0 6	□ 5 min. □ 10 min. □ 30 min. □ 1 hr □ 2 hr □ 3 hr □ Infinite Visible only if Automatic restart 5 □ 2. □ is not set to □ □. number of consecutive restarts on a recurrent fault.	This parameter can be	used to limit the

200-300-400-500-700-

200-300-

400-	Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
500-	600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT MENU (continued)		
700-	603	☐ Catch on the fly		00
		This function is used to enable a smooth restart if the run comman Loss of line supply or disconnection Reset of current fault or automatic restart Freewheel stop The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of follows the ramp to the reference speed. This function requires 2-wire level control.		Ŭ
	0	☐ Function inactive ☐ Function active		

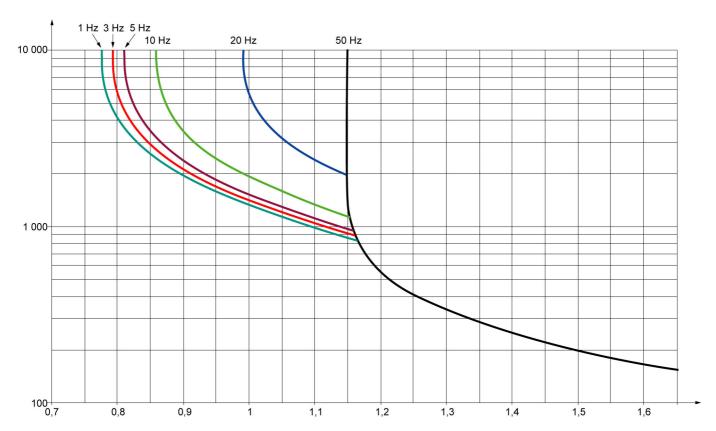
Motor thermal protection

Function:

Thermal protection by calculating the I²t.

- Naturally-cooled motors:
 The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
- Force-cooled motors:
 Only the 50 Hz tripping curve need be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.

Trip time in seconds



Motor current/604.0 parameter value

200-300-

400-

500-

600-

700-

200-300-

400-500-

600-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT MENU (continued)			
6 O 4 -	Motor Thermal Protection menu			
604.0	☐ Motor thermal current	0.2 to 1.5 ln (1)	Determined by drive rating	
()	Current used for motor thermal detection. Set ItH to the	he nominal current on the	motor rating plate.	
6 O 4. I	☐ Motor protection type	01		
0 I	□ Self-ventilated □ Motor-ventilated			
604.2	Overload fault management		01	
0 0 0 1 0 8	Type of stop in the event of a motor thermal fault. ☐ Fault ignored ☐ Freewheel stop ☐ DC injection ☐ Overload fault management Setting			
	NOTICE			
	OVERHEATING AND DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR If this parameter is set to 00, the error response to detected errors is disabled and the transition to the operating state Fault is suppressed. • Verify that the settings of this parameter do not result in equipment damage. • Implement alternative monitoring functions for disabled monitoring functions. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.			
604.3	☐ Motor thermal state memo		00	
0	☐ Motor thermal state not stored at power off ☐ Motor thermal state is stored at power off			
600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT	MENU (continued)		
605	☐ Output Phase loss		01	
	HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH If output phase monitoring is disabled, phase loss and, by implication, accidental disconnection of cables, are not detected. Verify that the setting of this parameter does not result in unsafe conditions. Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.			
0	☐ Function inactive ☐ Tripping on F ☐ I Y (1 phase loss) or F ☐ I 5 (3 phase loss) fault with freewheel stop.			
606	☐ Input Phase loss		01	
0	This parameter is only accessible in this menu on 3-phases drives. Fault ignored Fault with freewheel stop If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode, but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault.			
08	□ DC Injection			

(1) In = rated drive current

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Name/Description

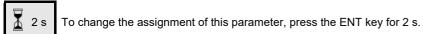
Code

	300-
Factory setting	400-
	500-
	600-
	700-
00	
00	
1.0 s	
00	
ts cause a slight	
ed	

Adjustment range

200-

600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT MENU (continued)		
607-	Undervoltage menu		
607.0	☐ Undervoltage detected fault management		00
0	Behaviour of the drive in the event of an undervoltage Detected fault and R1 relay set to 0 Detected fault and R1 relay set to 1		
6 O 7. I	☐ Undervoltage prevention		00
0 Z	Behaviour in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention level being reached ☐ No action (freewheel) ☐ Stop following an adjustable ramp Undervoltage ramp deceleration time		
607.2	☐ Undervoltage ramp deceleration time	0.0 to 10.0 s	1.0 s
()	Undervoltage prevention 6 0 7. I = 0 2 gives this ramp time.		
600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT MENU (continued)		
608	☐ IGBT Test		00
0	 □ No test □ The IGBTs are tested on power up and every time a run command is sent. These tests cause a slight delay (a few ms). □ In the event of a fault, the drive will lock. The following faults can be detected: □ Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): F□ IB, F□ I9, F□ I display □ IGBT faulty: F□ I D display, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned □ IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned 		
609	☐ 4-20mA loss Behaviour		00
00	☐ Fault ignored. This configuration is only possible if Al1 current scaling parameter of 0% 2 ☐ 4. I (page 61) is not greater than 3 mA or Al1 type 2 ☐ 4. ☐ = 0 A.		
0 I 0 8	☐ Freewheel stop ☐ DC injection		



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

400-	Code	Name/Description Adjust	ment range	Factory setting	
500-	600-	FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT MENU (continued)			
700-	6 10	☐ Detected fault inhibition assignment		00	
		In rare cases, the monitoring functions of the drive may be unwanted because they impede the purpose of the application. A typical example is a smoke extractor fan operating as a part of a fire protection system. If a fire occurs, the smoke extractor fan should operate as long as possible, even if, for example, the permissible ambient temperature of the drive is exceeded. In such applications, damage to or destruction of the device may be acceptable as collateral damage, for example, to keep other damage from occurring whose hazal potential is assessed to be more severe.			
A parameter is provided to disable certain monitoring functions in such applications so that detection and automatic error responses of the device are no longer active. You must implementation functions for disabled monitoring functions that allow operators and/or master cadequately respond to conditions which correspond to detected errors. For example, if over monitoring of the drive is disabled, the drive of a smoke extractor fan may itself cause a firm undetected. An overtemperature condition can be, for example, signaled in a control room being stopped immediately and automatically by its internal monitoring functions.			ement alternative ontrol systems to rtemperature e if errors go		
		▲ DANGER			
		 MONITORING FUNCTIONS DISABLED, NO ERROR DETECTION Only use this parameter after a thorough risk assessment in compliance with that apply to the device and to the application. Implement alternative monitoring functions for disabled monitoring function error responses of the drive, but allow for adequate, equivalent response with all applicable regulations and standards as well as the risk assessment. Commission and test the system with the monitoring functions enabled. During commissioning, verify that the drive and the system operate as it is simulations in a controlled environment under controlled conditions. 	ons that do not es by other mea ent.	trigger automatic ns in compliance	
		Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.			
	00 L IH L 2 H L 3 H L 4 H L 4 H	To assign fault inhibit, press and hold down the ENT key for 2 s. Function inactive L1H: L11 active high L2H: L12 active high L3H: L13 active high L4H: L14 active high LUH: LIU active high Following detected faults can be inhibited:			
	₹ 2 s	F008, F025, F028, F0 1, F0 3, F0 14, F0 15, F F027, and F030.	0 16, F022	, F O 2 4,	

2 s

200-300-

To change the assignment of this parameter, press the ENT key for 2 s.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Adjustment Code Name/Description **Factory setting** range FAULT DETECTION MANAGEMENT MENU (continued) 600-01 611 Modbus detected fault management Behaviour of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated Modbus. 00 Fault ignored Π □ Freewheel stop DC injection WARNING LOSS OF CONTROL If this parameter is set to [] [], Modbus communication monitoring is disabled. · Only use this setting after a thorough risk assessment in compliance with all regulations and standards that apply to the device and to the application. Only use this setting for tests during commissioning. · Verify that communication monitoring has been re-enabled before completing the commissioning procedure and performing the final commissioning test. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage. 6 12 Degraded line supply operation Lowers the tripping threshold of the F 🖸 🗦 🛈 fault to operate on a line supply down to 50% of nominal line voltage. In this case, a line choke must be used and the performance of the drive controller cannot be guaranteed. 00 □ No П ☐ Yes NOTICE **RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE DRIVE** A line choke must be used when the parameter **6** 12 is set to **0** 1. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage. 00 6 13 Reset power run This function will initialize the settings in the Monitor (open control open cont 00 Reset fan time display 07 6 14 □ Reset all previous detected faults via Run key of HMI () If this function is active and the RUN key on the equipment panel is pressed for at least 2 s, some detected faults (1) can be reset. This function is only effective for 2-wire or 3-wire control. If type of control $2 \square I$ (page 56) = $\square \square$ and 2 wire type control $2 \square \square \square$ (page 60) = $\square \square$ and the RUN command is still valid, the drive will run the motor after the fault is reset. To change the assignment of this parameter, press the ENT key for 2 s. (1) These errors include: F001, F002, F006, F008, F010, F014, F015, F017, F018, F019, F020, F021, F025, F027 and F028. □ Inactive 00 Active **▲** WARNING **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION** ₹ 2 s If parameter 614 is set to 1, pressing the RUN key for 2 s with clear and some detected errors (1). Verify that activating this function does not result in unsafe conditions. Only use this parameter after a thorough risk assessment in compliance with all regulations and standards that apply to the device and to the application. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

200-300-

4ПП-

5 N N -

600-

200-300-400-500-600-

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
- ם ם ר	Communication menu NOTE: For following parameters, the modifications will be taken into account	ınt only at the next con	trol power on.
ו פר	☐ Modbus address	OFF	
	Modbus address is adjustable in the range ┏ F F to ፫ Ⴗ 7. Wh	nen a F F , communica	tion is not active.
702	☐ Modbus baud rate		19.2
2 4 2 8 3 2 3 6	☐ 4.8 kbps☐ 9.6 kbps☐ 19.2 kbps☐ 38.4 kbps		
703	■ Modbus format		8E1
0 2 0 3 0 4 0 5	□ 8o1 □ 8E1 □ 8N1 □ 8N2		
704	Modbus time out	0.1 to 30 s	10 s
	The drive detects a Modbus fault if the drive does not receive a period (time out).	Modbus request withi	n a predefined time
705-	Input scanner menu (values are expressed in hexadeci	imal)	
705.0	Com scanner read address parameter 1 Address of the 1st input word.		0C81
ו .5 מר	Com scanner read address parameter 2 Address of the 2nd input word.		219C
705.2	Com scanner read address parameter 3 Address of the 3rd input word.		0000
705.3	Com scanner read address parameter 4 Address of the 4th input word.		0000
706-	Output scanner menu (values are expressed in hexad	lecimal)	
706.0	Com scanner write address parameter 1 Address of the 1st input word.		2135
706.1	Com scanner write address parameter 2 Address of the 2nd input word.		219A
706.2	☐ Com scanner write address parameter 3 Address of the 3rd input word.		0000
706.3	Com scanner write address parameter 4 Address of the 4th input word.		0000

Configuration Mode - Complete menu (FULL)

300-400-Code Name/Description Adjustment range **Factory setting** 500-700-Communication menu (continued) 600-707-Input scanner access menu (values are expressed in hexadecimal) 700-ETA value 707.0 Com scanner read address value 1 Value of the 1st input word. RFRD value 707.1 Com scanner read address value 2 Value of the 2nd input word. 8000 707.2 Com scanner read address value 3 Value of the 3rd input word. 8000 707.3 Com scanner read address value 4 Value of the 4th input word. 708-Output scanner access menu (values are expressed in hexadecimal) CMD value 708.0 Com scanner write address value 1 () Value of the 1st output word. LFRD value 10B.I □ Com scanner write address value 2 () Value of the 2nd output word. 8000 108.2 □ Com scanner write address value 3 () Value of the 3rd output word. 8000 108.3 Com scanner write address value 4 () Value of the 4th output word.

200-

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Servicing

▲ A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in "Before your begin" chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The ATV310 does not require any preventive maintenance. However, it is advisable to perform the following checks regularly:

- · Check environment and tightness of connections
- · Remove any dust from the drive
- Ensure proper fan operation

Physical damage to covers

Services

NOTICE

RISK OF DAMAGE TO DRIVE

Perform the following activities.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Environment	Related parts	Actions	Periodicity
Product impact	Enclosure - Control panel (LED display)	Check drive display part	Once per month
Corrosion	Terminals - connectors - screws	Check and clean	
Dust	Terminals - fans - vents		
Temperature	Product setting	Check and optimize	
Cooling	Fan	Check fan operation	
Cooming	ran	Replace fan	As required
Vibration	Terminal connections	Check connection torque	Once per month

Prolonged storage

For products that have been stored for more than 2 years, voltage should be gradually increased in product capacitors.

NOTICE

RISK OF DERATED PERFORMANCE DUE TO CAPACITOR AGING

The product capacitor performances after a long time storage above 2 years can be degraded. In that case, before using the product, apply the following procedure:

- Use a variable AC voltage supply, connected between L1 and L2 (even for ATV
- Increase AC supply voltage to have:
 - 80% of rated voltage for 30 min
 - 100% of rated voltage for 30 min

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Display menu

Use the status of the drive and its current values shown on the display menu as an aid for finding the causes of detected faults.

Assistance with maintenance, detected fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, ensure that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is stored and displayed, flashing, on the screen. The drive locks and the status relay R1 contact opens.

Clearing the detected fault

Disconnect the drive power supply in the event of a non-resettable fault.

Wait for the display to go off completely.

Find the cause of the detected fault and correct it.

Restore power to the drive.

The detected fault will no longer be present if its cause has been corrected.

In the event of a non resettable detected fault:

- · Remove/cut the power to the drive.
- WAIT 15 MINUTES to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge, then follow the "Bus Voltage Measurement Procedure" (page 5) to verify that the DC voltage is less than 42 V. The drive LED is not an accurate indicator of the absence of DC bus voltage.
- · Find and correct the detected fault.
- · Restore power to the drive to confirm the detected fault has been rectified.
- · Certain detected faults can be programmed for automatic restart after the cause has disappeared.

These detected faults can also be reset by cycling power to the drive or by means of a logic input or control bit.

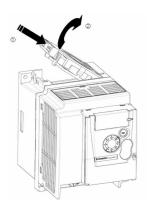
Spares and repairs:

Serviceable product. Refer to spares replacement catalogue.

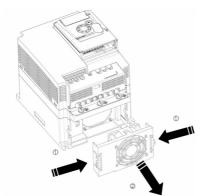
Fan replacement

Fan spares can be ordered for the ATV310. Contact the Schneider Electric Customer Care Center for details.

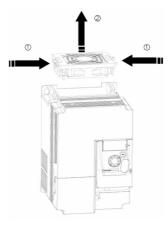
- ① Remove screw of fan support and pull out the fan support
- ② Uncoupled the connected parts and remove the fan



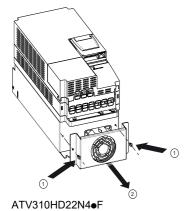
ATV310HU15N4•, ATV310HU22N4•



ATV310HU30N4•, ATV310HU40N4•, ATV310HU55N4•, ATV310HD15N4•, ATV310HD18N4•



ATV310HU75N4•, ATV310HD11N4•



- ① Grasp the protruding part of fan bayonet mount
- 2 Uncouple the connected parts and remove the fan

Drive does not start, no error code displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive (ground and input phase connections, see page 27).
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel" functions will prevent the drive starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. The ATV310 then displays 5 0 2. I in freewheel stop mode and -- 0 I in fast stop mode. -- 0 is displayed at freewheel stop end. This is normal, since these functions are active at zero so drive can safely stop in case of wire break. Assignment of LI to be checked in the C on F/F u L L/5 0 0 -/5 0 2 menu.
- Make sure that the run command input(s) is activated in accordance with the selected control mode (parameters in [a n F/F u L L/20] menu Type of control 20 I (page 56) and 2-wire type control 20 2 (page 60).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to Modbus, the drive displays " 5 0 2. I" freewheel stop when the power supply is connected and remains in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.
- "RUN" key is inactive in factory setting. Adjust parameters Reference channel 1 40 / (page 73) and Command channel 1 40 / (page 74) to control the drive locally (an F/F u L L/400 menu). See "How to control the drive locally" (page 45).

Fault detection codes which cannot be cleared automatically

The cause of the detected fault must be removed before resetting by cycling power to the drive.

F D 2 5 and F D 2 B faults can also be reset remotely by means of a logic input (in C on F/F u L L/6 D D - menu, parameter Detected fault reset assignment 6 D I (page 103).

F D D 7, F D 2 5 and F D 2 B faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input (parameter Detected fault inhibition assignment 6 I D (page 108).

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
	Problem with application firmware	Invalid application firmware update using the Multi-Loader tool	Re-download application firmware.
F 0 0 1	Precharge	Charging relay control fault or charging resistor damaged	 Turn the drive off and then back on again. Check the connections. Check the stability of the main supply. Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 0 2	Unknown drive rating	Power card and stored card versions different	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 0 3	Unknown or incompatible power board	The power card is incompatible with the control card	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 0 4	Internal serial link fault	Communication interruption between the internal cards	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 0 5	Invalid industrialization zone	Internal data inconsistent	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 0 6	Current measurement circuit	Current measurement is not correct due to hardware circuit fault	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 0 7	Internal thermal sensor detected fault	The drive temperature sensor is not operating correctly The drive is in short circuit or open	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F008	Internal CPU	Internal microprocessor fault	Turn the drive off and then back on again. Contact local Schneider Electric representative.

Fault detection codes that cannot be cleared automatically (continued)

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
FO IO	Overcurrent	Parameters in the Motor control menu 300 - page 66 are not correct Inertia or load too high Mechanical locking	 Check the parameters. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the state of the mechanism. Connect line motor chokes. Reduce the Switching frequency range
F 0 18	Motor short-circuit Ground short-circuit	Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output Ground fault while in run state Motor switching while in run state Significant current leakage to ground while several motors are connected in parallel	 Verify the cables connecting the drive to the motor and the motor insulation. Adjust the switching frequency. Connect chokes in series with the motor. Verify the adjustment of speed loop.
F 0 2 0	IGBT short circuit	Internal power component short circuit detected at power on	Contact local Schneider Electric representative.
F 0 2 5	Overspeed	Instability Overspeed associated with the inertia of the application	 Check the motor. If overspeed is 10% more than Top frequency (page 67) adjust this parameter if necessary. Add a braking resistor. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check parameters of the speed loop (gain and stability).
F 0 2 8	Autotuning fault	Motor not connected to the drive Motor phase loss Special motor Motor is rotating (being driven by the load, for example)	 Check that the motor/drive are compatible. Check that the motor is present during autotuning. If an output contactor is being used downstream, close it during auto-tuning. Check that the motor is completely stopped.

Fault detection codes that can be cleared with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These faults can also be cleared by turning on and off or by means of a logic input (parameter Detected fault reset assignment 5 0 / (page 103).

F011, F013, F014, F015, F016, F022, F024 and F027 faults can be inhibited and cleared by means of a logic input [Detected fault inhibition assignment 6 / 0 (page 108)].

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
F009	Overbraking	Sudden braking or load inertia too high	Increase the deceleration time. Install a module unit with a braking resistor if necessary. Check the main supply voltage to ensure it is under the maximum acceptable (20% over maximum main supply during run status).
FOII	Drive overheat	Drive temperature too high	Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the ambient temperature. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting. See Mounting and temperature conditions on page 18.
F 0 12	Process overload fault	Process overload	Check that drive parameters and application processes are compatible.
F 0 13	Motor overload	Triggered by excessive motor current	Check configuration of motor thermal protection and motor load.
F 0 14	1 Output phase loss	Loss of one phase on drive output	Check the connections from the drive to the motor. If using a downstream contactor, make sure the connection, cable and contactor are right.
F 0 15	3 Output phases loss	Motor not connected Motor power too low, below 6% of the rated drive current Output contactor open Transient instability in the motor current	 Check the connections from the drive to the motor. Test on a low power motor or without a motor. In factory settings mode, motor phase loss detection is active Output Phase loss detection \$\mathbb{E}\$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
F 0 16	Main overvoltage	Line voltage too high: At drive power on, supply is 10% over the maximum acceptable voltage level At power with no run command, 20% over maximal line supply Disturbed mains supply	• Turn Off the Drive. Check and adjust the line voltage. After line come back to nominal voltage (within tolerance) do power On. If intermittent F I I E code appear, set R1 assignment 2 I S. II to II I and it can be connected to upstream protection to avoid overvoltage in the drive. In this case LO1 can be used for others drive status see page 61
FOIT	Input phase loss	Drive incorrectly supplied or a fuse blown Failure of one phase J-phase ATV310 used on a single-phase line supply Unbalanced load This protection only operates with the drive on load	 Check the power connection and the fuses. Use a 3-phase line supply. Disable reporting of this fault type by setting Input Phase loss detection detection

Fault detection codes that can be cleared with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
FOZI	Load short circuit	Short-circuit at drive output Short circuit detection at the run command or DC injection command if parameter IGBT Test 608 (page 107) is set to 1	Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor and the condition of motor insulation.
F 0 2 2	Modbus interruption	Interrupted communication on the Modbus network	 Check the connections of communication bus. Check the time-out (parameter Modbus time out 7 0 4 page 110). Refer to the Modbus user manual.
F 0 2 4	HMI communication	Communication interruption with the external display terminal	Check the terminal connection.
F026	PI feedback fault	PID feedback below lower limit	 Verify the PID function feedback. Verify the PID feedback supervision (parameter PID feedback supervision 5 9. 2 5 page 89) and time delay setting (parameter PID supervision function time delay 5 9. 2 3 page 89).
F 0 2 7	IGBT overheat	Drive overheated IGBT internal temperature is too high for the ambient temperature and load .	 Check the size of the load/motor/drive. Reduce the Switching frequency 3 / 5 page 69. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
F 0 2 9	Process underload fault	Process underload Ime that motor current is below the Process underload threshold I (page 63) exceeds the Process underload time delay I (page 63) to protect the application	Check that drive parameters and application processes are compatible.
F 0 3 3	Al1 current loss	Detected if: • Analog input Al1 is configured as current • Al1 current scaling parameter of 0% 204. I (page 61) is greater than 3 mA • Analog input current is lower than 2 mA	Check the terminal connection.

Fault detection codes that will be cleared as soon as their causes disappear

USF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input parameter Detected fault inhibition assignment [6] (page 108).

Code	Name	Possible causes	Remedy
F 0 3 0	Undervoltage	Line supply too low Transient voltage dip	Check the voltage and parameters on the Undervoltage phase loss menu 6 0 7 - (page 107).
FO3I	Incorrect configuration	HMI block replaced by an HMI block configured on a drive with a different rating The current configuration of customer parameters is inconsistent	 Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid. If the fault remains after reverting to the factory settings, contact your local Schneider Electric representative.
F 🛛 3 2 (1)	Invalid configuration	Invalid configuration The configuration loaded in the drive via the bus or communication network is inconsistent. The configuration upload has been interrupted or is not fully finished	Check the configuration loaded previously. Load a compatible configuration.
FOJY	Download invaild configuration	When save parameter setting or restore to factory setting, the drive detect invalid configuration.	 Power cycle drive. Restore to factory setting. If the fault remains after reverting to the factory settings, contact your local Schneider Electric representative.

⁽¹⁾ When the CFI is present in the previous fault menu, it means the configuration has been interrupted or is not fully finished.

Some detected faults that are reset by pressing the RUN key

See Reset all previous detected faults via Run key of HMI 5 14 parameter (page 109).

HMI block changed

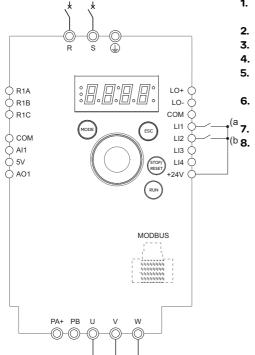
When an HMI block is replaced by an HMI block configured on a drive with a different rating, the drive locks in Incorrect configuration F 🖸 3 I fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed, the fault can be cleared by returning to factory setting.

Fault detection codes displayed on the remote display terminal

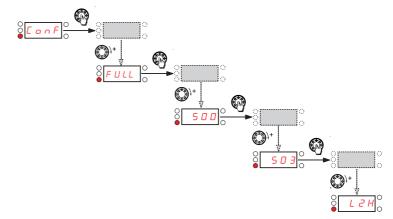
Code	Name	Description
in it:	Auto-initialization on start	Macro controller initialization Searching communication configuration
Г □ П . Е (1)	Communication error	50 ms time out error This message appears after 220 retry attempts
A - 17 (1)	Key alarm	 Key pressed down for longer than 10 seconds Membrane switch disconnected Display terminal woken up while a key is being pressed
c L r (1)	Confirm fault reset	This message appears if the STOP key is pressed while the display terminal is displaying a fault
d E ⊔ . E (1)	Drive mismatch	Drive type (brand) does not match display terminal type (brand)
гоП. Е (1)	ROM abnormality	ROM abnormality detected by checksum calculation
г Я П. Е (1)	RAM abnormality	Display terminal RAM abnormality detected
[Ри.Е (1)	Other fault	The other detected fault

⁽¹⁾ Flashing

2-wire type control (source)



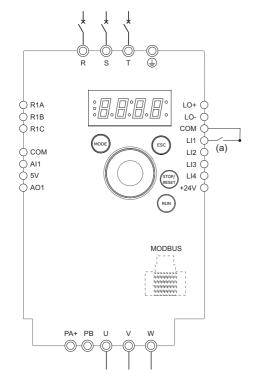
- Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
- 2. Connect the power terminals.
- 3. Connect the logic inputs.
- 4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
- 5. Assign factory settings to the drive, i.e. Factory / recall customer parameter set | D 2 (page 54) = 5 4.
- Set the motor parameters (in COnF mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- 7. Perform an auto-tuning.
- (b 8. Set parameter Reverse direction 5 0 3 (page 79) to L , 2 H.



(a): Run Forward (b): Run Reverse

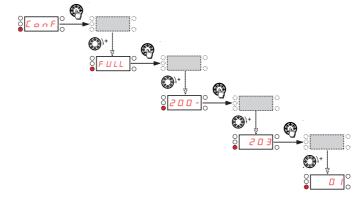
9. Start

2-wire control (sink)



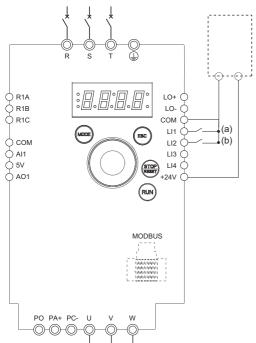
(a): Run Forward

- Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
- 2. Connect the power terminals.
- 3. Connect the logic inputs.
- 4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
- 5. Assign factory settings to the drive, i.e. Factory / recall customer parameter set | D 2 (page 54) = 6 4.
- **6.** Set **2** □ **1** to □ □ (see page <u>56</u>).
- 7. Set the motor parameters (in [an F mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- 8. Perform an auto-tuning.
- 9. Set parameter Logic inputs type 2 1 3 (page 60) to 1.



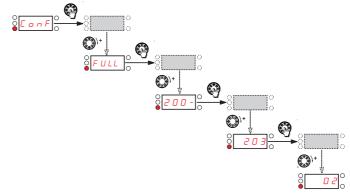
10. Start

3-wire control (sink)



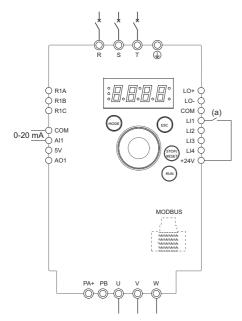
(a): Run Forward (b): Run Reverse

- Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
- 2. Connect the power terminals.
- 3. Connect the logic inputs.
- 4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
- **6.** Set **₽ □ I** to **□ I** (see page <u>56</u>).
- 7. Set the motor parameters (in [a r F mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- 8. Perform an auto-tuning.
- **9.** Set parameter Logic inputs type $\supseteq \square \supseteq \square$ (page $\underline{60}$) to $\square \supseteq \square$.



10. Start

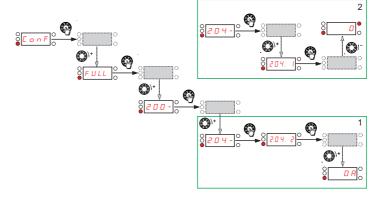
Speed control 0-20 mA (source)



(a) Run Forward

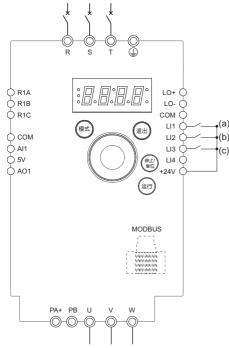
- Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals
- 2. Connect the power terminals.
- 3. Connect the logic input LI1 and analog input AI1.
- **4.** Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
- Assign factory settings to the drive, i.e. Factory / recall customer parameter set | D 2 (page 54) = 6 4.
- Set the motor parameters (in mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- 7. Perform an auto-tuning.
- 8. Set Al1 type 2 0 4.0 (page 61) to 0 A, Al1 current scaling parameter of 0% 2 0 4.1 (page 61) to 0 A.

Check that Al1 current scaling parameter of 100% ≥ □ 4. ≥ (page 61) is set to 20 mA.



9. Start

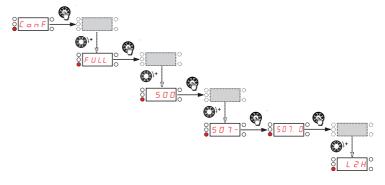
4 preset speeds (source)



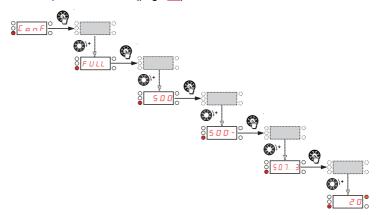
- (a): Run Forward
- (b): 2 preset speeds (c): 4 preset speeds

Important: Please refer to Function compatibility table (page 44).

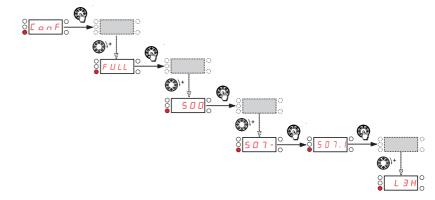
- Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
- 2. Connect the power terminals.
- 3. Connect the logic inputs.
- **4.** Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
- 5. Assign factory settings to the drive, i.e. Factory / recall customer parameter set | D 2 (page 54) = 6 4.
- Set the motor parameters (in COnF mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- 7. Perform an auto-tuning.
- 8. Set 2 preset speeds 5 0 7.0 (page 84) to L 2 H.



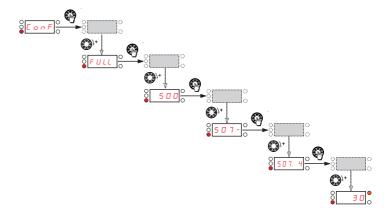
Set Preset speed 2 5 0 7.3 (page 84) to 20 Hz.



Set preset speed 4 5 0 7. I (page 84) to L 3 H.

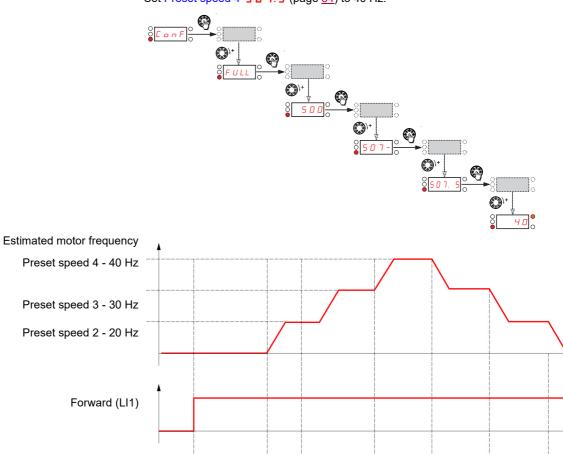


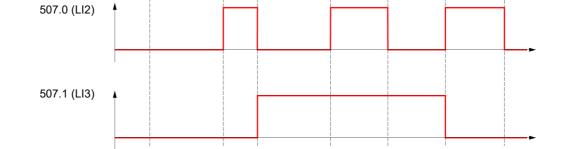
Set Preset speed 3 5 0 7.4 (page <u>84</u>) to 30 Hz.



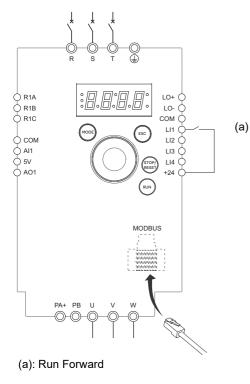
4 preset speeds (source) continued

Set Preset speed 4 5 0 7.5 (page <u>84</u>) to 40 Hz.



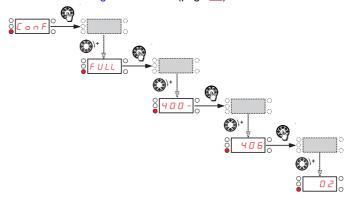


Terminal command channel and Modbus reference channel

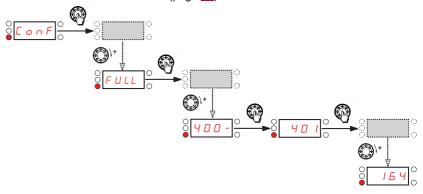


Important: Please refer to the Function compatibility table (page 44).

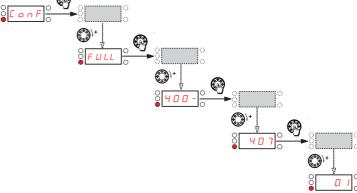
- Connect the ground terminal to the grounding screws located below the output terminals.
- 2. Connect the power terminals.
- **3.** Connect the logic input LI1 and plug RJ45 cable connector to the Modbus socket.
- 4. Turn on the drive without giving a run command.
- 5. Assign factory settings to the drive, i.e. set Factory / recall customer parameter set | D 2 (page 54) to 54.
- **6.** Set the motor parameters (in COnF mode) only if the factory configuration of the drive is not suitable.
- 7. Perform an auto-tuning.
- 8. Set Channel configuration 405 (page 73) to 2.



Set Reference channel 1 4 0 1 (page 73) to 16 4.



Check that Command channel 1 4 0 7 (page 74) is set to 0 1.



9. Start

Introduction

Overview

A A DANGER

INSUFFICIENT PROTECTION AGAINST OVERCURRENTS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- · Use properly rated overcurrent protection devices.
- Use the fuses/circuit breakers specified.
- Do not connect the product to a supply mains whose prospective short circuit current rating (current that flows during a short circuit) exceeds the specified maximum permissible value.
- When rating the upstream mains fuses and the cross sections as well as the lengths of the mains cables, take into account the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc). Refer to the Upstream Protection Device section.
- If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, apply the instructions given in the section below.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The specified maximum permissible values and products for IEC compliance are specified in the present document (user manual).

General

- The Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) rated to the drive will help protect the upstream installation in case of a short-circuit internal to the drive and mitigate the damage to the drive and its surrounding area.
- The SCPD rated to the drive is mandatory to help ensuring the safety of the Power Drive System.
 It comes in addition to the upstream branch circuit protection which is in compliance with the local regulation for electrical installation.
- · The SCPD shall mitigate the damage in case of detected error condition such as an internal short-circuit of the drive.
- · The SCPD must take into account both following characteristics...
 - a maximum prospective short-circuit current
 - a minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc).

If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, increase the power of the transformer or decrease the length of the cables

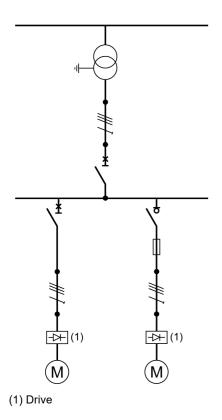
In other cases, contact your Schneider Electric Customer Care Center (CCC) for specific selection of Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD).

NOTE: The electronic power output short-circuit protection circuitry meets the requirements of IEC 60364-4-41:2005/AMD1 - Clause 411.

Upstream Protective Device

Wiring Diagram

This diagram shows an example of installation with both SCPD types, Circuit-breaker and Fuse link rated to the drive.



Prospective Short-Circuit Current

Calculation

The prospective short-circuit current shall be computed at the drive connection points.

The following equations allow to estimate the value of the symmetrical three-phase prospective short-circuit current (Isc) at the drive connection points.

$$Xt = \frac{U^2}{Sn} \cdot usc$$

$$Zcc = \sqrt{\left(\rho \cdot \frac{l}{S} + Rf\right)^2 + \left(Xt + XcJ + Xf\right)^2}$$

$$Isc = \frac{U}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{Zcc}$$

Isc Symmetrical three-phase prospective short-circuit current (kA)

Xt Transformer reactance

V No-load phase to phase voltage of the transformer (V)

Sn Apparent transformer power (kVA)

usc Short-circuit voltage, according to the transformer data sheet (%)

Zcc Total short-circuit impedance (m Ω)

Conductor resistivity e.g. Cu: 0.01851 mΩ.mm

/ Conductor length (mm)

S Conductor cross section (mm²)

 $\it Xc$ Conductor lineic reactance (0.0001 m Ω /mm) $\it Rf, Xf$ Resistance and reactance of the line filter (m Ω)

Upstream Protective Device

Example of Calculation with Copper Cable (without line filter)

Transformer	U	Cable Cross	Isc depe	ending on	cable lenç	gth in m(fl	:)			
50 Hz	400 Vac Usc	Section	10 (33)	20 (66)	40 (131)	80 (262)	100 (328)	160 (525)	200 (656)	320 (1050)
kVA	%	mm ² (AWG)	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA
100	4	2.5 (14)	2.3	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
		4 (12)	2.9	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
		6 (10)	3.2	2.6	1.6	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	3.4	3.1	2.3	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.6	1.4	0.9
		50 (0)	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.3	2.1	1.5
		70 (00)	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.3	1.8
		120 (250 MCM)	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.1
250	4	6 (10)	5.7	3.4	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	7.1	5.0	2.9	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	8.4	7.4	5.5	3.4	2.8	1.8	1.5	0.9
		50 (0)	8.6	8.1	7.0	5.2	4.5	3.2	2.7	1.8
		70 (00)	8.6	8.2	7.3	5.8	5.2	3.9	3.3	2.3
		120 (250 MCM)	8.7	8.3	7.6	6.5	6.0	4.8	4.2	3.0
400	4	6 (10)	6.6	3.6	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	9.2	5.6	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	12	9.9	6.5	3.6	2.9	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	13	12	9.3	6.1	5.1	3.4	2.8	1.8
		70 (00)	13	12	10	7.2	6.2	4.4	3.6	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	13	13	11	8.6	7.6	5.7	4.9	3.4
800	6	6 (10)	6.9	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	10	5.8	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	15	11	6.9	3.7	3.0	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	17	15	11	6.5	5.4	3.5	2.9	1.8
		70 (00)	17	15	12	7.9	6.7	4.6	3.7	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	17	16	13	9.8	8.6	6.2	5.2	3.5
1,000	6	6 (10)	7.1	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	11	6.0	3.1	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	18	12	7.1	3.7	3.0	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	21	17	12	6.7	5.5	3.6	2.9	1.8
		70 (00)	21	18	13	8.4	7.0	4.7	3.8	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	22	19	16	11	9.3	6.5	5.4	3.6

Upstream Protective Device

Additional Line Filter Option

If a line input filter option is required for the installation such as a line reactor or a passive harmonic filter, the minimum prospective short-circuit current capability of the source is reduced at the drive connection point and shall be estimated (see Calculation, page 128) with the impedance values given in the table below.

Then, the SCPD type shall be selected according to the drive. If no selection is available, Schneider Electric Customer Care Center (CCC) should be contacted.

EMC filter series have no significant effect on the minimum prospective shortcircuit current capability of the main source.

Through the line option, the lsc will be limited to a maximum value independent of the transformer and cable. Therefore the below equations can be used to estimate the minimum prospective short-circuit current capability.

$$10 m\Omega \le Xf \le 400 m\Omega \implies Isc_{maxi}(kA) = 4.7 - 0.7 \cdot Log(Xf)$$

$$400 \, m\Omega \le Xf \le 2000 \, m\Omega \quad \Rightarrow \quad Isc_{\text{maxi}} \, (kA) = 2.05 - 0.26 \cdot \text{Log}(Xf)$$

Log: Natural logarithm

IEC Fuses

Introduction

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR FIRE

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device is able to be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted.

- · Current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged.
- · If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

NOTE: Only gR and gS fuses are mandatory in case of using braking ports, to comply with IEC 61800-5-1 Ed 2.1.

Short Circuit Current Ratings: Selection Table

The amp rating of the short circuit protection devices in the table are maximum values with **Enclosure**, in **Normal Duty**. Smaller amp sizes may be used; particularly for Heavy Duty ratings.

NOTE:

- Integral solid state short circuit protection in the drive does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with any local codes.
- The drive has a 100 kA interrupt rating on the output of the drive. In addition to providing a rating based on shorting the output of the drive, these short circuit current ratings have been obtained by shorting components internal to the drive. These ratings allow proper coordination of short circuit protection.

NOTE: Verify that the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (lsc) value from the table above is lower than the value estimated in the Calculation section, page 128.

690 Vac Three phase (50/60Hz)

NOTE: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than **__X_** rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, **690 Vac** Volts maximum, when protected by **__Z1_** with a maximum rating of **__Z2_**.

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table for both Normal duty (ND) and Heavy duty (HD):

Reference	Fuse Minimun	Minimun Size	Minimun Size Nominal Voltage Nomi		l²t	SCCR (X)		
			(V)	(A)	(A²s)	Min (A)	Max (kA)	
ATV310H037N4•	gR	10x38	690	4	6.48	100	5	
ATV310H075N4•	gR	10x38	690	6	22	100	5	
ATV310HU15N4•	gR	10x38	690	12.5	50	200	5	
ATV310HU22N4•	gR	10x38	690	16	78	200	5	
ATV310HU30N4•	gR	10x38	690	20	137	200	5	
ATV310HU40N4•	gR	10x38	690	25	238	300	5	
ATV310HU55N4•	gR	14x51	690	40	609	500	22	
ATV310HU75N4•	gR	14x51	690	40	609	500	22	
ATV310HD11N4•	gS	000	690	63	881	1000	22	
ATV310HD15N4•	gS	000	690	80	1741	1500	22	
ATV310HD18N4•	gS	1	690	100	2747	1500	22	
ATV310HD22N4•	gS	00	690	125	6185	1500	22	