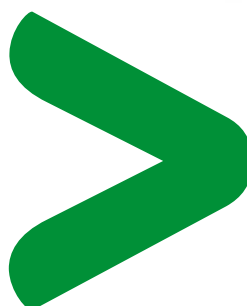


Low voltage

# Acti 9

the efficiency you deserve

Catalogue  
03/2014



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## iID, iC60, Vigi iC60, Reflex iC60, switches

A9 R 15 2 63

Range	Family	Code	Internal code	Poles	Code	Rating (A)	Code
Acti 9 (A9)	iID	R		0	0	0	00
	Vigi iC60	V		1P	1	0.5	70
	iC60	F		<b>2P</b>	<b>2</b>	0.75	71
	iK60	K		3P	3	1	01
	Auxiliaries and accessories	A		4P	4	1.6	72
	Switches	S		1N	5	2	02
	Reflex iC60	C		1P+N	6	2.5	73
			3P+N	7	3	03	
					4		04
					6		06
					6.3		76
					8		08
					10		10
					12.5		82
					13		13
					16		16
					20		20
					25		25
					32		32
					40		40
					50		50
					<b>63</b>		<b>63</b>
					80		80
					100		91
					125		92

## Comb busbar and comb busbar accessories

A9 X P H 4 12

Range	Family	Code	Type	Type of installation	Number of poles	Dimensioning			
Acti 9 (A9)	Comb busbar	X	Comb busbar		1P	Comb busbar Number of 18 mm modules (approximately)			
			Fork teeth	F	Horizontal		H	Accessories Number of pieces per cat. no.	
			Pin teeth	P					
			Auxiliarisable	A				3P	3
			Accessories					4P	4
			End-piece	E	Double terminals		D	4P balanced, with neutral	5
			Tooth cover	T	Single terminal		M	3P balanced for single-poles	6
			Connector	C					



Protection of electrical connections against short circuits and overloads



Protection of loads against overloads



Protection of control devices



Protection for people against indirect contacts in IT and TN earthing systems

- Circuit breakers can:
  - break a faulty electrical circuit (short-circuit, overload, insulation fault), to prevent fires,
  - protect control devices,
  - increase the service life of the installation, thanks to its ability to limit the short-circuit current (see module CA908025),
  - in IT and TN systems, they ensure personal protection against electrocution in the event of indirect contacts.
- The choice of circuit breakers must be optimised to provide absolute protection while ensuring continuity of service.
- Although circuit breakers are sometimes used as control units, it is recommended to install separate control devices which are more suitable for frequent switching operations (switch, contactor, impulse relay).

## Choice of protective circuit breakers

This depends on several criteria:

- prospective short-circuit current
- max. voltage rating
- planned amperage for the circuit to be protected
- nature and cross section of cables
- ambient temperature (possible derating)
- the network and neutral system, which determine the number of poles of the protective circuit breaker installed on their power supply circuit and the tripping curve
- coordination with the other electrical devices (protection, discrimination, cascading).

## Choice of breaking capacity

- The breaking capacity must be greater than or equal to the prospective short-circuit current (Isc) upstream of the circuit-breaker (Isc depends on the length, type of conductor and cross section of the cable and the power of the source).
- However, in the event of use in combination with an upstream circuit-breaker limiting the current, this breaking capacity can possibly be reduced (cascading, see module 557E4200).

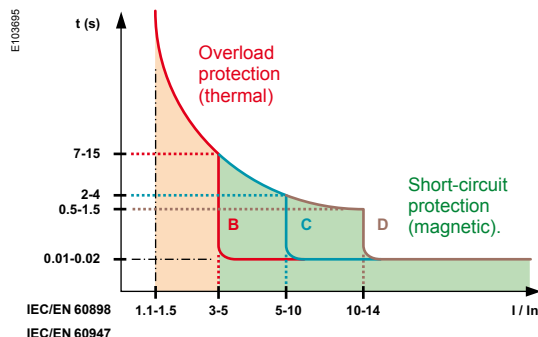
## Choice of rating

- The rating (In) is chosen above all to protect the electrical connections:
  - for cables: it is chosen according to the cross section and type of conductor,
  - for Canalis prefabricated busbar trunking: it must be simply less than or equal to the rating of the busbar trunking.
- The rating should be greater than the nominal current of the loads.

## Choice of tripping curve

The tripping curve makes the protection more or less sensitive to:

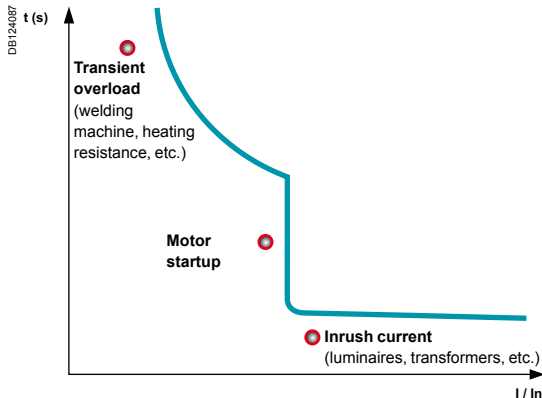
- the inrush current at power up
- the overload current.



## Tripping thresholds ( $\times I_n$ )

Curves	IEC /EN 60898	IEC/EN 60947-2
B	Between 3 $I_n$ and 5 $I_n$	4 $\pm 20\%$
C	Between 5 $I_n$ and 10 $I_n$	8 $\pm 20\%$
D or K	Between 10 $I_n$ and 14 $I_n$	12 $\pm 20\%$
MA	-	12 $\pm 20\%$
Z	-	3 $\pm 20\%$

- To prevent nuisance tripping, it may be advisable to choose a less sensitive curve, e.g. change from B to C (tripping curves, see module CA908024).



## Continuity of service

- Nuisance tripping can be generated by:
  - the inrush current at circuit closure,
  - the overload current, and sometimes the harmonic current flowing through the neutral of three-phase circuits <sup>(1)</sup>,
  - motor startup currents.

## Solutions

- **Choose a circuit breaker with a less sensitive curve:** change from B curve to C curve or from C curve to D curve <sup>(2)</sup>.
- **Reduce the number of loads per circuit.**
- **Energize the circuits in succession,** using time delay auxiliaries on the control devices.
- **Under no circumstances may the circuit breaker rating be increased beyond the maximum constraints permitted by the cable as the electrical connections will no longer be protected.**
- **Ensure discrimination of the protective devices** (see modules **557E4300**).

Discrimination is the coordination of automatic breaking devices in such a way that a fault occurring at any point on the network is eliminated by the circuit breaker located immediately upstream of the fault, and by it alone.

### Total discrimination

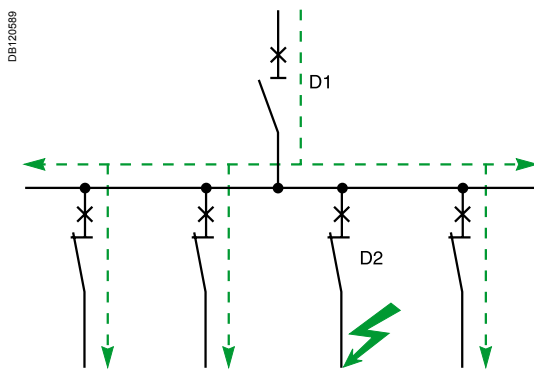
For all values of the fault, from overload to non-resistive short circuit, distribution is fully discriminating if D2 opens and if D1 remains closed.

### Partial discrimination

Discrimination is partial if the above condition is not complied with up to full short-circuit current, but only up to a lower value. This value is called the discrimination limit.

In the event of a fault exceeding this value, circuit breakers D1 and D2 open.

- (1) In the case of three-phase circuits, third-order harmonic currents and harmonic currents that are multiples of three are generated by loads (discharge lamps with electronic ballast, etc.). The neutral cable must be sized to prevent it from overheating. The current flowing through the neutral conductor may become greater than the current of each phase and cause nuisance tripping.
- (2) In the case of installations with very long cables in a TN or IT system, it may be necessary to add an earth leakage protection device to protect human life..



## Circuit disconnection

## Disconnection


The purpose of disconnection is to separate and isolate a circuit or a device from the rest of the electrical installation in order to ensure the safety of personnel having to work on the electrical installation for maintenance or repair.

- The circuit breaking must be omnipolar, i.e. the live conductors, including neutral <sup>(3)</sup>, must be cut off (depending on country regulations).
- It must be lockable or padlockable in "open" position in order to prevent any unintentional reclosing, at least in industrial environments.
- It must be in compliance with a standard ensuring its suitability for isolation.


(3) With the exception of the PEN conductor which should never be cut off.

## Selection guide

### Circuit breakers



Type	<i>i</i> DPN		
			
Standard	IEC/EN 60898-1		
Quality label	Country approval pictogram		
Number of poles	1P+N, 3P+N		
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	■		
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication	■		
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>			
Curves	B, C		
Ratings (A)	In	1 to 40	
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	230/400
	max	DC	–
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	–
	min	DC	–
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	440	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	4	
Limitation class 40 A (EN 60898)	3		
<b>Breaking capacity</b>			
IEC/EN 60898 (A)	Icn	240/415 V - 230/400 V	4500
<b>AC-Breaking capacity</b>		<b>Ue (50/60 Hz)</b>	<b>1P+N, 3P+N</b>
Ratings (A)	In	1 to 40	
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...60 V	–
		12...133 V	–
		100...133 V	–
		220...240 V	6
		380...415 V	–
		440 V	–
	Ics	75 % of Icu	
<b>DC-Breaking capacity</b>		<b>Ue</b>	<b>DC</b>
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...60 V (1P)	–
		≤ 72 V (1P)	–
		≤ 125 V (2P)	–
		≤ 180 V (3P)	–
		≤ 250 V (4P)	–
			Ics
<b>Other characteristics</b>			
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2	–		
Reference temperature IEC/EN 60947-2	–		
Fault tripping indication	–		
Positive contact indication	■		
Fast closing	■		
Degree of protection	IP	Device only	IP20
		Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
<b>For more detail, see module</b>			
Accessories	LIN001 and CA907010		
Auxiliaries	CA907008 and CA907010		
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	CA902013		




iDPN N																							
																							
IEC/EN 60898-1																							
Country approval pictogram																							
1P+N, 3P, 3P+N																							
■																							
■																							
B, C, D																							
1 to 40																							
AC (50/60 Hz)	230/400																						
DC	–																						
AC (50/60 Hz)	–																						
DC	–																						
440																							
4																							
3																							
240/415 V - 230/400 V																							
6000																							
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;"></th> <th style="width: 50%;"></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="background-color: #008000; color: white;">1P+N</td> <td style="background-color: #008000; color: white;">3P, 3P+N</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">1 to 40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12...60 V</td> <td>–</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12...133 V</td> <td>–</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100...133 V</td> <td>–</td> </tr> <tr> <td>220...240 V</td> <td><b>10</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>380...415 V</td> <td><b>15</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>440 V</td> <td><b>10</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>–</td> </tr> <tr> <td>75 % of Icu</td> <td>75 % of Icu</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				1P+N	3P, 3P+N	1 to 40		12...60 V	–	12...133 V	–	100...133 V	–	220...240 V	<b>10</b>	380...415 V	<b>15</b>	440 V	<b>10</b>		–	75 % of Icu	75 % of Icu
1P+N	3P, 3P+N																						
1 to 40																							
12...60 V	–																						
12...133 V	–																						
100...133 V	–																						
220...240 V	<b>10</b>																						
380...415 V	<b>15</b>																						
440 V	<b>10</b>																						
	–																						
75 % of Icu	75 % of Icu																						
12...60 V (1P)	–																						
≤ 72 V (1P)	–																						
≤ 125 V (2P)	–																						
≤ 180 V (3P)	–																						
≤ 250 V (4P)	–																						
–																							
–																							
–																							
■																							
■																							
IP20																							
IP40																							
Insulation class II																							
<b>CA901012</b>																							
<b>LIN001 and CA907010</b>																							
<b>CA907008 and CA907010</b>																							
<b>CA902013</b>																							

## Selection guide

### Circuit breakers



Type	iK60N		iC60N			
						
Standard	IEC/EN 60898-1		IEC/EN 60947-2, 60898-1			
Quality label	Country approval pictogram		Country approval pictogram			
Number of poles	1P, 1P+N	2, 3, 4P	1P, 1P+N	2, 3, 4P		
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	-		■			
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication	-		■			
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>						
Curves	B, C		B, C, D			
Ratings (A)	In	1 to 63	0.5 to 63 (1 to 63 in DC)			
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	230/400		240/415, 440	
	max	DC	-		250	
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	-		12	
	min	DC	-		12	
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	400	500			
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	4	6			
Limitation class 40 A (EN 60898)		3	3			
<b>Breaking capacity</b>						
IEC/EN 60898 (A)	Icn	240/415 V - 230/400 V	6000	6000	6000	6000
<b>AC-Breaking capacity</b>		<b>Ue (50/60 Hz)</b>	<b>1P, 1P+N</b>	<b>2, 3, 4P</b>	<b>1P, 1P+N</b>	<b>2, 3, 4P</b>
Ratings (A)	In		1 to 63		0.5 to 4 A	6 to 63 A
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...60 V	-	-	50	36
		12...133 V	-	-	-	50
		100...133 V	-	-	50	20
		220...240 V	-	-	50	10
		380...415 V	-	-	-	50
		440 V	-	-	-	25
Ics		-	-	100 % of Icu	75 % of Icu	
<b>DC-Breaking capacity</b>		<b>Ue DC</b>				
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...60 V (1P)	-	-	15	
		≤ 72 V (1P)	-	-	10	
		≤ 125 V (2P)	-	-	10	
		≤ 180 V (3P)	-	-	10	
		≤ 250 V (4P)	-	-	10	
		Ics		-	-	100 % of Icu
<b>Other characteristics</b>						
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2			-	■		
Reference temperature IEC/EN 60947-2			-	50°C		
Fault tripping indication			-	Visi-trip window		
Positive contact indication			-	■		
Fast closing			-	■		
Degree of protection	IP	Device only	IP20	IP20		
		Device in modular enclosure	IP40	IP40		
			Insulation class II	Insulation class II		
<b>For more detail, see module</b>			<b>CA901006 and CA901007</b>		<b>CA901002</b>	
<b>Accessories</b>			-		<b>CA907000 and CA907001</b>	
<b>Auxiliaries</b>			-		<b>CA907000 and CA907002</b>	
<b>Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)</b>			-		<b>CA902005</b>	

iC60H		iC60L										
												
IEC/EN 60947-2, 60898-1		IEC/EN 60947-2, 60898-1										
Country approval pictogram		Country approval pictogram										
1P, 1P+N	2, 3, 4P	1P	2, 3, 4P									
■	■	■	■									
B, C, D		B, C, K, Z										
0.5 to 63 (1 to 63 in DC)		0.5 to 63 (1 to 63 in DC)										
AC (50/60 Hz)	240/415, 440	240/415, 440										
DC	250	250										
AC (50/60 Hz)	12	12										
DC	12	12										
500		500										
6		6										
3		3										
240/415 V - 230/400 V	10000	10000	15000	15000								
	<b>1P, 1P+N</b>	<b>2, 3, 4P</b>	<b>1P</b>	<b>2, 3, 4P</b>								
	0.5 to 4 A	6 to 63 A	0.5 to 4 A	6 to 25 A	32/40 A	50/63 A	0.5 to 4 A	6 to 25 A	32/40 A	50/63 A		
12...60 V	70	42	-	-	100	70	70	70	-	-	-	-
12...133 V	-	-	70	42	-	-	-	-	100	70	70	70
100...133 V	70	30	-	-	100	50	36	30	-	-	-	-
220...240 V	70	15	70	30	100	25	20	15	100	50	36	30
380...415 V	-	-	70	15	-	-	-	-	100	25	20	15
440 V	-	-	50	10	-	-	-	-	70	20	15	10
	100 % of Icu	50 % of Icu	100 % of Icu	50 % of Icu	100 % of Icu	50 % of Icu <sup>(1)</sup>	50 % of Icu	50 % of Icu	50 % of Icu	50 % of Icu <sup>(1)</sup>	50 % of Icu	50 % of Icu
12...60 V (1P)	20		25									
≤ 72 V (1P)	15		20									
≤ 125 V (2P)	15		20									
≤ 180 V (3P)	15		20									
≤ 250 V (4P)	15		20									
	100 % of Icu		100 % of Icu									
■	50°C		50°C									
■	Visi-trip window		Visi-trip window									
■	IP20		IP20									
■	IP40		IP40									
■	Insulation class II		Insulation class II									
■	CA901003		CA901004									
■	CA907000 and CA907001		CA907000 and CA907001									
■	CA907000 and CA907002		CA907000 and CA907002									
■	CA902005		CA902005									



(1) 100 % of Icu for ratings 6 to 25 A under Ue 100 to 133 V AC Ph/Ph and Ue 12 to 60 V AC Ph/N.

## Selection guide (cont.)

### Circuit breakers


Type		C120N	C120H
			
Standard		IEC/EN 60898-1	IEC/EN 60898-1
Quality label		Country approval pictogram	Country approval pictogram
Number of poles		1P, 2, 3, 4P	1P, 2, 3, 4P
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)		■	■
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication		■	■
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>			
Curves		B, C, D	B, C, D
Ratings (A)	In	63 to 125	63 to 125
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	240/415, 440
	max	DC	125 per pole
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	12
	min	DC	12
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	500	500
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	6	6
<b>Breaking capacity</b>			
IEC/EN 60898 (A)	Icn	230/400 V	10000, 10000, 15000, 15000
<b>AC-Breaking capacity</b>	<b>Ue</b>	<b>(50/60 Hz)</b>	<b>1P, 2, 3, 4P</b>
Ratings (A)	In		63 to 125
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	110...130 V	–, –, –, –
		12...130 V	20, –, 30, –
		220...240 V	10, 20, 15, 30
		380...415 V	3 <sup>(1)</sup> , 10, 4.5 <sup>(1)</sup> , 15
		440 V	–, 6, –, 10
		500 V	–, –, –, –
Ics		75 % of Icu, 50 % of Icu	
<b>DC-Breaking capacity</b>			
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...125 V (1P)	15, 20
		≤ 144 V (1P)	10, 15
		≤ 250 V (2P)	10, 15
		≤ 375 V (3P)	10, 15
		≤ 500 V (4P)	10, 15
		Ics	
<b>Other characteristics</b>			
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2		■	■
Reference temperature IEC/EN 60947-2		50°C	50°C
Fault tripping indication		–	–
Positive contact indication		■	■
Fast closing		■	■
Degree of protection	IP	Device only Device in modular enclosure	IP20, IP40, IP20, IP40
<b>For more detail, see module</b>		<b>CA901015</b>	<b>CA901016</b>
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>CA907012 and CA907013</b>	<b>CA907012 and CA907013</b>
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>CA907008 and CA907013</b>	<b>CA907008 and CA907013</b>
<b>Earth leakage module (Vigi)</b>		<b>CA902016</b>	<b>CA902016</b>

(1) Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT isolated neutral system (case of double fault).

	NG125a	NG125N	NG125H	NG125L
				
	IEC/EN 60947-2	IEC/EN 60947-2	IEC/EN 60947-2	IEC/EN 60947-2
	Country approval pictogram	Country approval pictogram	Country approval pictogram	Country approval pictogram
	3, 4P	1P   2, 3P, 3P+N, 4P	1P   2, 3, 4P	1P   2, 3, 4P
	■	■	■	■
	■	■	■	■
	C	B, C, D	C	B, C, D
	80 to 125	10 to 125	10 to 80	10 to 80
AC (50/60 Hz)	240/415, 500	240/415, 500	240/415, 500	240/415, 500
DC	125 per pole	125 per pole	125 per pole	125 per pole
AC (50/60 Hz)	12	12	12	12
DC	12	12	12	12
	690	690	690	690
	8	8	8	8
230/400 V	–	–	–	–
	<b>3, 4P</b>	<b>1P</b>   <b>2, 3P, 3P+N, 4P</b>	<b>1P</b>   <b>2, 3, 4P</b>	<b>1P</b>   <b>2, 3, 4P</b>
	80 to 125	10 to 125	10 to 80	10 to 80
110...130 V	–	<b>50</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>
12...130 V	–	–	–	–
220...240 V	–	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>50</b>
380...415 V	<b>16</b>	<b>6<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>9<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>12.5<sup>(1)</sup></b>
440 V	–	–	–	–
500 V	<b>8</b>	–	–	–
	75 % of Icu	75 % of Icu	75 % of Icu	75 % of Icu
12...125 V (1P)	–	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>50</b>
≤ 144 V (1P)	–	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>
≤ 250 V (2P)	–	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>
≤ 375 V (3P)	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>
≤ 500 V (4P)	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>
	100 % of Icu	100 % of Icu	100 % of Icu	100 % of Icu
	■	■	■	■
40°C	■	■	■	■
■ Toggle position	■	■	■	■
■ Red mechanical indicator	■	■	■	■
	■	■	■	■
	■	■	■	■
IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20
IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40
<b>CM901027</b>	<b>CM901028</b>	<b>CM901029</b>	<b>CM901030</b>	
<b>CM907004 and CM907006</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907006</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907006</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907006</b>	
<b>CM907004 and CM907005</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907005</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907005</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907005</b>	
<b>CM902008</b>	<b>CM902008</b>	<b>CM902008</b>	<b>CM902008</b>	

(1) Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT isolated neutral system (case of double fault).

## Selection guide (cont.)


Circuit breakers			
Type		iC60a	
			
Standard		IEC/EN 60947-2, 60898-1	
Quality label		Country approval pictogram	
Number of poles		1P	2, 3, 4P
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)		■	
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication		■	
Electrical characteristics			
Curves		C	
Ratings (A)	In	1 to 63	
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	240/415
	max	DC	–
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	–
	min	DC	–
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	500	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	6	
Limitation class 40 A (EN 60898)		3	
Breaking capacity			
IEC/EN 60898 (A)	Icn	240/415 V - 230/400 V	4500
AC-Breaking capacity		Ue (50/60 Hz)	1P
Ratings (A)	In		2, 3, 4P
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...60 V	–
		12...133 V	–
		100...133 V	–
		220...240 V	6
		380...415 V	–
		440 V	10
	Ics		100 % of Icu
DC-Breaking capacity		Ue	DC
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...48 V (1P)	–
		≤ 72 V (1P)	–
		≤ 125 V (2P)	–
		≤ 180 V (3P)	–
		≤ 250 V (4P)	–
	Ics		–
Other characteristics			
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2		■	
Reference temperature IEC/EN 60947-2		50°C	
Fault tripping indication		Visi-trip window	
Positive contact indication		■	
Fast closing		■	
Degree of protection	IP	Device only	IP20
		Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
For more detail, see module		CA901010	
Accessories		CA907000 and CA907001	
Auxiliaries		CA907000 and CA907002	
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)		CA902005	



## Selection guide (cont.)

Instantaneous circuit breakers (ICB)			
Type	iC60LMA		NG125LMA
			
Standard	IEC/EN 60947-2		IEC/EN 60947-2
Quality label	Country approval pictogram		Country approval pictogram
Number of poles	2, 3P		2, 3P
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	■		■
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication	■		■
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>			
Curves	MA (li = 12 In ± 20 %)		MA (li = 12 In ± 20 %)
Ratings (A)	In	1.6 to 40	4 to 80
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	440
	max	DC	—
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue	AC (50/60 Hz)	12
	min	DC	—
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	500	690
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	6	8
<b>Breaking capacity</b>			
IEC/EN 60898 (A)	Icn 230/400 V	—	—
<b>AC-Breaking capacity</b>	<b>Ue (50/60 Hz)</b>	<b>2, 3P</b>	<b>2, 3P</b>
Ratings (A)	In	1.6 to 16 A	25 to 40 A
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...60 V	—
		12...133 V	—
		100...133 V	—
		110...130 V	—
		130 V	—
		220...240 V	<b>40</b>
		230/400 V	—
		380...415 V	<b>20</b>
		400/415 V	—
		440 V	<b>15</b>
		500 V	—
	Ics	50 % of Icu	50 % of Icu
			75 % of Icu
<b>Other characteristics</b>			
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2	■		■
Reference temperature IEC/EN 60947-2	50°C		40°C
Fault tripping indication	Visi-trip window		■ Toggle position ■ Red mechanical indicator
Positive contact indication	■		■
Fast closing	■		■
Degree of protection	IP	Device only	IP20
		Device in modular enclosure	IP40
<b>For more detail, see module</b>		<b>CA901005</b>	<b>CM901031</b>
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>CA907000 and CA907001</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907006</b>
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>CA907000 and CA907002</b>	<b>CM907004 and CM907005</b>
<b>Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)</b>		<b>CA902005</b>	<b>CM902008</b>

## Selection guide (cont.)

P25M circuit breakers		P25M											
Type													
Standard	IEC 60947-2 and IEC 60947-4-1												
Quality label	CEBEC, DEMCO, NEMKO, SEMKO, FI												
Number of poles	3P												
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	-												
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication	■												
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>													
Magnetic tripping	12 In ( $\pm 20\%$ )												
Ratings (A)	In	0.16 to 25 (63 A with limiter block)											
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue max	AC (50/60 Hz)	690										
		DC	-										
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue min	AC (50/60 Hz)	230										
		DC	-										
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	690											
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	6											
<b>Breaking capacity</b>													
<b>AC-Breaking capacity</b>		<b>Ue (50/60 Hz)</b>	<b>3P</b>										
Ratings (A)	In	0.16 to 1.6   2.5   4   6.3   10   14   18   23   25											
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	230...240 V	Unlimited									50	50
	Ics		-									100 % of Icu	
	Icu	400...415 V	Unlimited						15	15	15	15	
	Ics		-						50 % of Icu		40 % of Icu		
	Icu	440 V	Unlimited			50	15	8	8	6	6		
	Ics		-			100 % of Icu		50 % of Icu					
	Icu	500 V	Unlimited			50	10	6	6	4	4		
	Ics		-			100 % of Icu		75 % of Icu					
	Icu	690 V	Unlimited		3	3	3	3	3	3			
	Ics		-		75 % of Icu								
<b>Other characteristics</b>													
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2	■												
Fault tripping indication	Toggle position												
Positive contact indication	-												
Fast closing	-												
Degree of protection	IP	Device only	IP20										
		Device in modular enclosure	IP40										
<b>For more detail, see module</b>		<b>CM901026</b>											
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>CM901026</b>											
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>CM901026</b>											
<b>Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)</b>		-											

## Selection guide (cont.)

Circuit breakers				
Type	xC60			
Standard	IEC/EN 60947-2, 60898-1			
Quality label	Country approval pictogram			
Number of poles	1P	2, 3, 4P		
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	■			
Auxiliaries for remote tripping and indication	■			
Electrical characteristics				
Curves	B, C, D			
Ratings (A)	In	B curve: 6 to 63 - C curve: 0.5 to 63 - D curve: 1 to 63		
Maximum operational voltage (V)	Ue max	AC (50/60 Hz)	240/415	
		DC	–	
Minimum operational voltage (V)	Ue min	AC (50/60 Hz)	–	
		DC	–	
Insulation voltage (V AC)	Ui	500		
Rated impulse withstand voltage (kV)	Uimp	6		
Limitation class up to 40 A (EN 60898)	–			
Breaking capacity				
AC-Breaking capacity		Ue (50/60 Hz)		
Ratings (A)	In		B curve: 6 to 63 - C curve: 0.5 to 63 - D curve: 1 to 63	
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...133 V	–	
		220...240 V	≤ 40 A Curves B, C, D	15
			50-63 A Curves B, C	10
	50-63 A Curve D		6	
	380...415 V	≤ 40 A Curves B, C, D	–	15
		50-63 A Curves B, C	–	10
		50-63 A Curve D	–	6
		440 V	–	–
	Ics	≤ 40 A Curves B, C, D	50 % Icu	
		50-63 A Curves B, C	75 % Icu	
50-63 A Curve D		100 % Icu		
IEC/EN 60898 (A)	Icn	240/415 V - 230/400 V	10,000	
DC-Breaking capacity		Ue DC		
IEC 60947-2 (kA)	Icu	12...48 V (1P)	15	
		60 V (1P)	6	
		100...125 V (2P in series)	6	
		(3P in series)	15	
	220...250 V (4P in series)	6		
Ics		100 % Icu		
Other characteristics				
Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2	■			
Reference temperature IEC/EN 60947-2	50°C			
Fault tripping indication	■			
Positive contact indication	■			
Fast closing	■			
Degree of protection	IP	Device only	IP20	
		Device in modular enclosure	IP40	
			Insulation class II	
For more detail, see module				
Accessories	CA907000 and CA907001			
Auxiliaries	CA907000 and CA907002			
Add-on residual current devices (Vigi)	CA902029			



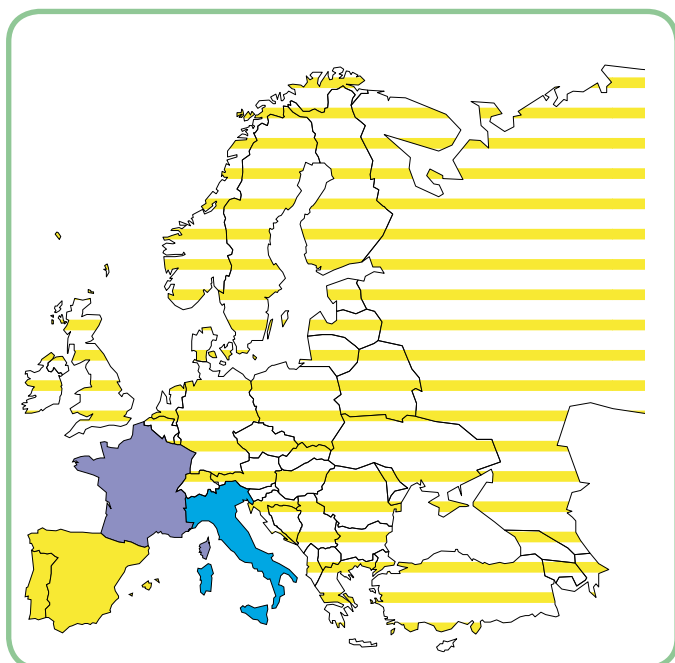


The Schneider Electric circuit breaker range comprises various offers (Clario, Prodis, Libro) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

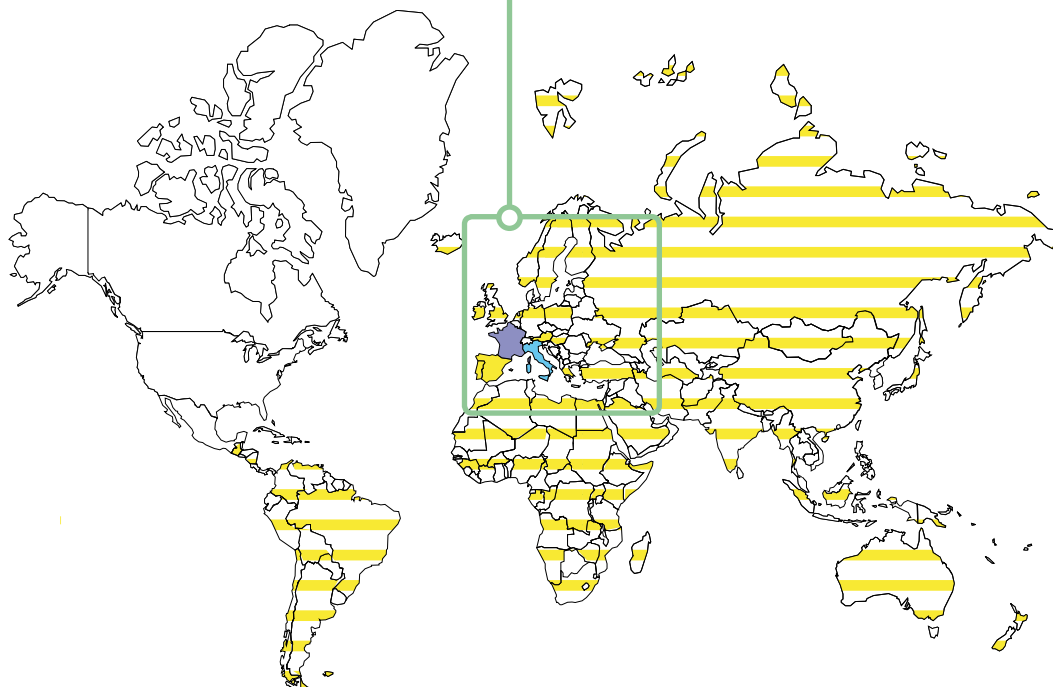
- installation customs
- price
- approval by local organizations.

### Variants

Offers		Pages
Clario	Catalogue numbers	15
Prodis	Catalogue numbers	19
Libro	Catalogue numbers	23
Common pages		26



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.





Country approval pictograms

IEC/EN 60898-1

The protection of property and people against direct or indirect contacts, insulation faults and fire hazards is implemented by residual current devices obtained by the combination of a circuit breaker and an earth leakage module.

The circuit breakers are designed for protection against short-circuit and overload currents, for the control and disconnection of final distribution circuits in service sector, agricultural and industrial applications, in TT earthing system or with multiple earthed neutral (TN-S) requiring neutral cutoff without its protective device.



### Catalogue numbers

iDPN circuit breakers				
4500				
Type	1P+N		3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Vigi	Module CA902013		Module CA902013	
Rating (In)	B curve	C curve	B curve	C curve
1 A	-	A9N21542	-	-
2 A	-	A9N21543	-	-
3 A	-	A9N21544	-	-
6 A	A9N21535	A9N21545	-	-
10 A	A9N21536	A9N21546	A9N17489*	A9N17525*
13 A	A9N21723	A9N21724	A9N21731	A9N21732
16 A	A9N21537	A9N21547	A9N17491*	A9N17527*
20 A	A9N21538	A9N21548	A9N17492*	A9N17528*
25 A	A9N21539	A9N21549	A9N17493*	A9N17529*
32 A	A9N21540	A9N21550	A9N17494	A9N17530*
40 A	A9N21541	A9N21551	A9N17495*	A9N17531*
Width in 9-mm modules	2		6	
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010			

(\*) Libro catalogue number, IMQ approval

DB123400



Country approval pictograms

Offer selection see page 14

# Clario

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PB1107140-32



### Catalogue numbers

iDPN F circuit breakers	
	<b>6000</b>
Type	<b>1P+N</b>
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010
Vigi	Module CA902013
Rating (In)	<b>C curve</b>
1 A	<b>A9N21638</b>
2 A	<b>A9N21641</b>
3 A	<b>A9N21642</b>
6 A	<b>A9N21643</b>
10 A	<b>A9N21644</b>
16 A	<b>A9N21645</b>
20 A	<b>A9N21646</b>
25 A	<b>A9N21647</b>
32 A	<b>A9N21648</b>
40 A	<b>A9N21649</b>
Width in 9-mm modules	2
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010





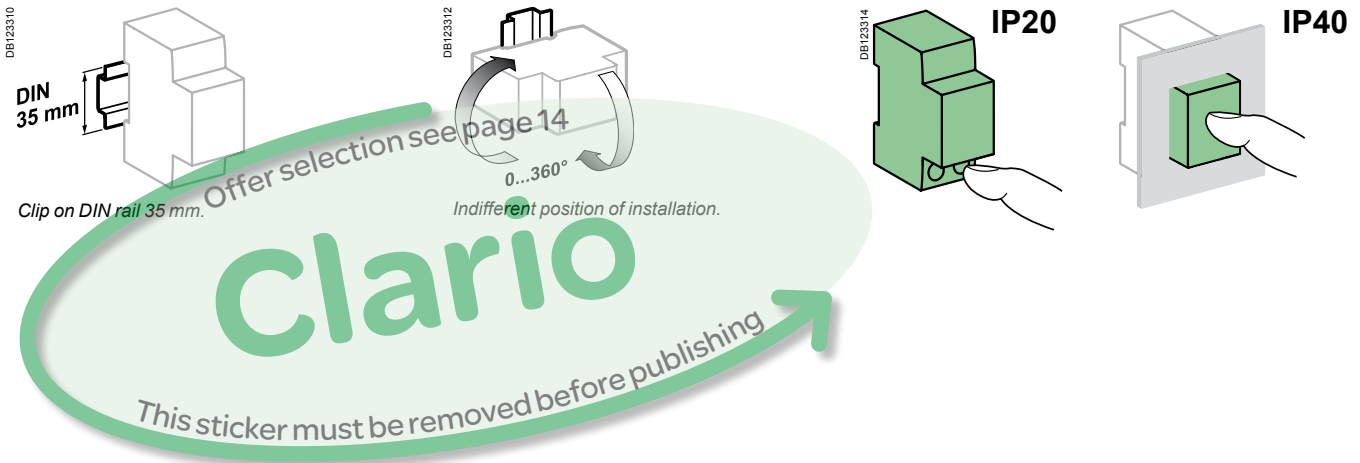
### Catalogue numbers

iDPN N circuit breakers								
6000								
Type	1P+N			3P		3P+N		
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010			Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		
Vigi	Module CA902013			Module CA902013		Module CA902013		
Rating (In)	B curve	C curve	D curve	C curve	D curve	B curve	C curve	D curve
1 A	-	A9N21552	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 A	-	A9N21553	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 A	-	A9N21554	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 A	A9N17515	A9N21722	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 A	A9N17516	A9N21555	A9N21565	A9N21575	A9N21585	A9N17553*	A9N21595	A9N21605
10 A	A9N17517	A9N21556	A9N21566	A9N21576	A9N21586	A9N17554*	A9N21596	A9N21606
13 A	A9N17518	A9N21725	A9N21726	A9N21727	A9N21728	A9N17581	A9N21729	A9N21730
16 A	A9N17519	A9N21557	A9N21567	A9N21577	A9N21587	A9N17555*	A9N21597	A9N21607
20 A	A9N17520	A9N21558	A9N21568	A9N21578	A9N21588	A9N17556*	A9N21598	A9N21608
25 A	A9N17521	A9N21559	A9N21569	A9N21579	A9N21589	A9N17557*	A9N21599	A9N21609
32 A	A9N17522	A9N21560	A9N21570	A9N21580	A9N21590	A9N17558*	A9N21600	A9N21610
40 A	A9N17523	A9N21561	A9N21571	A9N21581	A9N21591	A9N17559*	A9N21601	A9N21611
Width in 9-mm modules	2			6		6		
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010							

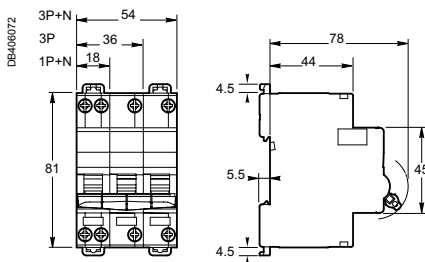
(\*) Libro catalogue number, IMQ approval

### Technical data

Main characteristics		iDPN	iDPN F	iDPN N
Insulation voltage (Ui)	Phase-to-neutral	400 V	400 V	400 V
	Phase-to-phase	440 V	-	440 V
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V	230 V	230 V
	Phase-to-phase	400 V	-	400 V
Magnetic tripping	B curve	3 to 5 In	-	■
	C curve	5 to 10 In	■	■
	D curve	10 to 14 In	-	■
<b>According to IEC/EN 60898-1</b>				
Limitation class		3	3	3
Rated breaking capacity (Icn)		4500 A	6000 A	6000 A
Service breaking capacity (Ics)		100 % Icn	100 % Icn	100 % Icn
Rated breaking and making capacity on a single pole (Icn1)		Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn
<b>According to IEC 60947-2</b>				
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV	4 kV	4 kV
Breaking capacity (Icu)		6 kA	6 kA	10 kA
Service breaking capacity (Ics)		75 % Icu	75 % Icu	75 % Icu
Pollution degree		3		
<b>Additional characteristics</b>				
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20		
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II		
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 20 A	20000 cycles	
		≥ 25 A	10000 cycles	
	Mechanical	20000 cycles		
Operating temperature		-25°C to +70°C		
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C		
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)		
Neutral opening and closing shifted relative to phases		No surge upon operation of the device		



### Dimensions (mm)



### Weight (g)

Circuit breakers	
Type	iDPN, iDPN F, iDPN N
1P+N	115
3P	310
3P+N	322



IEC/EN 60947-2  
IEC/EN 60898-1

The protection of property and people against direct or indirect contacts, insulation faults and fire hazards is implemented by residual current devices obtained by the combination of a circuit breaker and an earth leakage module.

The circuit breakers are designed for protection against short-circuit and overload currents, for the control and disconnection of final distribution circuits in service sector, agricultural and industrial applications, in TT earthing system or with multiple earthed neutral (TN-S) requiring neutral cutoff without its protective device.



### Catalogue numbers

DT40K circuit breakers		
4500		
Type	1P+N	3P+N
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliary	Without auxiliary
Vigi	Without Vigi	Without Vigi
Rating (In)	C curve	C curve
2 A	A9N21101	-
6 A	A9N21102	-
10 A	A9N21103	A9N21113
16 A	A9N21104	A9N21114
20 A	A9N21105	A9N21115
25 A	A9N21106	A9N21116
32 A	A9N21107	A9N21117
40 A	A9N21108	A9N21118
Width in 9-mm modules	2	6
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010	



IEC/EN 60898-1

The protection of property and people against direct or indirect contacts, insulation faults and fire hazards is implemented by residual current devices obtained by the combination of a circuit breaker and an earth leakage module.

The circuit breakers are designed for protection against short-circuit and overload currents, for the control and disconnection of final distribution circuits in service sector, agricultural and industrial applications, in TT earthing system or with multiple earthed neutral (TN-S) requiring neutral cutoff without its protective device.



### Catalogue numbers

DT40 circuit breakers						
4500						
Type	1P+N		3P		3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Vigi	Module CA902013		Module CA902013		Module CA902013	
Rating (In)	B curve	C curve	C curve	D curve	C curve	D curve
1 A	-	A9N21019	-	-	-	-
2 A	-	A9N21020	-	-	-	-
3 A	-	A9N21021	-	-	-	-
4 A	-	A9N21022	-	-	-	-
6 A	A9N21009	A9N21023	A9N21043	A9N21053	A9N21063	A9N21073
10 A	A9N21010	A9N21024	A9N21044	A9N21054	A9N21064	A9N21074
16 A	A9N21011	A9N21025	A9N21045	A9N21055	A9N21065	A9N21075
20 A	A9N21012	A9N21026	A9N21046	A9N21056	A9N21066	A9N21076
25 A	A9N21013	A9N21027	A9N21047	A9N21057	A9N21067	A9N21077
32 A	A9N21014	A9N21028	A9N21048	A9N21058	A9N21068	A9N21078
40 A	A9N21015	A9N21029	A9N21049	A9N21059	A9N21069	A9N21079
Width in 9-mm modules	2		6		6	
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010					

### Catalogue numbers

DT40N circuit breakers						
6000						
Type	1P+N		3P		3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Vigi	Module CA902013		Module CA902013		Module CA902013	
Rating (In)	C curve	D curve	C curve	D curve	C curve	D curve
1 A	A9N21360	A9N21371	-	-	-	-
2 A	A9N21361	A9N21372	-	-	-	-
3 A	A9N21362	-	-	-	-	-
4 A	A9N21363	A9N21373	-	-	-	-
6 A	A9N21364	A9N21374	A9N21384	A9N21394	A9N21404	A9N21414
10 A	A9N21365	A9N21375	A9N21385	A9N21395	A9N21405	A9N21415
16 A	A9N21366	A9N21376	A9N21386	A9N21396	A9N21406	A9N21416
20 A	A9N21367	A9N21377	A9N21387	A9N21397	A9N21407	A9N21417
25 A	A9N21368	A9N21378	A9N21388	A9N21398	A9N21408	A9N21418
32 A	A9N21369	A9N21379	A9N21389	A9N21399	A9N21409	A9N21419
40 A	A9N21370	A9N21380	A9N21390	A9N21400	A9N21410	A9N21420
Width in 9-mm modules	2		6		6	
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010					



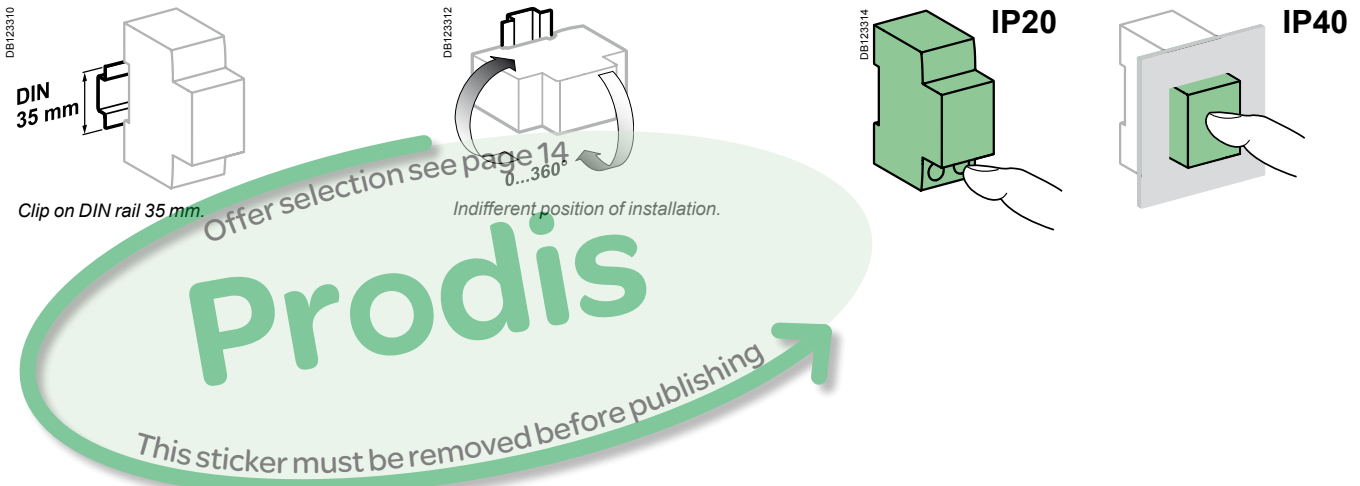
### Catalogue numbers

DT60 circuit breakers		
DT60N 6000		DT60H 10000
Type	3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Vigi	Module CA902013	
Rating (In)	C curve	
40 A	A9N21030	A9N21032
63 A	A9N21031	-
Width in 9-mm modules	8	
Accessories	Module CA907010 and CA907011	

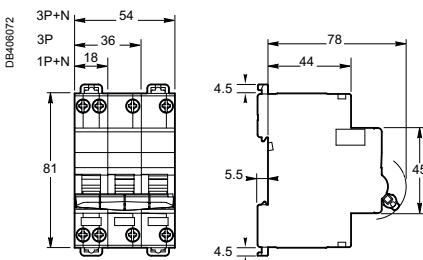


### Technical data

Main characteristics		DT40K	DT40	DT40N	DT60N	DT60H
Insulation voltage (Ui)	Phase-to-neutral	400 V	400 V	400 V	500 V	500 V
	Phase-to-phase	440 V	440 V	440 V	500 V	500 V
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V	230 V	230 V	230 V	230 V
	Phase-to-phase	400 V	400 V	400 V	400 V	400 V
Magnetic tripping	B curve	3 to 5 In	■	■	-	-
	C curve	5 to 10 In	■	■	■	■
	D curve	10 to 14 In	-	■	■	-
<b>According to IEC/EN 60898-1</b>						
Limitation class		3	3	3		
Rated breaking capacity (Icn)		4500 A	4500 A	6000 A	6000 A	10000 A
Service breaking capacity (Ics)		100 % Icn	100 % Icn	100 % Icn	100 % Icn	75 % Icn
Rated breaking and making capacity on a single pole (Icn1)		Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn
<b>According to IEC 60947-2</b>						
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV	4 kV	4 kV	6 kV	6 kV
Breaking capacity (Icu)		4.5 kA	6 kA	10 kA	10 kA	15 kA
Service breaking capacity (Ics)		75 % Icu	75 % Icu	75 % Icu	75 % Icu	50 % Icu
Pollution degree		3			3	
<b>Additional characteristics</b>						
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20			IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40			IP40	
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 20 A	20000 cycles		-	-
		≥ 25 A	10000 cycles		10000 cycles	10000 cycles
	Mechanical	20000 cycles		20000 cycles	20000 cycles	
Operating temperature		-25°C to +70°C		-25°C to +70°C	-25°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C		-40°C to +70°C	-40°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)				
Neutral opening and closing shifted relative to phases		No surge upon operation of the device				



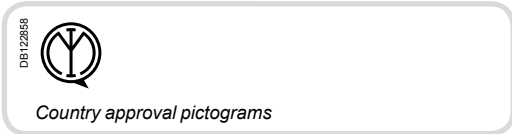
### Dimensions (mm)



### Weight (g)

Circuit breakers			
Type	DT40K	DT40, DT40N	DT60N, DT60H
1P+N	115	115	-
3P	-	310	-
3P+N	322	322	440





IEC/EN 60898-1

The protection of property and people against direct or indirect contacts, insulation faults and fire hazards is implemented by residual current devices obtained by the combination of a circuit breaker and an earth leakage module.

The circuit breakers are designed for protection against short-circuit and overload currents, for the control and disconnection of final distribution circuits in service sector, agricultural and industrial applications, in TT earthing system or with multiple earthed neutral (TN-S) requiring neutral cutoff without its protective device.



### Catalogue numbers

C40a circuit breakers				
4500				
Type	1P+N		3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Vigi	Module CA902013		Module CA902013	
Rating (In)	B curve	C curve	B curve	C curve
1 A	-	A9N17503	-	-
2 A	-	A9N17504	-	-
3 A	-	A9N17505	-	-
4 A	-	A9N17506	-	-
6 A	A9N17475	A9N17507	A9N17489	A9N17525
10 A	A9N17476	A9N17508	A9N17490	A9N17526
16 A	A9N17477	A9N17509	A9N17491	A9N17527
20 A	A9N17478	A9N17510	A9N17492	A9N17528
25 A	A9N17479	A9N17511	A9N17493	A9N17529
32 A	A9N17480	A9N17512	A9N17494	A9N17530
40 A	A9N17481	A9N17513	A9N17495	A9N17531
Width in 9-mm modules	2		6	
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010			



Offer selection see page 14

# Librio

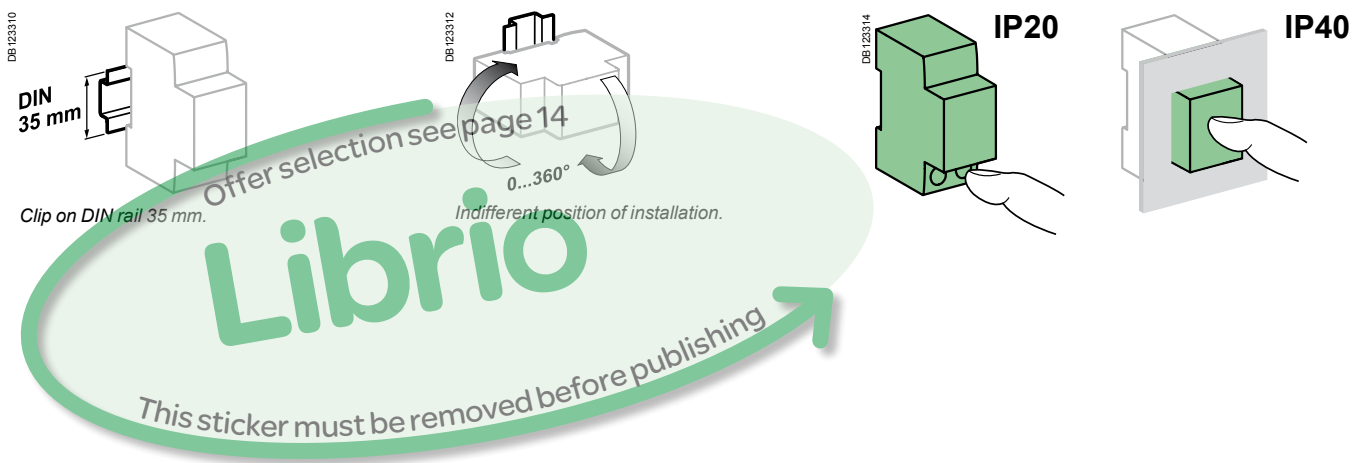
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## Catalogue numbers

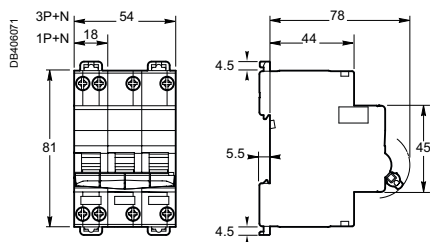
C40N circuit breakers				
6000				
Type	1P+N		3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Vigi	Module CA902013		Module CA902013	
Rating (In)	B curve	C curve	B curve	C curve
1 A	-	A9N17567	-	-
2 A	-	A9N17568	-	-
3 A	-	A9N17569	-	-
4 A	-	A9N17570	-	-
6 A	A9N17539	A9N17571	A9N17553	A9N17589
10 A	A9N17540	A9N17572	A9N17554	A9N17590
16 A	A9N17541	A9N17573	A9N17555	A9N17591
20 A	A9N17542	A9N17574	A9N17556	A9N17592
25 A	A9N17543	A9N17575	A9N17557	A9N17593
32 A	A9N17544	A9N17576	A9N17558	A9N17594
40 A	A9N17545	A9N17577	A9N17559	A9N17595
Width in 9-mm modules	2		6	
Accessories	Module LIN001 and CA907010			

### Technical data

Main characteristics		C40a	C40N
Insulation voltage (Ui)	Phase-to-neutral	400 V	400 V
	Phase-to-phase	440 V	440 V
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V	230 V
	Phase-to-phase	400 V	400 V
Magnetic tripping	B curve	3 to 5 In	■
	C curve	5 to 10 In	■
<b>According to IEC/EN 60898-1</b>			
Limitation class		3	3
Rated breaking capacity (Icn)		4500 A	6000 A
Service breaking capacity (Ics)		100 % Icn	100 % Icn
Rated breaking and making capacity on a single pole (Icn1)		Icn1 = Icn	Icn1 = Icn
<b>According to IEC 60947-2</b>			
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV	4 kV
Breaking capacity (Icu)		6 kA	10 kA
Service breaking capacity (Ics)		100 % Icu	75 % Icu
Pollution degree		3	
<b>Additional characteristics</b>			
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	
		Insulation class II	
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 20 A	20000 cycles
		≥ 25 A	10000 cycles
	Mechanical		20000 cycles
Operating temperature		-25°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)	
Neutral opening and closing shifted relative to phases		No surge upon operation of the device	

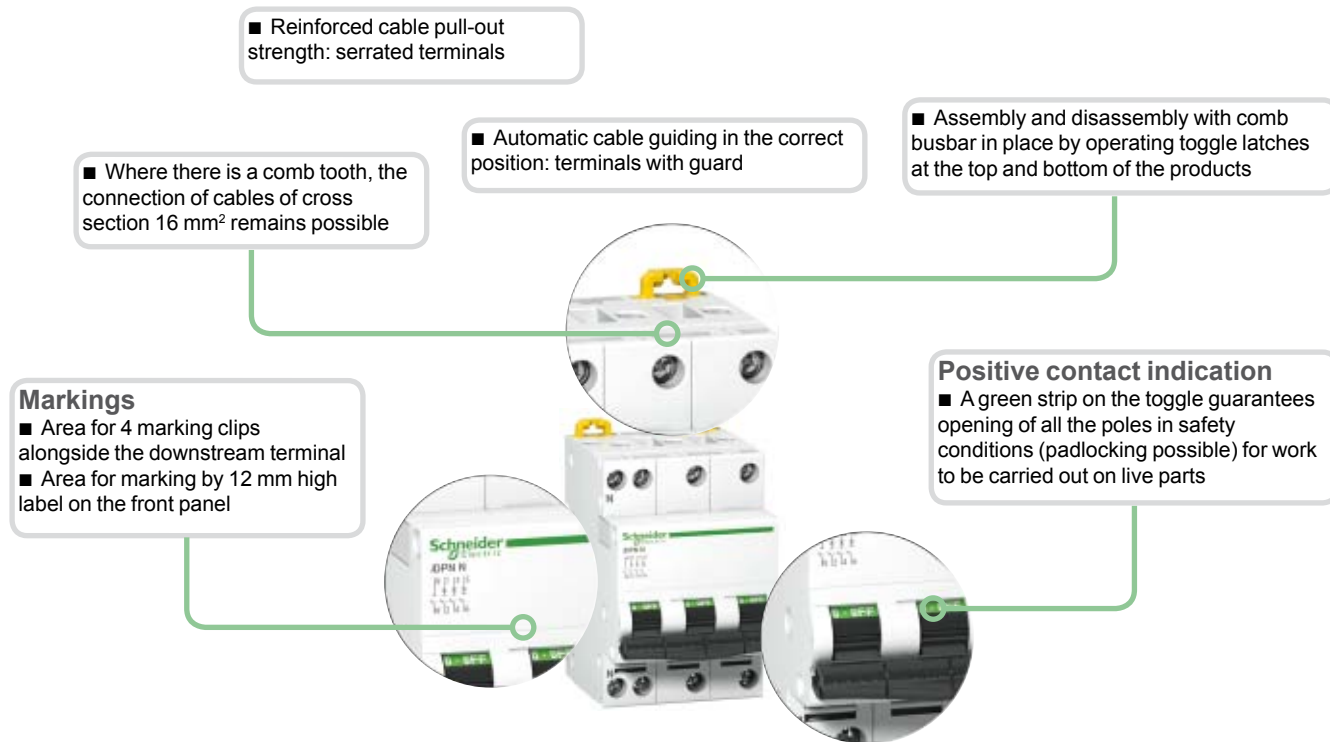


### Dimensions (mm)

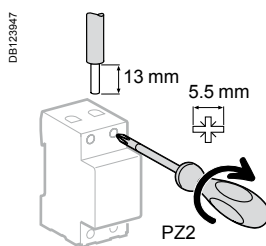


### Weight (g)

Circuit breakers	
Type	C40a, C40N
1P+N	115
3P+N	322



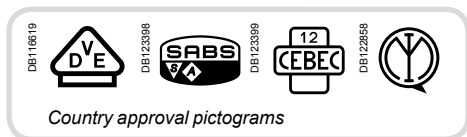
## Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
DT40, i DPN, C40	2 N.m	DB122945 0.75 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 0.33 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
DT60	3.5 N.m	0.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

■ Connection by comb busbar or cables (as per EN 50027).





IEC/EN 60947-2  
IEC/EN 60898-1



- iC60a circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz			
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2			Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)		
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	
Ph/N (1P)		220 to 240 V	
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	10 kA	6 kA	100 % of Icu
Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1			
	Voltage (Ue)		
Ph/Ph	400 V		
Ph/N	230 V		
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	4500 A		

## Catalogue numbers

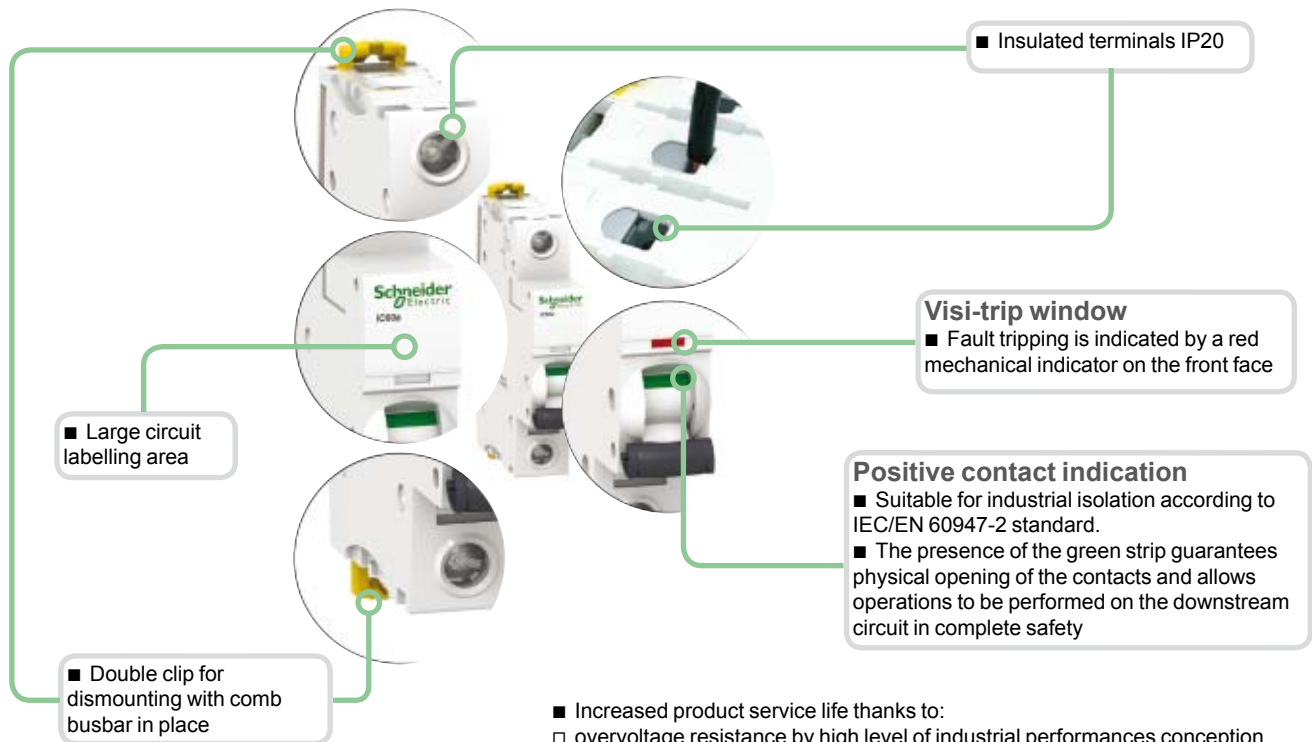
### iC60a circuit breaker

Type		1P	2P
Auxiliaries		Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002
Vigi iC60		Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005
Rating (In)	Quality label (1)	Curve C	Curve C
1 A		A9F64101	A9F64201
2 A		A9F64102	A9F64202
3 A		A9F64103	A9F64203
4 A		A9F64104	A9F64204
6 A		A9F64106	A9F64206
10 A		A9F64110	A9F64210
13 A		A9F64113	A9F64213
16 A		A9F64116	A9F64216
20 A		A9F64120	A9F64220
25 A		A9F64125	A9F64225
32 A		A9F64132	A9F64232
40 A		A9F64140	A9F64240
50 A		A9F64150	A9F64250
63 A		A9F64163	A9F64263
Width in 9-mm modules		2	4
Accessories		Module CA907000 and CA907001	Module CA907000 and CA907001

(1) Information to be provided by the country.

# iC60a circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

PB104433-40

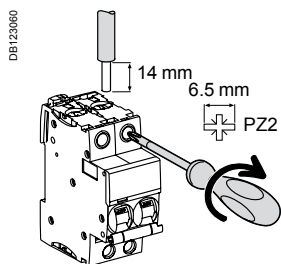


- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

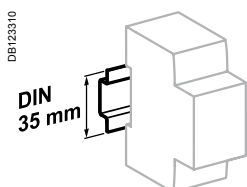
3P	4P
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005
Curve <b>C</b>	Curve <b>C</b>
A9F64301	A9F64401
A9F64302	A9F64402
A9F64303	A9F64403
A9F64304	A9F64404
A9F64306	A9F64406
A9F64310	A9F64410
A9F64313	A9F64413
A9F64316	A9F64416
A9F64320	A9F64420
A9F64325	A9F64425
A9F64332	A9F64432
A9F64340	A9F64440
A9F64350	A9F64450
A9F64363	A9F64463
6 Module CA907000 and CA907001	8 Module CA907000 and CA907001

# iC60a circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

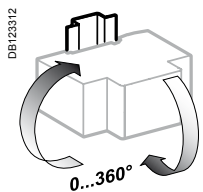
## Connection



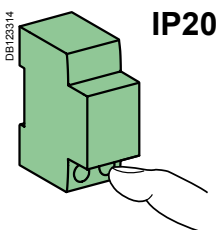
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories			
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
1 to 25 A	2 N.m	DB1122945	DB1122946	DB1122945	DB118789	DB118787	
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m			50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm		
		1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	-		-	-
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>		3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



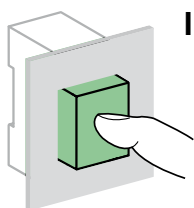
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50 °C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	C curve	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A

#### According to IEC/EN 60898-1

Limitation class	3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (I <sub>cn1</sub> )	I <sub>cn1</sub> = I <sub>cn</sub>

### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Operating temperature		-35°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)

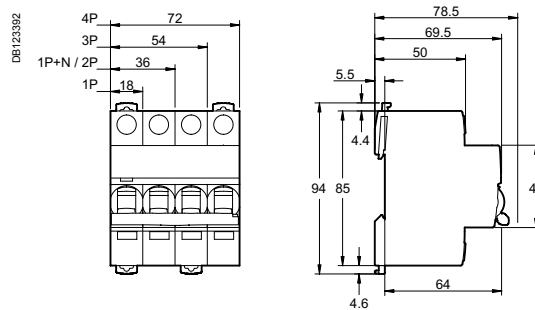


# iC60a circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	iC60a
1P	125
2P	250
3P	375
4P	500

## Dimensions (mm)





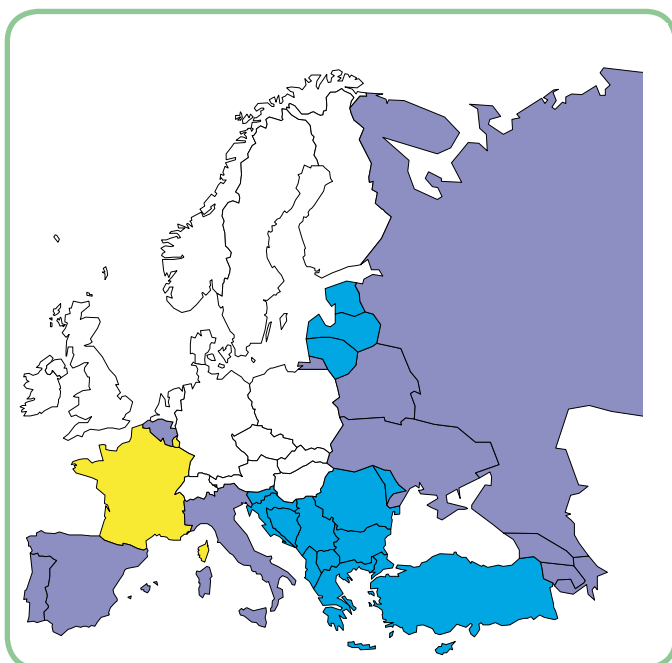


Schneider Electric's range of circuit breakers consists of different products (A, B, C) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

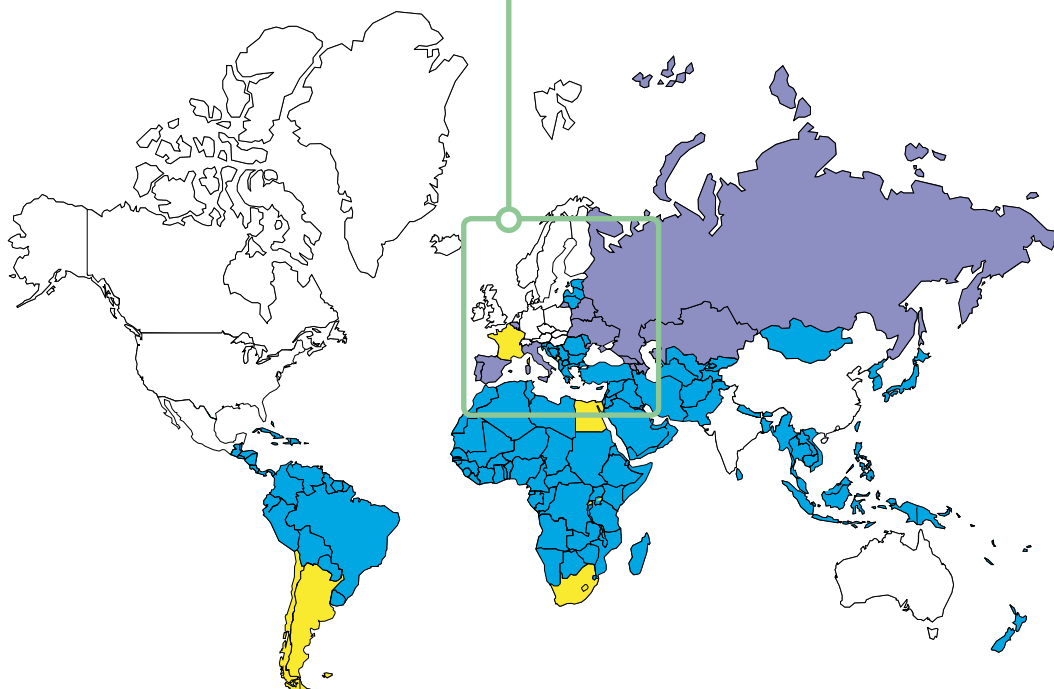
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

**Variants**

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	34
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	36
Offer C	Catalogue numbers	38
Common pages		40



*Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.*



# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60N circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.



### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 2P)	50 kA	50 kA	50 kA	25 kA	
Rating (In)	0.5 to 4 A	50 kA	50 kA	50 kA	25 kA
	6 to 63 A	36 kA	20 kA	10 kA	6 kA
					75 % of Icu

Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1	
	Voltage (Ue)
Ph/Ph	400 V
Ph/N	230 V
Rating (In)	0.5 to 63 A
	6000 A

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	≤ 250 V	
Between +/-	1P	2P	3P	4P		100 % of Icu
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P		
Rating (In)	1 to 63 A	15 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	

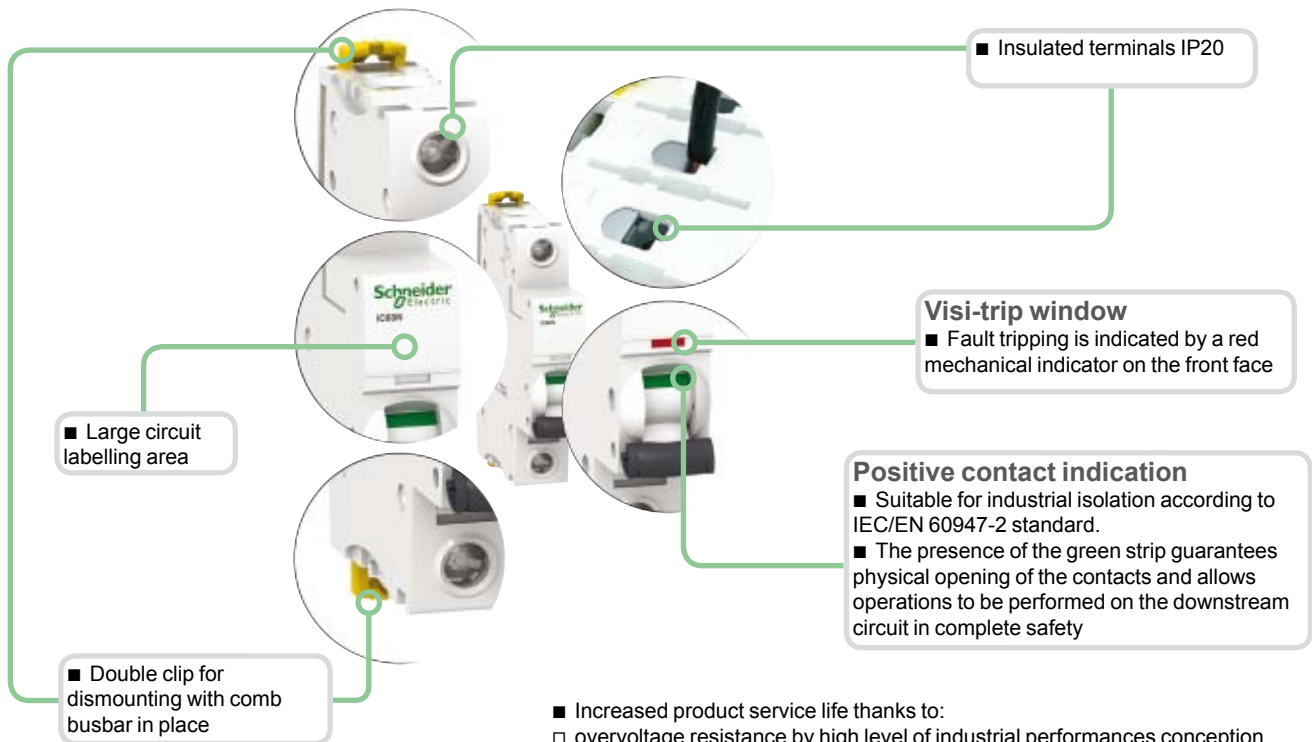
## Catalogue numbers

iC60N circuit breaker						
Type	1P			1P+N		
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Rating (In)	Curve			Curve		
	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>
0.5 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73170	A9F74170	A9F75170	A9F73670	A9F74670	A9F75670
1 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73101	A9F74101	A9F75101	A9F73601	A9F74601	A9F75601
2 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73102	A9F74102	A9F75102	A9F73602	A9F74602	A9F75602
3 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73103	A9F74103	A9F75103	A9F73603	A9F74603	A9F75603
4 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73104	A9F74104	A9F75104	A9F73604	A9F74604	A9F75604
6 A	A9F76106	A9F77106	A9F75106	A9F76606	A9F77606	A9F75606
10 A	A9F76110	A9F77110	A9F75110	A9F76610	A9F77610	A9F75610
13 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73113	A9F74113	A9F75113	A9F73613	A9F74613	A9F75613
16 A	A9F76116	A9F77116	A9F75116	A9F76616	A9F77616	A9F75616
20 A	A9F76120	A9F77120	A9F75120	A9F76620	A9F77620	A9F75620
25 A	A9F76125	A9F77125	A9F75125	A9F76625	A9F77625	A9F75625
32 A	A9F76132	A9F77132	A9F75132	A9F76632	A9F77632	A9F75632
40 A	A9F76140	A9F77140	A9F75140	A9F76640	A9F77640	A9F75640
50 A	A9F76150	A9F77150	A9F75150	A9F76650	A9F77650	A9F75650
63 A	A9F76163	A9F77163	A9F75163	A9F76663	A9F77663	A9F75663
Width in 9-mm modules	2			4		
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		

(1) VDE approved only.

# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

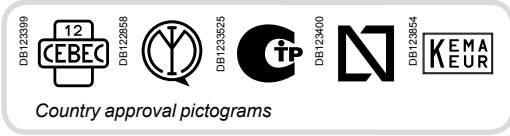
PB10434-40



- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

	2P			3P			4P		
E45094									
	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
	Curve			Curve			Curve		
	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>
	A9F73270	A9F74270	A9F75270	A9F73370	A9F74370	A9F75370	A9F73470	A9F74470	A9F75470
	A9F73201	A9F74201	A9F75201	A9F73301	A9F74301	A9F75301	A9F73401	A9F74401	A9F75401
	A9F73202	A9F74202	A9F75202	A9F73302	A9F74302	A9F75302	A9F73402	A9F74402	A9F75402
	A9F73203	A9F74203	A9F75203	A9F73303	A9F74303	A9F75303	A9F73403	A9F74403	A9F75403
	A9F73204	A9F74204	A9F75204	A9F73304	A9F74304	A9F75304	A9F73404	A9F74404	A9F75404
	A9F76206	A9F77206	A9F75206	A9F76306	A9F77306	A9F75306	A9F76406	A9F77406	A9F75406
	A9F76210	A9F77210	A9F75210	A9F76310	A9F77310	A9F75310	A9F76410	A9F77410	A9F75410
	A9F73213	A9F74213	A9F75213	A9F73313	A9F74313	A9F75313	A9F73413	A9F74413	A9F75413
	A9F76216	A9F77216	A9F75216	A9F76316	A9F77316	A9F75316	A9F76416	A9F77416	A9F75416
	A9F76220	A9F77220	A9F75220	A9F76320	A9F77320	A9F75320	A9F76420	A9F77420	A9F75420
	A9F76225	A9F77225	A9F75225	A9F76325	A9F77325	A9F75325	A9F76425	A9F77425	A9F75425
	A9F76232	A9F77232	A9F75232	A9F76332	A9F77332	A9F75332	A9F76432	A9F77432	A9F75432
	A9F76240	A9F77240	A9F75240	A9F76340	A9F77340	A9F75340	A9F76440	A9F77440	A9F75440
	A9F76250	A9F77250	A9F75250	A9F76350	A9F77350	A9F75350	A9F76450	A9F77450	A9F75450
	A9F76263	A9F77263	A9F75263	A9F76363	A9F77363	A9F75363	A9F76463	A9F77463	A9F75463
	4	Module CA907000 and CA907001		6	Module CA907000 and CA907001		8	Module CA907000 and CA907001	

# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60N circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.



### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 2P)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	
Rating (In) 0.5 to 4 A	50 kA	50 kA	50 kA	25 kA	75 % of Icu
6 to 63 A	36 kA	20 kA	10 kA	6 kA	

Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1	Voltage (Ue)	
	Ph/Ph	Ph/N
Rating (In) 0.5 to 63 A	400 V	230 V
	6000 A	

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	100 % of Icu
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	15 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

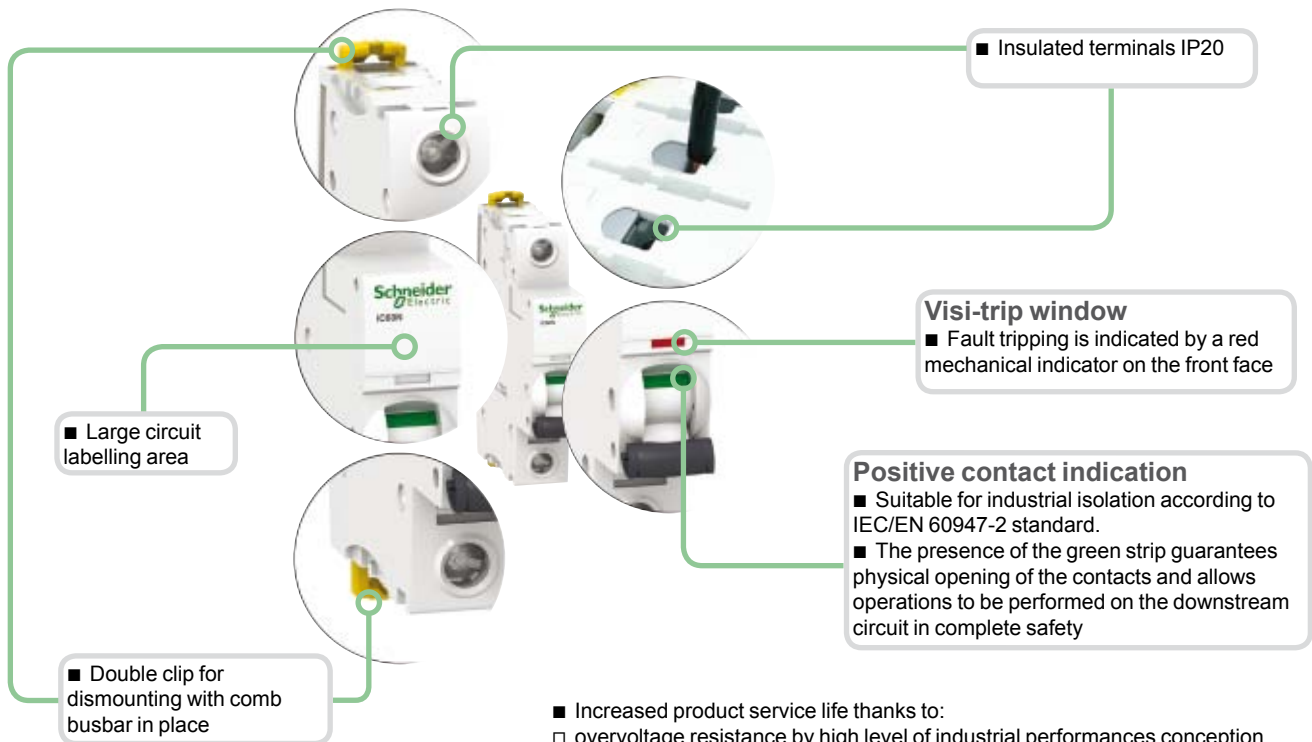
### iC60N circuit breaker

Type	1P	1P+N
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005
Rating (In)	Curve B                      C                      D <sup>(1)</sup>	Curve B                      C                      D <sup>(1)</sup>
0.5 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73170	A9F74170
1 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73101	A9F74101
2 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73102	A9F74102
3 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73103	A9F74103
4 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73104	A9F74104
6 A	A9F78106	A9F79106
10 A	A9F78110	A9F79110
13 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F73113	A9F74113
16 A	A9F78116	A9F79116
20 A	A9F78120	A9F79120
25 A	A9F78125	A9F79125
32 A	A9F78132	A9F79132
40 A	A9F78140	A9F79140
50 A	A9F78150	A9F79150
63 A	A9F78163	A9F79163
Width in 9-mm modules	2	4
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001	Module CA907000 and CA907001

(1) VDE approved only.

# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

PB10434-40



- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

2P				3P			4P			
E46094				E46095			E46097			
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002				Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005				Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			
Curve				Curve			Curve			
B		C		D <sup>(1)</sup>		B		C		D <sup>(1)</sup>
A9F73270	A9F74270	A9F75270	A9F73370	A9F74370	A9F75370	A9F73470	A9F74470	A9F75470		
A9F73201	A9F74201	A9F75201	A9F73301	A9F74301	A9F75301	A9F73401	A9F74401	A9F75401		
A9F73202	A9F74202	A9F75202	A9F73302	A9F74302	A9F75302	A9F73402	A9F74402	A9F75402		
A9F73203	A9F74203	A9F75203	A9F73303	A9F74303	A9F75303	A9F73403	A9F74403	A9F75403		
A9F73204	A9F74204	A9F75204	A9F73304	A9F74304	A9F75304	A9F73404	A9F74404	A9F75404		
A9F78206	A9F79206	A9F75206	A9F78306	A9F79306	A9F75306	A9F78406	A9F79406	A9F75406		
A9F78210	A9F79210	A9F75210	A9F78310	A9F79310	A9F75310	A9F78410	A9F79410	A9F75410		
A9F73213	A9F74213	A9F75213	A9F73313	A9F74313	A9F75313	A9F73413	A9F74413	A9F75413		
A9F78216	A9F79216	A9F75216	A9F78316	A9F79316	A9F75316	A9F78416	A9F79416	A9F75416		
A9F78220	A9F79220	A9F75220	A9F78320	A9F79320	A9F75320	A9F78420	A9F79420	A9F75420		
A9F78225	A9F79225	A9F75225	A9F78325	A9F79325	A9F75325	A9F78425	A9F79425	A9F75425		
A9F78232	A9F79232	A9F75232	A9F78332	A9F79332	A9F75332	A9F78432	A9F79432	A9F75432		
A9F78240	A9F79240	A9F75240	A9F78340	A9F79340	A9F75340	A9F78440	A9F79440	A9F75440		
A9F78250	A9F79250	A9F75250	A9F78350	A9F79350	A9F75350	A9F78450	A9F79450	A9F75450		
A9F78263	A9F79263	A9F75263	A9F78363	A9F79363	A9F75363	A9F78463	A9F79463	A9F75463		
4				6			8			
Module CA907000 and CA907001				Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001			

# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



IEC/EN 60947-2  
IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60N circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.



### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 2P)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	
Rating (In)	0.5 to 4 A	50 kA	50 kA	50 kA	25 kA
	6 to 63 A	36 kA	20 kA	10 kA	6 kA
					75 % of Icu

Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1	Voltage (Ue)	
	Ph/Ph	Ph/N
	400 V	230 V
Rating (In)	0.5 to 63 A	6000 A

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	
Number of poles	1P			2P	3P	4P
Rating (In)	1 to 63 A	15 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA
						100 % of Icu

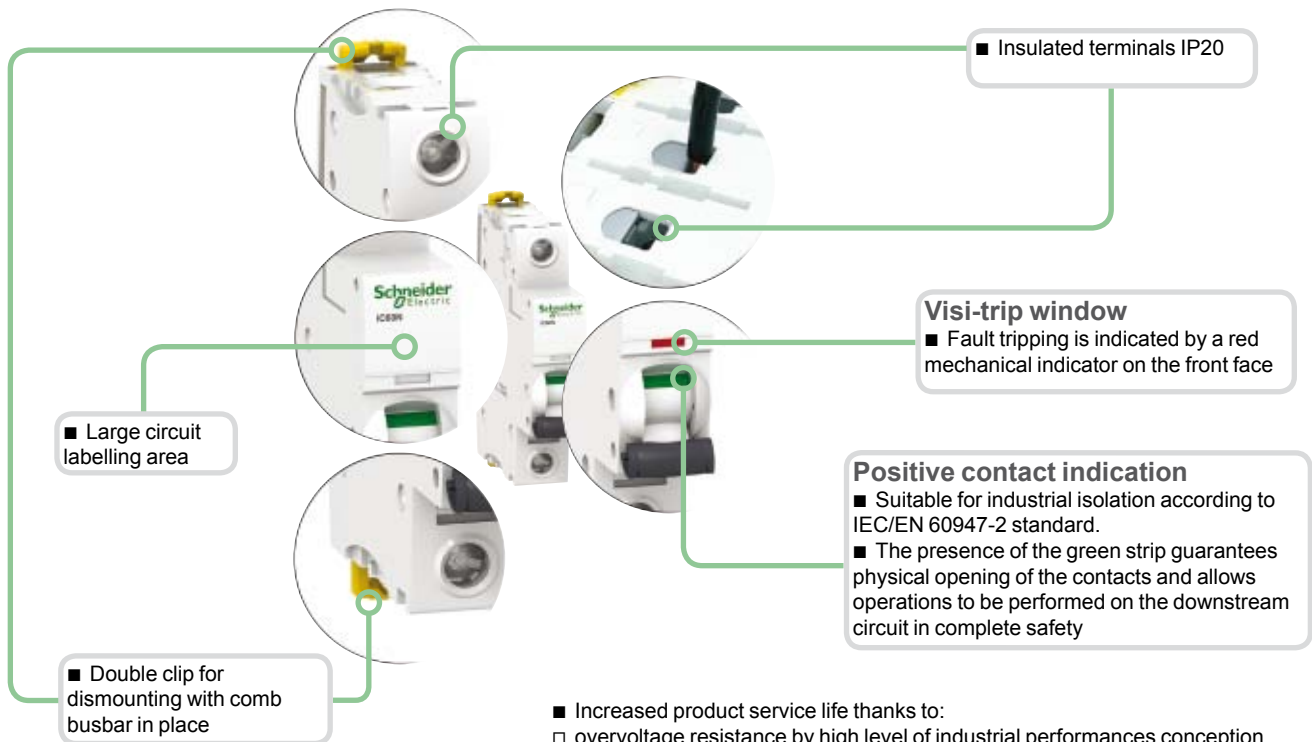
## Catalogue numbers

iC60N circuit breaker						
Type	1P			1P+N		
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Rating (In)	Curve			Curve		
	B	C	D	B	C	D
0.5 A	A9F73170	A9F74170	A9F75170	A9F73670	A9F74670	A9F75670
1 A	A9F73101	A9F74101	A9F75101	A9F73601	A9F74601	A9F75601
2 A	A9F73102	A9F74102	A9F75102	A9F73602	A9F74602	A9F75602
3 A	A9F73103	A9F74103	A9F75103	A9F73603	A9F74603	A9F75603
4 A	A9F73104	A9F74104	A9F75104	A9F73604	A9F74604	A9F75604
6 A	A9F73106	A9F74106	A9F75106	A9F73606	A9F74606	A9F75606
10 A	A9F73110	A9F74110	A9F75110	A9F73610	A9F74610	A9F75610
13 A	A9F73113	A9F74113	A9F75113	A9F73613	A9F74613	A9F75613
16 A	A9F73116	A9F74116	A9F75116	A9F73616	A9F74616	A9F75616
20 A	A9F73120	A9F74120	A9F75120	A9F73620	A9F74620	A9F75620
25 A	A9F73125	A9F74125	A9F75125	A9F73625	A9F74625	A9F75625
32 A	A9F73132	A9F74132	A9F75132	A9F73632	A9F74632	A9F75632
40 A	A9F73140	A9F74140	A9F75140	A9F73640	A9F74640	A9F75640
50 A	A9F73150	A9F74150	A9F75150	A9F73650	A9F74650	A9F75650
63 A	A9F73163	A9F74163	A9F75163	A9F73663	A9F74663	A9F75663
Width in 9-mm modules	2			4		
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		



# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

PB10434-40

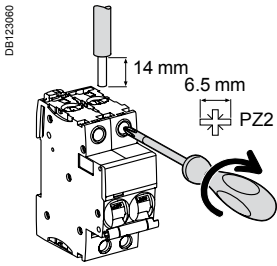


- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

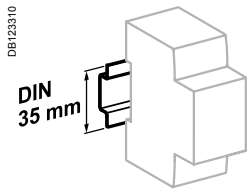
2P				3P			4P		
E46094				E46095			E46097		
	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002				Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			
Curve			Curve			Curve			
B			C			D			
A9F73270	A9F74270	A9F75270	A9F73370	A9F74370	A9F75370	A9F73470	A9F74470	A9F75470	
A9F73201	A9F74201	A9F75201	A9F73301	A9F74301	A9F75301	A9F73401	A9F74401	A9F75401	
A9F73202	A9F74202	A9F75202	A9F73302	A9F74302	A9F75302	A9F73402	A9F74402	A9F75402	
A9F73203	A9F74203	A9F75203	A9F73303	A9F74303	A9F75303	A9F73403	A9F74403	A9F75403	
A9F73204	A9F74204	A9F75204	A9F73304	A9F74304	A9F75304	A9F73404	A9F74404	A9F75404	
A9F73206	A9F74206	A9F75206	A9F73306	A9F74306	A9F75306	A9F73406	A9F74406	A9F75406	
A9F73210	A9F74210	A9F75210	A9F73310	A9F74310	A9F75310	A9F73410	A9F74410	A9F75410	
A9F73213	A9F74213	A9F75213	A9F73313	A9F74313	A9F75313	A9F73413	A9F74413	A9F75413	
A9F73216	A9F74216	A9F75216	A9F73316	A9F74316	A9F75316	A9F73416	A9F74416	A9F75416	
A9F73220	A9F74220	A9F75220	A9F73320	A9F74320	A9F75320	A9F73420	A9F74420	A9F75420	
A9F73225	A9F74225	A9F75225	A9F73325	A9F74325	A9F75325	A9F73425	A9F74425	A9F75425	
A9F73232	A9F74232	A9F75232	A9F73332	A9F74332	A9F75332	A9F73432	A9F74432	A9F75432	
A9F73240	A9F74240	A9F75240	A9F73340	A9F74340	A9F75340	A9F73440	A9F74440	A9F75440	
A9F73250	A9F74250	A9F75250	A9F73350	A9F74350	A9F75350	A9F73450	A9F74450	A9F75450	
A9F73263	A9F74263	A9F75263	A9F73363	A9F74363	A9F75363	A9F73463	A9F74463	A9F75463	
4			6			8			
Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001			

# iC60N circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

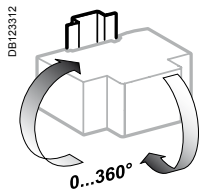
## Connection



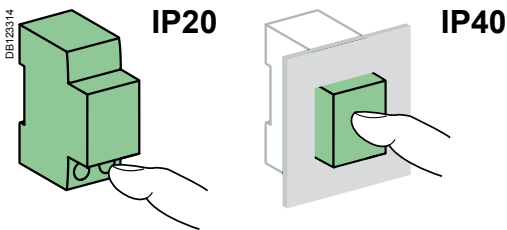
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories		
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	DB1122945	DB1122946	DB1122945	DB118789	DB118787
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	Ø 5 mm	-
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>		3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
						3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



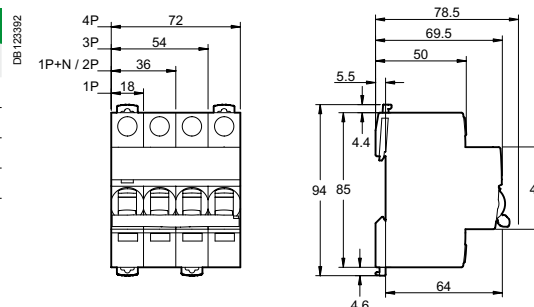
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V AC
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50 °C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	B curve	4 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	C curve	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	D curve	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
According to IEC/EN 60898-1		
Limitation class		3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (I <sub>cn1</sub> )		I <sub>cn1</sub> = I <sub>cn</sub>
Additional characteristics		
Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT 380-415 V isolated neutral system (case of double fault)	40 A	4 kA
	50/63 A	3 kA
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
		Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Operating temperature		-35°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)

## Weight (g)

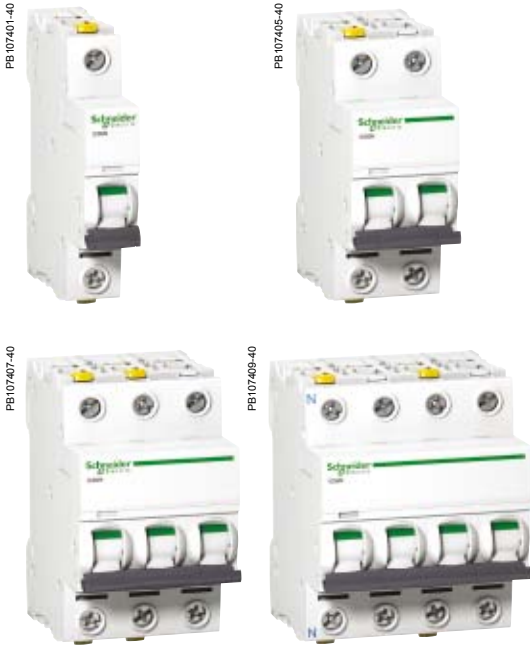
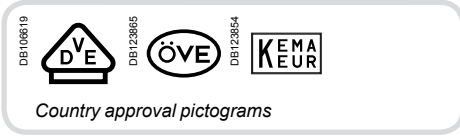
Circuit-breaker	
Type	iC60N
1P	125
2P	250
3P	375
4P	500

## Dimensions (mm)





# iC60N double terminals circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60N double terminal terminals circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 3P+N, 4P)					100 % of Icu 75 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 1P+N)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	
Rating (In)	0.5 to 4 A 6 to 63 A	50 kA 36 kA	50 kA 20 kA	50 kA 10 kA	25 kA 6 kA

### Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1

Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1	Voltage (Ue)	
	Ph/Ph	Ph/N
Rating (In)	0.5 to 63 A	6000 A

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	100 % of Icu
Rating (In)	1 to 63 A	15 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

### iC60N double terminals circuit breaker

Type	1P	1P+N	2P
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005
Rating (In)	Curve B C D	Curve B C	Curve B C D
0.5 A	- A9F04170 A9F05170	- A9F04670	- A9F04270 A9F05270
1 A	A9F03101 A9F04101 A9F05101	- A9F04601	- A9F04201 A9F05201
2 A	A9F03102 A9F04102 A9F05102	- A9F04602	A9F03202 A9F04202 A9F05202
3 A	- A9F04103 A9F05103	- A9F04603	- A9F04203 A9F05203
4 A	A9F03104 A9F04104 A9F05104	- A9F04604	A9F03204 A9F04204 A9F05204
6 A	A9F03106 A9F04106 A9F05106	A9F03606 A9F04606	A9F03206 A9F04206 A9F05206
10 A	A9F03110 A9F04110 A9F05110	A9F03610 A9F04610	A9F03210 A9F04210 A9F05210
13 A	A9F03113 A9F04113 A9F05113	A9F03613 A9F04613	A9F03213 A9F04213 A9F05213
16 A	A9F03116 A9F04116 A9F05116	A9F03616 A9F04616	A9F03216 A9F04216 A9F05216
20 A	A9F03120 A9F04120 A9F05120	A9F03620 A9F04620	A9F03220 A9F04220 A9F05220
25 A	A9F03125 A9F04125 A9F05125	A9F03625 A9F04625	A9F03225 A9F04225 A9F05225
32 A	A9F03132 A9F04132 A9F05132	A9F03632 A9F04632	A9F03232 A9F04232 A9F05232
40 A	A9F03140 A9F04140 A9F05140	A9F03640 A9F04640	A9F03240 A9F04240 A9F05240
50 A	A9F03150 A9F04150 A9F05150	A9F03650 A9F04650	A9F03250 A9F04250 A9F05250
63 A	A9F03163 A9F04163 A9F05163	A9F03663 A9F04663	A9F03263 A9F04263 A9F05263
Width in 9-mm modules	2	4	4
Accessories	Modules CA907000 and CA907001	Modules CA907000 and CA907001	Modules CA907000 and CA907001

# iC60N double terminals circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

- Insulated terminals IP20**
- Double terminals**
  - For top or bottom connections:
    - by cable,
    - by comb busbar
- Large circuit labelling area**
- Double clip locking** allowing tool-free removal, front panel side, with the comb busbar in position
- Visi-trip window**
  - Fault tripping is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face
- Positive contact indication**
  - Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2 standard
  - The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety
- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

3P			3P+N			4P		
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Curve			Curve			Curve		
B	C	D	B	C	B	C	D	
-	A9F04370	A9F05370	-	A9F04770	-	A9F04470	A9F05470	
-	A9F04301	A9F05301	-	A9F04701	-	A9F04401	A9F05401	
A9F03302	A9F04302	A9F05302	-	A9F04702	-	A9F04402	A9F05402	
-	A9F04303	A9F05303	-	A9F04703	-	A9F04403	A9F05403	
-	A9F04304	A9F05304	-	A9F04704	-	A9F04404	A9F05404	
A9F03306	A9F04306	A9F05306	A9F03706	A9F04706	A9F03406	A9F04406	A9F05406	
A9F03310	A9F04310	A9F05310	A9F03710	A9F04710	A9F03410	A9F04410	A9F05410	
A9F03313	A9F04313	A9F05313	A9F03713	A9F04713	A9F03413	A9F04413	A9F05413	
A9F03316	A9F04316	A9F05316	A9F03716	A9F04716	A9F03416	A9F04416	A9F05416	
A9F03320	A9F04320	A9F05320	A9F03720	A9F04720	A9F03420	A9F04420	A9F05420	
A9F03325	A9F04325	A9F05325	A9F03725	A9F04725	A9F03425	A9F04425	A9F05425	
A9F03332	A9F04332	A9F05332	A9F03732	A9F04732	A9F03432	A9F04432	A9F05432	
A9F03340	A9F04340	A9F05340	A9F03740	A9F04740	A9F03440	A9F04440	A9F05440	
A9F03350	A9F04350	A9F05350	A9F03750	A9F04750	A9F03450	A9F04450	A9F05450	
A9F03363	A9F04363	A9F05363	A9F03763	A9F04763	A9F03463	A9F04463	A9F05463	
6			8		8			
Modules CA907000 and CA907001			Modules CA907000 and CA907001			Modules CA907000 and CA907001		

# iC60N double terminals circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

## Connection between double terminal circuit breakers

With comb busbar at the back/cables at the front

Without comb busbar at the back/cables at the front

DBA04815



		Back	Front	
Rating	Tightening torque	Comb busbar	Copper cables	
		Thickness of the teeth	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	1.5 mm	DB122945	DB122946
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1.5 mm	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
			1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Between double terminal circuit breakers and single-terminal circuit breakers

Cables at the back/comb busbar at the front

DBA04817

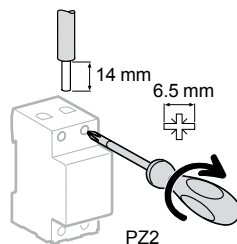


		Back	Front	
Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Comb busbar
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	Thickness of the teeth
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	DB122945	DB122946	1.5 mm
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm
		1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm

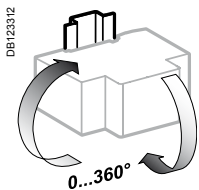
- Connection by comb busbar or by cable (according to EN 50027).

## Connection

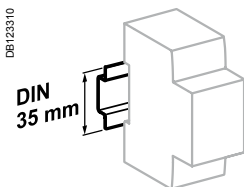
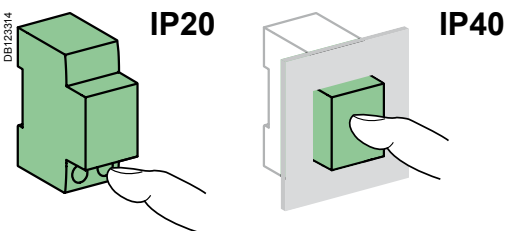
DB123847



		With accessories		
Rating	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
		DB118789	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
0.5 to 25 A	-	DB122935	DB118787	-
32 to 63 A	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Indifferent position of installation.

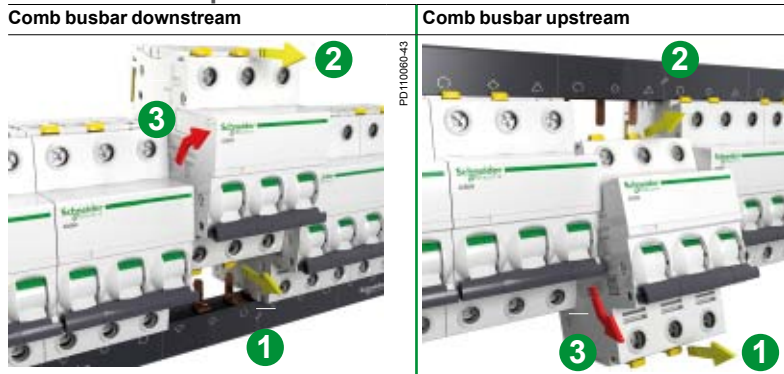


Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.

## Technical data

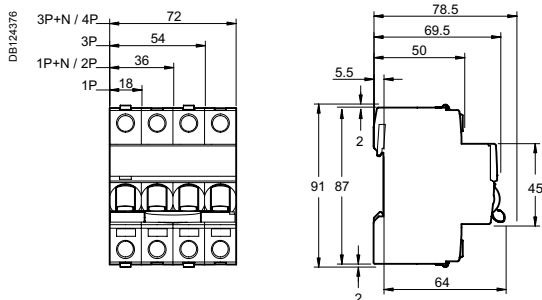
Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V AC
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50°C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	B curve	4 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	C curve	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	D curve	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
According to IEC/EN 60898-1		
Limitation class		3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (I <sub>cn1</sub> )		I <sub>cn1</sub> = I <sub>cn</sub>
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Operating temperature		-35°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)

## Disassembly double terminals iC60 circuit breaker with the comb busbar in position



- 1- Pull lower "clip locking"
- 2- Pull upper "clip locking"
- 3- Remove the circuit breaker

## Dimensions (mm)



## Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	iC60N
1P	125
2P (1P+N)	250
3P	375
4P (3P+N)	500





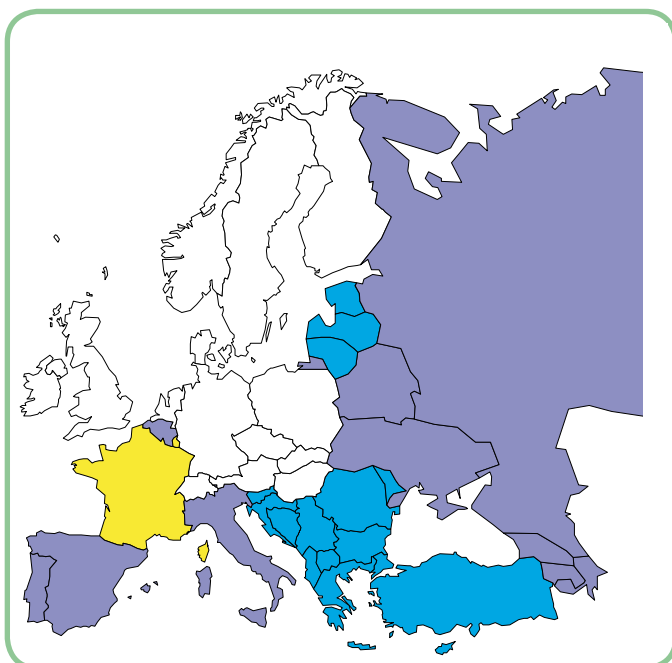


Schneider Electric's range of circuit breakers consists of different products (A, B, C) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

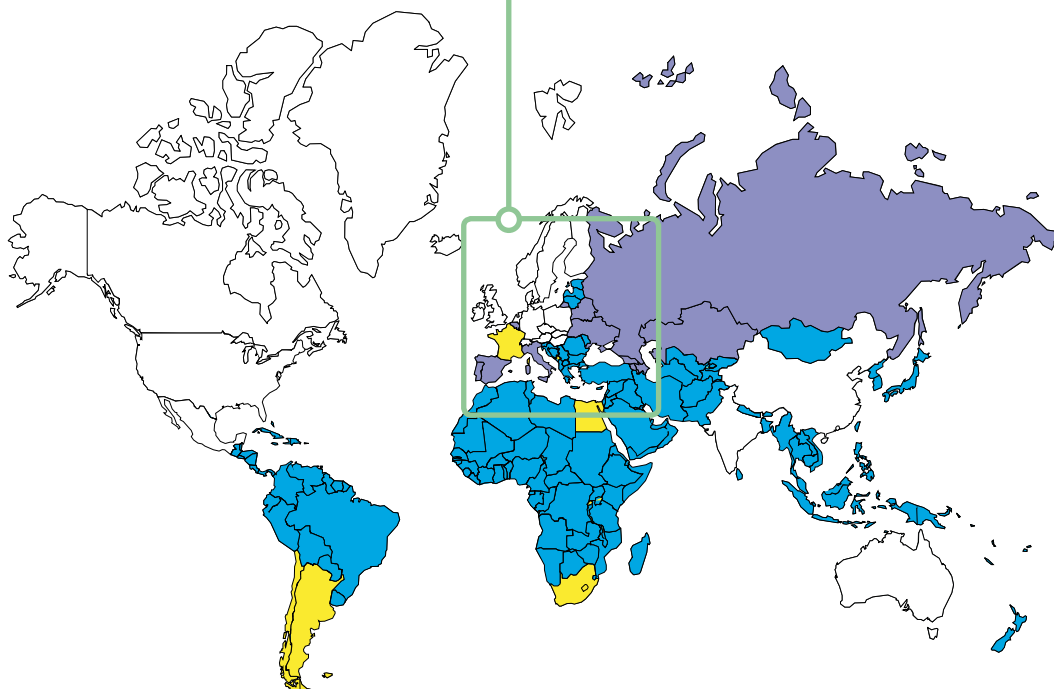
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

**Variants**

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	48
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	50
Offer C	Catalogue numbers	52
Common pages		54



*Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.*



# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60H circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.



Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)					
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V		100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 1P+N)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-		
Rating (In) 0.5 to 4 A	70 kA	70 kA	70 kA	50 kA	100 kA	50 % of Icu
6 to 63 A	42 kA	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA		
Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1						
	Voltage (Ue)					
Ph/Ph	400 V					
Ph/N	230 V					
Rating (In) 0.5 to 63 A	10000 A					

Direct current (DC)						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)					
Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	≤ 250 V	100 % of Icu
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	20 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

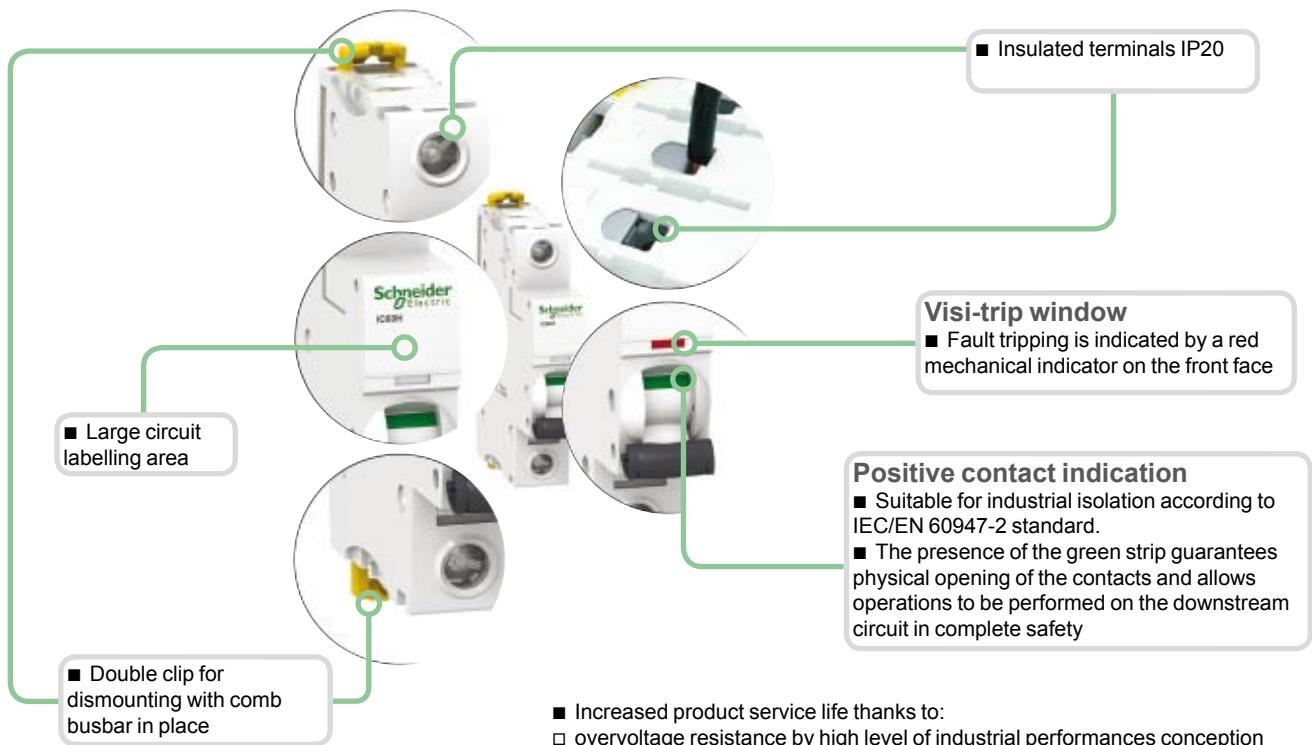
### iC60H circuit breaker

Type	1P			1P+N		
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Rating (In)	Curve			Curve		
	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>
0.5 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F83170	A9F84170	A9F85170	A9F83670	A9F84670	A9F85670
1 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F83101	A9F84101	A9F85101	A9F83601	A9F84601	A9F85601
2 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F83102	A9F84102	A9F85102	A9F83602	A9F84602	A9F85602
3 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F83103	A9F84103	A9F85103	A9F83603	A9F84603	A9F85603
4 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F83104	A9F84104	A9F85104	A9F83604	A9F84604	A9F85604
6 A	A9F86106	A9F87106	A9F85106	A9F86606	A9F87606	A9F85606
10 A	A9F86110	A9F87110	A9F85110	A9F86610	A9F87610	A9F85610
13 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9F83113	A9F84113	A9F85113	A9F83613	A9F84613	A9F85613
16 A	A9F86116	A9F87116	A9F85116	A9F86616	A9F87616	A9F85616
20 A	A9F86120	A9F87120	A9F85120	A9F86620	A9F87620	A9F85620
25 A	A9F86125	A9F87125	A9F85125	A9F86625	A9F87625	A9F85625
32 A	A9F86132	A9F87132	A9F85132	A9F86632	A9F87632	A9F85632
40 A	A9F86140	A9F87140	A9F85140	A9F86640	A9F87640	A9F85640
50 A	A9F86150	A9F87150	A9F85150	A9F86650	A9F87650	A9F85650
63 A	A9F86163	A9F87163	A9F85163	A9F86663	A9F87663	A9F85663
Width in 9-mm modules	2			4		
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		

(1) VDE approved only.

# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

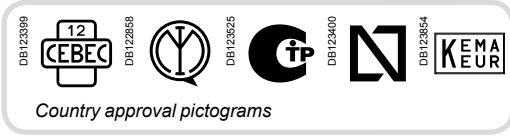
PB104495-40



- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

2P			3P			4P			
E-6094			E-6095			E-6097			
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			
Curve			Curve			Curve			
	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>
	A9F83270	A9F84270	A9F85270	A9F83370	A9F84370	A9F85370	A9F83470	A9F84470	A9F85470
	A9F83201	A9F84201	A9F85201	A9F83301	A9F84301	A9F85301	A9F83401	A9F84401	A9F85401
	A9F83202	A9F84202	A9F85202	A9F83302	A9F84302	A9F85302	A9F83402	A9F84402	A9F85402
	A9F83203	A9F84203	A9F85203	A9F83303	A9F84303	A9F85303	A9F83403	A9F84403	A9F85403
	A9F83204	A9F84204	A9F85204	A9F83304	A9F84304	A9F85304	A9F83404	A9F84404	A9F85404
	A9F86206	A9F87206	A9F85206	A9F86306	A9F87306	A9F85306	A9F86406	A9F87406	A9F85406
	A9F86210	A9F87210	A9F85210	A9F86310	A9F87310	A9F85310	A9F86410	A9F87410	A9F85410
	A9F83213	A9F84213	A9F85213	A9F83313	A9F84313	A9F85313	A9F83413	A9F84413	A9F85413
	A9F86216	A9F87216	A9F85216	A9F86316	A9F87316	A9F85316	A9F86416	A9F87416	A9F85416
	A9F86220	A9F87220	A9F85220	A9F86320	A9F87320	A9F85320	A9F86420	A9F87420	A9F85420
	A9F86225	A9F87225	A9F85225	A9F86325	A9F87325	A9F85325	A9F86425	A9F87425	A9F85425
	A9F86232	A9F87232	A9F85232	A9F86332	A9F87332	A9F85332	A9F86432	A9F87432	A9F85432
	A9F86240	A9F87240	A9F85240	A9F86340	A9F87340	A9F85340	A9F86440	A9F87440	A9F85440
	A9F86250	A9F87250	A9F85250	A9F86350	A9F87350	A9F85350	A9F86450	A9F87450	A9F85450
	A9F86263	A9F87263	A9F85263	A9F86363	A9F87363	A9F85363	A9F86463	A9F87463	A9F85463
4				6				8	
	Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		

# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60H circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.





Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)					
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V		100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 1P+N)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-		
Rating (In) 0.5 to 4 A	70 kA	70 kA	70 kA	50 kA	50 kA	50 % of Icu
6 to 63 A	42 kA	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA		
Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1						
	Voltage (Ue)					
Ph/Ph	400 V					
Ph/N	230 V					
Rating (In) 0.5 to 63 A	10000 A					

Direct current (DC)						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)					
Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	≤ 250 V	100 % of Icu
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	20 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

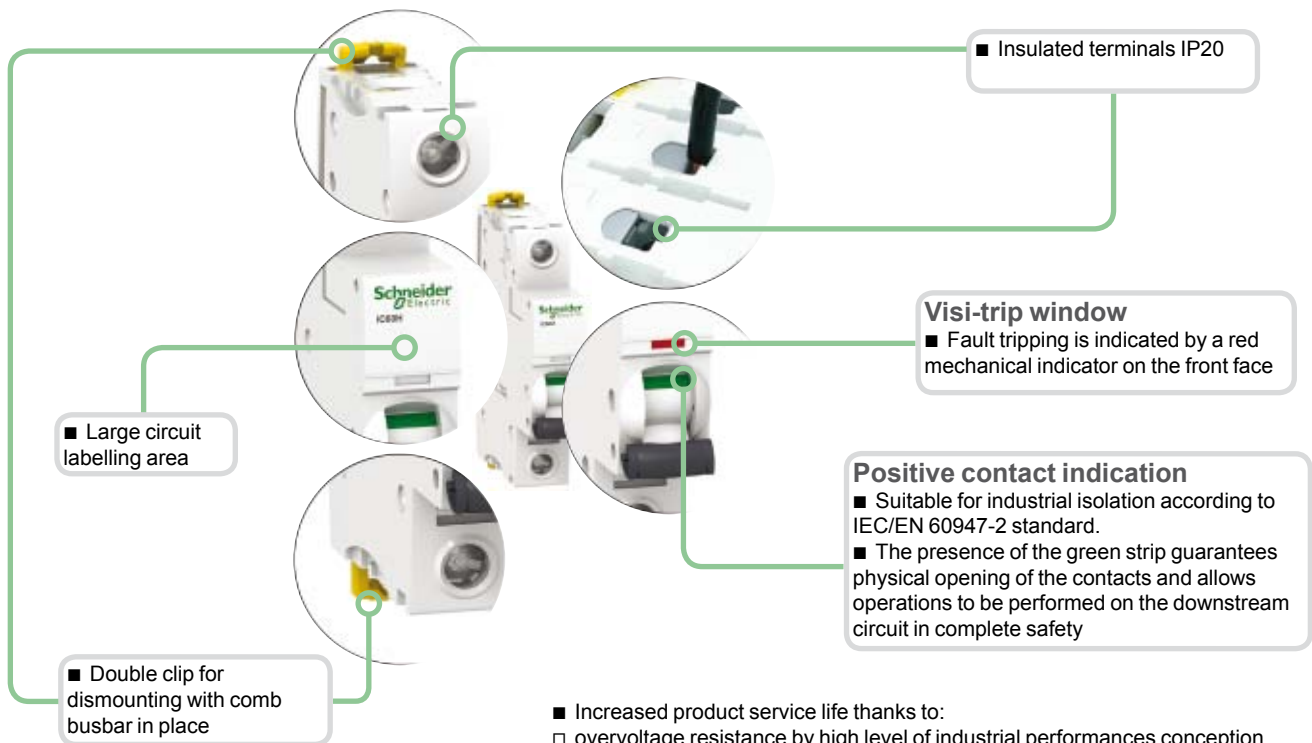
### iC60H circuit breaker

Type	1P			1P+N																																																																																																																																		
																																																																																																																																						
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002																																																																																																																																		
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005																																																																																																																																		
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(1) VDE approved only.

# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

PB104495-40



- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

2P			3P			4P		
E-46094			E-46095			E-46097		
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Curve			Curve			Curve		
B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>	B	C	D <sup>(1)</sup>
A9F83270	A9F84270	A9F85270	A9F83370	A9F84370	A9F85370	A9F83470	A9F84470	A9F85470
A9F83201	A9F84201	A9F85201	A9F83301	A9F84301	A9F85301	A9F83401	A9F84401	A9F85401
A9F83202	A9F84202	A9F85202	A9F83302	A9F84302	A9F85302	A9F83402	A9F84402	A9F85402
A9F83203	A9F84203	A9F85203	A9F83303	A9F84303	A9F85303	A9F83403	A9F84403	A9F85403
A9F83204	A9F84204	A9F85204	A9F83304	A9F84304	A9F85304	A9F83404	A9F84404	A9F85404
A9F88206	A9F89206	A9F85206	A9F88306	A9F89306	A9F85306	A9F88406	A9F89406	A9F85406
A9F88210	A9F89210	A9F85210	A9F88310	A9F89310	A9F85310	A9F88410	A9F89410	A9F85410
A9F83213	A9F84213	A9F85213	A9F83313	A9F84313	A9F85313	A9F83413	A9F84413	A9F85413
A9F88216	A9F89216	A9F85216	A9F88316	A9F89316	A9F85316	A9F88416	A9F89416	A9F85416
A9F88220	A9F89220	A9F85220	A9F88320	A9F89320	A9F85320	A9F88420	A9F89420	A9F85420
A9F88225	A9F89225	A9F85225	A9F88325	A9F89325	A9F85325	A9F88425	A9F89425	A9F85425
A9F88232	A9F89232	A9F85232	A9F88332	A9F89332	A9F85332	A9F88432	A9F89432	A9F85432
A9F88240	A9F89240	A9F85240	A9F88340	A9F89340	A9F85340	A9F88440	A9F89440	A9F85440
A9F88250	A9F89250	A9F85250	A9F88350	A9F89350	A9F85350	A9F88450	A9F89450	A9F85450
A9F88263	A9F89263	A9F85263	A9F88363	A9F89363	A9F85363	A9F88463	A9F89463	A9F85463
4			6			8		
Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		

# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



Country approval pictograms

## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60H circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.



### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

#### Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2

	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P, 1P+N)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	
Rating (In) 0.5 to 4 A	70 kA	70 kA	70 kA	50 kA	50 % of Icu
6 to 63 A	42 kA	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA	

#### Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1

	Voltage (Ue)
Ph/Ph	400 V
Ph/N	230 V
Rating (In) 0.5 to 63 A	10000 A

### Direct current (DC)

#### Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2

	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	100 % of Icu
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	20 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

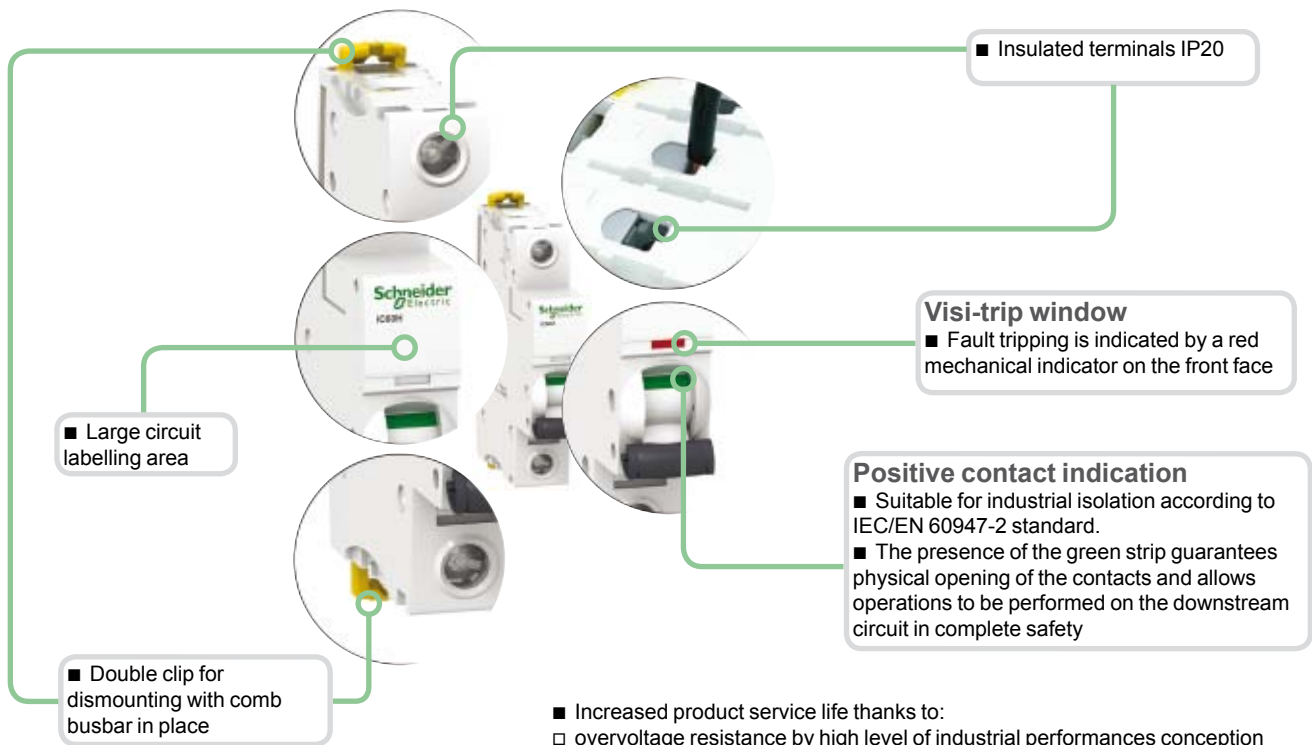
### iC60H circuit breaker

Type	1P			1P+N		
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Rating (In)	Curve			Curve		
	B	C	D	B	C	D
0.5 A	A9F83170	A9F84170	A9F85170	A9F83670	A9F84670	A9F85670
1 A	A9F83101	A9F84101	A9F85101	A9F83601	A9F84601	A9F85601
2 A	A9F83102	A9F84102	A9F85102	A9F83602	A9F84602	A9F85602
3 A	A9F83103	A9F84103	A9F85103	A9F83603	A9F84603	A9F85603
4 A	A9F83104	A9F84104	A9F85104	A9F83604	A9F84604	A9F85604
6 A	A9F83106	A9F84106	A9F85106	A9F83606	A9F84606	A9F85606
10 A	A9F83110	A9F84110	A9F85110	A9F83610	A9F84610	A9F85610
13 A	A9F83113	A9F84113	A9F85113	A9F83613	A9F84613	A9F85613
16 A	A9F83116	A9F84116	A9F85116	A9F83616	A9F84616	A9F85616
20 A	A9F83120	A9F84120	A9F85120	A9F83620	A9F84620	A9F85620
25 A	A9F83125	A9F84125	A9F85125	A9F83625	A9F84625	A9F85625
32 A	A9F83132	A9F84132	A9F85132	A9F83632	A9F84632	A9F85632
40 A	A9F83140	A9F84140	A9F85140	A9F83640	A9F84640	A9F85640
50 A	A9F83150	A9F84150	A9F85150	A9F83650	A9F84650	A9F85650
63 A	A9F83163	A9F84163	A9F85163	A9F83663	A9F84663	A9F85663
Width in 9-mm modules	2			4		
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		



# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

PB104495-40

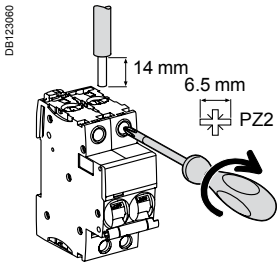


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  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
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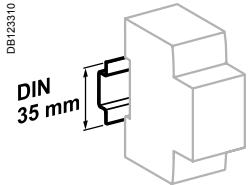
2P				3P			4P		
E46004 1 3 2 4				E46006 1 3 5 2 4 6			E46007 1 3 5 7 2 4 6 8		
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002				Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002		
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005				Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
Curve				Curve			Curve		
B		C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D
A9F83270	A9F84270	A9F85270	A9F83370	A9F84370	A9F85370	A9F83470	A9F84470	A9F85470	
A9F83201	A9F84201	A9F85201	A9F83301	A9F84301	A9F85301	A9F83401	A9F84401	A9F85401	
A9F83202	A9F84202	A9F85202	A9F83302	A9F84302	A9F85302	A9F83402	A9F84402	A9F85402	
A9F83203	A9F84203	A9F85203	A9F83303	A9F84303	A9F85303	A9F83403	A9F84403	A9F85403	
A9F83204	A9F84204	A9F85204	A9F83304	A9F84304	A9F85304	A9F83404	A9F84404	A9F85404	
A9F83206	A9F84206	A9F85206	A9F83306	A9F84306	A9F85306	A9F83406	A9F84406	A9F85406	
A9F83210	A9F84210	A9F85210	A9F83310	A9F84310	A9F85310	A9F83410	A9F84410	A9F85410	
A9F83213	A9F84213	A9F85213	A9F83313	A9F84313	A9F85313	A9F83413	A9F84413	A9F85413	
A9F83216	A9F84216	A9F85216	A9F83316	A9F84316	A9F85316	A9F83416	A9F84416	A9F85416	
A9F83220	A9F84220	A9F85220	A9F83320	A9F84320	A9F85320	A9F83420	A9F84420	A9F85420	
A9F83225	A9F84225	A9F85225	A9F83325	A9F84325	A9F85325	A9F83425	A9F84425	A9F85425	
A9F83232	A9F84232	A9F85232	A9F83332	A9F84332	A9F85332	A9F83432	A9F84432	A9F85432	
A9F83240	A9F84240	A9F85240	A9F83340	A9F84340	A9F85340	A9F83440	A9F84440	A9F85440	
A9F83250	A9F84250	A9F85250	A9F83350	A9F84350	A9F85350	A9F83450	A9F84450	A9F85450	
A9F83263	A9F84263	A9F85263	A9F83363	A9F84363	A9F85363	A9F83463	A9F84463	A9F85463	
4				6			8		
Module CA907000 and CA907001				Module CA907000 and CA907001			Module CA907000 and CA907001		

# iC60H circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

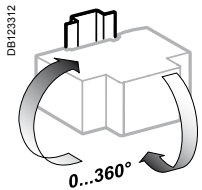
## Connection



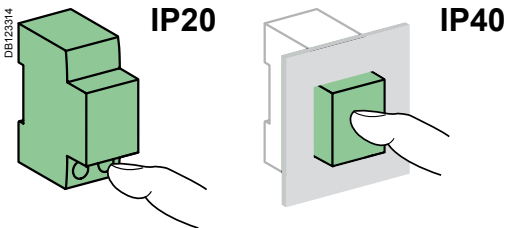
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories		
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	DB122945	DB122946	DB122945	DB118789	DB118787
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	Ø 5 mm	-
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>		3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
						3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



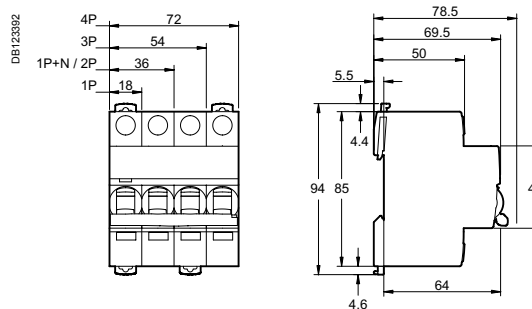
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V AC
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50 °C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	B curve	4 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	C curve	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	D curve	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
According to IEC/EN 60898-1		
Limitation class		3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (I <sub>cn1</sub> )		I <sub>cn1</sub> = I <sub>cn</sub>
Additional characteristics		
Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT 380-415 V isolated neutral system (case of double fault)	40 A	4 kA
	50/63 A	3 kA
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Operating temperature		-35°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)

## Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	iC60H
1P	125
2P	250
3P	375
4P	500

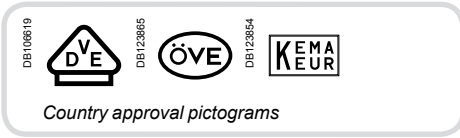
## Dimensions (mm)







# iC60H double terminals circuit breakers (curve B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1

- iC60H double terminals circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V 440 V	
Ph/N (1P, 1P+N)	12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	
Rating (In)	0.5 to 4 A	70 kA	70 kA	70 kA	50 kA
	6 to 40 A	42 kA	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA
	50/63 A	42 kA	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA

### Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1

Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1	Voltage (Ue)	
	Ph/Ph	Ph/N
	400 V	230 V
Rating (In)	0.5 to 63 A	10000 A

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V ≤ 250 V	
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	
Rating (In)	1 to 63 A	20 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	100 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

### iC60H double terminals circuit breaker

Type	1P	1P+N	2P			
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			
Rating (In)	Curve		Curve			
	B	C	D	B	C	D
0.5 A	-	A9F07170	A9F08170	-	A9F07670	A9F08270
1 A	-	A9F07101	A9F08101	-	A9F07601	A9F08201
2 A	-	A9F07102	A9F08102	-	A9F07602	A9F08202
3 A	-	A9F07103	A9F08103	-	A9F07603	A9F08203
4 A	-	A9F07104	A9F08104	-	A9F07604	A9F08204
6 A	A9F06106	A9F07106	A9F08106	A9F06606	A9F07606	A9F06206
10 A	A9F06110	A9F07110	A9F08110	A9F06610	A9F07610	A9F06210
13 A	A9F06113	A9F07113	A9F08113	A9F06613	A9F07613	A9F06213
16 A	A9F06116	A9F07116	A9F08116	A9F06616	A9F07616	A9F06216
20 A	A9F06120	A9F07120	A9F08120	A9F06620	A9F07620	A9F06220
25 A	A9F06125	A9F07125	A9F08125	A9F06625	A9F07625	A9F06225
32 A	A9F06132	A9F07132	A9F08132	A9F06632	A9F07632	A9F06232
40 A	A9F06140	A9F07140	A9F08140	A9F06640	A9F07640	A9F06240
50 A	A9F06150	A9F07150	A9F08150	A9F06650	A9F07650	A9F06250
63 A	A9F06163	A9F07163	A9F08163	A9F06663	A9F07663	A9F06263
Width in 9-mm modules	2		4		4	
Accessories	Modules CA907000 and CA907001		Modules CA907000 and CA907001		Modules CA907000 and CA907001	

# iC60H double terminals circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

- Insulated terminals IP20
- Large circuit labelling area
- Double clip locking allowing tool-free removal, front panel side, with the comb busbar in position
- Double terminals
  - For top or bottom connections:
    - by cable,
    - by comb busbar
- Visi-trip window
  - Fault tripping is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face
- Positive contact indication
  - Suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2 standard
  - The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety
- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

3P				4P			
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002				Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005				Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			
Curve		Curve		Curve		Curve	
B	C	D	B	C	D	D	D
-	A9F07370	A9F08370	-	A9F07470	A9F08470	-	A9F08470
-	A9F07301	A9F08301	-	A9F07401	A9F08401	-	A9F08401
-	A9F07302	A9F08302	-	A9F07402	A9F08402	-	A9F08402
-	A9F07303	A9F08303	-	A9F07403	A9F08403	-	A9F08403
-	A9F07304	A9F08304	-	A9F07404	A9F08404	-	A9F08404
A9F06306	A9F07306	A9F08306	A9F06406	A9F07406	A9F08406	-	A9F08406
A9F06310	A9F07310	A9F08310	A9F06410	A9F07410	A9F08410	-	A9F08410
A9F06313	A9F07313	A9F08313	A9F06413	A9F07413	A9F08413	-	A9F08413
A9F06316	A9F07316	A9F08316	A9F06416	A9F07416	A9F08416	-	A9F08416
A9F06320	A9F07320	A9F08320	A9F06420	A9F07420	A9F08420	-	A9F08420
A9F06325	A9F07325	A9F08325	A9F06425	A9F07425	A9F08425	-	A9F08425
A9F06332	A9F07332	A9F08332	A9F06432	A9F07432	A9F08432	-	A9F08432
A9F06340	A9F07340	A9F08340	A9F06440	A9F07440	A9F08440	-	A9F08440
A9F06350	A9F07350	A9F08350	A9F06450	A9F07450	A9F08450	-	A9F08450
A9F06363	A9F07363	A9F08363	A9F06463	A9F07463	A9F08463	-	A9F08463
6			8				
Modules CA907000 and CA907001				Modules CA907000 and CA907001			

# iC60H double terminals circuit breakers (curve B, C, D) (cont.)

## Connection between double terminal circuit breakers

With comb busbar at the back/cables at the front

Without comb busbar at the back/cables at the front

DB404815



		Back	Front	
Rating	Tightening torque	Comb busbar	Copper cables	
		Thickness of the teeth	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	1.5 mm	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1.5 mm	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Between double terminal circuit breakers and single-terminal circuit breakers

Cables at the back/comb busbar at the front

DB404817

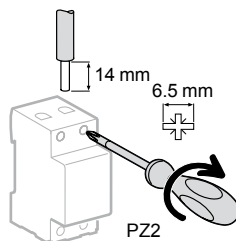


		Back	Front	
Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Thickness of the teeth
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm

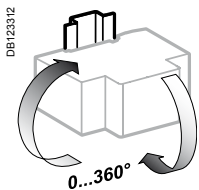
■ Connection by comb busbar or by cable (according to EN 50027).

## Connection

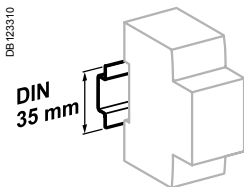
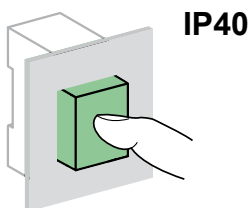
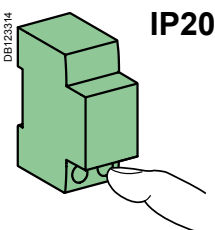
DB123847



		With accessories		
Rating	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
			Rigid cables	Flexible cables
0.5 to 25 A	-	Ø 5 mm	-	-
32 to 63 A	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Indifferent position of installation.



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50°C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	B curve	4 In ± 20 %
	C curve	8 In ± 20 %
	D curve	12 In ± 20 %
Utilization category	A	

#### According to IEC/EN 60898-1

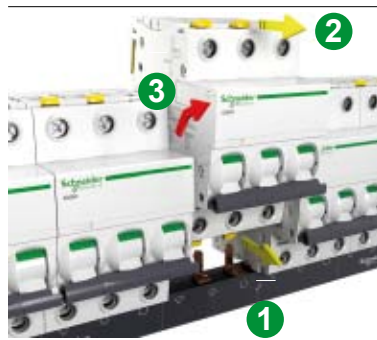
Limitation class	3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1)	Icn1 = Icn

### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)	IV	
Operating temperature	-35°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)	

## Disassembly double terminals iC60 circuit breaker with the comb busbar in position

### Comb busbar downstream

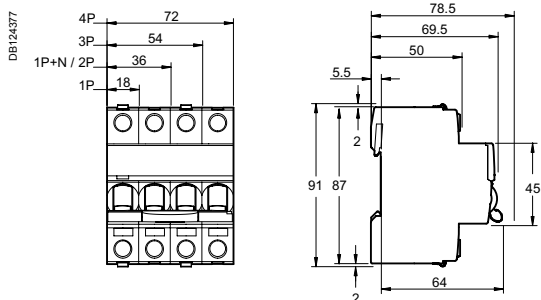


### Comb busbar upstream



- 1- Pull lower "clip locking"
- 2- Pull upper "clip locking"
- 3- Remove the circuit breaker

## Dimensions (mm)



## Weight (g)

### Circuit-breaker

Type	iC60H
1P	125
2P (1P+N)	250
3P	375
4P	500

# iC60L circuit breakers (curve B, C, K, Z)



## IEC/EN 60947-2 IEC/EN 60898-1 up to 40 A

- iC60L circuit breakers are multi-standard circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - suitable for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard.
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
		Voltage (Ue)				
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)		12 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	100 % of Icu
Ph/N (1P)		12 to 60 V	100 to 133 V	220 to 240 V	-	
Rating (In)	0.5 to 4 A	100 kA	100 kA	100 kA	70 kA	100 % of Icu
	6 to 25 A	70 kA	50 kA	25 kA	20 kA	50 % of Icu <sup>(1)</sup>
	32 / 40 A	70 kA	36 kA	20 kA	15 kA	50 % of Icu
	50 / 63 A	70 kA	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA	50 % of Icu

Breaking capacity (Icn) according to IEC/EN 60898-1	
Voltage (Ue)	
Ph/Ph	400 V
Ph/N	230 V
Rating (In)	0.5 to 40 A 15000 A

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)	
		Voltage (Ue)					
Between +/-		12 to 60 V	≤ 72 V	≤ 125 V	≤ 180 V	≤ 250 V	100 % of Icu
Number of poles		1P	2P	3P	4P		
Rating (In)	1 to 63 A	25 kA	20 kA	20 kA	20 kA	20 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

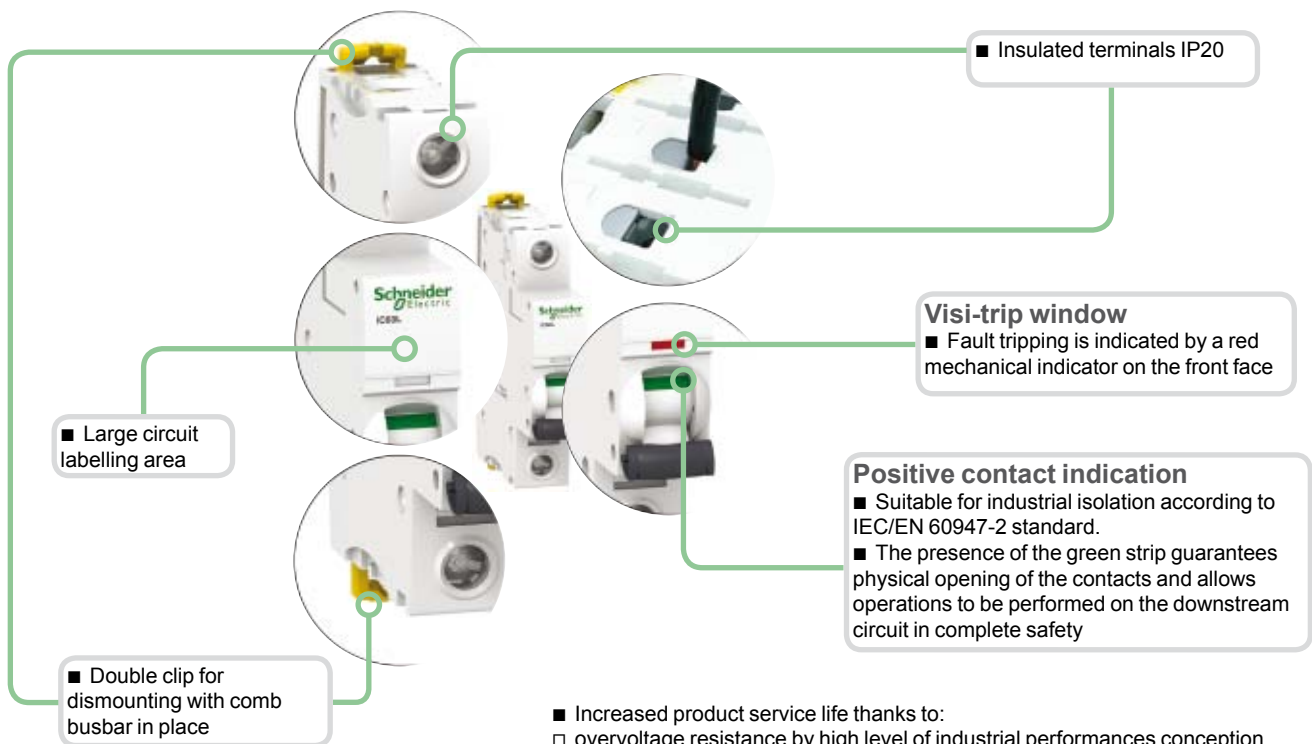
### iC60L circuit breaker

Type	1P	2P						
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002						
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005						
Rating (In)	Curve				Curve			
Quality label (2)								
	B	C	K	Z	B	C	K	Z
0.5 A	A9F93170	A9F94170	A9F95170	A9F92170	A9F93270	A9F94270	A9F95270	A9F92270
1 A	A9F93101	A9F94101	A9F95101	A9F92101	A9F93201	A9F94201	A9F95201	A9F92201
1.6 A	-	-	A9F95172	A9F92172	-	-	A9F95272	A9F92272
2 A	A9F93102	A9F94102	A9F95102	A9F92102	A9F93202	A9F94202	A9F95202	A9F92202
3 A	A9F93103	A9F94103	A9F95103	A9F92103	A9F93203	A9F94203	A9F95203	A9F92203
4 A	A9F93104	A9F94104	A9F95104	A9F92104	A9F93204	A9F94204	A9F95204	A9F92204
6 A	A9F93106	A9F94106	A9F95106	A9F92106	A9F93206	A9F94206	A9F95206	A9F92206
10 A	A9F93110	A9F94110	A9F95110	A9F92110	A9F93210	A9F94210	A9F95210	A9F92210
16 A	A9F93116	A9F94116	A9F95116	A9F92116	A9F93216	A9F94216	A9F95216	A9F92216
20 A	A9F93120	A9F94120	A9F95120	A9F92120	A9F93220	A9F94220	A9F95220	A9F92220
25 A	A9F93125	A9F94125	A9F95125	A9F92125	A9F93225	A9F94225	A9F95225	A9F92225
32 A	A9F93132	A9F94132	A9F95132	A9F92132	A9F93232	A9F94232	A9F95232	A9F92232
40 A	A9F93140	A9F94140	A9F95140	A9F92140	A9F93240	A9F94240	A9F95240	A9F92240
50 A	A9F93150	A9F94150	A9F95150 <sup>(3)</sup>	A9F92150	A9F93250	A9F94250	A9F95250	A9F92250
63 A	A9F93163	A9F94163	A9F95163 <sup>(3)</sup>	A9F92163	A9F93263	A9F94263	A9F95263	A9F92263
Width in 9-mm modules	2				4			
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001				Module CA907000 and CA907001			

(1) 100 % of Icu for ratings 6 to 25 A under Ue 100 to 133 V AC Ph/Ph and Ue 12 to 60 V AC Ph/N.  
 (2) Information to be provided by the country.  
 (3) Without approval.

# iC60L circuit breakers (curve B, C, K, Z) (cont.)

PB104496-40



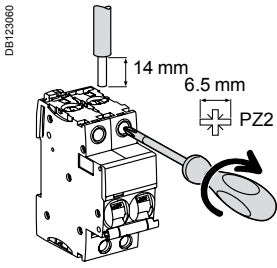
- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

3P				4P			
E-6095				E-6097			
Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002				Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002			
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005				Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			
Curve		Curve		Curve		Curve	
B	C	K	Z	B	C	K	Z
A9F93370	A9F94370	A9F95370	A9F92370	A9F93470	A9F94470	A9F95470	A9F92470
A9F93301	A9F94301	A9F95301	A9F92301	A9F93401	A9F94401	A9F95401	A9F92401
-	-	A9F95372	A9F92372	-	-	A9F95472	A9F92472
A9F93302	A9F94302	A9F95302	A9F92302	A9F93402	A9F94402	A9F95402	A9F92402
A9F93303	A9F94303	A9F95303	A9F92303	A9F93403	A9F94403	A9F95403	A9F92403
A9F93304	A9F94304	A9F95304	A9F92304	A9F93404	A9F94404	A9F95404	A9F92404
A9F93306	A9F94306	A9F95306	A9F92306	A9F93406	A9F94406	A9F95406	A9F92406
A9F93310	A9F94310	A9F95310	A9F92310	A9F93410	A9F94410	A9F95410	A9F92410
A9F93316	A9F94316	A9F95316	A9F92316	A9F93416	A9F94416	A9F95416	A9F92416
A9F93320	A9F94320	A9F95320	A9F92320	A9F93420	A9F94420	A9F95420	A9F92420
A9F93325	A9F94325	A9F95325	A9F92325	A9F93425	A9F94425	A9F95425	A9F92425
A9F93332	A9F94332	A9F95332	A9F92332	A9F93432	A9F94432	A9F95432	A9F92432
A9F93340	A9F94340	A9F95340	A9F92340	A9F93440	A9F94440	A9F95440	A9F92440
A9F93350	A9F94350	A9F95350	A9F92350	A9F93450	A9F94450	A9F95450	A9F92450
A9F93363	A9F94363	A9F95363	A9F92363	A9F93463	A9F94463	A9F95463	A9F92463
4				6			
Module CA907000 and CA907001				Module CA907000 and CA907001			

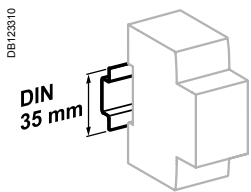


# iC60L circuit breakers (curve B, C, K, Z) (cont.)

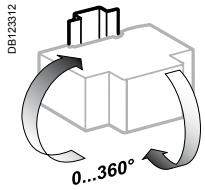
## Connection



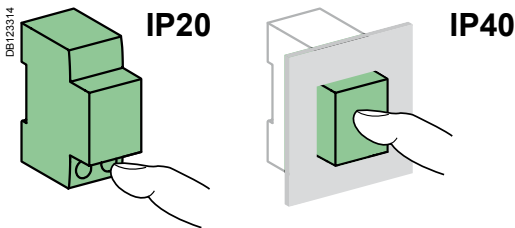
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories			
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
0.5 to 25 A	2 N.m	DB122945	DB122946	DB122935	DB118789	DB118787	
32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	Ø 5 mm	-	-
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>		3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50 °C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	B curve	4 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	C curve	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	K curve	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	Z curve	3 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category	A	

#### According to IEC/EN 60898-1

Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (I <sub>cn1</sub> )	I <sub>cn1</sub> = I <sub>cn</sub>	
--	------------------------------------	--

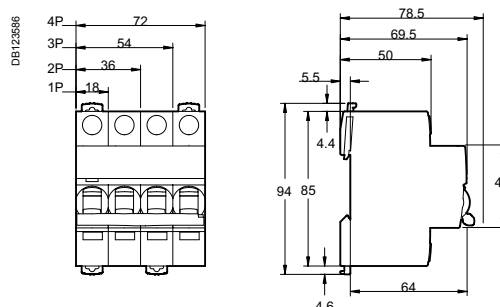
### Additional characteristics

Breaking capacity under 1 pole with IT 380-415 V isolated neutral system (case of double fault)	40 A	4 kA
	50/63 A	3 kA
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
		Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)	IV	
Operating temperature	-35°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)	

## Weight (g)

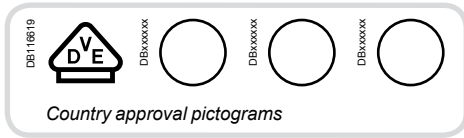
Circuit-breaker	
Type	iC60L
1P	125
2P	250
3P	375
4P	500

## Dimensions (mm)





# iK60N circuit breakers (curve B)



IEC/EN 60898-1



- iK60N circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - disconnection, opening and closing.

### iK60N circuit breaker 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity in short circuit (I <sub>cn</sub> ) as per IEC/EN 60898-1		Service breaking capacity (I <sub>cs</sub> ) 100 % of I <sub>cn</sub>
Ph/Ph	400 V	
Ph/N	230 V	
Rating (I <sub>n</sub> ) 1 to 63 A	6000 A	

## Catalogue numbers

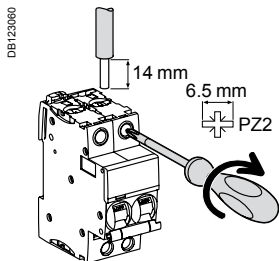
iK60N circuit breaker					
Type	1P	1P+N	2P	3P	4P
	 E45082	 DB123389	 E45084	 E45085	 E45087
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries
Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60
Rating (I <sub>n</sub> )	Curve B	Curve B	Curve B	Curve B	Curve B
1 A	A9K23101	A9K23601	A9K23201	-	-
2 A	A9K23102	A9K23602	A9K23202	-	-
3 A	A9K23103	A9K23603	A9K23203	-	-
4 A	A9K23104	A9K23604	A9K23204	-	-
6 A	A9K23106	A9K23606	A9K23206	A9K23306	A9K23406
10 A	A9K23110	A9K23610	A9K23210	A9K23310	A9K23410
16 A	A9K23116	A9K23616	A9K23216	A9K23316	A9K23416
20 A	A9K23120	A9K23620	A9K23220	A9K23320	A9K23420
25 A	A9K23125	A9K23625	A9K23225	A9K23325	A9K23425
32 A	A9K23132	A9K23632	A9K23232	A9K23332	A9K23432
40 A	A9K23140	A9K23640	A9K23240	A9K23340	A9K23440
50 A	A9K23150	A9K23650	A9K23250	A9K23350	A9K23450
63 A	A9K23163	A9K23663	A9K23263	A9K23363	A9K23463
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Width in 9-mm modules	2	4	4	6	8
Accessories	Padlocking device cat. no. A9A26970				



# iK60N circuit breakers (curve B) (cont.)

PB104434-40

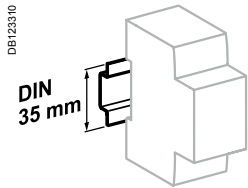


## Connection

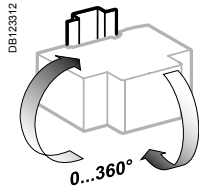


Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
B curve	1 to 25 A	2 N.m	 DB1229M45	 DB1229M46
	32 to 63 A	3.5 N.m		
			1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

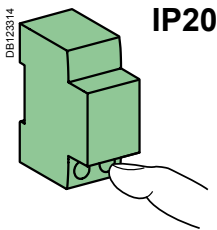
# iK60N circuit breakers (curve B) (cont.)



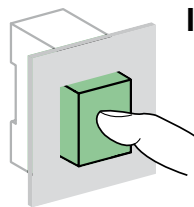
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60898-1

Insulation voltage (Ui)		440 V AC
Pollution degree		2
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	30°C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	B curve	3 to 5 In
Limitation class		3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1)		Icn1 = Icn

### Additional characteristics

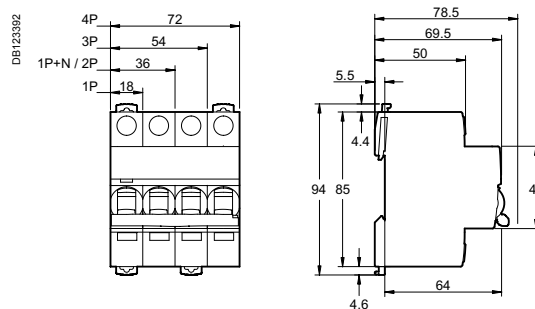
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		III
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C

## Weight (g)

### Circuit-breaker

Type	iK60N
1P	100
2P	200
3P	300
4P	400

## Dimensions (mm)



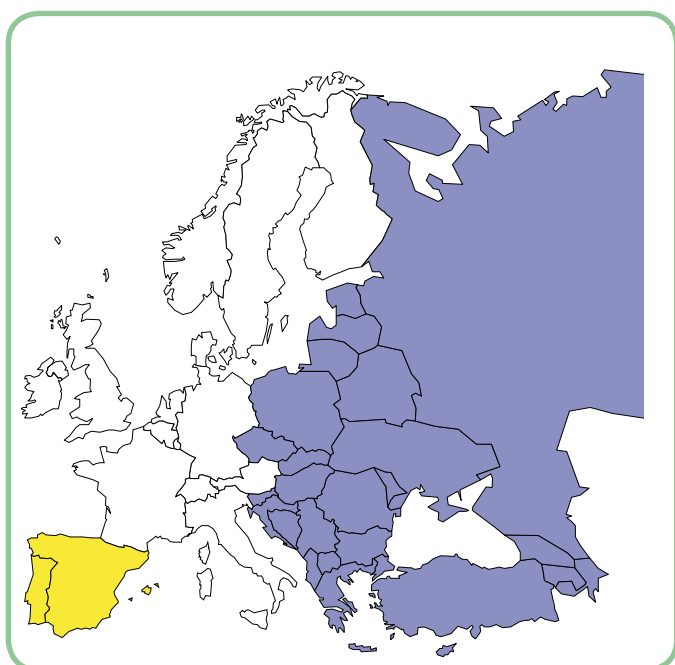


Schneider Electric's range of circuit breakers consists of different products (A, B, C) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

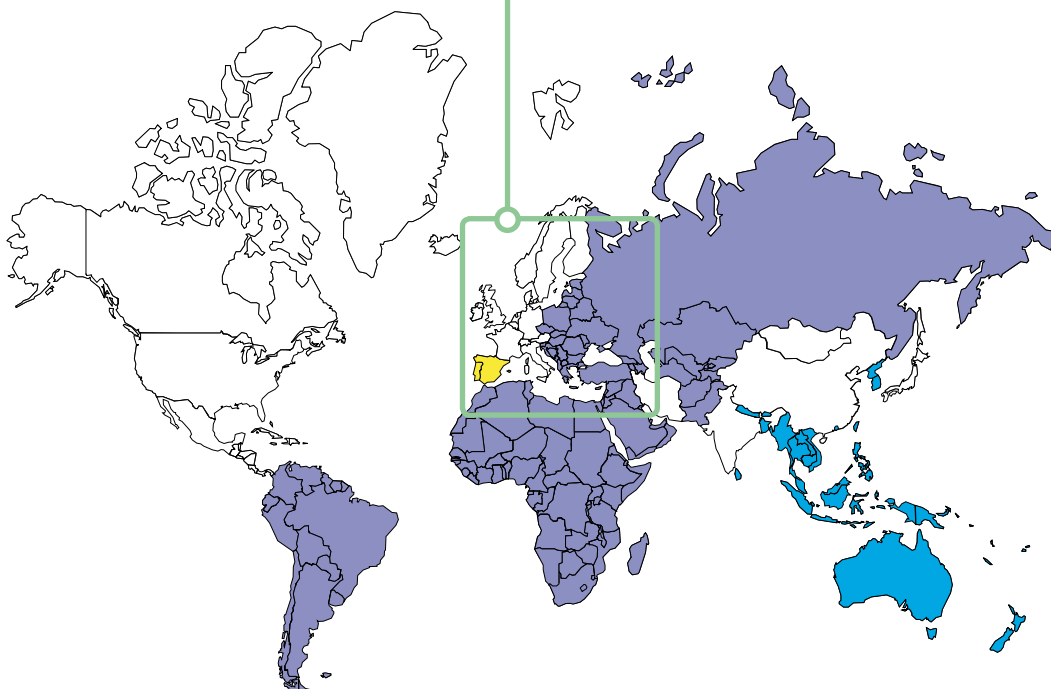
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

### Variants

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	67
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	68
Offer C	Catalogue numbers	69
Common pages		70



*Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.*





IEC/EN 60898-1

PB104459-40



- iK60N circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - disconnection, opening and closing.

iK60N circuit breaker 50/60 Hz		Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Breaking capacity in short circuit (Icn) as per IEC/EN 60898-1		
Ph/Ph	400 V	100 % of Icn
Ph/N	230 V	
Rating (In) 1 to 63 A	6000 A	

## Catalogue numbers

iK60N circuit breakers						
Type	1P	1P+N	2P	3P	3P+N	4P
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries					
Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60					
Rating (In)	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C
1 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24101	A9K24601	A9K24201	-	-	-
2 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24102	A9K24602	A9K24202	-	-	-
3 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24103	A9K24603	A9K24203	-	-	-
4 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24104	A9K24604	A9K24204	-	-	-
6 A	A9K17106	A9K17606	A9K17206	A9K17306	A9K24706	A9K17406
10 A	A9K17110	A9K17610	A9K17210	A9K17310	A9K24710	A9K17410
16 A	A9K17116	A9K17616	A9K17216	A9K17316	A9K24716	A9K17416
20 A	A9K17120	A9K17620	A9K17220	A9K17320	A9K24720	A9K17420
25 A	A9K17125	A9K17625	A9K17225	A9K17325	A9K24725	A9K17425
32 A	A9K17132	A9K17632	A9K17232	A9K17332	A9K24732	A9K17432
40 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24140	A9K24640	A9K24240	A9K24340	A9K24740	A9K24440
50 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24150	A9K24650	A9K24250	A9K24350	A9K24750	A9K24450
63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9K24163	A9K24663	A9K24263	A9K24363	A9K24763	A9K24463
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz					
Width in 9-mm modules	2	4	4	6	8	8
Accessories	Padlocking device cat. no. A9A26970					

(1) VDE and RT approved, excepted 3P+N products.



IEC/EN 60898-1

PE104459-40

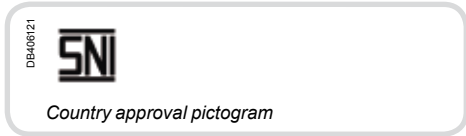


- iK60N circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - disconnection, opening and closing.

iK60N circuit breaker 50/60 Hz		
Breaking capacity in short circuit (I <sub>cn</sub> ) as per IEC/EN 60898-1		Service breaking capacity (I <sub>cs</sub> )
Ph/Ph	400 V	100 % of I <sub>cn</sub>
Ph/N	230 V	
Rating (I <sub>n</sub> ) 1 to 63 A	6000 A	

## Catalogue numbers

iK60N circuit breakers					
Type	1P	1P+N	2P	3P	4P
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries				
Vigi iC60	Without Vigi iC60				
Rating (I <sub>n</sub> )	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C
1 A	A9K24101	A9K24601	A9K24201	-	-
2 A	A9K24102	A9K24602	A9K24202	-	-
3 A	A9K24103	A9K24603	A9K24203	-	-
4 A	A9K24104	A9K24604	A9K24204	-	-
6 A	A9K24106	A9K24606	A9K24206	A9K24306	A9K24406
10 A	A9K24110	A9K24610	A9K24210	A9K24310	A9K24410
16 A	A9K24116	A9K24616	A9K24216	A9K24316	A9K24416
20 A	A9K24120	A9K24620	A9K24220	A9K24320	A9K24420
25 A	A9K24125	A9K24625	A9K24225	A9K24325	A9K24425
32 A	A9K24132	A9K24632	A9K24232	A9K24332	A9K24432
40 A	A9K24140	A9K24640	A9K24240	A9K24340	A9K24440
50 A	A9K24150	A9K24650	A9K24250	A9K24350	A9K24450
63 A	A9K24163	A9K24663	A9K24263	A9K24363	A9K24463
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz				
Width in 9-mm modules	2	4	4	6	8
Accessories	Padlocking device cat. no. A9A26970				



IEC/EN 60898-1



- iK60N circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - disconnection, opening and closing.

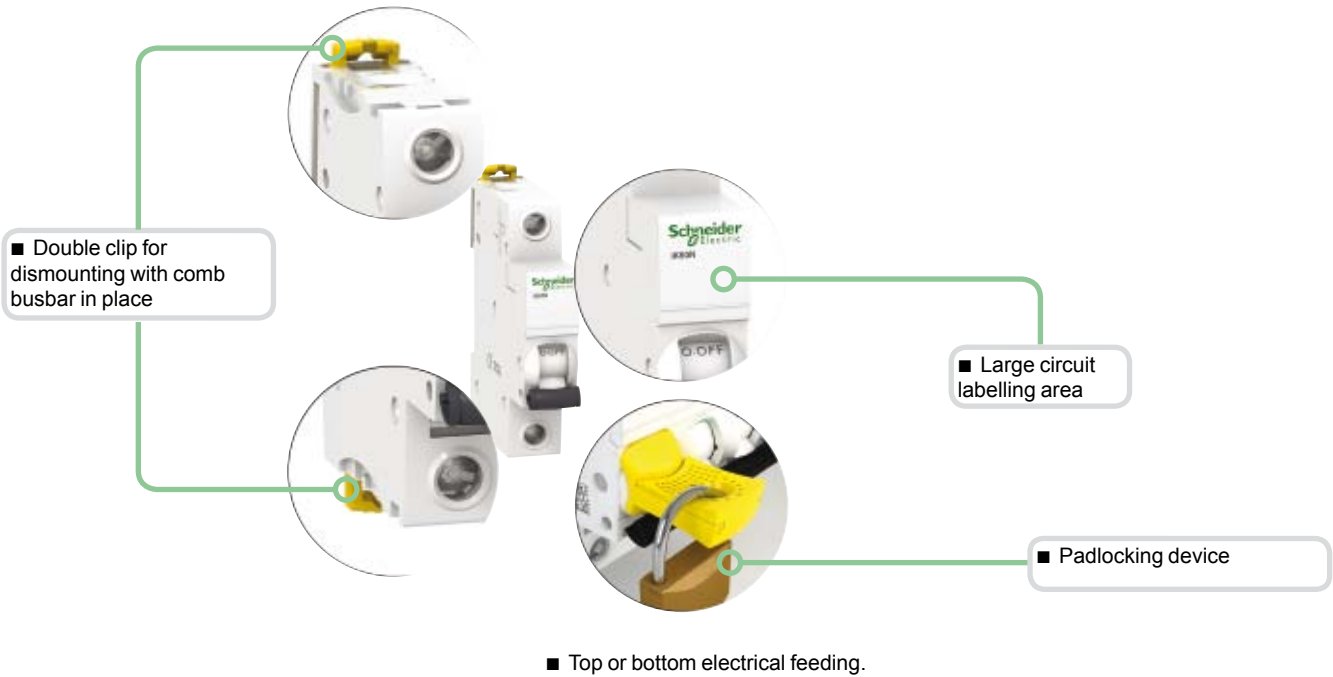
iK60N circuit breaker 50/60 Hz		Service breaking capacity (Ics) 100 % of Icn
Breaking capacity in short circuit (Icn) as per IEC/EN 60898-1		
Ph/Ph	400 V	
Ph/N	230 V	
Rating (In) 6 to 63 A	6000 A	

## Catalogue numbers

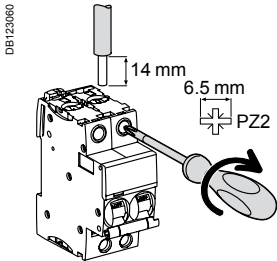
iK60N circuit breakers				
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P
	 E45692	 E45694	 E45695	 E45697
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries			
Vigi IC60	Without Vigi IC60			
Rating (In)	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C
1 A	A9K24101	-	-	-
2 A	A9K24102	-	-	-
3 A	A9K24103	-	-	-
4 A	A9K24104	-	-	-
6 A	A9K27106	A9K27206	A9K24306	A9K24406
10 A	A9K27110	A9K27210	A9K24310	A9K24410
16 A	A9K27116	A9K27216	A9K24316	A9K24416
20 A	A9K27120	A9K27220	A9K24320	A9K24420
25 A	A9K27125	A9K27225	A9K24325	A9K24425
32 A	A9K27132	A9K27232	A9K24332	A9K24432
40 A	A9K24140	A9K24240	A9K24340	A9K24440
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Width in 9-mm modules	2	4	6	8
Accessories	Padlocking device cat. no. A9A26970			

# iK60N circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

PB10434-40



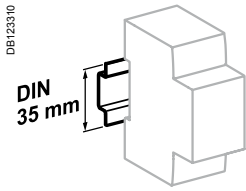
## Connection



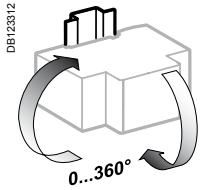
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
C curve	1 to 32 A	2 N.m	DB122945 	DB122946 
	40 to 63 A	3.5 N.m		
			1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>



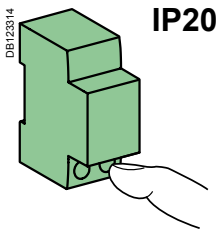
# iK60N circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)



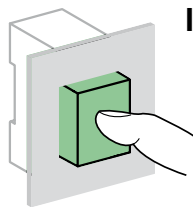
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Position d'installation indifférente.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60898-1

Insulation voltage (Ui)		440 V AC
Pollution degree		2
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	30°C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	C curve	5 to 10 In
Limitation class		3
Rated making and breaking capacity of an individual pole (Icn1)		Icn1 = Icn

### Additional characteristics

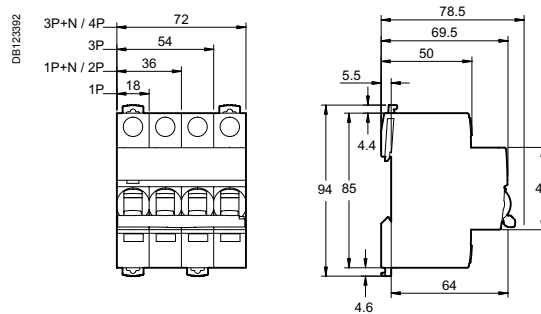
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Classe d'isolement II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		III
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C

## Weight (g)

### Circuit-breaker

Type	iK60N
1P	100
2P (1P+N)	200
3P	300
4P (3P+N)	400

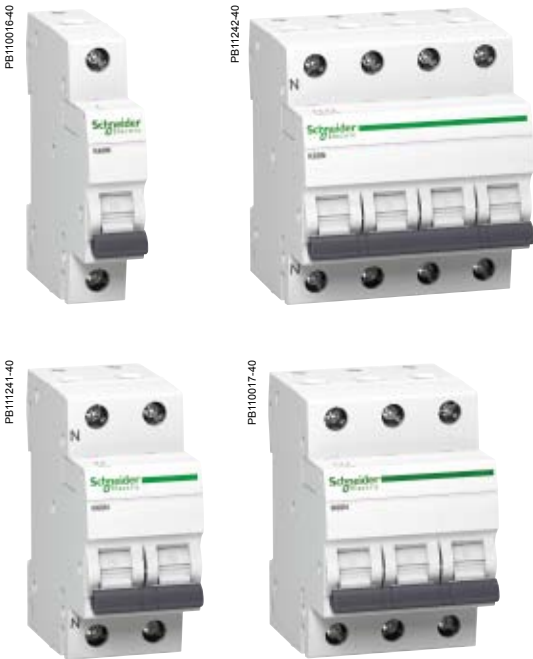
## Dimensions (mm)





## IEC/EN 60898-1

- K60N Biconnect circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - disconnection, opening and closing.



### K60N Biconnect circuit breaker 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity in short circuit (I <sub>cn</sub> ) as per IEC/EN 60898-1		Service breaking capacity (I <sub>cs</sub> ) 100 % of I <sub>cn</sub>
Ph/Ph	400 V	
Ph/N	230 V	
Rating (I <sub>n</sub> )	2 to 40 A	6000 A

## Catalogue numbers

### K60N Biconnect circuit breaker

Type	1P		1P+N		3P		3P+N	
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries		Without auxiliaries		Without auxiliaries		Without auxiliaries	
Rating (In)	Curve		Curve		Curve		Curve	
	B	C	B	C	B	C	C	
2 A	-	A9K02102	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 A	-	A9K02104	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 A	A9K01106	A9K02106	-	-	A9K01306	A9K02306	-	-
10 A	A9K01110	A9K02110	-	-	A9K01310	A9K02310	-	-
13 A	A9K01113	A9K02113	A9K01613	A9K02613	-	A9K02313	A9K02713	-
16 A	A9K01116	A9K02116	A9K01616	A9K02616	A9K01316	A9K02316	A9K02716	-
20 A	A9K01120	A9K02120	-	-	A9K01320	A9K02320	-	-
25 A	A9K01125	A9K02125	-	-	A9K01325	A9K02325	-	-
32 A	A9K01132	A9K02132	-	-	A9K01332	A9K02332	-	-
40 A	A9K01140	A9K02140	-	-	A9K01340	A9K02340	-	-
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	
Width in 9-mm modules	2	2	4	4	6	6	8	
Accessories	Padlocking device cat. no. 26970							

PB110016-60

■ Reinforced cable pull-out strength: serrated terminals

■ Fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.



0572091\_SE-33



### Padlocking device

■ Padlocking possible for work to be carried out on live parts

### Connection

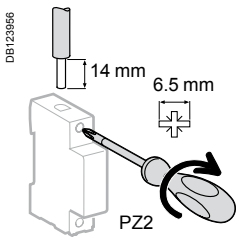
- Downstream by Biconnect comb busbar
- Upstream/downstream by tunnel terminals

DB404823

DB405041



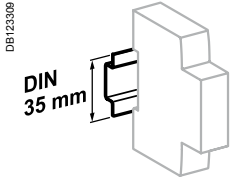
### Connection



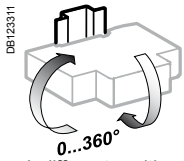
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
K60N Biconnect	2 to 25 A	2 N.m	DB1223M45	DB1223M46
	32 - 40 A	3.5 N.m	0.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

■ Connection by comb busbar or cables (conforms to EN 50027).

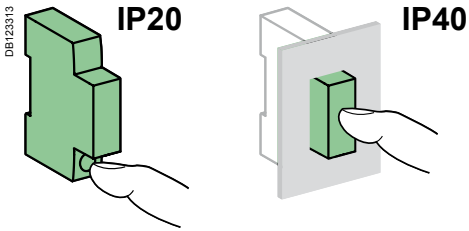
# K60N circuit breakers Biconnect (cont.)



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



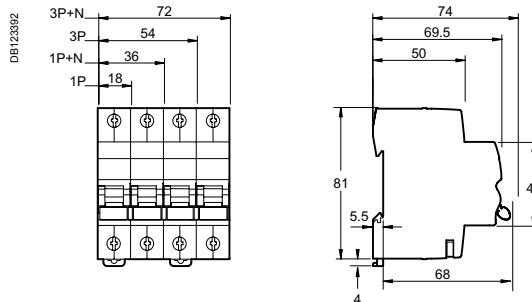
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (Ui)	Phase-to-phase	440 V AC
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V AC
	Phase-to-phase	400 V AC
Magnetic tripping	B curve	3 to 5 I <sub>n</sub> ■
	C curve	5 to 10 I <sub>n</sub> ■
According to EN 60898-1		
Limitation class		3
Rated breaking capacity (I <sub>cn</sub> )		6000 A
Service breaking capacity (I <sub>cs</sub> )		100 % I <sub>cn</sub>
Rated breaking and making capacity on a single pole (I <sub>cn1</sub> )		I <sub>cn1</sub> = I <sub>cn</sub>
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 20 A 20,000 cycles
	≥ 25 A	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-25 °C to +70 °C
Storage temperature		-40 °C to +70 °C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Exécution 2 (humidité relative de 95 % à 55 °C)

## Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	K60N Biconnect
1P	120
1P+N	240
3P	360
3P+N	480

## Dimensions (mm)



# C120a circuit breakers (curves C, D)



Country approval pictograms



## IEC/EN 60947-2

C120a circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2		Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Type	Voltage (V)	
1P, 2P, 3P, 4P	230 to 400 V	
Rating (In) 80 and 100 A	5 kA	100 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

C120a circuit breaker						
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P		
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013		Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013		Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	
Vigi C120	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016		Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016		Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	
Rating (In)	Curve C   D		Curve C   D		Curve C	
80 A	A9N60708	A9N60720	A9N60711	A9N60714	A9N60723	A9N60717
100 A	A9N60709	A9N60721	A9N60712	A9N60715	A9N60724	A9N60718
Width in 9-mm modules	3		6		12	
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013		Module CA907012 and CA907013		Module CA907012 and CA907013	

# C120N circuit breakers (curves C, D)



Country approval pictograms



## IEC/EN 60947-2

C120N circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2		Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Type	Voltage (V)	
1P, 2P, 3P, 4P	230 to 400 V	75 % of Icu
Rating (In) 80 and 100 A	10 kA	

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V	
	Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P	100 % of Icu
	Rating (In) 80 and 100 A	15 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

### C120N circuit breaker

Type	1P	2P	3P	4P
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013
Vigi C120	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016
Rating (In)	Curve C   D	Curve C   D	Curve C   D	Curve C   D
80 A	A9N60729   A9N60745	A9N60733   A9N60749	A9N60737   A9N60753	A9N60741   A9N60757
100 A	A9N60730   A9N60746	A9N60734   A9N60750	A9N60738   A9N60754	A9N60742   A9N60758
Width in 9-mm modules	3	6	9	12
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013

# C120H circuit breakers (curve C)



Country approval pictograms



## IEC/EN 60947-2

C120H circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2		Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Type	Voltage (V)	
1P	230 to 400 V	50 % of Icu
Rating (In)	80 and 100 A	

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Between +/-	12 to 125 V ≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V	
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P		100 % of Icu
Rating (In)	80 and 100 A	20 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

C120H circuit breaker					
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P	
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	
Vigi C120	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	
Rating (In)	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C	
80 A	A9N60777	A9N60781	A9N60785	A9N60789	
100 A	A9N60778	A9N60782	A9N60786	A9N60790	
Width in 9-mm modules	3	6	9	12	
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013	

PB107917-40

■ Terminals insulated to IP20



■ Location for 4 clip-on terminal markers



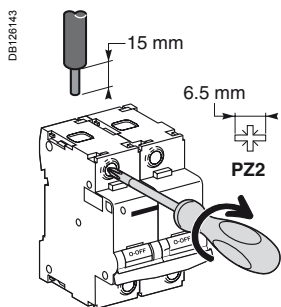
### Positive contact indication

- Suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit.

- Longer product service life thanks to:
  - good overvoltage withstand capacity: products designed to offer a high industrial performance level (degree of pollution, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage).
  - high limitation performances (see limitation curves).
  - fast closure independent of toggle operating speed.
- Remote indication of the open/closed/tripped state by auxiliary contacts (optional).
- Power supply from above or below.

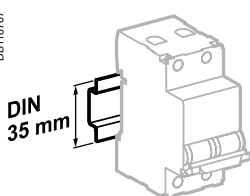


## Connection

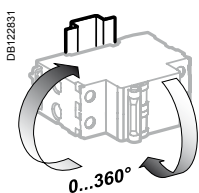


Rating	Tightening torque	Without access.		With accessories			
		Rigid/semi-rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al Terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal <sup>(1)</sup>	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
		DB122845	DB122846	DB122835	DB118789	DB118787	
<b>80 and 100 A</b>	3.5 N.m	1 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

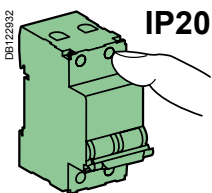
(1) For lugs up to 63 A, front or rear access.



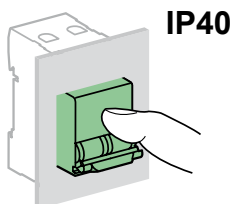
Clips onto 35 mm DIN rail.



Any installation position.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

To IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Degree of pollution	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50°C
Magnetic tripping	Curve C	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	Curve D	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Limitation class	3	

### Additional characteristics

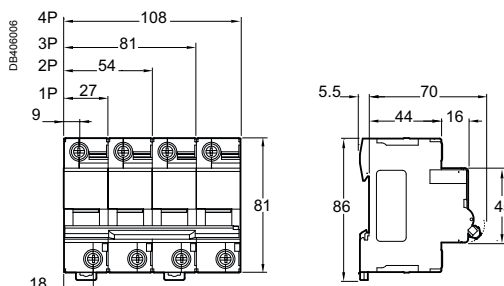
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	5000 cycles (O-C)
	Mechanical	20000 cycles
Operating temperature	-30°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C	
Tropicalisation (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)	

## Weight (g)

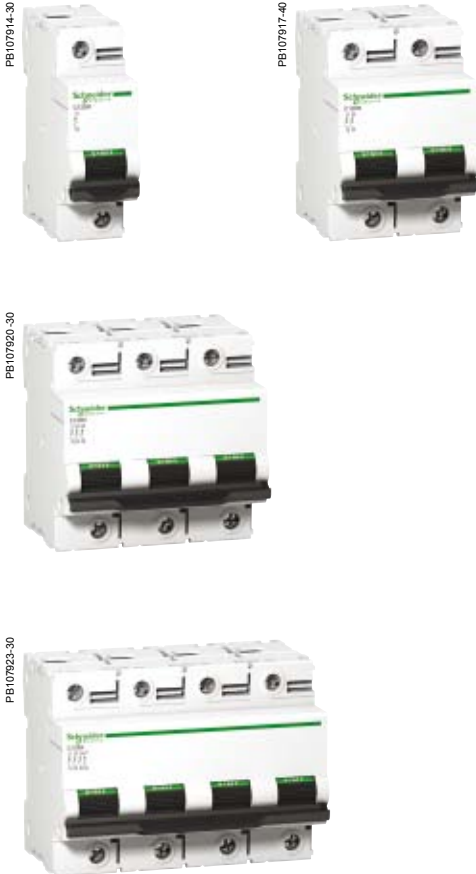
### Circuit breaker

Type	C120
1P	205
2P	410
3P	615
4P	820

## Dimensions (mm)



# C120N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60898-1, IEC 60947-2

C120N circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Type	Voltage (V)					
1P	12 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V		75 % of Icu
Rating (In) 63 to 125 A	20 kA	10 kA	3 kA <sup>(1)</sup>	-		
2P/3P/4P	12 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V		75 % of Icu
63 to 125 A	-	20 kA	10 kA	6 kA		

Breaking capacity (Icn) to IEC/EN 60898-1		
Type	Voltage (V)	
1P, 2P, 3P, 4P	230 to 400 V	
Rating (In) 63 to 125 A	10000 A	
	75 % of Icn	

<sup>(1)</sup> One-pole breaking capacity in IT isolated neutral system (double fault).

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2							Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Between +/-	Voltage (Ue)						
	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V		
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P			
Rating (In) 63 to 125 A	15 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	10 kA	100 % of Icu	

## Catalogue numbers

### C120N circuit breaker

Type	1P	2P
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013
Vigi C120	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016
Rating (In)	Curve	Curve
	B   C   D	B   C   D
63 A	A9N18340   A9N18356   A9N18378	A9N18344   A9N18360   A9N18382
80 A	A9N18341   A9N18357   A9N18379	A9N18345   A9N18361   A9N18383
100 A	A9N18342   A9N18358   A9N18380	A9N18346   A9N18362   A9N18384
125 A	A9N18343   A9N18359   A9N18381	A9N18347   A9N18363   A9N18385
Width in 9-mm modules	3	6
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013

<sup>(1)</sup> Country France only

# C120N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

PB107817-40

■ Terminals insulated to IP20



■ Location for 4 clip-on terminal markers

### Positive contact indication

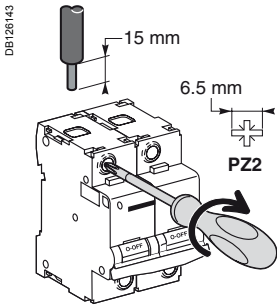
- Suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit.

- Longer product service life thanks to:
  - good overvoltage withstand capacity: products designed to offer a high industrial performance level (degree of pollution, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage).
  - high limitation performances (see limitation curves).
  - fast closure independent of toggle operating speed.
- Remote indication of the open/closed/tripped state by auxiliary contacts (optional).
- Power supply from above or below.

3P				4P		
Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013				Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013		
Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016				Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016		
Curve				Curve		
<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>		<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
A9N18348	A9N18364	A9N18386		A9N18352	A9N18371	A9N18390
A9N18349	A9N18365	A9N18387		A9N18353	A9N18372	A9N18391
					A9N18373(1)	
A9N18350	A9N18367	A9N18388		A9N18354	A9N18374	A9N18392
					A9N18375(1)	
A9N18351	A9N18369	A9N18389		A9N18355	A9N18376	A9N18393
					A9N18377(1)	
9				12		
Module CA907012 and CA907013				Module CA907012 and CA907013		

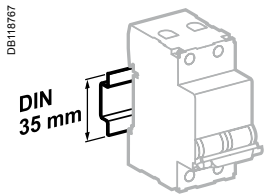
# C120N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

## Connection

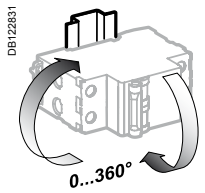


Rating	Tightening torque	Without access.		With accessories			
		Rigid/semi-rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al Terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal <sup>(1)</sup>	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
		DB1228145	DB1228146	DB1228335	DB1187789	DB1187877	
<b>63 to 125 A</b>	3.5 N.m	1 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

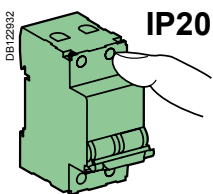
(1) For lugs up to 63 A, front or rear access.



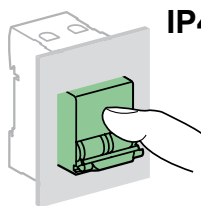
Clips onto 35 mm DIN rail.



Any installation position.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### To IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Degree of pollution	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50°C

#### To IEC/EN 60898-1

Magnetic tripping	Curve B	3 and 5 I <sub>n</sub>
	Curve C	5 and 10 I <sub>n</sub>
	Curve D	10 and 14 I <sub>n</sub>
Limitation class		3

### Additional characteristics

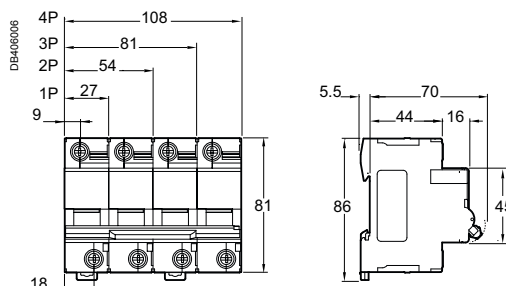
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40	
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	63 A	10000 cycles (O-C)
		80...125 A	5000 cycles (O-C)
	Mechanical		20000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature		-40°C to +80°C	
Tropicalisation (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)	

## Weight (g)

### Circuit breaker

Type	C120N
1P	205
2P	410
3P	615
4P	820

## Dimensions (mm)





# C120H circuit breakers (curves B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60898-1, IEC 60947-2

C120H circuit breakers are multistandard circuit breakers that combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents
- circuit protection against overload currents
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2
- fault tripping and indication by adding auxiliaries.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Type	Voltage (V)					
1P	12 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V		50 % of Icu
Rating (In) 63 to 125 A	30 kA	15 kA	4,5 kA <sup>(1)</sup>	-		
2P, 3P, 4P	12 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V		50 % of Icu
63 to 125 A	-	30 kA	15 kA	10 kA		

### Breaking capacity (Icn) to IEC/EN 60898-1

Type	Voltage (V)		Service breaking capacity (Ics)
1P, 2P, 3P, 4P	230 to 400 V		
Rating (In) 63 to 125 A	15000 A		

<sup>(1)</sup> One-pole breaking capacity in IT isolated neutral system (double fault).

### Direct current (DC)

Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2							Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Between +/-	Voltage (Ue)						
	Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P		
Between +/-	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V		100 % of Icu
Rating (In) 63 to 125 A	20 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA	15 kA		

## Catalogue numbers

### C120H circuit breaker

Type	1P	2P
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013	Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013
Vigi C120	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016
Rating (In)	Curve	Curve
	B   C   D	B   C   D
63 A	A9N18401   A9N18445   A9N18489	A9N18412   A9N18456   A9N18500
80 A	A9N18402   A9N18446   A9N18490	A9N18413   A9N18457   A9N18501
100 A	A9N18403   A9N18447   A9N18491	A9N18414   A9N18458   A9N18502
125 A	A9N18404   A9N18448   A9N18492	A9N18415   A9N18459   A9N18503
Width in 9 mm modules	3	6
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013	Module CA907012 and CA907013

# C120H circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

PB107916-40

■ Terminals insulated to IP20



■ Location for 4 clip-on terminal markers



### Positive contact indication

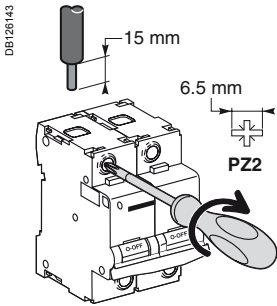
- Suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit.

- Longer product service life thanks to:
  - good overvoltage withstand capacity: products designed to provide a high industrial performance level (degree of pollution, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage).
  - high limitation performances (see limitation curves).
  - fast closure independent of toggle operating speed.
- Remote indication of the open/closed/tripped state by auxiliary contacts (optional).
- Power supply from above or below.

3P			4P		
Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013			Remote indication and tripping, module CA907008 and CA907013		
Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016			Vigi C120 add-on residual current device, module CA902016		
Curve			Curve		
<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
A9N18423	A9N18467	A9N18511	A9N18434	A9N18478	A9N18522
A9N18424	A9N18468	A9N18512	A9N18435	A9N18479	A9N18523
A9N18425	A9N18469	A9N18513	A9N18436	A9N18480	A9N18524
A9N18426	A9N18470	A9N18514	A9N18437	A9N18481	A9N18525
9			12		
Module CA907012 and CA907013			Module CA907012 and CA907013		

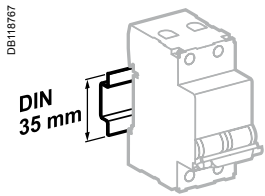
# C120H circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

## Connection

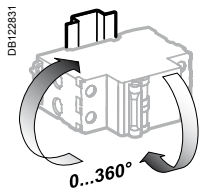


Rating	Tightening torque	Without access.		With accessories			
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al term.	Screw-on connection for ring terminal <sup>(1)</sup>	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
63 to 125 A	3.5 N.m	DB122945	DB122946	DB122935	DB118769	DB118767	
		1 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

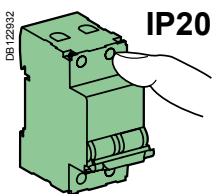
*(1) For lugs up to 63 A, front or rear accessories.*



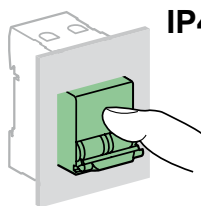
Clips onto 35 mm DIN rail.



Any installation position.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### To IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC
Degree of pollution	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature
	50°C

#### To IEC/EN 60898-1

Magnetic tripping	Curve B	3 and 5 I <sub>n</sub>
	Curve C	5 and 10 I <sub>n</sub>
	Curve D	10 and 14 I <sub>n</sub>
Limitation class		3

### Additional characteristics

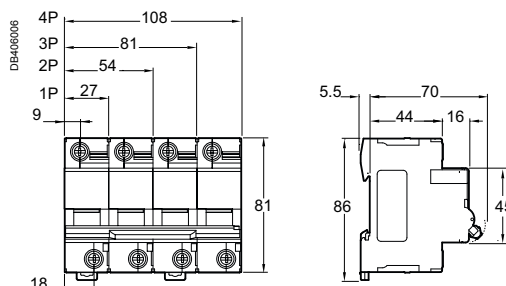
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40 (IPXXD)	
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	63 A	10000 cycles (O-C)
		80...125 A	5000 cycles (O-C)
	Mechanical		20000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature		-40°C to +80°C	
Tropicalisation (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95% at 55°C)	

## Weight (g)

### Circuit breaker

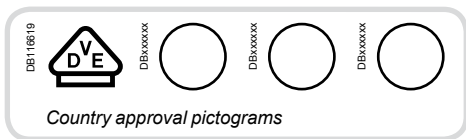
Type	C120H
1P	205
2P	410
3P	615
4P	820

## Dimensions (mm)





# NG125a circuit breakers (curve C)



## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125a circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.



NG125a 3P



NG125a 4P

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz			
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2			Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Ph/Ph (3P, 4P)	Voltage (Ue)		
Rating (In) 80 to 125 A	16 kA	500 V	75 % of Icu

Direct current (DC)			
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2			Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	Voltage (Ue)		
	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V	100 % of Icu
Number of poles	3P	4P	
Rating (In) 80 to 125 A	20 kA	20 kA	

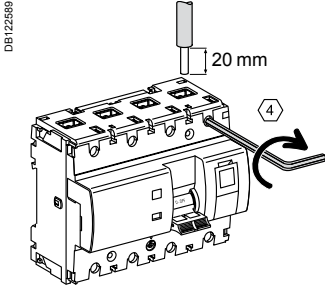
## Catalogue numbers

NG125a circuit breaker			
Type	3P		4P
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005		
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008		
Rating (In)	Quality label <sup>(1)</sup>	Curve C	Curve C
80 A		18603	18607
100 A		18604	18608
125 A		18605	18609
Width in 9 mm modules		9	12
Accessories	Module CM907004 and CM907006		

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

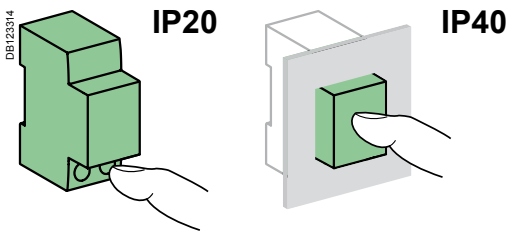
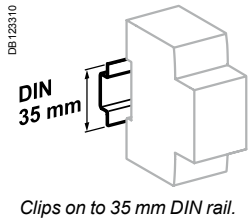
# NG125a circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

## Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories				
		Copper cables		70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule				Rigid cables	Flexible cables
80 to 125 A	6 N.m	DB122845 	DB122846 	DB123410 	DB123488 	DB118789 	DB118787 	
		16 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

■ Upstream voltage taps for each pole, by 6.35 mm Fast-on terminal.



## Technical data

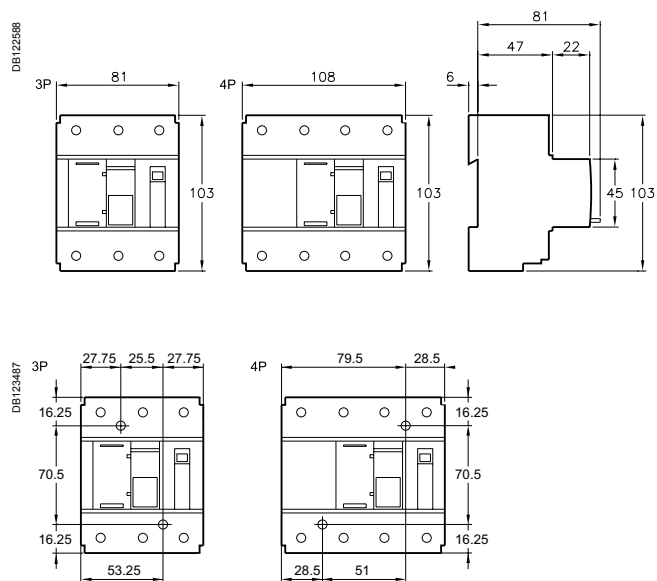
Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		690 V AC
Degree of pollution		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		8 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	40°C
Magnetic tripping (I <sub>i</sub> )	Curve C	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	5000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)

# NG125a circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Circuit breaker	
Type	NG125a
3P	720
4P	960

## Dimensions (mm)



Spacing for mounting on panel

# NG125a circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

068914N\_SE-90

DB122493

- Voltage taps:
  - auxiliaries power supply
  - measurement
  - emergency stop
  - remote reporting



- Cable strength:
  - ribbed cage
  - terminal depth
  - tightening by Allen hex key

- Integrated padlocking device

- Test button to check satisfactory operation of the tripping mechanism



- Pull-out strength:
  - metallic lock



- Impact and vibration resistance:
  - high-strength enclosure
  - IK 05

- Central manual control, 3 positions:
  - ON
  - tripped on fault
  - open

- Circuit breaker tripped indicator

- Electric power supply through the top or bottom



- Positive contact indication:
  - suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2
  - the presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit

- Longer product service life due to:
  - good overvoltage withstand capacity,
  - high limitation performances,
  - fast closure independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.

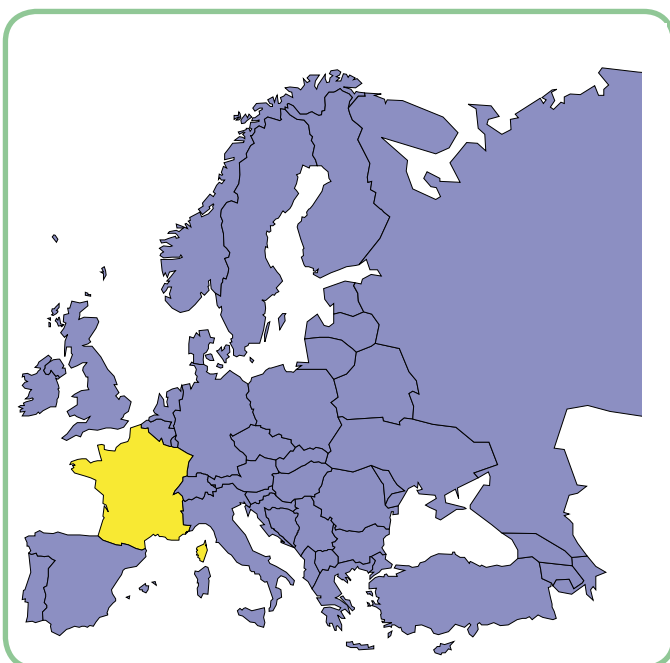


The Schneider Electric circuit breaker range comprises various offers (A, B) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

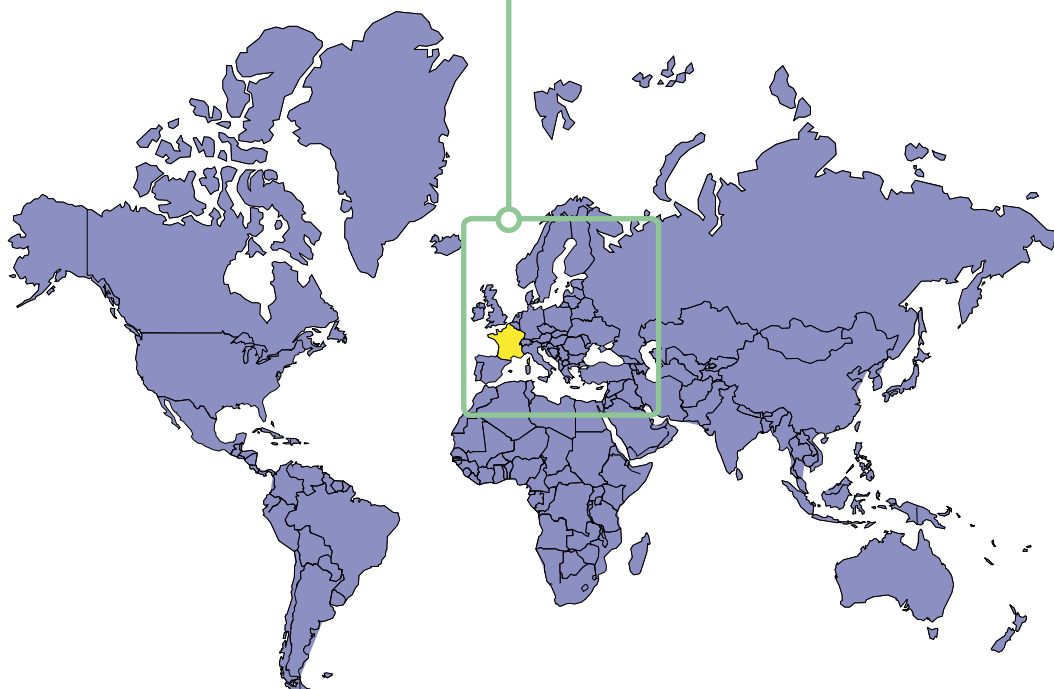
- Installation customs
- Price
- Approval by local organizations.

**Variants**

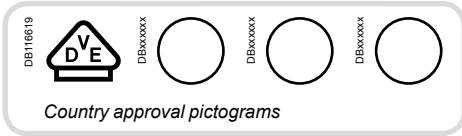
Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	92
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	93
Common pages		94



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.



# NG125N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D)



## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125N circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- stability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.



NG125N 1P

NG125N 2P



NG125N 3P



NG125N 4P

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz							Service breaking capacity (Ics)		
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2									
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 3P+N, 4P)	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)			
	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	500 V					
Rating (In)	10 to 125 A	50 kA	25 kA	50 kA	6 kA <sup>(2)</sup>	25 kA	20 kA	10 kA	75 % of Icu

Direct current (DC)						Service breaking capacity (Ics)	
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2							
	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)	
	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V		
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P			
Rating (In)	10 to 125 A	25 kA	20 kA	20 kA	20 kA	20 kA	100 % of Icu

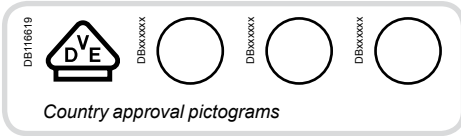
## Catalogue numbers

NG125N circuit breaker										
Type	1P	2P	3P	3P+N	4P					
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005									
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008									
Rating (In)	Quality label (1)	Curve C	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve D	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve D
10 A		18610	18621	-	18632	-	-	-	18649	-
16 A		18611	18622	-	18633	-	-	-	18650	-
20 A		18612	18623	-	18634	-	-	-	18651	-
25 A		18613	18624	-	18635	-	-	-	18652	-
32 A		18614	18625	-	18636	-	-	-	18653	-
40 A		18615	18626	-	18637	-	-	-	18654	-
50 A		18616	18627	-	18638	-	-	-	18655	-
63 A		18617	18628	-	18639	-	-	-	18656	-
80 A		18618	18629	18663	18641	18669	18646	18666	18657	18672
100 A		-	-	18664	18643	18670	18647	18667	18659	18673
125 A		-	-	18665	18645	18671	18648	18668	18661	18674
Width in 9 mm modules	3	6	9	12	12					
Accessories	Module CM907004 and CM907006									

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

(2) Breaking capacity under 1 pole in IT isolated neutral system (case of a double fault).

# NG125N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)



## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125N circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- stability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.



NG125N 1P

NG125N 2P



NG125N 3P



NG125N 4P

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz									
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2									
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 3P+N, 4P)	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)				
	110 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	500 V			
Rating (In)	10 to 125 A	50 kA	25 kA	50 kA	6 kA <sup>(2)</sup>	25 kA	20 kA	10 kA	75 % of Icu

Direct current (DC)							
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2							
	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)		
	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V		
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P			
Rating (In)	10 to 125 A	25 kA	20 kA	20 kA	20 kA	20 kA	100 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

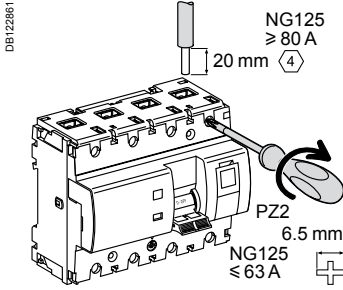
NG125N circuit breaker										
Type	1P	2P	3P			3P+N	4P			
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005									
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008									
Rating (In)	Quality label <sup>(1)</sup>	Curve C	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve D	Curve C	Curve B	Curve C	Curve D
10 A		18610	18621	-	18632	-	-	-	18649	-
16 A		18611	18622	-	18633	-	-	-	18650	-
20 A		18612	18623	-	18634	-	-	-	18651	-
25 A		18613	18624	-	18635	-	-	-	18652	-
32 A		18614	18625	-	18636	-	-	-	18653	-
40 A		18615	18626	-	18637	-	-	-	18654	-
50 A		18616	18627	-	18638	-	-	-	18655	-
63 A		18617	18628	-	18639	-	-	-	18656	-
80 A		18618	18629	18663	18640	18669	18646	18666	18658	18672
100 A		-	-	18664	18642	18670	18647	18667	18660	18673
125 A		-	-	18665	18644	18671	18648	18668	18662	18674
Width in 9 mm modules	3	6	9				12	12		
Accessories	Module CM907004 and CM907006									

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

(2) Breaking capacity under 1 pole in IT isolated neutral system (case of a double fault).

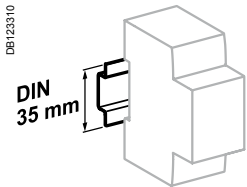
# NG125N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

## Connection

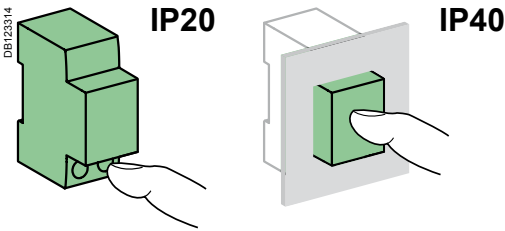


Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories				
		Copper cables		70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule				Rigid cables	Flexible cables
10 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	DB122945 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
80 to 125 A	6 N.m	16 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB123410 25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB123488 2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB118789 1 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB118787 6 mm	

■ On 3P, 3P+N and 4P ≥ 80 A: upstream voltage taps for each pole, by 6.35 mm Fast-on terminal.



Clips on to 35 mm DIN rail.



## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	690 V AC	
Degree of pollution	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	8 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	40°C
Magnetic tripping (I <sub>i</sub> )	Curve B	4 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	Curve C	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
	Curve D	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category	A	

### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 63 A: 10,000 cycles ≥ 63 A: 5000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)

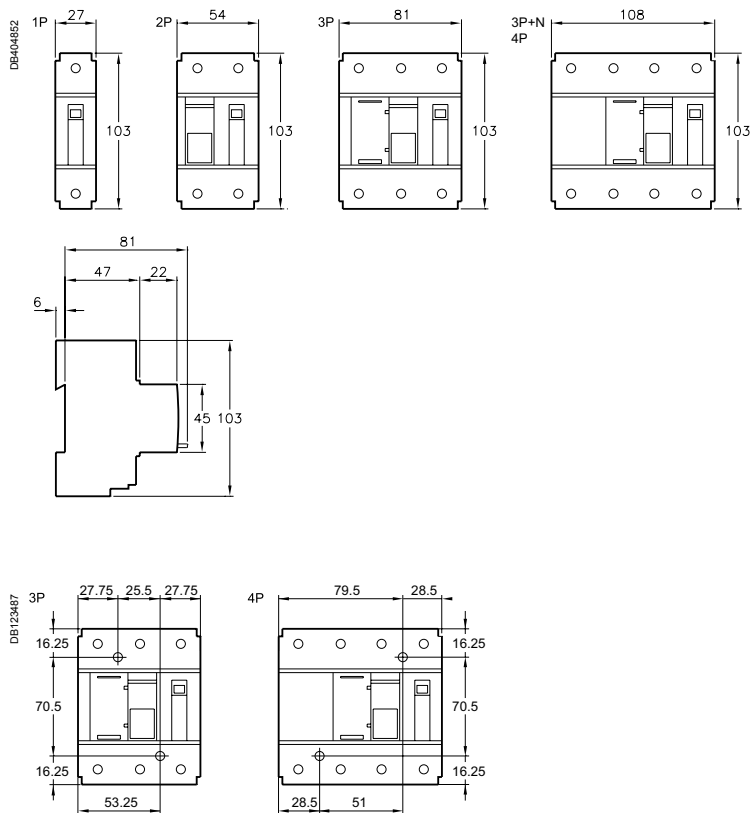


# NG125N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Circuit breaker	
Type	NG125N
1P	240
2P	480
3P	720
3P+N	960
4P	960

## Dimensions (mm)

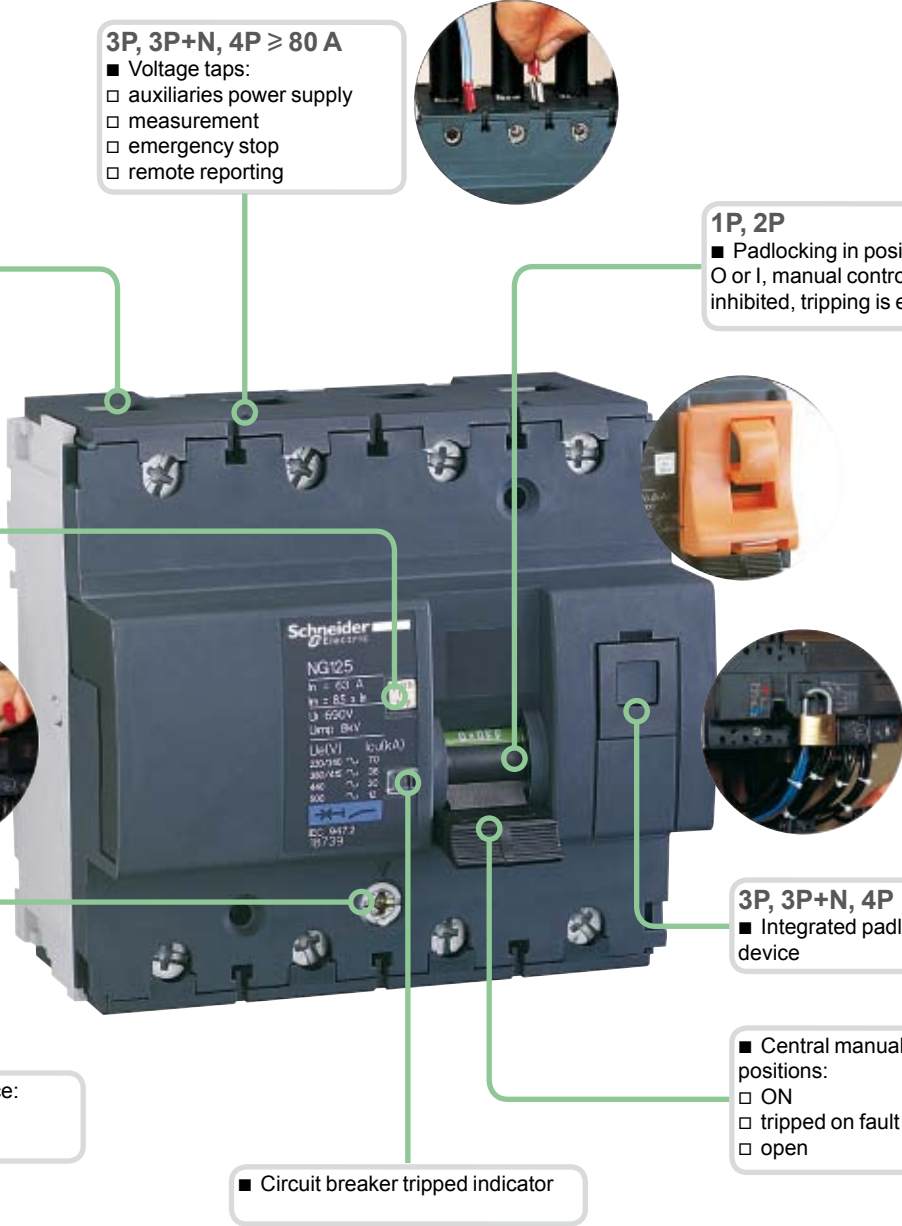


Spacing for mounting on panel

# NG125N circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

056918N\_SE-90

0612493



**3P, 3P+N, 4P ≥ 80 A**  
 ■ Voltage taps:  
 auxiliaries power supply  
 measurement  
 emergency stop  
 remote reporting

■ Cable strength:  
 ribbed cage  
 terminal depth  
 tightening by Allen hex key (NG125 ≥ 80 A)

**1P, 2P**  
 ■ Padlocking in position:  
 O or I, manual control is inhibited, tripping is enabled

■ Test button to check satisfactory operation of the tripping mechanism

■ Pull-out strength  
 metallic lock

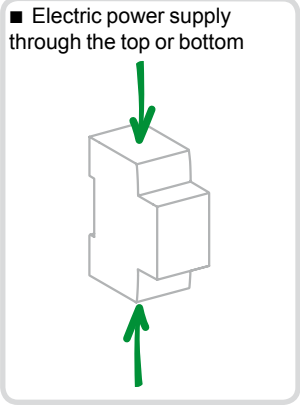
**3P, 3P+N, 4P**  
 ■ Integrated padlocking device

■ Impact and vibration resistance:  
 high-strength enclosure  
 IK 05

■ Central manual control, 3 positions:  
 ON  
 tripped on fault  
 open

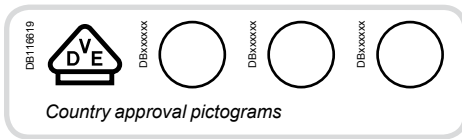
■ Circuit breaker tripped indicator

■ Positive contact indication:  
 suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2  
 the presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit



■ Longer product service life due to:  
 good overvoltage withstand capacity,  
 high limitation performances,  
 fast closure independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.

# NG125H circuit breakers (curve C)



## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125H circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.



NG125H 1P



NG125H 2P



NG125H 3P



NG125H 4P

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz								
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2								
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	Voltage (Ue)							Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	-	-	220 to 240 V	-	380 to 415 V	440 V	500 V	
Ph/N (1P)	110 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	-	380 to 415 V	-	-	-	75 % of Icu
Rating (In)	10 to 80 A	70 kA	36 kA	70 kA	9 kA <sup>(2)</sup>	36 kA	30 kA	

Direct current (DC)						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						
	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V	
Number of poles	1P		2P	3P	4P	100 % of Icu
Rating (In)	10 to 80 A	36 kA	25 kA	25 kA	25 kA	

## Catalogue numbers

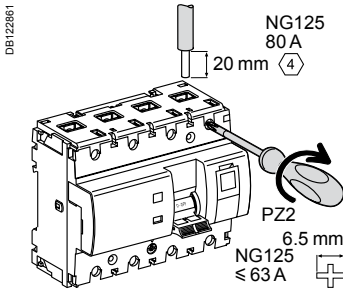
NG125H circuit breaker				
Type	1P	2P	3P	4P
	E-46902 	E-46904 	E-46905 	E-46907 
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005			
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008			
Rating (In)	Quality label (1)	Curve C	Curve C	Curve C
10 A		18705	18714	18723
16 A		18706	18715	18724
20 A		18707	18716	18725
25 A		18708	18717	18726
32 A		18709	18718	18727
40 A		18710	18719	18728
50 A		18711	18720	18729
63 A		18712	18721	18730
80 A		18713	18722	18731
Width in 9 mm modules		3	6	9
Accessories	Module CM907004 and CM907006			

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

(2) Breaking capacity under 1 pole in IT isolated neutral system (case of a double fault).

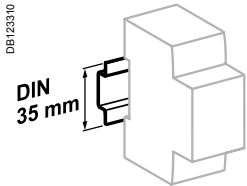
# NG125H circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

## Connection

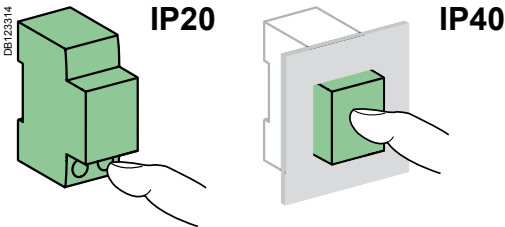


Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories				
		Copper cables		70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule				Rigid cables	Flexible cables
10 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	DB122945 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
80 A	6 N.m	16 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>		

■ On 3P and 4P 80 A: upstream voltage taps for each pole, by 6.35 mm Fast-on terminal.



Clips on to 35 mm DIN rail.



## Technical data

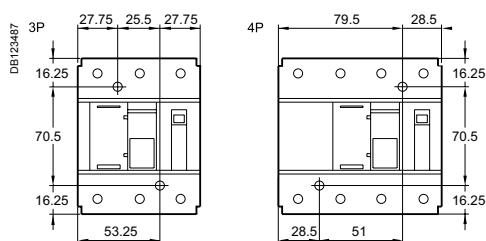
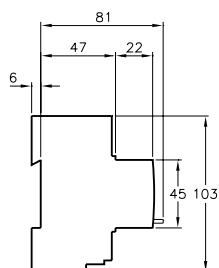
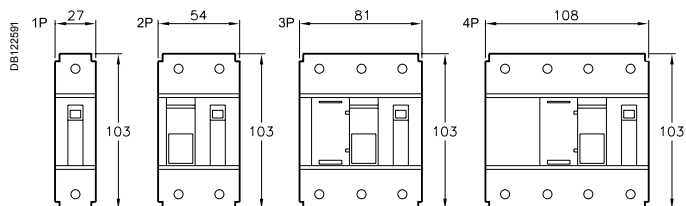
Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		690 V AC
Degree of pollution		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		8 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	40°C
Magnetic tripping (I <sub>i</sub> )	Curve C	8 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 63 A: 10,000 cycles ≥ 63 A: 5000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)

# NG125H circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Circuit breaker	
Type	NG125H
1P	240
2P	480
3P	720
4P	960

## Dimensions (mm)

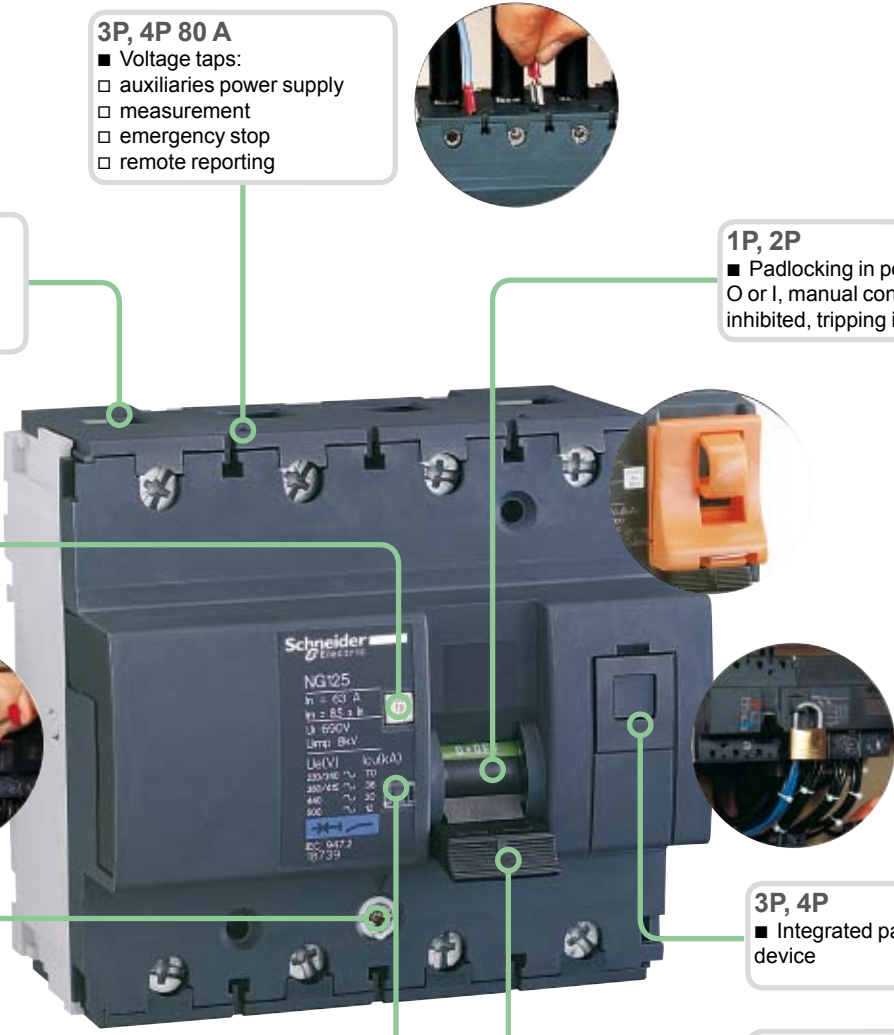


Spacing for mounting on panel

# NG125H circuit breakers (curve C) (cont.)

056918N\_SE-90

DB 125483



**3P, 4P 80 A**  
 ■ Voltage taps:  
 auxiliaries power supply  
 measurement  
 emergency stop  
 remote reporting



**1P, 2P**  
 ■ Padlocking in position:  
 O or I, manual control is inhibited, tripping is enabled

■ Cable strength:  
 ribbed cage  
 terminal depth  
 tightening by Allen hex key (NG125 80 A)

■ Test button to check satisfactory operation of the tripping mechanism



■ Pull-out strength:  
 metallic lock



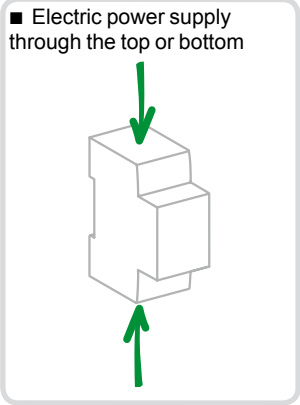
■ Impact and vibration resistance:  
 high-strength enclosure  
 IK 05



**3P, 4P**  
 ■ Integrated padlocking device

■ Central manual control, 3 positions:  
 ON  
 tripped on fault  
 open

■ Circuit breaker tripped indicator



■ Positive contact indication:  
 suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2  
 the presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit

■ Longer product service life due to:  
 good overvoltage withstand capacity,  
 high limitation performances,  
 fast closure independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.

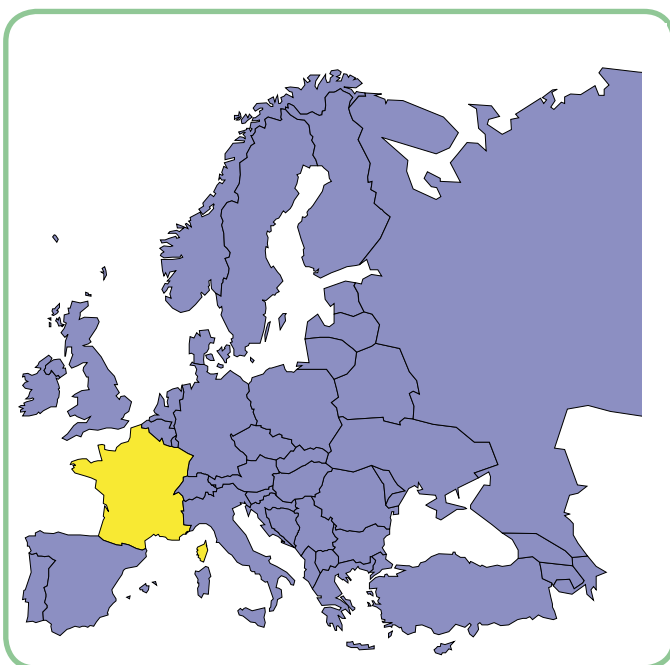


The Schneider Electric circuit breaker range comprises various offers (A, B) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

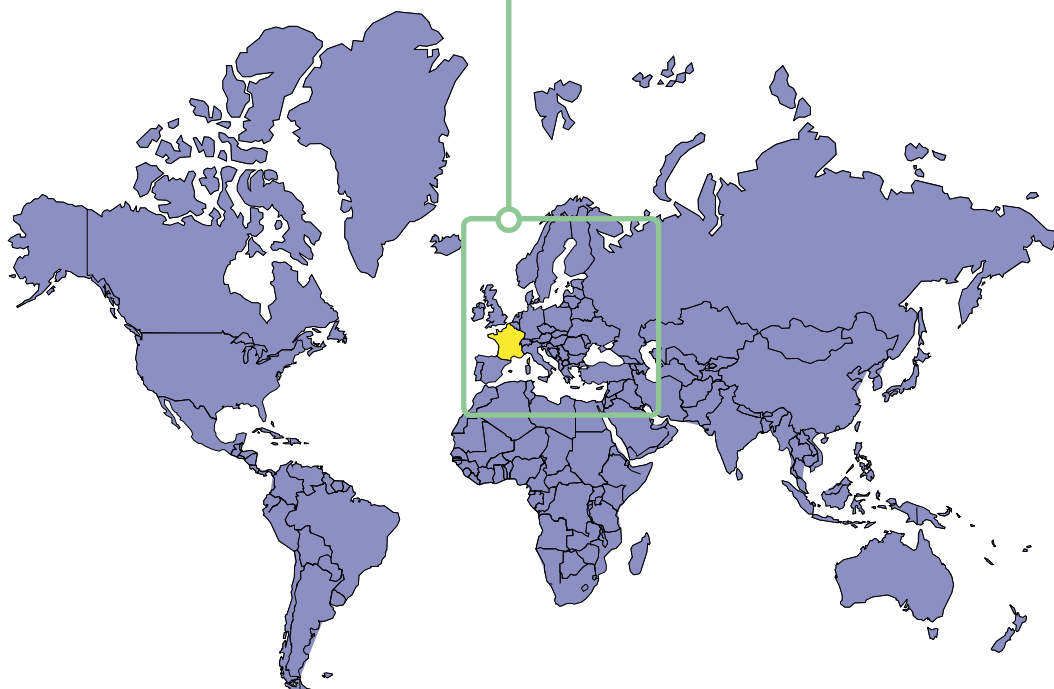
- Installation customs
- Price
- Approval by local organizations.

**Variants**

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	102
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	103
Common pages		104

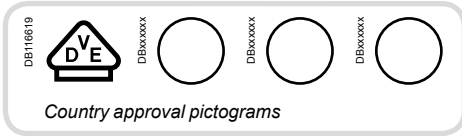


Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.





# NG125L circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)



## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125L circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents;
- circuit protection against overload currents;
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2;
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.

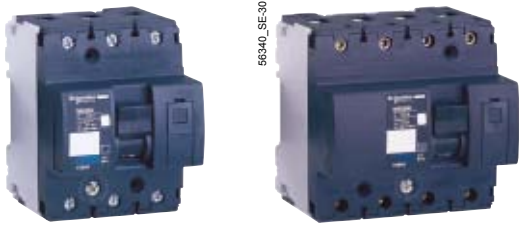
Offer selection see page 101

**Offer A**



NG125L 1P

NG125L 2P



NG125L 3P

NG125L 4P

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

#### Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2

Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	Voltage (Ue)						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	-	-	220 to 240 V	-	380 to 415 V	440 V 500 V	
Ph/N (1P)	110 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	-	380 to 415 V	-	-	-
Rating (In)	10 to 80 A	100 kA 50 kA	100 kA	12.5 kA <sup>(2)</sup> 50 kA	40 kA	15 kA	75 % of Icu

### Direct current (DC)

#### Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2

Number of poles	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)	
	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V		
Rating (In)	10 to 80 A	50 kA	36 kA	36 kA	36 kA	36 kA	100 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

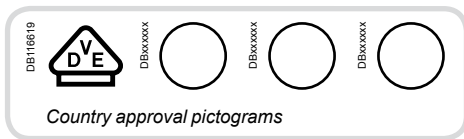
### NG125L circuit breaker

Type	1P	2P	3P	4P									
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005												
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008												
Rating (In)	Quality label (1)	Curve			Curve			Curve			Curve		
		B	C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D
10 A		18741	18777	18830	18750	18788	18839	18759	18799	18848	18768	18821	18857
16 A		18742	18778	18831	18751	18789	18840	18760	18800	18849	18769	18822	18858
20 A		18743	18779	18832	18752	18790	18841	18761	18801	18850	18770	18823	18859
25 A		18744	18780	18833	18753	18791	18842	18762	18802	18851	18771	18824	18860
32 A		18745	18781	18834	18754	18792	18843	18763	18803	18852	18772	18825	18861
40 A		18746	18782	18835	18755	18793	18844	18764	18804	18853	18773	18826	18862
50 A		18747	18783	18836	18756	18794	18845	18765	18805	18854	18774	18827	18863
63 A		18748	18784	18837	18757	18795	18846	18766	18806	18855	18775	18828	18864
80 A		18749	18785	18838	18758	18796	18847	18767	18807	18856	18776	18829	18865
Width in 9 mm modules	3	6			9			12					
Accessories	Module CM907004 and CM907006												

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

(2) Breaking capacity under 1 pole in IT isolated neutral system (case of a double fault).





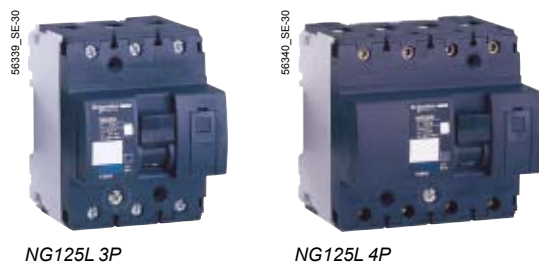
## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125L circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents;
- circuit protection against overload currents;
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2;
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.



Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz							
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)						Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	110 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	500 V	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ph/N (1P)	110 to 130 V	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	-	-	-	
Rating (In)	10 to 80 A	100 kA	50 kA	100 kA	12.5 kA <sup>(2)</sup>	50 kA	40 kA
							15 kA
							75 % of Icu



Direct current (DC)						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2	Voltage (Ue)					Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	12 to 125 V	≤ 144 V	≤ 250 V	≤ 375 V	≤ 500 V	
Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P		
Rating (In)	10 to 80 A	50 kA	36 kA	36 kA	36 kA	36 kA
						100 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

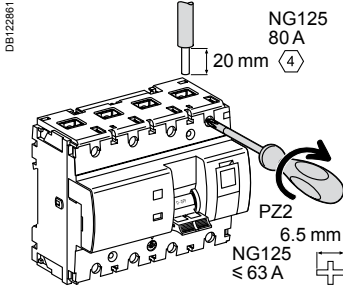
NG125L circuit breaker													
Type	1P			2P			3P			4P			
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005												
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008												
Rating (In)	Quality label <sup>(1)</sup>	Curve			Curve			Curve			Curve		
		B	C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D
10 A		18741	18777	18830	18750	18788	18839	18759	18799	18848	18768	18810	18857
16 A		18742	18778	18831	18751	18789	18840	18760	18800	18849	18769	18811	18858
20 A		18743	18779	18832	18752	18790	18841	18761	18801	18850	18770	18812	18859
25 A		18744	18780	18833	18753	18791	18842	18762	18802	18851	18771	18813	18860
32 A		18745	18781	18834	18754	18792	18843	18763	18803	18852	18772	18814	18861
40 A		18746	18782	18835	18755	18793	18844	18764	18804	18853	18773	18815	18862
50 A		18747	18783	18836	18756	18794	18845	18765	18805	18854	18774	18816	18863
63 A		18748	18784	18837	18757	18795	18846	18766	18806	18855	18775	18817	18864
80 A		18749	18785	18838	18758	18796	18847	18767	18807	18856	18776	18818	18865
Width in 9 mm modules		3			6			9			12		
Accessories		Module CM907004 and CM907006											

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

(2) Breaking capacity under 1 pole in IT isolated neutral system (case of a double fault).

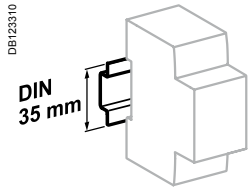
# NG125L circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

## Connection

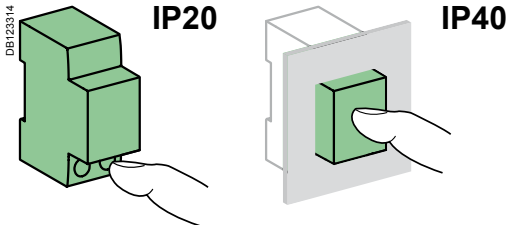


Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories				
		Copper cables		70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule				Rigid cables	Flexible cables
10 to 63 A 80 A	3.5 N.m	DB122945 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
	6 N.m	16 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>		

■ On 3P and 4P 80 A: upstream voltage taps for each pole, by 6.35 mm Fast-on terminal.



Clips on to 35 mm DIN rail.



## Technical data

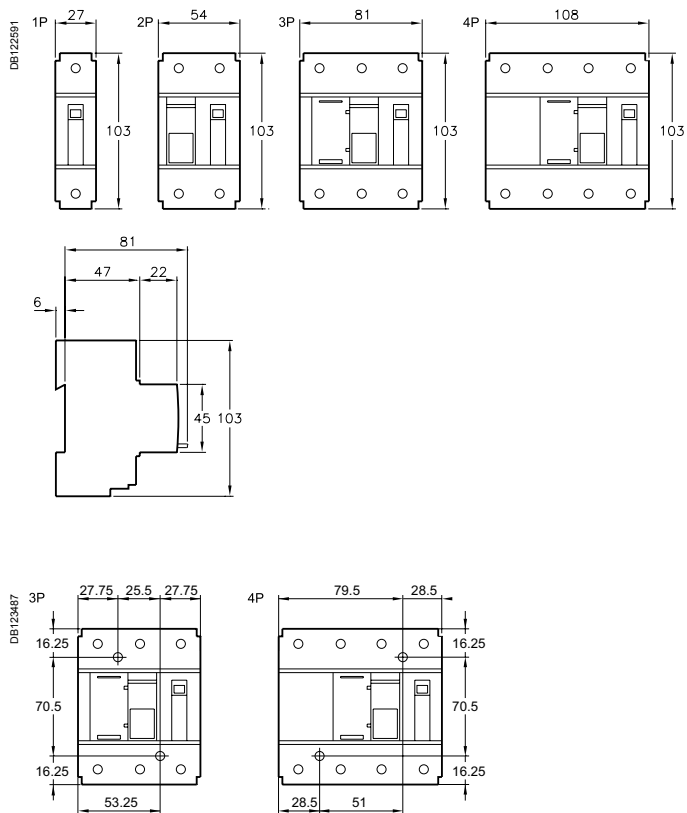
Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (Ui)		690 V AC
Degree of pollution		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		8 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	40°C
Magnetic tripping (Ii)	Curve B	4 In ± 20 %
	Curve C	8 In ± 20 %
	Curve D	12 In ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 63 A: 10,000 cycles ≥ 63 A: 5000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)

# NG125L circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Circuit breaker	
Type	NG125L
1P	240
2P	480
3P	720
4P	960

## Dimensions (mm)



Spacing for mounting on panel

# NG125L circuit breakers (curves B, C, D) (cont.)

06691BN\_SE-90

**3P, 4P 80 A**

- Voltage taps:
  - auxiliaries power supply
  - measurement
  - emergency stop
  - remote reporting



**1P, 2P**

- Padlocking in position:
  - O or I, manual control is inhibited, tripping is enabled

■ Cable strength:

- ribbed cage
- terminal depth
- tightening by Allen hex key (NG125 80 A)

- Test button to check satisfactory operation of the tripping mechanism



■ Pull-out strength

- metallic lock

■ Impact and vibration resistance:

- high-strength enclosure
- IK 05

- Electric power supply through the top or bottom



- Circuit breaker tripped indicator

■ Positive contact indication:

- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2
- the presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit

■ Longer product service life due to:

- good overvoltage withstand capacity,
- high limitation performances,
- fast closure independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.

DB123493



PB107193-34.eps



PB107194-34.eps



CE

### IEC/EN 60947-2

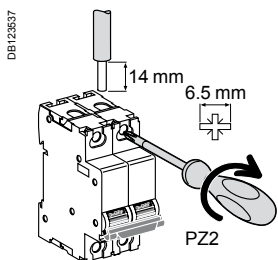
The C60H-DC supplementary protectors are used in direct current circuits (Industrial control and automations, transport, renewable energy...). They combine the following functions of circuit protection against short-circuit and overload currents, control and isolation.

Direct current (DC)						
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2						Rated service breaking capacity (Ics)
Type	110 V	220 V	250 V	440 V	500 V	
<b>1P</b>	20 kA	10 kA	6 kA	-	-	75 % Icu
<b>Rating</b> 0.5 to 63 A (In)						
<b>2P (in series)</b>	20 kA	10 kA	6 kA	-	-	75 % Icu
0.5 to 63 A						

### Catalogue numbers

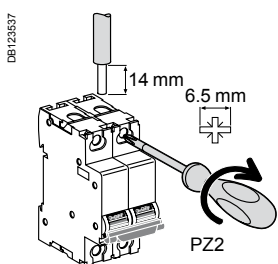
C60H-DC		
Type	1P	2P
	<p>DB116688</p> <p>Supply from above or below, observing the polarity</p>	<p>DB124110: Supply from above</p> <p>DB124111: Supply from below</p>
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	Remote signalisation and tripping, module CA907008	
<b>Rating (In)</b>	<b>Curve C</b>	<b>Curve C</b>
0.5 A	A9N61500	A9N61520
1 A	A9N61501	A9N61521
2 A	A9N61502	A9N61522
3 A	A9N61503	A9N61523
4 A	A9N61504	A9N61524
5 A	A9N61505	A9N61525
6 A	A9N61506	A9N61526
10 A	A9N61508	A9N61528
13 A	A9N61509	A9N61529
15 A	A9N61510	A9N61530
16 A	A9N61511	A9N61531
20 A	A9N61512	A9N61532
25 A	A9N61513	A9N61533
30 A	A9N61514	A9N61534
32 A	A9N61515	A9N61535
40 A	A9N61517	A9N61537
50 A	A9N61518	A9N61538
63 A	A9N61519	A9N61539
Number of modules of 9 mm	2	4
<b>Accessories</b>	Modules LIN001 and CA907012	

### Connection

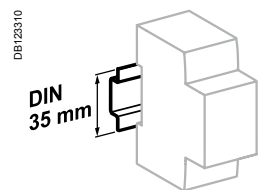


Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories			
		Copper cables		50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigid / Stranded	Flexible or ferrule			Rigid cables	Flexible cables
≤ 25 A	2.5 N.m	DBI122045	DBI122046	DBI122035	DBI118789	DBI118787	
> 25 A	3.5 N.m /	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	∅ 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	-			

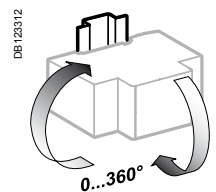
### Multi-cables connection



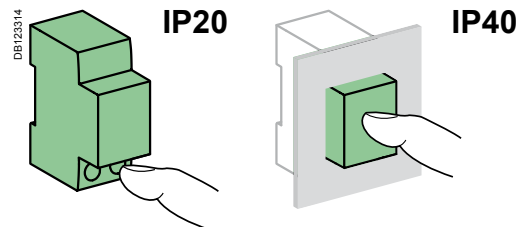
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory			
		2 Copper cables		3 Multi-cables / Different wires	
		Rigid / Stranded	Flexible or ferrule	Flexible / Stranded	Flexible / Stranded / Rigid
≤ 25 A	2.5 N.m	DBI122045	DBI122046	DBI118787	
> 25 A	3.5 N.m	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>		3 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> + 1 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
		2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>		3 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup> + 1 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



### Technical data

- Tripping curves: C curve - Overcurrent protection for any type of application.
- Positive break indication - the green strip indicates that all the poles are open and allows work to be carried out on the downstream circuit in complete safety.
- Suitable for isolation as defined in IEC / EN 60947-2.
- Increase in the service life of the product: thanks to fast closure independent of the speed of action on the handle.
- Current limitation in the event of a fault: fast opening of the contacts prevents the loads from being destroyed in the event of a short-circuit.

Main characteristics	
According to IEC/EN 60947-2	
Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V DC
Rated voltage (Un)	1P 250 V DC 2P 500 V DC
Operating voltage (Ue)	1P 24...250 V DC 2P 24...500 V DC
Pollution degree	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp) under frame	6 kV
Magnetic tripping (Ii)	8.5 In (± 20 %) (compatible with curve C)
Additional characteristics	
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only IP20 Device in modular enclosure IP40
Utilization category	A (no delay in accordance with IEC/EN 60947-2 standards)
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical 3,000 cycles (where L/R=2 ms) 6,000 cycles where the circuit is resistive Mechanical 20,000 cycles
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-2)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)
Operating temperature	-25°C to 70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to 85°C



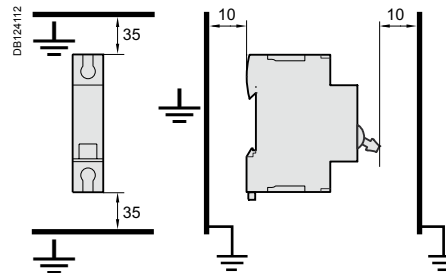
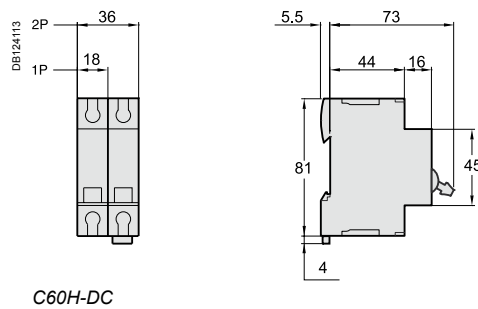
Failure to match polarity during connection may lead to a fire hazard and/or serious injury.

- The connection polarity must be observed (marked on the front panel).
- Use only with direct current.

### Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	C60H-DC
1P	128 g
2P	256 g

### Dimensions (mm)



Details of minimum distance between circuit-breaker and earthed metal parts for circuit-breaker intended for use without enclosure.

PB109403-50



The C60PV-DC is a DC circuit breaker dedicated to multi string photovoltaic installations.

This circuit breaker is designed to protect the cables located between each string of photovoltaic modules and the photovoltaic inverter against overloads and short circuits (see application diagram).

Combined with a switch (of the C60NA-DC type, for example), the C60PV-DC will be installed in a string PV protection enclosure at the end of each string of photovoltaic modules.

It can be locked (by a padlocking device) in OFF position as a safety measure for removal of the PV inverter.

Since a fault current can flow in the reverse direction to the operating current, the C60PV-DC can detect and protect against any bidirectional current.

To ensure the safety of the installation, it is necessary, depending on the various types of application, to combine the C60PV-DC with:

- a residual current device at the AC end,
- a fault passage detector (insulation monitoring device) at the DC end
- an earth protection circuit breaker at the DC end (see Practical Advice CA908035).

In all cases, fast action on site will be required to clear the fault (protection not ensured in the event of a double fault).

C60PV-DC is not polarity sensitive: (+) and (-) wires can be inverted without any risk.

The C60PV-DC is delivered with three inter-pole barriers to provide increased isolation distance between two adjacent connectors.

## IEC / EN 60947-2



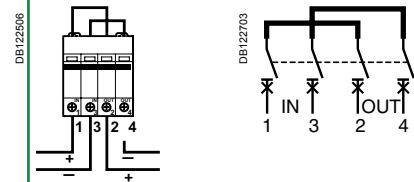
DB404840



### Main characteristics

Operating voltage (Ue)	800 V DC
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	1,000 V DC
Breaking capacity (Icu)	1.5 kA
Impulse voltage (Uimp)	6 kV
Electrical connection	By the bottom for In and Out
Number of poles	2P
Number of modules of 9 mm	8

### Diagrams

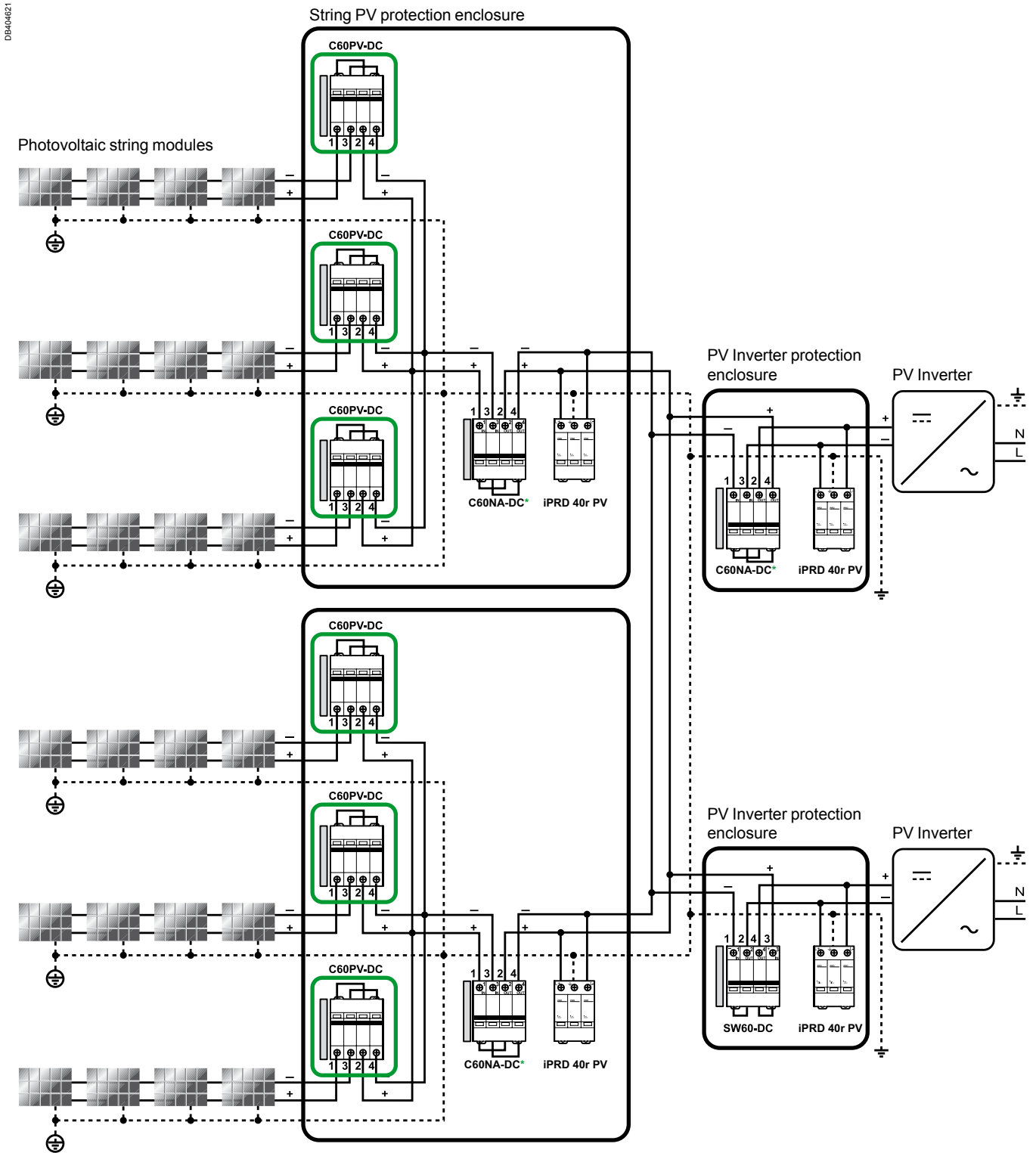


Standards	IEC 60947-2 EN 60947-2
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Rating (A)	Catalogue numbers
1	A9N61653
2	A9N61654
3	A9N61655
5	A9N61656
8	A9N61657
10	A9N61650
13	A9N61658
15	A9N61659
16	A9N61651
20	A9N61652
25	A9N61660
Auxiliaries	See modules CA907008 and CA907013



Application diagram



DB404621

MN, MX, MNx, MN $\square$ , MX+OF, OF, SD, OF+SD/OF

\*C60NA-DC:  
20 A/1000 V DC or  
32 A/800 V DC or  
50 A/700 V DC

## Technical data

- Position contact indication - suitability for isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2 standard.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety.
- Increased product service life thanks to fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Pre-wired product: Input / Output on the same side.

### Main characteristics

Rated service breaking capacity (Ics)		100 % of the Icu
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	1,500 cycles (where L/R=2 ms)
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Mechanical		20,000 cycles
Degree of pollution		2
Category		A (no delay in accordance with IEC / EN 60947-2 standards)
Tropicalisation		Relative humidity: 95 % at 55°C in accordance with IEC 60068-2 and GB 14048.2 standards
Temperature	Operating	-25°C to 70 °C
	Storage	-40°C to 85°C

### Additional characteristics

Rating (A)	Voltage drop (mV)	Impedance (mΩ)	Power loss (W)
1	9200	9200	9.2
2	5104	2552	10.2
3	2980	993.3	8.9
5	2000	400	10
8	1384	173	11.1
10	680	68	6.8
13	572	44	7.4
15	600	40	9
16	648	40.5	10.4
20	588	29.4	11.8
25	488	19.5	12.2

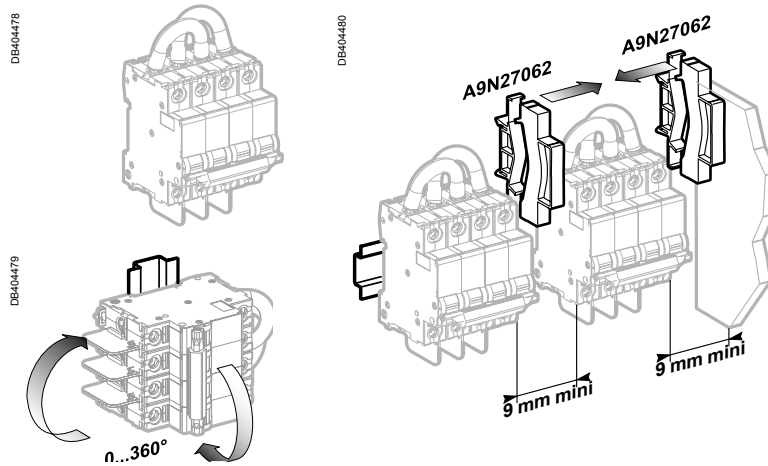
### Derating table (A)

C60PV-DC Rating	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
1 A	1.18	1.17	1.15	1.14	1.12	1.1	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	1	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88	0.86	0.84	0.82
2 A	2.54	2.5	2.45	2.41	2.36	2.31	2.26	2.21	2.16	2.11	2.06	2	1.94	1.88	1.82	1.76	1.7	1.63	1.56	1.48	1.41
3 A	3.78	3.71	3.65	3.58	3.51	3.45	3.38	3.3	3.23	3.16	3.08	3	2.92	2.84	2.75	2.66	2.57	2.48	2.38	2.27	2.17
5 A	6	5.92	5.83	5.74	5.66	5.57	5.48	5.39	5.29	5.2	5.1	5	4.9	4.8	4.69	4.58	4.47	4.36	4.24	4.12	4
8 A	9.64	9.5	9.36	9.22	9.08	8.93	8.78	8.63	8.48	8.32	8.16	8	7.83	7.67	7.49	7.31	7.13	6.95	6.76	6.56	6.36
10 A	12.6	12.4	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.5	11.2	11	10.8	10.5	10.3	10	9.7	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.6	8.2	7.9	7.6	7.2
13 A	15.5	15.3	15.1	14.8	14.6	14.4	14.2	14	13.7	13.5	13.2	13	12.7	12.5	12.2	12	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.8	10.5
15 A	18.6	18.3	18	17.7	17.4	17.1	16.7	16.4	16.1	15.7	15.4	15	14.6	14.3	13.9	13.5	13.0	12.6	12.2	11.7	11.2
16 A	19.4	19.1	18.9	18.6	18.3	18.0	17.6	17.3	17.0	16.7	16.3	16	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.6	14.2	13.8	13.4	13.0	12.5
20 A	24.1	23.7	23.4	23.0	22.7	22.3	21.9	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	20	19.6	19.2	18.7	18.3	17.9	17.4	16.9	16.4	15.9
25 A	30.4	29.9	29.5	29.0	28.5	28.1	27.6	27.1	26.6	26.1	25.5	25	24.5	23.9	23.3	22.7	22.1	21.5	20.9	20.2	19.6

## Technical data (cont.)

Moreover it is recommended to use:

- a terminal Screw Shield snaps onto the front of the C60PV-DC protective devices to provide greater insulation of the terminal screws
- a spacer clips 9 mm in each side to provide isolation.

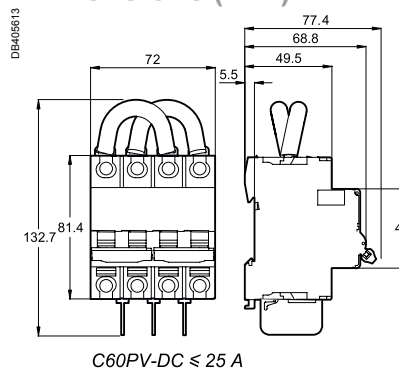


⚠ Required to have a 9 mm space isolation in each side"

## Weight (g)

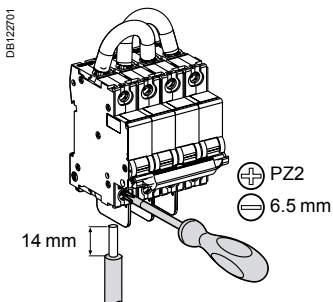
Circuit breaker	
Type	C60PV-DC
	545

## Dimensions (mm)



C60PV-DC ≤ 25 A

## Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories	
		Copper cables UL 486A file no. #E216919		50 mm <sup>2</sup> Cu/Al Terminal	Ring tongue terminal screw connection
		Rigids	Flexibles with ferrule		
≤ 25 A	2.5 N.m	DB112804 	DB112805 	DB118755 	DB118756 
		1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm

# DC main switch for photovoltaic installations **C60NA-DC**

PB109404-50



The C60NA-DC is a direct current switch-disconnector dedicated to disconnection of the string of photovoltaic modules and the PV inverter.

It is designed to isolate the string of photovoltaic modules and the inverter from the rest of the photovoltaic installation for maintenance operations in complete safety.

Combined with a circuit breaker (of the C60PV-DC type, for example), the C60NA-DC will be installed in a string PV protection enclosure close to the strings of photovoltaic modules. It can also be installed near the PV inverter.

It can be locked (by a padlocking device) in OFF position to ensure safety during maintenance operations.

Since a fault current can flow in the reverse direction to the normal operating current, the C60NA-DC can switch a multi-directional current.

C60NA-DC is not polarity sensitive: (+) and (-) wires can be inverted without any risk.

The C60NA-DC is delivered with three inter-pole barriers to provide increased isolation distance between two adjacent connectors.

## IEC / EN 60947-3



DB6404541



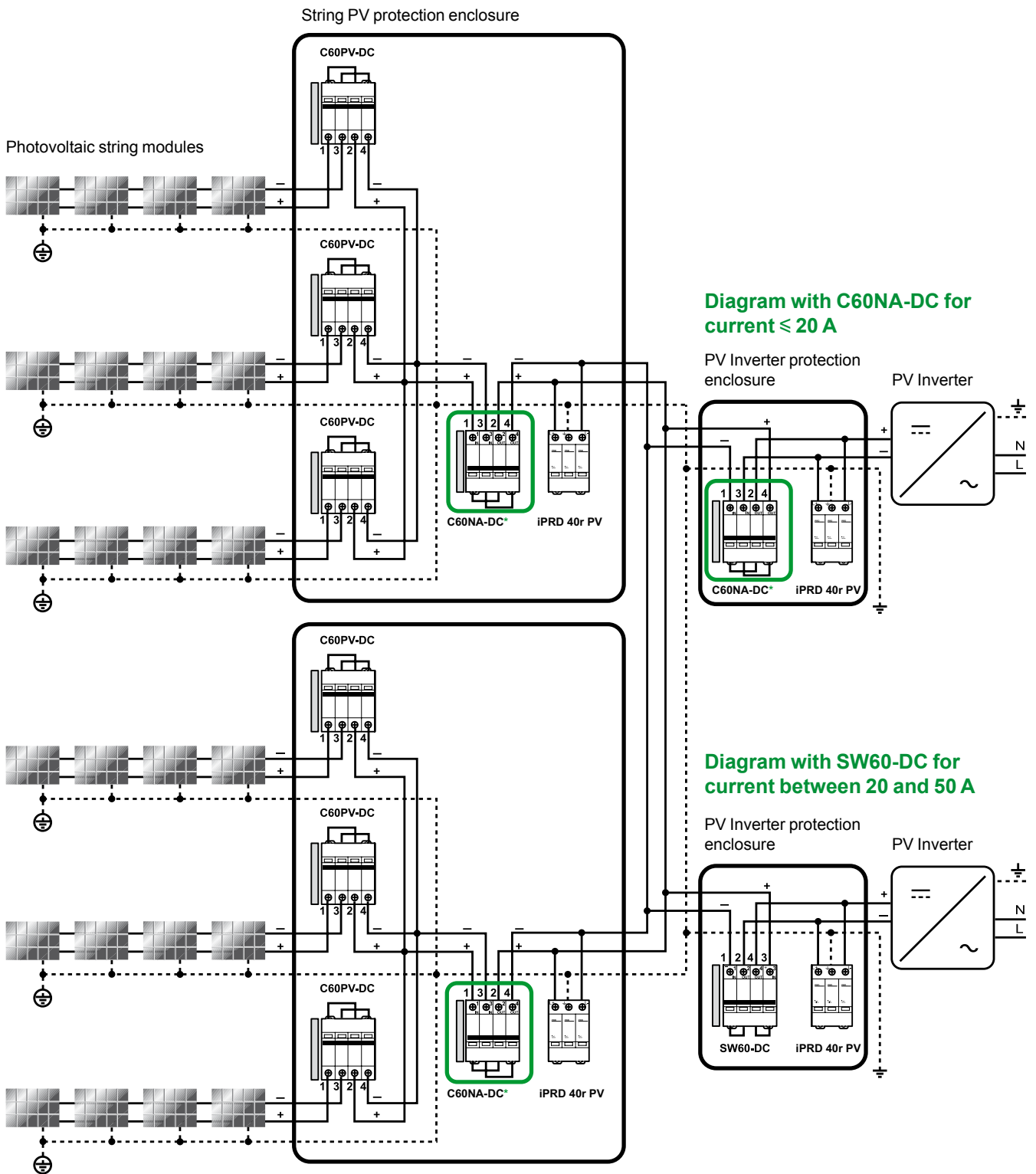
### Main characteristics

<b>Operating voltage (Ue)</b>	20 A: 1000 V CC
	32 A: 800 V CC
	50 A: 700 V CC
<b>Rated insulation voltage (Ui)</b>	1,000 V DC
<b>Rated operational current (Ie)</b>	50 A
<b>Impulse voltage (Uimp)</b>	6 kV
<b>Permissible rated short-time withstand current (Icw)</b>	600 A
<b>Rated short-circuit closing current (Icm)</b>	1 kA
<b>Electrical connection</b>	By the top for In and Out
<b>Number of poles</b>	2P
<b>Number of modules of 9 mm</b>	8
<b>Diagrams</b>	
<b>Standards</b>	IEC 60947-3 EN 60947-3
<b>Catalogue number</b>	<b>A9N61690</b>
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	See modules CA907008 and CA907013

# DC main switch for photovoltaic installations **C60NA-DC (cont.)**

## Application diagram

DB404622



**Diagram with C60NA-DC for current  $\leq 20$  A**

**Diagram with SW60-DC for current between 20 and 50 A**

\*C60NA-DC:  
20 A/1000 V DC or  
32 A/800 V DC or  
50 A/700 V DC

MN, MX, MNx, MN $\oplus$ , MX+OF,  
OF, SD, OF+SD/OF, OF+SD24

# DC main switch for photovoltaic installations **C60NA-DC (cont.)**

## Technical data

- Position contact indication - suitability for isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-3 standard.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety.
- Increased product service life thanks to fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Pre-wired product: Input / Output on the same side.

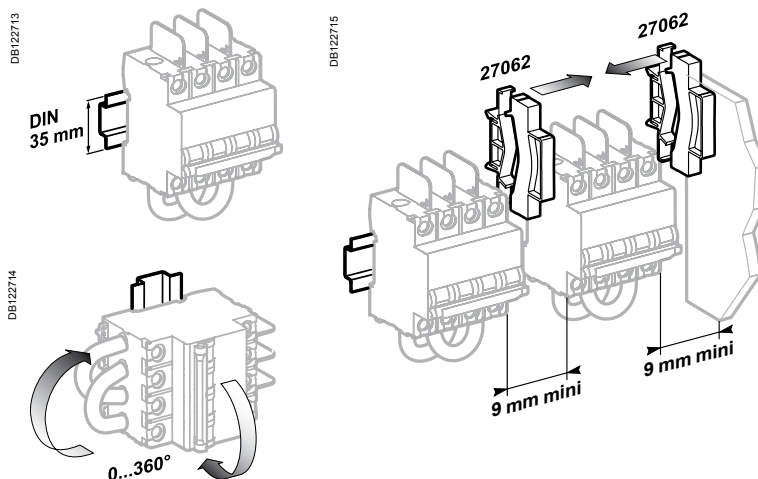
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	1,500 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Degree of pollution		2
Category		DC21B
Tropicalisation		Relative humidity: 95 % at 55°C in accordance with IEC 60068-2 and GB 14048.2 standards
Temperature	Operating	-25°C to 70 °C
	Storage	-40°C to 85°C

## Derating table (A)

C60NA-DC	Ambient temperature (°C)											
Rating	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+60	+70
50 A	63	61	60	58	56	54	52	50	48	46	41	35

Moreover it is recommended to use:

- a terminal Screw Shield snaps onto the front of the C60NA-DC protective devices to provide greater insulation of the terminal screws
- a Spacer clips 9 mm in each side to provide isolation.



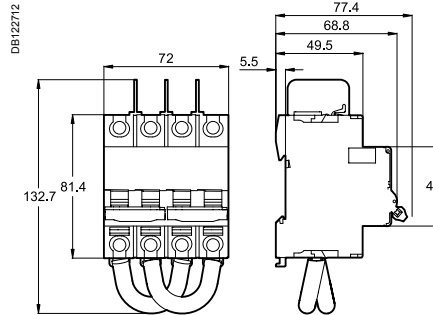
⚠ Required to have a 9 mm space isolation in each side"

## Technical data (cont.)

### Weight (g)

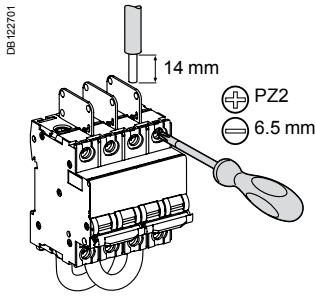
Switch disconnecter	
Type	C60NA-DC
	530

### Dimensions (mm)



C60NA-DC

### Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories		Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigids	Flexibles with ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Cu/Al Terminal	Screw on connection for ring terminal	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
50 A	3.5 N.m	DB112804 	DB112805 	DB118755 	DB118756 	DB118757 	
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

PB109406-50



The SW60-DC is a direct current switch-disconnector dedicated to disconnection of the string of photovoltaic modules and the PV inverter.

It is designed to isolate the inverter from the rest of the photovoltaic installation for maintenance operations in complete safety.

Combined with a circuit breaker (of the C60PV-DC type, for example) and a switch (of the C60NA-DC type, for example), the SW60-DC will be installed in the string PV protection enclosure close to the PV inverter (see application diagram).

It can be locked (by a padlocking device) in OFF position to ensure safety when removing the PV inverter.

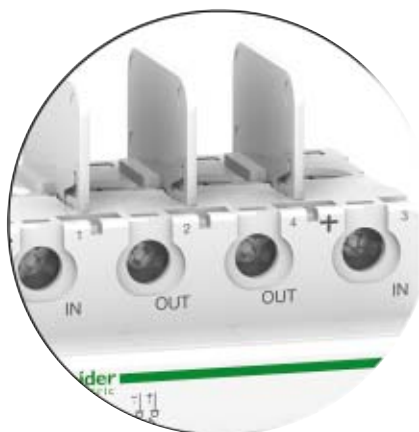
SW60-DC is polarity sensitive: (+) and (-) has to be respected for connection.

The SW60-DC is delivered with three inter-pole barrier to provide increased isolation distance between two adjacent connectors.

## IEC / EN 60947-3



DB404942



### General technical data

<b>Operating voltage (Ue)</b>	1000 V DC
<b>Rated insulation voltage (Ui)</b>	1000 V DC
<b>Rated operational current (Ie)</b>	50 A
<b>Impulse voltage (Uimp)</b>	6 kV
<b>Permissible rated short-time withstand current (Icw)</b>	600 A
<b>Rated short-circuit closing current (Icm)</b>	1 kA
<b>Electrical connection</b>	By the top for In and Out
<b>Number of poles</b>	2P
<b>Number of modules of 9 mm</b>	8
<b>Diagrams</b>	
<b>Standards</b>	IEC 60947-3 EN 60947-3
<b>Catalogue number</b>	<b>A9N61699</b>



Applications

DE940639

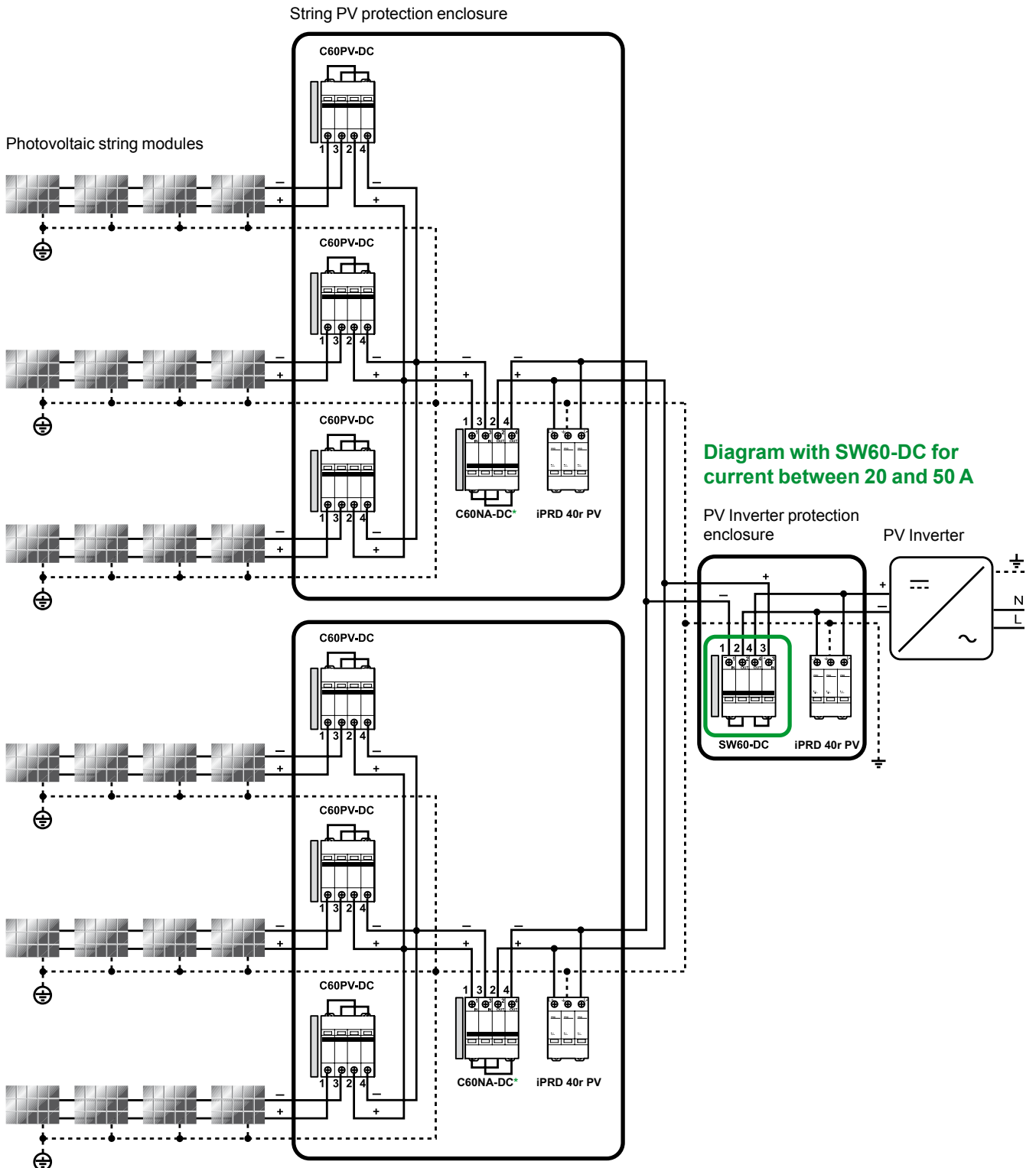


Diagram with SW60-DC for current between 20 and 50 A

\*C60NA-DC:  
20 A/1000 V DC or  
32 A/800 V DC or  
50 A/700 V DC

MN, MX, MNx, MN $\square$ , MX+OF,  
OF, SD, OF+SD/OF, OF+SD24

# DC main switch for photovoltaic installations **Switch SW60-DC (cont.)**

## Technical data

- Position contact indication - suitability for isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-3 standard.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety.
- Increased product service life thanks to fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Pre-wired product: Input / Output on the same side.

## Main characteristics

Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	1,500 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Degree of pollution		2
Category		DC21A
Tropicalisation		Relative humidity: 95 % at 55°C in accordance with IEC 60068-2 and GB 14048.2 standards
Temperature	Operating	-25°C to 70°C
	Storage	-40°C to 85°C
	Rating adjustment	40°C

## Additional characteristics

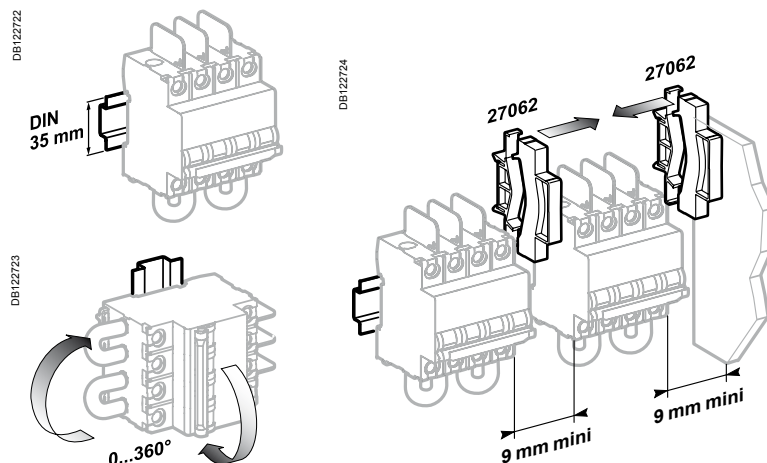
Rating (A)	Voltage drop (mV)	Impedance (mΩ)	Power loss (W)
50 A	251	5.02	12.54

## Derating table (A)

SW60PV-DC	Ambient temperature (°C)											
Rating	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+60	+70
50 A	63	61	60	58	56	54	52	50	48	46	41	35

Moreover it is recommended to use:

- a terminal Screw Shield snaps onto the front of the SW60-DC protective devices to provide greater insulation of the terminal screws.
- a Spacer clips 9 mm in each side to provide isolation.



**⚠ 9 mm spacers must be used on both sides of the device to create a local ventilation space around the product.**

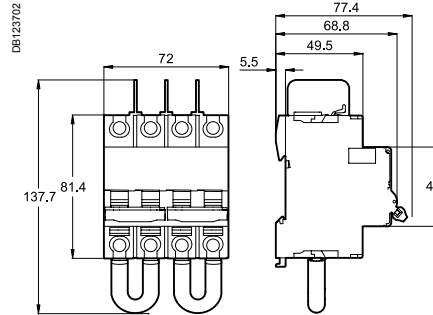
**⚠ Failure to match polarity during connection may lead to a fire hazard and/or serious injury. The connection polarity must be observed (marked on the front panel). Use only with direct current.**

## Technical data (cont.)

### Weight (g)

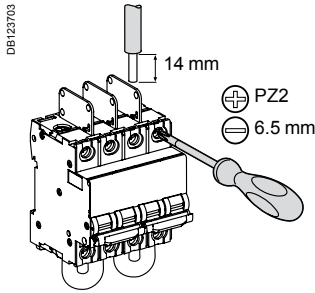
Switch disconnecter	
Type	SW60-DC
	530

### Dimensions (mm)



SW60-DC

### Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories		Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigids	Flexibles with ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Cu/Al Terminal	screw on connection for ring terminal	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
50 A	3.5 N.m	DB112804 	DB112805 	DB118755 	DB118756 	DB118757 	
		1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Country approval pictograms

IEC / EN 60947-3

PB113148-50



The C120NA-DC is a direct current switch-disconnector dedicated to disconnection of the string of photovoltaic modules and the PV inverter.

It is designed to isolate the string of photovoltaic modules and the inverter from the rest of the photovoltaic installation for maintenance operations in complete safety.

The C120NA-DC will be installed in a string PV protection enclosure close to the strings of photovoltaic modules. It can also be installed near the PV inverter.

It can be locked (by a padlocking device) in OFF position to ensure safety during maintenance operations.  
Since a fault current can flow in the reverse direction to the normal operating current, the C120NA-DC can switch a multi-directional current.

### Connection

■ The C120NA-DC is not polarity sensitive: (+) and (-) wires can be inverted without any risk.

### Isolation distance

■ The C120NA-DC is delivered with three inter-pole barriers to provide increased isolation distance between two adjacent connectors

### Prewired

■ The cables cross-section is suitable  
■ The tightening torque is mastered



## Main characteristics

Operating voltage (Ue)	1000 V DC
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	1000 V DC
Rated operational current (Ie)	100 A
Impulse voltage (Uimp)	6 kV
Permissible rated short-time withstand current (Icw)	1.5 kA / 500 ms
Rated short-circuit closing current (Icm)	1 kA
Electrical connection	By the top for In and Out
Number of poles	2P
Number of modules of 9 mm	12
Diagrams	
Standards	IEC 60947-3 EN 60947-3
Catalogue number	A9N61701
Auxiliaries	See modules CA907008 and CA907013

## Additional technical data

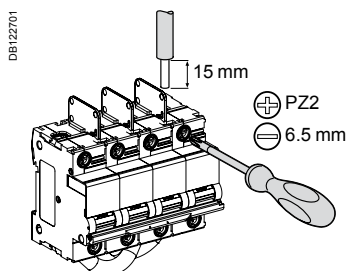
- Position contact indication - suitability for isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-3 standard.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees physical opening of the contacts and allows operations to be performed on the downstream circuit in complete safety.
- Increased product service life thanks to fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Prewired product: Input / Output on the same side.

Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	300 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Degree of pollution		2
Category		DC21B
Tropicalisation		Relative humidity: 95 % at 55°C in accordance with IEC 60068-2 and GB 14048.2 standards
Temperature	Operating	-25°C to 70 °C
	Storage	-40°C to 85°C

## Derating table (A)

C120NA-DC	Ambient temperature (°C)											
Rating	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+60	+70
100 A	113	111	110	108	106	104	102	100	98	96	91	85

## Upstream connection



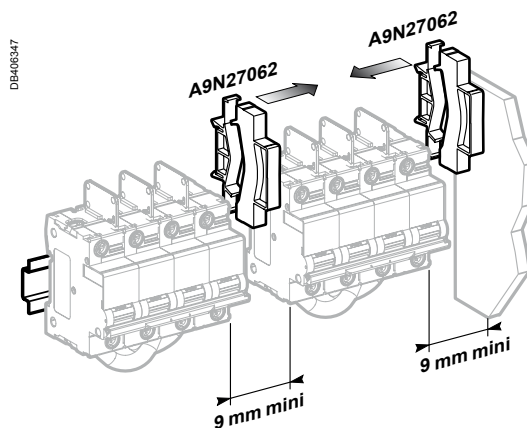
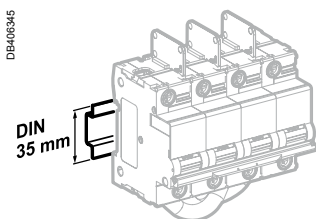
Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories			
	Copper cables		50 mm <sup>2</sup> Cu/Al Terminal	Screw on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
	Rigids	Flexibles with ferrule			Rigid cables	Flexible cables
3.5 N.m	DB112845 	DB112846 	DB118755 	DB118756 	DB118757 	
	35 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	25 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Downstream connection

Prewired delivered product: **Do not remove**

Moreover it is recommended to use:

- a terminal Screw Shield snaps onto the front of the C120NA-DC protective devices to provide greater insulation of the terminal screws
- a Spacer clips 9 mm in each side to provide isolation.

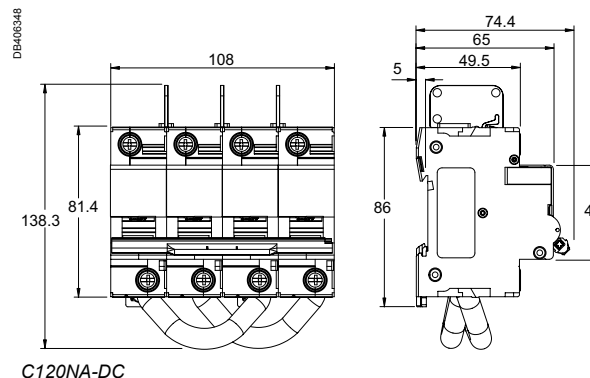


Required: to have a 9 mm space isolation in each side"

## Weight (g)

Switch disconnector	
Type	C120NA-DC 910

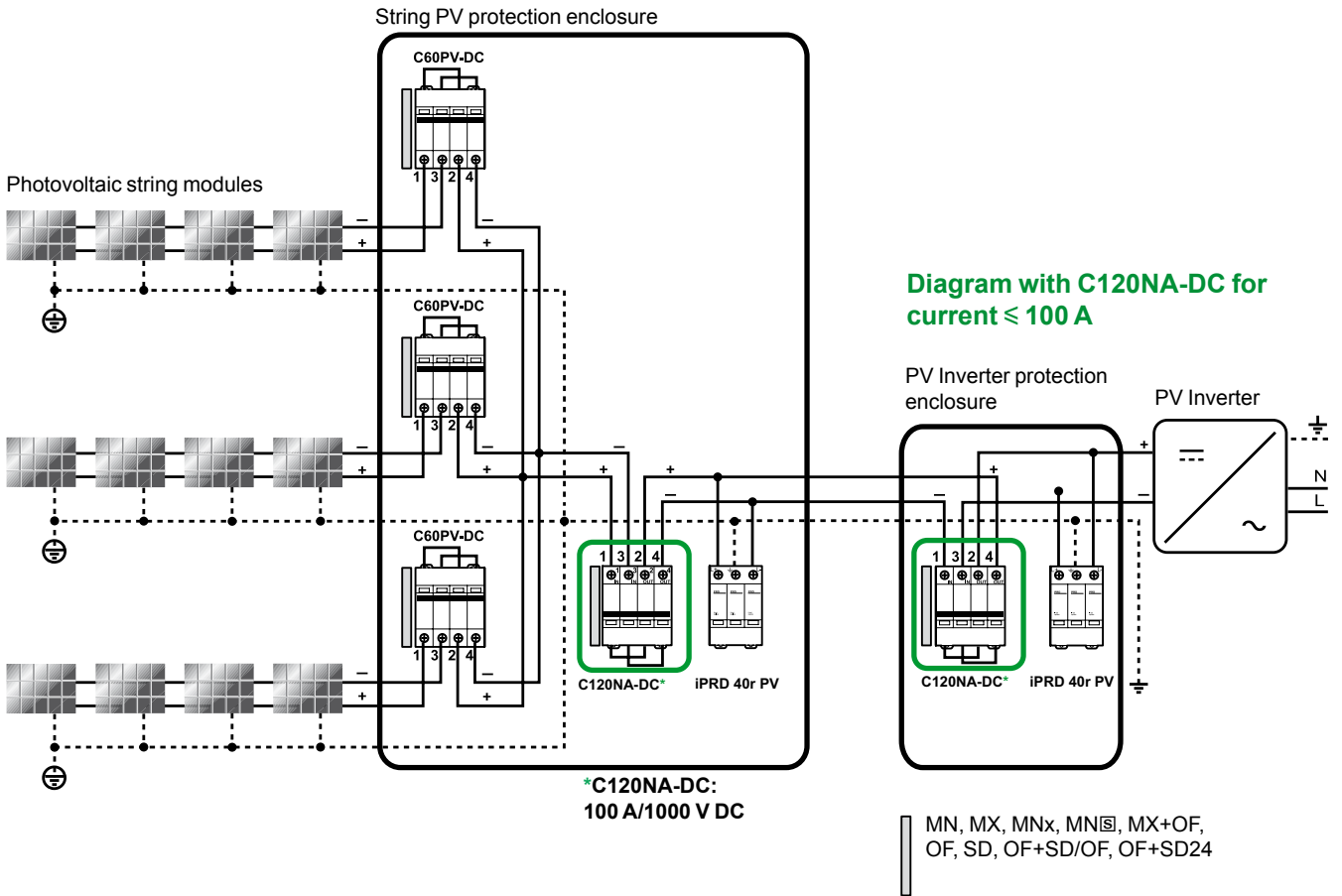
## Dimensions (mm)

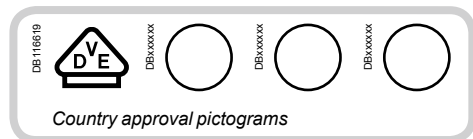


# DC main switch for photovoltaic installations **C120NA-DC (cont.)**

## Application diagram

DE940328





## IEC 60947-2 and IEC 60947-4-1 (in combination)

They protect single-phase or three-phase motors with manual local control.  
This protection includes:

- isolation
- manual or remote control
- short-circuit protection (magnetic)
- overload protection (thermal).



### Breaking capacity to IEC 60947-2

Rating (A)	Voltage (V)																		
	230...240		400...415		440		500		690										
	Icu kA	Ics %	Icu kA	Ics %	Icu kA	Ics %	Icu kA	Ics %	Icu kA	Ics %									
0.16 to 1.6	Unlimited																		
2.5																			
4																			
6.3															50	100	50	100	3
10					15	100	10	100	3	75									
14			15	50	8	50	6	75	3	75									
18			15	50	8	50	6	75	3	75									
23	50	100	15	40	6	50	4	75	3	75									
25	50	100	15	40	6	50	4	75	3	75									

The limiting unit increases the breaking capacity up to 100 kA at 415 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Motor characteristics							P25M circuit breaker			
Type	Standardised power (kW) of three-phase 50/60 Hz motors in category AC3						Rating In (A)	Setting	Cat. no.	Width in 9 mm modules
	Voltage (V AC)									
	230	400	415	440	500	690				
<b>3P</b>										
	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.16	0.1-0.16	<b>21100</b>	5
	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.25	0.16-0.25	<b>21101</b>	5
	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.40	0.25-0.40	<b>21102</b>	5
	-	-	-	-	-	0.37	0.63	0.40-0.63	<b>21103</b>	5
	-	-	-	0.37	0.37	0.55	1.0	0.63-1	<b>21104</b>	5
	-	0.37	-	0.55	0.75	1.1	1.6	1-1.6	<b>21105</b>	5
	0.37	0.75	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	2.5	1.6-2.5	<b>21106</b>	5
	0.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.2	3	4.0	2.5-4	<b>21107</b>	5
	1.1	2.2	2.2	3	3.7	4	6.3	4-6.3	<b>21108</b>	5
	2.2	4	4	4	5.5	7.5	10	6-10	<b>21109</b>	5
	3	5.5	5.5	7.5	9	11	14	9-14	<b>21110</b>	5
	4	7.5	9	9	10	15	18	13-18	<b>21111</b>	5
5.5	9	11	11	11	18.5	23	17-23	<b>21112</b>	5	
5.5	11	11	11	15	22	25	20-25	<b>21113</b>	5	

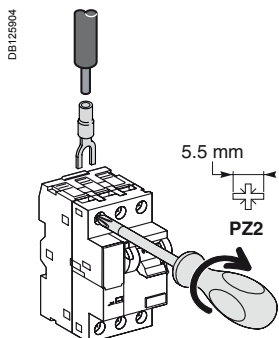


### Limiting unit

Type	Rating In (A)	Cat. no.	Width in 9 mm modules
<b>3P</b>	63	<b>21115</b>	5

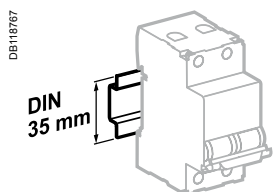


## Connection

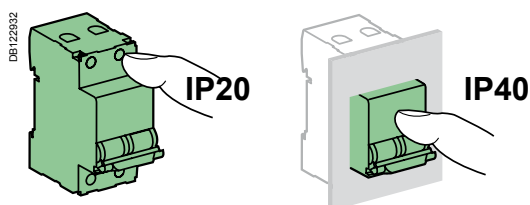
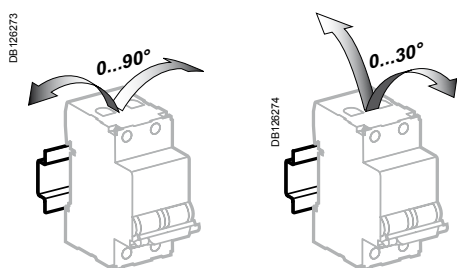


### P25M

Tightening torque	Terminal clamps		With insulated connector	Limiting unit
	Rigid Cu	Flexible Cu	Flexible Cu	Tunnel terminals
1.7 N.m.	2 x 1 ... 6 mm <sup>2</sup>		2 x 1.5 ... 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> or 2 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Mounted on 35 mm DIN rail.



## Weight (g)

P25M	260
Limiting unit	130

## Technical data

### Electrical characteristics

Operating voltage (Ue)	690 V AC
Insulation voltage (Ui)	690 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	6 kV
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical AC3
Thermal trip unit	100,000 cycles
Settings	Sensitive to missing phase
	Factory < settings range
	Simultaneously on the front face
Ratings (In)	On current drawn in nominal operation
	0.16 to 25 A adjustable
Temperature compensation	-20 °C to +40 °C in an enclosure
Magnetic trip unit	12 x the In rating (±20 %)

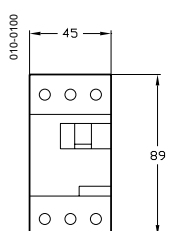
### Other characteristics

Padlocking device on the front face	
Tropicalisation	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55 °C)
Operating temperature	-20 ... +60 °C
Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C

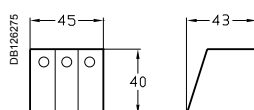
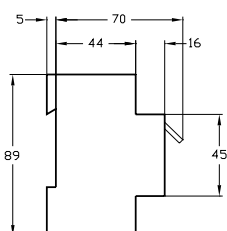
### Rated operating current (Ie) of auxiliary contacts under the rated operating voltage (Ue)

Operating voltage (Ue)		Operating current			
(V AC)	(V DC)	Position contact		fault tripping contact	
		AC 15 (AAC)	DC 13 (A DC)	AC 14 (AAC)	DC 13 (A DC)
415	220	2.2	0.5	-	-
240	110	3.3	1.3	-	-
130	60	4.5	3	0.5	0.15
48	48	6	5	1	0.3
24	24	-	6	1.5	1

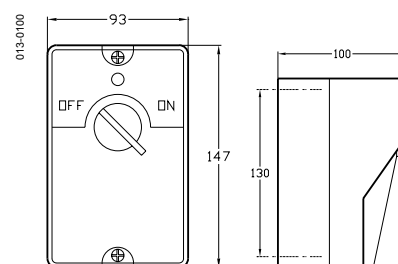
## Dimensions (mm)



Circuit breaker



Limiting unit only

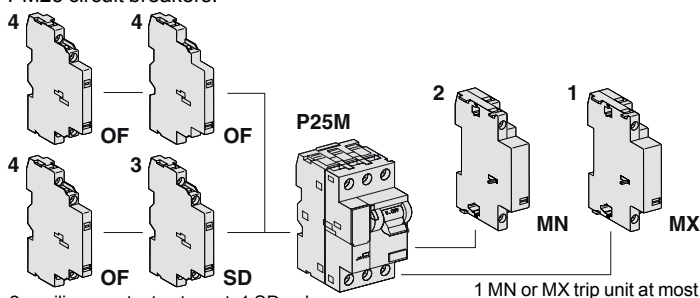


Insulating enclosure

### Connection

Cables			
	Rigid	Flexible	Flexible with ferrule
Mini	1 x 1 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 0.75 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 0.75 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Maxi	2 x 1 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 0.75 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 0.75 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Tightening torque	1.4 N.m		

The electrical auxiliaries allow remote tripping or position or fault indication of the PM25 circuit breakers.



2 auxiliary contacts at most, 1 SD only.  
SD is always mounted next to the P25M.

### Catalogue numbers

#### Trip units

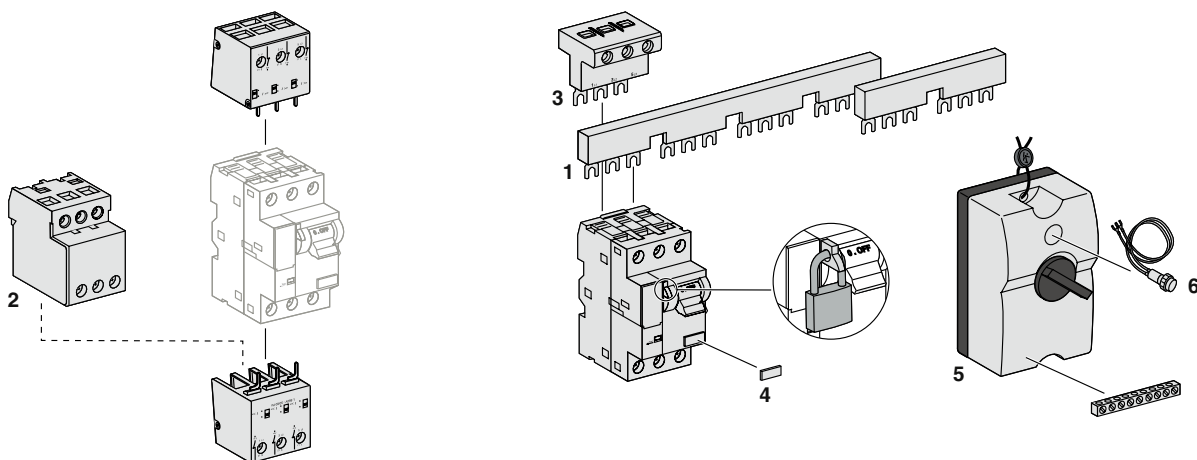
	Type	Control voltage (V AC)	Width in 9 mm modules	Cat. no.
<b>1 MX shunt release</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stoppage by normally open push button</li> <li>Causes tripping of the associated device when powered</li> </ul>		220...240	2	21127
		380...415	2	21128
<b>2 MN undervoltage release</b>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stoppage by normally closed push button</li> <li>Ensures the safety of power supply circuits for several machines by preventing untimely restarting</li> <li>Causes tripping of the circuit breaker with which it is associated when its input voltage decreases (between 70% and 35% of Un)</li> <li>Prevents closing of the device until its input voltage has been restored</li> </ul>		220...240	2	21129
		380...415	2	21130

#### Auxiliary contacts

	Type	Width in 9 mm modules	Cat. no.
<b>3 Position and fault tripping indication contacts</b>			
F + SD.F		1	21118
O + SD.F		1	21119
F + SD.O		1	21120
O + SD.O		1	21121
<b>4 Position contacts</b>			
O + F		1	21117
F + F		1	21116

"O ": normally closed contact  
 "F ": normally open contact  
 SD: contact indicating the position of the associated device in the event of an electrical fault  
 SD.F: to indicate a closed contact fault  
 SD.O: to indicate an open contact fault

Accessories make it easier to integrate the circuit breakers and extend their use.



## Catalogue numbers

	Type	Cat. no.
<b>1 Comb busbars</b>		
	2 P25M feeders	<b>GV2G254</b>
	4 P25M feeders	<b>GV2G454</b>
	Protection end-piece	<b>GV2G10</b>
<b>2 Downstream terminal block</b>		
		<b>GV2G05+LA9E07</b>
	GV2G05: Downstream terminal block LA9E07: Cover for downstream terminal block	
<b>3 Insulated connector</b>		
		<b>GV2G09</b>
<b>4 Clip-on terminal markers</b>		
	see module <b>CM907003E</b>	
<b>5 Insulating enclosure</b>		
Individual installation of a P25M circuit breaker with an auxiliary contact block and trip unit. Double insulation  and sealed to IP55. L = 93, H = 147, P = 100 (mm)		<b>21133</b>
<b>6 Neon indicator light</b>		
230-240 V AC	Green	<b>GV2SN23</b>
	Red	<b>GV2SN24</b>
400-415 V AC	Green	<b>GV2SN33</b>
	Red	<b>GV2SN34</b>

### Choice of motor supply cable cross-section

- The motor starting current and permissible voltage drop must be taken into account when choosing the cross-section.
- The cable must accept a current at least equal, when used continuously, to the sum of  $I_n + I_d/3$  where:
  - $I_n$ : rated current,
  - $I_d$ : starting current (4 to 8  $I_n$ ), depending on the motors.

### Voltage drop

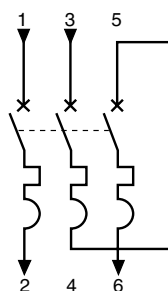
- The voltage drop permitted between the source and the motor concerned is 5% for public distribution networks and 8% for subscriber or transformer substations.
- If the torque of the machine to be driven is low at startup, simply check the voltage drop for the rated current of the motor.
- If the startup torque is high (grain crushers, goods lift, etc.), check the voltage drop for the starting current.

### Protection of the motor supply line

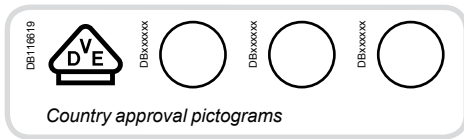
- All circuits and motors must be protected against overloads and short-circuits.

### Connecting the circuit breaker for use with a single-phase motor

- Two circuit breaker poles must be connected in series.



# iC60L circuit breakers instantaneous circuit breakers (ICB) (curve MA)



IEC/EN 60947-2



- iC60L curve MA circuit breakers combine the following functions:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - suitability for industrial isolation according to IEC/EN 60947-2, standard,
  - fault tripping indication by a red mechanical indicator in circuit breaker front face,
  - to be associated with overload protection for motor.

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz					
Breaking capacity (Icu) according to IEC/EN 60947-2				Service breaking capacity (Ics)	
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P)	Voltage (Ue)				
Rating (In)	1.6 to 16 A	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	50 % of Icu
	25 à 40 A	30 kA	20 kA	15 kA	50 % of Icu

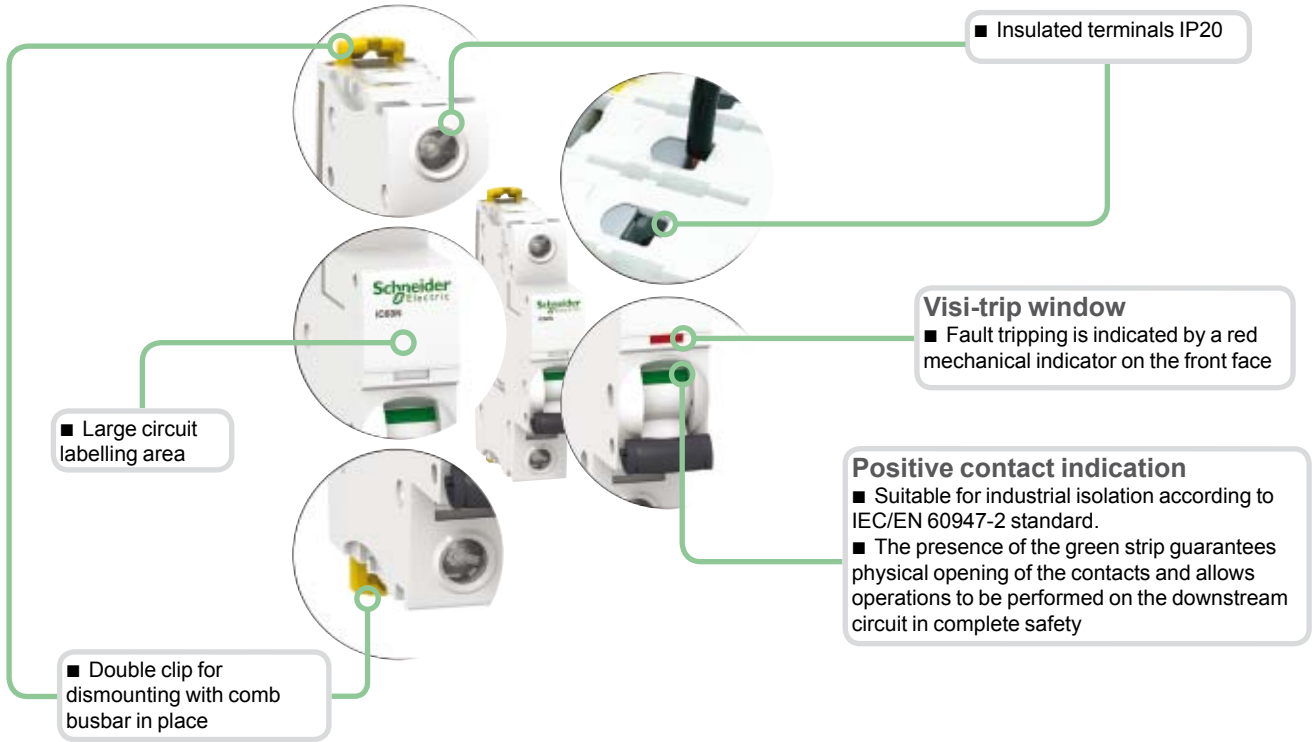
## Catalogue numbers

iC60L instantaneous trip circuit breaker		
Type	2P	3P
	<p>DB123810</p>	<p>DB123811</p>
Auxiliaries	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002	Remote tripping and indication, module CA907000 and CA907002
Vigi iC60	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005
Rating (In)	Curve MA	Curve MA
Quality label (1)		
1.6 A	A9F90272	A9F90372
2.5 A	A9F90273	A9F90373
4 A	A9F90204	A9F90304
6.3 A	A9F90276	A9F90376
10 A	A9F90210	A9F90310
12.5 A	A9F90282	A9F90382
16 A	A9F90216	A9F90316
25 A	A9F90225	A9F90325
40 A	A9F90240	A9F90340
Width in 9-mm modules	4	6
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001	Module CA907000 and CA907001

(1) Information to be provided by the country.

# iC60L circuit breakers instantaneous circuit breakers (ICB) (curve MA) (cont.)

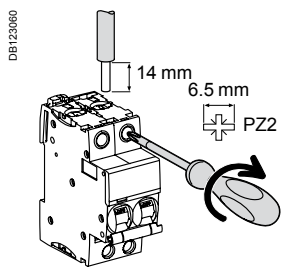
PB10434-40



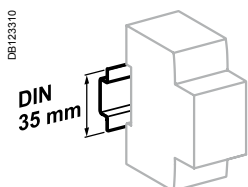
- Increased product service life thanks to:
  - overvoltage resistance by high level of industrial performances conception (pollution degree, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
  - high performance limitation (see limitation curves),
  - fast closing independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.
- Remote indication, open/closed/tripped, by optional auxiliary contacts.
- Top or bottom electrical feeding.

# iC60L circuit breakers instantaneous circuit breakers (ICB) (curve MA) (cont.)

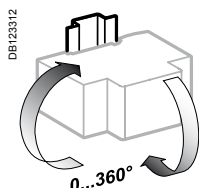
## Connection



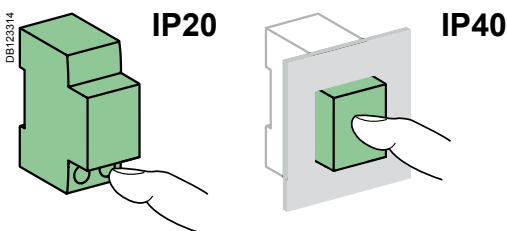
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories		
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal
		DB122945	DB122946	DB122935	DB118789	DB118787
1.6 to 16 A	2 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	∅ 5 mm	-
25 to 40 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup> / 3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50 °C
	Temperature derating	See module CA908007
Magnetic tripping	MA curve	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A

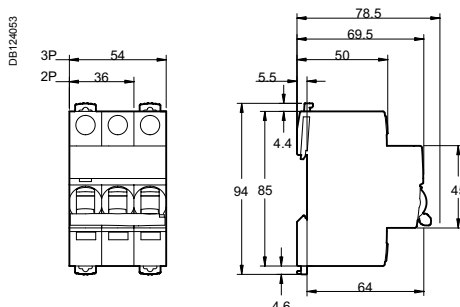
### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Operating temperature		-35°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)

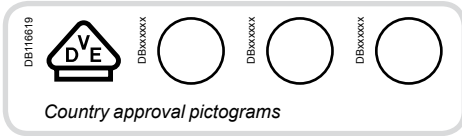
## Weight (g)

Circuit-breaker	
Type	iC60L
2P	250
3P	375

## Dimensions (mm)



# NG125LMA circuit breakers (curve MA)



## IEC/EN 60947-2

■ NG125LMA circuit breakers are circuit breakers which combine the following functions:

- circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
- circuit protection against overload currents,
- suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2,
- tripping upon fault is indicated by a red mechanical state indicator light on the front face of the circuit breaker.



NG125LMA 2P



NG125LMA 3P

Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz					
Breaking capacity (Icu) to IEC/EN 60947-2					
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P)	Voltage (Ue)				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V	440 V	500 V	
Rating (In) 4 to 80 A (trip units)	100 kA	50 kA	40 kA	15 kA	75 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

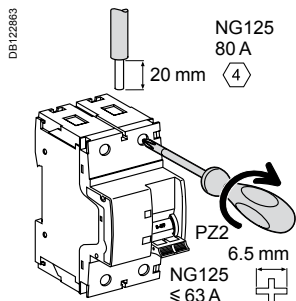
NG125LMA circuit breaker					
Type	2P		3P		
Auxiliaries	Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005				
Vigi NG125	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device, module CM902008				
Rating (In)	Quality label <sup>(1)</sup>	Magn. I (A)	Curve MA	Curve MA	
4 A		50	18868	18879	
6.3 A		75	18869	18880	
10 A		120	18870	18881	
12.5 A		150	18871	18882	
16 A		190	18872	18883	
25 A		300	18873	18884	
40 A		480	18874	18885	
63 A		750	18875	18886	
80 A		960	18876	18887	
Width in 9 mm modules			6	9	
Accessories			Module CM907004 and CM907006		

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.



# NG125LMA circuit breakers (curve MA) (cont.)

## Connection

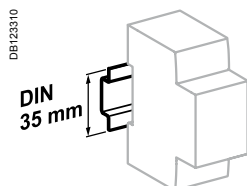


Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories				
		Copper cables		70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule				Rigid cables	Flexible cables
4 to 63 A 80 A	3.5 N.m 6 N.m	DB122945 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB123410 25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB123488 2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB118789 1 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB118787 3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

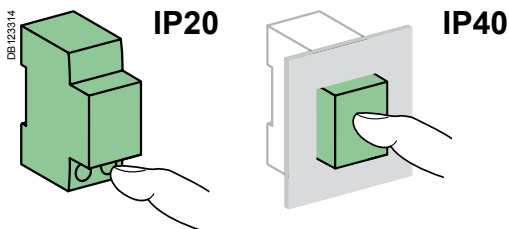
■ On 3P 80 A: upstream voltage taps for each pole, by 6.35 mm Fast-on terminal.

## Technical data

Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-2		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		690 V AC
Degree of pollution		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		8 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	40°C
Magnetic tripping (I <sub>n</sub> )	MA curve	12 I <sub>n</sub> ± 20 %
Utilization category		A
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)



Clips on to 35 mm DIN rail.

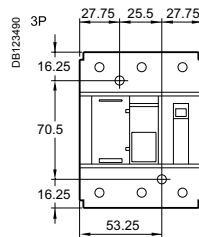
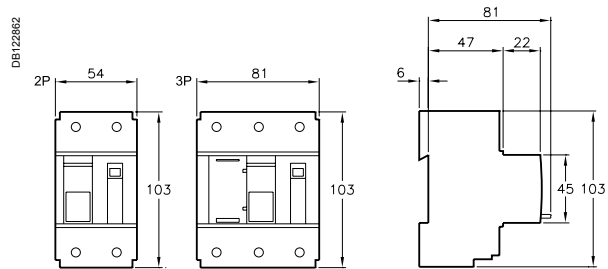


# NG125LMA circuit breakers (curve MA) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Circuit breaker	
Type	NG125LMA
2P	480
3P	720

## Dimensions (mm)

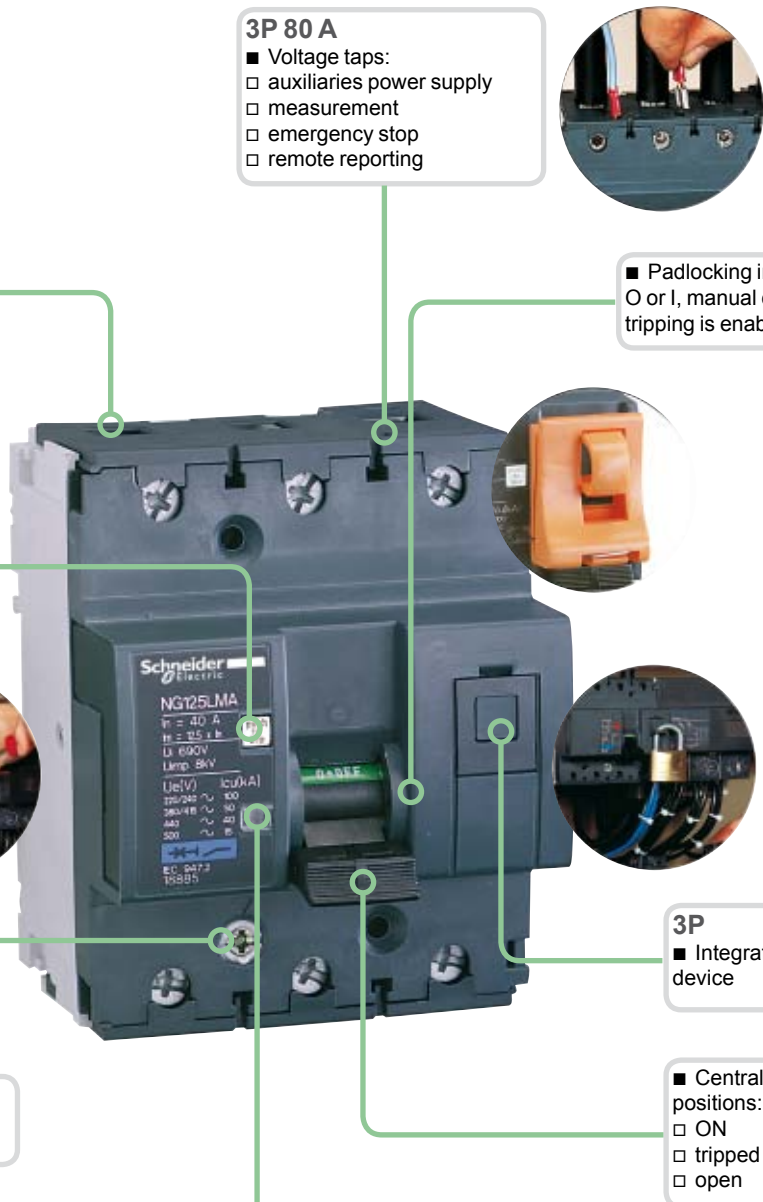


Spacing for mounting on panel

# NG125LMA circuit breakers (curve MA) (cont.)

056P16N\_SE-90

DB124483



**3P 80 A**  
 ■ Voltage taps:  
 auxiliaries power supply  
 measurement  
 emergency stop  
 remote reporting



■ Cable strength:  
 ribbed cage  
 terminal depth  
 tightening by Allen hex key (NG125 80 A)

■ Padlocking in position:  
 O or I, manual control is inhibited, tripping is enabled

■ Test button to check satisfactory operation of the tripping mechanism



**3P**  
 ■ Pull-out strength:  
 metallic lock

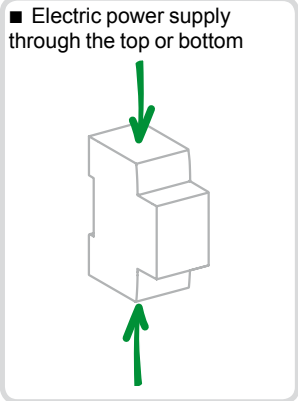


**3P**  
 ■ Integrated padlocking device

■ Impact and vibration resistance:  
 high-strength enclosure  
 IK 05

■ Central manual control, 3 positions:  
 ON  
 tripped on fault  
 open

■ Circuit breaker tripped indicator



■ Positive contact indication:  
 suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-2  
 the presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit

■ Longer product service life due to:  
 good overvoltage withstand capacity,  
 high limitation performances,  
 fast closure independent of the speed of actuation of the toggle.



15646



15668

STI	Cartridges
IEC EN 60947-3	NF C 60-200, NF C 63-210 and IEC 60269-1/2

- The STI isolatable fuse-carriers provide overload and short-circuit protection.
- They are used for industrial applications requiring a high breaking capacity.
- They perform the isolation function and must not be used as switches.
- They can be equipped with an indicator light indicating blowing of the fuse cartridge.

■ Isolation of all poles is guaranteed for the 2P, 3P, and 3P+N versions during factory assembly.

The general purpose fuse (gG fuse) provides overload and short-circuit protection. The fuse for motor application (**aM fuse**) only provides short-circuit protection. It is used for protection of loads with a high peak current (motors, transformer primaries, etc.).

### Accessories

#### Comb busbar

- Used to quickly bridge several STI of the same kind.

#### Busbar connectors

- Used to supply the busbar.
- For 25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable.

#### 230 V neon indicator light

- Indicates fuse blowing (off in normal operation and lit red after fuse blowing).
- 400 V maxi.







#### Padlocking device

- Locks the toggle in the "open" or "closed" position. Used with an 8 mm max. diameter padlock (not supplied).

#### Clip-on markers (C60 type)

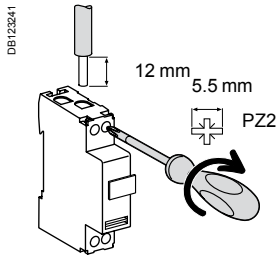
- Used to identify:
  - either on the front face of the device
  - or on the downstream terminals.

## Catalogue numbers

Fuse cartridge (Type F)					STI fuse holder						
Type	Rating	Voltage rating (Ue)	Short-circuit current (Isc)		Network type						
			aM	gG	aM	gG	1P	1P+N <sup>(1)</sup>	2P	3P	3P+N <sup>(1)</sup>
 8.5 x 31.5	2 A	400 V AC	20 kA	20 kA	DF2BA0200	DF2BN0200	 15635	 15645	 15650	 15655	 15657
	4 A	400 V AC	20 kA	20 kA	DF2BA0400	DF2BN0400	2 modules of 9 mm	2 modules of 9 mm	4 modules of 9 mm	6 modules of 9 mm	6 modules of 9 mm
	6 A	400 V AC	20 kA	20 kA	DF2BA0600	DF2BN0600					
	8 A	400 V AC	20 kA	20 kA	DF2BA0800	DF2BN0800					
	10 A	400 V AC	20 kA	20 kA	DF2BA1000	DF2BN1000					
10.3 x 38	2 A	500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA02	DF2CN02	15636	15646	15651	15656	15658
	4 A	500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA04	DF2CN04	2 modules of 9 mm	2 modules of 9 mm	4 modules of 9 mm	6 modules of 9 mm	6 modules of 9 mm
	6 A	500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA06	DF2CN06					
	10 A	500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA10	DF2CN10					
	16 A	500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA16	DF2CN16					
	20 A	500 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA20	DF2CN20					
25 A	400 V AC	120 kA	120 kA	DF2CA25	DF2CN25						
Operating frequency : 50/60 Hz											

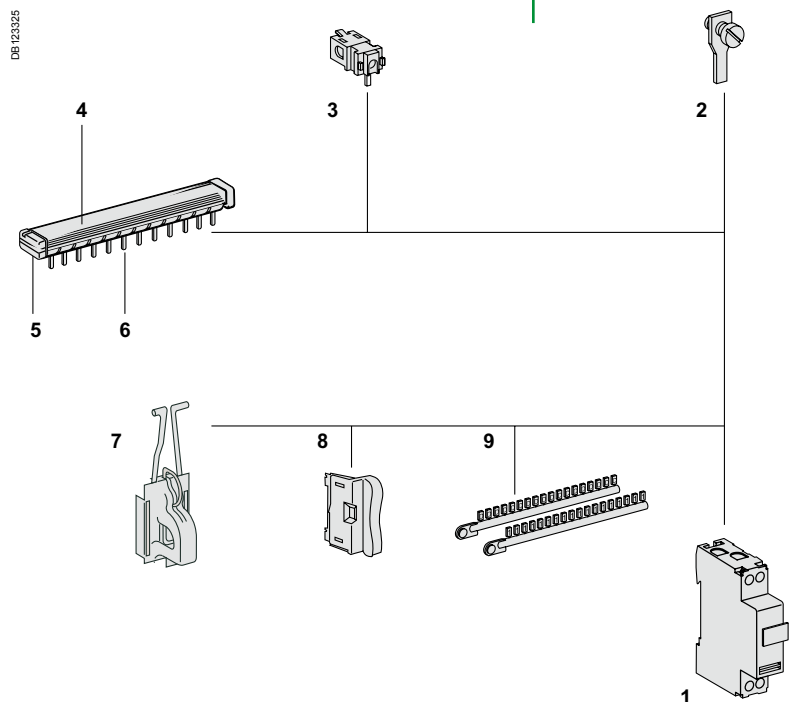
(1) The neutral pole comes equipped with a locked tube.

## Connection



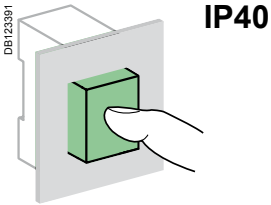
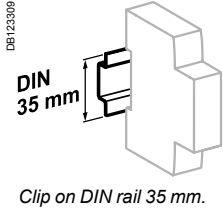
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories
			Copper cables		Screw-on connection for ring terminal
			Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	
STI	All	2 N.m	0.75 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.33 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm

2	Screw-on connection for ring terminal		<b>27053</b>
3	Insulated connectors (set of 4)		<b>14885</b>
4	Comb busbar 24 pas 1P		<b>14881</b>
	26 pas 1P+N		<b>14880</b>
	24 pas 2P		<b>14882</b>
	24 pas 3P		<b>14883</b>
	24 pas 4P		<b>14884</b>
5	Flange for comb busbars (set of 40)	For 1P, 2P	<b>14886</b>
		For 3P, 4P	<b>14887</b>
6	Teeth shield (set of 40)		<b>14888</b>



## Mounting accessories

7	Padlocking device		<b>15669</b>
8	Neon indicator light	1 piece blister	<b>15668</b>
9	Clip-on terminal markers	See module	<b>CA907001</b>



## Technical data

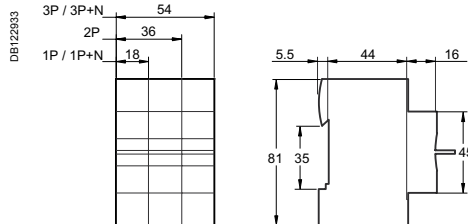
Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V
Pollution degree		3
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Operating temperature		-20°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +80°C
Isolation with positive contact indication by tilting the fuse-carrier		Captive fuse-carrier Additional housing is provided for a spare fuse
Cartridge blowing signalling (option)		By indicator light ON after blowing
To be equipped with aM or gG (gL - gI) type fuse cartridge without striker, with or without fuse blowing indicator		

Maximum dissipated power per pole of STI isolatable fuse-carriers			
Fuse cartridge type		Ith	Pmax
8.5 x 31 mm	aM	10 A	2.5 W
	gG	20 A	2.5 W
10.3 x 38 mm	aM	16 A	3 W
	gG	25 A	3 W

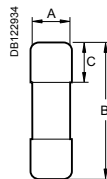
Maximum dissipated power per fuse cartridges			
Fuse cartridge type		Ith	Pmax
8.5 x 31 mm	aM	2 to 10 A	0.9 W
	gG	2 to 10 A	2.5 W
10.3 x 38 mm	aM	2 to 25 A	1.2 W
	gG	2 to 25 A	3 W

Specific technical data STI 1P+N and 3P+N	
Disconnection of the phase and neutral in the normal dimensions of the phase (2 mod. of 9 mm)	
Phase opening causes compulsory opening of the neutral	
The phase opens before the neutral on isolation and closes after the neutral on circuit closing	

## Dimensions (mm)

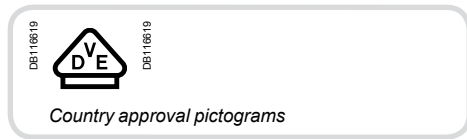


STI



aM, gG fuse cartridge			
Type	A	B	C
8.5 x 31.5 mm	8.5	31.5	10.3
10.3 x 38 mm	10.3	38	10.5

aM, gG



IEC/EN 60947-1, IEC/EN 60947-3, IEC 60269-1,  
IEC 60269-3,  
VDE 0660-100, VDE 0660-107



- The plug-in fuse switches disconnectors D01 and the switches disconnectors fuse D02 provide protection against overloads and short circuits.
- They are used for service sector and industrial applications.
- Depending on the versions, they should be provided with D01 or D02 type cartridges.

### Accessories

- The D02 gauges allow you to limit the rating of the fuses, depending on the model used, from 20 A to 50 A.

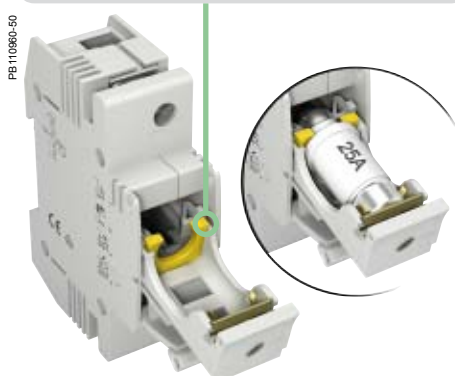
## Catalogue numbers

Fuse disconnectors switches								
Type	1P	1P+N	2P	3P	3P+N			
	D01	D01	D02	D02	D01	D02	D01	D02
	DB405042	DB405043	DB405438	DB405044	DB405045	DB405439	DB405046	DB405440
<b>D01 fuse switches disconnectors</b>								
<b>Rating (In)</b>								
10 A	-	MGN01610	-	-	-	-	MGN01710	
13 A	-	MGN01613	-	-	-	-	MGN01713	
16 A	-	MGN01616	-	-	MGN01316	-	MGN01716	
<b>D02 switches disconnectors fuse</b>								
<b>Rating (In)</b>								
63 A	MGN02163	MGN02663	MGN02263	MGN02363			MGN02763	
Width in 9 mm modules	2	4	4	6			8	

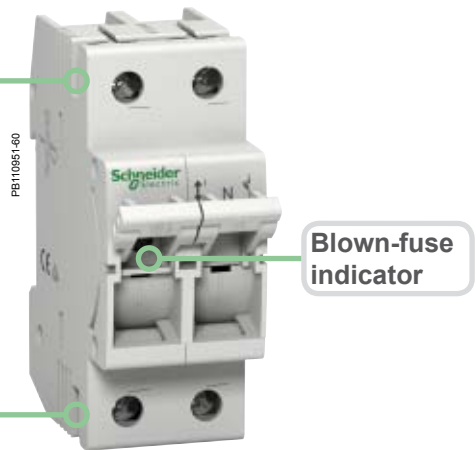


Accessories for D02 switches disconnectors fuse			
Type	Rating	Colour	
Fuse gauge	20 A	Blue	MGN09120
	25 A	Yellow	MGN09125
	32-35-40 A	Black	MGN09135
	50 A	White	MGN09150

**D02 : Gauges**  
■ These allow fitting of fuses from 20 A to 50 A

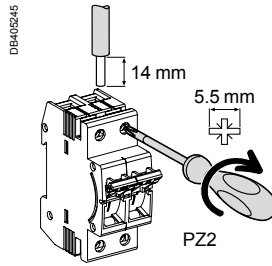


**Connection**  
■ Upstream/downstream by tunnel terminals  
■ For D01: by 18 mm forked comb busbar

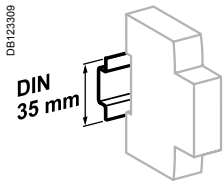


# D0 fuse disconnectors switches (cont.)

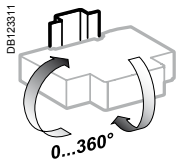
## Connection



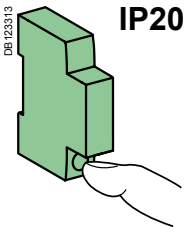
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
D01	2 N.m	1.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
D02	3 N.m	1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>



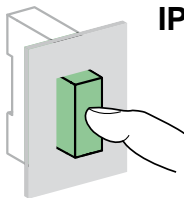
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



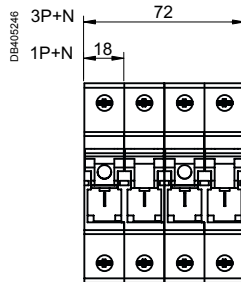
IP40

## Technical data

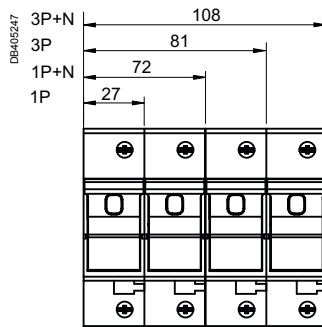
Main characteristics		D01	D02
Operating voltage (Ue)		230/400 V AC	230/400 V AC 110 V DC (2P)
Operating frequency (Hz)		45-62 Hz	45-62 Hz
Service breaking capacity (Isc)		AC	50 kA
		DC	- 8 kA
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		400 V	400 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Ui)		6000 V	6000 V
Utilization category (IEC 60947-3)		400 V AC	AC-22A
		110 V DC (2P)	- DC-22B (63 A)
		48 V DC (1P)	- DC-22A (63 A)
Endurance (O-C)		Electrical	1500 cycles
		Mechanical	10,000 cycles
Degree of protection		IP20	
Device only		IP40	
Device in modular enclosure		IP40	
Operating temperature		-5°C to +40°C	
Storage temperature		-25°C to +55°C	

### Additional characteristics

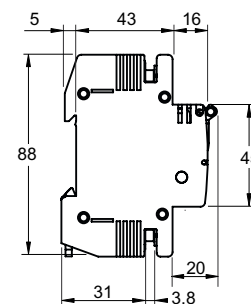
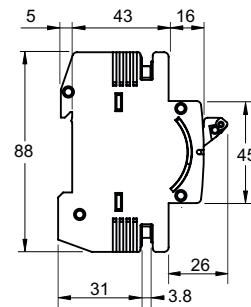
## Dimensions (mm)



D01 fuse switches disconnectors

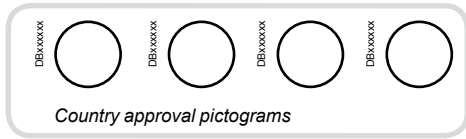


D02 switches disconnectors fuse





# SBI fuse holder with indicator light



IEC EN 60947-3



MGN15707



MGN15712



MGN15714



MGN15718

- SBI fuse holders provide overload and short-circuit protection.
- They are used for industrial applications requiring a high breaking capacity.
- They perform the isolation function and must not be used as switches.
- They are equipped with an indicator light indicating blowing of the fuse cartridge: to be equipped with aM or gG (gL-gl) type fuse cartridge without striker. The general purpose fuse (gG fuse) provides overload and short-circuit protection. The fuse for motor application (**aM fuse**) only provides short-circuit protection. It is used for protection of loads with a high peak current (motors, transformer primaries, etc.).

## Catalogue numbers

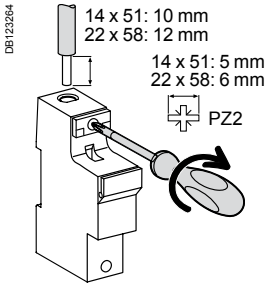
Fuse cartridge						SBI fuse holder						
Type	Rating	Voltage rating (Ue)	Short-circuit current (Isc)		Network type							
			aM	gG	aM	gG	N	1P	1P+N <sup>(1)</sup>	2P	3P	3P+N <sup>(1)</sup>
14 x 51 mm	10 A	690 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA10	DF2EN10	MGN15708	MGN15707	MGN15709	MGN15710	MGN15711	MGN15712
	12 A	690 V CA	120 kA	-	DF2EA12	-						
	16 A	690 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA16	DF2EN16						
	20 A	690 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA20	DF2EN20						
	25 A	690 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA25	DF2EN25						
	32 A	500 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA32	DF2EN32						
	40 A	500 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA40	DF2EN40						
	50 A	400 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2EA50	DF2EN50						
22 x 58 mm	32 A	690 V CA	80 kA	80 kA	DF2FA32	DF2FN32	MGN15714	MGN15713	MGN15715	MGN15716	MGN15717	MGN15718
	40 A	690 V CA	80 kA	80 kA	DF2FA40	DF2FN40						
	50 A	690 V CA	80 kA	80 kA	DF2FA50	DF2FN50						
	63 A	690 V CA	80 kA	80 kA	DF2FA63	DF2FN63						
	80 A	690 V CA	80 kA	80 kA	DF2FA80	DF2FN80						
	100 A	400 V CA	120 kA	120 kA	DF2FA100	DF2FN100						
	125 A	400 V CA	120 kA	-	DF2FA125	-						




Operating frequency: 50/60 Hz

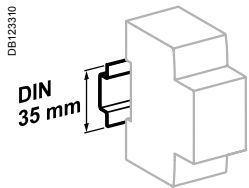
(1) The neutral pole comes equipped with a locked tube.

# SBI fuse holder with indicator light (cont.)

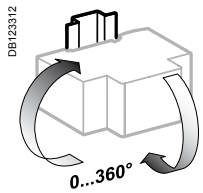
## Connection



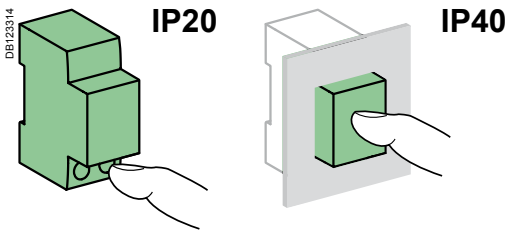
Type of fuse cartridge	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	Rigid cables	Flexible cables
14 x 51 mm	3.5 N.m	 2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	 2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	 2.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
22 x 58 mm	3.5 N.m	2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

Main characteristics	
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	690 V
Utilization category	AC20B isolation by switching the drawer, must not be operated under load

Additional characteristics	
Degree of protection	Device only: IP20 Device in modular enclosure: IP40
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C
Cartridge blowing signalling	By indicator light ON (neon)

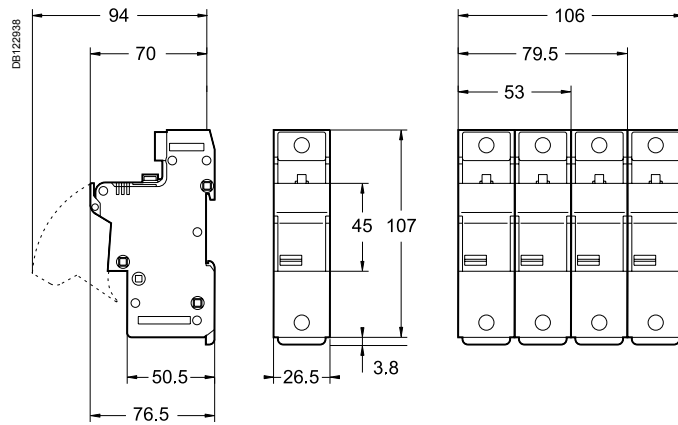
Maximum permissible characteristics of the fuse cartridges:

Fuse cartridge type	I <sub>th</sub>	P <sub>max</sub> *
14 x 51 mm	aM	3 W
	gG	5 W
22 x 58 mm	aM	9.5 W
	gG	9.5 W

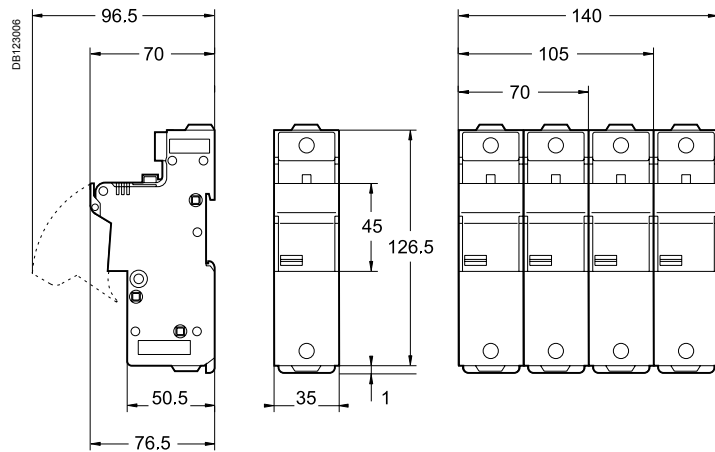
\*P<sub>max</sub>: maximum dissipated power per fuse cartridge.

# SBI fuse holder with indicator light (cont.)

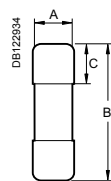
## Dimensions (mm)



14 x 51 mm



22 x 58 mm



aM, gG

aM, gG fuse cartridge			
Type	A	B	C
14 x 51 mm	14.3	51	13.8
22 x 58 mm	22.2	58	16.2




## Choice of sensitivity

The sensitivity of an earth leakage protection device depends mainly on the function it has to perform:

- Protection from electric shock by direct contact.
- Protection from electric shock by indirect contact.
- Protection from fire due to current leakage.

The following table gives a reminder of:




- The circuits that must be protected against these various risks (obligation or recommendation).
- The type of earth leakage protection device to be used in each case, its sensitivity, and its location in the distribution diagram.

Type of protection	Obligations		Recommended by Schneider Electric	Sensitivity (I $\Delta$ n)		
	National standard <i>To be filled in according to the country standard</i>	International standard IEC 60364		30 mA (*)	100 mA to 3000 mA (depending on the earthing system)	300 mA (or 500 mA)
<b>Protection from electric shock by direct contact</b>						
 DB123167	<i>To be filled in according to the country standard</i>	Power supply for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ General-purpose power sockets, up to 20 A</li> <li>■ Appliances in the vicinity of a bathtub, shower, pond or swimming pool</li> <li>■ Portable appliances for outdoor use, up to 32 A</li> <li>■ Lighting for exhibition stands and shows</li> <li>■ Outdoor lighting</li> </ul> <i>To be modified according to national obligations (above)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Lighting in the home</li> </ul>	<b>Setup in final distribution switchboard</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Residual current device protecting a circuit</li> <li>■ Residual current circuit breaker protecting a group of circuits</li> </ul>		
<b>Protection from electric shock by indirect contact</b>						
 DB123168	<i>To be filled in according to the country standard</i>	The entire power distribution system, except for devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ With class II insulation</li> <li>■ Operating at Safety Extra Low Voltage (class III)</li> </ul> <i>To be modified according to national obligations (above)</i>	—	<b>Setup in final distribution switchboard</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Residual current circuit breaker or device, on incoming feeder</li> </ul> <b>Setup in subdistribution board or main switchboard</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Residual current device protecting a circuit</li> <li>■ Residual current device or circuit breaker protecting a group of circuits</li> <li>■ On incoming feeder: residual current circuit breaker or device</li> </ul>		
<b>Protection from fire due to current leakage</b>						
 DB123169	<i>To be filled in according to the country standard</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ High-risk premises:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ explosion (BE3)</li> <li>□ fire (BE2)</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Agricultural and horticultural buildings</li> <li>■ Equipment for fairs, exhibitions and shows</li> <li>■ Temporary outdoor recreational installations</li> </ul> <i>To be modified according to national obligations (above)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Dilapidated buildings or electrical installations</li> <li>■ Humid atmospheres: agricultural buildings, public swimming pools</li> <li>■ Presence of chemical agents</li> </ul>			<b>Setup in final distribution switchboard</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Residual current circuit breaker or device, on incoming feeder</li> </ul> <b>Setup in subdistribution board or main switchboard</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Residual current device protecting each circuit to a high-risk zone</li> <li>■ Residual current device or circuit breaker protecting a group of circuits</li> <li>■ On incoming feeder: residual current circuit breaker or device</li> </ul>

(\*) The 10 mA sensitivity is useful for certain very specific applications, where there is a risk that someone could sustain a non-dangerous current (10 to 30 mA) without being able to get free. Example: healthcare equipment for hospital beds. Generally, devices with this very high sensitivity are liable to cause frequent tripping, due to the natural leakage currents of the installation.

## Interference immunity

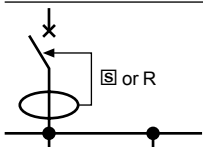
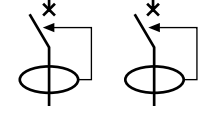

Schneider Electric provides various equipment technologies capable of overcoming the consequences of interference of all kinds.

Operating conditions		Examples	Types				
			AC	A	SI	B	
<b>Loads</b>							
	With no special characteristics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General-purpose power sockets</li> <li>Incandescent lighting</li> <li>Household appliances: microwave oven, dishwasher, clothes dryer</li> <li>Electric heating, water heater</li> </ul>	■	■	■	■	
	Including a rectifier	Single phase	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Household appliances: induction cooking appliances, washing machines (variable speed)</li> <li>Single-phase variable speed drives</li> </ul>	-	■	■	-
		Three phase	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Three-phase variable speed industrial drives</li> <li>Three-phase uninterruptible power supplies</li> </ul>	-	-	-	■
	Generating high-frequency interference (current peaks, harmonics)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fluorescent lighting powered by extra low voltage transformer, by electronic ballast</li> <li>Variable luminosity lighting</li> <li>Powerful IT equipment</li> <li>Single-phase variable speed industrial drives</li> <li>Air conditioning</li> <li>Telecommunications equipment</li> <li>Capacitor banks</li> </ul>	-	-	■	■
	Including an anti-harmonic filter in the power supply		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Microcomputer systems</li> <li>Computer peripherals (printers, scanners, etc.)</li> </ul>	-	-	■	■
<b>Electrical environment</b>							
	Vicinity of equipment generating transient overvoltages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High-powered switching devices</li> <li>Reactive energy compensation banks</li> </ul>	-	-	■	■	
	Circuits powered by an uninterruptible power supply "Isolated neutral" (IT) earthing system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Backed-up networks</li> </ul>	-	-	■	■	
	Major risk of lightning strokes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Buildings protected by a lightning protection system</li> <li>Mountainous or humid regions</li> <li>Regions with high keraunic level</li> </ul>	-	-	■	■	
<b>Atmosphere</b>							
	Ambient temperature which could be less than -5°C	-	-	■	■	■	
	Presence of corrosive agents (AF2 to AF4) or dust	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indoor swimming pools</li> <li>Yacht harbours, marinas, camping grounds</li> <li>Water treatment</li> <li>Chemical industries, heavy industries, paper mills</li> <li>Mines and cellars, road tunnels</li> <li>Markets, stock raising, food processing industries</li> </ul>	-	-	■ (1)	-	

(1) SiE for C120 and NG125 circuit-breakers

## Discrimination

Residual current devices of average sensitivity (100 mA and more) are available in a selective (S) and delayed (R) version. This option ensures that, in the event of an earth fault downstream of the installation, only the defective part is switched off. The table below shows (in green) which upstream/downstream equipment combinations provide this discrimination.

Sensitivity (mA) - Downstream		Sensitivity (mA) - Upstream												
		Instantaneous						Selective S			Delayed R			
		30	100	300	500	1000	3000	100	300	500	1000	3000	1000	3000
	Instantaneous	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Selective S	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Delayed R	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		3000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

## Selection guide

Type		Residual current circuit breakers			
		iID K	iID	RCCB-ID 125 A	RCCB-ID type B
					
<b>Standards</b>		IEC/EN 61008	IEC/EN 61008	IEC/EN 61008-1 and VDE 0664	IEC/EN 61008 and VDE 0664
<b>Number of poles</b>	1P+N	–	–	–	–
	2P	■	■	■	–
	3P	–	–	–	–
	4P	■	■	■	■
<b>Type</b>	AC	■	■	■	–
	A	–	■	■	–
	S/I	–	■	■	–
	B	–	–	–	■
<b>Voltage (V)</b>	Ue	230/400	230/400	230/400	230/400
<b>Impulse voltage (kV)</b>	Uimp	4	6	4	4
<b>Insulation voltage (V)</b>	Ui	440	500	400	400
<b>Current rating (A)</b>	In	25 - 40 - 63	16 to 100	125	25 to 125
<b>Frequency (Hz)</b>		50/60	50	50	50
<b>Rated breaking capacity (A)</b>	Icn	–	–	–	–
<b>Rated conditional short-circuit current</b>	Icn	4500	10000	10000	10000
<b>Rated residual breaking and making capacity (A)</b>	(IΔm)	10 In (500 A min.)	1500	1250	10 In (500 A min.)
<b>Sensitivity (mA)</b>	(IΔn)				
	10	–	■	–	–
	30	■	■	■	■
	100	–	■	■	–
	300	■	■	■	■
	500	–	■	■	■
	1000	–	–	–	–
	3000	–	–	–	–
	300 $\square$	–	■	■	■
	500 $\square$	–	■	–	–
1000 $\square$	–	–	–	–	
3000 $\square$	–	–	–	–	
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>					
<b>Curves</b>	B	–	–	–	–
	C	–	–	–	–
	D	–	–	–	–
	L	–	–	–	–
	K	–	–	–	–
	MA	–	–	–	–
	<b>For more details, see module</b>		CA902007	CA902002	CM902001
<b>Accessories</b>	–	–	CA907000, CA907001	CM902001	CM902002
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	–	–	CA907000, CA907002	CM902001	CM902002

**I<sub>nc</sub>: rated conditional short-circuit current**

Value of the alternating component of the prospective current that a residual current circuit breaker protected by an appropriate short-circuit protective device (SCPD) mounted in series can withstand in specified conditions of use.

**I<sub>Δc</sub>: rated residual short-circuit current**

Value of the alternating component of the prospective residual current that a residual current circuit breaker protected by an appropriate short-circuit protective device (SCPD) mounted in series can withstand in specified conditions of use.

**I<sub>m</sub>: rated making and breaking capacity**

Value of the alternating component of the prospective current that a residual current circuit breaker is capable of establishing or interrupting in specified conditions of use.


**I<sub>Δm</sub>: rated making and breaking capacity**

Value of the alternating component of the prospective residual current that a residual current circuit breaker is capable of establishing and withstanding during its opening time and interrupting in specified conditions of use and behaviour.







**SCPD**

Short-circuit protective device (a fuse in the case of our markings): this is the max. fuse that can be used to resist the value  $I_{nc} = I_{Δc}$ .

# Overview of the earth leakage protection product range (cont.)

Add-on residual current devices			Residual current devices RCBO		
	Vigi iC60	Vigi C120	Vigi NG125	DPNa Vigi	DPN N Vigi
PB10446E-40		PB107824-40	05894N_LSE-35	PB104341E-35	PB104341E-35
	IEC/EN 61009	IEC/EN 61009	IEC/EN 61009	IEC/EN 61009	IEC/EN 61009
	-	-	-	■	■
	■	■	■	-	-
	■	■	■	-	-
	■	■	■	-	-
	■	■	■	■	■
	■	■	■	-	-
	■	■	■	-	■
	-	-	-	-	-
	230/400	230/400	230/400	230	230
	6	6	8	4	4
	500	500	690	400	400
	25 - 40 - 63	10 - 125	63 - 125	10 - 16	4 to 40
	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
	-	-	-	4500	6000
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	4500	6000
	■	-	-	■	-
	■	■	■	-	■
	■	-	-	-	-
	■	■	■	-	■
	■	■	■	-	-
	-	-	■	-	-
	-	-	■	-	-
	■	■	■	-	-
	■	■	■	-	-
	■	■	■	-	-
	-	-	■	-	-
	Depending on circuit breaker used	Depending on circuit breaker used	Depending on circuit breaker used	-	■
				■	■
				-	-
				-	-
				-	-
				-	-
				-	-
				-	-
				-	-
	CA902005	CA902016	CM902008	CA902014	CA902014
	CA907000, CA907001	CA907012, CA907013	CM907004, CM907006	CA907013, CA907012	CA907013, CA907012
	CA907000, CA907002	CA907008, CA907013	CM907004, CM907005	CA907013, CA907008	CA907013, CA907008

## Selection guide

Type		Residual current circuit breakers	Add-on residual current devices
		<b>xID</b>	<b>Vigi xC60</b>
			
		PB11081F-35	PB11082F-40
<b>Standards</b>		IEC/EN 61008	IEC/EN 61009
<b>Number of poles</b>	1P+N	–	–
	2P	■	■
	3P	–	–
	4P	■	■
<b>Type</b>	AC	■	■
	A	–	–
	S/I	■	–
	B	–	–
<b>Voltage (V)</b>	Ue	230/400	230/400
<b>Impulse voltage (kV)</b>	Uimp	6	6
<b>Insulation voltage (V)</b>	Ui	440	500
<b>Current rating (A)</b>	In	25 - 40 - 63 - 80	25 - 63
<b>Frequency (Hz)</b>		50/60	50/60
<b>Rated breaking capacity (A)</b>	Icn	–	–
<b>Rated conditional short-circuit current</b>	Icn	10,000	–
<b>Rated residual breaking and making capacity (A)</b>	(IΔm)	10 In (500 A min.)	–
<b>Curve</b>		–	–
<b>Sensitivity (mA)</b>	(IΔn) 10	–	–
	30	■	■
	100	■	■
	300	■	■
	500	–	–
	1000	–	–
	3000	–	–
	300 	■	–
	500 	–	–
	1000 	–	–
3000 	–	–	
<b>Electrical characteristics</b>			
<b>Curves</b>	B	–	Depending on circuit breaker used
	C	–	
	D	–	
	L	–	
	K	–	
	MA	–	
<b>For more details, see module</b>		<b>CA902028</b>	<b>CA902029</b>
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>CA907012</b>	<b>CA907012</b>
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>CA907008</b>	<b>CA907008</b>

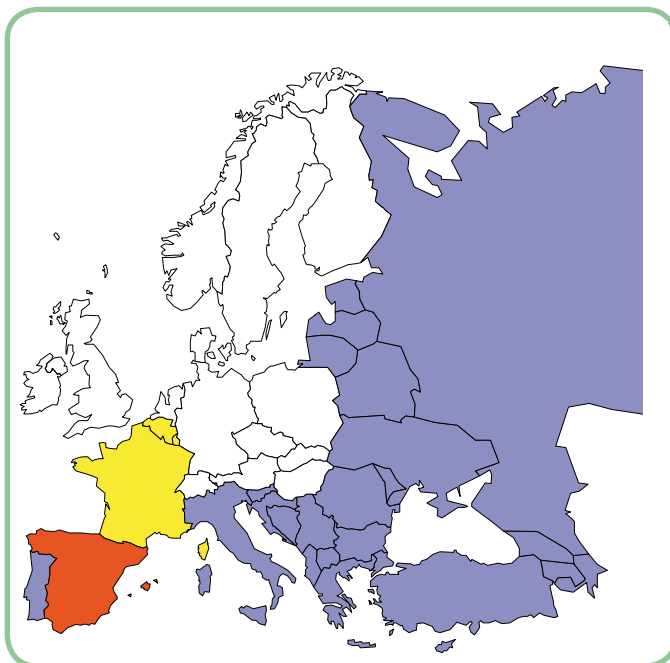


Schneider Electric's range of residual current circuit breakers consists of different products (A, B, C, D) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

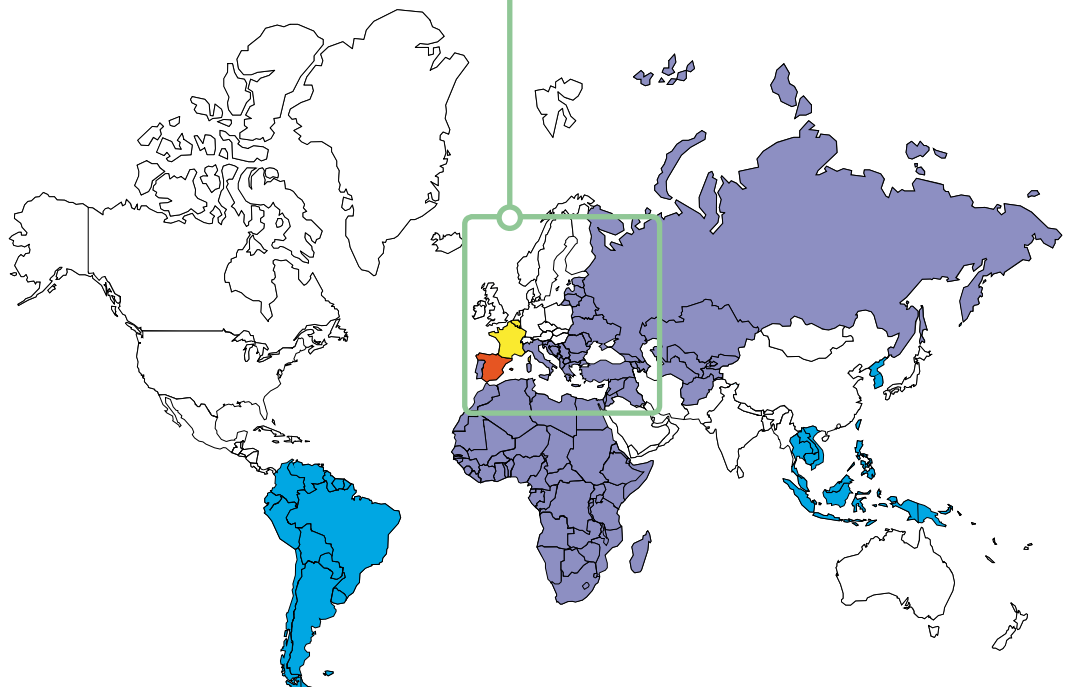
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

**Variants**

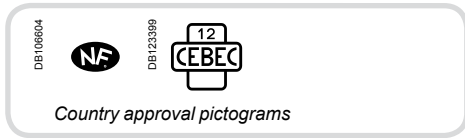
Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	152
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	155
Offer C	Catalogue numbers	158
Offer D	Catalogue numbers	161
Common pages		164



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.



# iID residual current circuit breakers (AC type)



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

Offer selection see page 151

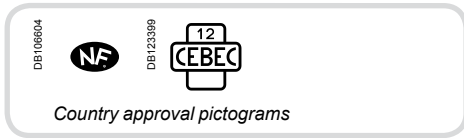
# Offer A

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## Catalogue numbers

iID residual current circuit breakers								
Type	AC							Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002							
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA
	Rating	16 A	A9R10216	-	-	-	-	-
		25 A	A9R10225	A9R11225	-	A9R14225	A9R16225	-
		40 A	-	A9R11240	A9R12240	A9R14240	A9R16240	-
		63 A	-	A9R11263	A9R12263	A9R14263	A9R16263	A9R15263
		80 A	-	A9R11280	A9R12280	A9R14280	-	A9R15280
		100 A	-	A9R11291	A9R12291	A9R14291	-	A9R15291
	Rating	25 A	-	A9R11425	-	A9R14425	A9R16425	-
		40 A	-	A9R11440	A9R12440	A9R14440	A9R16440	A9R15440
		63 A	-	A9R11463	A9R12463	A9R14463	A9R16463	A9R15463
		80 A	-	A9R11480	A9R12480	A9R14480	A9R16480	A9R15480
		100 A	-	A9R11491	A9R12491	A9R14491	-	A9R15491
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V						
	4P	400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz							
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001							

# iID residual current circuit breakers (A type)



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent

- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

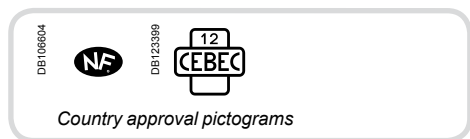
iID residual current circuit breakers			
Type	A	Width in 9 mm module	
Auxiliaries		Module CA907002	
2P	Sensitivity 30 mA		
 DB122476	Rating 63 A	A9R08263	4
 DB122477	Sensitivity 30 mA		
	Rating 63 A	A9R08463	8
Voltage rating (Ue)		2P	110 V
		4P	230 V
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz	
Accessories		Module CA907000 and CA907001	

Offer selection see page 151

**Offer A**

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iID residual current circuit breakers									
Type	A	Width in 9 mm module							
Auxiliaries		Module CA907002							
 DB122476	Rating	Sensitivity 10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	4	
		16 A	A9R20216	-	-	-	-		
		25 A	A9R20225	A9R01225	-	A9R04225	-		
		40 A	-	A9R01240	-	A9R04240	-		A9R05240
		63 A	-	A9R01263	-	A9R04263	-		A9R05263
100 A	-	A9R01291	-	A9R04291	-	A9R05291			
 DB122477	Rating	Sensitivity 10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	8	
		25 A	-	A9R01425	-	A9R04425	-		
		40 A	-	A9R01440	A9R22440	A9R04440	A9R26440		A9R05440
		63 A	-	A9R01463	A9R22463	A9R04463	A9R26463		A9R05463
		80 A	-	A9R21480	-	A9R24480	-		A9R25480
100 A	-	A9R01491	-	A9R04491	A9R26491	A9R05491			
Voltage rating (Ue)		2P	230 - 240 V						
		4P	400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz							
Accessories		Module CA907000 and CA907001							



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

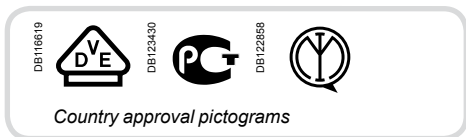
Offer selection see page 151

# Offer A

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## Catalogue numbers

iID residual current circuit breakers							
Type	SI						Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002						
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA	
	Rating	16 A	-	-	-	-	4
		25 A	<b>A9R30225</b>	<b>A9R31225</b>	-	-	
		40 A	-	<b>A9R31240</b>	-	<b>A9R35240</b>	
		63 A	-	<b>A9R31263</b>	-	<b>A9R35263</b>	
		100 A	-	-	-	<b>A9R35291</b>	
	Rating	25 A	-	<b>A9R31425</b>	-	-	8
		40 A	-	<b>A9R31440</b>	-	<b>A9R35440</b>	
		63 A	-	<b>A9R31463</b>	<b>A9R34463</b>	<b>A9R35463</b>	
		80 A	-	<b>A9R31480</b>	-	<b>A9R35480</b>	
		100 A	-	<b>A9R31491</b>	<b>A9R34491</b>	<b>A9R35491</b>	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V					
	4P	400 - 415 V					
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz						
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001						



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

Offer selection see page 151

# Offer B

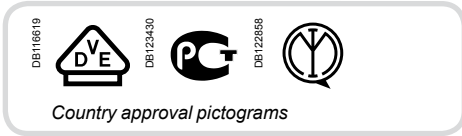
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## Catalogue numbers

### iID residual current circuit breakers

Type	AC								Width in 9 mm module	
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002									
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA		
	Rating	16 A	A9R10216	-	-	-	-	-	4	
		25 A	A9R10225	A9R41225	-	A9R44225	A9R16225	-		
		40 A	-	A9R41240	A9R12240	A9R44240	A9R16240	-		
		63 A	-	A9R41263	A9R12263	A9R44263	A9R16263	A9R15263	-	
		80 A	-	A9R11280	A9R12280	A9R14280	-	A9R15280	-	
		100 A	-	A9R11291	A9R12291	A9R14291	-	A9R15291	-	
	Rating	25 A	-	A9R41425	-	A9R44425	A9R16425	-	8	
		40 A	-	A9R41440	A9R12440	A9R44440	A9R16440	A9R15440	A9R17440	
		63 A	-	A9R41463	A9R12463	A9R44463	A9R16463	A9R15463	A9R17463	
		80 A	-	A9R11480	A9R12480	A9R14480	A9R16480	A9R15480	A9R17480	
		100 A	-	A9R11491	A9R12491	A9R14491	-	A9R15491	-	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V								
	4P	400 - 415 V								
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz									
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001									

# iID residual current circuit breakers (A type)



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

## Voltage Independent

- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.



## Catalogue numbers

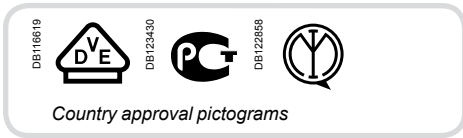
iID residual current circuit breakers				
Type	A			Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002			
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA		
 DB122476	Rating	63 A	A9R08263	4
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA		
 DB122477	Rating	63 A	A9R08463	8
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	110 V		
	4P	230 V		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz			
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001			

Offer selection see page 151

**Offer B**

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iID residual current circuit breakers									
Type	A								Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002								
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA		
 DB122476	Rating	16 A	A9R20216	-	-	-	-	-	4
		25 A	A9R20225	A9R21225	-	A9R24225	-	-	
		40 A	-	A9R21240	-	A9R24240	-	A9R25240	
		63 A	-	A9R21263	-	A9R24263	-	A9R25263	
		100 A	-	A9R21291	-	A9R24291	-	A9R25291	
4P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA		
 DB122477	Rating	25 A	-	A9R21425	-	A9R24425	-	-	8
		40 A	-	A9R21440	A9R22440	A9R24440	A9R26440	A9R25440	
		63 A	-	A9R21463	A9R22463	A9R24463	A9R26463	A9R25463	
		80 A	-	A9R21480	-	A9R24480	-	A9R25480	
		100 A	-	A9R21491	-	A9R24491	A9R26491	A9R25491	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V							
	4P	400 - 415 V							
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz								
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001								



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



## Catalogue numbers

iID residual current circuit breakers							
Type	SI						Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002						
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA	
	Rating	16 A	-	-	-	-	4
		25 A	A9R30225	A9R61225	-	-	
		40 A	-	A9R61240	-	A9R35240	
		63 A	-	A9R61263	-	A9R35263	
		100 A	-	-	-	A9R35291	
	Rating	25 A	-	A9R61425	-	-	8
		40 A	-	A9R61440	-	A9R35440	
		63 A	-	A9R61463	A9R34463	A9R35463	
		80 A	-	A9R31480	-	A9R35480	
		100 A	-	A9R31491	A9R34491	A9R35491	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V					
	4P	400 - 415 V					
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz						
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001						





IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

Offer selection see page 151

# offer C

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## Catalogue numbers

### iID residual current circuit breakers

Type		AC							Width in 9 mm module	
Auxiliaries		Module CA907002								
2P		Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA	
	Rating	16 A	A9R10216	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
		25 A	A9R10225	A9R71225	-	A9R74225	A9R16225	-	-	
		40 A	-	A9R71240	A9R12240	A9R74240	A9R16240	-	-	
		63 A	-	A9R71263	A9R12263	A9R74263	A9R16263	A9R15263	-	
		80 A	-	A9R11280	A9R12280	A9R14280	-	A9R15280	-	
		100 A	-	A9R11291	A9R12291	A9R14291	-	A9R15291	-	
	Rating	25 A	-	A9R71425	-	A9R74425	A9R16425	-	-	8
		40 A	-	A9R71440	A9R12440	A9R74440	A9R16440	A9R15440	A9R17440	
		63 A	-	A9R71463	A9R12463	A9R74463	A9R16463	A9R15463	A9R17463	
		80 A	-	A9R11480	A9R12480	A9R14480	A9R16480	A9R15480	A9R17480	
		100 A	-	A9R11491	A9R12491	A9R14491	-	A9R15491	-	
	Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V							
	4P	400 - 415 V								
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz									
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001									



# iID residual current circuit breakers (A type)



Country approval pictograms



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent

- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

iID residual current circuit breakers				
Type	A			Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002			
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9R08263</b>	4
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9R08463</b>	8
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	110 V		
	4P	230 V		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz			
<b>Accessories</b>	<b>Module CA907000 and CA907001</b>			

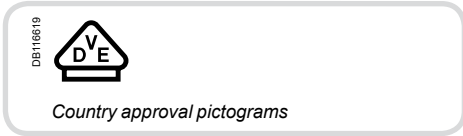
Offer selection see page 151

**offer C**

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iID residual current circuit breakers									
Type	A							Width in 9 mm module	
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002								
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>		
	Rating	16 A <b>A9R20216</b>	-	-	-	-	-	4	
		25 A <b>A9R20225</b>	<b>A9R51225</b>	-	<b>A9R54225</b>	-	-		
		40 A -	<b>A9R51240</b>	-	<b>A9R54240</b>	-	<b>A9R25240</b>		
		63 A -	<b>A9R51263</b>	-	<b>A9R54263</b>	-	<b>A9R25263</b>		
		100 A -	<b>A9R21291</b>	-	<b>A9R24291</b>	-	<b>A9R25291</b>		
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>		
	Rating	25 A -	<b>A9R51425</b>	-	<b>A9R54425</b>	-	-	8	
		40 A -	<b>A9R51440</b>	<b>A9R22440</b>	<b>A9R54440</b>	<b>A9R26440</b>	<b>A9R25440</b>		
		63 A -	<b>A9R51463</b>	<b>A9R22463</b>	<b>A9R54463</b>	<b>A9R26463</b>	<b>A9R25463</b>		
		80 A -	<b>A9R21480</b>	-	<b>A9R24480</b>	-	<b>A9R25480</b>		
		100 A -	<b>A9R21491</b>	-	<b>A9R24491</b>	<b>A9R26491</b>	<b>A9R25491</b>		
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V							
	4P	400 - 415 V							
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz								
<b>Accessories</b>	<b>Module CA907000 and CA907001</b>								

# iID residual current circuit breakers (SI type)



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

Offer selection see page 151

**offer C**

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## Catalogue numbers

### iID residual current circuit breakers

Type	SI						Width in 9 mm module	
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>Module CA907002</b>						
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>500 mA </b>		
<p>DB122476</p>	Rating	16 A	-	-	-	-	4	
	25 A	<b>A9R30225</b>	<b>A9R91225</b>	-	-	-		
	40 A	-	<b>A9R91240</b>	-	<b>A9R35240</b>	-		
	63 A	-	<b>A9R91263</b>	-	<b>A9R35263</b>	-		
	100 A	-	-	-	<b>A9R35291</b>	-		
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>500 mA </b>		
<p>DB122477</p>	Rating	25 A	-	<b>A9R91425</b>	-	-	8	
	40 A	-	<b>A9R91440</b>	-	<b>A9R35440</b>	<b>A9R37440</b>		
	63 A	-	<b>A9R91463</b>	<b>A9R34463</b>	<b>A9R35463</b>	<b>A9R37463</b>		
	80 A	-	<b>A9R31480</b>	-	<b>A9R35480</b>	<b>A9R37480</b>		
	100 A	-	<b>A9R31491</b>	<b>A9R34491</b>	<b>A9R35491</b>	-		
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V						
	4P	400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz							
<b>Accessories</b>	<b>Module CA907000 and CA907001</b>							

DB123400



Country approval pictograms

IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent

PB10472-40



PB10473-40



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

Offer selection see page 151

# Offer D

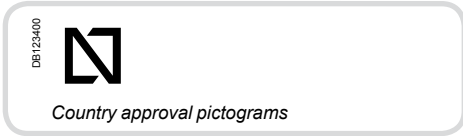
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## Catalogue numbers

### iID residual current circuit breakers

Type	AC								Width in 9 mm module	
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002									
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA		
<p>DB12476</p>	Rating	16 A	A9R10216	-	-	-	-	-	4	
		25 A	A9R10225	A9R81225	-	A9R84225	A9R16225	-		
		40 A	-	A9R81240	A9R12240	A9R84240	A9R16240	-		
		63 A	-	A9R81263	A9R12263	A9R84263	A9R16263	A9R15263		
		80 A	-	A9R11280	A9R12280	A9R14280	-	A9R15280		
		100 A	-	A9R11291	A9R12291	A9R14291	-	A9R15291		
<p>DB12477</p>	Rating	25 A	-	A9R81425	-	A9R84425	A9R16425	-	8	
		40 A	-	A9R81440	A9R12440	A9R84440	A9R16440	A9R15440		A9R17440
		63 A	-	A9R81463	A9R12463	A9R84463	A9R16463	A9R15463		A9R17463
		80 A	-	A9R11480	A9R12480	A9R14480	A9R16480	A9R15480		A9R17480
		100 A	-	A9R11491	A9R12491	A9R14491	-	A9R15491		-
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V								
	4P	400 - 415 V								
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz									
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001									

# iID residual current circuit breakers (A type)



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

## Voltage Independent

- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

iID residual current circuit breakers				
Type	A			Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002			
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9R08263</b>	4
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9R08463</b>	8
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	110 V		
	4P	230 V		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz			
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001			

Offer selection see page 151

**Offer D**

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iID residual current circuit breakers								
Type	A							Width in 9 mm module
Auxiliaries	Module CA907002							
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	
	Rating	16 A	<b>A9R20216</b>	-	-	-	-	4
		25 A	<b>A9R20225</b>	<b>A9R21225</b>	-	<b>A9R24225</b>	-	
		40 A	-	<b>A9R21240</b>	-	<b>A9R24240</b>	-	<b>A9R25240</b>
		63 A	-	<b>A9R21263</b>	-	<b>A9R24263</b>	-	<b>A9R25263</b>
		100 A	-	<b>A9R21291</b>	-	<b>A9R24291</b>	-	<b>A9R25291</b>
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	
	Rating	25 A	-	<b>A9R21425</b>	-	<b>A9R24425</b>	-	8
		40 A	-	<b>A9R21440</b>	<b>A9R22440</b>	<b>A9R24440</b>	<b>A9R26440</b>	<b>A9R25440</b>
		63 A	-	<b>A9R21463</b>	<b>A9R22463</b>	<b>A9R24463</b>	<b>A9R26463</b>	<b>A9R25463</b>
		80 A	-	<b>A9R21480</b>	-	<b>A9R24480</b>	-	<b>A9R25480</b>
		100 A	-	<b>A9R21491</b>	-	<b>A9R24491</b>	<b>A9R26491</b>	<b>A9R25491</b>
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V						
	4P	400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz							
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001							

DB123400



Country approval pictograms

IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Voltage Independent

PB10472-40



PB10473-40



- The iID residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

Offer selection see page 151

# Offer D

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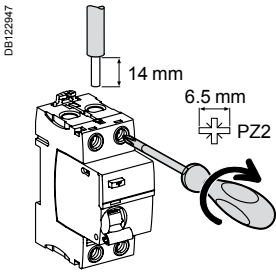
## Catalogue numbers

### iID residual current circuit breakers

Type	SI						Width in 9 mm module
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	Module CA907002						
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>500 mA </b>	
<p>DB122476</p>	Rating	16 A	-	-	-	-	4
		25 A	A9R30225	A9R61225	-	-	
		40 A	-	A9R61240	-	A9R35240	
		63 A	-	A9R61263	-	A9R35263	
		100 A	-	-	-	A9R35291	
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>500 mA </b>	
<p>DB122477</p>	Rating	25 A	-	A9R61425	-	-	8
		40 A	-	A9R61440	-	A9R35440	
		63 A	-	A9R61463	A9R34463	A9R35463	
		80 A	-	A9R31480	-	A9R35480	
		100 A	-	A9R31491	A9R34491	A9R35491	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V					
	4P	400 - 415 V					
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz						
<b>Accessories</b>	Module CA907000 and CA907001						

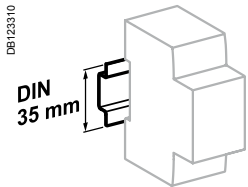
# iID residual current circuit breakers (AC, A, SI types)

## Connection

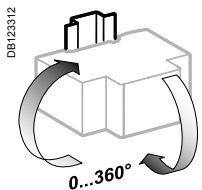


Type	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories*			
		Copper cables		50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	Al terminal		Rigid cables	Flexible cables
iID	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	∅ 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

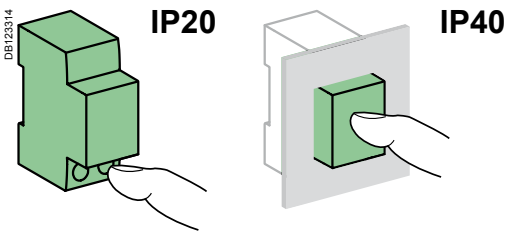
\* See module CA907000






Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



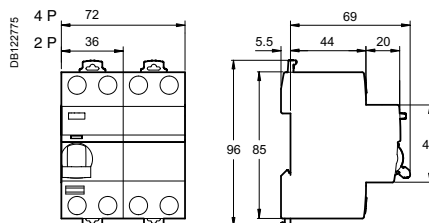
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV
According to IEC/EN 61008-1 and IEC/EN 61008-2-1		
Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /Δm)		1500 A
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	AC and A types (no selective  )	250 Å
	AC, A types (selective  )	3 kÅ
	SI type	3 kÅ
Conditional rated short circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /Δc)	With iC60N/H/L	Equal to breaking capacity of iC60
	With fuse 	10,000 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical (AC1)	16 to 63 A 80 to 100 A
	Mechanical	15,000 cycles 10,000 cycles
Operating temperature	AC type	20,000 cycles
	A and SI types	-5°C to +60°C -25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C

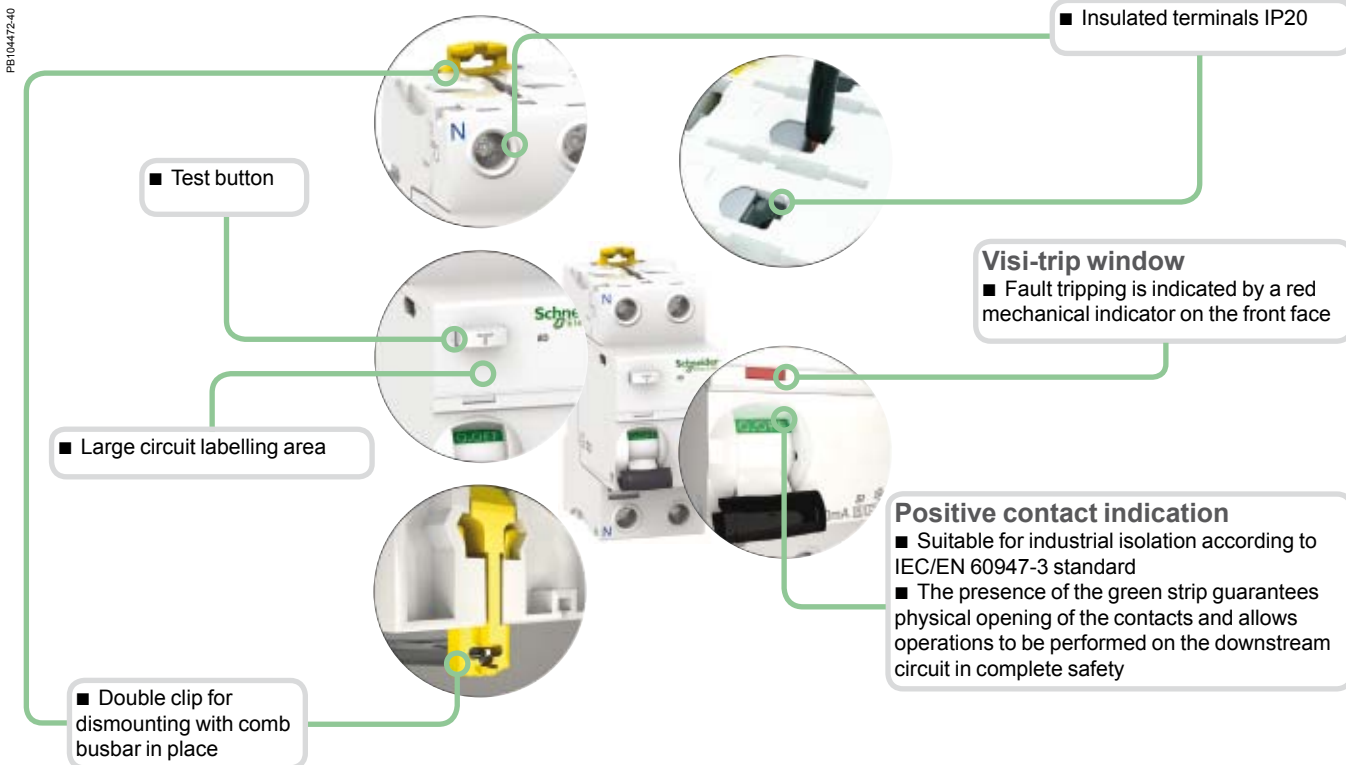
## Weight (g)

Residual current circuit breakers	
Type	iID
2P	210
4P	370

## Dimensions (mm)



# iLD residual current circuit breakers (AC, A, *SI* types) (cont.)

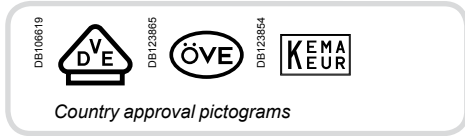


## *SI* type

The *SI* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



# iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers (AC type)



KEMA KEUR approval, only for 2P/4P 25 A to 63 A catalogue numbers.

IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent



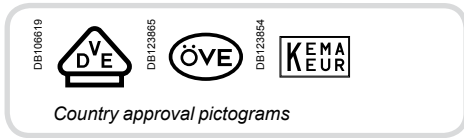
- The iID double tunnel terminals residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers											
Type	AC									Width in 9 mm module	
Product	iID										
Auxiliaries	Can accept auxiliaries, module CA907002										
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	30 mA Type G	100 mA	100 mA	100 mA Type G	300 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9Z10225	A9Z11225	-	-	-	A9Z14225	-	4	
		40 A	-	A9Z11240	A9Z76240	A9Z12240	-	A9Z77240	A9Z14240	A9Z15240	
		63 A	-	A9Z11263	A9Z76263	A9Z12263	-	A9Z77263	A9Z14263	A9Z15263	
		80 A	-	A9Z11280	-	A9Z12280	-	-	A9Z14280	A9Z15280	
		100 A	-	A9Z11291	-	A9Z12291	-	-	A9Z14291	A9Z15291	
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Z11425	-	-	-	A9Z14425	-	8	
		40 A	-	A9Z11440	-	A9Z12440	-	-	A9Z14440	A9Z15440	
		63 A	-	A9Z11463	-	A9Z12463	-	-	A9Z14463	A9Z15463	
		80 A	-	A9Z11480	A9Z76480	A9Z12480	-	A9Z77480	A9Z14480	A9Z15480	
		100 A	-	A9Z11491	A9Z76491	A9Z12491	-	A9Z77491	A9Z14491	A9Z15491	
	Rating	40 A	-	A9Z71440	A9Z78440	A9Z72440	A9Z73440	A9Z79440	A9Z74440	A9Z75440	8
		63 A	-	A9Z71463	A9Z78463	A9Z72463	A9Z73463	A9Z79463	A9Z74463	A9Z75463	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V									
	4P	400 - 415 V									
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz										
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001										



# iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers (A type)



Country approval pictograms

KEMA KEUR approval, only for 2P/4P 25 A to 63 A catalogue numbers.



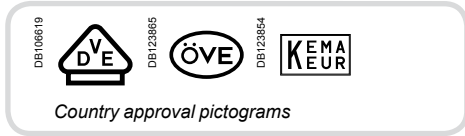
IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

- The iID double tunnel terminals residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers										
Type	A								Width in 9 mm module	
Product	iID									
Auxiliaries	Can accept auxiliaries, module CA907002									
	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	100 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA		
DB122476 	Rating	16 A	A9Z20216	-	-	-	-	-	4	
		25 A	A9Z20225	A9Z21225	-	-	A9Z24225	-		
		40 A	-	A9Z21240	A9Z22240	-	A9Z24240	A9Z25240		
		63 A	-	A9Z21263	A9Z22263	-	A9Z24263	A9Z25263		
		80 A	-	A9Z21280	A9Z22280	-	A9Z24280	A9Z25280		
		100 A	-	A9Z21291	A9Z22291	-	A9Z24291	A9Z25291		
DB122477 	Rating	25 A	-	A9Z21425	-	-	A9Z24425	-	A9Z26425	8
		40 A	-	A9Z21440	A9Z22440	-	A9Z24440	A9Z25440	A9Z26440	
		63 A	-	A9Z21463	A9Z22463	-	A9Z24463	A9Z25463	A9Z26463	
		80 A	-	A9Z21480	A9Z22480	-	A9Z24480	A9Z25480	A9Z26480	
		100 A	-	A9Z21491	A9Z22491	-	A9Z24491	A9Z25491	A9Z26491	
DB122477 	Rating	40 A	-	A9Z81440	A9Z82440	A9Z83440	-	-	-	8
		63 A	-	A9Z81463	A9Z82463	A9Z83463	-	-	-	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V								
	4P	400 - 415 V								
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz									
Accessories	Module CA907000 and CA907001									

# iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers (SI type)



KEMA KEUR approval, only for 2P/4P 25 A to 63 A catalogue numbers.



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

- The iID double tunnel terminals residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

## Catalogue numbers

iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers								
Type	SI						Width in 9 mm module	
Product	iID							
Auxiliaries	Can accept auxiliaries, module CA907002							
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	100 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9Z30225	A9Z31225	-	-	4	
	40 A	-	A9Z31240	A9Z32240	-	A9Z35240		
	63 A	-	A9Z31263	A9Z32263	-	A9Z35263		
	80 A	-	A9Z31280	A9Z32280	-	A9Z35280		
	100 A	-	A9Z31291	A9Z32291	-	A9Z35291		
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Z31425	-	-	8	
	40 A	-	A9Z31440	A9Z32440	-	A9Z35440		
	63 A	-	A9Z31463	A9Z32463	-	A9Z35463		
	80 A	-	A9Z31480	A9Z32480	-	A9Z35480		
	100 A	-	A9Z31491	A9Z32491	-	A9Z35491		
	Rating	40 A	-	-	-	A9Z93440	A9Z95440	
	63 A	-	-	-	-	A9Z93463	A9Z95463	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V						
	4P	400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz							
Accessoires	Module CA907000 and CA907001							

# iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)



## Connection between double-terminal protection devices

With comb busbar at the back/cables at the front

Without comb busbar at the back/cables at the front

DB404815





		Back	Front	
Rating	Tightening torque	Comb busbar	Copper cables	
		Thickness of the teeth	Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
All	3.5 N.m	1.5 mm	 DB122845	 DB122846
			1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Connection between double-terminal and single-terminal protection devices

Cables at the back/comb busbar at the front

DB404817

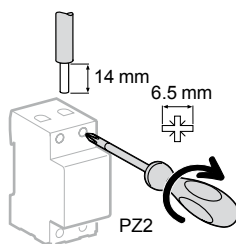





		Back	Front	
Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Comb busbar
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	Thickness of the teeth
All	3.5 N.m	 DB122845	 DB122846	1.5 mm
		1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	

■ Connection by comb busbar or by cable (according to EN 50027).

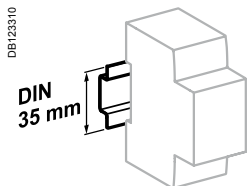
## Connection

DB123847

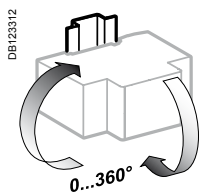


		With accessories		
Rating	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
			Rigid cables	Flexible cables
All	 DB122935	 DB118789	 DB118787	
	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

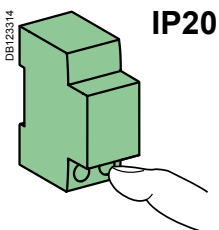
# iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers (AC, A, *S*/types)



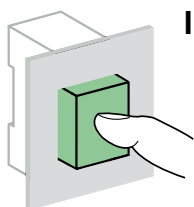
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.

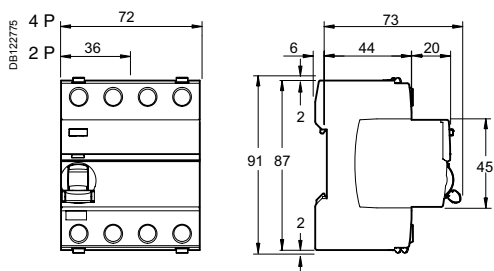


IP20



IP40

## Dimensions (mm)



## Technical data

Main characteristics			
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V	
Pollution degree		3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV	
According to IEC/EN 61008-1 and IEC/EN 61008-2-1			
Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>Δm</sub> )		1500 A	
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	AC and A types (no selective )	250 Å	
	AC, A types (selective )	3 kÅ	
	<i>S</i> /type	3 kÅ	
Conditional rated short circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	With iC60N/H/L	Equal to breaking capacity of iC60	
	With fuse	10,000 A	
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V	
Additional characteristics			
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II	
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical (AC1)	16 to 63 A	15,000 cycles
		80 to 100 A	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical		20,000 cycles
Operating temperature	AC type		-5°C to +60°C
	A and <i>S</i> /types		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature			-40°C to +85°C

## Weight (g)

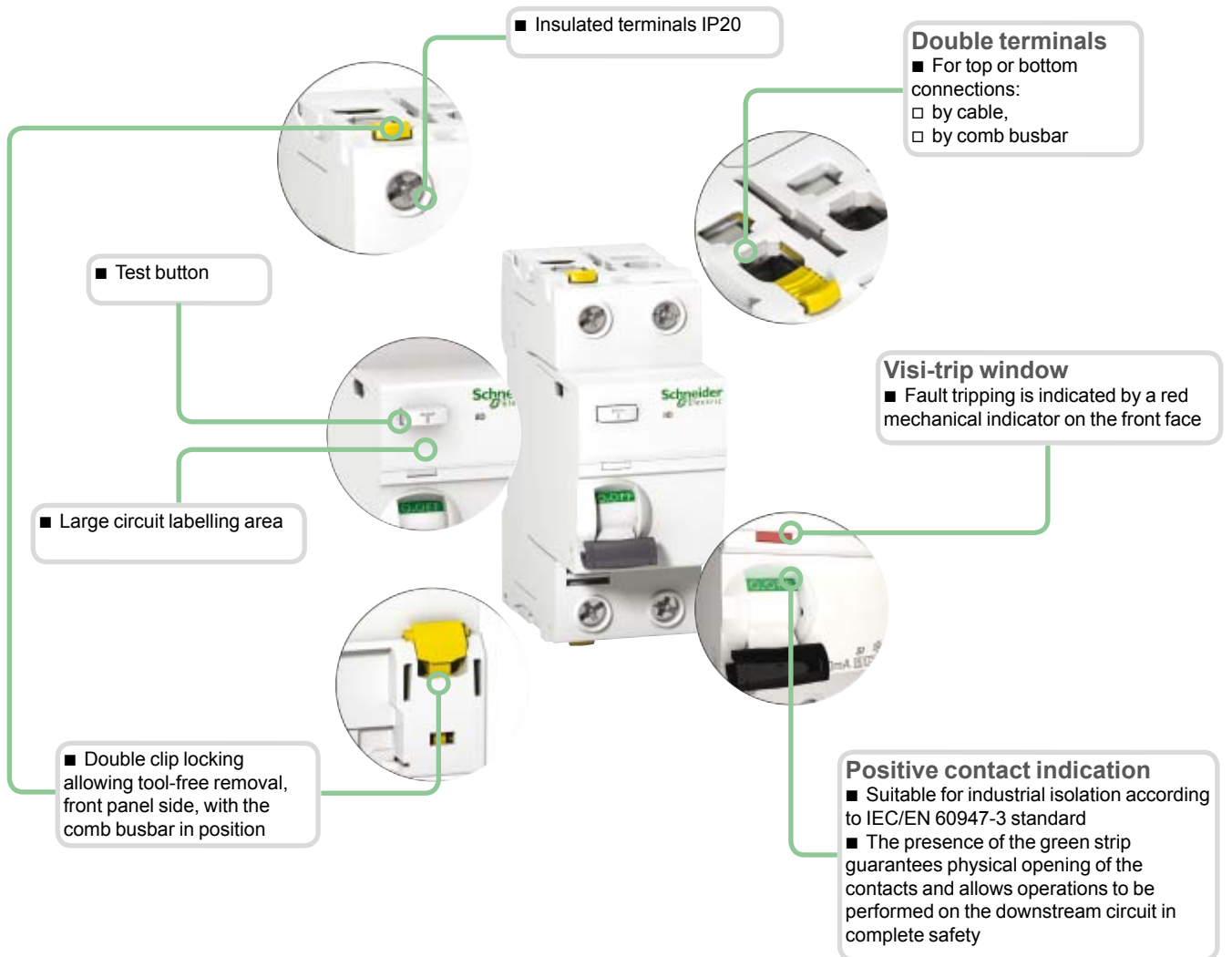
iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers	
Type	iID
2P	210
4P	370

# iID double terminals residual current circuit breakers (AC, A, *SI* types) (cont.)

PB107414-40



PB107413-60



## *SI* type

The *SI* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



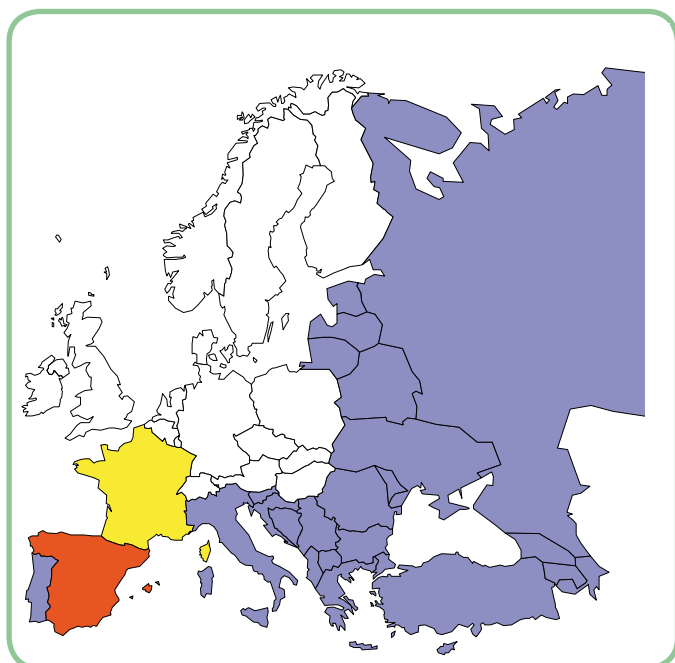
Schneider Electric's range of residual current circuit breakers consists of different products (A, B, C, D) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

### Variants

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	173
Offer B/C	Catalogue numbers	174
Offer D	Catalogue numbers	175
Common pages		176

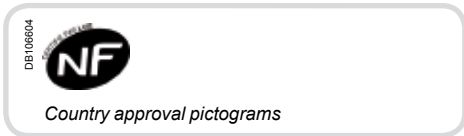
DB400490



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.

DB400491





IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

- The iID K residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact,
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire.
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.



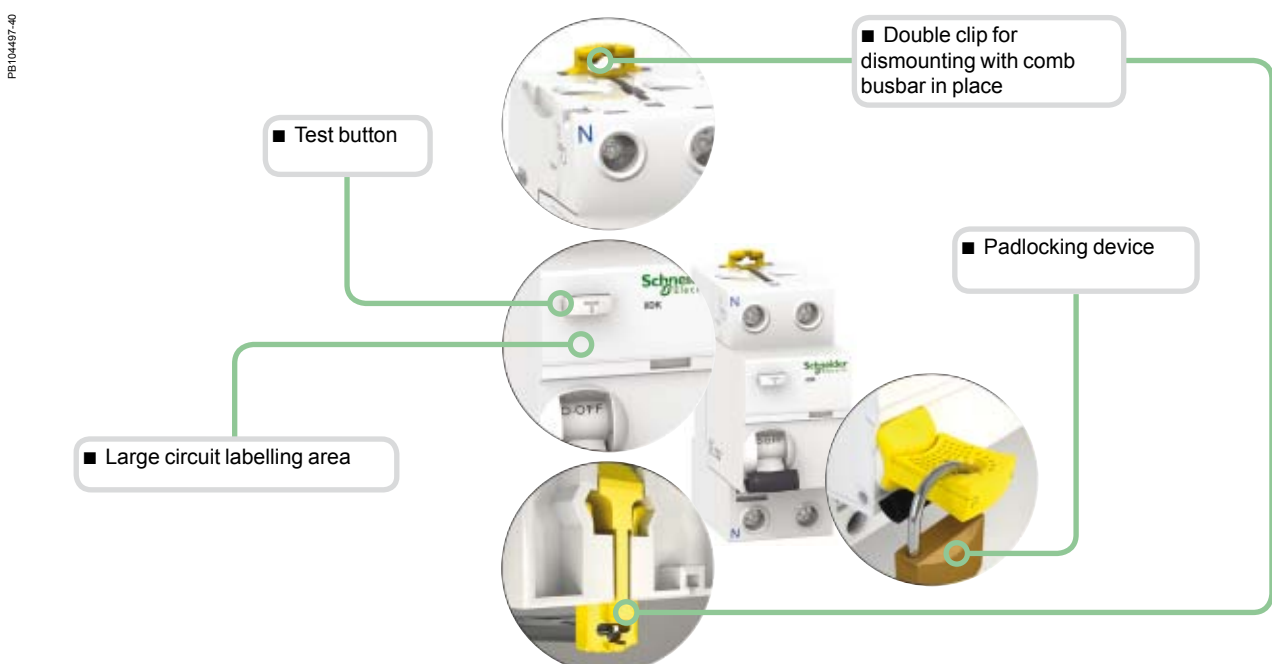
### Catalogue numbers

iID K residual current circuit breakers					
Type	AC		Width in 9-mm modules		
Product	iID K				
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries				
	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA		
2P 	Rating	25 A	A9R55225	A9R56225	4
		40 A	A9R55240	A9R56240	
4P 	Rating	25 A	A9R55425	A9R56425	8
		40 A	A9R55440	A9R56440	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V			
	4P	400 - 415 V			
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz				

Offer selection see page 172

# Offer A

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IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent



- The iID K residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact,
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire.

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Catalogue numbers

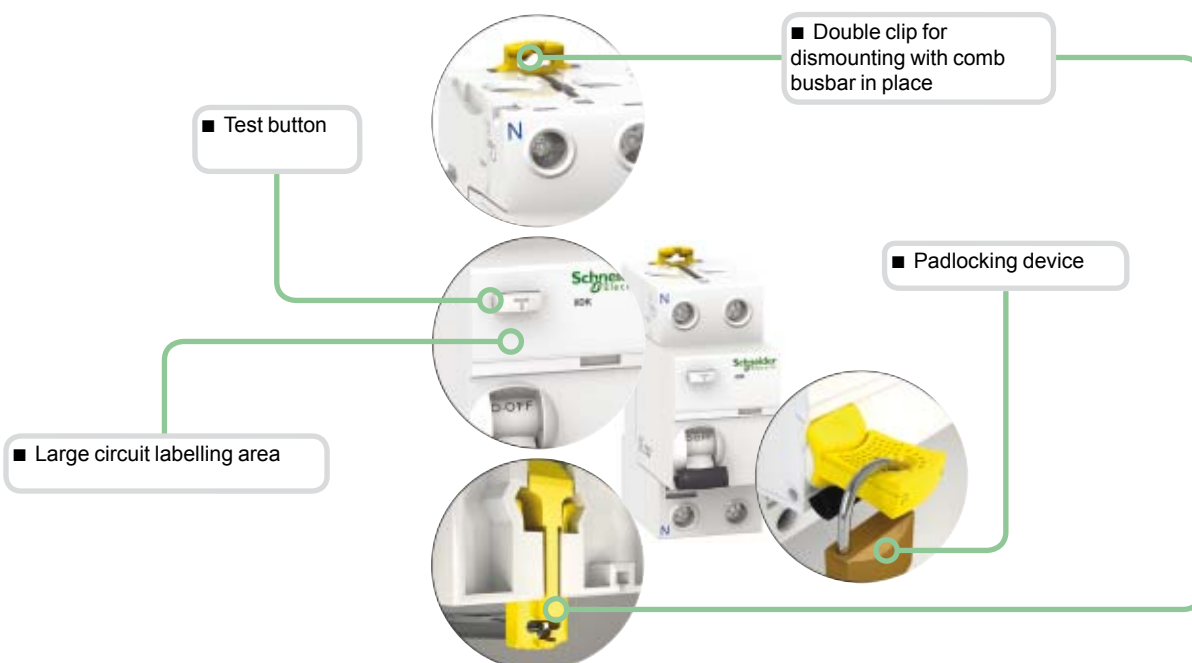
iID K residual current circuit breakers					
Type	AC		Width in 9-mm modules		
Product	iID K				
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries				
	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA		
2P 	Rating	25 A	A9R50225	A9R75225	4
		40 A	A9R50240	A9R75240	
4P 	Rating	25 A	A9R50425	A9R75425	8
		40 A	A9R50440	A9R75440	
		63 A	A9R70463	A9R75463	
Voltage rating (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V			
	4P	400 - 415 V			
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz				

Offer selection see page 172

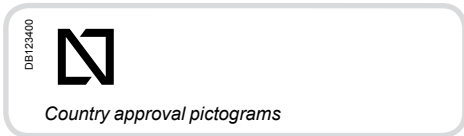
**Offer B, C**

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PB104487-40





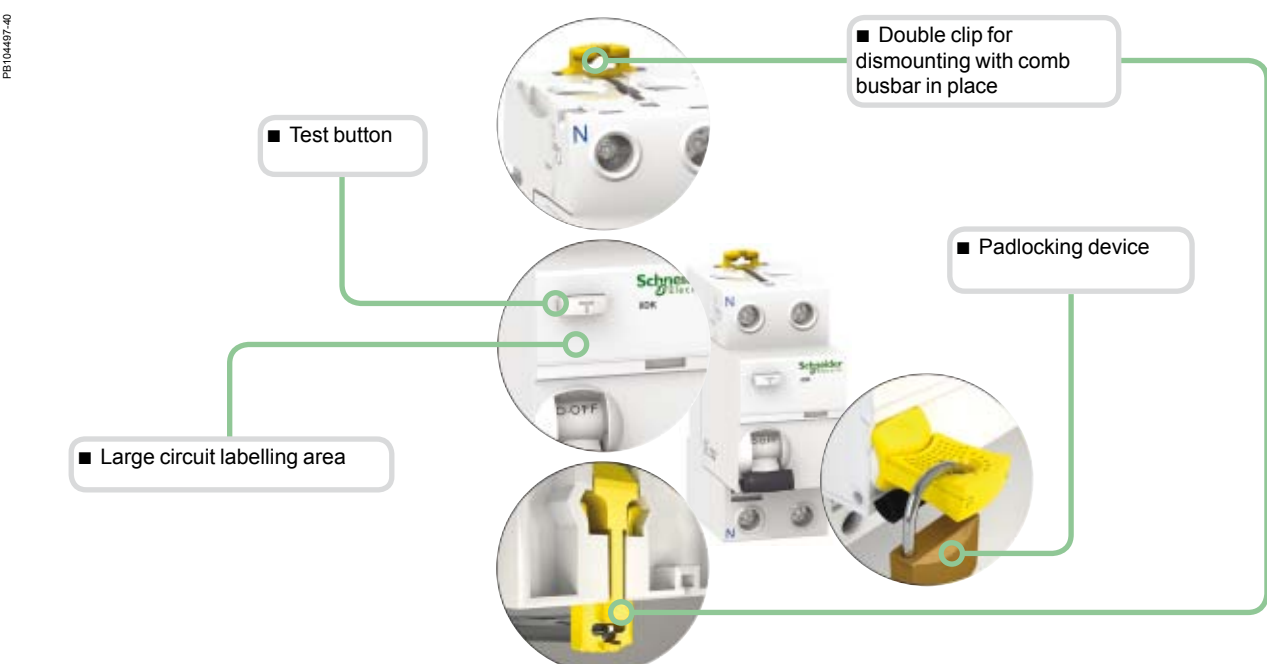


IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

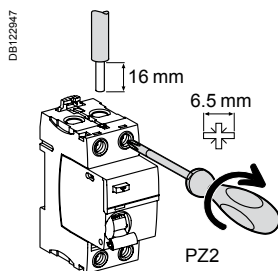
- The iID K residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact,
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire.
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Catalogue numbers

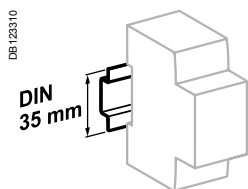
iID K residual current circuit breakers						
Type	Product	Auxiliaries	AC		Width in 9-mm modules	
			iID K			
			Without auxiliaries			
			Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	
2P	Rating		25 A	A9R60225	A9R75225	4
			40 A	A9R60240	A9R75240	
4P	Rating		Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	8
			25 A	A9R50425	A9R75425	
			40 A	A9R50440	A9R75440	
			63 A	A9R70463	A9R75463	
Voltage rating (Ue)			2P	230 - 240 V		
			4P	400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz			



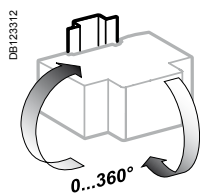
## Connection



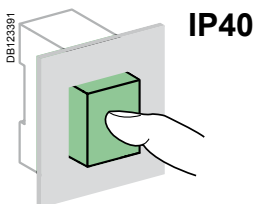
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iID K	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.




Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

### Main characteristics

According to IEC/EN 61008-1 and IEC/EN 61008-2-1

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	440 V
Pollution degree	2
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	4 kV
Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>Δm</sub> )	25 to 40 A 63 A
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	Up to 200 Å
Conditional rated short circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	With iC60N/H/L, iK60N 6000 A
	With fuse  4500 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop	Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

### Additional characteristics

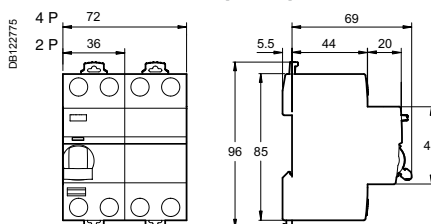
Degree of protection	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	2000 cycles (AC1)
	Mechanical	5000 cycles
Operating temperature		-5°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C

## Weight (g)

### Residual current circuit breakers

Type	iID K
2P	210
4P	370

## Dimensions (mm)





IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent



- The ID K Biconnect residual current circuit breakers offer the following functions:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact (300 mA),
  - protection of installations against the risks of fire (300 mA), protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

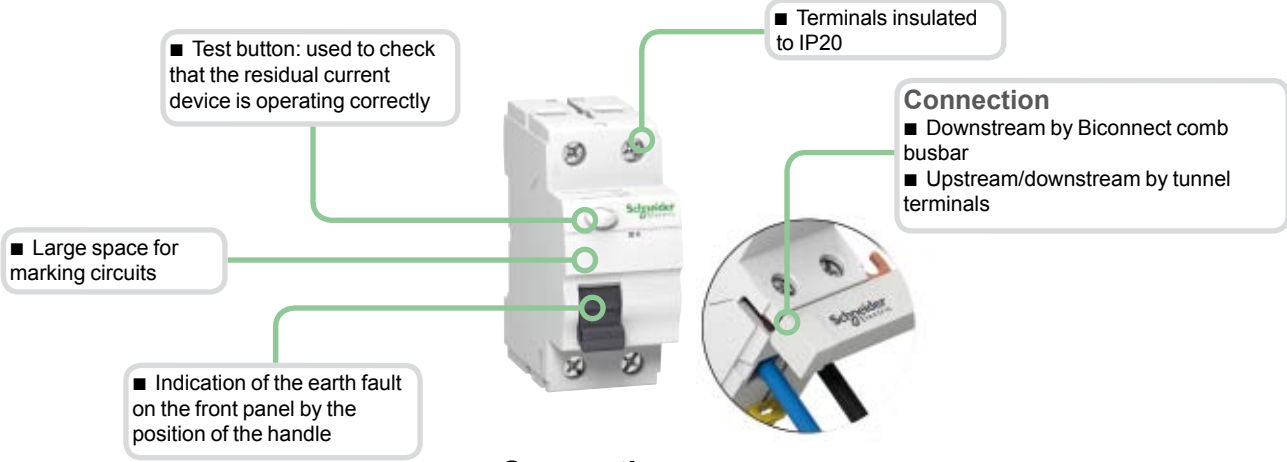
ID K Biconnect residual current circuit breakers						
Type		AC			A	Width in 9 mm modules
<b>2P</b> 	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	4
	Rating	25 A <b>A9Z05225</b>	-	<b>A9Z01225</b>	-	
		40 A <b>A9Z05240</b>	-	<b>A9Z01240</b>	-	
<b>4P</b> 	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	8
	Rating	25 A <b>A9Z05425</b>	-	<b>A9Z01425</b>	-	
		40 A <b>A9Z05440</b>	<b>A9Z06440</b>	<b>A9Z01440</b>	<b>A9Z04440</b>	
		63 A <b>A9Z05463</b>	<b>A9Z06463</b>	<b>A9Z01463</b>	<b>A9Z04463</b>	
Operating voltage (Ue)	2P	230 - 240 V				
	4P	400 - 415 V				
Operating frequency	50 Hz					

## Catalogue numbers

ID K Biconnect residual current circuit breakers Type G				
Type		AC	AC  THV	Width in 9 mm modules
<b>4P</b> 	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA Type G</b>	<b>30 mA Type G</b>	8
	Rating	40 A <b>A9Z07440</b>	<b>A9Z08440</b>	
Operating voltage (Ue)	400 - 415 V			
Operating frequency	50 Hz			

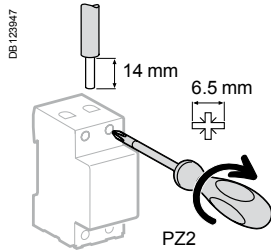
# ID K Biconnect residual current circuit breakers (cont.)

PE110018-40



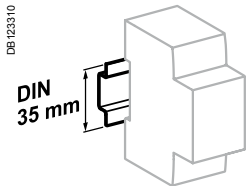
- Test button: used to check that the residual current device is operating correctly
- Large space for marking circuits
- Indication of the earth fault on the front panel by the position of the handle
- Terminals insulated to IP20
- Connection**
  - Downstream by Biconnect comb busbar
  - Upstream/downstream by tunnel terminals

## Connection

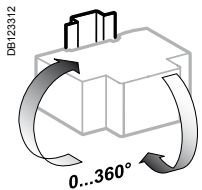


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
ID K Biconnect	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>

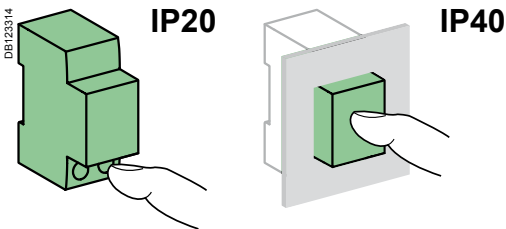
■ Connection by comb busbar or cables (conforms to EN 50027).



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



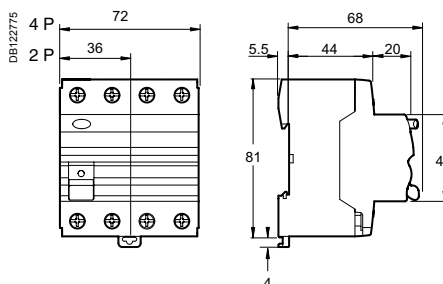
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		440 V
Degree of pollution		2
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		4 kV
Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>Δm</sub> )		500 A
Impulse current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping		Up to 200 Å
Conditional rated short-circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	With circuit breaker	6000 A
	With fuse	4500 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	2000 cycles (AC1)
	Mechanical	5000 cycles
Operating temperature	AC type	-5°C to +40°C
	A type	-25°C to +40°C
Storage temperature		-30°C to +70°C

## Weight (g)

Residual current circuit breakers	
Type	ID K Biconnect
2P	180
4P	350

## Dimensions (mm)



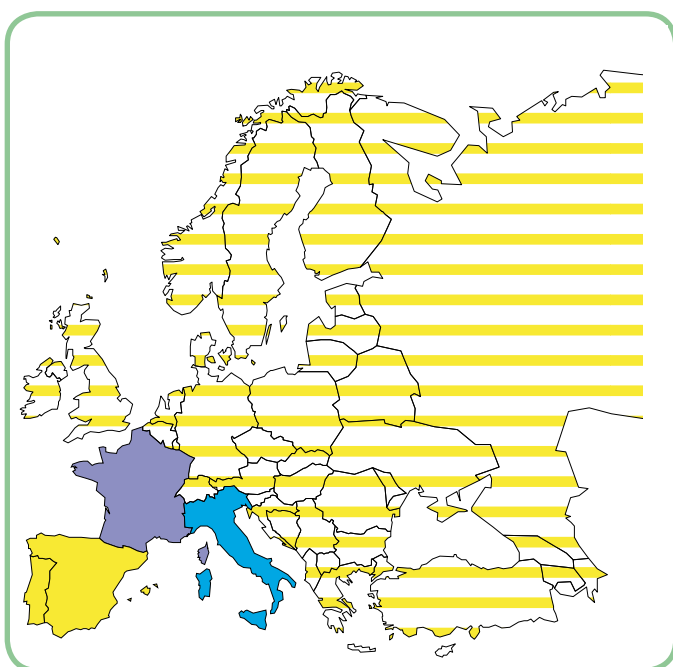


The Schneider Electric range of residual current circuit breakers comprises various offers (Clario, Prodis, Libro) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

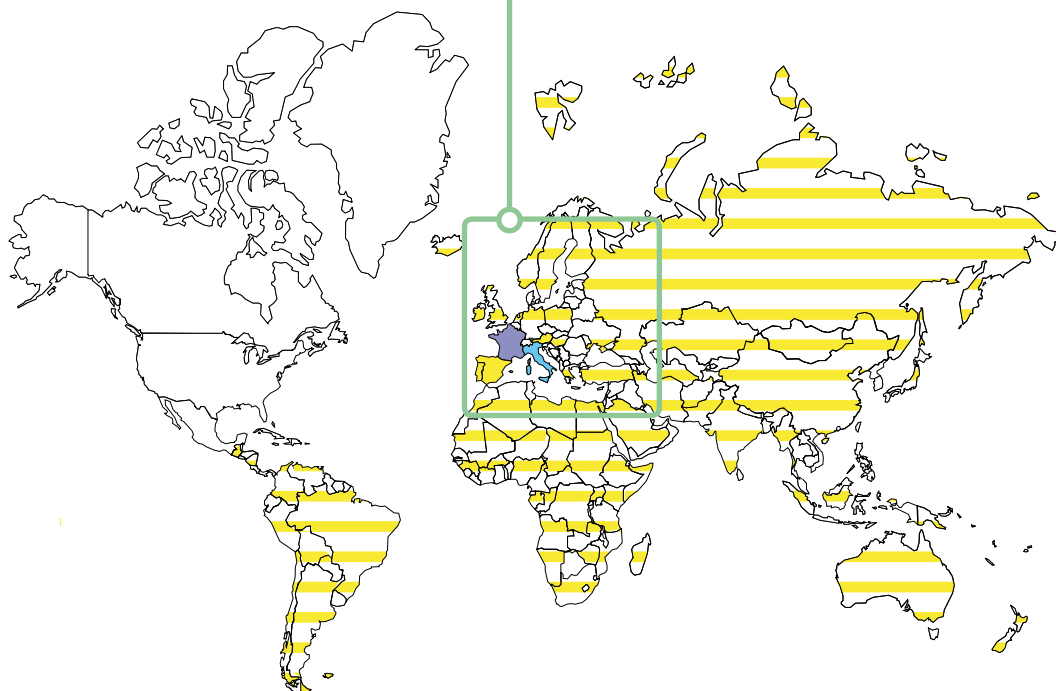
- installation customs
- price
- approval by local organizations.

## Variants

Offers		Pages
Clario	Catalogue numbers	180
Prodis	Catalogue numbers	181
Librio	Catalogue numbers	182
Common pages		183

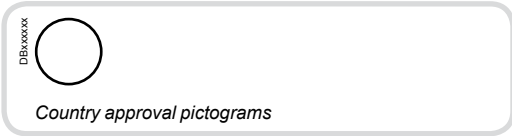


Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.



# IDc residual current circuit breakers

Clario  
Group Feeder



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

Adapted to the needs of service sector and industrial building installations, residual current circuit breakers ensure:

- earth leakage protection of final distribution circuits.
- disconnection.

In accordance with the IEC 61008 standard for residual current devices, a residual current circuit breaker also performs the function of disconnection of electrical circuits.

Residual current circuit breakers include in their enclosure the residual current relay and the toroid. The residual current tripping device is electromechanical and operates without an auxiliary source.

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Operation

- When an earth fault occurs, the residual current circuit breaker uses the energy of the fault to perform tripping. Fault indication is performed on the front panel by a mechanical indicator.
- Resetting is performed using the reset handle.

PB107117-32



Offer selection see page 179

# Clario

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## Catalogue numbers

### Residual current circuit breakers

Type	AC	SI	Width in 9-mm modules			
Auxiliaries	Modules CA907008 and CA907010	Modules CA907008 and CA907010				
1P+N	Sensitivity 30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating 25 A	A9N21780	A9N21781	A9N21784	-	4
	40 A	A9N21782	A9N21783	A9N21786	A9N21785	
Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC	230 V AC				
Operating frequency	50 Hz	50 Hz				
Accessories	Modules CA907010 and CA907012	Modules CA907010 and CA907012				

DB123685

### "Group Feeder"

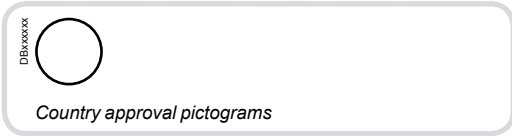
- Residual current circuit breakers are especially suitable for "Group Feeder" protection: the downstream terminals are located in the upper part of the device for direct connection to the comb busbar.



### Terminals with guard

- Automatic cable guiding in the correct position

PB107117-40



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

Adapted to the needs of service sector and industrial building installations, residual current circuit breakers ensure:

- earth leakage protection of final distribution circuits.
- disconnection.

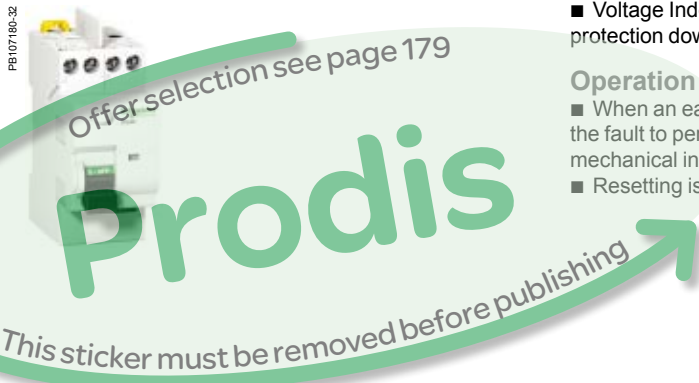
In accordance with the IEC 61008 standard for residual current devices, a residual current circuit breaker also performs the function of disconnection of electrical circuits.

Residual current circuit breakers include in their enclosure the residual current relay and the toroid. The residual current tripping device is electromechanical and operates without an auxiliary source.

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Operation

- When an earth fault occurs, the residual current circuit breaker uses the energy of the fault to perform tripping. Fault indication is performed on the front panel by a mechanical indicator.
- Resetting is performed using the reset handle.



## Catalogue numbers

Residual current circuit breakers						
Type		AC		SI		Width in 9-mm modules
Auxiliaries		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		
1P+N		Sensitivity		30 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9N21520	A9N21522	A9N21524	4
		40 A	A9N21521	A9N21523	A9N21526	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC		230 V AC		
Operating frequency		50 Hz		50 Hz		
Accessories		Modules CA907010 and CA907012		Modules CA907010 and CA907012		

### "Group Feeder"

- Residual current circuit breakers are especially suitable for "Group Feeder" protection: the downstream terminals are located in the upper part of the device for direct connection to the comb busbar



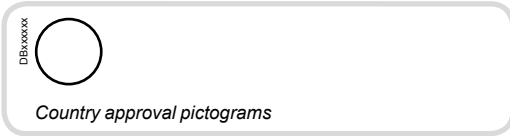
### Terminals with guard

- Automatic cable guiding in the correct position



# ID C40 residual current circuit breakers

Librio  
Group Feeder



IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent

Adapted to the needs of service sector and industrial building installations, residual current circuit breakers ensure:

- earth leakage protection of final distribution circuits.
- disconnection.

In accordance with the IEC 61008 standard for residual current devices, a residual current circuit breaker also performs the function of disconnection of electrical circuits.

Residual current circuit breakers include in their enclosure the residual current relay and the toroid. The residual current tripping device is electromechanical and operates without an auxiliary source.

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Operation

- When an earth fault occurs, the residual current circuit breaker uses the energy of the fault to perform tripping. Fault indication is performed on the front panel by a mechanical indicator.
- Resetting is performed using the reset handle.

PEI07910-32



Offer selection see page 179

# Librio

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**Catalogue numbers**

Residual current circuit breakers								
Type		AC		A		S/		Width in 9-mm modules
Auxiliaries		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		Modules CA907008 and CA907010		
1P+N	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9N19410	A9N19411	A9N19414	A9N19415	A9N19418	4
	40 A	A9N19412	A9N19413	A9N19416	A9N19417	A9N19420	A9N19423	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC		230 V AC		230 V AC		
Operating frequency		50 Hz		50 Hz		50 Hz		
Accessories		Modules CA907010 and CA907012		Modules CA907010 and CA907012		Modules CA907010 and CA907012		

### "Group Feeder"

- Residual current circuit breakers are especially suitable for "Group Feeder" protection: the downstream terminals are located in the upper part of the device for direct connection to the comb busbar

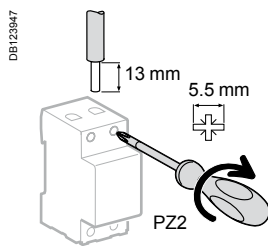


### Terminals with guard

- Automatic cable guiding in the correct position



### Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
25 and 40 A	2 N.m	DB122945	DB122946
		1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

- Where there is a comb busbar tooth, the connection of cables of cross section 16 mm<sup>2</sup> remains possible.
- **Connection by comb busbar** or cables (as per EN 50027).

#### “Group Feeder” connection:

- Upstream: by cables.
- Downstream: direct by comb busbar.

### Technical data

#### Main characteristics

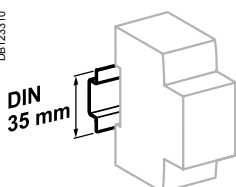
Insulation voltage (Ui)		440 V AC
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V AC
	Phase-to-phase	400 V AC
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV
Positive contact indication		A green strip on the operating handle guarantees opening of all the poles in safety conditions for work to be carried out on live parts

#### According to EN 61008 and IEC/EN 61008-2-1

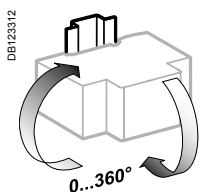
Rated residual breaking and making capacity (IΔm)		1 kA
Rated breaking and making capacity (Im)	Instantaneous	1 kA
	Selective	630 A
Rated conditional short-circuit current (Inc) identical to the rated residual short-circuit current (IΔc)	Instantaneous	6 kA
	Selective	630 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

#### Additional characteristics

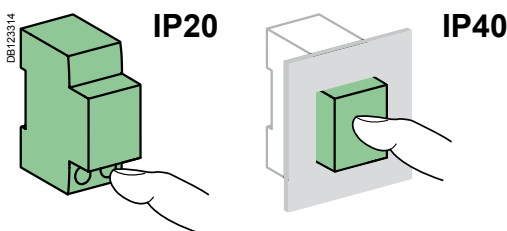
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	AC Types	-5°C to +40°C
	A, S/I types	-25°C to +40°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)



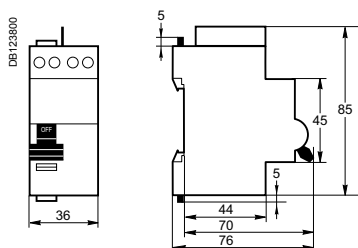
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



### Dimensions (mm)



### Weight (g)

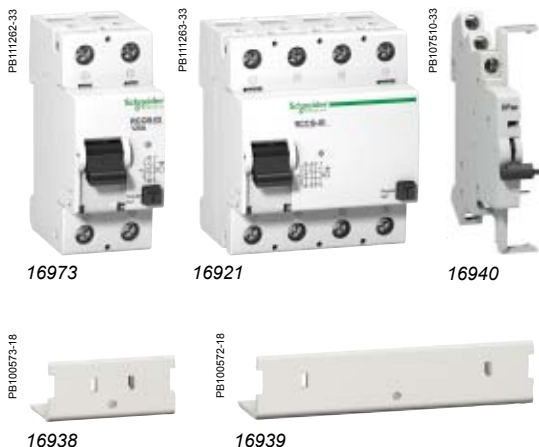
#### Residual current circuit breakers

##### Type

1P+N	205
------	-----

# RCCB-ID 125 A residual current circuit breaker (AC, A, SI types)

IEC/EN 61008-1  
IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent  
VDE 0664



- The RCCB-ID 125 A residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The *SI* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

### OFsp auxiliary

- Electrical indication: by OFsp auxiliary mounted to the left, it has a double changeover switch indicating the "open" or "closed" position of the RCCB-ID 125 A.

### Accessories

- 2P and 4P sealable screw shield.

## Catalogue numbers

RCCB-ID 125 A residual current circuit breakers													
Type		AC	A				SI				Width in 9 mm module		
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	125 A	16966	-	16967	-	16970	16971	-	-	16972	16973	4
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	125 A	16905	16906	16907	16908	16924	16926	16925	16927	16920	16921	8
Voltage rating (Ue)		2P	230 V										
		4P	400 V										
Operating frequency		50 Hz											

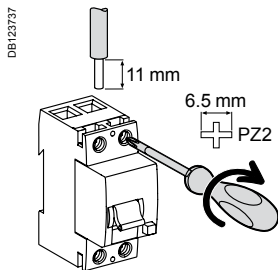
Auxiliary				
Type				Width in 9 mm module
Contact OFsp	Contact	Voltage		
	1 A	110 V DC		16940
	6 A	230 V AC (AC15)		

Accessory		
Type	Number of pole	
Screw shield (set of 10) for upstream or downstream	2P	16938
	4P	16939

# RCCB-ID 125 A residual current circuit breaker (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)

## Connection

■ By tunnel terminals for:



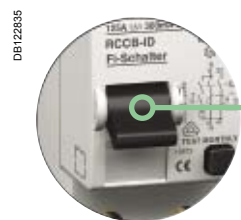
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
RCCB-ID	3 N.m	DB112804 	DB112805 
		1 x 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
OFsp	0.8 N.m	1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## OFsp contact status, depending on the position of the residual current circuit breaker

Type				
RCCB-ID 125 A	Closed	■	-	-
	Open	-	■	-
	Tripped on fault	-	-	■
Contact OFsp	22/21	Open	Closed	Closed
	12/11			
	14/11	Closed	Open	Open

## Technical data

Electrical characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	400 V	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	4 kV	
According to IEC/EN 61008-1 and IEC/EN 61008-2-1		
Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>Δm</sub> )	1250 A	
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	AC and A types (no selective )	250 Å
	S/I type (no selective )	3 kÅ
	AC, A and S/I types (selective )	3 kÅ
Conditional rated short circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	With FU 125 A gG fuse	10,000 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20 IP40 with screw shield
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	> 2 000 cycles
	Mechanical	> 5 000 cycles
Operating temperature		-25°C to +40°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C



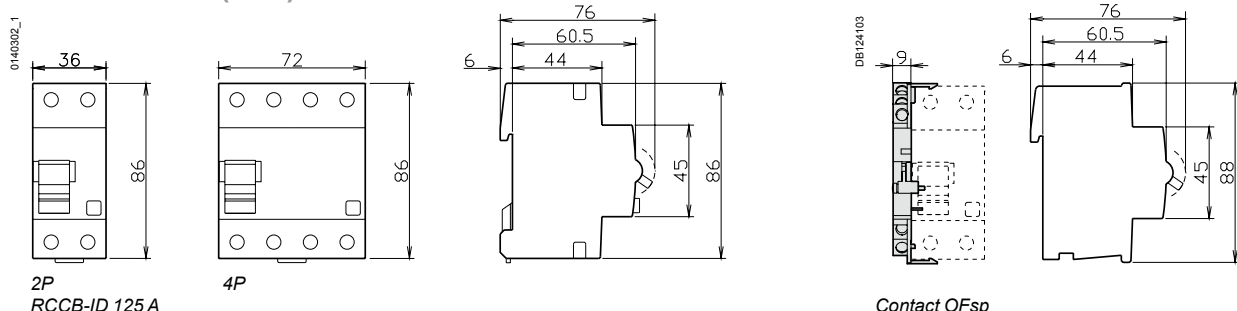
## Indication of the status of the RCCB-ID via the 3-position toggle and front panel indicator

- Closed (red indicator)
- Tripped on fault (green indicator)
- Open (green indicator)

## Weight (g)

Residual current circuit breakers and auxiliary		
Type	RCCB-ID 125 A	OFsp
2P	230	40
4P	420	

## Dimensions (mm)





16766



16940



16939

## IEC/EN 61008-1 IEC/EN 61008-2-1: Voltage Independent VDE 0664

- The RCCB-ID 125 A residual current circuit breakers provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### B type

The RCCB-ID B type residual current circuit breakers provide:

- protection in the event of a continuous fault current on three-phase networks generated by:
  - controllers and variable speed drives,
  - battery chargers and inverters,
  - backed-up power supplies.

- They include and also guarantee protection against fault currents:

- sinusoidal AC residual currents (AC type),
- pulsed DC residual currents (A type).

They can be adapted to all the application cases defined in standards IEC 60364 and EN 50178.

- Schneider Electric guarantees that the type B RCCB-ID works correctly in combination with the variable speed drives manufactured by Schneider Electric.

### OFsp auxiliary

- Electrical indication: by OFsp auxiliary mounted to the left.

It has a double changeover switch indicating the "open" or "closed" position of the RCCB-ID B type .

### Accessories

- 4P sealable screw shield.

## Catalogue numbers

### RCCB-ID B type residual current circuit breakers

Type		B				Width in 9 mm module	
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA		
	Rating	25 A	40 A	63 A	80 A	125 A	8
		16750	16751	-	-	-	
		16752	16753	16754	16755	16756	
		16756	16757	16758	16759	16760	
		16763	16764	16765	16766	16767	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230/400 V					
Operating frequency		50 Hz					

### Auxiliary

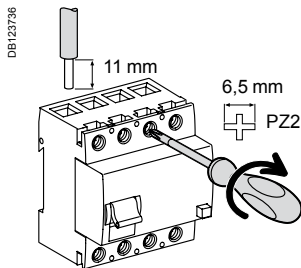
Type		Contact OFsp		Width in 9 mm module
Contact	Voltage	1 A	6 A	
	110 V DC	16940		1
	230 V AC (AC15)			

### Accessory

Type	Number of pole	
Screw shield (set of 10) for upstream or downstream	4P	16939

## Connection

■ By tunnel terminals for:



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
RCCB-ID B type	3 N.m	1 x 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
OFsp	0.8 N.m	1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## OFsp contact status, depending on the position of the residual current circuit breaker

Type				
RCCB-ID B type	Closed	■	-	-
	Open	-	■	-
	Tripped on fault	-	-	■
Contact OFsp	22/21 12/11	Open	Closed	Closed
	14/11	Closed	Open	Open

## Technical data

Electrical characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		400 V
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		4 kV
According to IEC/EN 61008-1 and IEC/EN 61008-2-1		
Making and breaking capacity (I <sub>m</sub> /I <sub>Δm</sub> )	25/40 A	500 A
	63/80 A	800 A
	125 A	1250 A
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	No selective ☒	250 Å
	Selective ☑	3 kÅ
Conditional rated short circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	25/40 A with FU 80 A gG fuse	10,000 A
	63 A with FU 100 A gG fuse	10,000 A
	80/125 A with FU 125 A gG fuse	10,000 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20 IP40 with screw shield
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	> 2 000 cycles
	Mechanical	> 5 000 cycles
Operating temperature		-25°C to +40°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C



## Indication of the status of the RCCB-ID B type via the 3-position toggle and front panel indicator

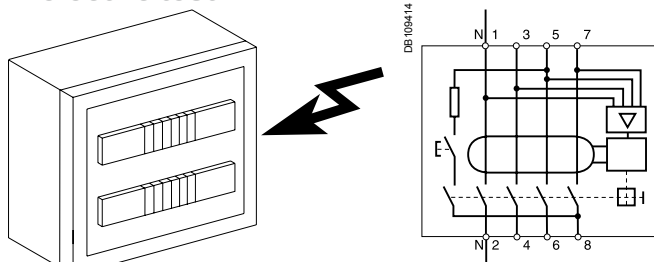
- Closed (red indicator)
- Tripped on fault (green indicator)
- Open (green indicator)

## Weight (g)

### Residual current circuit breakers and auxiliary

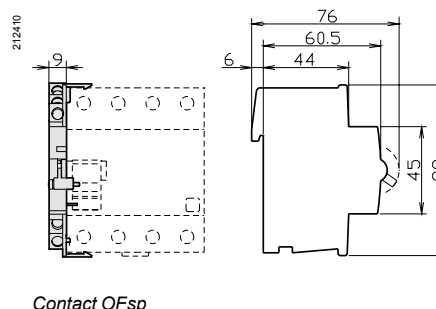
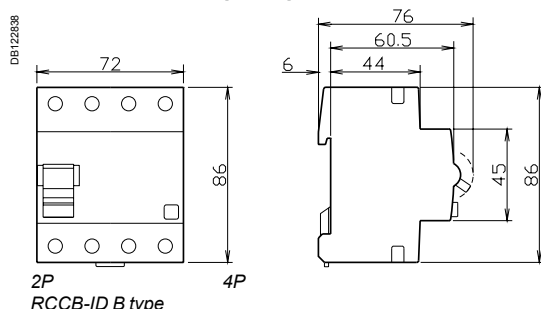
Type	RCCB-ID B type	OFsp
4P	450	40

## Dielectric test



⚠ To perform the dielectric test, disconnect terminals 3, 5, 7 and 4, 6, 8.

## Dimensions (mm)





Schneider Electric's range of add-on residual current devices consists of different products (A, B, C, D, E) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

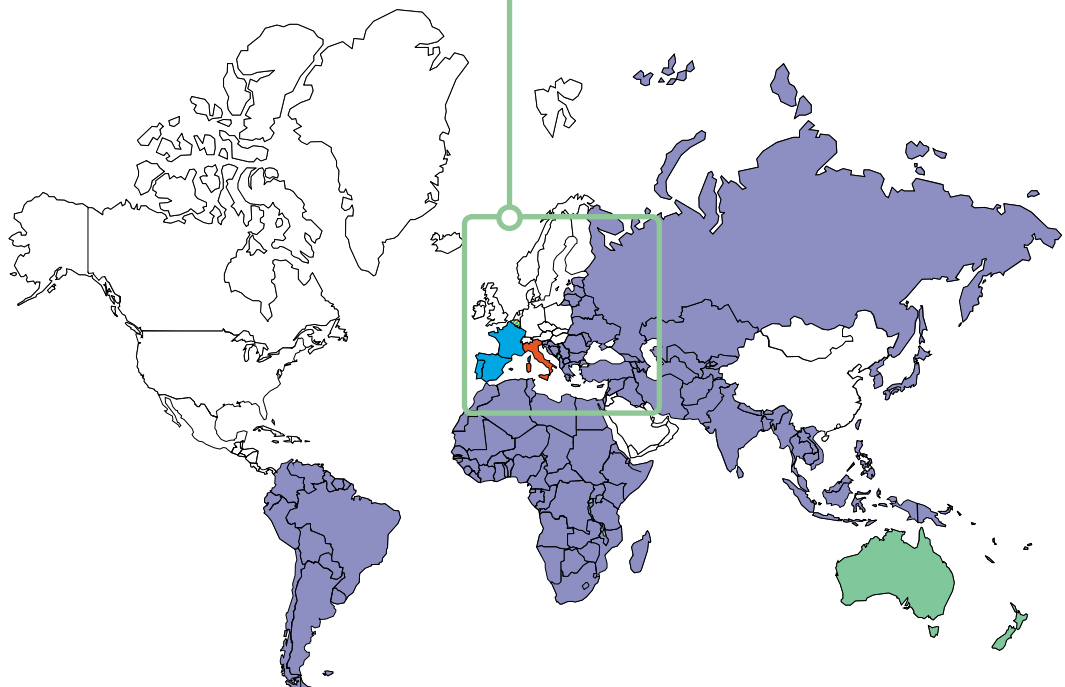
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

### Variants

Offers	Catalogue numbers	Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	189 and 196
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	192 and 196
Offer C	Catalogue numbers	195 and 196
Offer D Quick Vigi	Catalogue numbers	197 and 203
Offer E Quick Vigi	Catalogue numbers	200 and 203
Common pages		204



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.



# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (AC type)



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices				
Type	AC			Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries		Without auxiliaries		
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	<b>A9V01225</b>	<b>A9V04225</b>
		40 A	<b>A9V01240</b>	<b>A9V04240</b>
		63 A	<b>A9V01263</b>	<b>A9V04263</b>
Voltage rating (Ue)		130 V		
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz		
Accessories		<b>Module CA907000</b>		

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices									
Type	AC								Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries		Without auxiliaries							
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	<b>A9V10225</b>	<b>A9V11225</b>	<b>A9V12225</b>	<b>A9V14225</b>	<b>A9V16225</b>	-	3
		40 A	-	<b>A9V11240</b>	-	<b>A9V14240</b>	<b>A9V16240</b>	-	4
		63 A	-	<b>A9V11263</b>	<b>A9V12263</b>	<b>A9V14263</b>	<b>A9V16263</b>	<b>A9V15263</b>	<b>A9V19263</b>
3P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	-	<b>A9V11325</b>	-	<b>A9V14325</b>	<b>A9V16325</b>	-	6
		40 A	-	<b>A9V11340</b>	-	<b>A9V14340</b>	<b>A9V16340</b>	-	7
		63 A	-	<b>A9V11363</b>	-	<b>A9V14363</b>	<b>A9V16363</b>	<b>A9V15363</b>	<b>A9V19363</b>
4P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	-	<b>A9V11425</b>	<b>A9V12425</b>	<b>A9V14425</b>	<b>A9V16425</b>	-	6
		40 A	-	<b>A9V11440</b>	-	<b>A9V14440</b>	<b>A9V16440</b>	-	7
		63 A	-	<b>A9V11463</b>	<b>A9V12463</b>	<b>A9V14463</b>	<b>A9V16463</b>	<b>A9V15463</b>	<b>A9V19463</b>
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V							
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz							
Accessories		<b>Module CA907000</b>							



# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (A type)



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent



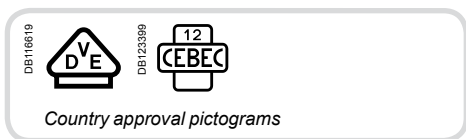
- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices			
Type	A		Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries		
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	
	Rating	63 A	A9V07263
Voltage rating (Ue)		400 - 415 V	
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz	
Accessories		Module CA907000	

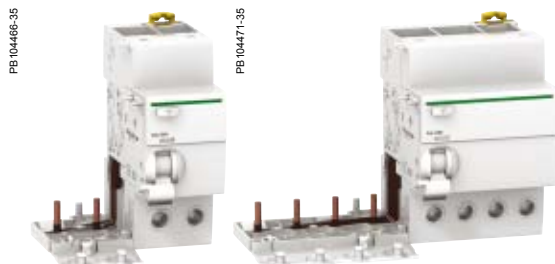
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices								
Type	A							Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries							
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9V21225	A9V22225	A9V24225	A9V26225	-	3
		63 A	A9V21263	A9V22263	A9V24263	A9V26263	A9V25263	A9V29263
3P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9V21325	A9V22325	A9V24325	A9V26325	-	6
		63 A	A9V21363	-	A9V24363	A9V26363	A9V25363	A9V29363
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9V21425	A9V22425	A9V24425	A9V26425	-	6
		63 A	A9V21463	A9V22463	A9V24463	A9V26463	A9V25463	A9V29463
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz						
Accessories		Module CA907000						





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The *SI* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

Offer selection see page 188

# Offer A

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## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices						
Type	SI					Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries					
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
 DB122462	Rating	25 A	A9V30225	A9V31225	-	3
		40 A	-	A9V31240	-	4
		63 A	-	A9V31263	A9V35263	A9V39263
 DB122463	Rating	25 A	-	A9V31325	-	6
		40 A	-	A9V31340	-	7
		63 A	-	A9V31363	A9V35363	A9V39363
 DB122464	Rating	25 A	-	A9V31425	-	6
		40 A	-	A9V31440	-	7
		63 A	-	A9V31463	A9V35463	A9V39463
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V				
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz				
Accessories		Module CA907000				

# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (AC type)



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices					
Type	AC				Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries				
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9V01225	A9V04225	3
		40 A	A9V01240	A9V04240	4
		63 A	A9V01263	A9V04263	4
Voltage rating (Ue)		130 V			
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz			
Accessories		Module CA907000			

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices									
Type	AC								Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries								
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9V10225	A9V41225	A9V12225	A9V44225	A9V16225	-	3
		40 A	-	A9V41240	-	A9V44240	A9V16240	-	4
		63 A	-	A9V41263	A9V12263	A9V44263	A9V16263	A9V15263	A9V19263
	Rating	25 A	-	A9V41325	-	A9V44325	A9V16325	-	6
		40 A	-	A9V41340	-	A9V44340	A9V16340	-	7
		63 A	-	A9V41363	-	A9V44363	A9V16363	A9V15363	A9V19363
	Rating	25 A	-	A9V41425	A9V12425	A9V44425	A9V16425	-	6
		40 A	-	A9V41440	-	A9V44440	A9V16440	-	7
		63 A	-	A9V41463	A9V12463	A9V44463	A9V16463	A9V15463	A9V19463
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V							
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz							
Accessories		Module CA907000							



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices			
Type	A		Width in 9 mm modules
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	<b>Without auxiliaries</b>		
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9V07263</b>
			4
Voltage rating (Ue)			400 - 415 V
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz
<b>Accessories</b>			<b>Module CA907000</b>

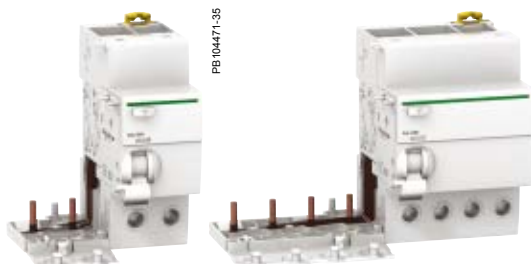
Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices								
Type	A							Width in 9 mm modules
<b>Auxiliaries</b>	<b>Without auxiliaries</b>							
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>1000 mA </b>	
	Rating	25 A	<b>A9V51225</b>	<b>A9V22225</b>	<b>A9V54225</b>	<b>A9V26225</b>	-	3
		63 A	<b>A9V51263</b>	<b>A9V22263</b>	<b>A9V54263</b>	<b>A9V26263</b>	<b>A9V25263</b>	4
<b>3P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>1000 mA </b>	
	Rating	25 A	<b>A9V51325</b>	<b>A9V22325</b>	<b>A9V54325</b>	<b>A9V26325</b>	-	6
		63 A	<b>A9V51363</b>	-	<b>A9V54363</b>	<b>A9V26363</b>	<b>A9V25363</b>	7
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>500 mA</b>	<b>300 mA </b>	<b>1000 mA </b>	
	Rating	25 A	<b>A9V51425</b>	<b>A9V22425</b>	<b>A9V54425</b>	<b>A9V26425</b>	-	6
		63 A	<b>A9V51463</b>	<b>A9V22463</b>	<b>A9V54463</b>	<b>A9V26463</b>	<b>A9V25463</b>	7
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz						
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>Module CA907000</b>						



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent

PB104466-35



PB104471-35

- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

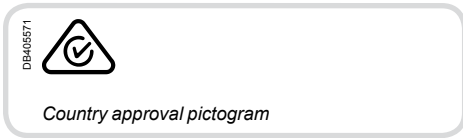
Offer selection see page 188

# Offer B

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## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices						
Type	SI					Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries					
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
 DB122482	Rating	25 A	A9V30225	A9V61225	-	3
		40 A	-	A9V61240	-	4
		63 A	-	A9V61263	A9V65263	A9V39263
 DB122483	Rating	25 A	-	A9V61325	-	6
		40 A	-	A9V61340	-	7
		63 A	-	A9V61363	A9V65363	A9V39363
 DB122484	Rating	25 A	-	A9V61425	-	6
		40 A	-	A9V61440	-	7
		63 A	-	A9V61463	A9V65463	A9V39463
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V				
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz				
Accessories		Module CA907000				



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).

■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices			
Type	A		Width in 9 mm modules
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>Without auxiliaries</b>	
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9V01663</b>
			4
Voltage rating (Ue)		130 V	
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz	
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>Module CA907000</b>	

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices				
Type	A			Width in 9 mm modules
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>Without auxiliaries</b>		
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>
	Rating	25 A 63 A	<b>A9V02663</b>	<b>A9V03663</b> <b>A9V06663</b>
				3 4
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>100 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>
	Rating	63 A	<b>A9V02763</b>	- <b>A9V06763</b>
				7
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz		
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>Module CA907000</b>		

# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)

PE10456-51



Offer selection see page 188

**Offer A, B, C**

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## Association iC60a, N, H, L + Vigi iC60

iC60	Vigi iC60 25 A	Vigi iC60 40 A	Vigi iC60 63 A
0.5 A to 25 A	■	■	■
32 A - 40 A	NO	■	■
50 A - 63 A	NO	NO	■

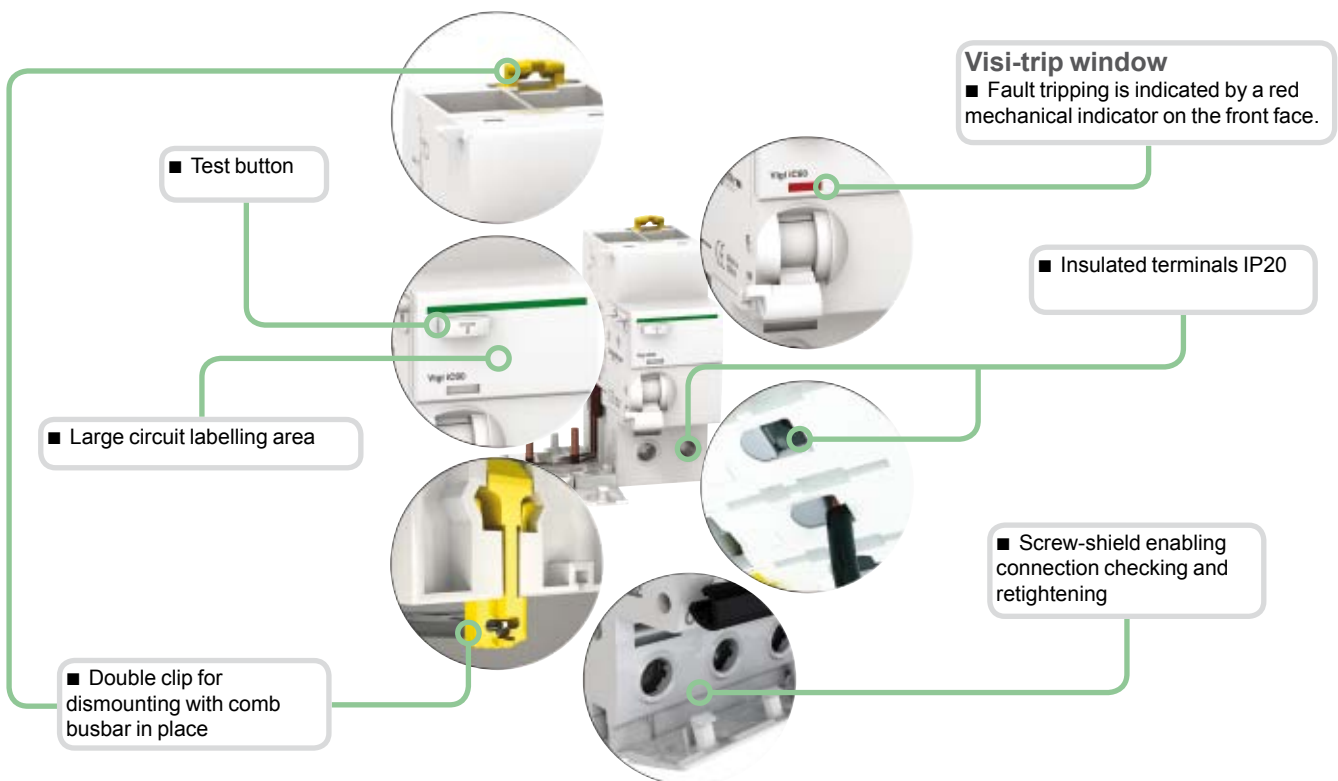
## Association iC60L-MA + Vigi iC60

iC60	Vigi iC60 25 A	Vigi iC60 40 A	Vigi iC60 63 A
1.6 A to 16 A	■	■	■
25 A	NO	■	■
40 A	NO	NO	■



Combining iC60 L-MA units with Vigi modules of higher rating.

PE10466-40



### S/I type

The S/I type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent

- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices					
Type	AC				Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries				
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9Q01225	A9Q04225	3
		40 A	A9Q01240	A9Q04240	4
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V01263	A9V04263	4
Voltage rating (Ue)		130 V			
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz			
Accessories		Module CA907000			

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices										
Type	AC								Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries									
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9Q10225	A9Q11225	A9Q12225	A9Q14225	A9Q16225	-	-	3
		40 A	-	A9Q11240	-	A9Q14240	A9Q16240	-	-	4
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V11263	A9V12263	A9V14263	A9V16263	A9V15263	A9V19263	4
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q11325	-	A9Q14325	A9Q16325	-	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q11340	-	A9Q14340	A9Q16340	-	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V11363	-	A9V14363	A9V16363	A9V15363	A9V19363	7
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q11425	A9Q12425	A9Q14425	A9Q16425	-	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q11440	-	A9Q14440	A9Q16440	-	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V11463	A9V12463	A9V14463	A9V16463	A9V15463	A9V19463	7
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V								
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz								
Accessories		Module CA907000								

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent

DB123811



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

Offer selection see page 188

# Offer D Quick

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## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices									
Type	A							Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries								
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA		
 DB122462	Rating	25 A	A9Q21225	A9Q22225	A9Q24225	A9Q26225	-	3	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V21263	A9V22263	A9V24263	A9V26263	A9V25263	A9V29263	4
 DB122463	Rating	25 A	A9Q21325	A9Q22325	A9Q24325	A9Q26325	-	6	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V21363	-	A9V24363	A9V26363	A9V25363	A9V29363	7
 DB122464	Rating	25 A	A9Q21425	A9Q22425	A9Q24425	A9Q26425	-	6	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V21463	A9V22463	A9V24463	A9V26463	A9V25463	A9V29463	7
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V							
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz							
Accessories		Module CA907000							

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent

DB123811



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The *SI* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

Offer selection see page 188

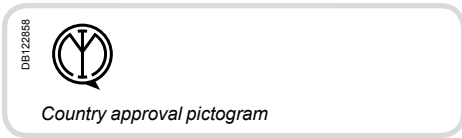
# Offer D Quick

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## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices						
Type	SI					Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries					
	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
<b>2P</b>  DB122462	Rating	25 A	A9Q30225	A9Q31225	-	3
		40 A	-	A9Q31240	-	4
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V31263	A9V35263	A9V39263
<b>3P</b>  DB122463	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q31325	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q31340	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V31363	A9V35363	A9V39363
<b>4P</b>  DB122464	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q31425	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q31440	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V31463	A9V35463	A9V39463
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V				
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz				
Accessories		Module CA907000				

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1\*

Voltage Independent

Offer selection see page 188

- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.



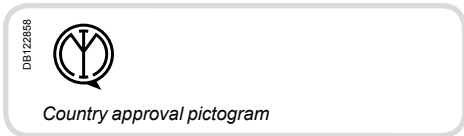
## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices						
Type	AC					Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries					
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA			
	Rating	25 A	A9Q01225	A9Q04225	3	
		40 A	A9Q01240	A9Q04240	4	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V01263	A9V04263	4	
Voltage rating (Ue)		130 V				
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz				
Accessories		Module CA907000				

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices										
Type	AC									Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries									
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9Q10225	A9Q41225	A9Q12225	A9Q44225	A9Q16225	-	-	3
		40 A	-	A9Q41240	-	A9Q44240	A9Q16240	-	-	4
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V41263	A9V12263	A9V44263	A9V16263	A9V15263	A9V19263	4
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q41325	-	A9Q44325	A9Q16325	-	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q41340	-	A9Q44340	A9Q16340	-	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V41363	-	A9V44363	A9V16363	A9V15363	A9V19363	7
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q41425	A9Q12425	A9Q44425	A9Q16425	-	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q41440	-	A9Q44440	A9Q16440	-	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V41463	A9V12463	A9V44463	A9V16463	A9V15463	A9V19463	7
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V								
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz								
Accessories		Module CA907000								

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent

DB123811



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

Offer selection see page 188

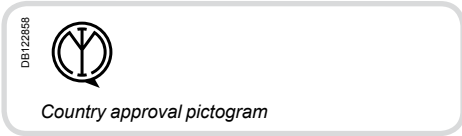
# Offer E Quick

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## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices									
Type	A							Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries								
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA		
 DB122462	Rating	25 A	A9Q51225	A9Q22225	A9Q54225	A9Q26225	-	3	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V51263	A9V22263	A9V54263	A9V26263	A9V25263	A9V29263	4
 DB122463	Rating	25 A	A9Q51325	A9Q22325	A9Q54325	A9Q26325	-	6	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V51363	-	A9V54363	A9V26363	A9V25363	A9V29363	7
 DB122464	Rating	25 A	A9Q51425	A9Q22425	A9Q54425	A9Q26425	-	6	
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	A9V51463	A9V22463	A9V54463	A9V26463	A9V25463	A9V29463	7
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V							
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz							
Accessories		Module CA907000							

(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Voltage Independent

DB123811



- Combined with iC60 circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).

■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

Offer selection see page 188

**Offer E Quick**  
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## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices						
Type	SI					Width in 9 mm modules
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries					
2P	Sensitivity	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9Q30225	A9Q61225	-	3
		40 A	-	A9Q61240	-	4
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V61263	A9V65263	A9V39263
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q61325	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q61340	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V61363	A9V65363	A9V39363
	Rating	25 A	-	A9Q61425	-	6
		40 A	-	A9Q61440	-	7
		63 A <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9V61463	A9V65463	A9V39463
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V				
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz				
Accessories		Module CA907000				
(1) Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices rated at 63 A are VDE approved.						

# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)

DB128612

Offer selection see page 188

**Offer D, E Quick**

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## Association iC60a, N, H, L + Vigi iC60

iC60	Vigi iC60 25 A	Vigi iC60 40 A	Vigi iC60 63 A
0.5 A to 25 A	■	■	■
32 A - 40 A	NO	■	■
50 A - 63 A	NO	NO	■

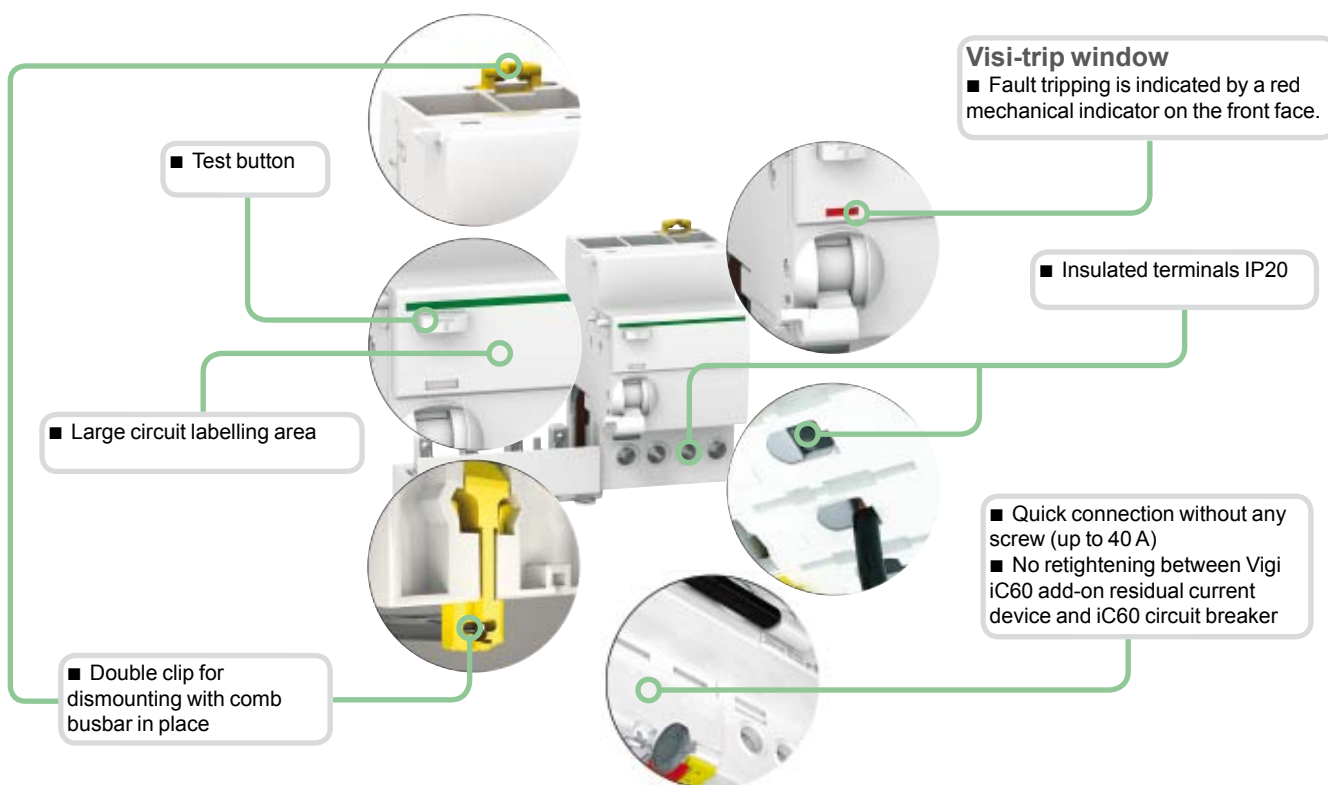
## Association iC60L-MA + Vigi iC60

iC60	Vigi iC60 25 A	Vigi iC60 40 A	Vigi iC60 63 A
1.6 A to 16 A	■	■	■
25 A	NO	■	■
40 A	NO	NO	■



Combining iC60 L-MA units with Vigi modules of higher rating.

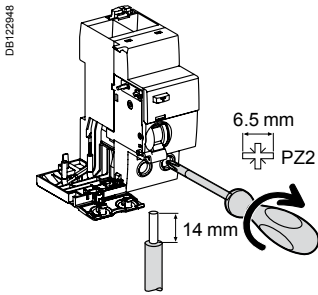
DB123515



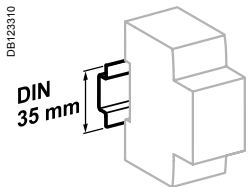
### S/I type

The S/I type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.

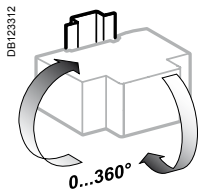
## Connection



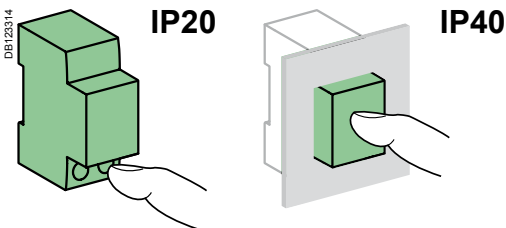
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
Vigi iC60	25 A	2 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
	40 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>






Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1		
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	AC and A types (no selective  )	250 Å
	AC, A types (selective  )	3 kÅ
	<i>SI</i> type	3 kÅ
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	AC type	-5°C to +60°C
	A and <i>SI</i> types 	-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C

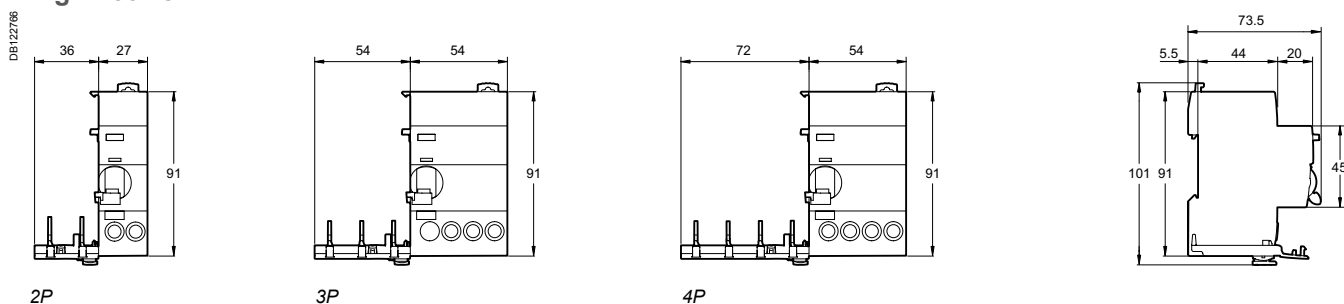
# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

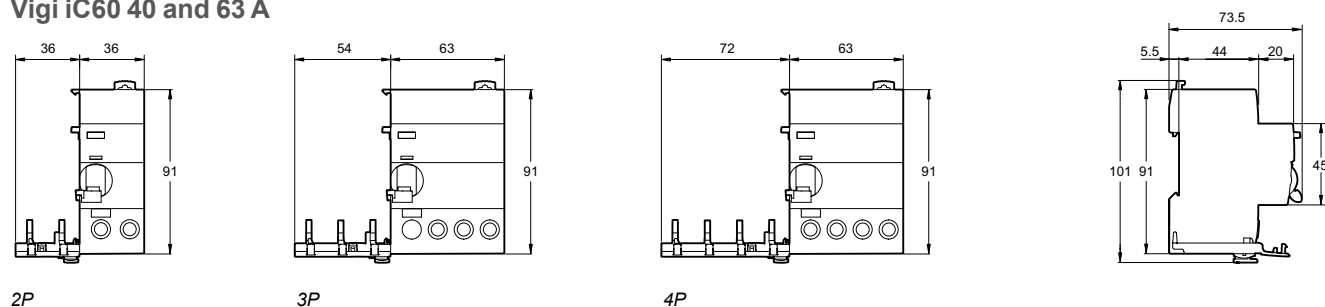
Add-on residual current devices	
Type	Vigi iC60
2P	165
3P	210
4P	245

## Dimensions (mm)

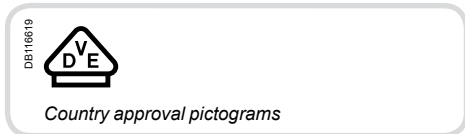
### Vigi iC60 25 A



### Vigi iC60 40 and 63 A



# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for iC60 double terminals (AC type)



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

- Combined with iC60 double tunnel terminals circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.



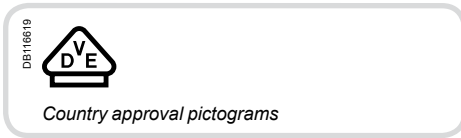
## Catalogue numbers

### Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices

Type	AC	Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Vigi iC60	
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries	
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b> <b>30 mA</b> <b>100 mA</b> <b>300 mA</b>
	Rating 25 A	A9W10225    A9W11225 A9W01225*
	63 A	-    A9W11263    A9W12263    A9W14263
<b>3P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b> <b>30 mA</b> <b>100 mA</b> <b>300 mA</b>
	Rating 25 A	-    A9W11325    -    A9W14325
	63 A	-    A9W11363    -    A9W14363
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>10 mA</b> <b>30 mA</b> <b>100 mA</b> <b>300 mA</b>
	Rating 25 A	-    A9W11425    A9W12425    A9W14425
	63 A	-    A9W11463    A9W12463    A9W14463
Voltage rating (Ue)		400 - 415 V Except * 130 V
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>Module CA907000</b>



# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for iC60 double terminals (A type)



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

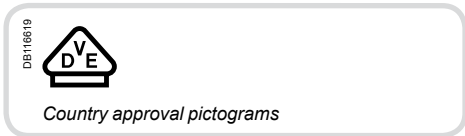
- Combined with iC60 double tunnel terminals circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 100$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.



## Catalogue numbers

Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices								
Type	A						Width in 9 mm modules	
Product	Vigi iC60							
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries							
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	300 mA	500 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9W21225	A9W22225	A9W24225	-	A9W26225	3
		63 A	A9W21263	A9W22263	A9W24263	A9W25263	A9W26263	4
	Rating	25 A	A9W21325	-	A9W24325	-	A9W26325	6
		63 A	A9W21363	-	A9W24363	A9W25363	A9W26363	7
	Rating	25 A	A9W21425	A9W22425	A9W24425	-	A9W26425	6
		63 A	A9W21463	A9W22463	A9W24463	A9W25463	A9W26463	7
Voltage rating (Ue)		400 - 415 V						
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz						
Accessories		Module CA907000						

# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for iC60 double terminals (SI type)



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

- Combined with iC60 double tunnel terminals circuit breaker, the Vigi iC60 provide:
  - protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against the risk of fire (300 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

The **SI** type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



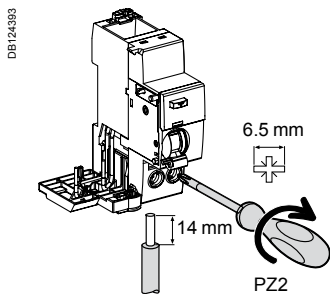
## Catalogue numbers

### Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices

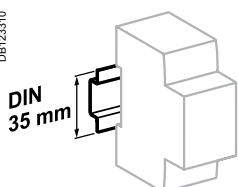
Type	SI			Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Vigi iC60			
Auxiliaries	Auxiliaries			
<b>2P</b>  DB100550	Sensitivity Rating 25 A 63 A	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA
		A9W30225	A9W31225	A9W35263
<b>3P</b>  DB122463	Sensitivity Rating 25 A 63 A	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA
		-	A9W31325	A9W35363
<b>4P</b>  DB100551	Sensitivity Rating 25 A 63 A	10 mA	30 mA	300 mA
		-	A9W31425	A9W35463
Voltage rating (Ue)		400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz		
Accessories		Module CA907000		

# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for iC60 double terminals (AC, A, *SI* types)

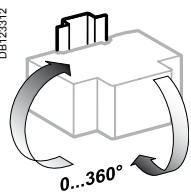
## Connection



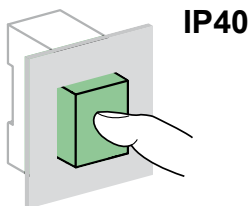
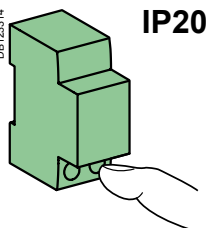
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
Vigi iC60	25 A	2 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
	63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )		500 V
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		6 kV
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1		
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	AC and A types (no selective)	250 Å
	AC, A types (selective $\square$ )	3 kÅ
	<i>SI</i> type	3 kÅ
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	AC type	-5°C to +60°C
	A and <i>SI</i> types	-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C

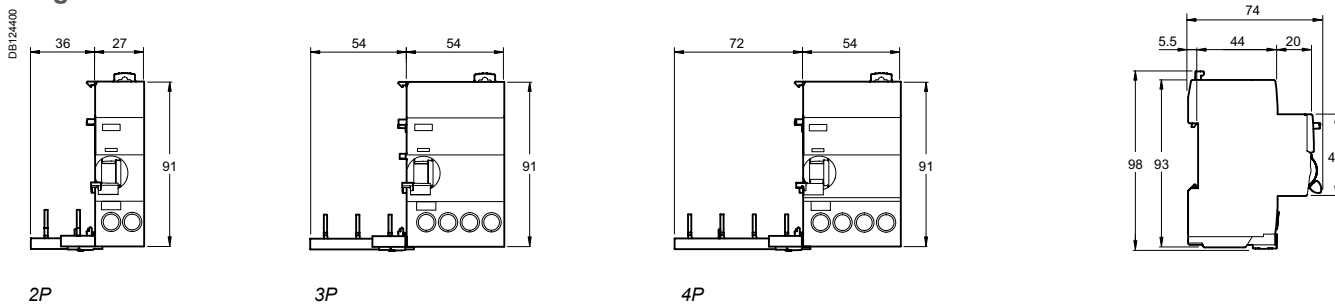
# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for iC60 double terminals (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

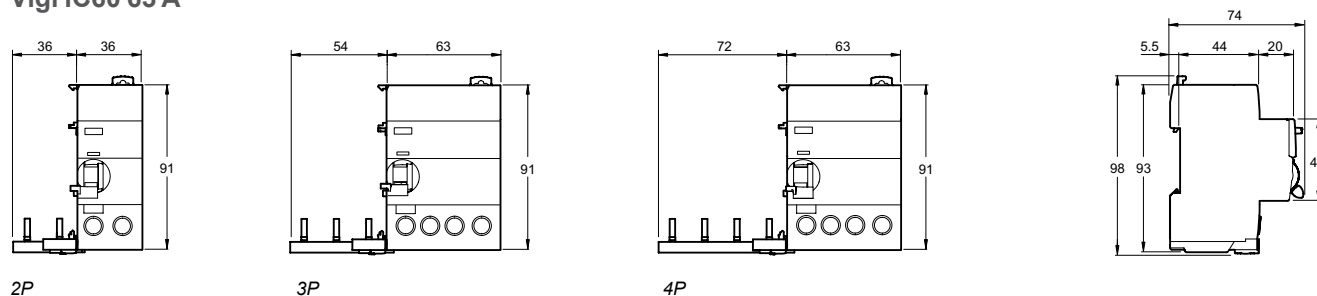
Add-on residual current devices	
Type	Vigi iC60
2P	165
3P	210
4P	245

## Dimensions (mm)

### Vigi iC60 25 A



### Vigi iC60 63 A



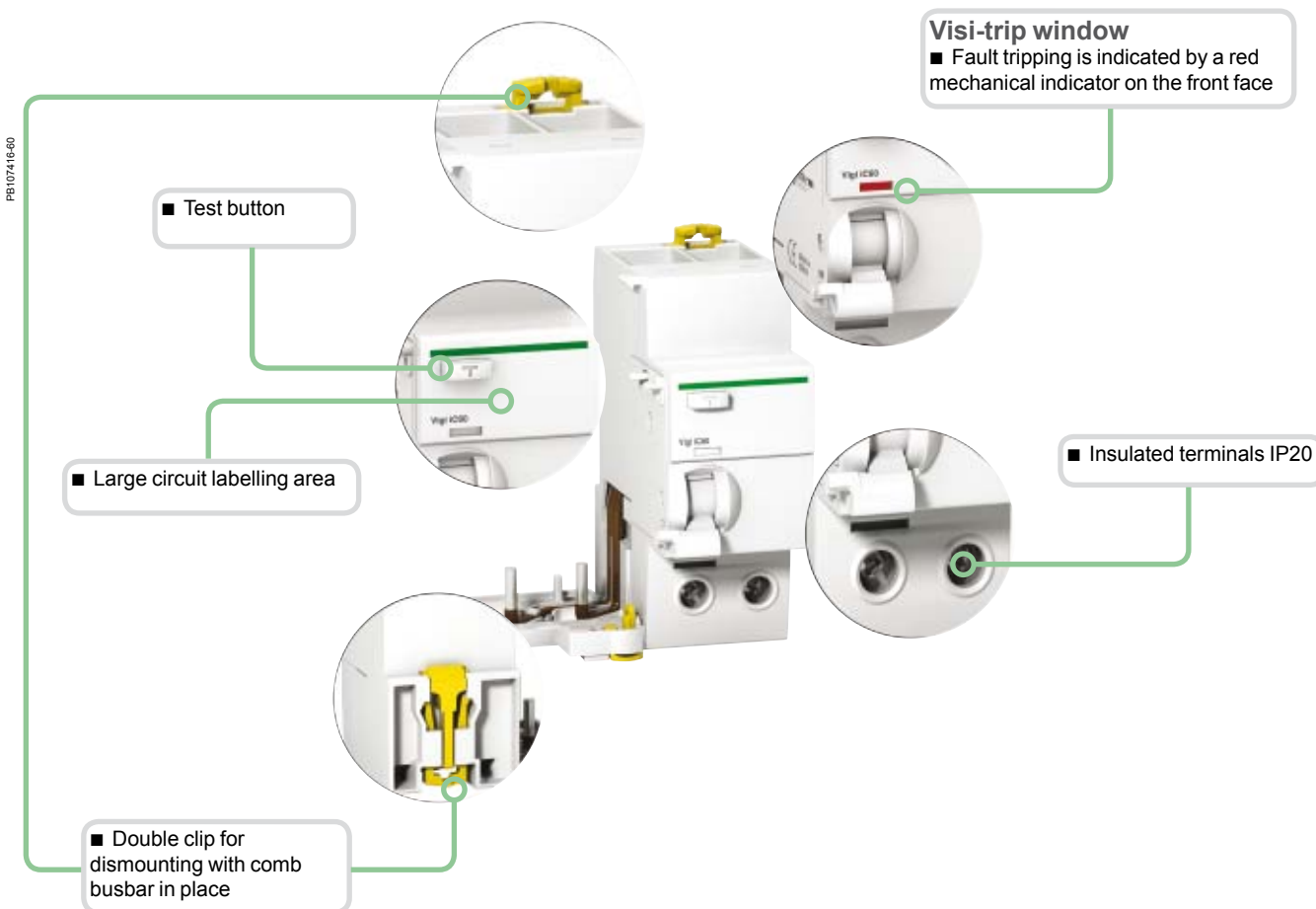
# Vigi iC60 add-on residual current devices for iC60 double terminals (AC, A, S/ types) (cont.)

DE124384



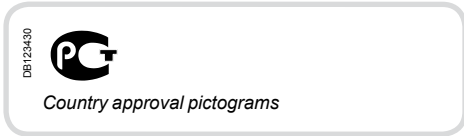
## Association iC60N, H, L + Vigi iC60

iC60	Vigi iC60 25 A	Vigi iC60 63 A
0.5 A to 25 A	■	■
32 A - 40 A	NO	■
50 A - 63 A	NO	■



### Type S/

The *S/* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



EN 61009

When a Vigi C120 device is combined with a C120 circuit breaker, it provides the following functions:

- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
- protection of installations against fire hazards (300 mA to 1000 mA).



2P



3P

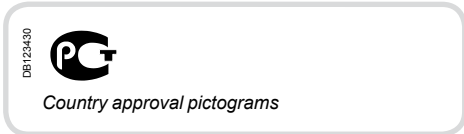


4P

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices							
Type	AC						Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Vigi C120						
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliary						
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	7
		A9N18563	A9N18564	A9N18565	A9N18544	A9N18545	
	3P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA
		A9N18566	A9N18567	A9N18568	A9N18546	A9N18547	
	4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA
		A9N18569	A9N18570	A9N18571	A9N18548	A9N18549	
		A9N18542 <sup>(1)</sup>	A9N18543 <sup>(1)</sup>				
Operating voltage (Ue)	230...415 V						
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz						
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013						

(1) specific offer for France



EN 61009

When a Vigi C120 device is combined with a C120 circuit breaker, it provides the following functions:

- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
- protection of installations against fire hazards (300 mA to 1000 mA).



2P



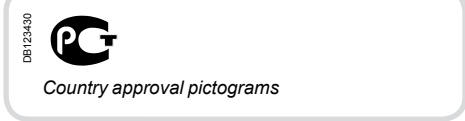
3P



4P

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices								
Type	A						Width in 9 mm modules	
Product	Vigi C120							
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliary							
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA	1000 mA	
		A9N18572	A9N18573	A9N18574	-	-	-	7
3P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA	1000 mA	
		A9N18575	A9N18576	A9N18577	-	-	-	10
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	500 mA	1000 mA	
		A9N18578	A9N18579	A9N18580	A9N18587	A9N18588	A9N18589	10
Operating voltage (U <sub>e</sub> )		230...415 V						
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz						
Accessories		Module CA907012 and CA907013						



## EN 61009

When a Vigi C120 device is combined with a C120 circuit breaker, it provides the following functions:

- protection of persons against electric shock by direct contact (30 mA),
- protection of persons against electric shock by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
- protection of installations against fire hazards (300 mA to 1000 mA).

### Special feature of type SI

They are appropriate for operating in environments with:

- high risk of nuisance tripping: frequent lightning strikes, IT system, presence of electronic ballasts, frequency converters, presence of switchgear incorporating lighting type interference filters, computer system, etc.
- blind sources:
  - presence of harmonics or high frequency rejections
  - presence of DC components: diodes, diode bridges, switch-mode power supplies, etc.
- protected against nuisance tripping caused by transient voltage surges (lightning strike, operation of switchgear on the network, etc.)

PB107924-30



2P

PB107925-50



3P

PB107926-30



4P

## Catalogue numbers

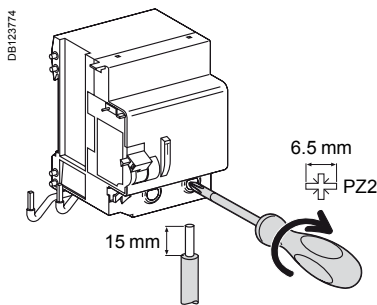
Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices							
Type	SI						Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Vigi C120						
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliary						
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
		A9N18591	A9N18592	-	A9N18556	A9N18557	7
3P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
		A9N18594	A9N18595	-	A9N18558	A9N18559	10
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	500 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	
		A9N18597 A9N18554 <sup>(1)</sup>	A9N18598 A9N18555 <sup>(1)</sup>	A9N18599	A9N18560	A9N18561	10
Operating voltage (Ue)	230...415 V						
Operating frequency	50 Hz						
Accessories	Module CA907012 and CA907013						

(1) specific offer for France

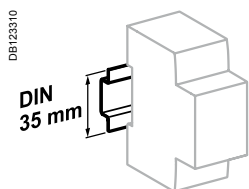


# Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices (types AC, A and SI)

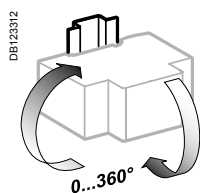
## Connection



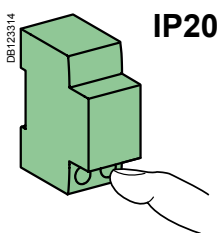
Type	Sensitivity	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
Vigi C120	30...1000 mA	3.5 N.m	1 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>



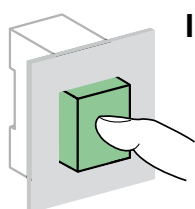
Clips onto 35 mm DIN rail.



Any installation position.



IP20



IP40

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

#### To IEC 60947-2

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC
Degree of pollution	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV

#### To EN 61009

Impulse current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	Types AC and A (non-selective ☒)	250 Å
	Types AC and A (selective ☒)	3 kÅ
	Types SI (non-selective ☒)	3 kÅ
	Types SI (selective ☒)	5 kÅ

### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	Type AC	-5 °C to +60 °C
	Types A and SI	-25 °C to +60 °C
Storage temperature		-40 °C to +85 °C

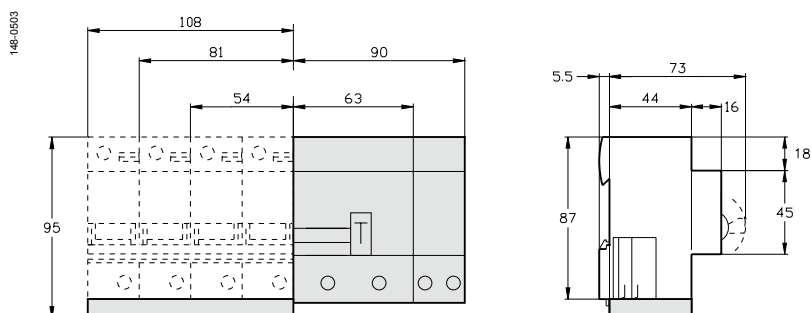
## Weight (g)

### Add-on residual current devices

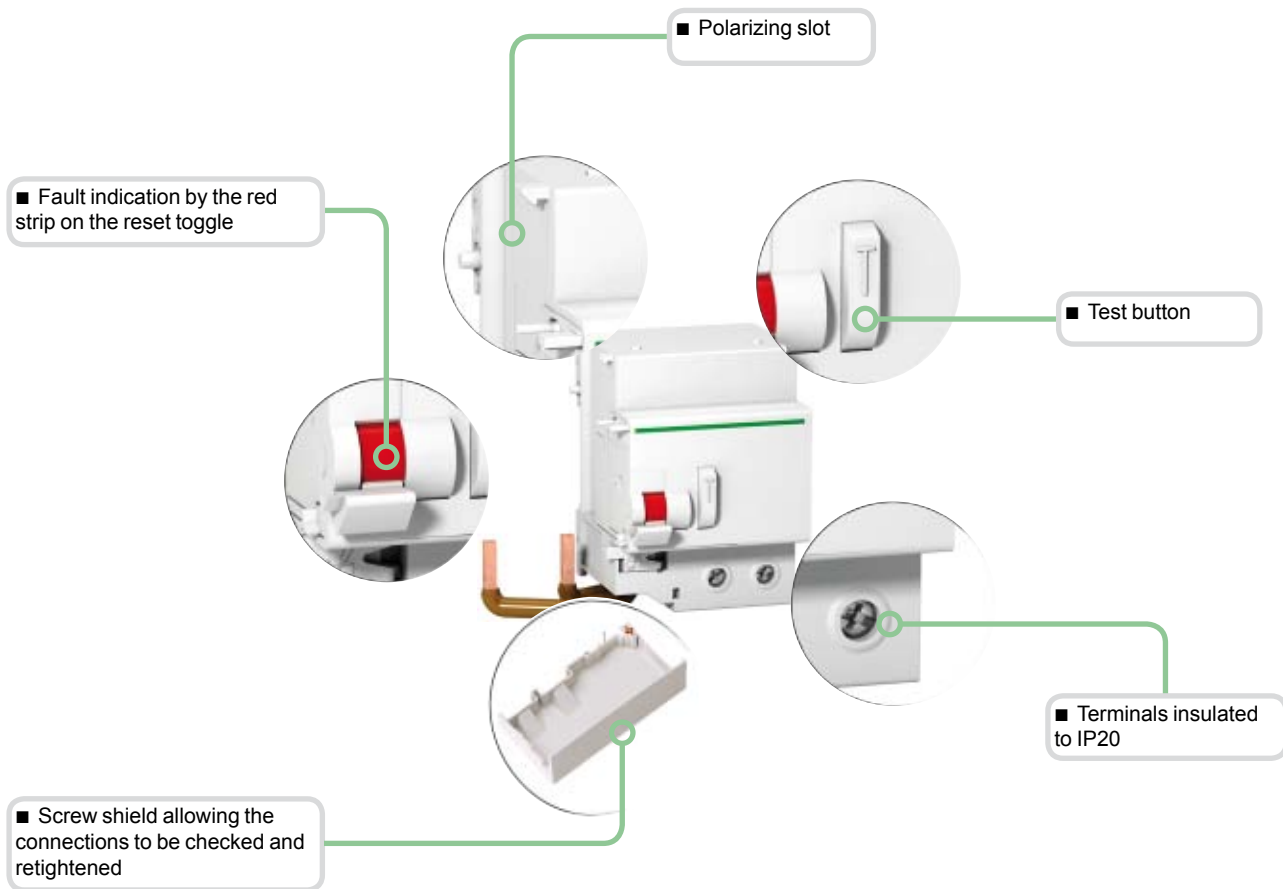
Type	Vigi C120
2P	325
3P	500
4P	580

## Dimensions (mm)

### C120 + Vigi C120



# Vigi C120 add-on residual current devices (types AC, A and SI) (cont.)



## Type SI

The *SI* type provides increased immunity from electrical interference and polluted or corrosive environments.



Schneider Electric's range of add-on residual current devices consists of different products (A, B) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

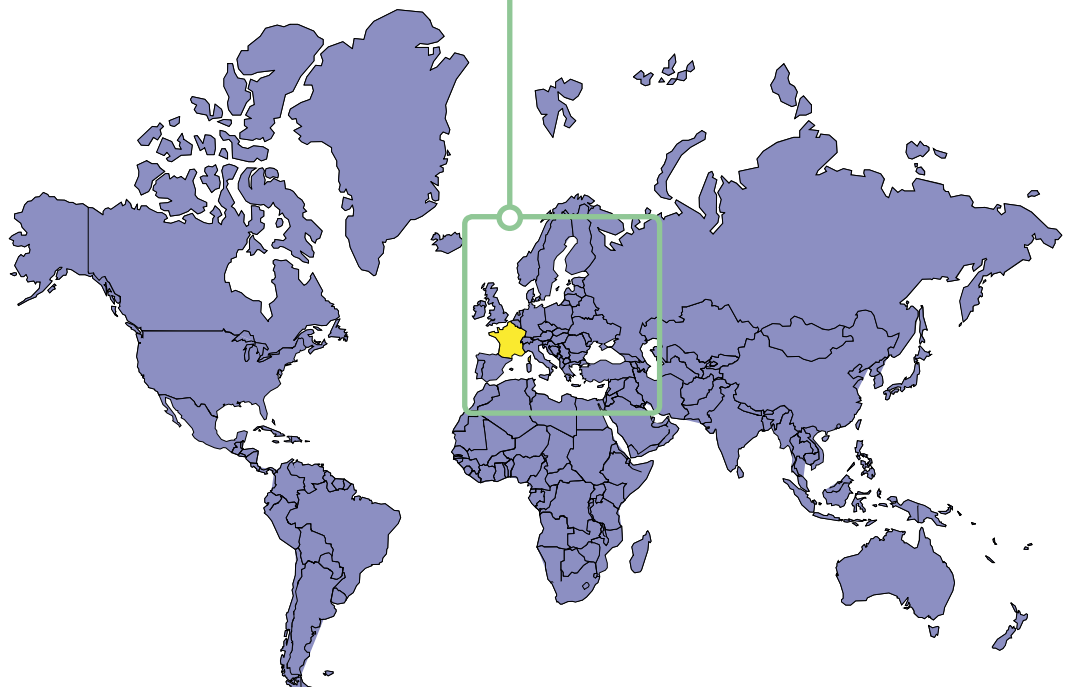
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

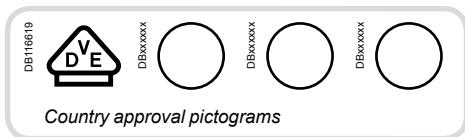
**Variants**

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	218
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	221
Common pages		224

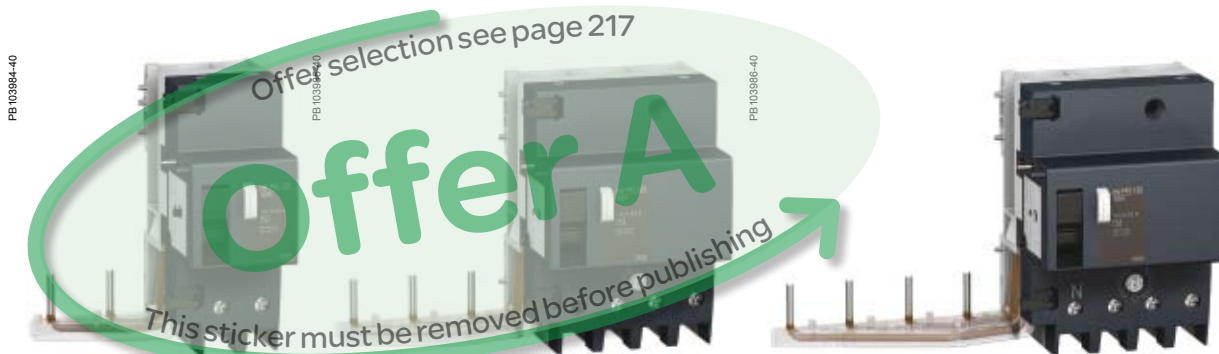


Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

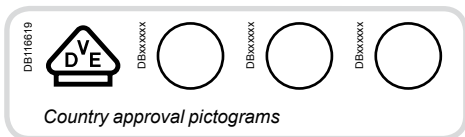


- When it is combined with an NG125 circuit breaker, the Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device offers the following functions:
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by indirect contact (300 mA),
  - protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices					
Type	AC		Width in 9 mm modules		
Product	Vigi NG125				
Auxiliaries	Without auxiliaries				
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>		<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	
	Rating	63 A	<b>19000</b>	<b>19001</b>	5
<b>3P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>		<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	
	Rating	63 A	<b>19002</b>	<b>19003</b>	9
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>		<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	
	Rating	63 A	<b>19004</b>	<b>19005</b>	9
Voltage rating (Ue)			230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz		
<b>Accessories</b>			<b>Module CM907006</b>		



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

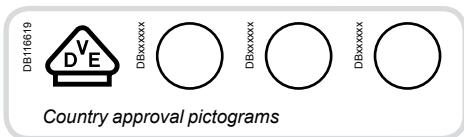


- When it is combined with an NG125 circuit breaker, the Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device offers the following functions:
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA or 500 mA).

■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices								
Type	A							Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Vigi NG125							
Auxiliaries	Module CM907005							
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	300...1000 I/S	300...3000 I/S/R	
 DB122462	Rating 63 A	19011 19008 (1)	19012 19009 (1)	19030	19031	-	-	5
3P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	300...1000 I/S	300...3000 I/S/R	
 DB122463	Rating 63 A	19013	19014	19032	19033	-	-	9
	125 A	19039 19050 (2)	-	-	-	19044	19036 19053 (2)	11
4P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	300...1000 I/S	300...3000 I/S/R	
 DB122464	Rating 63 A	19017	19018	19034	19035	-	-	9
	125 A	19041 19051 (2)	19042	-	-	19045	19037 19054 (2)	11
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V Except: (1) 110...220 V and (2) 440...500 V						
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz						
Accessories		Module CM907006						



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

067484-40



■ When it is combined with an NG125 circuit breaker, the Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device offers the following functions:

- protection of persons against electric shocks by direct contact (30 mA),
- protection of persons against electric shocks by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
- protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA or 500 mA).

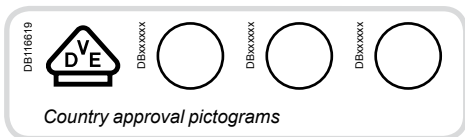
■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

■ The following types are appropriate for operating in environments with:

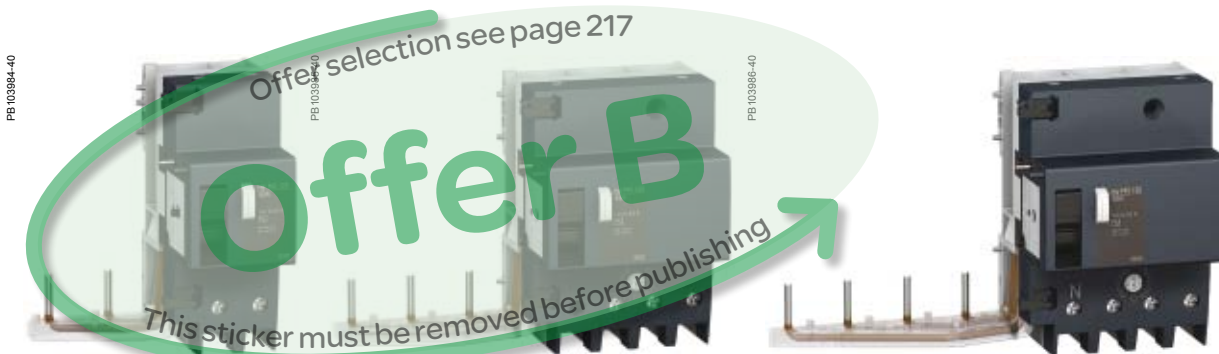
- High risk of nuisance tripping: frequent lightning strikes, IT system, presence of electronic ballasts, frequency converters, presence of switchgear incorporating lighting type interference filters, computer system, etc.
- Blind sources
  - presence of harmonics or high frequency rejections,
  - presence of DC components: diodes, diode bridges, switch-mode power supplies, etc.
- Protected against nuisance tripping caused by transient voltage surges (lightning strike, operation of switchgear on the network, etc.).

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices					
Type			S/I	Width in 9 mm modules	
Product			Vigi NG125		
Auxiliaries			Module CM907005		
<b>3P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>		<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300...3000 I/S/R</b>	
	Rating	125 A	<b>19100</b>	<b>19106</b>	11
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>		<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300...3000 I/S/R</b>	
	Rating	125 A	<b>19101</b>	<b>19107</b>	11
Voltage rating (Ue)			230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz		
<b>Accessories</b>			<b>Module CM907006</b>		



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

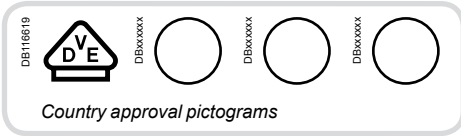


- When it is combined with an NG125 circuit breaker, the Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device offers the following functions:
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by indirect contact (300 mA),
  - protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices					
Type	AC		Vigi NG125		Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Without auxiliaries				
Auxiliaries	Sensitivity		30 mA	300 mA	
<b>2P</b>  DB122462	Rating	63 A	19000	19001	5
<b>3P</b>  DB122463	Rating	63 A	19002	19003	9
<b>4P</b>  DB122464	Rating	63 A	19004	19005	9
Voltage rating (Ue)			230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz		
Accessories			Module CM907006		



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

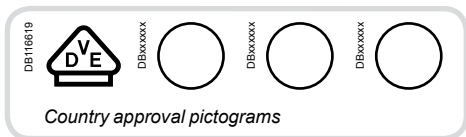


- When it is combined with an NG125 circuit breaker, the Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device offers the following functions:
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by direct contact (30 mA),
  - protection of persons against electric shocks by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
  - protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA or 500 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices									
Type	A								Width in 9 mm modules
Product	Vigi NG125								
Auxiliaries	Module CM907005								
2P	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	1000 mA	300...1000 I/S	300...3000 I/S/R		
 DB122462	Rating	63 A	<b>19010</b> <i>19008 (1)</i>	<b>19012</b> <i>19009 (1)</i>	<b>19030</b>	<b>19031</b>	-	-	5
 DB122463	Rating	63 A	<b>19013</b>	<b>19014</b>	<b>19032</b>	<b>19033</b>	-	-	9
			-	-	-	-	-	<b>19036</b> <i>19053 (2)</i>	11
	125 A	<b>19039</b>	-	-	-	<b>19044</b>	<b>19047</b> <i>19055 (2)</i>	11	
 DB122464	Rating	63 A	<b>19015</b>	<b>19016</b>	<b>19034</b>	<b>19035</b>	-	-	9
			-	-	-	-	-	<b>19037</b> <i>19054 (2)</i>	11
	125 A	<b>19041</b>	<b>19042</b>	-	-	<b>19046</b>	<b>19049</b> <i>19056 (2)</i>	11	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V <i>Except: (1) 110...220 V and (2) 440...500 V</i>							
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz							
Accessories		Module CM907006							





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

Offer selection see page 217

■ When it is combined with an NG125 circuit breaker, the Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device offers the following functions:

- protection of persons against electric shocks by direct contact (30 mA),
- protection of persons against electric shocks by indirect contact ( $\geq 300$  mA),
- protection of installations against fire risks (300 mA or 500 mA).

■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

■ It is appropriate for operating in environments with:

■ High risk of nuisance tripping: frequent lightning strikes, IT system, presence of electronic ballasts, frequency converters, presence of switchgear incorporating lighting type interference filters, computer system, etc.

■ Blind sources

- presence of harmonics or high frequency rejections,
- presence of DC components: diodes, diode bridges, switch-mode power supplies, etc.

■ Protected against nuisance tripping caused by transient voltage surges (lightning strike, operation of switchgear on the network, etc.).

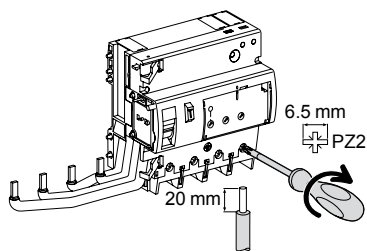
## Catalogue numbers

Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices					
Type			S/I		Width in 9 mm modules
Product			Vigi NG125		
Auxiliaries			Module CM907005		
3P	Sensitivity		30 mA	300...3000 I/S/R	
<p>DB122463</p>	Rating	125 A	19100	19106	11
<p>DB122464</p>	Rating	125 A	19101	19107	11
Voltage rating (Ue)			230 - 240 V, 400 - 415 V		
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz		
Accessories			Module CM907006		

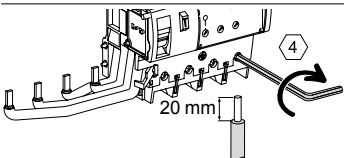
# Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices (AC, A, S/I types)

## Connection

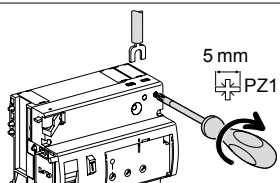
DB123404



DB123405

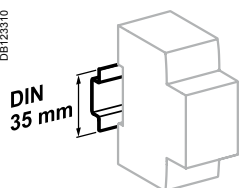


DB123406



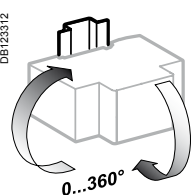
Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories			With accessories	
		Copper cables Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	Screw clamp terminal	70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal
<b>63 A</b>	3.5 N.m	1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-
<b>125 A</b>	6 N.m	16 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Pre-alarm</b>	1 N.m	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-

DB12310



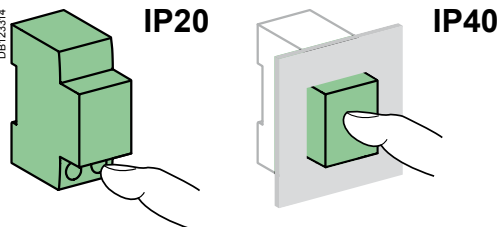
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.

DB12312



Indifferent position of installation.

DB12314



## Technical data

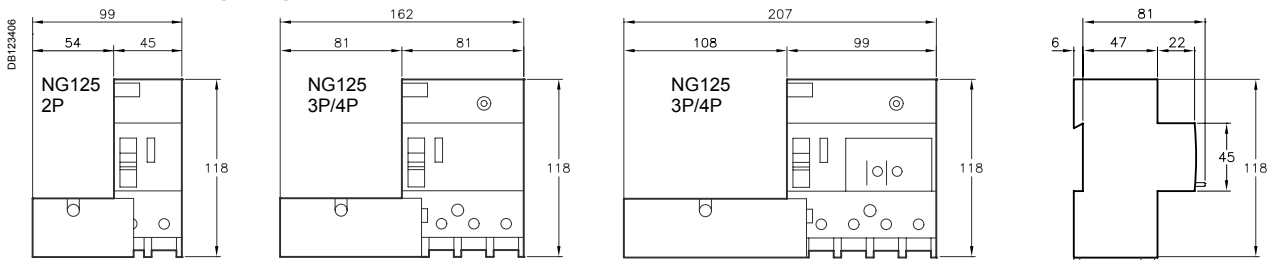
Main characteristics	
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	690 V
Pollution degree	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	8 kV
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1	
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	Selective <input type="checkbox"/> or R <input type="checkbox"/> 5 kA Instantaneous <input type="checkbox"/> 3 kA
Behaviour in case of voltage drop	Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V
Additional characteristics	
Degree of protection	Device only IP20 Device in modular enclosure IP40
Operating temperature	AC type -5°C to +60°C A and S/I types  -25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Additional characteristics	
Vigi 125 A and adjustable	
Plug-in auxiliaries	MXV Remote tripping SDV Indication of tripping upon earth fault
Adjustable Vigi	
Sensitivity adjustable by notch (I <sub>Δn</sub> )	300, 500, 1000, 3000 mA
Tripping time	Instantaneous <input type="checkbox"/> Selective <input type="checkbox"/> 60 ms Time-delayed <input type="checkbox"/> 150 ms
Leakage current indication on 3P and 4P 300...3000 I/S/R (pre-alarm)	On front face by LED Remote, by potential-free normally-open contact 250 V - 1 A (low level) Threshold setting by potentiometer from 10 % to 50 % of I <sub>Δn</sub>
Disconnection essential for dielectric test	By integral pushbutton

# Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices (AC, A, S/ types) (cont.)

## Weight (g)

Add-on residual current devices			
Number of 9 mm modules	2P	3P	4P
5 modules	250	-	-
9 modules	-	410	450
11 modules	-	750	800

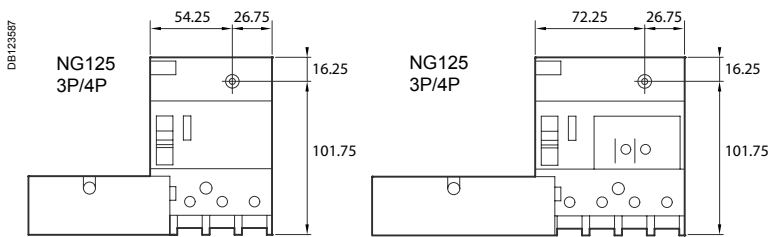
## Dimensions (mm)



2P (5 modules)

63, 125 A (9 modules)

63, 125 A (11 modules)



Spacing for mounting on panel

# Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices (AC, A, S/I types) (cont.)

058341\_SE-50

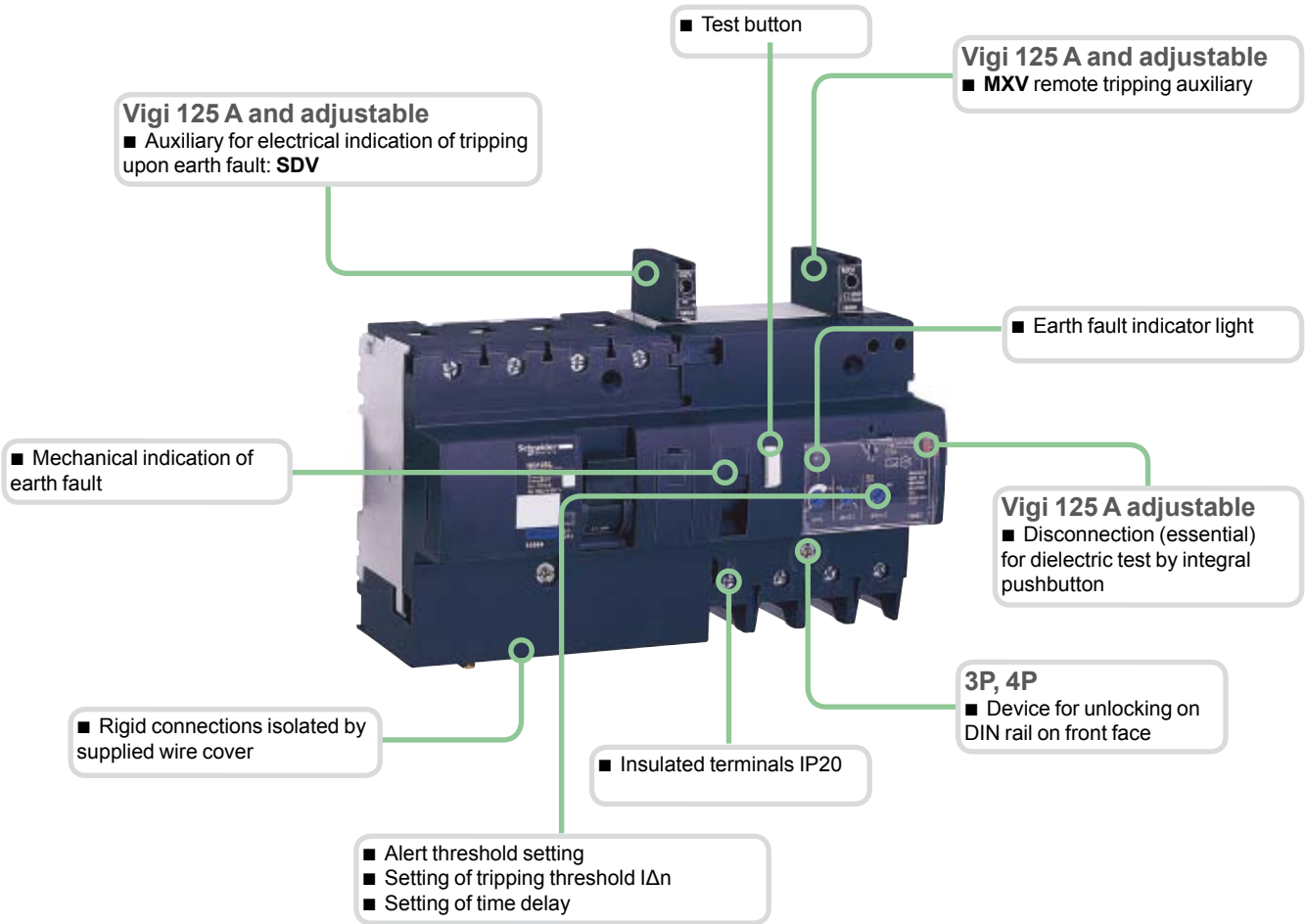


## Association NG125 + Vigi NG125

	Vigi NG125 63 A	Vigi NG125 125 A
NG125 ≤ 63 A	■	NO
NG125 80...125 A*	NO	■

(\* ) No Vigi add-on residual current device for 2P circuit breakers of rating 80 A.

FB104466-40



### S/I type

S/I types are appropriate for operating in environments with:

- High risk of nuisance tripping: frequent lightning strikes, IT system, presence of electronic ballasts, frequency converters, presence of switchgear incorporating lighting type interference filters, computer system, etc.
- Blind sources
  - presence of harmonics or high frequency rejections,
  - presence of DC components: diodes, diode bridges, switch-mode power supplies, etc.
- Protected against nuisance tripping caused by transient voltage surges (lightning strike, operation of switchgear on the network, etc.).



Schneider Electric's range of residual current devices consists of different products (A, B) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

**Variants**

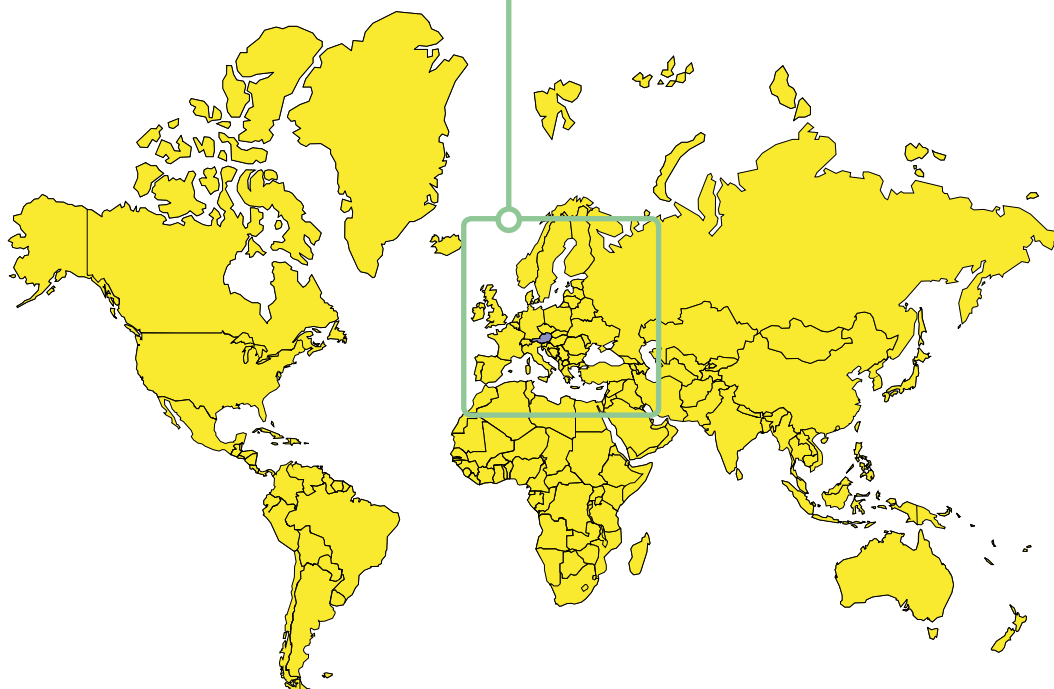
Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	229
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	231
Common pages		232

DE406662



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.

DE406661





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

## Voltage Independent



- The iDPN Vigi residual current device provide complete protection for final circuits (against overcurrents and insulation faults):
  - protection for users against electric shocks by direct contacts ( $\leq 30$  mA),
  - protection for users against electric shocks by indirect contacts (300 mA),
  - protection of the installations against fire risks (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

- The *SI* range has been designed to maintain a network with optimum safety and continuity of service in installations disturbed by:
  - extreme atmospheric conditions,
  - harmonic generating loads,
  - transient operating currents.

Offer selection see page 227

**Offer A**


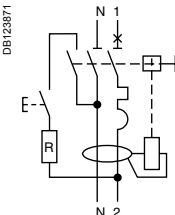
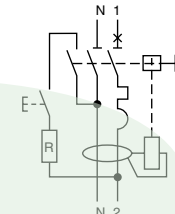
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iDPN N Vigi

## Catalogue numbers

iDPNa Vigi 4500							
Type	AC	A			Width in 9 mm modules		
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		Module CA907000 and CA907002					
<b>1P+N Curve B</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D51606	-	A9D54606	4	
		10 A	A9D51610	-	A9D54610		
		13 A	-	-	-	A9D54613	
		16 A	A9D51616	-	-	A9D54616	
		20 A	A9D51620	-	-	A9D54620	
		25 A	A9D51625	-	-	A9D54625	
		32 A	A9D51632	-	-	A9D54632	
		40 A	A9D51640	-	-	A9D54640	
<b>1P+N Curve C</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>10 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D34606	A9D44606	A9D35606	4	
		10 A	A9D34610	A9D44610	A9D05610	A9D35610	
		13 A	-	-	-	A9D35613	
		16 A	A9D34616	A9D44616	A9D05616	A9D35616	
		20 A	A9D34620	A9D44620	-	A9D35620	
		25 A	A9D34625	A9D44625	-	A9D35625	
		32 A	A9D34632	A9D44632	-	A9D35632	
		40 A	A9D34640	A9D44640	-	A9D35640	
Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC						
Operating frequency	50 Hz						
<b>Accessories</b>	Module CA907000 and CA907001, comb busbars LIN001						




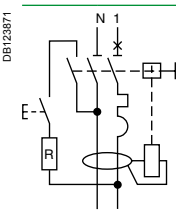
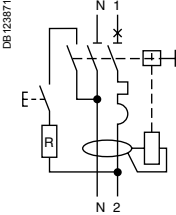
## Catalogue numbers

iDPN N Vigi 6000				
Type	A 		Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries			Module CA907000 and CA907002	
1P+N Curve B	Sensitivity 30 mA		4	
	Rating (In)	10 A		A9D06610
		16 A		A9D06616
		20 A		A9D06620
1P+N Curve C	Sensitivity 30 mA		4	
	Rating (In)	10 A		A9D01610
		16 A		A9D01616
		20 A		A9D01620
Voltage rating (Ue)		110 V AC		
Operating frequency		50 Hz		
Accessories			Module CA907000 and CA907001, comb busbars LIN001	



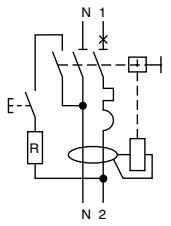
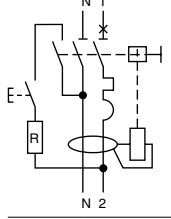
Offer selection see page 227

**Offer A**

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iDPN N Vigi 6000												
Type	AC 			A 				SI 			Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries											Module CA907000 and CA907002	
1P+N Curve B	Sensitivity		30 mA	300 mA	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	4
	Rating (In)	4 A	A9D55604	A9D68604	-	A9D56604	A9D60604	A9D69604	-	-	-	
		6 A	A9D55606	A9D68606	-	A9D56606	A9D60606	A9D69606	-	-	-	
		10 A	A9D55610	A9D68610	A9D08610	A9D56610	A9D60610	A9D69610	-	-	-	
		13 A	-	-	-	A9D56613	A9D60613	A9D69613	-	-	-	
		16 A	A9D55616	A9D68616	A9D08616	A9D56616	A9D60616	A9D69616	-	-	-	
		20 A	A9D55620	A9D68620	-	A9D56620	A9D60620	A9D69620	-	-	-	
		25 A	A9D55625	A9D68625	-	A9D56625	A9D60625	A9D69625	-	-	-	
		32 A	A9D55632	A9D68632	-	A9D56632	A9D60632	A9D69632	-	-	-	
		40 A	A9D55640	A9D68640	-	A9D56640	A9D60640	A9D69640	-	-	-	
1P+N Curve C	Sensitivity		30 mA	300 mA	10 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	4
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D31606	A9D41606	-	A9D32606	A9D52606	A9D42606	A9D33606	A9D53606	A9D43606	
		10 A	A9D31610	A9D41610	A9D02610	A9D32610	A9D52610	A9D42610	A9D33610	A9D53610	A9D43610	
		13 A	-	-	-	A9D32613	A9D52613	A9D42613	A9D33613	A9D53613	A9D43613	
		16 A	A9D31616	A9D41616	A9D02616	A9D32616	A9D52616	A9D42616	A9D33616	A9D53616	A9D43616	
		20 A	A9D31620	A9D41620	-	A9D32620	A9D52620	A9D42620	A9D33620	A9D53620	A9D43620	
		25 A	A9D31625	A9D41625	-	A9D32625	A9D52625	A9D42625	A9D33625	A9D53625	A9D43625	
		32 A	A9D31632	A9D41632	-	A9D32632	A9D52632	A9D42632	A9D33632	A9D53632	A9D43632	
		40 A	A9D31640	A9D41640	-	A9D32640	A9D52640	A9D42640	A9D33640	A9D53640	A9D43640	
		Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC								
Operating frequency		50 Hz										
Accessories			Module CA907000 and CA907001, comb busbars LIN001									

## Catalogue numbers

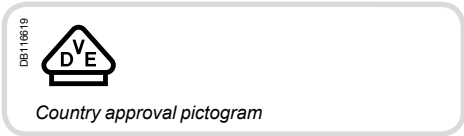
iDPN H Vigi 10000							
Type		A 		SI 		Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries		Module CA907000 and CA907002					
1P+N	Curve B	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D07606	-	-	-	4
		10 A	A9D07610	-	-	-	
		16 A	A9D07616	-	-	-	
		20 A	A9D07620	-	-	-	
		25 A	A9D07625	-	-	-	
		32 A	A9D07632	-	-	-	
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D37606	A9D47606	A9D38606	A9D48606	4
		10 A	A9D37610	A9D47610	A9D38610	A9D48610	
		16 A	A9D37616	A9D47616	A9D38616	A9D48616	
		20 A	A9D37620	A9D47620	A9D38620	A9D48620	
		25 A	A9D37625	A9D47625	A9D38625	A9D48625	
		32 A	A9D37632	A9D47632	A9D38632	A9D48632	
Voltage rating (Ue)			230 V AC				
Operating frequency			50 Hz				
Accessories			Module CA907000 and CA907001, comb busbars LIN001				

Offer selection see page 227

# offer A

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iDPN N Vigi

Offer selection see page 227

# Offer B

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IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1

## Voltage Independent

- The iDPN Vigi residual current device provide complete protection for final circuits (against overcurrents and insulation faults):
  - protection for users against electric shocks by direct contacts (30 mA),
  - protection for users against electric shocks by indirect contacts (100 mA),
  - protection of the installations against fire risks (100 mA).
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

## Catalogue numbers

iDPN N Vigi G Type 6000					
Type		AC	A	Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries		Module CA907000 and CA907002			
1P+N	Curve C	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D62606	A9D72606	4
		10 A	A9D62610	A9D72610	
		13 A	A9D62613	A9D72613	
		16 A	A9D62616	A9D72616	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC			
Operating frequency		50 Hz			
Accessories		Module CA907000 and CA907001, comb busbars LIN001			

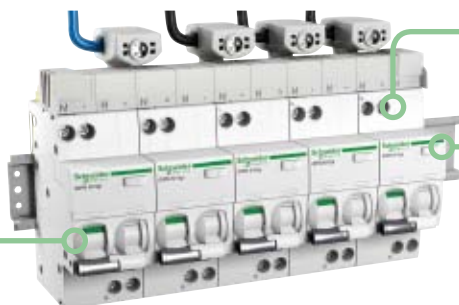
DB40596-40

■ Fast contact closure

■ Insulated terminals IP20

### Visi-trip double window

- Fault tripping circuit breaker is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face.
- Earth fault is indicated by a red mechanical indicator on the front face

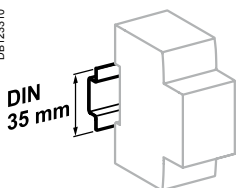


■ Test button

### Positive contact indication

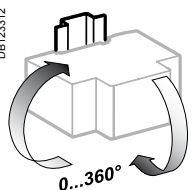
- A green strip on the toggle guarantees opening of all the poles in safety conditions (padlocking possible) for work to be carried out on live parts

DB123310



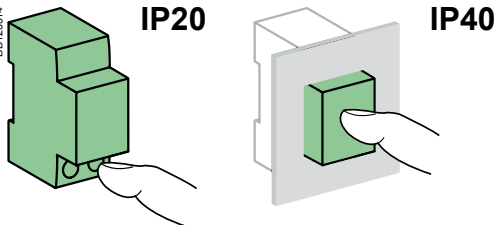
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.

DB123312



Indifferent position of installation.

DB123314



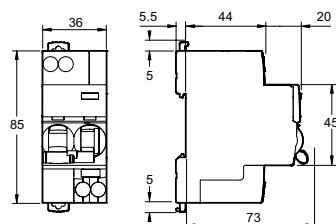
### Weight (g)

#### Residual current device

Type	iDPN Vigi
1P+N	125

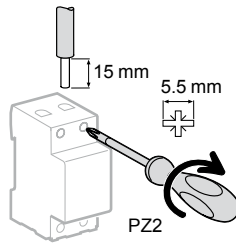
### Dimensions (mm)

DB124454



### Connection

DB123947



Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
4 to 40 A	2 N.m	DB122845 1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122846 1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

### Technical data

Main characteristics			
Type	iDPNa Vigi	iDPN N Vigi	iDPN H Vigi
Insulation voltage (Ui)	400 V AC		
Pollution degree	3		
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	4 kV		
Setting temperature for ratings	30°C		
Magnetic tripping	Curve B	Between 3 and 5 In	
	Curve C	Between 5 and 10 In	
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1			
Limitation class	3		
Rated breaking capacity (Icn)	4500 A	6000 A	10,000 A
Rated residual breaking and making capacity (IΔm)	4500 A	6000 A	10,000 A
8/20 μs impulse withstand	Type AC	250 Å	250 Å
	Type A	250 Å	250 Å
	Type S/I	-	3 kÅ
Behaviour in case of voltage drop	Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V		
Additional characteristics			
Earth leakage protection with instantaneous tripping	10, 30, 300 mA	10, 30, 100, 300 mA	30, 300 mA
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	≤ 20 A	20,000 cycles
		≥ 25 A	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical		20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)	III		
Operating temperature	Type AC	-5°C to +60°C	
	Type A, S/I	-25°C to +60°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C		
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)		

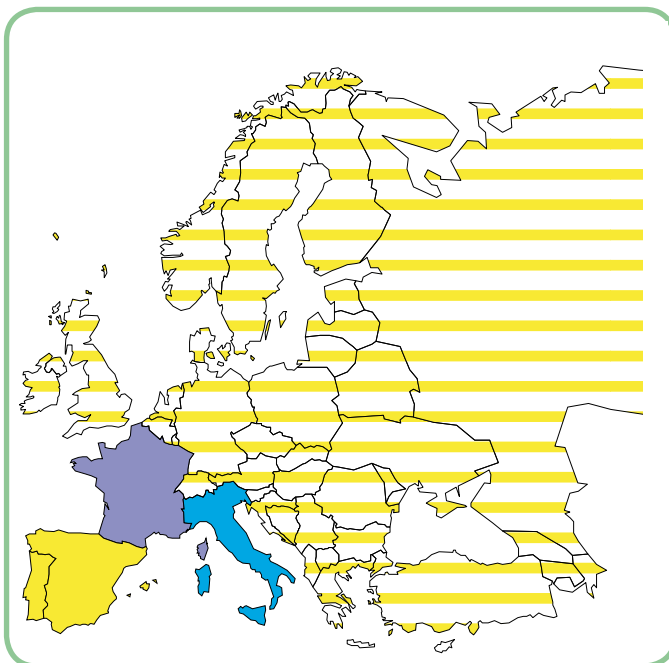


The Schneider Electric residual current device range comprises various offers (Clario, Prodis, Libro) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

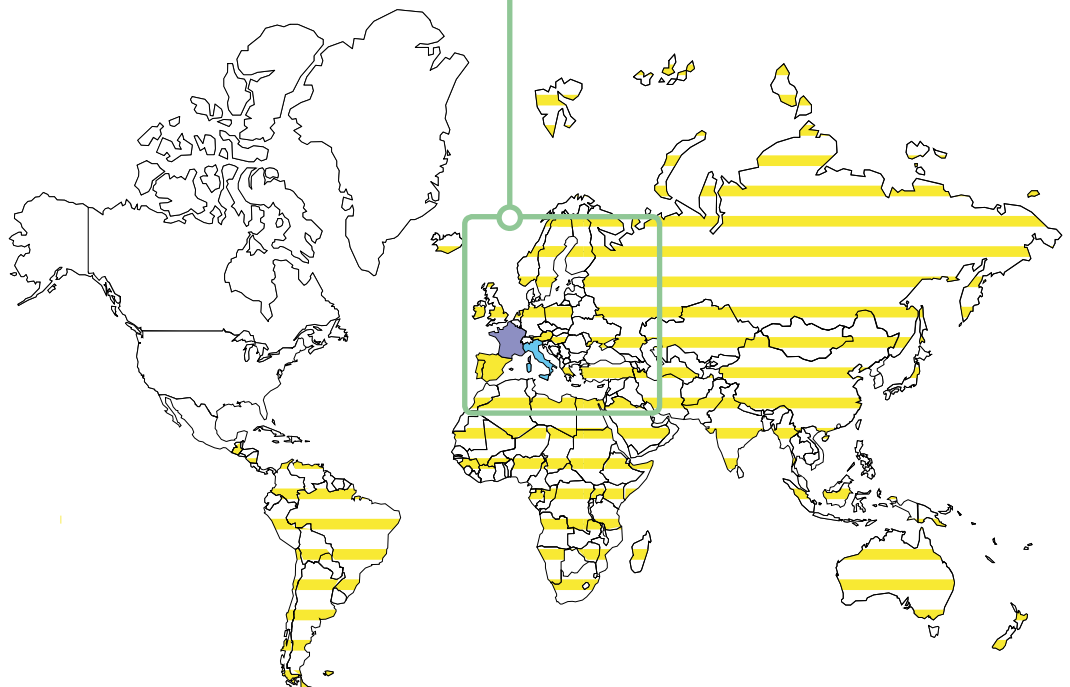
- installation customs
- price
- approval by local organizations.

### Variants

Offers		Pages
Common pages		234
Clario	Catalogue numbers	235
Prodis	Catalogue numbers	238
Librio	Catalogue numbers	242
Common pages		245



**Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.**



Adapted to the needs of service sector and industrial building installations, earth leakage protection devices can ensure:

- protection of electrical installations against insulation faults
- protection for people against direct and indirect contact
- protection of the installations against fire risks.

The range of earth leakage modules adaptable to the circuit breakers consists of:

- Vigi modules for protection of "outgoers"
- Vigi modules for protection of "Group Feeders".

"Outgoer" and "Group Feeder" residual current devices are also available in "monobloc" version.

The Vigi modules, to be combined with or already combined with a circuit breaker, incorporate in a single enclosure the residual current relay and the toroid.

- The residual current tripping device is electromechanical and operates without an auxiliary source.
- A homogeneous unit in compliance with the EN 61009-1 and EN 61009-2-1 standards, a residual current device retains all the characteristics of the circuit breaker alone; in particular, the thermal tripping threshold of the circuit breaker is retained in the presence of the earth leakage module.
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Operation

- When an earth fault occurs, the Vigi module causes automatic opening of the circuit breaker with which it is combined. Fault indication is performed by a red strip on the operating handle for Vigi module resetting.
- Resetting of the earth leakage module is performed, at the user's choice:
  - either by the reset handle of the circuit breaker (in one operation),
  - or independently of the circuit breaker (in 2 operations).

### Earth leakage protection is provided:

- either by earth leakage modules adaptable to circuit breakers
- or by monobloc residual current devices.



## Earth leakage protection

### "Group Feeder"



### "Outgoers"



Monobloc

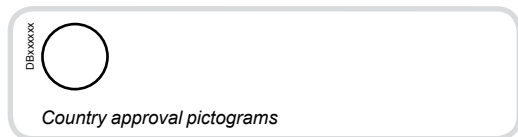
### "Group Feeder"



### "Outgoers"



Add-on modules



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

Earth leakage protection for "Group Feeders" is performed:  
 ■ either by a monobloc residual current device  
 ■ or by a circuit breaker combined with a Vigi module.



## Catalogue numbers

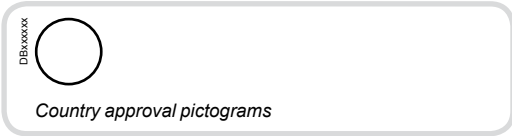
iDPN Vigi residual current devices 4500 EN 61009 - C curve									
Type		AC					Width in 9-mm modules		
Auxiliaries		Add-on auxiliaries: see modules CA907008 and CA907010							
3P+N		Sensitivity			30 mA	300 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9N21771	A9N21775	A9N21772	12			
		40 A	A9N21773	A9N21776	A9N21774				



## Catalogue numbers

"Group Feeder" Vigi iDPN modules											
Type		AC			A		SI			Width in 9-mm modules	
1P+N		Sensitivity			30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9N21741	A9N21742	-	A9N21745	A9N21746	A9N21749	A9N21750	-	2
		40 A	A9N21743	A9N21744	-	A9N21747	A9N21748	A9N21751	A9N21752	A9N21753	
3P+N		Sensitivity			30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	
	Rating	25 A	A9N21755	A9N21756	-	A9N21759	A9N21760	A9N21763	A9N21764	-	6
		40 A	A9N21757	A9N21758	-	A9N21761	A9N21762	A9N21765	A9N21766	A9N21767	

# Vigi modules and residual current devices *i*DPN "Outgoer"



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

For the earth leakage protection of "outgoers", a residual current device is built by combining a circuit breaker and a Vigi module. "Outgoer" residual current devices are also available in monobloc version.

## Catalogue numbers



<i>i</i> DPN Vigi residual current devices 4500 EN 61009 - C curve					
Type	AC			Width in 9-mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Add-on auxiliaries: see modules CA907008 and CA907010				
1P+N	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	6 A	A9N21614	A9N21624	4
		10 A	A9N21615	A9N21625	
		16 A	A9N21616	A9N21626	
		20 A	A9N21617	A9N21627	
		25 A	A9N21618	A9N21628	
		32 A	A9N21619	A9N21629	
		40 A	A9N21620	A9N21630	



Offer selection see page 233

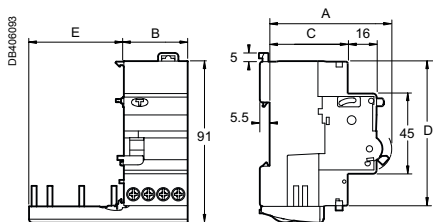
# Clarío

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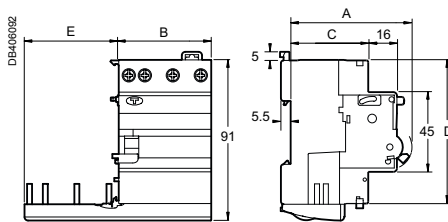
## Catalogue numbers

<b>"Outgoer" Vigi <i>i</i>DPN modules</b>										
Type	AC			A		SI		Width in 9-mm modules		
1P+N	Sensitivity	30 mA	100 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA		
	Rating	25 A	A9N21681	A9N21678	A9N21682	A9N21685	A9N21686	A9N21689	A9N21690	2
			A9N21680	A9N21679						
		40 A	A9N21683	-	A9N21684	A9N21687	A9N21688	A9N21691	A9N21692	
	Rating	25 A	A9N21695	-	A9N21696	A9N21699	A9N21700	A9N21703	A9N21704	4
			A9N21697	-	A9N21698	A9N21701	A9N21702	A9N21705	A9N21706	
		40 A								
	Rating	25 A	A9N21709	-	A9N21710	A9N21713	A9N21714	A9N21717	A9N21718	4
			A9N21711	-	A9N21712	A9N21715	A9N21716	A9N21719	A9N21720	
		40 A								

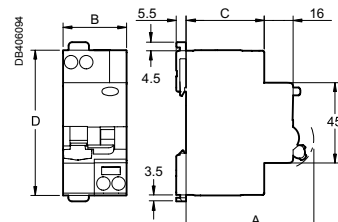
### Dimensions (mm)



"Outgoer" Vigi modules



"Group Feeder" Vigi modules



Residual current devices

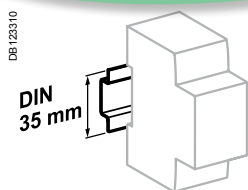
### Earth leakage protection

Type	Number of poles	A	B	C	D	E
"Outgoer" Vigi / DPN modules	1P+N	69	18	44	81	18
	3P	69	36	44	81	54
	3P+N	69	36	44	81	54
"Group Feeder" Vigi / DPN modules	1P+N	70	18	44	82	18
	3P+N	70	54	44	82	54
Residual current devices / DPN Vigi	1P+N	71	36	44	81	-
	3P+N	71	108	44	81	-

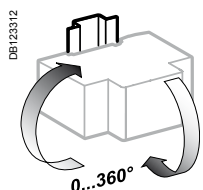
Offer selection see page 233

# Clario

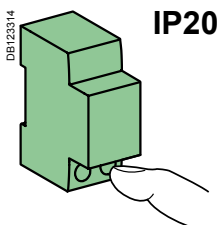
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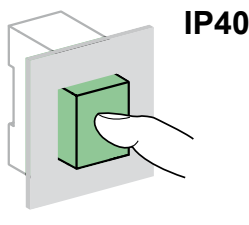
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

### Technical data

#### Main characteristics

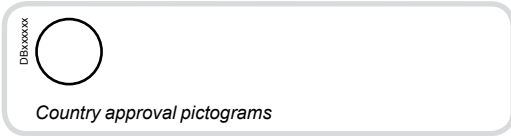
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	Phase-to-phase	440 V AC
Voltage rating (U <sub>e</sub> )	Phase-to-neutral	230 V AC
	Phase-to-phase	400 V AC
Operating frequency		50 Hz
Pollution degree		3 as per IEC 61009 (for installation in industrial environment)
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )		4 kV
Behaviour in the event of a phase-to-earth fault in TN-S earthing system		Residual breaking and making capacity (I <sub>Δm</sub> ) identical to the rated breaking capacity (I <sub>cn</sub> )
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

#### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	A and SI types	-25°C to +60°C
	AC type	
Storage temperature		-40°C to +60°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)
Reinforced cable pull-out strength		Serrated terminals
Automatic cable guiding in the correct position		Terminals with guard





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

Earth leakage protection for "Group Feeders" is performed by a circuit breaker combined with a Vigi module.

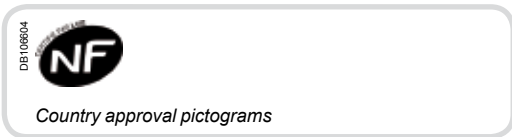


### Catalogue numbers

"Group Feeder" Vigi TG40 modules							
Type		AC	SI				Width in 9-mm modules
<b>1P+N</b> 	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	2
	Rating	25 A	A9N21480	A9N21481	A9N21484	A9N21485	
		40 A	A9N21482	A9N21483	A9N21486	A9N21487	A9N21489
<b>3P+N</b> 	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	6
	Rating	25 A	A9N21490	A9N21491	A9N21494	A9N21495	
		40 A	A9N21492	A9N21493	A9N21496	A9N21497	A9N21499
"Group Feeder" Vigi TG60 modules							
Type		AC	SI				Width in 9-mm modules
<b>4P</b> 	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	300 mA	6
	Rating	40 A	A9N21511	A9N21512	A9N21513	A9N21514	
		63 A	A9N21562	A9N21563	A9N21564	A9N21572	A9N21573



# Residual current devices DT40 Vigi K "Outgoer"



Earth leakage protection for "Outgoer" is performed by a monobloc residual current device.

1P+N  
IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

3P+N  
IEC/EN 60898-1 and 60947-2  
IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

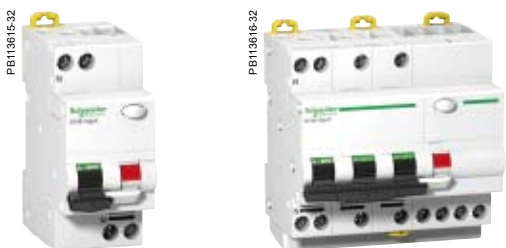
Offer selection see page 233

# Prodis

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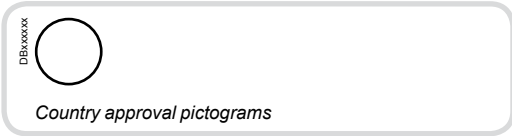
## Catalogue numbers

### DT40 Vigi K residual current devices 4500 EN 61009 - C curve



Type	AC		Width in 9-mm modules		
	Sensitivity	30 mA		300 mA	
<b>1P+N</b> 	Rating	10 A	A9N21201	A9N21207	4
		16 A	A9N21202	A9N21208	
		20 A	A9N21203	A9N21209	
		25 A	A9N21204	A9N21210	
		32 A	A9N21205	A9N21211	
		40 A	A9N21206	A9N21212	
<b>3P+N</b> 	Rating	10 A	A9N21221	A9N21227	10
		16 A	A9N21222	A9N21228	
		20 A	A9N21223	A9N21229	
		25 A	A9N21224	A9N21230	
		32 A	A9N21225	A9N21231	
		40 A	A9N21226	A9N21232	

# Vigi modules and residual current devices DT40 "Outgoer"



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

For the earth leakage protection of "outgoers", a residual current device is built by combining a circuit breaker and a Vigi module. "Outgoer" residual current devices are also available in monobloc version.

## Catalogue numbers

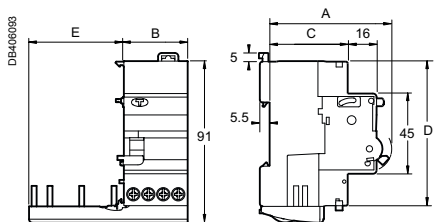
DT40 Vigi residual current devices 4500 EN 61009 - C curve					
Type	AC		Width in 9-mm modules		
Auxiliaries	Add-on auxiliaries: see modules CA907008 and CA907010				
<b>1P+N</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>		
	Rating	10 A	A9N21442	A9N21443	4
		16 A	A9N21444	A9N21445	



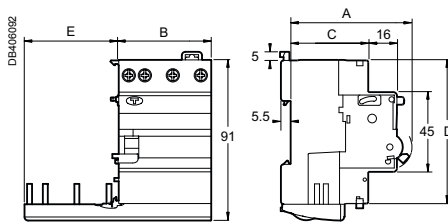
## Catalogue numbers

"Outgoer" Vigi DT40 modules							
Type	AC		SI		Width in 9-mm modules		
<b>1P+N</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>		
	Rating	25 A	A9N21450	A9N21451	A9N21454	A9N21455	2
		40 A	A9N21452	A9N21453	A9N21456	A9N21457	
<b>3P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>		
	Rating	25 A	A9N21460	A9N21461	A9N21464	A9N21465	4
		40 A	A9N21462	A9N21463	A9N21466	A9N21467	
<b>3P+N</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>		
	Rating	25 A	A9N21470	A9N21471	A9N21474	A9N21475	4
		40 A	A9N21472	A9N21473	A9N21476	A9N21477	

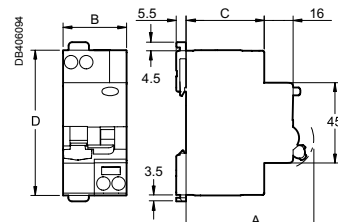
### Dimensions (mm)



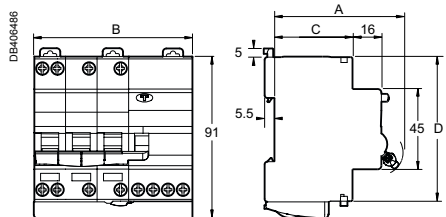
"Outgoer" Vigi modules



"Group Feeder" Vigi modules



Residual current devices



DT40 Vigi K 3P+N Residual current devices

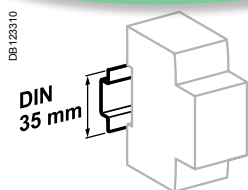
### Earth leakage protection

Type	Number of poles	A	B	C	D	E
"Outgoer" Vigi DT40 modules	1P+N	69	18	44	81	18
	3P	69	36	44	81	54
	3P+N	69	36	44	81	54
"Group Feeder" Vigi TG40, Vigi TG60 modules	1P+N	70	18	44	82	18
	3P+N	70	54	44	82	54
	4P	70	54	44	82	72
Residual current devices DT40 Vigi, DT40 Vigi K	1P+N	71	36	44	81	-
	3P+N	73	90	44	81	-

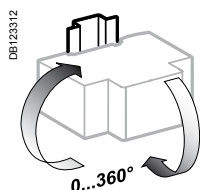
Offer selection see page 233

# Prodis

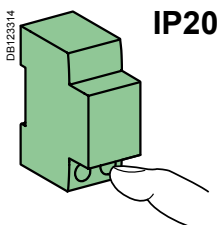
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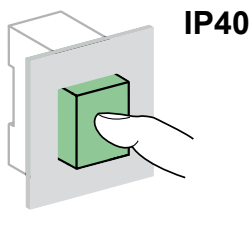
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

### Technical data

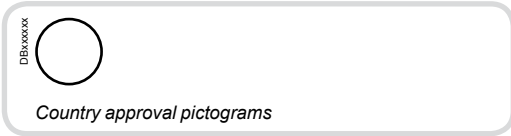
#### Main characteristics

According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Insulation voltage (Ui)	Phase-to-phase	440 V AC
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V AC
	Phase-to-phase	400 V AC
Operating frequency		50 Hz
Pollution degree		3 as per IEC 61009 (for installation in industrial environment)
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV
Behaviour in the event of a phase-to-earth fault in TN-S earthing system		Residual breaking and making capacity (I $\Delta$ m) identical to the rated breaking capacity (Icn)
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

#### Additional characteristics

Breaking capacity (Icu)		4.5 kA
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	A and SI types	-25°C to +60°C
	AC type	-5°C...+60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +60°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)
Reinforced cable pull-out strength		Serrated terminals
Automatic cable guiding in the correct position		Terminals with guard



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

Earth leakage protection for "Group Feeders" is performed by a circuit breaker combined with a Vigi module.

Offer selection see page 233

# Librio

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PB107904-32



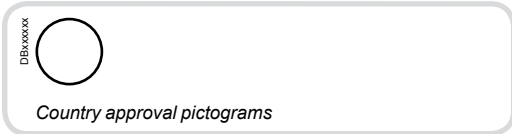
PB107905-32



### Catalogue numbers

#### "Group Feeder" Vigi C40 modules

Type		AC	A		SI		Width in 9-mm modules	
<b>1P+N</b> 	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	2
	Rating	25 A 40 A	A9N19470 A9N19474	A9N19471 A9N19475	A9N19480 A9N19484	A9N19481 A9N19485	A9N19490 A9N19494	
<b>3P+N</b> 	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	6
	Rating	25 A 40 A	A9N19472 A9N19476	A9N19473 A9N19477	A9N19482 A9N19486	A9N19483 A9N19487	A9N19492 A9N19496	



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

For the earth leakage protection of "outgoers", a residual current device is built by combining a circuit breaker and a Vigi module. "Outgoer" residual current devices are also available in monobloc version.

### Catalogue numbers

C40 Vigi residual current devices <b>4500</b> EN 61009 - C curve			
Type	AC	Width in 9-mm modules	
1P+N	AC	4	
Auxiliaries		Add-on auxiliaries: see modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Sensitivity		30 mA	
	Rating	6 A	A9N19275
		10 A	A9N19276
		16 A	A9N19277
		20 A	A9N19278
		25 A	A9N19279
		32 A	A9N19280
		40 A	A9N19281

C40 Vigi residual current devices <b>6000</b> EN 60898/61009 - C curve			
Type	AC	Width in 9-mm modules	
1P+N	AC	4	
Auxiliaries		Add-on auxiliaries: see modules CA907008 and CA907010	
Sensitivity		30 mA	
	Rating	6 A	A9N19285
		10 A	A9N19286
		16 A	A9N19287
		20 A	A9N19288
		25 A	A9N19289
		32 A	A9N19290
		40 A	A9N19291



Offer selection see page 233

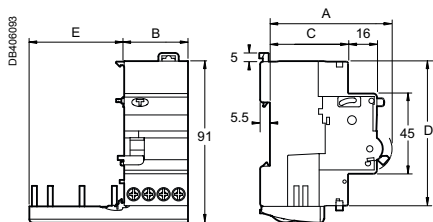
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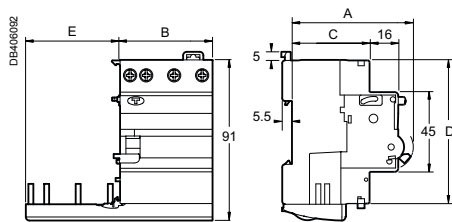
### Catalogue numbers

"Outgoer" Vigi C40 modules							
Type	AC	A		SI	Width in 9-mm modules		
1P+N	AC	2					
Sensitivity		30 mA		300 mA			
	Rating	25 A	A9N19440	A9N19441	A9N19450	A9N19451	A9N19460
		40 A	A9N19444	A9N19445	A9N19454	A9N19455	A9N19464
3P+N	AC	4					
Sensitivity		30 mA		300 mA			
	Rating	25 A	A9N19442	A9N19443	A9N19452	A9N19453	A9N19462
		40 A	A9N19446	A9N19447	A9N19456	A9N19457	A9N19466

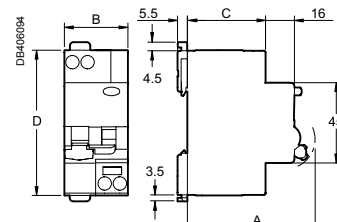
### Dimensions (mm)



"Outgoer" Vigi modules



"Group Feeder" Vigi modules



Residual current devices

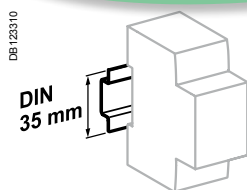
### Earth leakage protection

Type	Number of poles	A	B	C	D	E
"Outgoer" Vigi C40 modules	1P+N	69	18	44	81	18
	3P	69	36	44	81	54
	3P+N	69	36	44	81	54
"Group Feeder" Vigi C40 modules	1P+N	70	18	44	82	18
	3P+N	70	54	44	82	54
Residual current devices C40 Vigi	1P+N	71	36	44	81	-

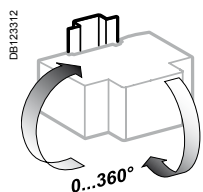
Offer selection see page 233

# Librio

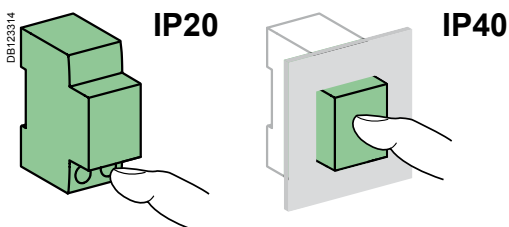
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Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



### Technical data

#### Main characteristics

According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Insulation voltage (Ui)	Phase-to-phase	440 V AC
Voltage rating (Ue)	Phase-to-neutral	230 V AC
	Phase-to-phase	400 V AC
Operating frequency		50 Hz
Pollution degree		3 as per IEC 61009 (for installation in industrial environment)
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV
Behaviour in the event of a phase-to-earth fault in TN-S earthing system		Residual breaking and making capacity (IΔm) identical to the rated breaking capacity (Icn)
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

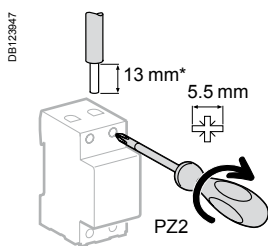
#### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	A and SI types	-25°C to +60°C
	AC type	-5°C...+60°C
		Storage temperature
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)
Reinforced cable pull-out strength		Serrated terminals
Automatic cable guiding in the correct position		Terminals with guard

# Vigi modules and residual current devices

## Clario, Prodis, Libro

### Connection



Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
2 N.m	DB123945 	DB123946 
	0.75 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.33 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

(\*) 15 mm for DT40 Vigi K 3P+N (Prodis)

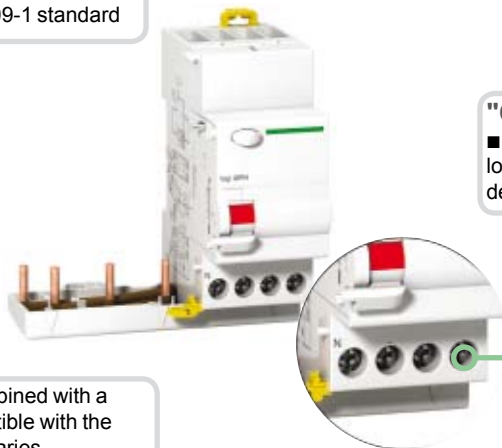
- Where there is a comb busbar tooth, the connection of cables of cross section 16 mm<sup>2</sup> remains possible.
- Outgoer connection:
  - upstream: direct by comb busbar,
  - downstream: by cables.
- Group Feeder connection:
  - upstream: by cables,
  - downstream: direct by comb busbar.

■ All Vigi modules that can be combined with circuit breakers have a rating foolproofing element preventing any combination on an inappropriate circuit breaker: in accordance with Annex G of the EN 61009-1 standard

**"Group Feeder" Vigi modules**  
 ■ The downstream terminals are located in the upper part of the device for direct connection to the comb busbar

**"Outgoer" Vigi modules**  
 ■ The downstream terminals are located in the lower part of the device

■ Every circuit breaker combined with a Vigi module remains compatible with the indication and tripping auxiliaries



### Weight (g)

Type	Vigi modules	Residual current devices
1P+N	90	210
3P	165	-
3P+N	210	520
3P+N DT40 Vigi K (Prodis)	-	498
4P	210	-



The Schneider Electric residual current device range comprises various offers (A, B) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

**Variants**

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	247
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	248
Common pages		249



*Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.*







Country approval pictograms



IEC/EN 61009-1

IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

■ The DPN Vigi residual current device provides complete protection for final circuits (against overcurrents and insulation faults):

- protection for people against electric shocks by direct contacts ( $\leq 30$  mA),
- protection for people against electric shocks by indirect contacts (300 mA),
- protection of installations against risk of fire (300 mA).

■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

■ The *SI* range has been designed to maintain a network with optimum safety and continuity of service in installations disturbed by:

- extreme atmospheric conditions,
- harmonic generating loads,
- transient switching currents.

## Catalogue numbers

### DPNa Vigi 4500

Type	A		Width in 9-mm modules
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907008		
1P+N C curve	Sensitivity 10 mA		
	Rating (In)	10 A	A9N19304
		16 A	A9N19305
Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz		
Accessories	Module CA907013 and CA907012		

## Catalogue numbers

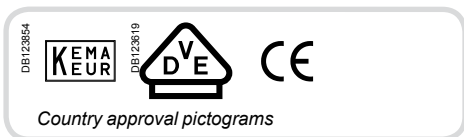
### DPN N Vigi 6000

Type	AC	SI	Width in 9-mm modules
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907008		
1P+N B curve	Sensitivity 30 mA 300 mA		
	Rating (In)	4 A	A9N19650
		6 A	A9N19651
		10 A	A9N19653
		13 A	-
		16 A	A9N19655
		20 A	A9N19656
		25 A	A9N19657
		32 A	A9N19658
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9N19661
		10 A	A9N19663
		13 A	-
		16 A	A9N19665
		20 A	A9N19666
		25 A	A9N19667
		32 A	A9N19668
		40 A	A9N19669
1P+N C curve	Sensitivity 30 mA 300 mA		
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9N19681
		10 A	A9N19683
		13 A	-
		16 A	A9N19685
		20 A	A9N19686
		25 A	A9N19687
		32 A	A9N19688
		40 A	A9N19689
Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz		
Accessories	Module CA907013 and CA907012		

Offer selection see page 246

Offer A

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## IEC/EN 61009-1 IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent

- The DPN Vigi residual current device provides complete protection for final circuits (against overcurrents and insulation faults) it ensure the protection for people against electric shocks by direct contacts.
- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

### Catalogue numbers

DPNa Vigi 4500				
Type	A		Width in 9-mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907008			
1P+N C curve	Sensitivity	30 mA		
	Rating (In)	10 A	4	
		13 A		A9N19533
		16 A		A9N19534
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC		
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz		
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907012			

Offer selection see page 246

**Offer B**

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### Catalogue numbers

DPN N Vigi 6000				
Type	A		Width in 9-mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907008			
1P+N B curve	Sensitivity	30 mA		
	Rating (In)	6 A	4	
		10 A		A9N19754
		13 A		A9N19755
		16 A		A9N19756
		20 A		A9N19757
		25 A		A9N19758
		32 A		A9N19759
		40 A		A9N19760
1P+N C curve	Sensitivity	30 mA		
	Rating (In)	6 A	4	
		10 A		A9N19772
		13 A		A9N19773
		16 A		A9N19774
		20 A		A9N19775
		25 A		A9N19780
		32 A		A9N19777
		40 A		A9N19778
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC		
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz		
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907012			

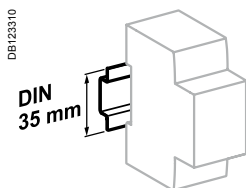
### Positive contact indication

■ A green strip on the toggle guarantees opening of all the poles in safety conditions (padlocking possible) for work to be carried out on live parts

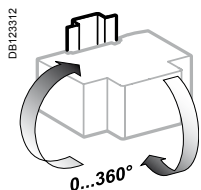


■ Fast closing

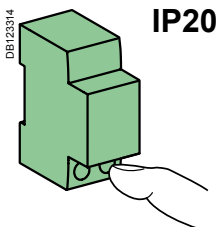
■ Display of earth fault on the front panel by position of toggle



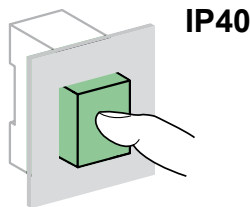
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20

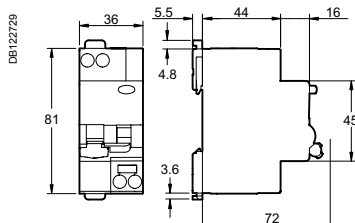


IP40

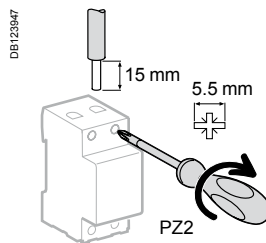
### Weight (g)

Residual current device		
Type	DPNa Vigi	DPN N Vigi
1P+N	125	125

### Dimensions (mm)



### Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
4 to 40 A	2 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

### Technical data

Main characteristics		
Type	DPNa Vigi	DPN N Vigi
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	400 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	4 kV	
Setting temperature for ratings	30°C	
Earth leakage protection with instantaneous tripping	10, 30 mA	30, 300 mA
Magnetic tripping	B curve	-
	C curve	-
	-	Between 3 and 5 I <sub>n</sub>
	-	Between 5 and 10 I <sub>n</sub>
Utilization category	A	
Insulation class	2	
8/20 μs impulse withstand current	AC type	250 Å
	A type	250 Å
	S/I type	3 kÅ
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1		
Limitation class	3	
Rated breaking capacity (I <sub>cn</sub> )	4500 A	6000 A
Rated residual breaking and making capacity (IΔm)	4500 A	6000 A
Behaviour in case of voltage drop	Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V	
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
		Classe d'isolement II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	20,000 cycles
	≤ 20 A	10,000 cycles
	≥ 25 A	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)	IV	
Operating temperature	AC type	-5°C to +60°C
	A, S/I type	-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	-30°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95% at 55°C)	



IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent



DPN Vigi K

■ The residual current devices DPN Vigi K provides complete protection of final circuits (overcurrents and insulation faults) and the protection of people against electric shocks by direct contacts (30 mA).

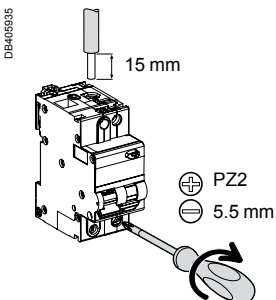
■ Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

- Fast closing.
- Positive break indication.
- Display of earth fault on the front panel by position of toggle.

## Catalogue numbers

DPN Vigi K					
Type		AC	A	Width in 9-mm modules	
<b>1P+N Curve B</b>  <small>DB119073</small>	Sensitivity	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating	10 A	<b>A9D22610</b>	<b>A9D23610</b>	4
		16 A	<b>A9D22616</b>	<b>A9D23616</b>	
		20 A	<b>A9D22620</b>	<b>A9D23620</b>	
<b>1P+N Curve C</b>  <small>DB119073</small>	Sensitivity	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>30 mA</b>		
	Rating	10 A	<b>A9D20610</b>	<b>A9D21610</b>	4
		16 A	<b>A9D20616</b>	<b>A9D21616</b>	
		20 A	<b>A9D20620</b>	<b>A9D21620</b>	
Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC				
Operating frequency	50 Hz				

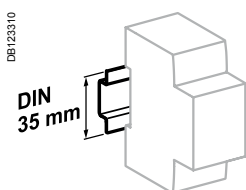
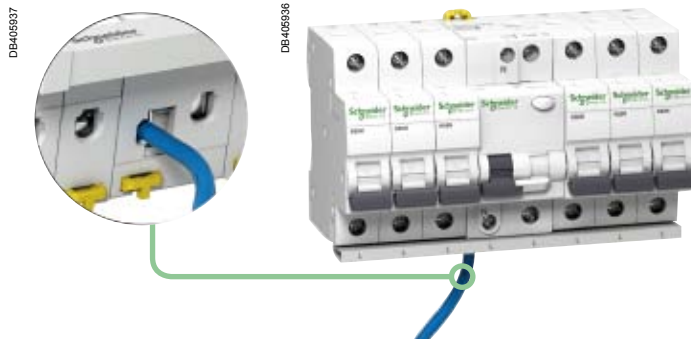
## Connection



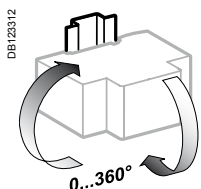
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	
DPN Vigi K	<b>10 to 20 A</b>	Phase	2 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
		Neutral	2 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

# Residual current devices DPN Vigi K (cont.)

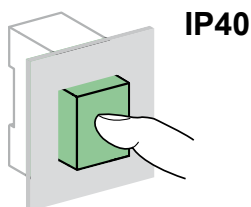
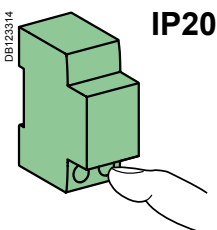
The DPN Vigi K residual current device can be installed in the middle of a line of K60 circuit breakers. The phase can be powered via the biconnect comb busbar, the neutral is powered via a cable.



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (Ui)		400 V
Pollution degree		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV
Setting temperature for ratings		30°C
Tripping curve	Curve B	Between 3 and 5 In
	Curve C	Between 5 and 10 In

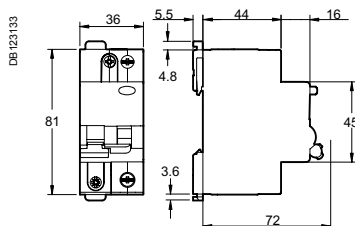
According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1		
Limitation class		3
Rated breaking capacity (Icn)		6000 A
Rated residual breaking and making capacity (IΔm)		4500 A
8/20 μs impulse withstand without tripping	AC type	250 Å
	A type	250 Å
Behaviour in case of voltage drop		Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	20000 cycles
	Mechanical	20000 cycles
Overvoltage category (O-C)		III
Service temperature	AC type	-5°C to +40°C
	A type	-25°C to +40°C
Storage temperature		-30°C to +70°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)

## Weight (g)

Residual current device	
Type	DPN Vigi K
1P+N	125

## Dimensions (mm)



DPN Vigi K

# SPN N Vigi

30 mA instantaneous, C curve  
IEC 61009-2-2, AS/NZS 61009-1: 6000 A



Standards: IEC 61009-2-2, AS/NZS 61009-1.

- The single-phase SPN N Vigi self-contained residual current device carries out:
  - protection of persons against direct and indirect contacts (30 mA)
  - complete protection of final circuits (overcurrents and insulation faults)
  - safety device to switch both of active and neutral
- A class SPN N Vigi are sensitive to the pulsed type DC component.
- Overload, short circuit and earth fault currents are indicated by location of the handle in the OFF position.
- A push-test button "T" is positioned on the front of the device for testing that product is operational.

### Accessories

#### Padlocking device


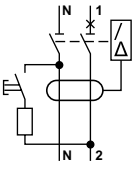
- Used to lock the toggle in the "open" or "closed" position by 8 mm diameter padlock (not supplied).

#### 1P+N comb busbars

- The comb busbars make it easier to install Schneider Electric products.

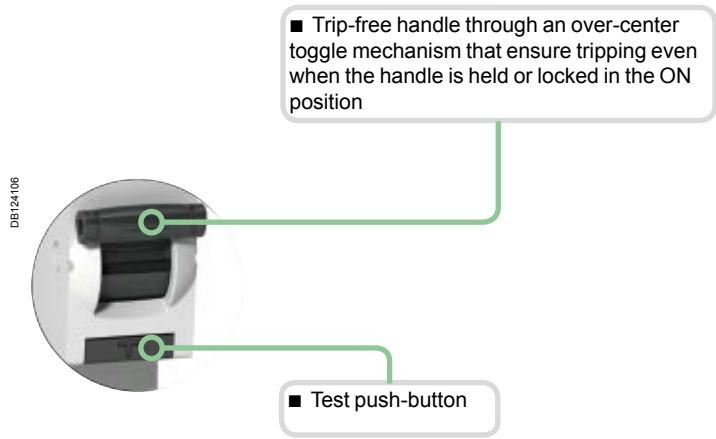
## Catalogue numbers

### SPN N Vigi

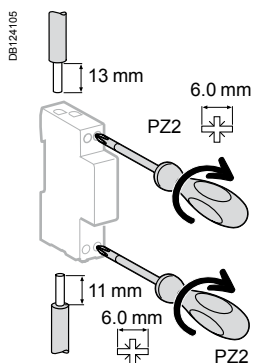
Type			A 	Width in 9-mm modules		
	Voltage rating (V)	Rating (In)	Sensitivity (IΔn)	2		
			240		10 A	30 mA
					16 A	19583
					20 A	19584
					25 A	19585
Operating frequency			50 Hz			

### Accessories

Type	
Padlocking device (bag of 2 pieces)	26970
1P+N comb busbar 26 modules of 9-mm	14880
1P+N comb busbar 48 modules of 9-mm	14890
Side-plates (bag of 40 pieces)	14886
Tooth cover end-piece (bag of 40 pieces)	14888

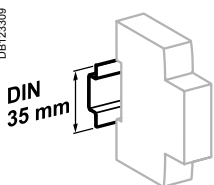


## Connection

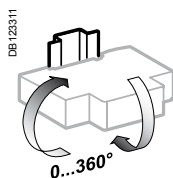


Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible
L and N upstream	10 to 25 A	2 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
L and N downstream		2 N.m	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

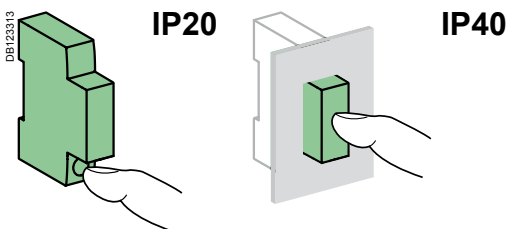
Note: for any case, isolate power before installation. Wire neutral prior to installing active.



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



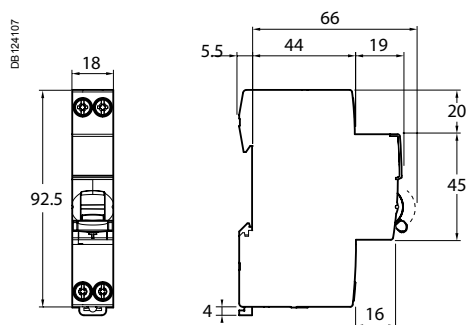
Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Voltage rating (U <sub>e</sub> )	240 V + 10 %, -15 %	
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	400 V	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	4 kV	
Rated residual operating current (I <sub>Δn</sub> )	30 mA	
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	30°C
Magnetic tripping	C curve	Between 5 and 10 I <sub>n</sub>
Limitation class	3	
Surge current withstand (8/20 μs) without tripping	3000 A	
Rated nominal breaking capacity (I <sub>cn</sub> )	6000 A	
Phase/earth rated residual breaking and making capacity (I <sub>Δm</sub> )	500 A	
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature	-5°C to +40°C	
Storage temperature	-25°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity: 95 % at 55°C)	

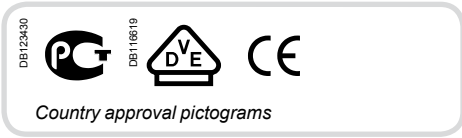
## Dimensions (mm)



## Weight (g)

Residual current device	
Type	SPN N Vigi
1P+N	136





IEC/EN 61009-1  
IEC/EN 61009-2-1: Voltage Independent



DPN N Vigi

- The DPN N Vigi residual current device provide complete protection for final circuits (against overcurrents and insulation faults):
  - protection for users against electric shocks by direct contacts (30 mA),
  - protection for users against electric shocks by indirect contacts (300 mA),
  - protection of the installations against fire risks (300 mA).

- Voltage Independent: electromechanical technology, ensure residual current protection down to 0 V.

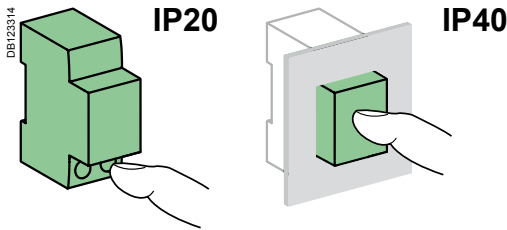
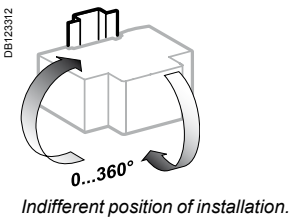
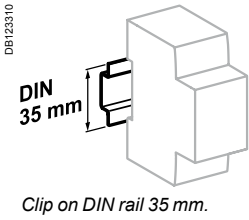
- The **SI** range has been designed to maintain a network with optimum safety and continuity of service in installations disturbed by:
  - extreme atmospheric conditions,
  - harmonic generating loads,
  - transient operating currents.

## Catalogue numbers

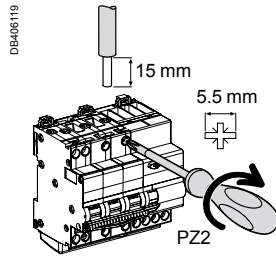
DPN N Vigi 6000							
Type	AC	A		SI		Width in 9 mm modules	
Auxiliaries	Module CA907013 and CA907008						
3P+N Curve B	Sensitivity	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	300 mA	30 mA	
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D55706	-	A9D56706	-	10
	10 A	A9D55710	-	A9D56710	-	-	
	13 A	-	-	A9D56713	-	-	
	16 A	A9D55716	-	A9D56716	-	-	
	20 A	A9D55720	-	A9D56720	-	-	
	25 A	A9D55725	-	A9D56725	-	-	
	32 A	A9D55732	-	A9D56732	-	-	
	40 A	A9D55740	-	A9D56740	-	-	
	Rating (In)	6 A	A9D31706	-	A9D32706	-	10
	10 A	A9D31710	A9D41710	A9D32710	A9D42710	A9D33710	
	13 A	-	-	A9D32713	-	A9D33713	
	16 A	A9D31716	A9D41716	A9D32716	A9D42716	A9D33716	
	20 A	A9D31720	A9D41720	A9D32720	A9D42720	A9D33720	
	25 A	A9D31725	A9D41725	A9D32725	A9D42725	A9D33725	
	32 A	A9D31732	A9D41732	A9D32732	A9D42732	A9D33732	
	40 A	A9D31740	A9D41740	A9D32740	A9D42740	A9D33740	
Voltage rating (Ue)	400 V AC						
Operating frequency	50 Hz						
Accessories	Module CA907013 and CA907012, Comb busbars LIN001						

- Fast contact closure
- Possibility of mixing iDPN Vigi 1P+N and DPN Vigi 3P+N devices on the same row and on the same comb busbar.
- Insulated terminals IP20
- Double clip for dismounting with comb busbar in place
- Test button
- Positive contact indication
  - A green strip on the toggle guarantees opening of all the poles in safety conditions (padlocking possible) for work to be carried out on live parts





## Connection



Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
6 to 40 A	2 N.m	DB 122546 0.75 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB 122546 0.33 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

Type	DPN N Vigi
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	440 V AC
Pollution degree	3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	4 kV
Setting temperature for ratings	30°C
Magnetic tripping	Curve B Curve C
	Between 3 and 5 In Between 5 and 10 In

### According to IEC/EN 61009-1 and IEC/EN 61009-2-1

Limitation class	3
Rated breaking capacity (I <sub>cn</sub> )	6000 A
Rated residual breaking and making capacity (I <sub>Δm</sub> )	6000 A
8/20 μs impulse withstand	Type AC: 250 Å Type A: 250 Å Type SI: -
Behaviour in case of voltage drop	Ensure residual current protection down to 0 V

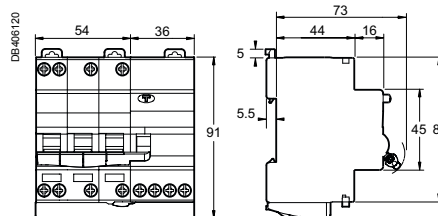
### Additional characteristics

Earth leakage protection with instantaneous tripping	30, 300 mA
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only: IP20 Device in modular enclosure: IP40 Insulation classe II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical ≤ 20 A: 20,000 cycles ≥ 25 A: 10,000 cycles Mechanical: 20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)	III
Operating temperature	Type AC: -5°C to +60°C Type A, SI: -25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)

## Weight (g)

Residual current device	
Type	DPN N Vigi
3P+N	498

## Dimensions (mm)





IMQ only for REDs,  
cat. no. 18687 and 18689

Country approval pictograms

## IEC 61008, EN 61008

The REDs and the REDtest, **RE**sidual current **D**evice recloser, is made up of a residual current device and a recloser.

The **REDs** and **REDtest Residual current Devices** offer the following functions:

- protection of people against direct and indirect contacts
- protection of installations against insulation faults
- disconnection of on-load electric circuits, already protected against overloads and short-circuits
- automatic restart after insulation monitoring of the downstream circuit.

REDtest provides the following additional functions:

- automatic and periodical test of the device, without breaking downstream circuit (REDtest).

**Only used on TT and TN-S earthing grounding systems.**

PB101780\_SE-40



REDs 2P

PB104000\_SE-40



REDs 4P

PB101788\_SE-40



REDtest

Residual current circuit breakers	2P	4P
Making and breaking capacity, rated residual current ( $I_{\Delta m} = I_m$ )	630 A	630 A
Breaking capacity in association with protection device	6000 A (gL 63 A)	10,000 A (gL 80 A)

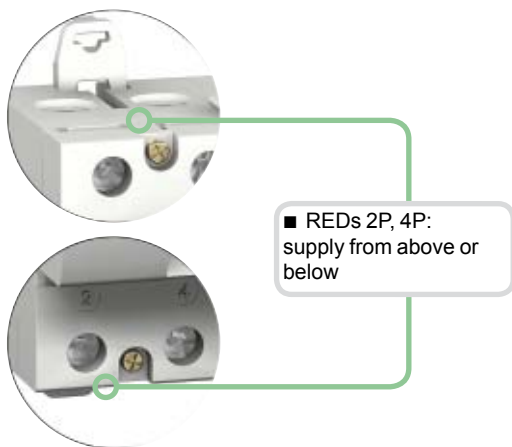
## Catalogue numbers

### REDs residual current circuit breakers REDs

A type				Width in mod. of 9 mm
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	
	Rating	25 A	<b>18687</b>	8
		40 A	<b>18689</b>	
		63 A	<b>18691</b>	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V		
Frequency rating		50 Hz		
<b>4P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	<b>300 mA</b>	
	Rating	25 A	<b>18264</b>	14
		40 A	<b>18266</b>	
		63 A	<b>18268</b>	
Voltage rating (Ue)		400 V		
Frequency rating		50 Hz		

### REDtest residual current circuit breakers

A Type			Width in mod. of 9 mm
<b>2P</b>	<b>Sensitivity</b>	<b>30 mA</b>	
	Rating	25 A	10
		40 A	
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V	
Frequency rating		50 Hz	

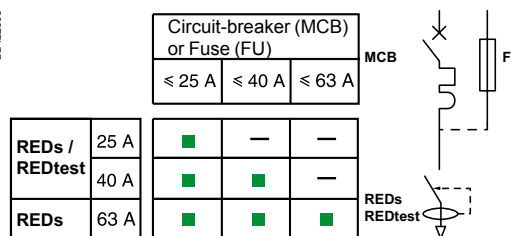


## Coordination table, max short-circuit current (kA rms)

### Circuit-breakers, fuse / A type REDs, REDtest coordination

	Circuit-breakers					Fuse		
	DPN	DPN N	iC60	C120	NG125	gL 63	gL 80	
<b>REDs A type 2P</b>								
Network	25 A	6	6	10	10	10	6	-
230 V	40 A	6	6	10	10	10	6	-
L/N	63 A	-	-	10	10	10	6	-
<b>REDs A type 4P</b>								
Network	25 A	6	10	10	10	10	-	10
400 V	40 A	6	10	10	10	10	-	10
L/N	63 A	-	10	10	10	10	-	10
<b>REDtest A type 2P</b>								
Network	25 A	6	6	6	6	6	6	-
230 V	40 A	6	6	6	6	6	6	-
L/N								

DB122893



DB404526

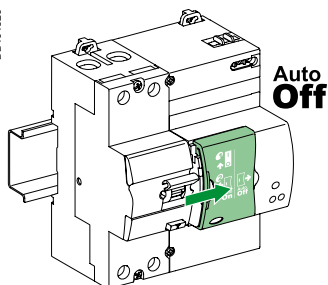


Fig. 1

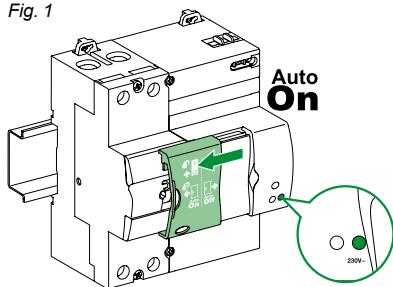


Fig. 2

## Operation

### REDs

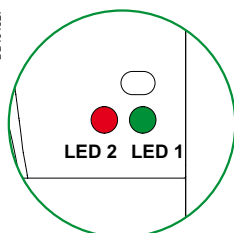
The REDs operates in the residual current device mode, without automatic restart, when the sliding cover is open, i.e. to the right in the Auto Off position (Fig. 1).

The automatic restart mode and the Autotest are activated, when the sliding cover is closed, i.e. to the left in the Auto On position (Fig. 2).

### Test

**⚠ This is only possible in manual mode, i.e. sliding cover open in the Auto Off position. You can then manually test the device by pressing the Test key. The downstream installation is then temporarily broken. You must then manually reclose the RED by activating the O-I lever to power supply the downstream circuit.**

DB404527



	LED 1	LED 2
Test good	Green ON	OFF
Fault yellow ON	OFF	-

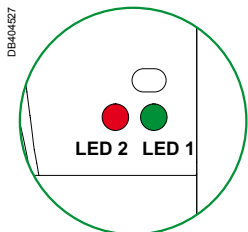
### REDtest

■ The REDtest carries out automatic testing of earth leakage protection every months.

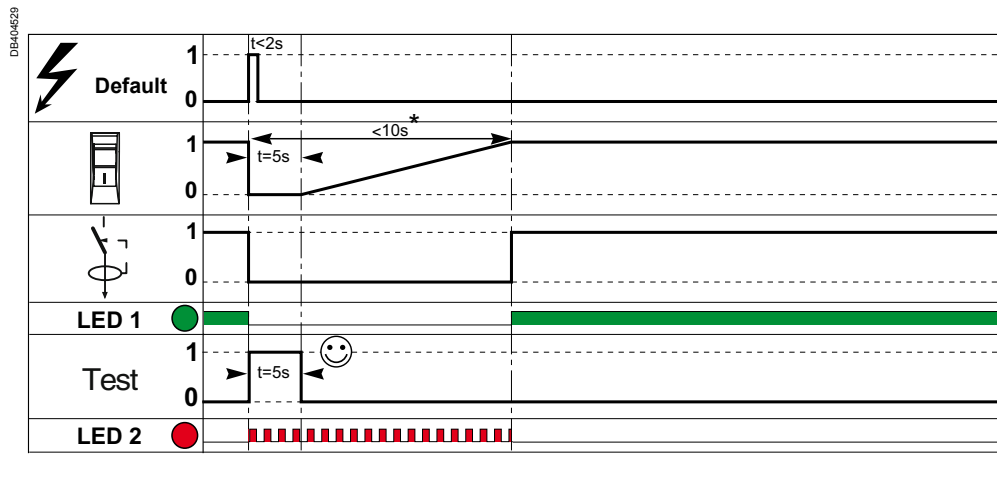
The test consists in opening and reclosing the REDtest, during which time continuity of supply of the downstream installation is guaranteed.

**Autotest:** after checking installation insulation, the REDtest monitors its residual current device, without breaking the downstream power supply (bypass by bypass contact).

## Operation ON mode: temporary network fault REDs, REDtest



(\*) Reclosing time.



The built-in automatic recloser automatically recloses the residual current device after checking insulation of the downstream circuit.

Rd: lower level of insulation resistance, if  $R < R_d$  = no reclose

Rdo: higher level of insulation resistance, if  $R > R_{do}$  = reclose

$I\Delta n$	30 mA	300 mA
Rd	8 k $\Omega$	2.5 k $\Omega$
Rdo	16 k $\Omega$	5 k $\Omega$

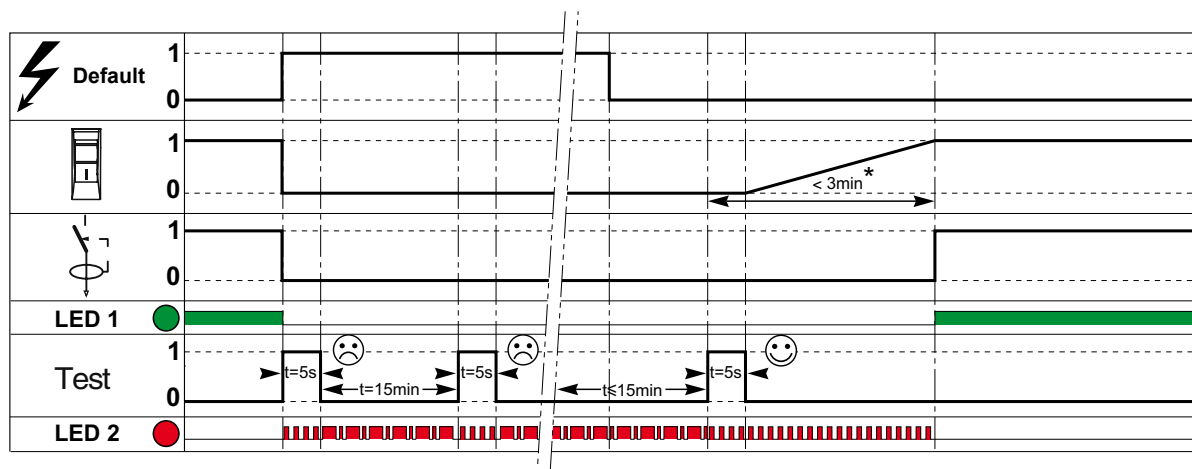
## Operation ON mode: long network fault

### REDs

If the circuit is faulty, the switch is prohibited from reclosing. After a time delay of 15 minutes, the downstream circuit insulation is rechecked.

There are then two possibilities:

- the installation is still faulty (the resistance to earth is lower than Rd): in this case a new check will be carried out in 15 minutes.
- the fault was temporary and has disappeared (the resistance to earth is higher than Rdo): the recloser automatically recloses the REDs.



(\*) Reclosing time.

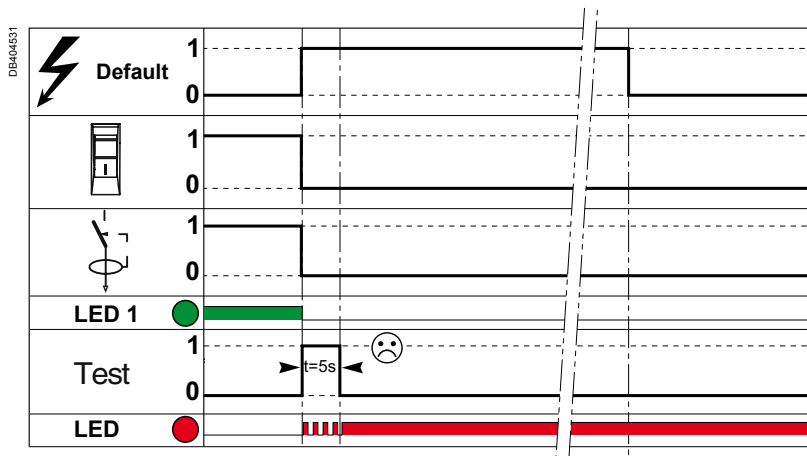
<b>I<math>\Delta</math>n</b>	<b>30 mA</b>
Rd	30 k $\Omega$
Rdo	70 k $\Omega$

## Operation ON mode: long network fault (cont.)

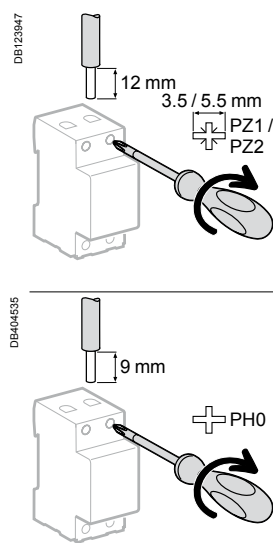
### REDtest

If the circuit is faulty for a length of time "greater than 5 seconds", the switch is prohibited from reclosing.

- The installation is faulty: the earth resistance is lower than Rd.

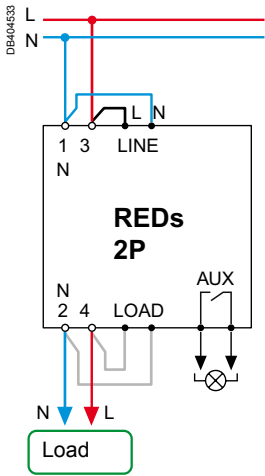


## Connection

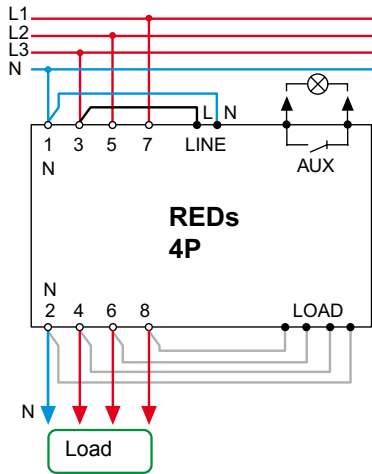


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
N, L	2 N.m	DB122945 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
AUX	0.4 N.m	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

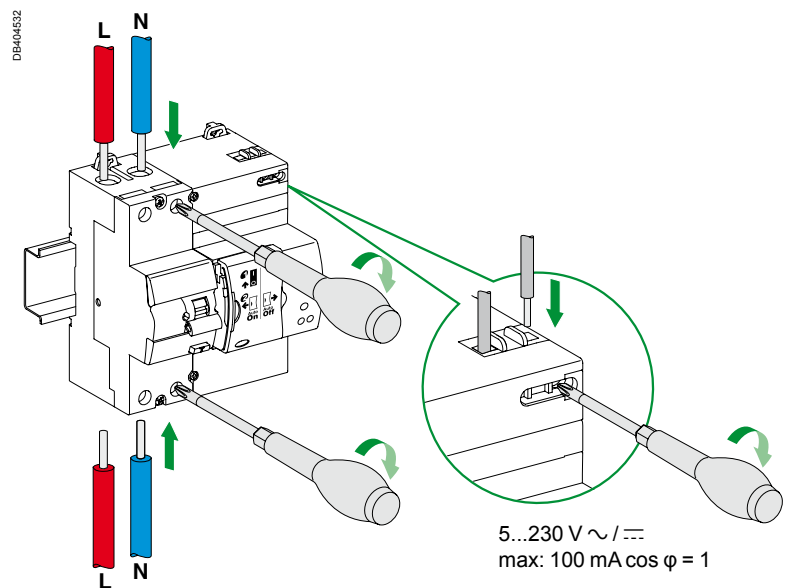
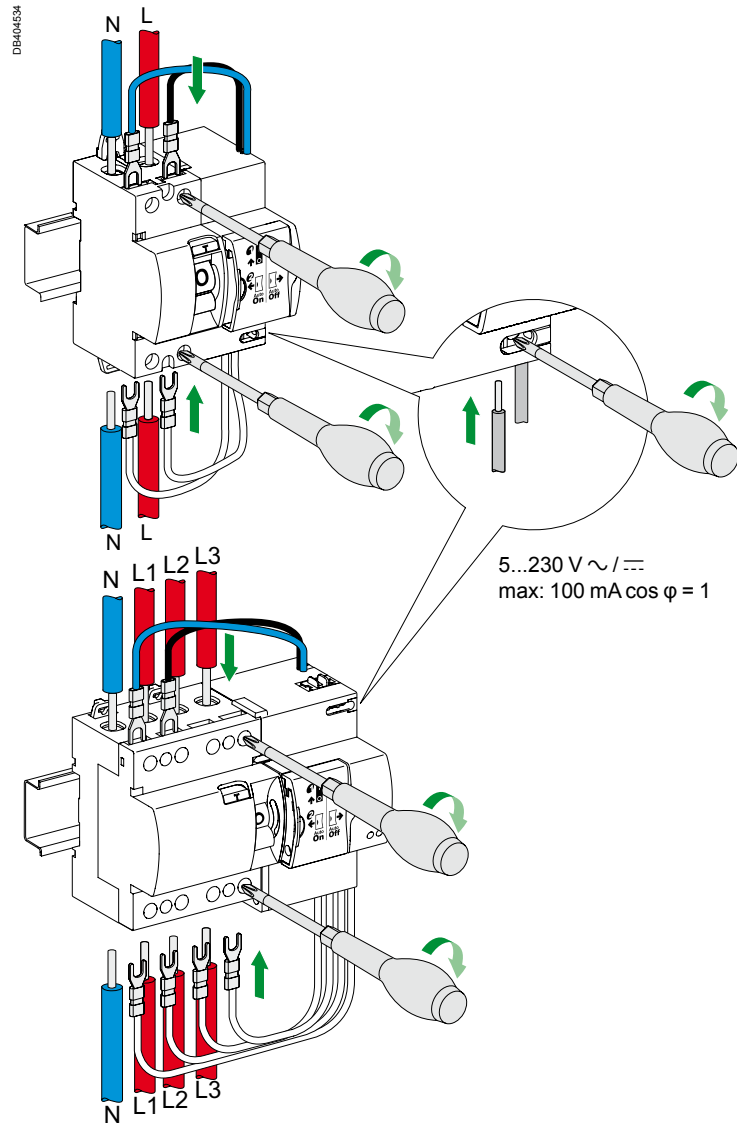
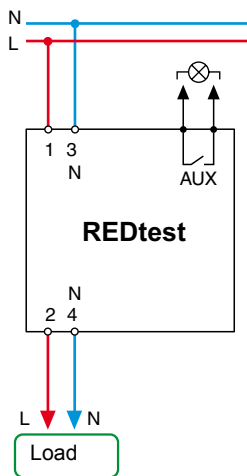
Connection by tunnel terminal with guard

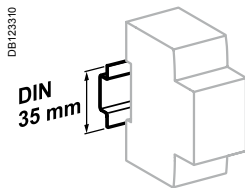


Wiring of non-polarized white wires

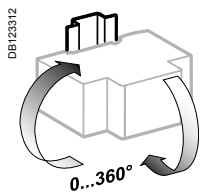


Wiring of non-polarized white wires

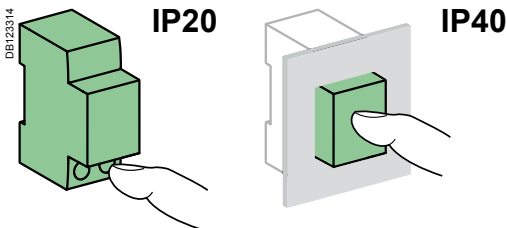




Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



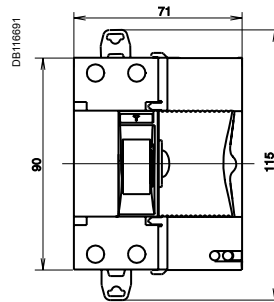
## Technical data.

Main characteristics	2P	4P
<b>Common technical data</b>	<b>REDs, REDtest</b>	<b>REDs</b>
Earthing grounding systems	TT and TN-S only	
Impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	4 kV	
Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V	
8/20 µs wave immunity level	250 Å	
Tropicalisation	Treatment 2 (relative humidity: 95 % at 55°C)	
Operating temperature	-5°C to +40°C	
Storage temperature	-20°C to +60°C	
Protection class	IP20 at terminals	
<b>Additional characteristics</b>		
<b>Residual current device</b>		
Tripping time	IΔn: ≤ 300 ms 5 IΔn: ≤ 40 ms	
Number of cycles (O-C)	1 000	4 000
Fixed sensitivity releases for all ratings	Instantaneous release	
Test button min operating voltage	■ 100 V ■ 195 V (REDtest)	170 V
<b>Recloser</b>		
Max duration of a restart cycle	90 s	< 10 s
Maximum number of consecutive restart attempts (if no earth fault)	3	
Min interval between 2 closings	180 s	30 s
Insulation fault presence monitoring	Yes	
Restart in event of transient insulation fault	Yes	
Stopping restart cycle if insulation fault present	■ Yes, during 15 minutes ■ Yes (REDtest)	
Not operating resistance to earth (Rd)	8 kΩ (30 mA), 2.5 kΩ (300 mA)	
Operating resistance to earth (Rdo)	16 kΩ (30 mA), 5 kΩ (300 mA)	
Power consumed by the electronics	■ REDs: 0 VA ■ REDtest: 8 VA	
<b>Indication</b>		
REDs status indication	Mechanical: by O-I (open-closed) 2-position lever ■ Electrical: by 2 indicator lights on the front panel: □ left: red/yellow LED □ right: green LED Remote: by 1 built-in auxiliary contact	
<b>Auxiliary contact</b>		
Voltage rating (Ue)	5...230 V AC/DC	
Insulation voltage (Ui)	350 V	
Current rating (In)	Min: 0.6 mA Max: 100 mA, power factor = 1	
Type	Configurable: intermittent 1 Hz or NO	
Connection by tunnel terminal	Flexible or rigid cable: max 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	

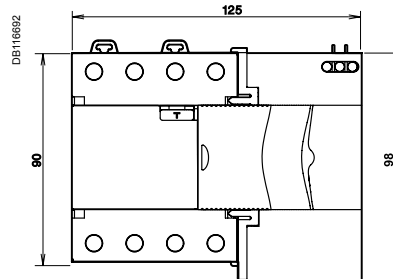
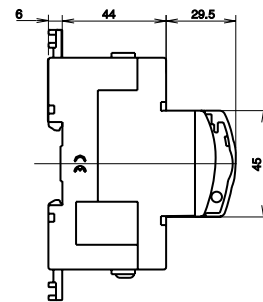
## Weight (g)

Reclosers	2P	4P
REDs	360	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 25/40 A: 670</li> <li>■ 63 A:</li> <li>□ 30 mA: 720</li> <li>□ 300 mA: 680</li> </ul>
REDtest	370	-

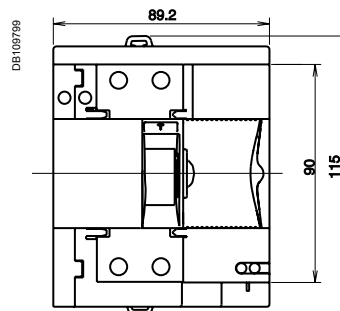
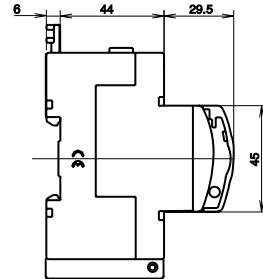
## Dimensions (mm)



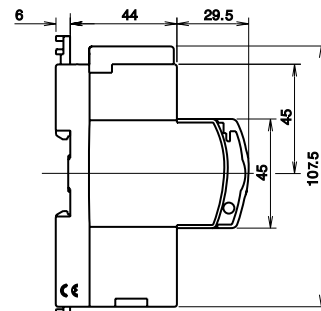
REDs 2P



REDs 4P



REDtest







Fire prevention

CE

Country approval pictograms

iARC reduces the risk of electrical fires. By continuously analysing a large number of electrical parameters, it detects the appearance of electric arcs that are responsible for starting fires.

It automatically isolates the circuit concerned before the first flame appears.

In residential installations, iARC is particularly suitable for protecting circuits where the risk of fire is highest:

- bedroom and living room socket circuits that are live, unattended power outlets
- circuits susceptible to attack (surface-mounted, outdoor installation, etc.).

## IEC 62606

General requirements for arc detection devices.

■ iARC monitors electric arcs that occur in cables and connections and cause a fire. These arcs are the result of localised cable deterioration or loose connections

■ It is used for three types of situations that can result in a fire:

- insulation problems between two live conductors that cause a resistive short-circuit, too weak to be detected by a circuit breaker and with no earth leakage that would be detected by an earth-leakage protection device (parallel arc detection),
- a damaged conductor or connection that causes part of the current to pass into its carbonised insulation due to a local rise in temperature (serial arc detection),
- overheating of electronic components in loads, when exposed to an overvoltage for several seconds.

■ It combines the following functions:

- protection against fire hazards by detection of abnormal electric arcs,
- protection against load fire hazards due to slow overvoltages,
- circuit opening and positive break indication (green strip),
- fire hazard tripping indication via the front panel indicator,
- device self-diagnostics via the test button.

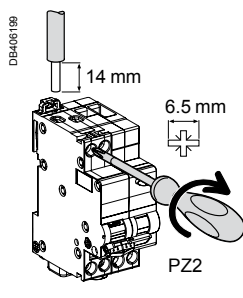
■ Installed in series with a circuit breaker or RCBO (DPC Vigi), max. 25 A, it protects Phase-Neutral or Phase-Phase circuits, in full coordination under short-circuit conditions up to a rated breaking capacity (Inc) of 10,000 A.



## Catalogue numbers

iARC			
Arc Fault Detection Device (AFDD) to IEC 62606			Width in 9 mm modules
<b>1P+N</b>			
	Rating 25 A (In)	<b>A9FDD225</b>	4
Operating voltage	230 V CA		
Operating frequency	50 Hz		

## Connection



Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
2 N.m	 1 x 1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 1 x 1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>



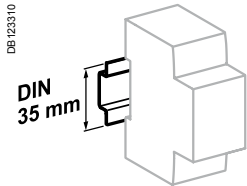
PB111222-50



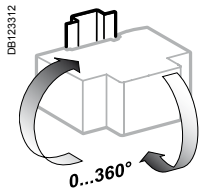
■ Device self-diagnostics test button

**Positive break indication**  
■ A green strip on the handle ensures that all the poles are open under safe conditions

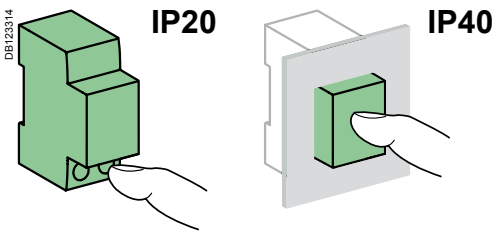
■ Fire hazard tripping indication via a "red" status indicator



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

### Main characteristics

Tripping time/arc current value with $U_n = 230 \text{ V AC}$ (to IEC 62606)	Arc current	2.5 A	5 A	10 A	16 A	25 A
	Max. operating time	1 s	0.5 s	0.25 s	0.15 s	0.14 s
Overvoltage tripping time (neutral conductor break)		400 V AC, 200 ms				
Insulation voltage ( $U_i$ )		400 V AC				
Degree of pollution		2				
Rated impulse withstand voltage ( $U_{imp}$ )		4 kV				
Rated making and breaking capacity ( $I_m$ )		500 A				
Overvoltage category		III				
Coordinated with an upstream circuit breaker	Max. rating	25 A				
	Curve	B or C				
	Rated breaking capacity ( $I_{nc}$ )	Up to 10,000 A				

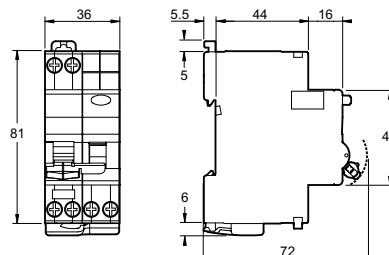
### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection	Device alone	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical $\leq 20 \text{ A}$	20,000 cycles
	25 A	10,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization (to IEC 62606)		Severity B (to IEC 60068-2-30) during 28 days

## Weight (g)

Arc detection device	
Type	iARC
1P+N	198

## Dimensions (mm)





## With Schneider Electric, lightning protection is easily integrated in the power distribution system



For all low voltage switchboards and electrical enclosures:

a comprehensive range

- To ensure the protection of equipment connected to:
  - low voltage networks,
  - telecommunications networks,
  - computer networks.
- Easy to implement and use.
- Compatibility with all earthing systems (TT, TNS, TNC, IT).
- Technical and aesthetic consistency.

Continuity of service and certified safety

Schneider Electric certified coordination between the surge arrester and its disconnection circuit breaker.

Compliance with standards: IEC/EN 61643-11.



More and more electrical equipment today is sensitive to overvoltages caused by lightning.



# 90%

of power outlets supply equipment incorporating electronic devices.



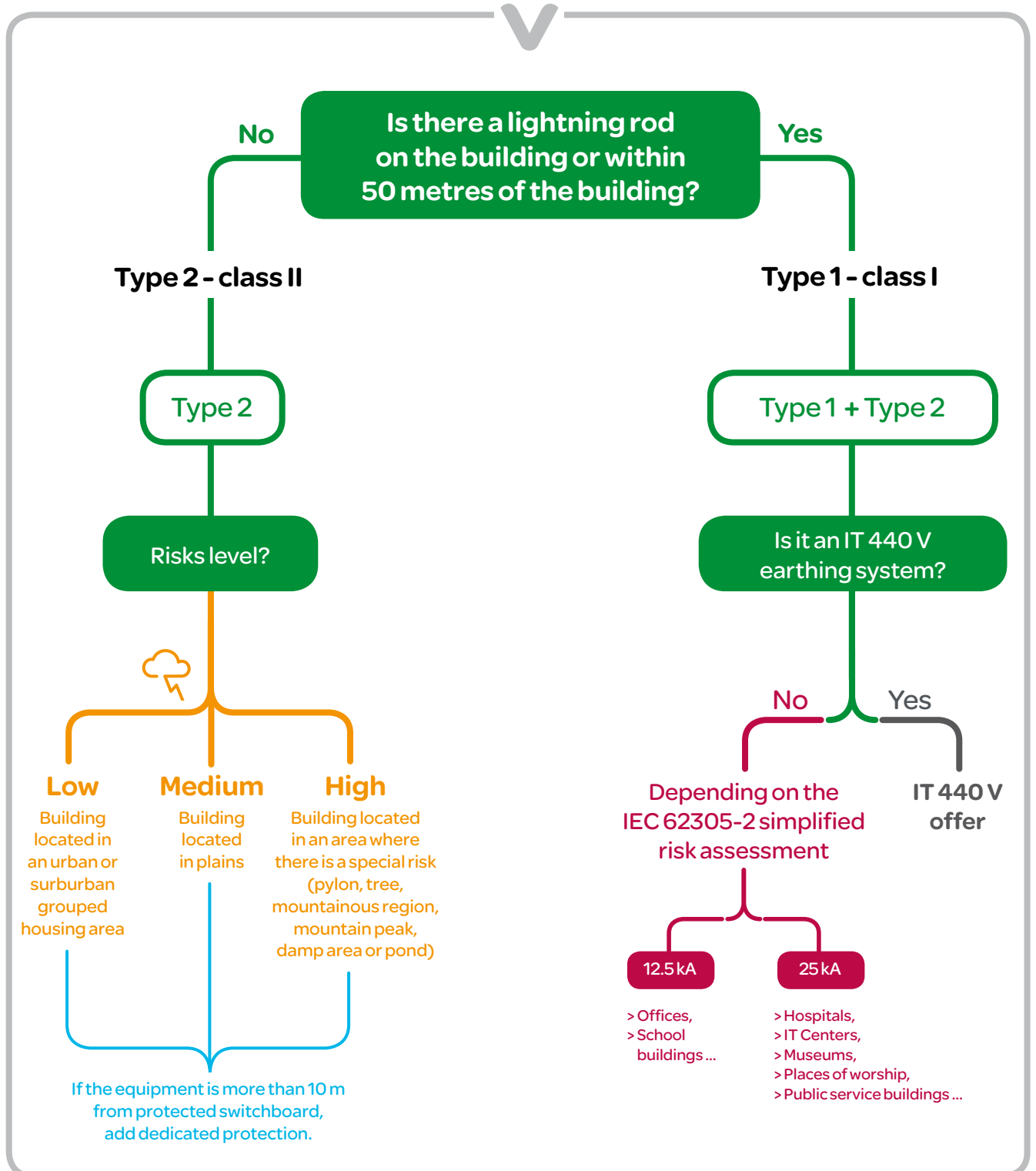
iQuick PRD "built-in" technology surge arresters, a Schneider Electric innovation, incorporate their own disconnection circuit breaker: easy to choose and simple to install for greater effectiveness.



Up to **30%** of installation time saved.

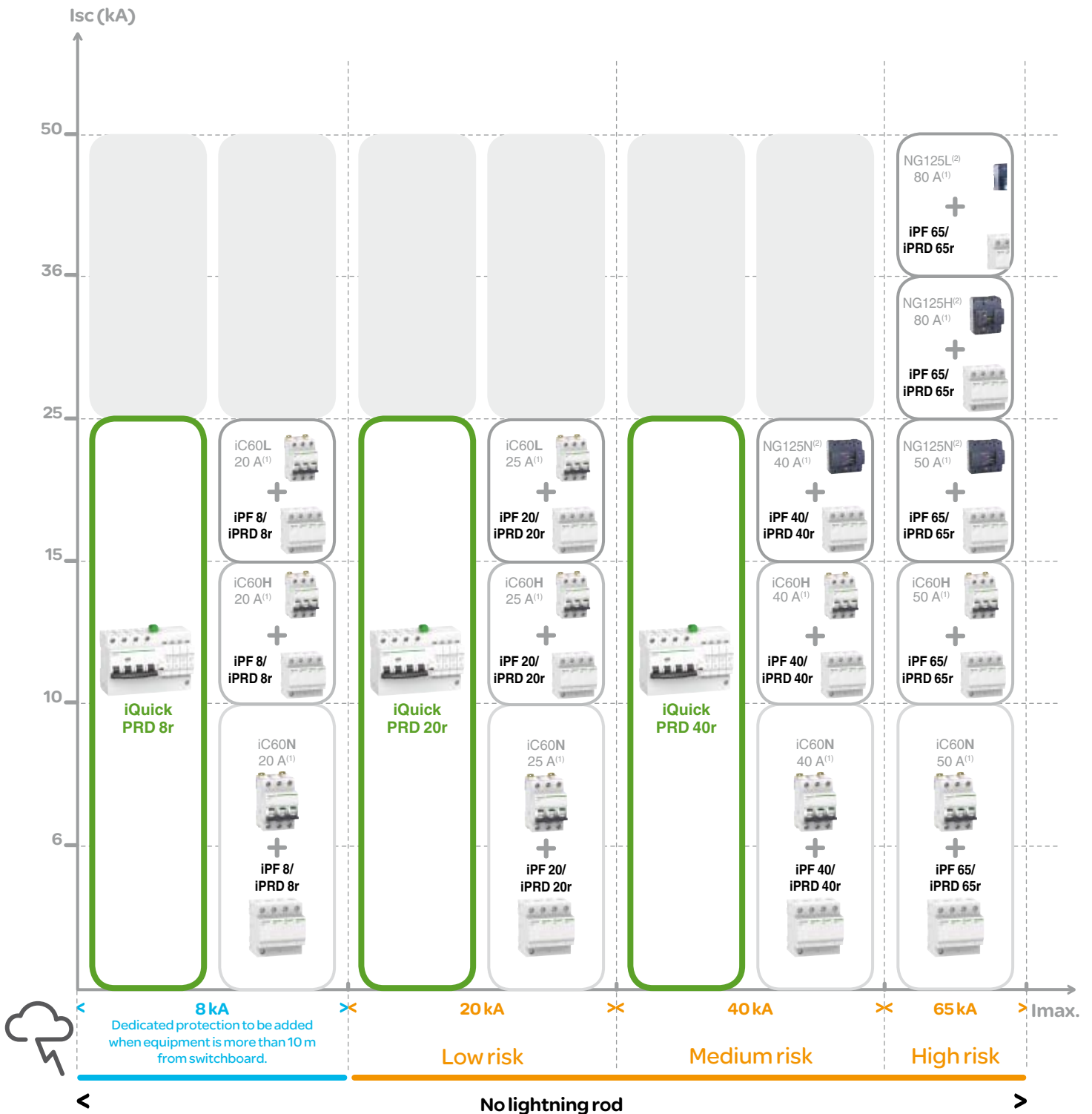
# Simple and effective selection method:

You need to install a surge arrester in a switchboard



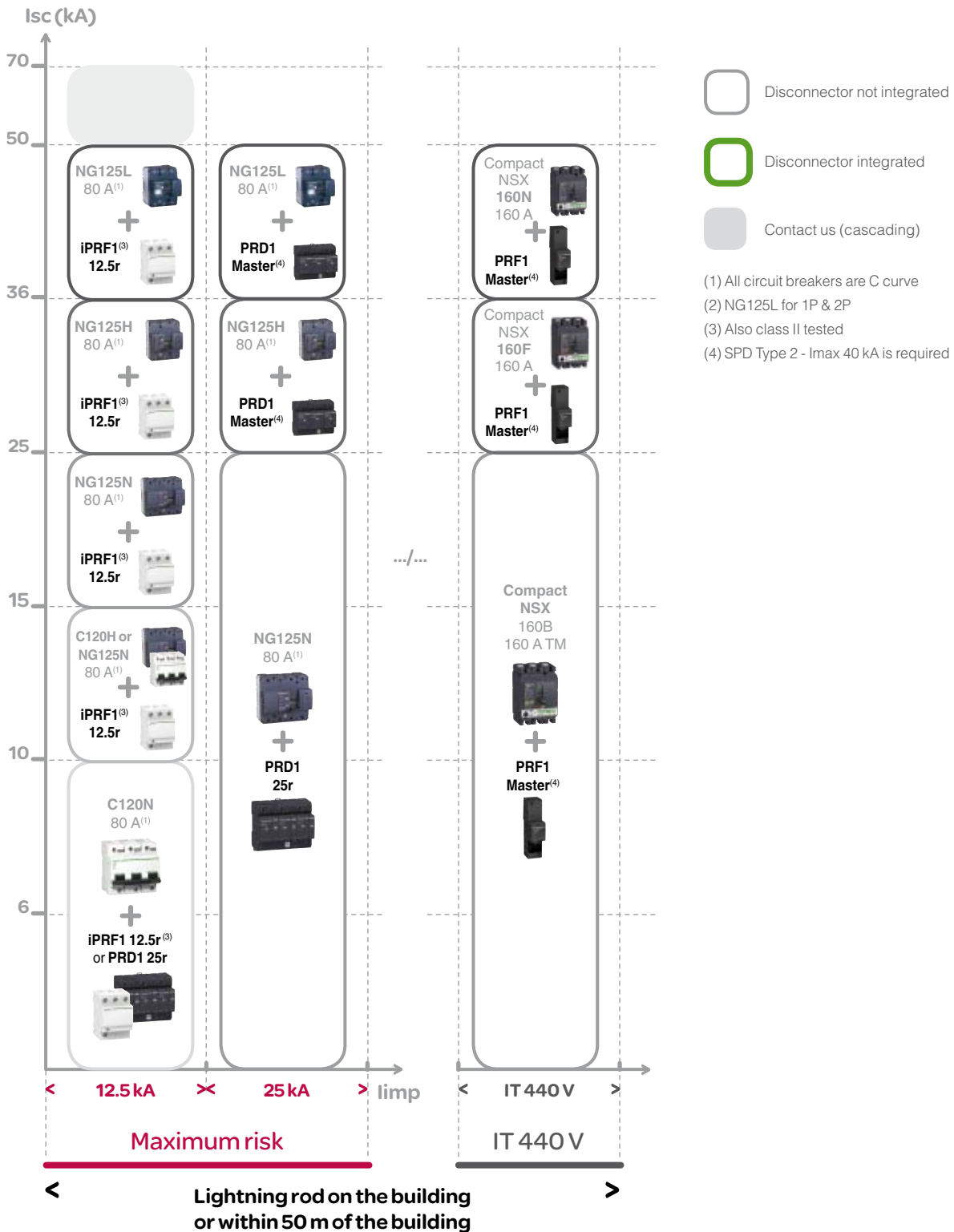
# > Coordination table between SPD and its

## Type 2 - Class II



# Short-circuit disconnectors

## Type 1 - Class I



# iPRF1 12.5r/PRF1 Master/ PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master Type 1 and 2 LV surge arresters

The Type 1 range of surge arresters meets the normative withstand capability of current wave type 10/350  $\mu$ s (8/20  $\mu$ s for Type 2 surge arresters). It is suitable for use with TT, TN-S, TN-C and IT earthing connection systems (neutral point connection).  
In addition, the PRF1 Master surge arrester covers the 400 V IT system.  
iPRF1 12.5r and PRD1 surge arresters are fitted with a remote transfer contact to send "end-of-life indication" information.  
PRD1 surge arresters are fitted with easy-to-replace withdrawable cartridges.

## iPRF1 12.5r/PRF1 Master/PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master

The Type 1 surge arrester is recommended for electrical installations in the service sector and industrial buildings protected by a lightning conductor or by a meshed cage.  
It protects electrical installations against direct lightning strikes.  
It is used to conduct the direct lightning current, propagating from the earth conductor to the network conductors.  
It must be installed with an upstream disconnection device, such as a fuse or circuit-breaker, whose breaking capacity must be at least equal to the maximum prospective short-circuit current at the installation point.  
iPRF1 12.5r and PRD1 25r surge arresters also provide Type 2 protection and protect the electrical installation by finely clipping the lightning wave overvoltages.



iPRF1 12.5r (3P+N)

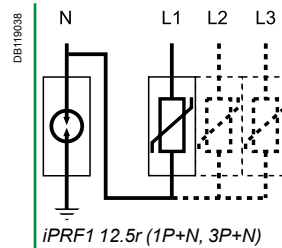
PRF1 Master (1P)



PRD1 25r (3P+N)

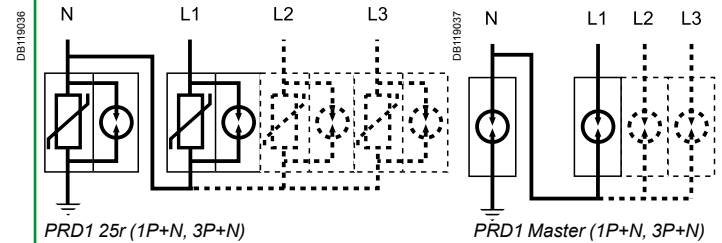


PRD1 Master (3P+N)



iPRF1 12.5r (1P+N, 3P+N)

Type	Product solution	
<b>Fixed surge arrester</b>	<b>1P+N</b>	<b>3P+N</b>
iPRF1 12.5r T1, T2	A9L16632	A9L16634
PRF1 Master T1		



PRD1 25r (1P+N, 3P+N)

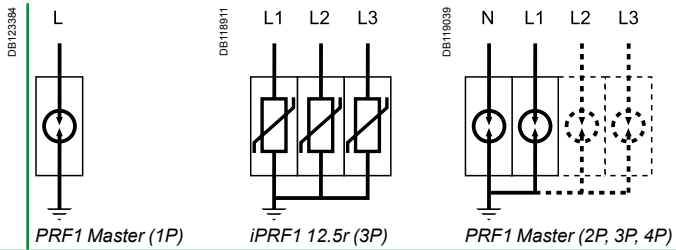
PRD1 Master (1P+N, 3P+N)

Cartridge surge arrester	1P+N	3P+N
PRD1 25r T1 + T2	16330	16332
PRD1 Master T1	16361	16363

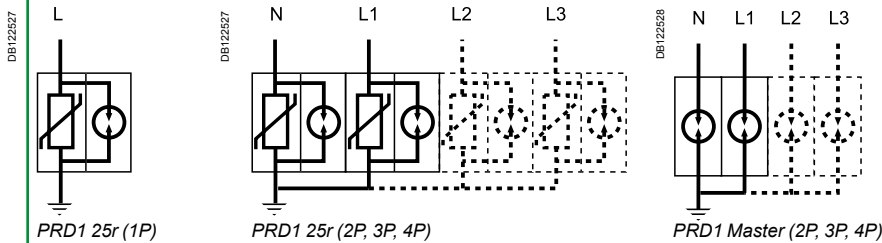


# iPRF1 12.5r/PRF1 Master/ PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master

Type 1 and 2 LV surge arresters (cont.)



				Neutral point connection	Recommended accessory
1P	2P	3P	4P	TT, TN-S	
		A9L16633		TN-C	
	2 x 16630			IT distributed neutral	16643
16630		3 x 16630		IT non-distributed neutral	16644
			4 x 16630	IT distributed neutral	16645



				Neutral point connection	Recommended accessory
1P	2P	3P	4P	TT, TN-S	
16329	2 x 16329		4 x 16329	TT, TN-C	
		16331		TN-C	
				TT, TN-S	
16360	2 x 16360		4 x 16360	TT, TN-C	
		16362		TN-C	

# iPRF1 12.5r/PRF1 Master/ PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master

## Type 1 and 2 LV surge arresters (cont.)

Type	Nb. of poles	Width modules	I imp (kA) (10/350) Impulse current		I max (kA) (8/20) Maximal discharge current	In - kA Rated discharge current	Up - kV Degree of protection	Un - V Nominal line voltage	Uc - V Maximum steady state voltage	
<b>Fixed surge arrester</b>		<b>9 mm modules</b>	<b>Surge arrester</b>	<b>Surge arrester + disconnecter</b>					(L-N)/(N-PE)	
<b>iPRF1 12.5r</b>	Type <b>1</b> + <b>2</b>									
	1P+N	4	12.5 (L-N)/50 (N-PE)		50	25	≤ 1.5	230	350/255	<b>A9L16632</b>
	3P	8	12.5		50	25	≤ 1.5	230/400	350	<b>A9L16633</b>
	3P+N	8	12.5 (L-N)/50 (N-PE)		50	25	≤ 1.5	230/400	350/255	<b>A9L16634</b>
<b>PRF1 Master</b>	Type <b>1</b>									
	1P	4	50	35	-	50	≤ 1.5	230	440	<b>16630</b>
<b>Withdrawable surge arrester</b>										
<b>PRD1 25r</b>	Type <b>1</b> + <b>2</b>									
	1P	4	25		40	25	≤ 1.5	230	350	<b>16329</b>
	1P+N	8	25 (L-N)/100 (N-PE)		40	25	≤ 1.5	230	350/350	<b>16330</b>
	3P	12	25		40	25	≤ 1.5	230/400	350	<b>16331</b>
	3P+N	16	25 (L-N)/100 (N-PE)		40	25	≤ 1.5	230/400	350/350	<b>16332</b>
<b>PRD1 Master</b>	Type <b>1</b>									
	1P	4	25		-	25	≤ 1.5	230	350	<b>16360</b>
	1P+N	8	25 (L-N)/100 (N-PE)		-	25	≤ 1.5	230	350/350	<b>16361</b>
	3P	12	25		-	25	≤ 1.5	230/400	350	<b>16362</b>
	3P+N	16	25 (L-N)/100 (N-PE)		-	25	≤ 1.5	230/400	350/350	<b>16363</b>
<b>Spare cartridge</b>										
C1 Master-350	-	4	-	-	-	25	≤ 1.5	-	350	<b>16314</b>
C1 25-350	-	23 mm	-	-	-	25	≤ 1.5	-	350	<b>16315</b>
C2 40-350	-	12 mm	-	-	-	20	≤ 1.5	-	350	<b>16316</b>
C1 Neutral-350	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	350	<b>16317</b>

PB10426E-30



C1 Neutral-350

DB123370



Surge arresters	Spare cartridge		
	Phase		Neutral
	Type 1	Type 2	
<b>PRD1 25r</b>			
PRD1 25r 1P	<b>16315</b>	<b>16316</b>	-
PRD1 25r 1P+N	<b>16315</b>	<b>16316</b>	<b>16317</b>
PRD1 25r 3P	3 x <b>16315</b>	3 x <b>16316</b>	-
PRD1 25r 3P+N	3 x <b>16315</b>	3 x <b>16316</b>	<b>16317</b>
<b>PRD1 Master</b>			
PRD1 Master 1P	<b>16314</b>	-	-
PRD1 Master 1P+N	<b>16314</b>	-	<b>16317</b>
PRD1 Master 3P	3 x <b>16314</b>	-	-
PRD1 Master 3P+N	3 x <b>16314</b>	-	<b>16317</b>

Accessories		
Type	Number of poles	
4P Wiring comb busbars	4	<b>16643</b>
6P Wiring comb busbars	6	<b>16644</b>
Peignes de câblage 8P	8	<b>16645</b>
200 mm flexible cable (PRF1 Master)		<b>16646</b>

# iPRF1 12.5r/PRF1 Master/ PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master

## Type 1 and 2 LV surge arresters (cont.)

### Technical data

		iPRF1 12.5r	PRF1 Master	PRD1 25r	PRD1 Master
Operating frequency		50 Hz	50/60 Hz	50 Hz	50 Hz
Degree of protection	Front panel	IP40	IP40	IP40	IP40
	Terminals	IP20	IP20	IP20	IP20
	Impacts	IK05	IK05	IK05	IK05
Response time		≤ 25 ns	≤ 1 μs	≤ 25 ns	≤ 100 ns
Short circuit withstand (I <sub>sc</sub> )		-	-	25 kA	50 kA
Temporary overvoltage withstand (U <sub>T</sub> )	U <sub>T</sub> (L-N)	-	-	415 V AC/5 s	415 V AC/5 s
	U <sub>T</sub> (N-PE)	-	-	1200 V AC/200 ms	1200 V AC/200 ms
Temporary overvoltage <b>Safe failure mode</b> (U <sub>T</sub> )		U <sub>T</sub> (L-N)	-	440 V AC/120 min	440 V AC/120 min
Ground residual current (I <sub>PE</sub> )		I <sub>PE</sub> (N-PE)	-	≤ 0.01 mA for 1P+N, 3P+N	≤ 0.01 mA for 1P+N, 3P+N
Follow current interrupting rating (I <sub>fi</sub> )	I <sub>fi</sub> (L-N)	-	-	25 kA/264 V AC 3 kA/350 V AC	25 kA/264 V AC 3 kA/350 V AC
	I <sub>fi</sub> (N-PE)	-	-	100 A	100 A
End-of-life indication		Green: correct operation Red: at end of life	-	White: correct operation Red: at end of life	White: correct operation Red: at end of life
	Remote notification	1.5 A/250 V AC	-	1 A/250 V AC ≤ 1 A/30 V DC	1 A/250 V AC ≤ 1 A/30 V DC
By tunnel terminal	Rigid cable	10...35 mm <sup>2</sup>	10...50 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5...35 mm <sup>2</sup>	10...35 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Flexible cable	10...25 mm <sup>2</sup>	10...35 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5...25 mm <sup>2</sup>	10...25 mm <sup>2</sup>
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +80°C	-40°C to +80°C
Standards	Type 1	IEC 61643-1 <u>T1</u> EN 61643-11 Type 1	IEC 61643-1 <u>T1</u> EN 61643-11 Type 1	IEC 61643-11: 2011 <u>T1</u> EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 1	IEC 61643-11: 2011 <u>T1</u> EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 1
	Type 2	IEC 61643-1 <u>T2</u> EN 61643-11 Type 2	-	IEC 61643-11: 2011 <u>T2</u> EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 2	-

### Choice of disconnector / surge arrester

Type	Iimp: impulse current	Isc: prospective short-circuit current at the installation point				
		10 kA	15 kA	25 kA	36 kA	50 kA
iPRF1 12.5r	12.5 kA	C120N 80 A curve C	C120H 80 A curve C or NG125N 80 A curve C	NG125N 80 A curve C	NG125H 80 A curve C	NG125L 80 A curve C
PRF1 Master	35 kA	Compact NSX160B 160 A TM		Compact NSX160F 160 A	Compact NSX160N 160 A	
PRD1 25r	25 kA	NG125N 80 A curve C		-		
PRD1 Master	25 kA	NG125N 80 A curve C		NG125H 80 A curve C	NG125L 80 A curve C	

PR113739-90

#### PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master Reversible

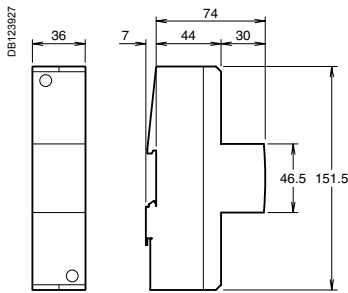
■ The surge arrester base can be turned over to allow the phase/neutral/earth cables to enter through either the top or the bottom



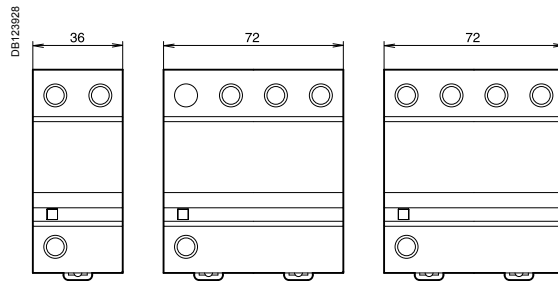
# iPRF1 12.5r/PRF1 Master/ PRD1 25r/PRD1 Master

Type 1 and 2 LV surge arresters (cont.)

## Dimensions (mm)



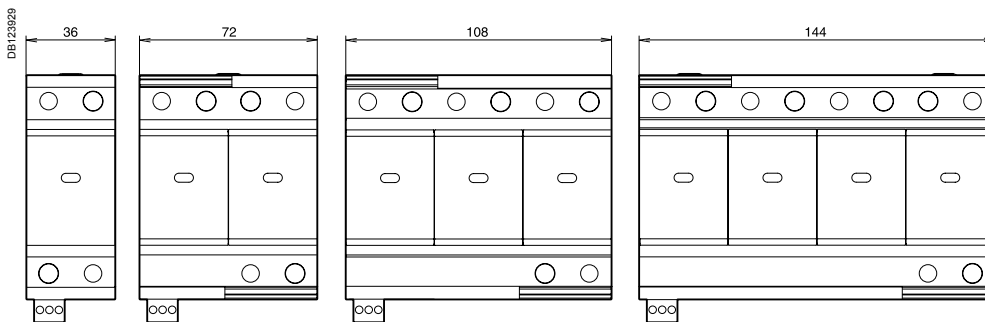
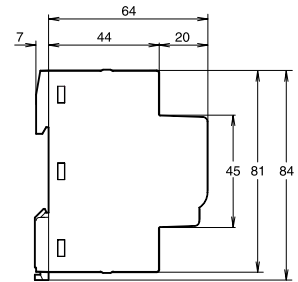
PRF1 Master



1P + N  
iPRF1 12.5r

3P

3P + N

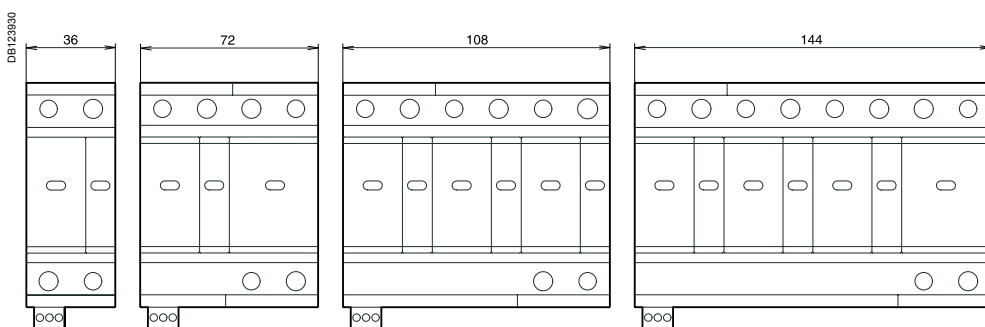
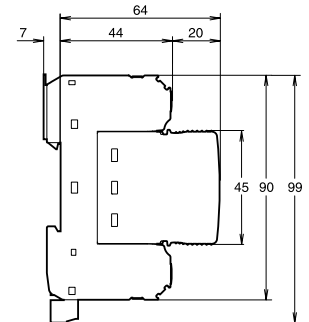


1P  
PRD1 Master

1P + N

3P

3P + N

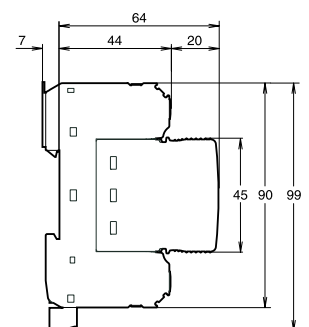


1P  
PRD1 25r

1P + N

3P

3P + N





The iPF multi-pole single-piece surge arrester range is adapted for earthing systems: TT, TN-S, TN-C.

Type 2 surge arresters are tested with a 8/20  $\mu$ s current wave.

Type 3 surge arresters are tested with a 12/50  $\mu$ s and 8/20  $\mu$ s combined wave.

Each surge arrester in the range has a specific application:

■ **incoming protection (type 2):**

- the iPF65(r) is recommended for a very high risk level (strongly exposed site)
- the iPF40(r) is recommended for a high risk level
- the iPF20 is recommended for a medium risk level

■ **secondary protection (type 2 or 3):**

- the iPF8 ensures secondary protection of loads to be protected and is placed in cascade with the incoming surge arresters. This surge arrester is required when the loads to be protected are at a distance of more than 30 m from the incoming surge arrester.

The iPF surge arresters with “r” indication have remote transfer of the information: “surge arrester to be replaced”.

Rated discharge current (I <sub>max</sub> ) / Nominal discharge current (I <sub>n</sub> )	Type of protection		Network							
	Incoming	Secondary (type 2 or 3)	1P+N		3P+N		1P	2P	3P	4P
<b>65 kA / 20 kA</b>										
	iPF65		A9L15684		A9L15685		A9L15683			
					A9L15586			A9L15584		
									A9L15581	
										A9L15585
<b>40 kA / 15 kA</b>										
High risk level	iPF40		A9L15687		A9L15690		A9L15686			
					A9L15688			A9L15587		
									A9L15582	
										A9L15590
										A9L15588
<b>20 kA / 5 kA</b>										
Medium risk level	iPF20		A9L15692		A9L15693		A9L15691			
								A9L15592		
									A9L15597	
										A9L15593
<b>8 kA / 2.5 kA</b>										
Secondary protection: placed near the loads to be protected when they are at a distance of more than 30 m from the incoming surge arrester		iPF8	A9L15695		A9L15696		A9L15694			
								A9L15595		
									A9L15598	
										A9L15596



1P+N.



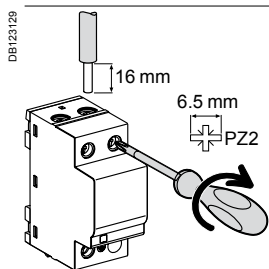
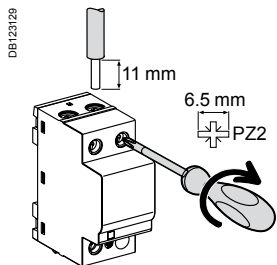
3P+N.





Surge arrester/circuit breaker association	
Type of surge arrester	Associated circuit breaker
iPF65	Curve C 50 A
iPF40	Curve C 40 A
iPF20	Curve C 25 A
iPF8	Curve C 20 A

	Earthing system	Transfer	Surge arrester name	Width in mod. of 9 mm	Up - (kV) Voltage protection level			Un - (V) Rated voltage network	Uc - (V) Maximum continuous operating voltage		
					CM*		DM*		CM*		DM*
					L/±	N/±	L/N		L/±	N/±	L/N
<b>iPF65</b>											
	TT & TN		iPF65 1P	2	≤ 1.5	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S		iPF65 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPF65 2P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		340	340	-
	TN-C		iPF65 3P	8	≤ 1.5	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPF65r 3P+N		-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPF65 3P+N		-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TN-C	■	iPF65r 4P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		340	340	-
<b>iPF40</b>											
	TT & TN		iPF40 1P	2	≤ 1.5	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S		iPF40 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPF40 2P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		340	340	-
	TN-C		iPF40 3P	8	≤ 1.5	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPF40r 3P+N		-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPF40 3P+N		-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TN-C	■	iPF40r 4P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		340	340	-
	TN-C		iPF40 4P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		340	340	-
<b>iPF20</b>											
	TT & TN		iPF20 1P	2	≤ 1.1	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S		iPF20 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPF20 2P		≤ 1.1	≤ 1.1	-		340	340	-
	TN-C		iPF20 3P	8	≤ 1.1	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S		iPF20 3P+N		-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPF20 4P		≤ 1.1	≤ 1.1	-		340	340	-
<b>iPF8 (1) Type 2 / Type 3</b>											
	TT & TN		iPF8 1P	2	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S		iPF8 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.5 / ≤ 1.2	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPF8 2P		≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	-		340	340	-
	TN-C		iPF8 3P	8	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S		iPF8 3P+N		-	≤ 1.5 / ≤ 1.2	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPF8 4P		≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	-		340	340	-

\* **CM**: common mode (phase to earth and neutral to earth). \* **DM**: differential mode (phase to neutral). (1) **Uoc**: combined waveform voltage: 10 kV.

### Connection



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
iPF8 / 20	Ph / N		
	⊥		
iPF40 / 65	Ph / N		
	⊥		

### Technical data

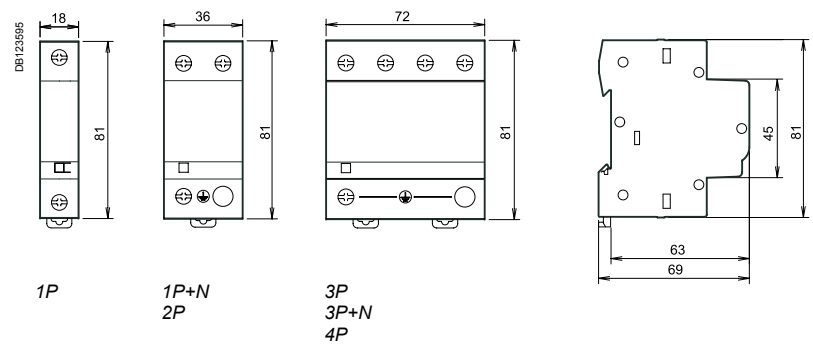
Main characteristics	
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz
Operating voltage (Ue)	230/400 V AC
Permanent operating current (Ic)	< 1 mA
Response time	< 25 ns
End of life indication:	Green
by green/red mechanical indicator	Red
End of life remote indication	In operation At end of life By contact NO, NC 250 V / 0.25 A
Additional characteristics	
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C
Type of connection terminals	Tunnel terminals, 2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
Standards	IEC 61643-1 [T2] and EN 61643-11 Type 2



## Weight (g)

Surge arrester	
Type	iPF
1P	125
2P	210
3P	335
4P	420

## Dimensions (mm)



# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters

iPRD withdrawable surge arresters allow quick replacement of damaged cartridges.

Type 2 surge arresters are tested with a 8/20  $\mu$ s current wave.

Type 3 surge arresters are tested with a 1.2/50  $\mu$ s and 8/20  $\mu$ s combined wave.

Each surge arrester in the range has a specific application:

■ **incoming protection (type 2):**

- the iPRD65r is recommended for a very high risk level (strongly exposed site)
- the iPRD40(r) is recommended for a high risk level
- the iPRD20(r) is recommended for a medium risk level

■ **secondary protection (type 2 or 3):**

□ the iPRD8(r) ensures secondary protection of loads to be protected and is placed in cascade with the incoming surge arresters. This surge arrester is required when the loads to be protected are at a distance of more than 10 m from the incoming surge arrester.

The iPRD surge arresters with “r” indication have remote transfer of the information: “cartridge to be replaced”.

### Catalogue number iPRD surge arresters

Rated discharge current (Imax)	Nominal discharge current (In)	Type of protection		Network							
		Incoming	Secondary	1P+N	3P+N	1P	2P	3P	4P		
<b>iPRD65</b> 65 kA Very high risk level (strongly exposed site)	20 kA	iPRD65									
				A9L65501		A9L65101					
							A9L65201				
						A9L65601				A9L65301	
								A9L65401			
<b>iPRD40</b> 40 kA High risk level	15 kA	iPRD40									
						A9L40101					
						A9L40100					
				A9L40501							
				A9L40500							
							A9L40201				
							A9L40200				
										A9L40301	
						A9L40300					
								A9L40401			
								A9L40400			
<b>iPRD20</b> 20 kA Medium risk level	5 kA	iPRD20									
						A9L20100					
				A9L20501							
				A9L20500							
								A9L20200			
										A9L20300	
				A9L20601							
				A9L20600							
								A9L20400			
<b>iPRD8</b> 8 kA Secondary protection: placed near the loads to be protected when they are at a distance of more than 10 m from the incoming surge arrester	2.5 kA	iPRD8									
						A9L08100					
				A9L08501							
				A9L08500						A9L08200	
										A9L08300	
								A9L08601			
				A9L08600							
								A9L08400			



2P



4P

# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)



Cartridge

### Spare cartridges iPRD

Type	Spare cartridges for	Cat. no
iPRD 65-350	iPRD65r	A9L65102
iPRD 40-350	iPRD40, iPRD40r	A9L40102
iPRD 20-350	iPRD20, iPRD20r	A9L20102
iPRD 8-350	iPRD8, iPRD8r	A9L08102
iPRD Neutral	All products (1P+N, 3P+N)	A9L00002

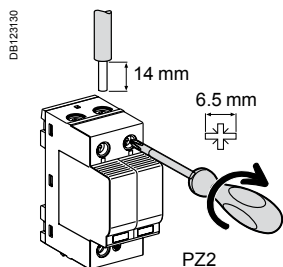
	Earthing system	Transfer	Surge arrester name	Width in mod. of 9 mm	Up - (kV) Voltage protection level			Un - (V) Rated voltage network	Uc - (V) Maximum continuous operating voltage		
					CM*		DM*		CM*		DM*
					L/±	N/±	L/N		L/±	N/±	L/N
<b>iPRD65</b>											
A9L65101	TT & TN	■	iPRD65r 1P	2	≤ 1.5	-	-	230	350	-	-
A9L65501	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD65r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.5	-	-	260	350
A9L65201	TN-C-S	■	iPRD65r 2P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		350	350	-
A9L65301	TN-C	■	iPRD65r 3P	6	≤ 1.5	-	-	230/400	350	-	-
A9L65601	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD65r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.5	-	-	260	350
A9L65401	TN-C-S	■	iPRD65r 4P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-		350	350	-
<b>iPRD40</b>											
A9L40101	TT & TN	■	iPRD40r 1P	2	≤ 1.6	-	-	230	350	-	-
A9L40100	TT & TN	■	iPRD40 1P		≤ 1.6	-	-		350	-	-
A9L40501	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD40r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.6	-	-	260	350
A9L40500	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD40 1P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.6		-	260	350
A9L40201	TN-C-S	■	iPRD40r 2P		≤ 1.6	≤ 1.6	-		350	350	-
A9L40200	TN-C-S	■	iPRD40 2P		≤ 1.6	≤ 1.6	-		350	350	-
A9L40301	TN-C	■	iPRD40r 3P	6	≤ 1.6	-	-	230/400	350	-	-
A9L40300	TN-C	■	iPRD40 3P		≤ 1.6	-	-		350	-	-
A9L40601	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD40r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.6	-	-	260	350
A9L40600	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD40 3P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.6		-	260	350
A9L40401	TN-C-S	■	iPRD40r 4P		≤ 1.6	≤ 1.6	-		350	350	-
A9L40400	TN-C-S	■	iPRD40 4P		≤ 1.6	≤ 1.6	-		350	350	-
<b>iPRD20</b>											
A9L20100	TT & TN	■	iPRD20 1P	2	≤ 1.2	-	-	230	350	-	-
A9L20501	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD20r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2	-	-	260	350
A9L20500	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD20 1P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2		-	260	350
A9L20200	TN-C-S	■	iPRD20 2P		≤ 1.2	≤ 1.2	-		350	350	-
A9L20300	TN-C	■	iPRD20 3P	6	≤ 1.2	-	-	230/400	350	-	-
A9L20601	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD20r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2	-	-	260	350
A9L20600	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD20 3P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2		-	260	350
A9L20400	TN-C-S	■	iPRD20 4P		≤ 1.2	≤ 1.2	-		350	350	-
<b>iPRD8 (1) Type 2 / Type 3 (1)</b>											
A9L08100	TT & TN	■	iPRD8 1P	2	≤ 1.2	-	-	230	350	-	-
A9L08501	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD8r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2	-	-	260	350
A9L08500	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD8 1P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2		-	260	350
A9L08200	TN-C-S	■	iPRD8 2P		≤ 1.2	≤ 1.2	-		350	350	-
A9L08300	TN-C	■	iPRD8 3P	6	≤ 1.2	-	-	230/400	350	-	-
A9L08601	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD8r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2	-	-	260	350
A9L08600	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD8 3P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.2		-	260	350
A9L08400	TN-C-S	■	iPRD8 4P		≤ 1.2	≤ 1.2	-		350	350	-

\* CM: common mode (phase to earth and neutral to earth). \* DM: differential mode (phase to neutral). (1) Uoc: combined waveform voltage: 10 kV.

# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters

### Connection iPRD surge arresters



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iPRD	3.5 N.m	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>

### Technical data iPRD surge arresters

#### Main characteristics

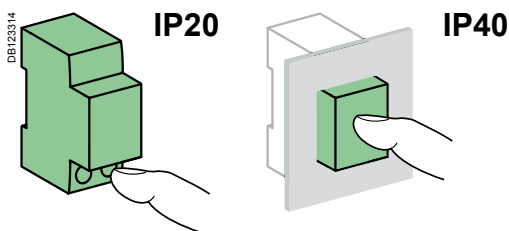
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	
Operating voltage (U <sub>e</sub> )	230/400 V AC ±10 %	
Permanent operating current (I <sub>c</sub> )	< 1 mA	
Response time	< 25 ns	
Short circuit withstand (I <sub>sc</sub> )	50 kA (50 Hz)	
Temporary overvoltage withstand (U <sub>T</sub> )	U <sub>T</sub> (L-N)	337 V AC / 5 s
	U <sub>T</sub> (L-PE)	442 V AC / 5 s
Temporary overvoltage <b>Safe failure mode</b> (U <sub>T</sub> )	U <sub>T</sub> (N-PE)	1200 V AC / 200 ms
	U <sub>T</sub> (L-PE)	1453 V AC / 200 ms
Ground residual current (I <sub>PE</sub> )	I <sub>PE</sub> (L-PE)	600 µA for 1P, 2P, 3P, 4P
	I <sub>PE</sub> (N-PE)	3 µA for 1P+N, 3P+N
Satisfactory operation indication: by mechanical indicator	White	In operation
	Red	Cartridge must be replaced
Remote indication of satisfactory operation	By contact NO, NC 250 V / 0.25 A	

#### Additional characteristics

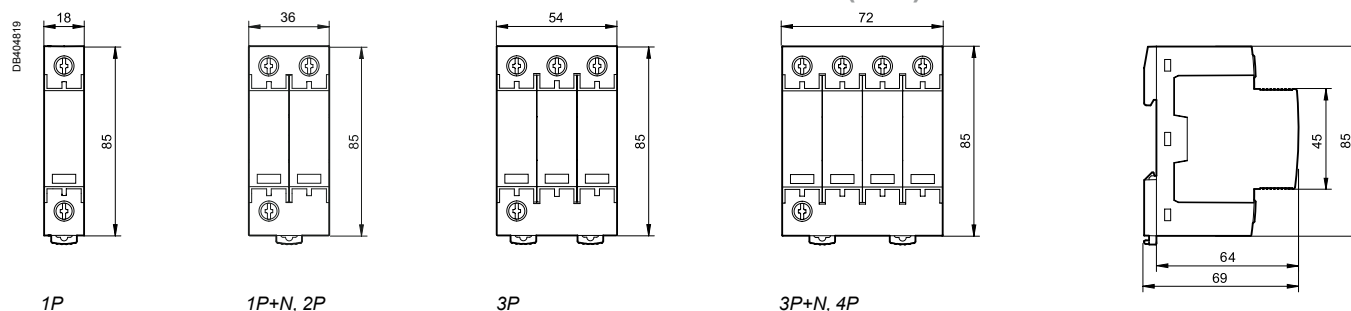
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20 (built-in)
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C	
Humidity range	5 % to 95 %	
Type of connection terminals	Tunnel terminals, 2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Standards	IEC 61643-11: 2011 <u>T2</u> , <u>T3</u> and EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 2, Type 3	

#### Surge arrester/circuit breaker association

Type of surge arrester	Associated circuit breaker (1 to 4 poles protected)
iPRD65	Curve C 50 A
iPRD40	Curve C 40 A
iPRD20	Curve C 25 A
iPRD8	Curve C 20 A



### iPRD dimensions (mm)



### Weight (g)

#### Surge arrester

Type	iPRD
1P	115
1P+N, 2P	220
3P	340
3P+N, 4P	450

# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)

### iPRD surge arresters

PB1102281-80

**Satisfactory operation indication**

- By mechanical indicator
- white: operating
- red: cartridge must be replaced



**Terminals**

- IP20

■ Transfer to Acti 9 Smartlink



### Connection iPRD surge arrester with its short circuit disconnecter

**TT / TN-S**  
Power supply through the top  
Connection with cables

PB1102289-50



Surge arrester iPRD 3P+N + iC60N 3P+N

**Reversible**

- The surge arrester base can be turned over to allow the phase/neutral/earth cables to enter through either the top or the bottom

**TT / TN-S**  
Power supply through the bottom  
Connection with comb busbar

PB110783-50



Surge arrester iPRD 3P+N + iC60N 3P+N

**TNC-S with neutral**  
Power supply through the top  
Connection with comb busbar

PB1102287-50



Surge arrester iPRD 4P + iC60N 4P

**TNC-S with neutral**  
Power supply through the bottom  
Connection with comb busbar

PB110794-50



Surge arrester iPRD 4P + iC60N 4P

# iPRD IT surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters

### Catalogue number iPRD IT surge arresters



3P



4P

Rated discharge current (I <sub>max</sub> )	Nominal discharge current (I <sub>n</sub> )	Type of protection		DBI12942		
		Incoming	Secondary	1P	3P	4P
<b>iPRD65 IT</b>						
65 kA Very high risk level (strongly exposed site)	20 kA	iPRD65		A9L16555	A9L16558	
<b>iPRD40 IT</b>						
40 kA High risk level	15 kA	iPRD40			A9L16563	A9L16597
<b>iPRD20 IT</b>						
20 kA Medium risk level	5 kA	iPRD20			A9L16573	A9L16599
<b>iPRD8 IT</b>						
8 kA Secondary protection: placed near the loads to be protected when they are at a distance of more than 10 m from the incoming surge arrester	2.5 kA		iPRD8		A9L16578	A9L16678

### Technical data iPRD IT surge arresters

Main characteristics	
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz
Operating voltage (U <sub>e</sub> )	230/400 V AC
Permanent operating current (I <sub>c</sub> )	< 1 mA
Response time	< 25 ns
Satisfactory operation indication: by mechanical indicator	White Red
Remote indication of satisfactory operation	In operation Cartridge must be replaced
	By contact NO, NC 250 V / 0.25 A
Additional characteristics	
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C
Type of connection terminals	Tunnel terminals, 2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
Standards	IEC 61643-11 [T2], [T3] and EN 61643-11 Type 2, Type 3
Surge arrester/circuit breaker association	
Type of surge arrester	Associated circuit breaker (1 to 4 poles protected)
iPRD65	Curve C 50 A
iPRD40	Curve C 40 A
iPRD20	Curve C 25 A
iPRD8	Curve C 20 A

### Spare cartridges iPRD IT

Type	Spare cartridges for	Cat. no
C 65-460	iPRD65r IT	A9L16682
C 40-460	iPRD40r IT	A9L16684
C 20-460	iPRD20r IT	A9L16686
C 8-460	iPRD8r IT	A9L16688



Cartridge

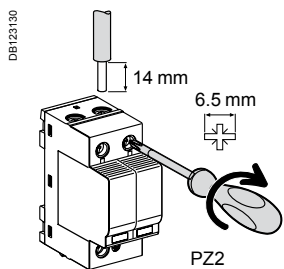
# iPRD IT surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)

	Earthing system	Transfer	Surge arrester name	Width in mod. of 9 mm	Up - (kV) Protection level			Un - (V) Rated voltage network	Uc - (V) Maximum continuous operating voltage		
					CM*		DM*		CM*		DM*
					L/±	N/±	L/N		L/±	N/±	L/N
<b>iPRD65 IT</b>											
A9L16555	IT	■	iPRD65r 1P IT	2	≤ 2	-	-	230	460	-	-
A9L16558	IT	■	iPRD65r 3P IT	6	≤ 2	-	-	230/400	460	-	-
<b>iPRD40 IT</b>											
A9L16563	IT	■	iPRD40r 3P IT	6	≤ 2	-	-	230/400	460	-	-
A9L16597	IT	■	iPRD40r 4P IT	8	≤ 2	≤ 2	-		460	460	-
<b>iPRD20 IT</b>											
A9L16573	IT	■	iPRD20r 3P IT	6	≤ 1.6	-	-	230/400	460	-	-
A9L16599	IT	■	iPRD20r 4P IT	8	≤ 1.6	≤ 1.6	-		460	460	-
<b>iPRD8 IT (1)</b>					<b>Type 2 / Type 3 (1)</b>						
A9L16578	IT	■	iPRD8r 3P IT	6	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1.6	-	-	230/400	460	-	-
A9L16678	IT	■	iPRD8r 4P IT	8	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1.6	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1.6	-		460	460	-

\* CM: common mode (phase to earth and neutral to earth). \* DM: differential mode (phase to neutral). (1) Uoc: combined waveform voltage: 10 kV.

### Connection iPRD IT surge arresters

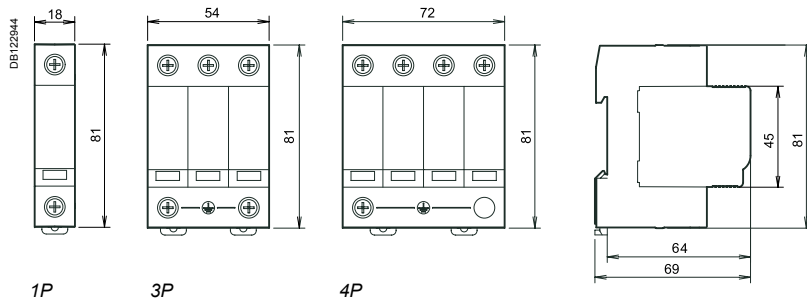


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iPRD IT	2 N.m	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>

### Weight (g)

Surge arrester	
Type	iPRD IT
1P	115
1P+N, 2P	220
3P	340
3P+N, 4P	450

### iPRD IT dimensions (mm)





# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters

iPRD withdrawable surge arresters allow quick replacement of damaged cartridges.



1P+N



3P



3P+N



Cartridge

Rated discharge current (I <sub>max</sub> ) / Nominal discharge current (I <sub>n</sub> )	Type of protection	Network							
		Incoming	Secondary	1P+N	3P+N	1P	2P	3P	4P
<b>65 kA / 20 kA</b>	iPRD65	Very high risk level (strongly exposed site)			A9L16555				
				A9L16556					
			A9L16557			A9L16442			
								A9L16558	
								A9L16443	
				A9L16559					
									A9L16659
<b>40 kA / 15 kA</b>	iPRD40	High risk level			A9L16561				
				A9L16566					
			A9L16562					A9L16444	
			A9L16567					A9L16667	
									A9L16445
									A9L16568
									A9L16563
				A9L16564					
				A9L16569					
									A9L16597
							A9L16664		
							A9L16669		
<b>20 kA / 5 kA</b>	iPRD20	Medium risk level			A9L16571				
			A9L16672						
			A9L16572					A9L16446	
									A9L16447
									A9L16573
				A9L16674					
				A9L16574					
							A9L16599		
							A9L16673		
<b>8 kA / 2.5 kA</b>	iPRD8	Secondary protection: placed near the loads to be protected when they are at a distance of more than 30 m from the incoming surge arrester			A9L16576				
			A9L16677						
			A9L16577					A9L16448	
									A9L16449
									A9L16578
				A9L16679					
				A9L16579					
							A9L16678		
							A9L16680		

Spare cartridges		
Type	Spare cartridges for	Cat. no
C 65-460	iPRD65r IT	A9L16682
C 65-340	iPRD65r	A9L16681
C 40-460	iPRD40r IT	A9L16684
C 40-340	iPRD40, iPRD40r	A9L16685
C 20-460	iPRD20r IT	A9L16686
C 20-340	iPRD20, iPRD20r	A9L16687
C 8-460	iPRD8r IT	A9L16688
C 8-340	iPRD8, iPRD8r	A9L16689
C neutral	All products	A9L16691

Surge arrester/circuit breaker association	
Type of surge arrester	Associated circuit breaker
iPRD65	Curve C 50 A
iPRD40	Curve C 40 A
iPRD20	Curve C 25 A
iPRD8	Curve C 20 A



# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)

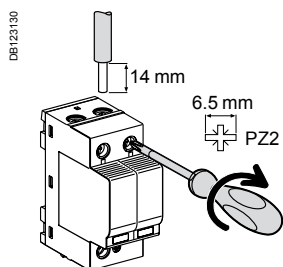
	Earthing system	Transfer	Surge arrester name	Width in mod. of 9 mm	Up - (kV) Voltage protection level			Un - (V) Rated voltage network	Uc - (V) Maximum continuous operating voltage		
					CM*		DM*		CM*		DM*
					L/±	N/±	L/N		L/±	N/±	L/N
<b>iPRD65</b>											
	IT	■	iPRD65r 1P IT	2	≤ 2	-	-	230	460	-	-
	TT & TN	■	iPRD65r 1P		≤ 1.5	-	-		340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD65r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TN-C	■	iPRD65r 2P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-	340	340	-	
	IT	■	iPRD65r 3P IT	6	≤ 2	-	-	230/400	460	-	-
	TN-C	■	iPRD65r 3P		≤ 1.5	-	-		340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD65r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		-	260	340
	TN-C	■	iPRD65r 4P		≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5	-	340	340	-	
<b>iPRD40</b>											
	TT & TN	■	iPRD40r 1P	2	≤ 1.4	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN		iPRD40 1P		≤ 1.4	-	-		340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD40r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPRD40 1P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	260	340	
	TN-C	■	iPRD40r 2P		≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	340	340	-	
	TN-C		iPRD40 2P		≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	340	340	-	
	TN-C	■	iPRD40r 3P	6	≤ 1.4	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	TN-C		iPRD40 3P		≤ 1.4	-	-		340	-	-
	IT	■	iPRD40r 3P IT		≤ 2	-	-		460	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD40r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	260	340	
	TT & TN-S		iPRD40 3P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	260	340	
	IT	■	iPRD40r 4P IT		≤ 2	≤ 2	-	460	460	-	
	TN-C	■	iPRD40r 4P		≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	340	340	-	
	TN-C		iPRD40 4P		≤ 1.4	≤ 1.4	-	340	340	-	
<b>iPRD20</b>											
	TT & TN		iPRD20 1P	2	≤ 1.1	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD20r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPRD20 1P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPRD20 2P		≤ 1.1	≤ 1.1	-	340	340	-	
	TN-C		iPRD20 3P	6	≤ 1.1	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	IT	■	iPRD20r 3P IT		≤ 1.6	-	-		460	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD20r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPRD20 3P+N		-	≤ 1.4	≤ 1.1	-	260	340	
	IT	■	iPRD20r 4P IT		≤ 1.6	≤ 1.6	-	460	460	-	
	TN-C		iPRD20 4P		≤ 1.1	≤ 1.1	-	340	340	-	
<b>iPRD8 (1) Type 2 / Type 3</b>											
	TT & TN		iPRD8 1P	2	≤ 1 / ≤ 1	-	-	230	340	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD8r 1P+N	4	-	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPRD8 1P+N		-	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TN-C		iPRD8 2P		≤ 1 / ≤ 1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1	-	340	340	-	
	TN-C		iPRD8 3P	6	≤ 1 / ≤ 1	-	-	230/400	340	-	-
	IT	■	iPRD8r 3P IT		≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1.6	-	-		460	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	iPRD8r 3P+N	8	-	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1		-	260	340
	TT & TN-S		iPRD8 3P+N		-	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1.1	-	260	340	
	IT	■	iPRD8r 4P IT		≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1.6	≤ 1.4 / ≤ 1.6	-	460	460	-	
	TN-C		iPRD8 4P		≤ 1 / ≤ 1	≤ 1 / ≤ 1	-	340	340	-	

\* **CM**: common mode (phase to earth and neutral to earth). \* **DM**: differential mode (phase to neutral). (1) **Uoc**: combined waveform voltage: 10 kV.

# iPRD surge arresters

## Type 2 or 3 LV withdrawable surge arresters (cont.)

### Connection



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iPRD	2 N.m	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>

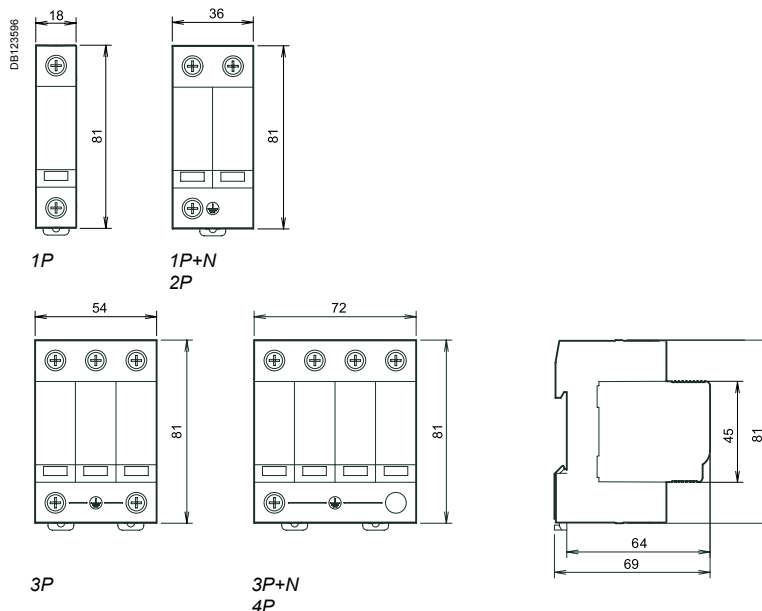
### Technical data

Main characteristics		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	
Operating voltage (Ue)	230/400 V AC	
Permanent operating current (Ic)	< 1 mA	
Response time	< 25 ns	
End of life indication: by mechanical indicator	White	In operation
	Red	At end of life
End of life remote indication	By contact NO, NC 250 V / 0.25 A	
Additional characteristics		
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C	
Type of connection terminals	Tunnel terminals, 2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Standards	IEC 61643-1 [T2] and EN 61643-11 Type 2	

### Weight (g)

Surge arrester	
Type	iPRD
1P	115
2P	220
3P	340
4P	450

### Dimensions (mm)





# Withdrawable surge arrester iQuick PRD Type 2 or Type 3

Withdrawable surge arrester iQuick PRD allow damaged cartridges to be replaced quickly. They offer remote reporting of the "cartridge must be changed" message.



EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 2, IEC 61643-11: 2011 T2

They protect electrical and electronic equipment against lightning-induced surges. Withdrawable surge arrester iQuick PRD surge arresters are prewired, incorporating their end-of-life disconnecter.

Each surge arrester in the range has a specific use:

■ **incoming protection (type 2):**

- iQuick PRD40r is recommended for a high risk level
- iQuick PRD20r is recommended for a moderate risk level

■ **secondary protection (type 2 or 3):**

- iQuick PRD8r provides secondary protection for the loads to be protected and is cascade-mounted with the incoming surge arresters. This surge arrester is required as close as possible to the loads to be protected when they are located more than 30 metres away from the incoming surge arrester.



Replacement cartridges.

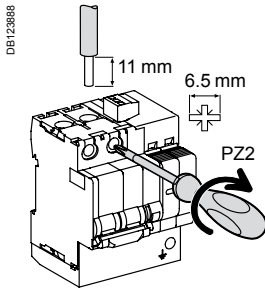
Maximum discharge current (I <sub>max</sub> ) / Nominal discharge current (I <sub>n</sub> )	Type of protection		Network		
	Incoming protection	Secondary protection	1P+N	3P+N	3P
<b>40 kA / 20 kA</b>					
High risk level	iQuick PRD40r		<b>A9L16292</b>		<b>A9L16293</b>
				<b>A9L16294</b>	
<b>20 kA / 5 kA</b>					
Moderate risk level	iQuick PRD20r		<b>A9L16295</b>		<b>A9L16296</b>
				<b>A9L16297</b>	
<b>8 kA / 2 kA</b>					
Secondary protection: placed near the loads to be protected when they are at a distance of more than 30 m from the incoming surge arrester		iQuick PRD8r	<b>A9L16298</b>		<b>A9L16299</b>
				<b>A9L16300</b>	



### Replacement cartridges

Type	Replacement cartridges for	Cat. no.
C 40-350	iQuick PRD40r	<b>A9L16310</b>
C 20-350	iQuick PRD20r	<b>A9L16311</b>
C 8-350	iQuick PRD8r	<b>A9L16312</b>
C neutral-350	All products	<b>A9L16313</b>

# Withdrawable surge arrester iQuick PRD Type 2 or Type 3 (cont.)

## Connection



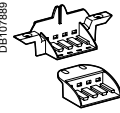

Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iQuick PRD Ph / N 8r/20r Ph / N 40r ⊕	2.5 N.m		
		2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>
		2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 25 mm <sup>2</sup> max.	2.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 25 mm <sup>2</sup> max.

	Earthing system	Transfert	Name of surge arrester	Width in 9 mm modules	Up – (kV) Voltage protection level		Un – (V) Nominal mains voltage	Uc – (V) Maximum continuous operating voltage	
					CM*	DM*		CM*	DM*
<b>iQuick PRD40r</b>									
	TT & TN-S	■	1P+N	8	≤ 1.7	≤ 2.5	230	264	350
	TN-C	■	3P	13	-	≤ 2.5	230/400	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	3P+N	15	≤ 1.7	≤ 2.5		264	350
<b>iQuick PRD20r</b>									
	TT & TN-S	■	1P+N	8	≤ 1.7	≤ 1.7	230	264	350
	TN-C	■	3P	13	-	≤ 1.5	230/400	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	3P+N	15	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5		264	350
<b>iQuick PRD8r (2)</b>					<b>Type 2 / Type 3</b>				
	TT & TN-S	■	1P+N	8	≤ 1.7/1,5	≤ 1.2/1.4	230	264	350
	TN-C	■	3P	13	-	≤ 1.2/1.4	230/400	-	-
	TT & TN-S	■	3P+N	15	≤ 1.7/1,5	≤ 1.2/1.4		264	350

\* **CM** common mode (between neutral and earth). \* **DM**: differential mode (between phase and neutral).  
(1) Up (MCB + SPD): total value measured between Modular Circuit Breaker (MCB) terminal block and PE surge arrester device terminal block (SPD).  
(2) Uoc: open-circuit voltage in combined wave: 10 kV.

## Accessories

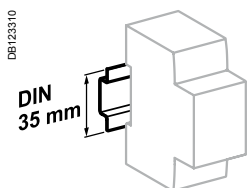
### Earth terminal block support

Type			Cat. no.
Support kit	L = 4 blocks	Batch of 1	<b>PRA90053</b>
			
25 mm <sup>2</sup> terminal block kit	L = 1 block	Batch of 5	<b>PRA90046</b>
			

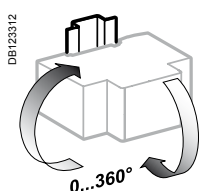


Pragma: the earth terminal block needs 1 support kit and 1 terminal block kit.

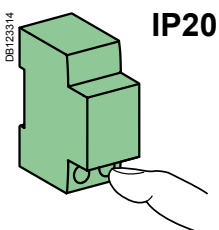
# Withdrawable surge arrester iQuick PRD Type 2 or Type 3 (cont.)



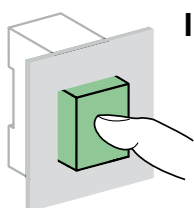
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

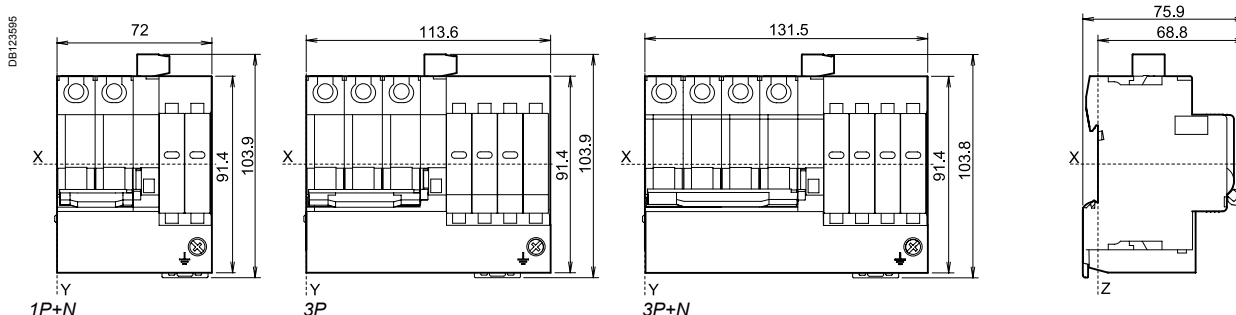
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	
Operating voltage (Ue)	230/400 V AC	
Disconnecter short-circuit withstand (Isc)	iQuick PRD 8r/20r	20 kA (50 Hz)
	iQuick PRD 40r	25 kA (50 Hz)
Temporary overvoltage withstand (U <sub>r</sub> )	U <sub>r</sub> (L-N)	415 V AC / 5 s
	U <sub>r</sub> (N-PE)	1200 V AC / 200 ms
Temporary overvoltage withstand <b>Safe failure mode</b> (U <sub>r</sub> )	U <sub>r</sub> (L-N)	440 V AC / 120 min
Permanent operating current (Ic)	< 1 mA	
Response time	< 25 ns	
Status indication	By the cartridges	White Red
	By white mechanical indicator/handle ON	Operational
	By red mechanical indicator/handle OFF	At end of life
Remote indication end of life	By the NO/NC remote indication contact 250 V AC / 2 A	
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20, IK05
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C	
Certifications	NF, KEMA KEUR	

## Weight (g)

Surge arresters		
Type	iQuick PRD8r/20r	iQuick PRD40r
1P+N	435	445
3P	665	700
3P+N	810	850

## Dimensions (mm)





The iQuick PF multi-pole single-piece surge arrester range is adapted for earthing systems: TT, TN-S. Type 2 surge arresters are tested with a 8/20  $\mu$ s current wave.

EN 61643-11: 2012 Type 2, IEC 61643-11: 2011 **T2**

Protects electrical and electronic equipment against indirect overvoltage due to the lightning effect.

Coordination with selective version "SI" and **SI** types.

The iQuick PF is precabled. It incorporates its end of life safety disconnecter and an earthing terminal block.

### Accessories supplied

- Terminal and 16 mm<sup>2</sup> cable for connection to the earth bar of the enclosure (supplied mounted).
- 1 lug to crimp for 16 mm<sup>2</sup> earthing cable.
- iQuick PF 1P+N: 2 connection accessories for the electrical link between the surge arrester and the incoming residual current circuit breaker:
  - 1 mounted, centre distance between axes: 9 mm,
  - 1 supplied, centre distance between axes: 18 mm.



Maximum discharge current (I <sub>max</sub> ) / Nominal discharge current (I <sub>n</sub> )	Network		Earthing system	Width in 9 mm modules	U <sub>p</sub> – (kV) Voltage protection level (*)	U <sub>n</sub> – (V) Nominal mains voltage	U <sub>c</sub> – (V) Maximum continuous operating voltage
10 kA / 5 kA							
	1P+N	3P+N					
iQuick PF	A9L16617	A9L16618	TT & TN-S	4	1.5	230	275
			TT & TN-S	10	1.5	230/400	275

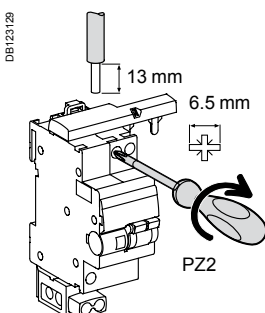
(\*) common mode of protection (between phase/earth and neutral/earth) and differential mode of protection (between phase and neutral).

### Remote auxiliary IEC 60947-5-1

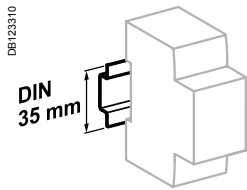
The remote auxiliary iSR allows to remote the iQuick PF operating status.

Auxiliary				Width in mod. of 9 mm
Type	Contact	Voltage (U <sub>e</sub> )		
iSR	3A	415 V CA	A9L16619	1

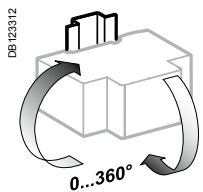
### Connection



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	
iQuick PF	Ph / N ⊕	2 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
			10 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>
iSR	⊕	1.2 N.m	16 mm <sup>2</sup> max.	16 mm <sup>2</sup> max.



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.

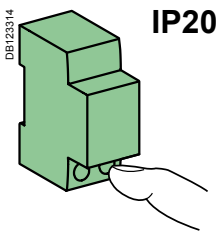
## Technical data

### Main characteristics

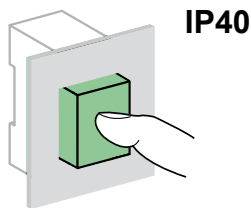
Operating frequency	50 Hz	
Operating voltage (U <sub>e</sub> )	230/400 V AC	
Integrated breaking capacity (I <sub>sc</sub> at 50 Hz)	6 kA	
Temporary overvoltage withstand (U <sub>T</sub> )	U <sub>T</sub> (L-N)	337 V AC / 5 s
	U <sub>T</sub> (L-PE)	442 V AC / 5 s
Temporary overvoltage withstand <b>Safe failure mode</b> (U <sub>T</sub> )	U <sub>T</sub> (N-PE)	1200 V AC / 200 ms
Ground residual current (I <sub>PE</sub> )	I <sub>PE</sub> (N-PE)	30 µA
Status indication:	Mechanical indicator white/ handle ON	Operational
	Mechanical indicator red/ handle OFF	At end of life
Remote indication end of life	By iSR auxiliary	

### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	-25°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C	



IP20



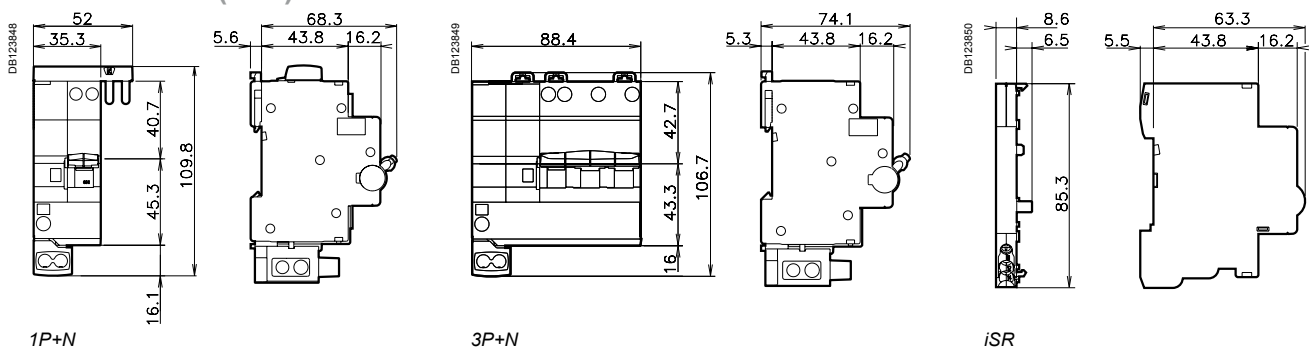
IP40

## Weight (g)

### Surge arresters

Type	iQuick PF
1P+N	370
3P+N	640

## Dimensions (mm)





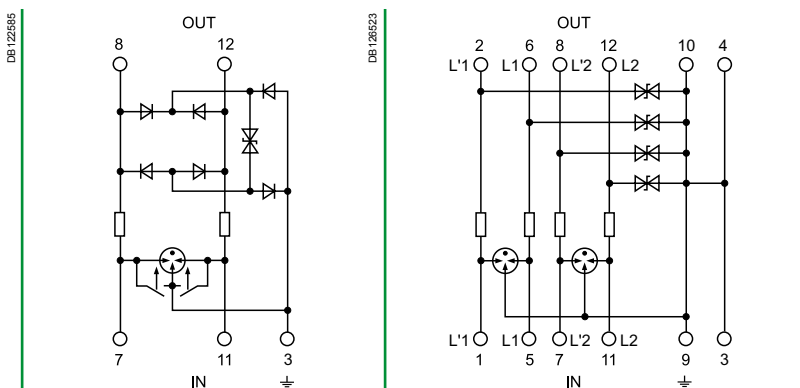
Country approval pictograms

Protection against overvoltages related to lightning strikes.



**Analogue telephone line protection:** the iPRC surge arrester wired in series to the private installation input protects the telephones, the PABX, the modems (including ADSL), etc.

**Protection for 2 low-current lines without common potential or 4 lines with common reference potential:** the iPRI protects the measuring instrument and PLC "sensor" inputs and the DC power supply inputs up to 53 V and AC power supply inputs up to 37 V. The input current must not exceed 300 mA.

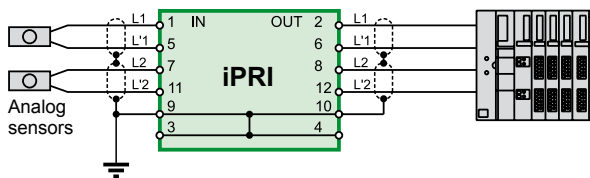
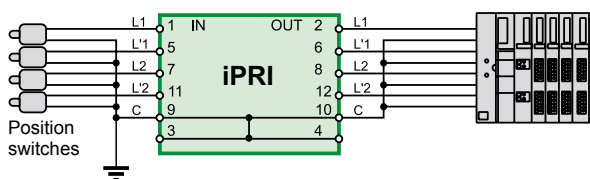
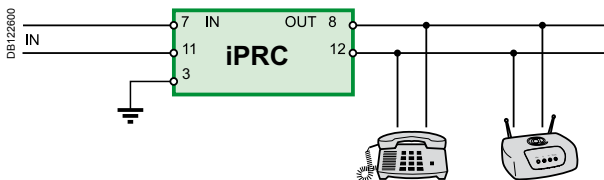


Line L1	Cables 7-8	Line L'1	Cables 1-2
Line L2	Cables 11-12	Line L'2	Cables 7-8
-	-	Line L'2	Cables 3-4-9-10
-	-	IN	Ligne side
⊕	Cable 3	OUT	Protected side
IN	Ligne side		
OUT	Protected side		

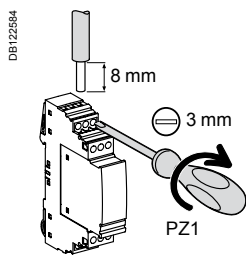
## Catalogue numbers

Surge arresters	iPRC	iPRI
Mains voltage (Un)	<130 V AC	48 V DC
Analogue telephone system	■	-
Telephone transmitter	■	-
Digital telephone system	-	■
Automation network	-	■
VLV load power supply (12...48 V)	-	■
xDSL compatibility	■	-
Cat. no..	A9L16337	A9L16339
Width in 9 mm modules	2	2

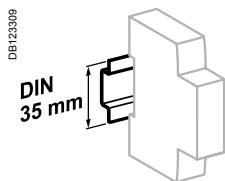
## Diagrams



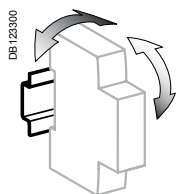
## Connection



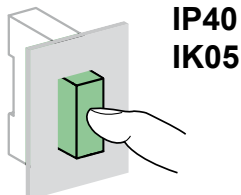
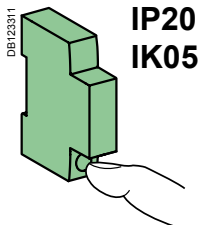
Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
0.8 N.m	DB122945 0.2 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 0.2 to 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



± 30° vertical.



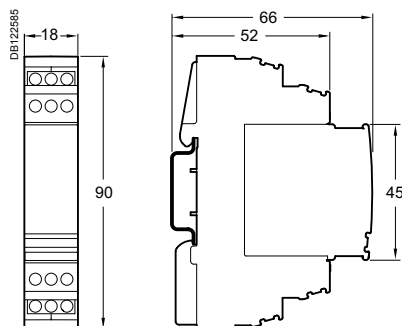
## Technical data

Main characteristics			
		iPRC	iPRI
Number of protected lines		2	2
Test category	IEC/EN	C1, C2, C3, D1, B2	C1, C2, C3, D1, B2
Maximum continuous voltage (Uc)		180 V DC, 130 V AC	53 V DC, 37 V AC
Limitation voltage (Up)		300 V	70 V
Rated discharge current (8/20) (In)		10 kA	10 kA
Maximum discharge current (8/20) (Imax)		18 kA	10 kA
Response time		< 500 ns	≤ 1 ns
Nominal impulse current		100 A	70 A
Rated current (I <sub>N</sub> )		450 mA (up to 45°C)	300 mA (up to 45°C)
Series resistor		2.2 Ω	4.7 Ω
End-of-life information by		Loss of dialling tone	Loss of transmission
Additional characteristics			
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	IP40
	IK	05	05
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C	-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C

## Weight (g)

Surge arresters		
Type	iPRC	iPRI
	25	65

## Dimensions (mm)



# iPRD-DC surge arresters

## Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications



Country approval pictograms

IEC 61643-1 **T2**  
EN 61643-11 Type 2  
UTE C 61740-51 **T2**  
prEN 50539-11 **T2**



iPRD-DC40r 600PV

iPRD-DC direct current surge arresters are designed to protect against overvoltages due to a lightning strike: of the "DC" input to the inverter and of photovoltaic panels.

It should be installed in a switchboard inside the building. If the switchboard is located outside, it must be weatherproof.

Withdrawable iPRD-DC surge arresters allow damaged cartridges to be replaced quickly. They offer remote reporting of the "cartridge must be changed" message.

### Catalogue numbers

Internal diagram	Imax (kA) Maximum discharge current	In (kA) Nominal discharge current	Up (kV) Protection level			U <sub>CPV</sub> (V) <sup>(1)</sup> Maximum steady state voltage			Width in module of 9 mm	Cat. no.
			L+/ $\neq$	L-/ $\neq$	L+/L-	L+/ $\neq$	L-/ $\neq$	L+/L-		
<b>iPRD-DC40r 600PV</b>										
	40	15	1.6	1.6	2.8	600	600	840	6	A9L16434
<b>iPRD-DC40r 1000PV</b>										
	40	15	3.9	3.9	3.9	1000	1000	1000	6	A9L16436

(1)  $U_{cpv} \geq 1.2 \times U_{oc\ stc}$  ( $U_{oc\ stc}$ : maximum no-load voltage of the photovoltaic generator "photovoltaic module manufacturer's data")



Replacement cartridges



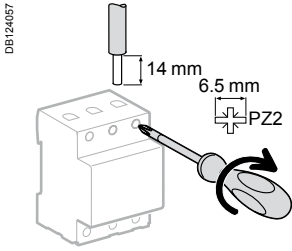
### Replacement cartridges

Type	Replacement cartridges for	Cat. no.
C 40-600PV	iPRD-DC40r 600PV	A9L16683
C 40-1000PV	iPRD-DC40r 1000PV	A9L16692
C neutral PV	iPRD-DC40r 600PV	A9L16690

# iPRD-DC surge arresters

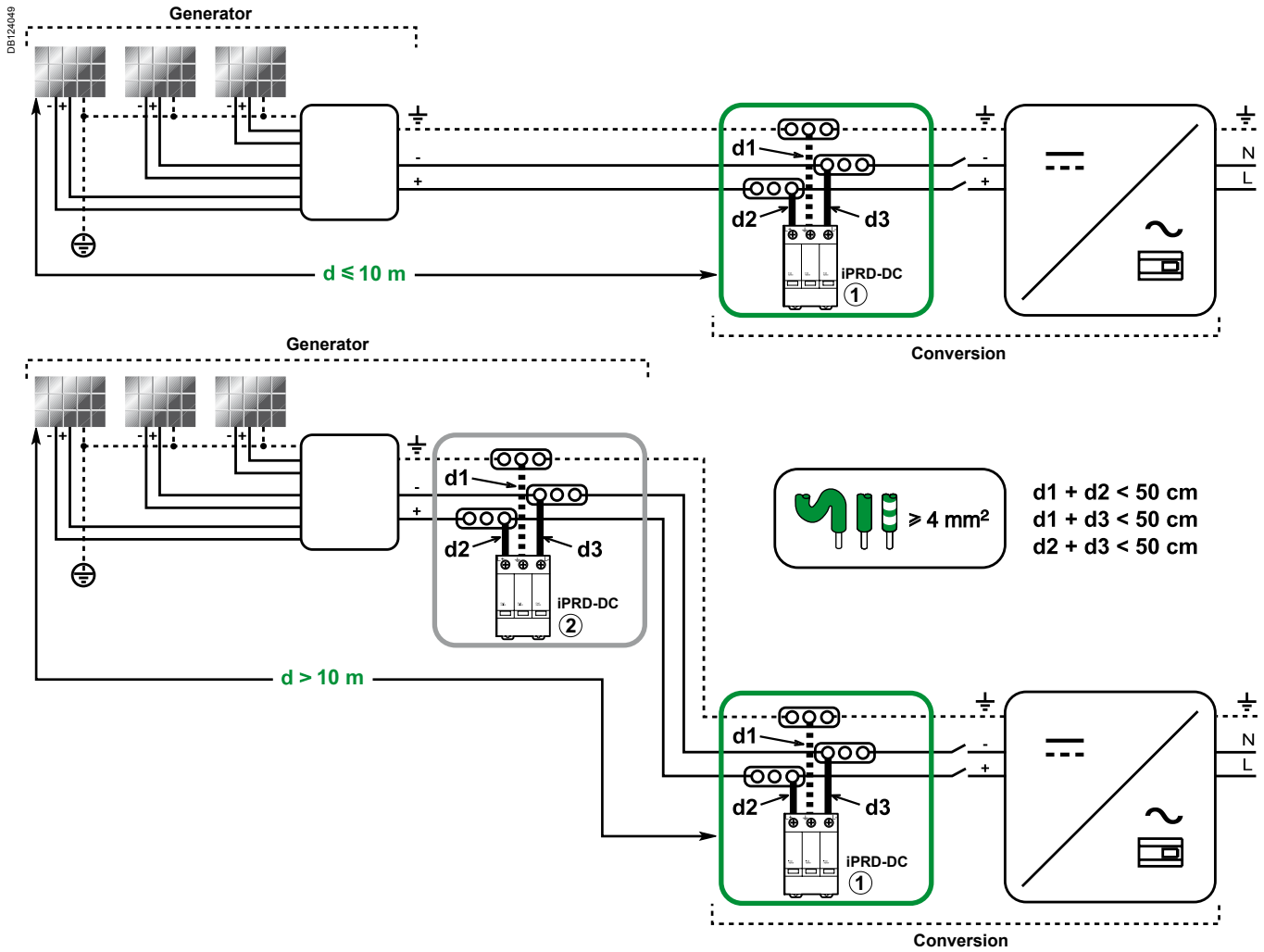
## Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications (cont.)

### Connection



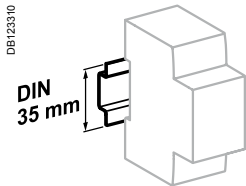
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
iPRD-DC	2 N.m	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>

Depending on the distance between the "generator" part and the "conversion" part, it may be necessary to install two surge arresters or more, to ensure protection of each of the two parts.

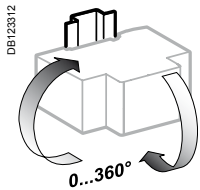


# iPRD-DC surge arresters

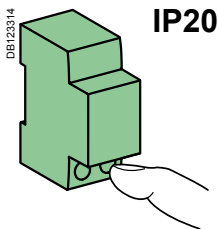
## Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications (cont.)



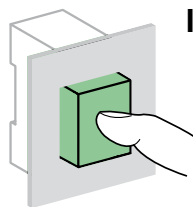
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

### Technical data

#### Main characteristics

Type of network	Isolated direct current
Temps de réponse	< 25 ns
Short circuit current ( $I_{SCP}$ )	30 A
Type of surge arresters	Type 2
End-of-life indication mode	Circuit opened by integrated thermal disconnecter

#### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	
	Chocs	IK03	
End-of-life indication	By the cartridges	White	Operational
		Red	At end of life
		By the NO/NC remote indication contact 250 V AC / 0.25 A	
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C		
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C		
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)		

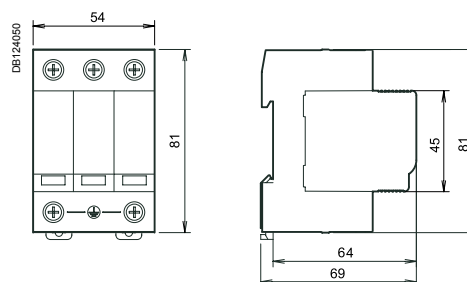
### Weight (g)

#### Surge arresters

##### Type

iPRD-DC40r 600PV	400
iPRD-DC40r 1000PV	400

### Dimensions (mm)



# iPRD PV-DC surge arresters

## Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications



Country approval pictograms

IEC 61643-1 **T2**  
EN 61643-11 Type 2  
UTE C 61740-51 **T2**  
prEN 50539-11 **T2**



iPRD 40r 600PV

iPRD PV-DC direct current surge arresters are designed to protect against overvoltages due to a lightning strike: of the "DC" input to the inverter and of photovoltaic panels.

It should be installed in a switchboard inside the building. If the switchboard is located outside, it must be weatherproof.

Withdrawable iPRD PV-DC surge arresters allow damaged cartridges to be replaced quickly.

The surge arrester base can be turned over to allow the phase/neutral/earth cables to enter through either the top or the bottom

They offer remote reporting of the "cartridge must be changed" message.

### Catalogue numbers

Internal diagram	Imax (kA) Maximum discharge current	In (kA) Nominal discharge current	Up (kV) Protection level			U <sub>CPV</sub> (V) <sup>(1)</sup> Maximum steady state voltage			Width in module of 9 mm	Cat. no.
			L+/ $\bar{\text{e}}$	L-/ $\bar{\text{e}}$	L+/L-	L+/ $\bar{\text{e}}$	L-/ $\bar{\text{e}}$	L+/L-		
<b>iPRD 40r 600PV</b>										
	40	15	2.9	2.9	2.9	860	860	860	6	<b>A9L40271</b>
<b>iPRD 40r 1000PV</b>										
	40	15	3.9	3.9	3.9	1000	1000	1000	6	<b>A9L40281</b>

(1)  $U_{cpv} \geq 1.2 \times U_{oc\ stc}$  ( $U_{oc\ stc}$ : maximum no-load voltage of the photovoltaic generator "photovoltaic module manufacturer's data")



Replacement cartridges

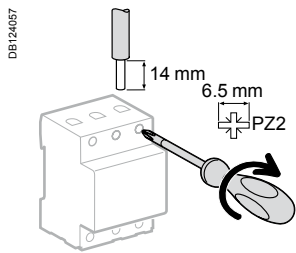
### Replacement cartridges

Type	Replacement cartridges for	Cat. no.
C 40-600PV	iPRD 40r 600PV	<b>A9L40172</b>
C 40-1000PV	iPRD 40r 1000PV	<b>A9L40182</b>

# iPRD PV-DC surge arresters

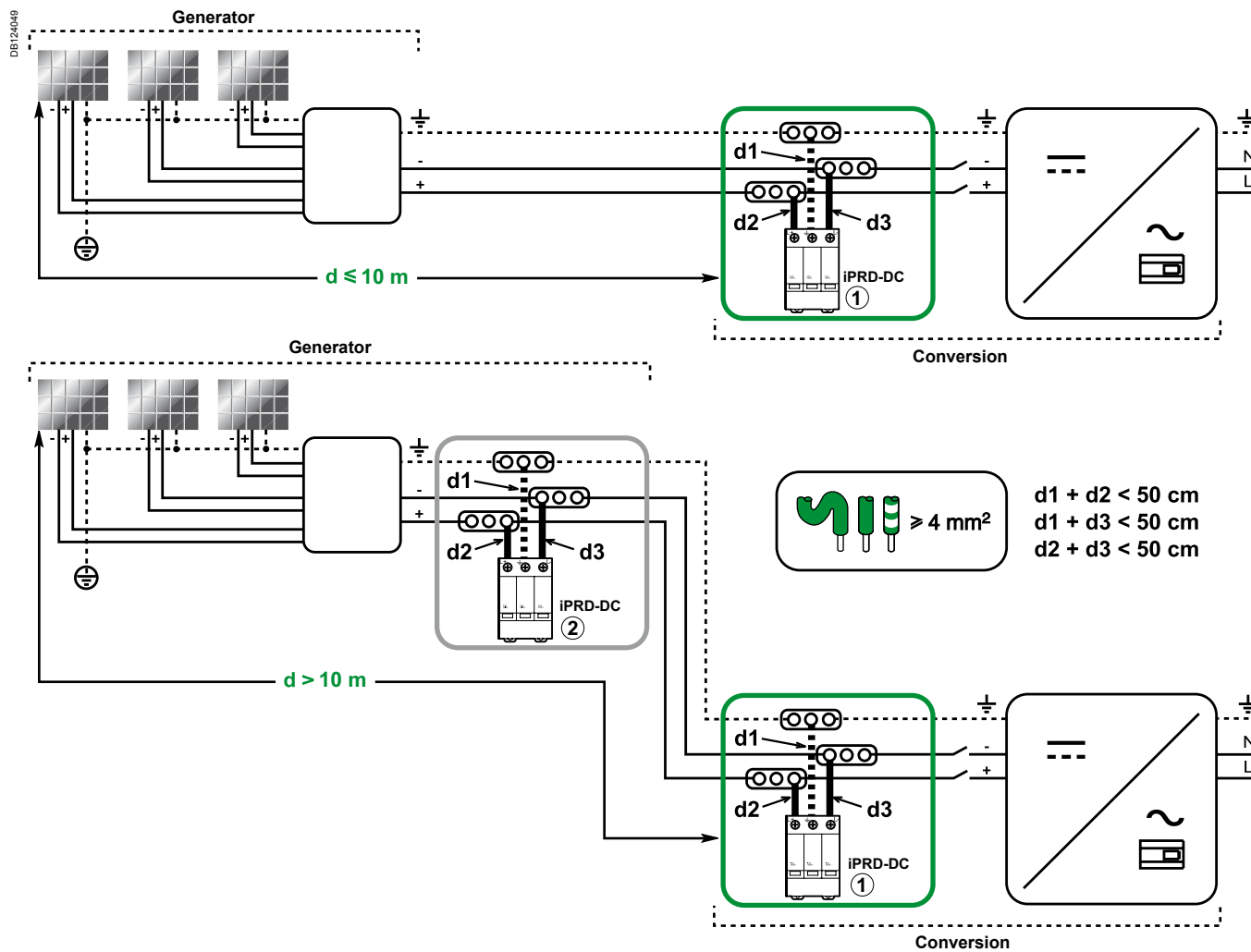
Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications (cont.)

## Connection



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
iPRD PV-DC	2 N.m	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>

Depending on the distance between the "generator" part and the "conversion" part, it may be necessary to install two surge arresters or more, to ensure protection of each of the two parts.

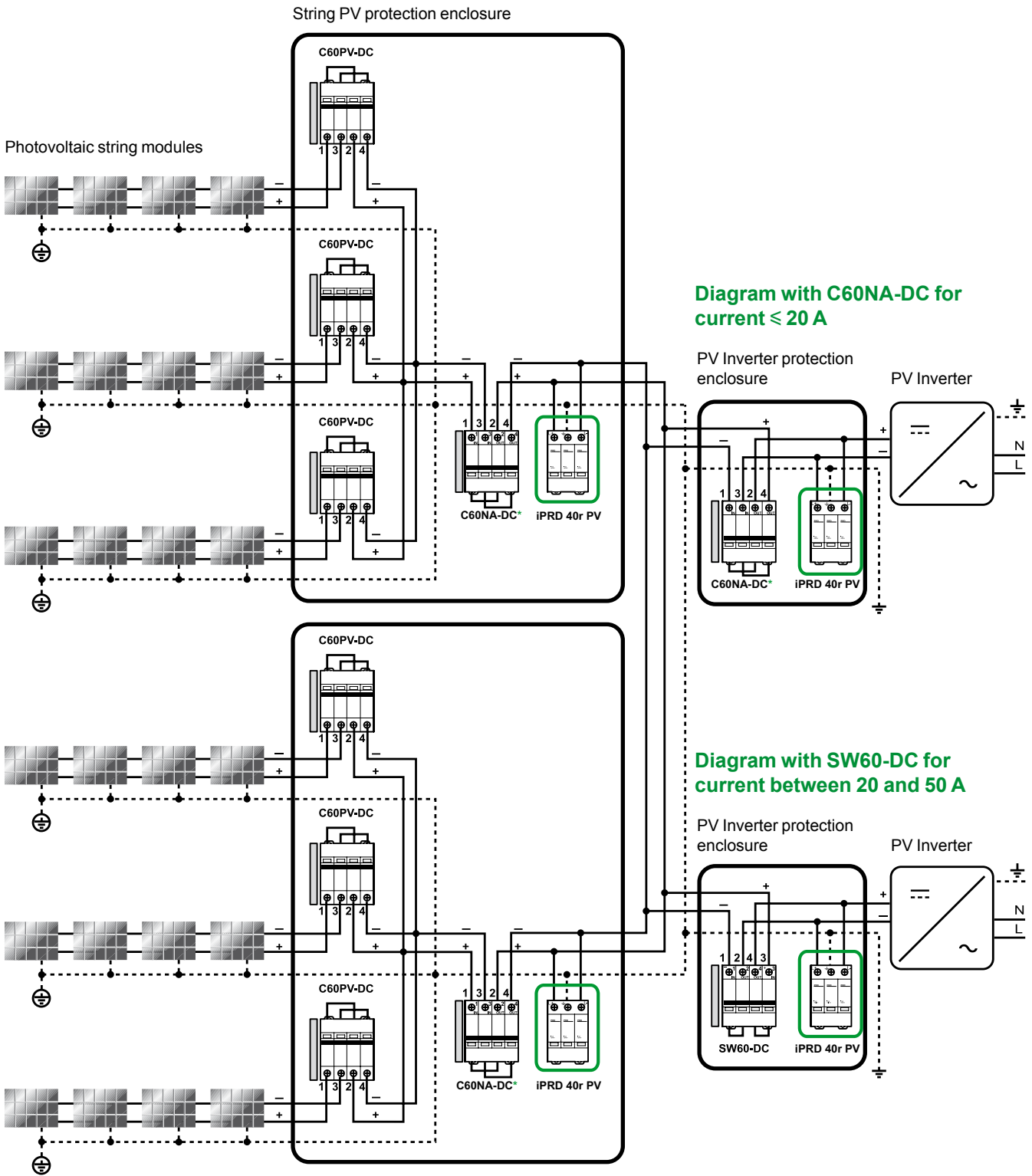


# iPRD PV-DC surge arresters

Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications

Application diagram

DE123607



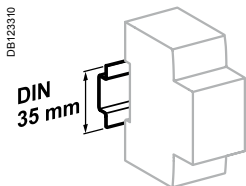
\*C60NA-DC :  
20 A/1000 V DC or  
32 A/800 V DC or  
50 A/700 V DC

MN, MX, MNx, MN $\square$ , MX+OF,  
OF, SD, OF+SD/OF, OF+SD24

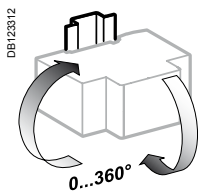


# iPRD PV-DC surge arresters

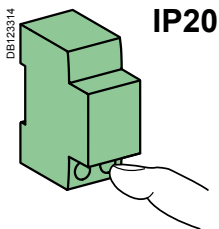
## Withdrawable surge arresters type 2 for photovoltaic applications (cont.)



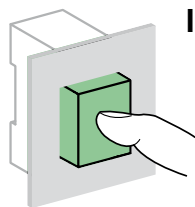
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

### Technical data

#### Main characteristics

Type of network	Isolated direct current
Response time	< 25 ns
Short circuit current ( $I_{SCP}$ )	30 A
Type of surge arresters	Type 2
End-of-life indication mode	Circuit opened by integrated thermal disconnecter

#### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	
	Chocs	IK03	
Satisfactory operation indication	By the cartridges	White	Operational
		Red	Cartridge must be replaced
		By the NO/NC remote indication contact 250 V AC / 0.25 A	
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C		
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C		
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)		

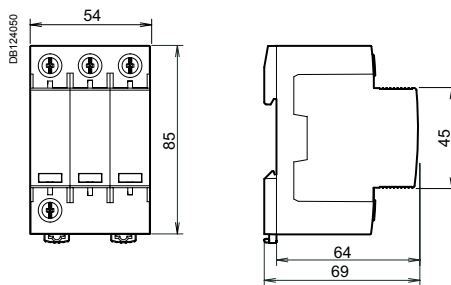
### Weight (g)

#### Surge arresters

##### Type

iPRD 40r 600PV	400
iPRD 40r 1000PV	400

### Dimensions (mm)



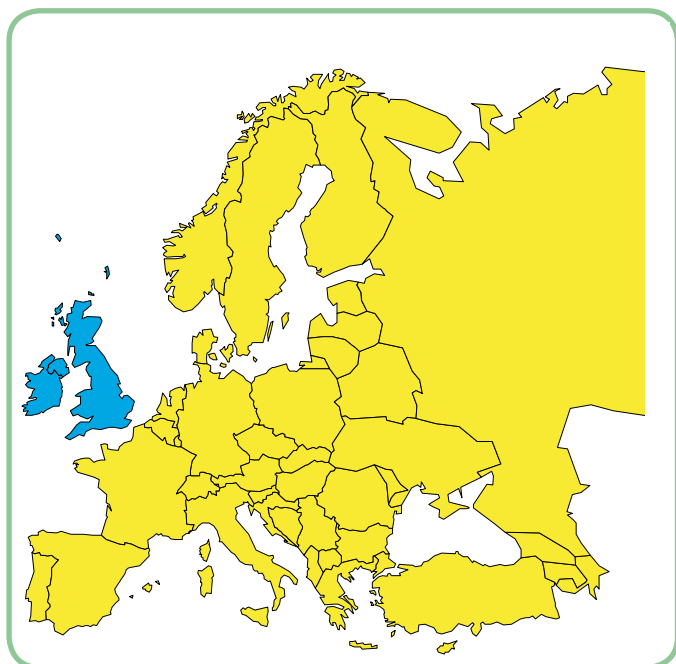


Schneider Electric's range of switches consists of different products (A, B) to enable it to be the most competitive range possible in each country, allowing for the special characteristics of each market:

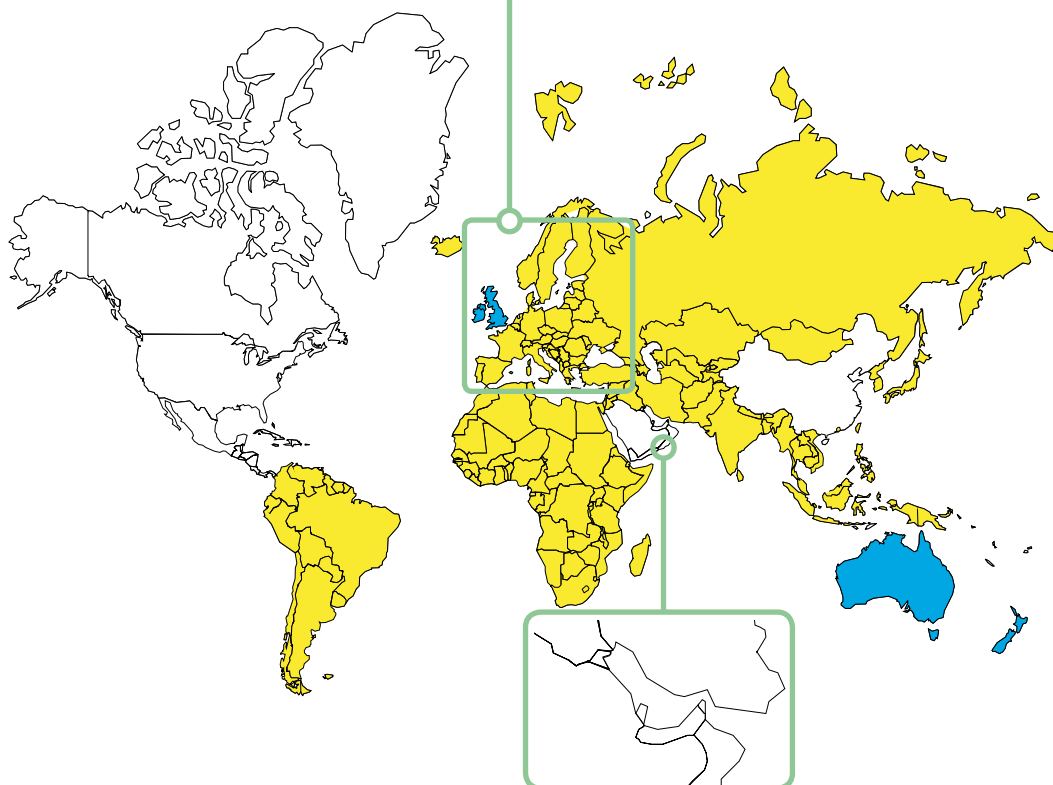
- usual installation procedure
- price
- accreditations by local bodies.

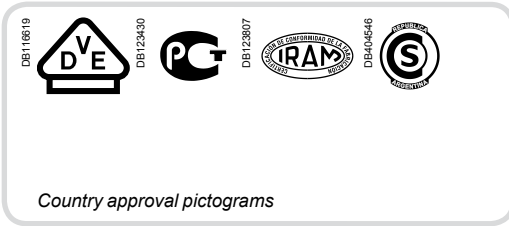
### Variants

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	305, 307
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	306, 308
Common pages		309



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.





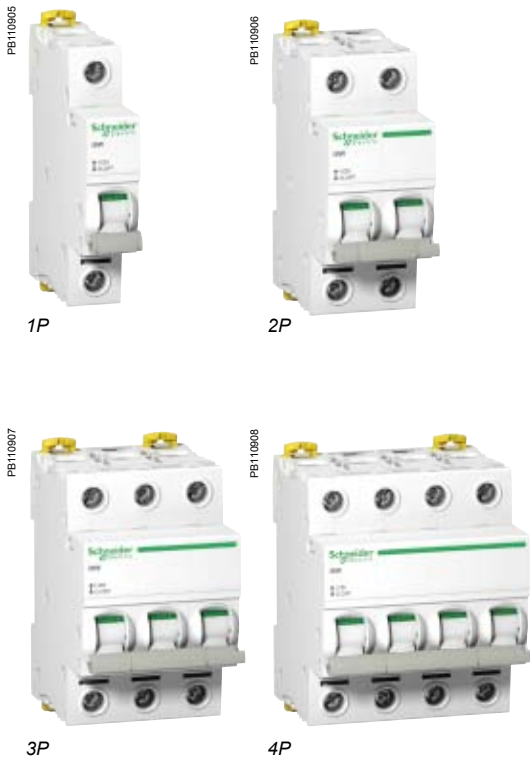
## IEC/EN 60947-3

The switch-disconnectors combine the following functions:

- Control (opening and closing of circuits under load).

### iOF auxiliary

- Mounted on the left, it indicates the "open" or "closed" position of the switch and has a normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC) contact.



## Catalogue numbers

40 to 125 A iSW switch-disconnectors				
Type				Width in 9 mm modules
 DB118998	<b>1P</b>	<b>Rating</b>	<b>Voltage (Ue)</b>	
	1	40 A	240 V AC	<b>A9S65140</b>
		63 A	240 V AC	<b>A9S65163</b>
	2	100 A	240 V AC	<b>A9S65191</b>
		125 A	240 V AC	<b>A9S65192</b>
 DB118999	<b>2P</b>			
	1 3	40 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65240</b>
		63 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65263</b>
	2 4	100 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65291</b>
		125 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65292</b>
 DB119000	<b>3P</b>			
	1 3 5	40 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65340</b>
		63 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65363</b>
	2 4 6	100 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65391</b>
		125 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65392</b>
 DB119001	<b>4P</b>			
	1 3 5 7	40 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65440</b>
		63 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65463</b>
	2 4 6 8	100 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65491</b>
		125 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S65492</b>
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz	
Accessories			<b>Module CA907000 and CA907001</b>	

Offer selection see page 304

# Offer A

This sticker must be removed before publishing



Auxiliary			
Type			Width in 9 mm modules
 DB118810	<b>iOF</b>	<b>Voltage (Ue)</b>	
		240...415 V AC	<b>A9A26924</b>
		24...130 V DC	



IEC/EN 60947-3  
BSEN 60947-3  
AS/NZS 60947-3

The switch-disconnectors combine the following functions:  
 ■ Control (opening and closing of circuits under load).

**iOF auxiliary**

■ Mounted on the left, it indicates the "open" or "closed" position of the switch and has a normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC) contact.

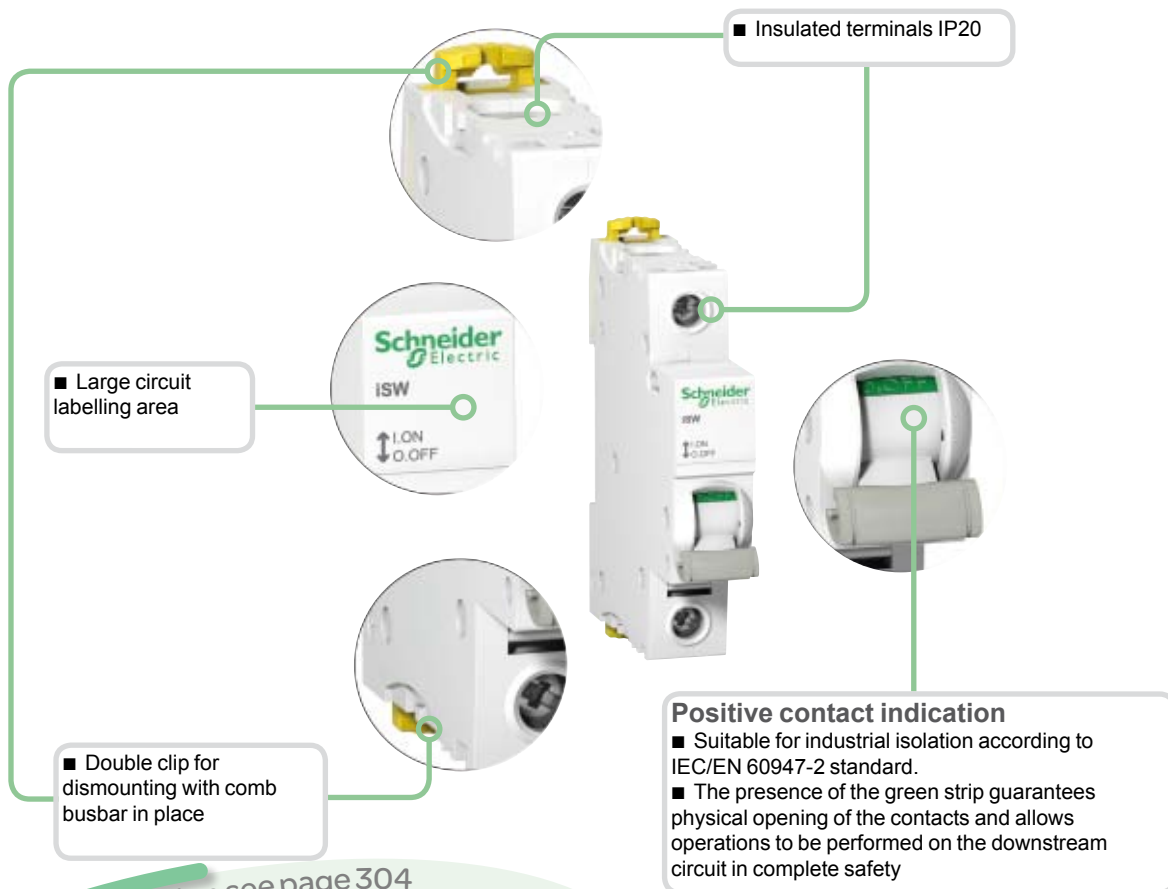


## Catalogue numbers

40 to 125 A iSW switch-disconnectors					
Type				Width in 9 mm modules	
<b>1P</b>					
DB118998 	Rating	Voltage (Ue)		2	
	1	40 A	240 V AC		A9S66140
		63 A	240 V AC		A9S66163
		100 A	240 V AC		A9S66191
	125 A	240 V AC	A9S66192		
<b>2P</b>					
DB118999 	Rating	Voltage (Ue)		4	
	1 3	40 A	415 V AC		A9S66240
		63 A	415 V AC		A9S66263
		100 A	415 V AC		A9S66291
	125 A	415 V AC	A9S66292		
<b>3P</b>					
DB119000 	Rating	Voltage (Ue)		6	
	1 3 5	40 A	415 V AC		A9S66340
		63 A	415 V AC		A9S66363
		100 A	415 V AC		A9S66391
	125 A	415 V AC	A9S66392		
<b>3P+N</b>					
DB404563 	Rating	Voltage (Ue)		8	
	125 A	415 V AC	A9S66792		
<b>4P</b>					
DB119001 	Rating	Voltage (Ue)		8	
	1 3 5 7	40 A	415 V AC		A9S66440
		63 A	415 V AC		A9S66463
		100 A	415 V AC		A9S66491
	125 A	415 V AC	A9S66492		
Operating frequency		50/60 Hz			
Accessories		Module CA907000 and CA907001			

Auxiliary			
Type			Width in 9 mm modules
<b>iOF</b>			
DB118810 	Voltage (Ue)		A9A26924
	240...415 V AC		
		24...130 V DC	1

Offer selection see page 304  
**Offer B**  
 This sticker must be removed before publishing

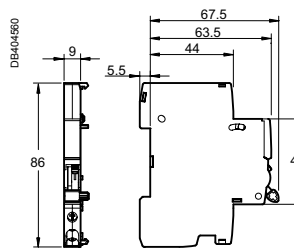
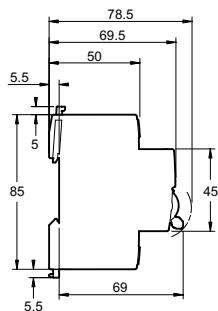
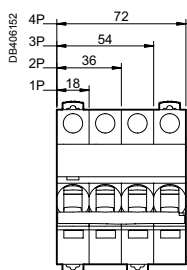


Offer selection see page 304

# Offer A

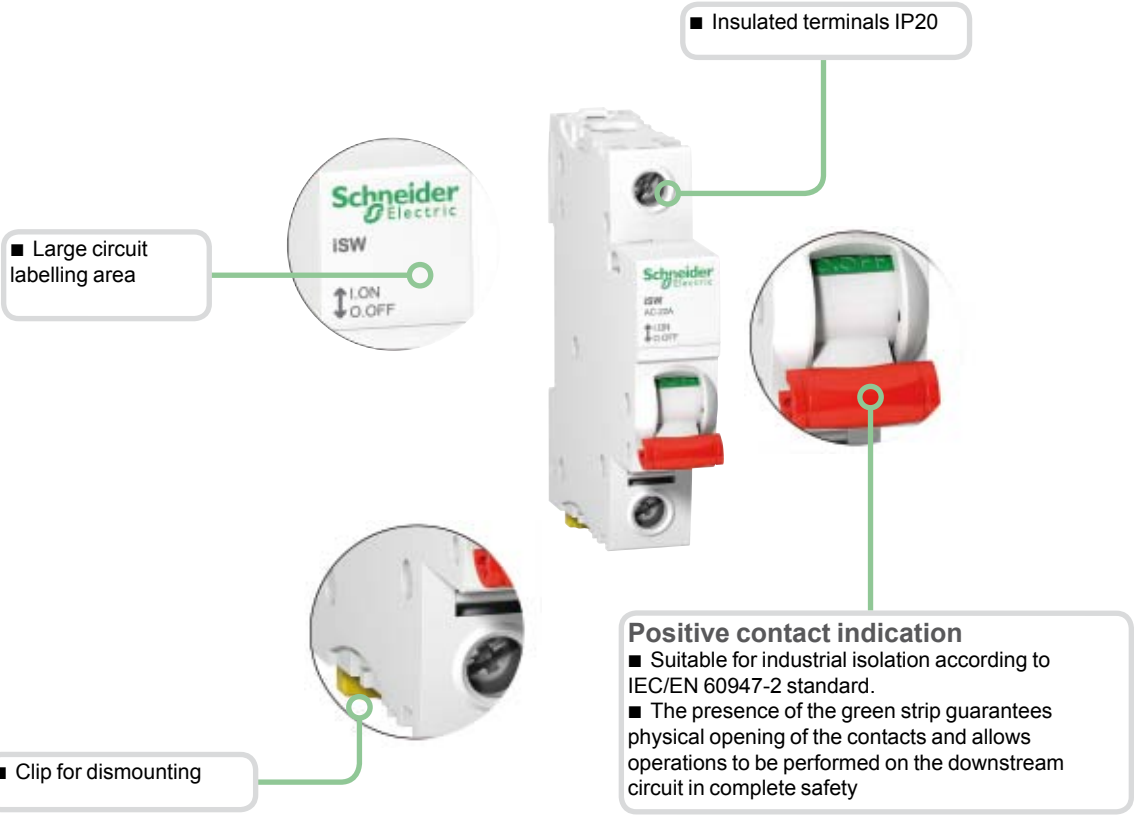
This sticker must be removed before publishing

## Dimensions (mm)



iSW

iOF

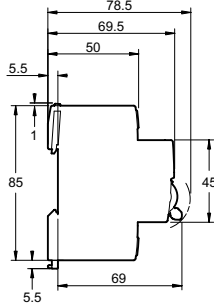
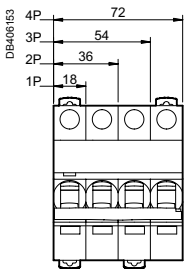


Offer selection see page 304

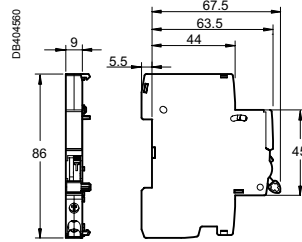
# Offer B

This sticker must be removed before publishing

## Dimensions (mm)

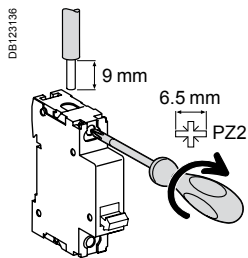




iSW

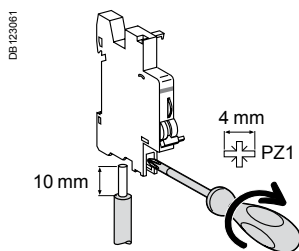






iOF

## Connection



Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iSW	40 to 125 A	3.5 N.m	 $\leq 50 \text{ mm}^2$	 $\leq 35 \text{ mm}^2$



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible	Rigid cables	Cables with ferrule
iOF	1 N.m	 1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	 0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

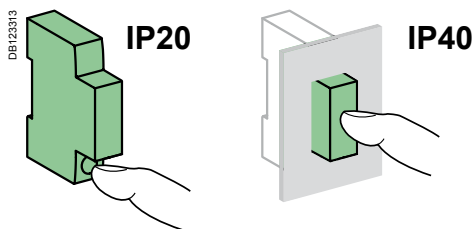
## Technical data

### Main characteristics

Insulation voltage (Ui)	1P: 250 V AC 2P, 3P, 4P: 500 V AC
Pollution degree	3
<b>Power circuit</b>	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	6 kV
Operating category	AC - 22 A
Permissible rated short-time withstand current (Icw)	1500 A
Conditional rated short-circuit current (Icn)	10 kA according to IEC 60947-3
Rated short-circuit closing current (Icm)	5 kA

### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection	Device only	IP20						
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40						
Endurance (O-C)	Mechanical	20,000 cycles						
		Electrical	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>40 A - 63 A</td> <td>15,000 cycles</td> </tr> <tr> <td>80 A - 100 A</td> <td>10,000 cycles</td> </tr> <tr> <td>125 A</td> <td>2 500 cycles</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	40 A - 63 A	15,000 cycles	80 A - 100 A	10,000 cycles	125 A
	40 A - 63 A	15,000 cycles						
	80 A - 100 A	10,000 cycles						
125 A	2 500 cycles							
Operating temperature	-25°C to +60°C							
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C							
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95% at 55°C)							



### iOF characteristics



Rated voltage (Ue)	240...415 V AC	
	24...130 V DC	
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz	
Operating current	24 V DC	6 A
	48 V DC	2 A
	60 V DC	1.5 A
	130 V DC	1 A
	240 V AC	6 A
	415 V AC	3 A
Number of contacts	1 NO/NC	
Operating temperature	-35°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C	

Country approval pictograms

## IEC 60947-3

Control and disconnection of on-load electrical circuits already protected against overloads and short-circuits.

## Catalogue numbers

Biconnect switch-disconnectors				Width in 9 mm modules
Type	Rating	Voltage (Ue)		
<b>1P</b> 	63 A	240 V AC	<b>A9S62163</b>	2
<b>3P</b> 	63 A	415 V AC	<b>A9S62363</b>	6
Operating frequency			50/60 Hz	



- Cable automatically guided to the correct position: terminals with guard
- Insulated terminals IP20

- Manual control on front face by O-I lever

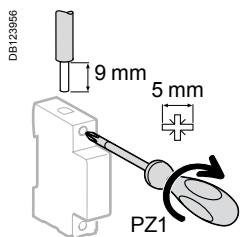
**Connection**



- Downstream by Biconnect comb busbar
- Upstream/downstream by tunnel terminals





## Connection

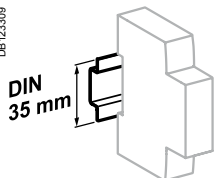


Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
SW Biconnect	<b>63 A</b>	3.5 N.m	 DB122945 ≤ 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	 DB122946 ≤ 35 mm <sup>2</sup>

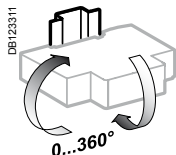
■ Connection by comb busbar or cables (as per EN 50027).

## Technical data

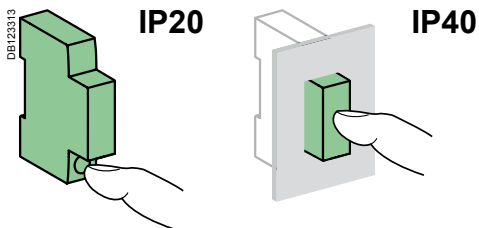
Main characteristics		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Power circuit		
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Operating category	AC - 22 A	
Permissible rated short-time withstand current (I <sub>cw</sub> )	1260 A	
Conditional rated short-circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> )	6 kA according to IEC 60947-3	
Rated short-circuit closing current (I <sub>cm</sub> )	4.2 kA	
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Mechanical	50,000 cycles
	Electrical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature	-20°C to +50°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95% at 55°C)	



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



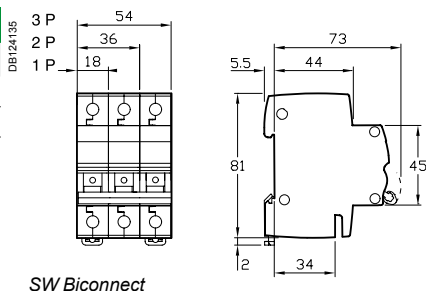
Indifferent position of installation.



## Weight (g)



Biconnect switch-disconnectors	
Type	SW Biconnect
1P	75
3P	230

## Dimensions (mm)



SW Biconnect

# Switch-disconnectors remote tripping types iSW-NA

DB110604  DB110619 

Country approval pictograms

**Positive break indication**

- Suitability for isolation in the industrial sector to IEC/EN 60947-3.
- The presence of the green strip guarantees that the contacts open physically and allows work to be carried out safely on the downstream circuit.




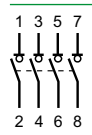
## IEC/EN 60947-3


The iSW-NA trip switch-disconnectors combine the following functions:

- control (opening and closing of circuits under load)
- isolation.

They are designed for switchboard or cubicle incoming units in the tertiary and industry sectors, with the possibility of remote tripping via a coil.

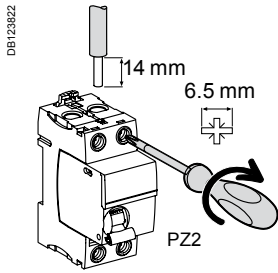
## Catalogue numbers

iSW-NA			
Type			Width in 9 mm modules
<b>1P+N</b> 	<b>Rating</b>		4
	40 A	<b>A9S70640</b>	
	63 A	<b>A9S70663</b>	
	80 A	<b>A9S70680</b>	
	100 A	<b>A9S70690</b>	
<b>3P+N</b> 	40 A	<b>A9S70740</b>	8
	63 A	<b>A9S70763</b>	
	80 A	<b>A9S70780</b>	
	100 A	<b>A9S70790</b>	
	Voltage rating (Ue)	1P+N	
	3P+N	400-415 V AC	
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz		
<b>Auxiliaries*</b>	<b>Module CA907000 and CA907002</b>		
<b>Accessories</b>	<b>Module CA907000 and CA907001</b>		

 \* Electrical auxiliaries must be installed to the left of the switch-disconnector. The iSD auxiliary contact must be combined with an auxiliary device (iMN, iMX, iMX+OF): it indicates that the switch-disconnector has been tripped open..

# Switch-disconnectors remote tripping types iSW-NA (cont.)

## Connection

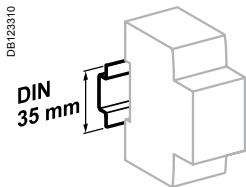


Type	Tightening torque	Without accessory		With accessories*			
		Copper cables		50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cables terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or ferrule			Rigid cables	Flexible cables
iSW-NA	3.5 N.m	1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>   3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	

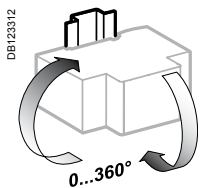
\* See module CA907000

## Technical data

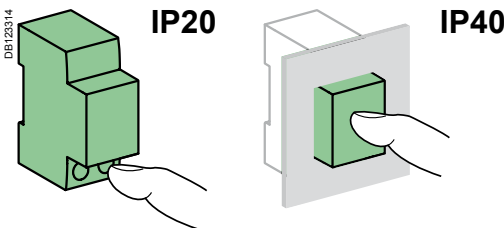
Main characteristics	iSW-NA	
	40/63 A	80/100 A
<b>According to IEC 60947-3</b>		
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	6 kV	
Operating category	AC22A	
Permissible rated short-time withstand current (I <sub>cw</sub> )	20 In/1s	15 In/1s
Rated short-circuit making (I <sub>cm</sub> )	5 kA	
Conditional rated short circuit current (I <sub>nc</sub> /I <sub>Δc</sub> )	Equal to breaking capacity of iC60	
	With iC60N/H/L	With fuse
	6000 A	
<b>Additional characteristics</b>		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
		Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	15,000 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature	-35°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C	
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)	



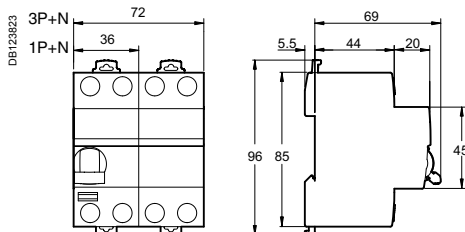
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Dimensions (mm)



## Weight (g)

Switch-disconnectors	
Type	iSW-NA
1P+N	170
3P+N	300

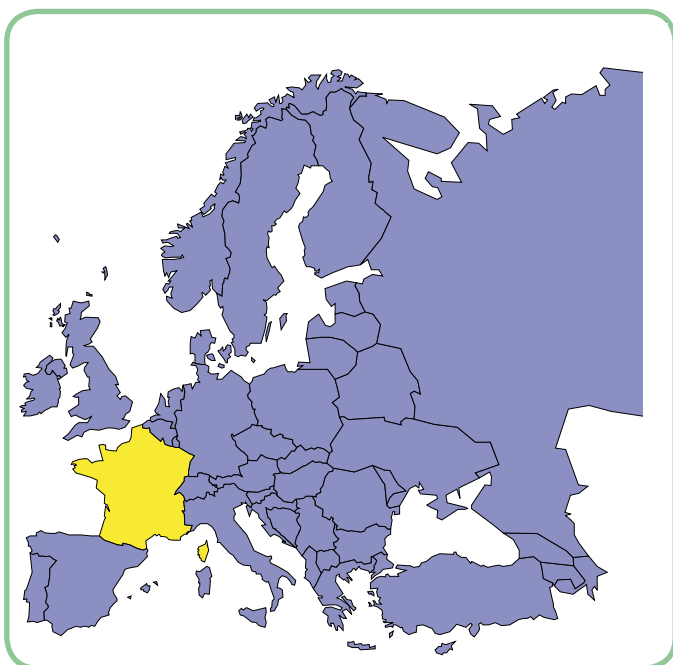


The Schneider Electric range of switches up to 125 A comprises various offers (A, B) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

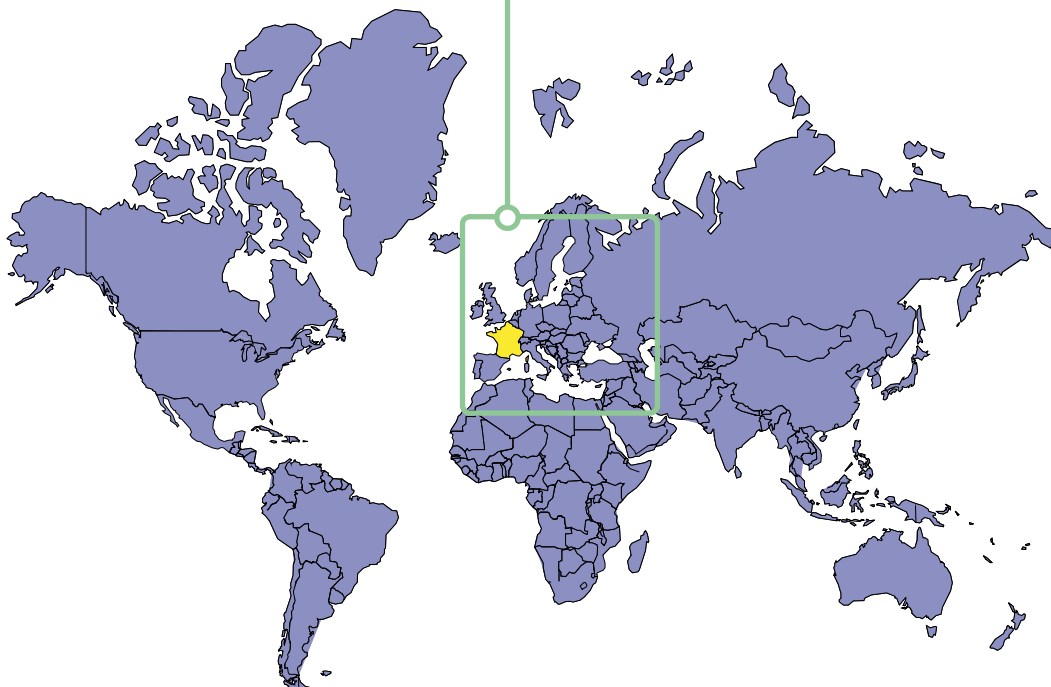
- installation customs
- price
- approval by local organizations.

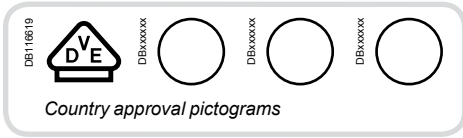
### Variants

Offers		Pages
Offer A	Catalogue numbers	315
Offer B	Catalogue numbers	316
Common pages		317



*Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.*





## IEC/EN 60947-3

- The NG125NA is a switch-disconnector with free tripping for making and breaking under load.
- It is especially suitable for the modular enclosure incoming feeder with remote breaking (e.g. emergency cutoff).



NG125NA 3P



NG125NA 4P

Offer selection see page 314

**offer A**

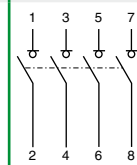
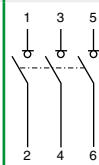
### Catalogue numbers

#### NG125NA switches

Type

3P

3P+N



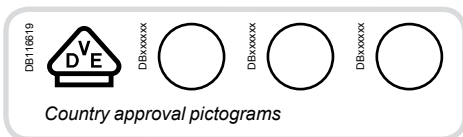
#### Auxiliaries

Remote indication and tripping, module CM907004 and CM907005

Rating (In)    Quality label (1)

Rating (In)	Quality label (1)	3P	3P+N
63 A		18889	18897
80 A		18890	18898
100 A		18891	18899
125 A		18892	18900
Width in 9 mm modules		9	12
<b>Accessories</b>		<b>Module CM907004 and CM907006</b>	

(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.



## IEC/EN 60947-3

- The NG125NA is a switch-disconnector with free tripping for making and breaking under load.
- It is especially suitable for the modular enclosure incoming feeder with remote breaking (e.g. emergency cutoff).

066908N\_SE-2011-35



NG125NA 3P

066909N\_SE-2011-35



NG125NA 4P

Offer selection see page 314

**offer B**

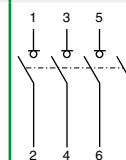
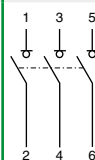
### Catalogue numbers

#### NG125NA switches

Type

3P

3P+N



#### Auxiliaries

Remote indication and tripping, module CM907005

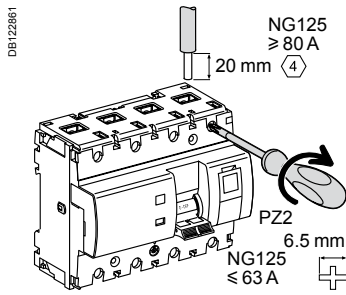
Rating (In)

Quality label (1)

Rating (In)	Quality label (1)	3P	3P+N
63 A		18889	18893
80 A		18890	18894
100 A		18891	18895
125 A		18892	18896
Width in 9 mm modules		9	12
Accessories		Module CM907006	

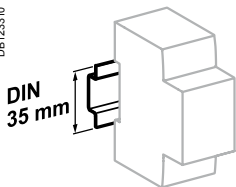
(1) Information to be supplied by the country concerned.

## Connection

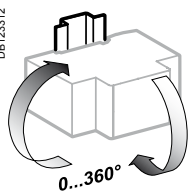


Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories				
		Copper cables		70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule				Rigid cables	Flexible cables
63 A	3.5 N.m	DB122945 1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB122946 1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	DB118789 3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB118787 3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
80 to 125 A	6 N.m	16 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB123410 25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB123488 2 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	DB118789 1 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>	-	-

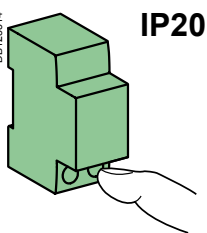
■ For rating ≥ 80 A: upstream voltage taps for each pole, by 6.35 mm Fast-on terminal.



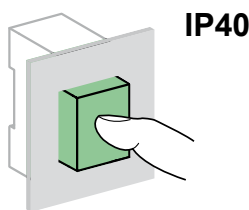
Clips onto 35 mm DIN rail.



Any installation position.



IP20



IP40

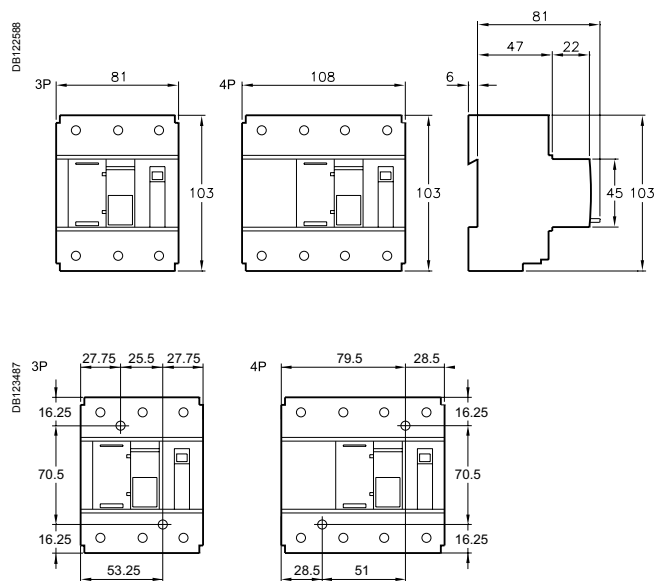
## Technical data

Main characteristics		
According to IEC/EN 60947-3		
Max. voltage rating (U <sub>e</sub> )	500 V AC	
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )	690 V AC	
Degree of pollution	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )	8 kV	
Short time withstand current (50 ms) I <sub>cw</sub>	1.5 kA	
Rated short-circuit closing current (I <sub>cm</sub> )	2 kA	
Utilization category	AC22A/B - AC23B	
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)		Category A
Electrical (except AC20 and DC20)	≤ 100 A	1500 cycles
	125 A	1000 cycles
		Category B
		300 cycles
		200 cycles
	Mechanical	20,000 cycles
Operating temperature	-30°C to +70°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95% at 55°C)	

## Weight (g)

Switch	
Type	NG125NA
3P	720
4P	960

## Dimensions (mm)



Spacing for mounting on panel



056909N\_SE-2011-90

DB123493



## Connection accessories

See module CA907001

9	Splitter blocks	Linergy FM	See module	LIN022
		Linergy DX	See module	LIN003
10	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal			27060
11	Screw-on connection for ring terminal			27053
12	Multi-cables terminal	4 parts		19091
		3 parts		19096
13	Comb busbar		See module	LIN001

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907001

14	Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection	1P (set of 2)	A9A26975
		2P (set of 2)	A9A26976
		3P	1P + 2P
		4P	2P + 2P
15	Interpole barrier	(set of 10)	A9A27001
16	Screw shields	4P (set of 20)	A9A26981
16"	Screw shields	Vigi iC60 (set of 12)	A9A26982
17	Clip-on terminal markers		See module CA907001
18	9 mm spacer		A9A27062
19	Padlocking device	(set of 10)	A9A26970
20	Plug-in base		A9A27003
21	Rotary handle	Black handle	A9A27005
		Red handle	A9A27006
		No handle	A9A27008

## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907002

### Indication

4	iOF/SD+OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9A26929
5	iSD fault indicating contact	A9A26927
6	iOF open/close auxiliary contact	A9A26924
7	iOF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9A26897

### Control

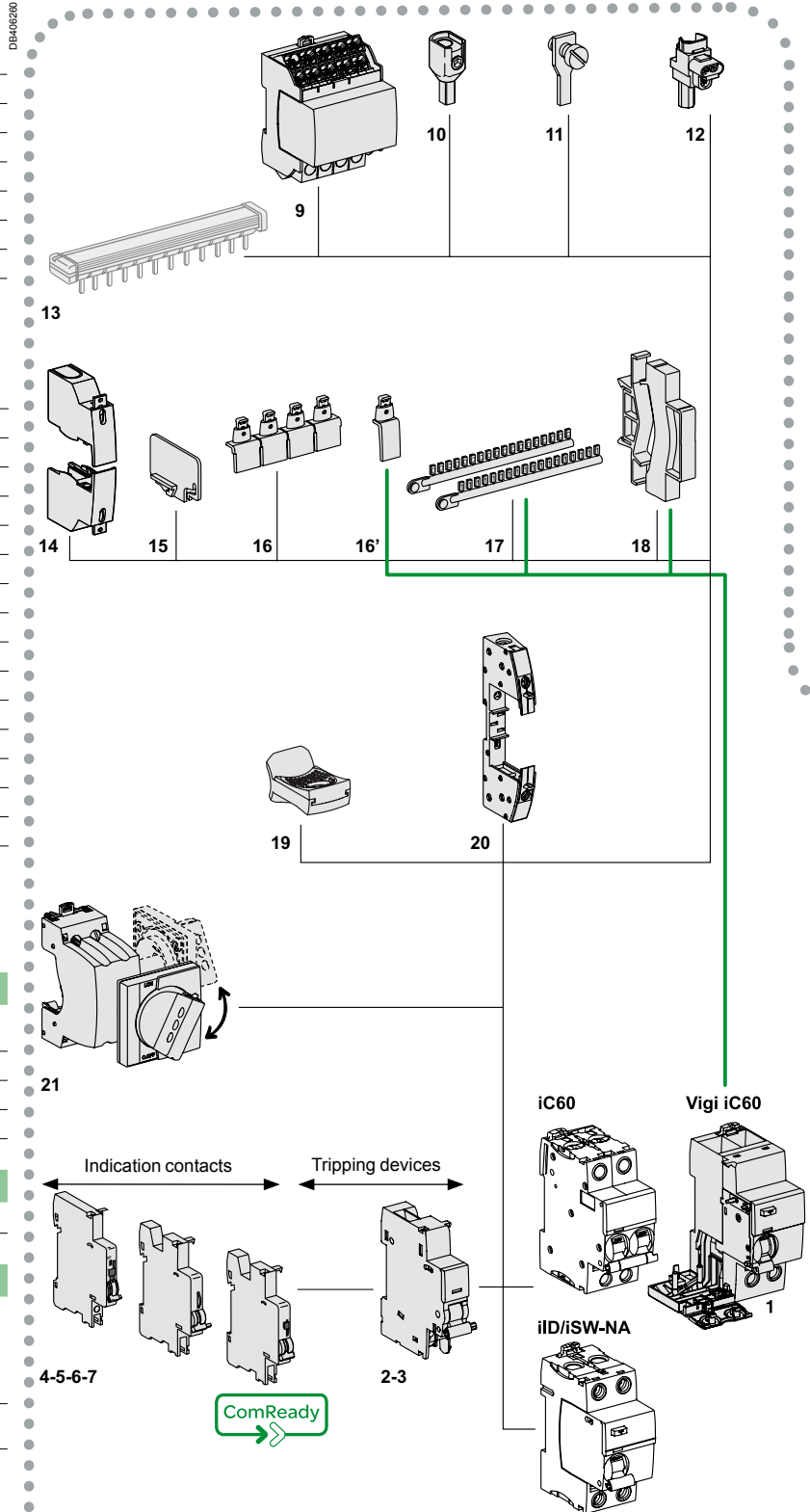
8	iMDU voltage matching auxiliary	A9C18195
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### Tripping devices

2	iMN undervoltage release or iMNs undervoltage release delayed or iMNx undervoltage release with external feeding	See module	CA907002
3	Shunt release iMX, iMX+OF overvoltage release iMSU	See module	CA907002

## Vigi iC60

1	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device	See module	CA902005
	Double terminals Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device	See module	CA902019



Tripping devices must be installed first.

If two tripping devices are used: the iMN must be installed first

Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

iSW-NA: when installing a tripping device (iMN, iMX, iMSU...), an iSD auxiliary contact must be associated, which indicates that the iSW-NA has been tripped open.

### Assembly rule

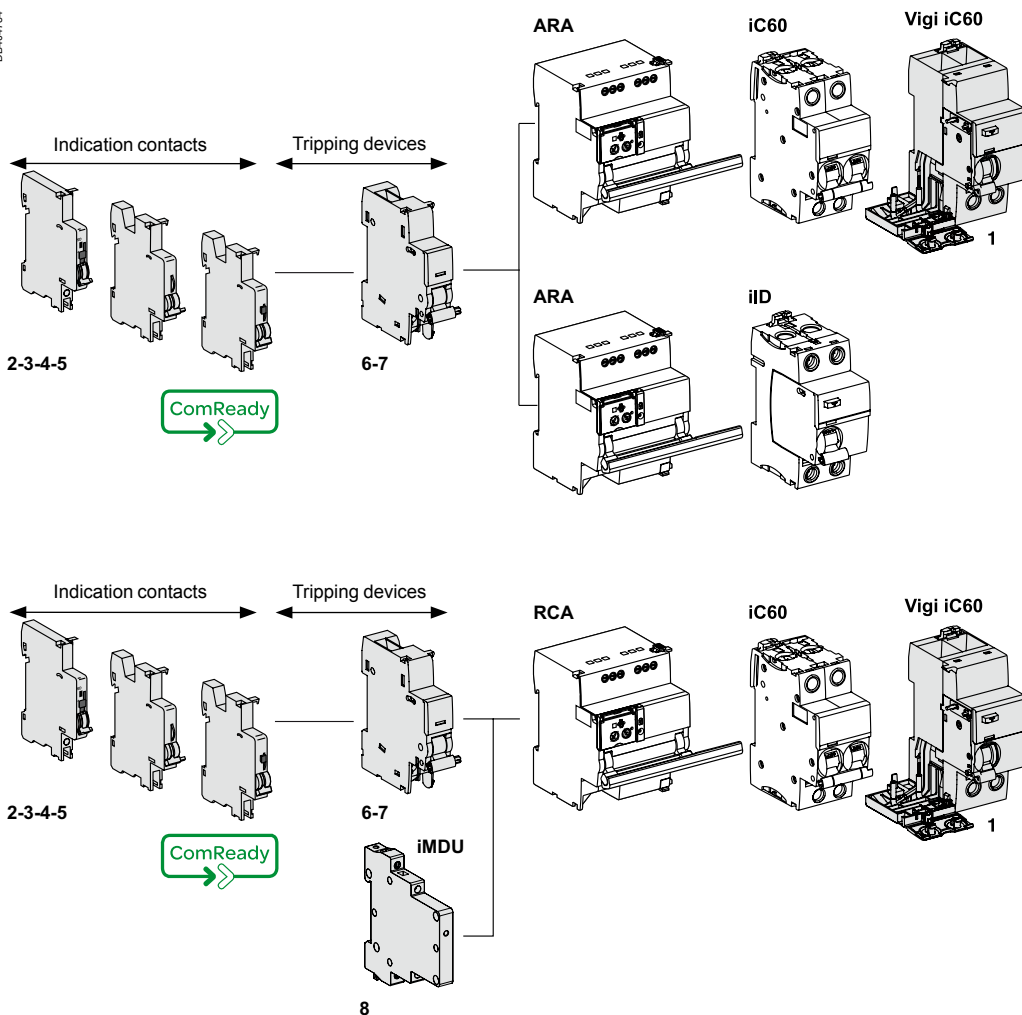
The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries (iMN, iMX, iMSU...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (iOF, iSD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>	+ <b>2</b>	Tripping auxiliaries + <b>1</b>	Remote control	Device	Vigi iC60
1 (iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24 or iSD)	1 iOF/SD+OF	1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)	–	<b>iC60, iID, iSW-NA</b>	<i>Vigi iC60</i>
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)	2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)			
–	1 iOF+SD24	2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)			
–	–	3 iMSU			
1 iSD	1 iSD	1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)			
–	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24)	1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)	<b>ARA, RCA</b>	<i>iC60</i>	<i>Vigi iC60</i>
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)	–			
–	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24)	1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) maxi	<b>ARA</b>	<i>iID</i>	–
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)	–			

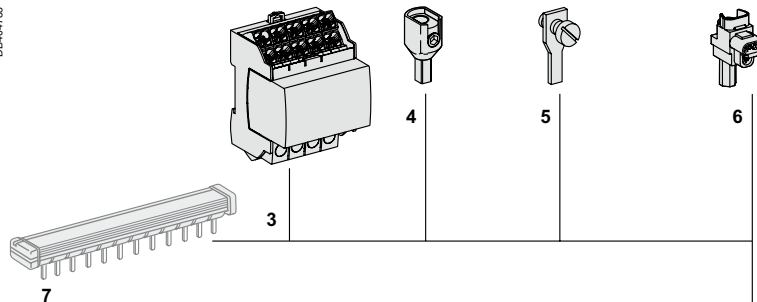
DB-04784



## Connection accessories

See module CA907001

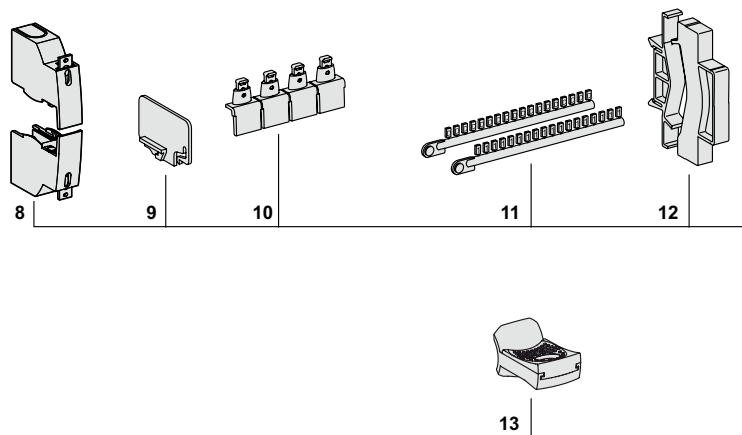
3	Splitter blocks	Linergy FM	See module	LIN022
		Linergy DX	See module	LIN003
4	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal			27060
5	Screw-on connection for ring terminal			27053
6	Multi-cables terminal	4 parts		19091
		3 parts		19096
7	Comb busbar		See module	LIN001



## Mounting accessories

See module CA907001

8	Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection	1P (set of 2)	A9A26975
		2P (set of 2)	A9A26976
		3P	1P + 2P
		4P	2P + 2P
9	Interpole barrier	(set of 10)	A9A27001
10	Screw shields	4P (set of 20)	A9A26981
11	Clip-on terminal markers		See module CA907001
12	9 mm spacer		A9A27062
13	Padlocking device	(set of 10)	A9A26970



## Electrical auxiliary

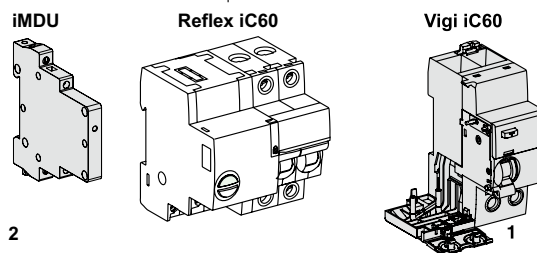
See module CA907002

Control		
2	iMDU voltage matching auxiliary	A9C18195

## Vigi iC60

See module CA907005

1	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device	See module CA902005
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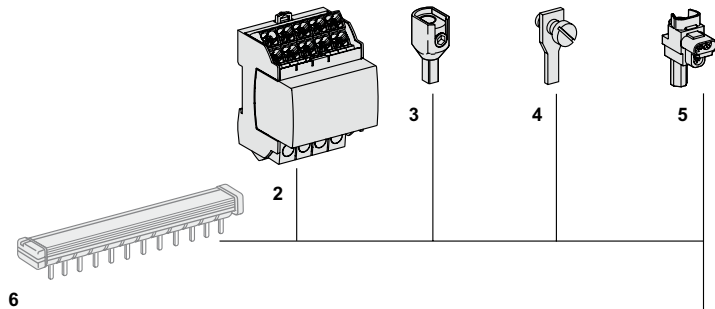


## Connection accessories

See module CA907001

2	Splitter blocks	Linergy FM	See module	LIN022
		Linergy DX	See module	LIN003
3	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal			27060
4	Screw-on connection for ring terminal			27053
5	Multi-cables terminal	4 parts		19091
		3 parts		19096
6	Comb busbar		See module	LIN001

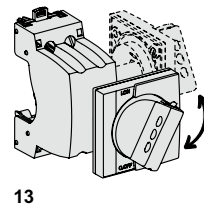
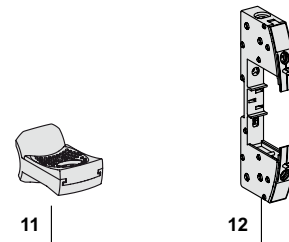
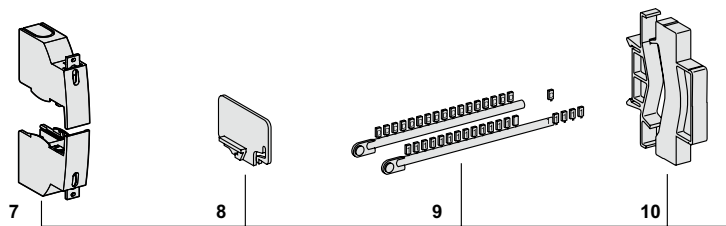
DB44785



## Mounting accessories

See module CA907001

7	Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection	1P (set of 2)	A9A26975
		2P (set of 2)	A9A26976
		3P	1P + 2P
		4P	2P + 2P
8	Interpole barrier	(set of 10)	A9A27001
9	Clip-on terminal markers		See module CA907001
10	9 mm spacer		A9A27062
11	Padlocking device	(set of 10)	A9A26970
12	Plug-in base		A9A27003
13	Rotary handle	Black handle	A9A27005
		Red handle	A9A27006
		No handle	A9A27008



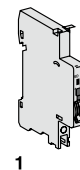
13

## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907002

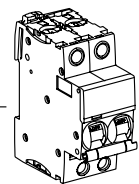
### Indication

1	iOF open/close auxiliary contact	A9A26924
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1

iSW



## Connection accessories

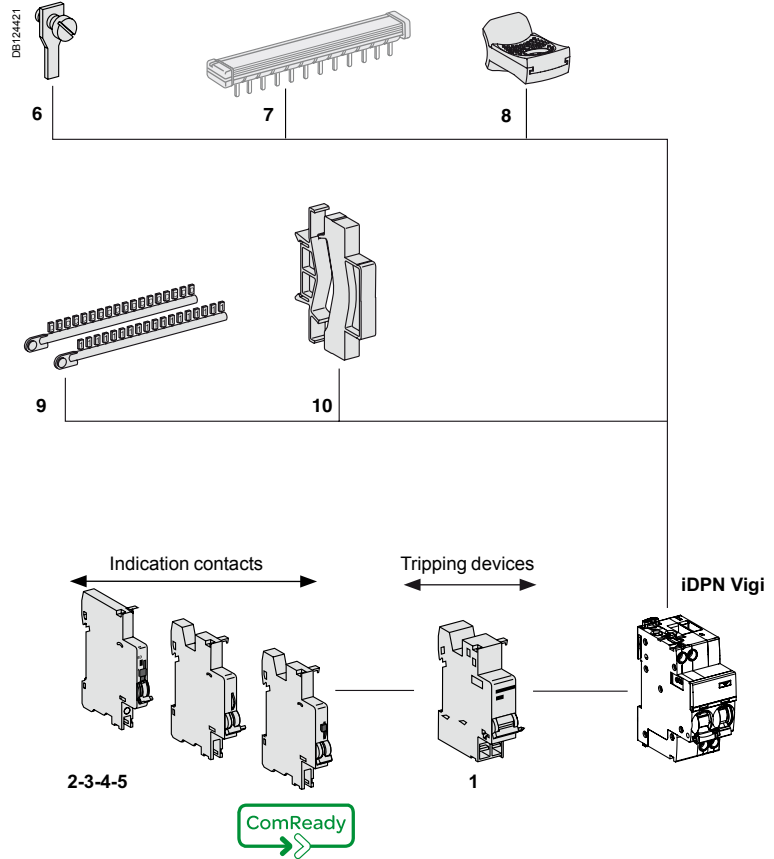
See module CA907001

6	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	27053
7	Comb busbar	See module LIN001

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907001

8	Padlocking device (set of 10)	A9A26970
9	Clip-on terminal markers	See module CA907001
10	9 mm spacer	A9A27062



## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907002

### Indication

2	iOF/SD+OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9A26929
3	iSD fault indicating contact	A9A26927
4	iOF open/close auxiliary contact	A9A26924
5	iOF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9A26897

### Tripping devices

1	iMN undervoltage release or iMNs undervoltage release delayed or iMNx undervoltage release with external feeding or shunt release iMX, iMX+OF overvoltage release iMSU	See module CA907002
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**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the iMN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

## Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries (iMN, iMX, iMSU...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (iOF, iSD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries		Tripping auxiliaries		Device
<b>3</b>	<b>+ 2</b>	<b>+ 1</b>		
1 (iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24 or iSD)	1 iOF/SD+OF	1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)	iDPN Vigi	
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)	2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)		
-	1 iOF+SD24	2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)	iDPN Vigi	
-	-	3 iMSU		
1 iSD	1 iSD	1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)		

## Connection accessories

See module CA907021

6	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	27060
7	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	27053
8	Multi-cables terminal	4 parts 19091
		3 parts 19096

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907021

9	Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection	1P (set of 2) A9A26975
		2P (set of 2) A9A26976
		3P 1P + 2P
		4P 2P + 2P
10	Screw shields	4P (set of 20) A9A26981
10"	Screw shields Vigi iC60	(set of 12) A9A26982
11	Clip-on terminal markers	See module CA907021
12	9 mm spacer	A9A27063
13	Padlocking device	(set of 10) A9A26970
14	Padlocking device for Isobar enclosure	(set of 10) A9A26972
15	Interpole barrier	(set of 10) A9A27001

## Electrical auxiliaries

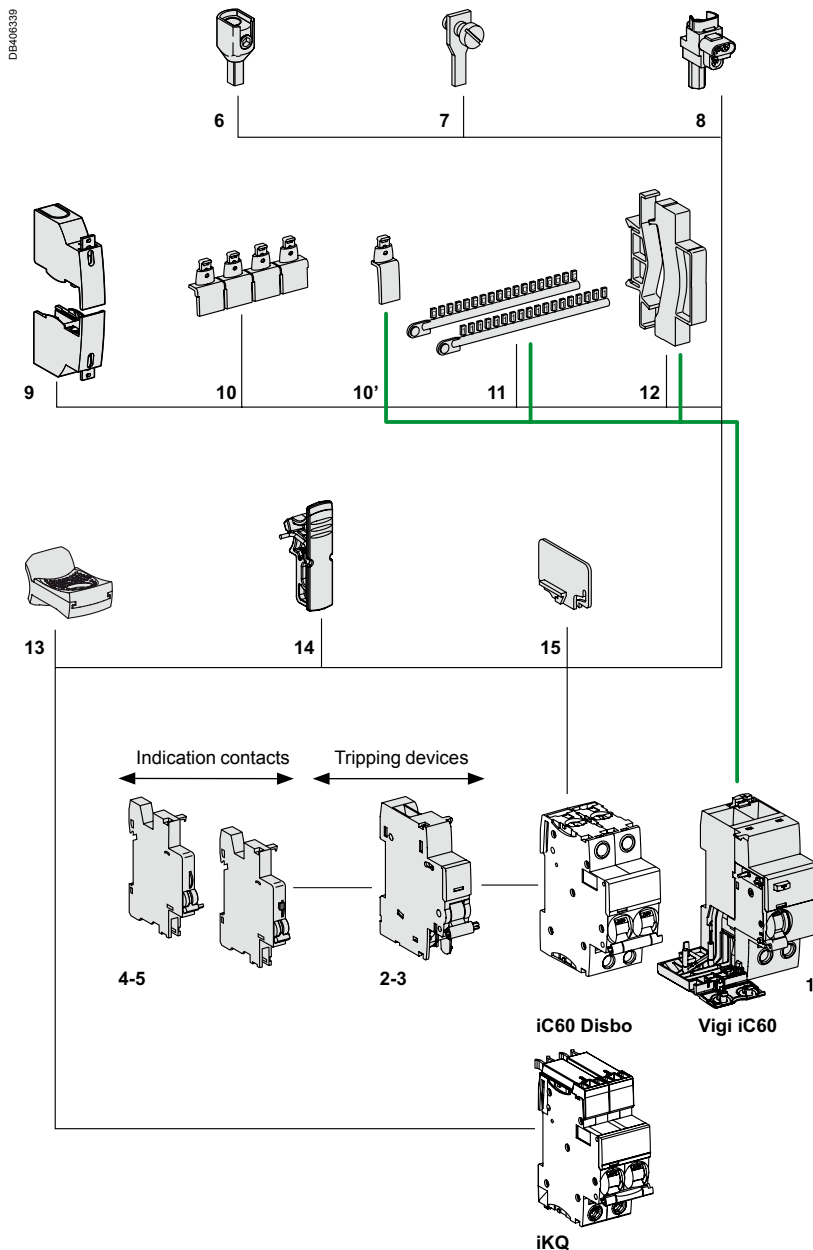
See module CA907002

### Indication

4	iSD fault indicating contact	A9A26927
5	iOF open/close auxiliary contact	A9A26924

### Tripping devices

2	iMN undervoltage release or iMNs undervoltage release delayed or iMNx undervoltage release with external feeding	See module CA907002
3	Shunt release iMX, iMX+OF overvoltage release iMSU	See module CA907002



## Vigi iC60

1	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device	See module CA902005
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Tripping devices must be installed first.

If two tripping devices are used: the iMN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

### Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries iMN, iMX, iMSU...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (iOF, iSD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries		Tripping auxiliaries		Device	Vigi iC60
<b>3</b>	<b>+ 2</b>	<b>+ 1</b>			
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF)	2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)		iC60	Vigi iC60
-	-	3 iMSU		Disbo	



## Connection accessories

See module CA907021

5	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	27053
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## Mounting accessories

See module CA907021

6	Padlocking device (set of 10)	A9A27049
7	Clip-on terminal markers	See module CA907021
8	9 mm spacer	A9A27063

## Electrical auxiliaries

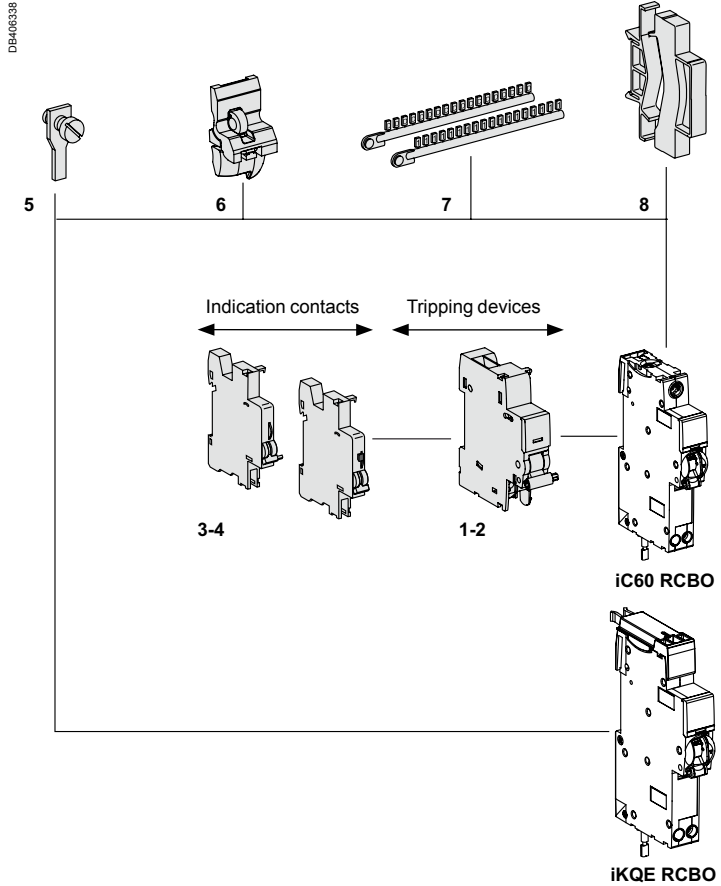
See module CA907002

### Indication

3	iSD fault indicating contact	A9A26927
4	iOF open/close auxiliary contact	A9A26924

### Tripping devices

1	iMN undervoltage release or iMNs undervoltage release delayed or iMNx undervoltage release with external feeding	See module CA907002
2	Shunt release iMX, iMX+OF overvoltage release iMSU	See module CA907002



**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the iMN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

## Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries (iMN, iMX, iMSU...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (iOF, iSD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries		Tripping auxiliaries		Device
<b>3</b>	<b>+</b> <b>2</b>	<b>+</b> <b>1</b>		
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF)	2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU)		iC60 Disbo
-	-	1 iMSU		



## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

7	Multi-cable terminal	4 parts	19091
		3 parts	19096
8	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	8 parts	27053
9	Terminal for rear connector		18528
10	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal		27060
11	Comb busbar	See module	LIN001

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

12	Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection	1P (set of 2)	18526
13	Interpole barrier	(set of 10)	27001
14	Screw shields	4P (set of 2)	18527
15	Clip-on terminal markers	See module	CA907012
16	9 mm spacer		A9N27062
17	Padlocking device		27145
18	Plug-in base <sup>(1)</sup>		26997
19	Rotary handle	Removable extended handle	27047
		Fixed handle	27048
		Operating sub-assembly <sup>(2)</sup>	27046

(1) For 1P, centreline between two rows: 200 mm

(2) A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.

## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907008

### Indication

3	SD fault indicating contact	A9N26927
4	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9N26899
5	OF open/close auxiliary contact	A9N26924
6	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9N26929

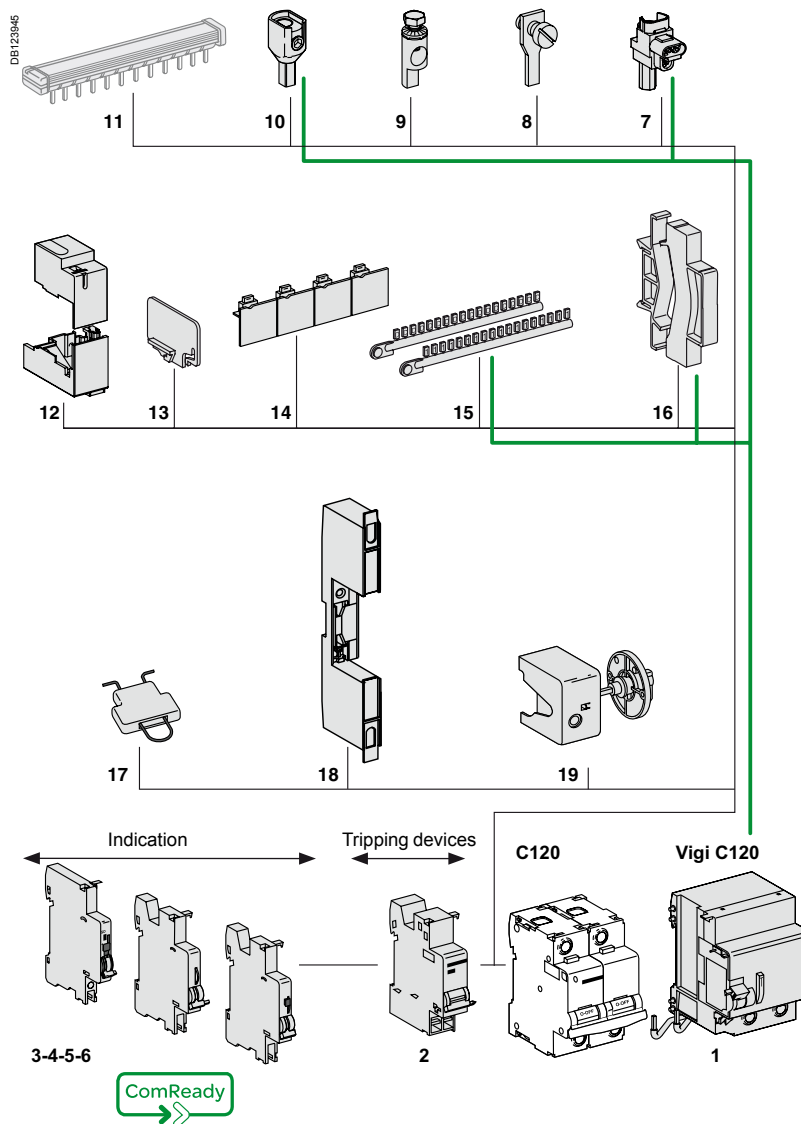
### Tripping

2	MN, MNx, MN $\square$ undervoltage release, MSU overvoltage release or MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module CA907008
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## Vigi C120

See module CA902016

1	Vigi C120 add-on residual current device	See module CA902016
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**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

### Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX, MSU... should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries		Tripping auxiliaries		Device	Vigi C120
<b>3</b>	<b>+ 2</b>	<b>+ 1</b>			
1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24)	1 OF+SD/OF	1 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF or MSU)		<b>C120</b>	Vigi C120
1 OF	1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF)	2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF or MSU)			
-	1 OF+SD24	2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF or MSU)			
-	-	3 MSU			

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

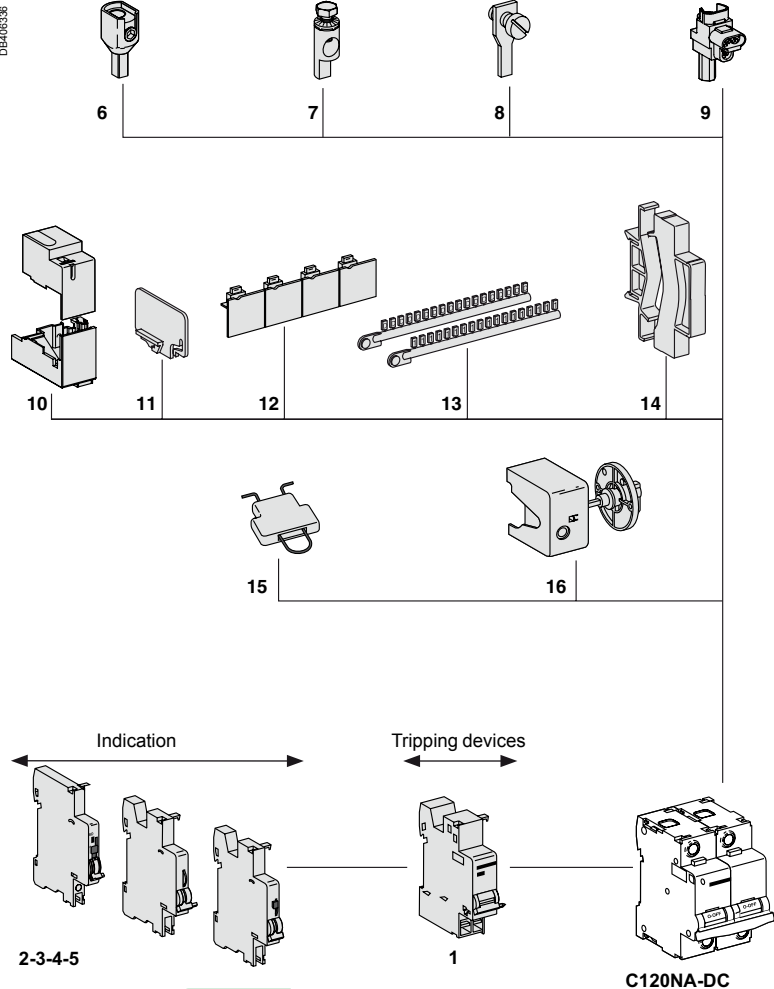
6	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	27060
7	Terminal for rear connector	18528
8	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	8 parts 27053
9	Multi-cable terminal	4 parts 3 parts 19091 19096

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

10	Sealable terminal shields for top and bottom connection	1P (set of 2)	18526
11	Interpole barrier	(set of 10)	27001
12	Screw shields	4P (set of 2)	18527
13	Clip-on terminal markers	See module	CA907012
14	9 mm spacer		A9N27062
15	Padlocking device		27145
16	Rotary handle		
	Removable extended handle		27047
	Fixed handle		27048
	Operating sub-assembly <sup>(1)</sup>		27046

<sup>(1)</sup> A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.



## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907008

Indication		
2	SD fault indicating contact	A9N26927
3	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9N26899
4	OF open/close auxiliary contact	A9N26924
5	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9N26929

Tripping		
1	MN, MNx, MN $\square$ undervoltage release or MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module CA907008



**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

### Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries (MN, MX...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

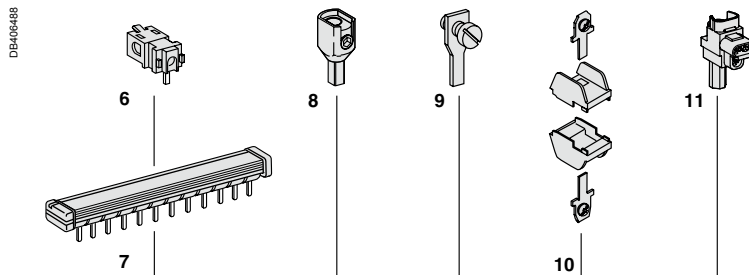
Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 2</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 1</b>		Device
1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24)	1 OF+SD/OF	1 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)	C120NA-DC			
1 OF	1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF)	2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)				
-	1 OF+SD24	2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)				

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

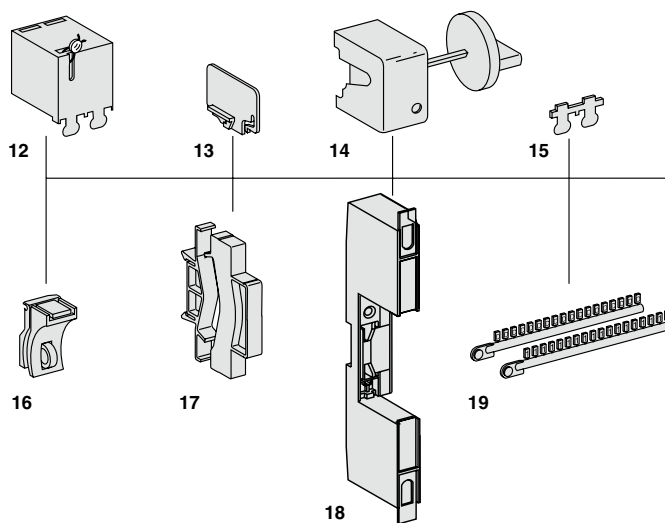
6	Insulated connector	See module	LIN001
7	Comb busbar	See module	LIN001
8	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal		27060
9	Ring tongue terminal screw connection		27053
10	Ring tongue terminal connections kit Ø 5 mm, (upstream/downstream)		17400
11	Insulated distribution terminal	4 parts 3 parts	19091 19096



## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

12	Sealable terminal shield	See module	CA907012
13	Inter-pole barrier		27001
14	<b>Rotary handle</b>		
	Switching sub-assembly		27046
	Disconnectable handle		27047
	Fixed handle		27048
15	Screw shield	See module	26981
16	Padlocking accessory (to be locked in the "open" position)		26970
17	Spacer		A9N27062
18	Plug-in base		26996
19	Marker strip	See module	CA907012



(1) A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.

## Electrical auxiliaries

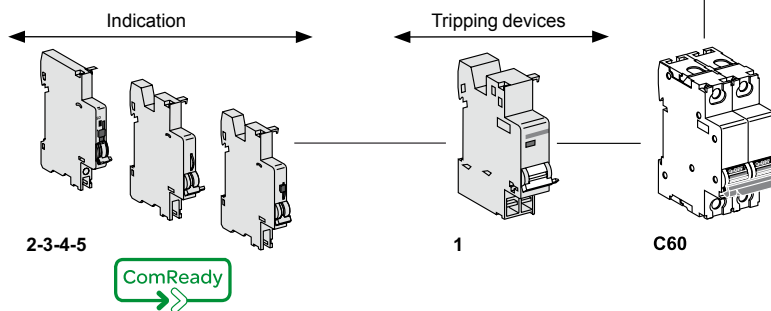
See module CA907008

### Indication

2	SD fault indicating contact		A9N26927
3	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact		A9N26899
4	OF open/close auxiliary contact		A9N26924
5	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)		A9N26929

### Tripping

1	MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> undervoltage release, MSU overvoltage release or MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module	CA907008
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**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

## Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries (MN, MX...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 2</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 1</b>		Device
1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24)	1 OF+SD/OF	1 (MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> or MX, MX+OF or MSU)			C60	
1 OF	1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF)	2 (MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> or MX, MX+OF or MSU)				
-	1 OF+SD24	2 (MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> or MX, MX+OF or MSU)				
-	-	3 MSU				

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

7	Insulated connector	See module	LIN001
8	Comb busbar	See module	LIN001
9	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal		27060
10	Ring tongue terminal screw connection		27053
11	Ring tongue terminal connections kit Ø 5 mm, (upstream/downstream)		17400
12	Insulated distribution terminal	4 parts	19091
		3 parts	19096

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

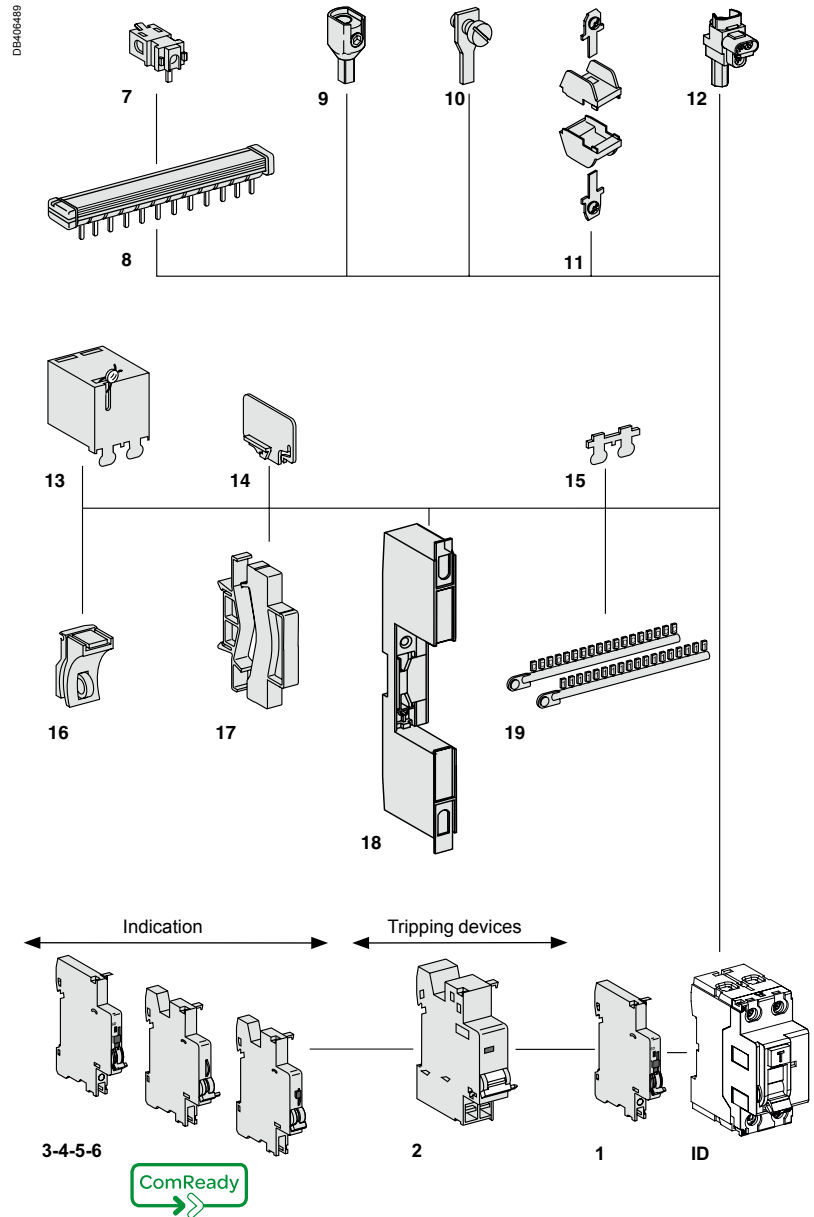
13	Sealable terminal shield	See module	CA907012
14	Inter-pole barrier		27001
15	Screw shield		26981
16	Padlocking accessory (to be locked in the "open" position)		26970
17	Spacer		A9N27062
18	Plug-in base		26996
19	Marker strip	See module	CA907012

## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907008

Indication		
1	OF.S auxiliary contact	A9N26923
3	SD fault indicating contact	A9N26927
4	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9N26899
5	OF open/close auxiliary contact	A9N26924
6	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9N26929

Tripping		
2	MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> undervoltage release, MSU overvoltage release or MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module CA907008



**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

### Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 2</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 1</b>		Device
-		1 (OF+SD/OF or OF or OF+SD24)		2 (MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> or MX, MX+OF or MSU)		
1 OF		1 OF		1 (MN, MNx, MN <sup>⊗</sup> or MX, MX+OF or MSU)		

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

6	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	8 parts	27053
7	Comb busbar	See module	LIN001

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

8	Padlocking device	26970
9	Clip-on terminal markers	See module CA907012
10	9 mm spacer	A9N27062
11	Rotary handle for DPN, DPN Vigi 3P, 4P	
	Removable extended handle	27047
	Fixed handle	27048
	Operating sub-assembly <sup>(1)</sup>	27046

<sup>(1)</sup> A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.

## Electrical auxiliaries

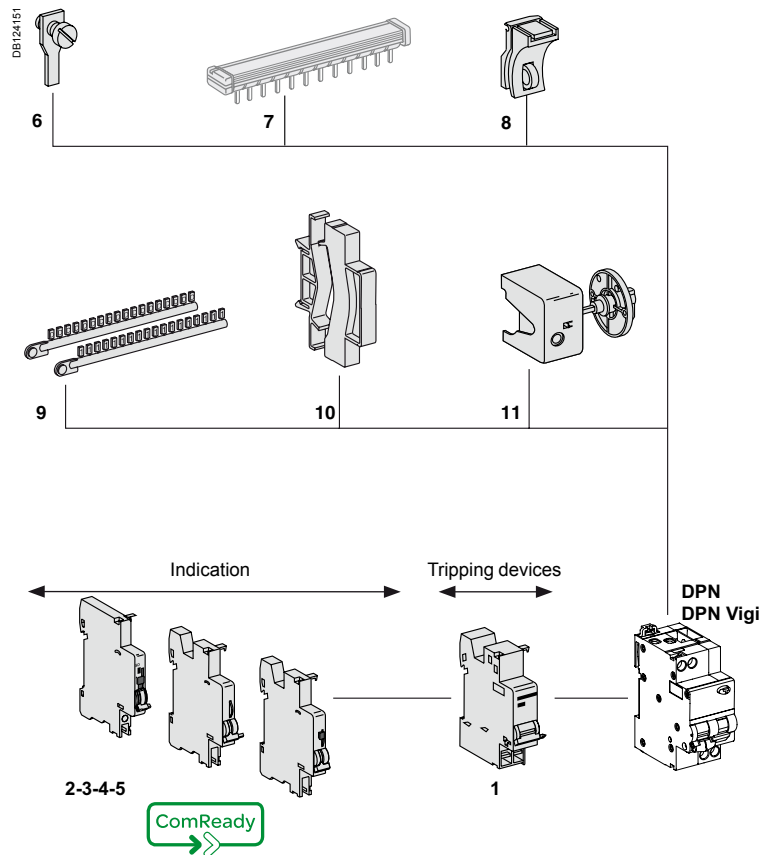
See module CA907008

### Indication

2	SD fault indicating contact	A9N26927
3	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9N26899
4	OF open/close auxiliary contact	A9N26924
5	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9N26929

### Tripping

1	MN, MNx, MN $\square$ undervoltage release, MSU overvoltage release or MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module CA907008
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**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

## Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX, MSU...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 2</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 1</b>		Device
1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24)		1 OF+SD/OF		1 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF or MSU)		
1 OF		1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF)		2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF or MSU)		
-		1 OF+SD24		2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF or MSU)		
-		-		3 MSU		

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

7	Insulated connector	See module LIN001
8	Comb busbar	See module LIN001
9	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	27060
10	Ring tongue terminal screw connection	27053
11	Ring tongue terminal connections kit Ø 5 mm, (upstream/downstream)	17400
12	Insulated distribution terminal	4 parts 19091 3 parts 19096

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

13	Sealable terminal shield	See module CA907012
14	Inter-pole barrier	27001
15	<b>Rotary handle</b>	
	Switching sub-assembly	27046
	Disconnectable handle	27047
	Fixed handle	27048
16	Screw shield	See module CA907012
17	Padlocking accessory (to be locked in the "open" position)	26970
18	Spacer	A9N27062
19	Plug-in base	26996
20	Marker strip	See module CA907012

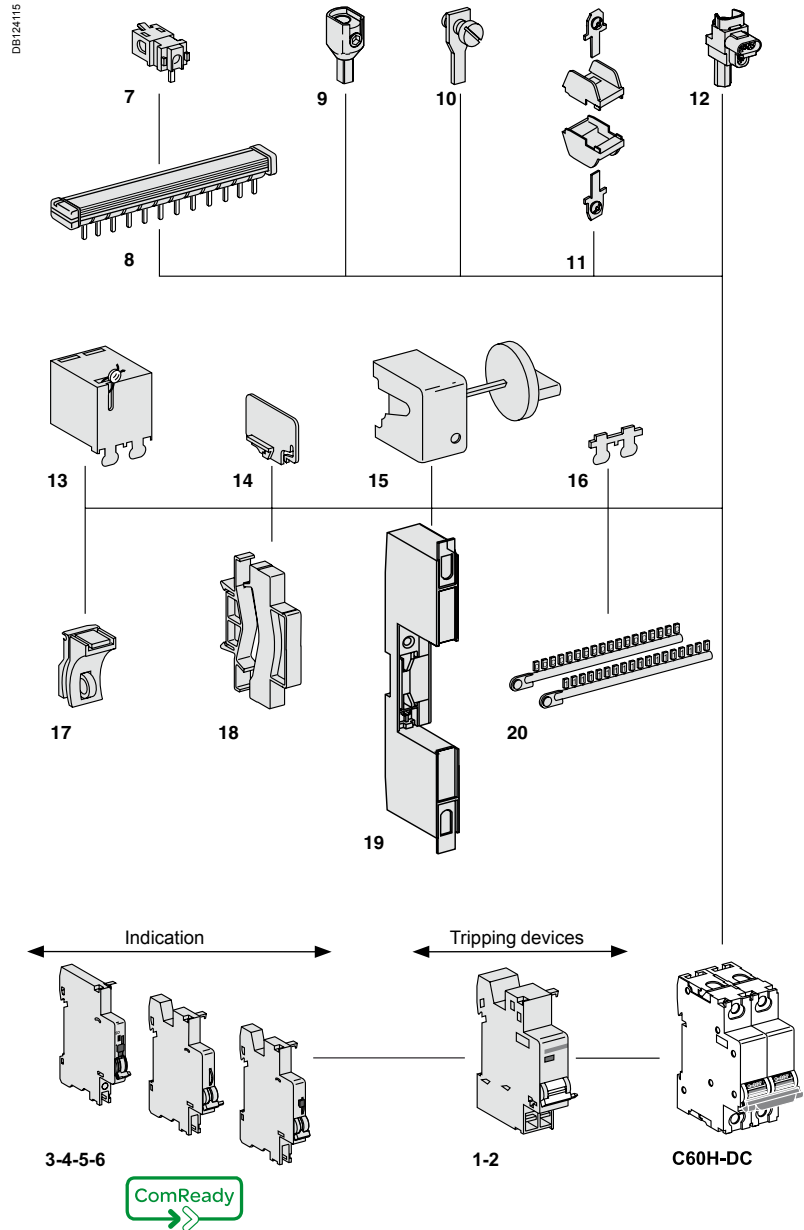
(1) A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.

## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907008

Indication		
3	SD fault indicating switch	A9N26927
4	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9N26899
5	OF open/closed contact	A9N26924
6	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9N26929

Tripping		
1	MN, MNx, MN $\square$ undervoltage release	See module CA907008
2	MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module CA907008



**!** Tripping devices must be installed first.  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

### Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

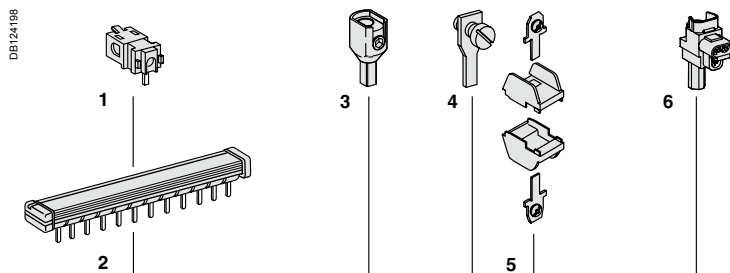
Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 2</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 1</b>		Device
1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24)		1 OF+SD/OF		1 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)		
1 OF		1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF)		2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)		
-		1 OF+SD24		2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)		

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

1	Insulated connector	See module LIN001
2	Comb busbar	See module LIN001
3	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	27060
4	Ring tongue terminal screw connection	27053
5	Ring tongue terminal connections kit Ø 5 mm, (upstream/downstream)	17400
6	Insulated distribution terminal	4 parts 19091 3 parts 19096

## iSW 40...125 A

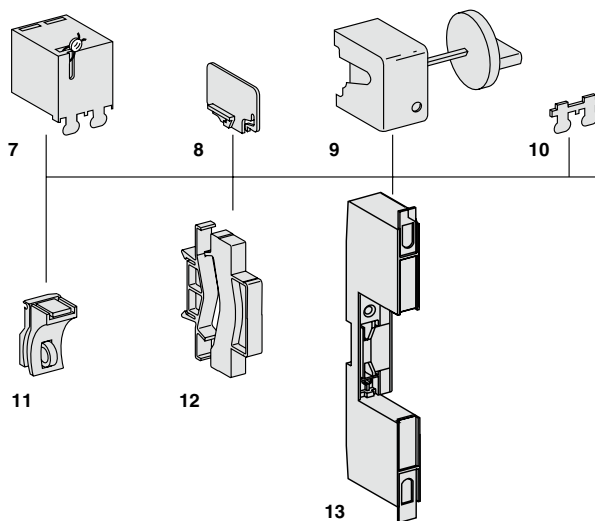


## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

7	Sealable terminal shield	See module CA907012
8	Inter-pole barrier	27001
9	<b>Rotary handle</b>	
	Switching sub-assembly	27046
	Disconnectable handle	27047
	Fixed handle	27048
10	Screw shield	See module CA907012
11	Padlocking accessory (to be locked in the "open" position)	26970
12	Spacer	A9N27062
13	Plug-in base	26996

(1) A complete rotary handle consists of a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. 27046, a handle cat. no. 27047 or a handle cat. no. 27048.

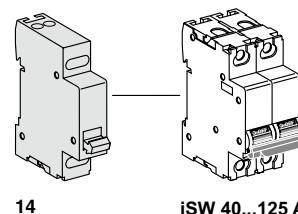


## Electrical auxiliary

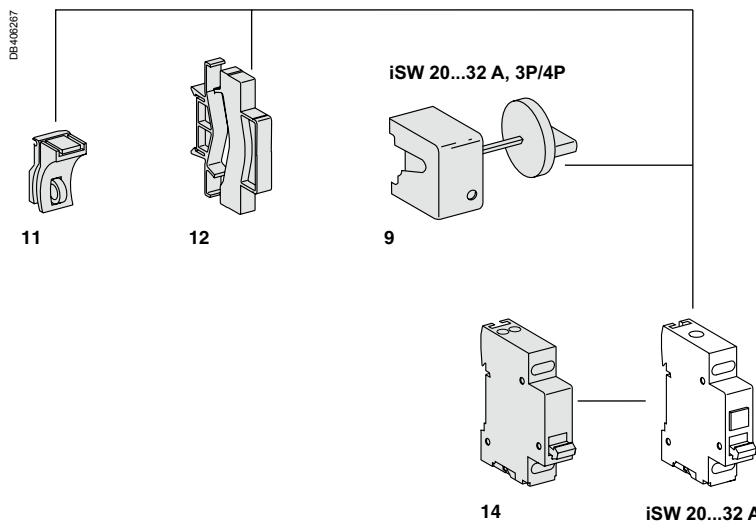
See module iSW CA904005

### Indication

14	OF iSW open/closed contact	A9A15096
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## iSW 20...32 A





# Accessories and Auxiliaries for SW60-DC, C60NA-DC, C60PV-DC devices

## Connection accessories

See module CA907012

7	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	27060
8	Ring tongue terminal screw connection	27053
9	Insulated distribution terminal	19091
	3 parts	19096

## Mounting accessories

See module CA907012

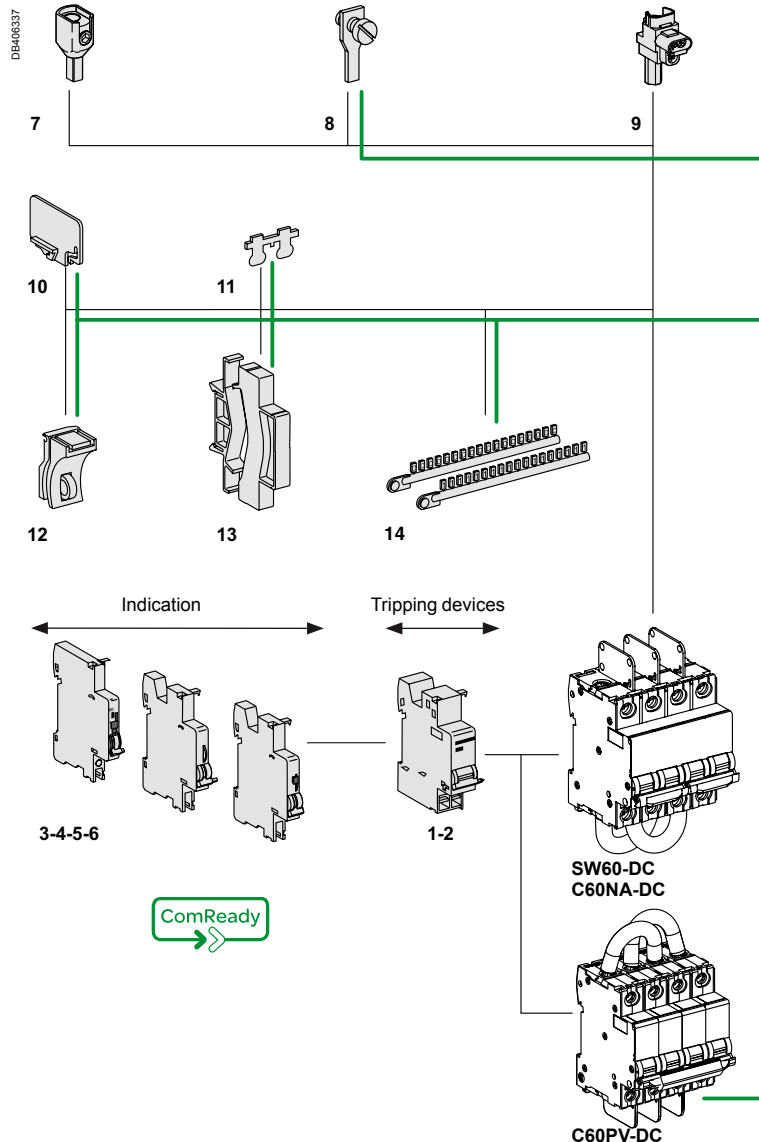
10	Inter-pole barrier	27001
11	Screw shield	26981
12	Padlocking accessory (to be locked in the "open" position)	26970
13	Spacer	A9N27062
14	Marker strip	See module CA907012

## Electrical auxiliaries

See module CA907008

Indication		
3	SD fault indicating switch	A9N26927
4	OF+SD24 auxiliary contact	A9N26899
5	OF open/closed contact	A9N26924
6	OF+SD/OF auxiliary contact (OF+SD or OF+OF combination switch)	A9N26929

Tripping		
1	MN, MNx, MN $\square$ undervoltage release	See module CA907008
2	MX, MX + OF shunt release	See module CA907008



**Tripping devices must be installed first.**  
If two tripping devices are used: the MN must be installed first  
Indication auxiliaries: respect specified position for SD functions.

### Assembly rule

The mounting order and the number for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.

The tripping auxiliaries MN, MX...) should be mounted first **1** as close as possible to the main device.

Then at the left, the indicating auxiliaries (OF, SD) should be mounted **2** then **3** complying with the following association table.

Indicating auxiliaries <b>3</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 2</b>		Indicating auxiliaries <b>+ 1</b>		Device
1 (OF+SD/OF or OF+SD24)		1 OF+SD/OF		1 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)		
1 OF		1 (OF+SD/OF or SD or OF)		2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)		
-		1 OF+SD24		2 (MN, MNx, MN $\square$ or MX, MX+OF)		



## Connection

6	Comb busbar	see module	<b>LIN001</b>
7	Splitter blocks	Linery DX see module 125 A	<b>LIN003</b>
8	70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal		<b>19095</b>
9	Multi-cable terminal	4 parts	<b>19091</b>
		3 parts	<b>19096</b>
10	Screw-on connection for ring	125 A (pack of 4)	<b>19093</b>
11	Small ring terminal	(pack of 4)	<b>19094</b>

## Mounting accessories

12	Sealable terminal shield (upstream/downstream)	1P	<b>19080</b>
		2P	<b>19081</b>
		3P	<b>19082</b>
		4P	<b>19083</b>
13	Residual current device terminal shield (upstream of circuit breaker / downstream of Vigi device)	63 A 2P	<b>19074</b>
		3P	<b>19075</b>
		3P adjustable	<b>19077</b>
		4P	<b>19076</b>
		4P adjustable	<b>19078</b>
14	Circuit breaker screw shield	125 A 3P	<b>19077</b>
		4P	<b>19078</b>
		1P (pack of 10)	<b>19084</b>
		2P	<b>19085</b>
15	Rotary handle	3P	<b>19086</b>
		4P	<b>19087</b>
		Extended standard Black	<b>19088</b>
		Extended safety Red handle, yellow	<b>19089</b>
16	Padlocking device	Direct standard Black	<b>19092</b>
		Direct safety Red handle, yellow background	<b>19097</b>
17	White toggle	(pack of 10)	<b>19099</b>

## Electrical auxiliaries

### Indication

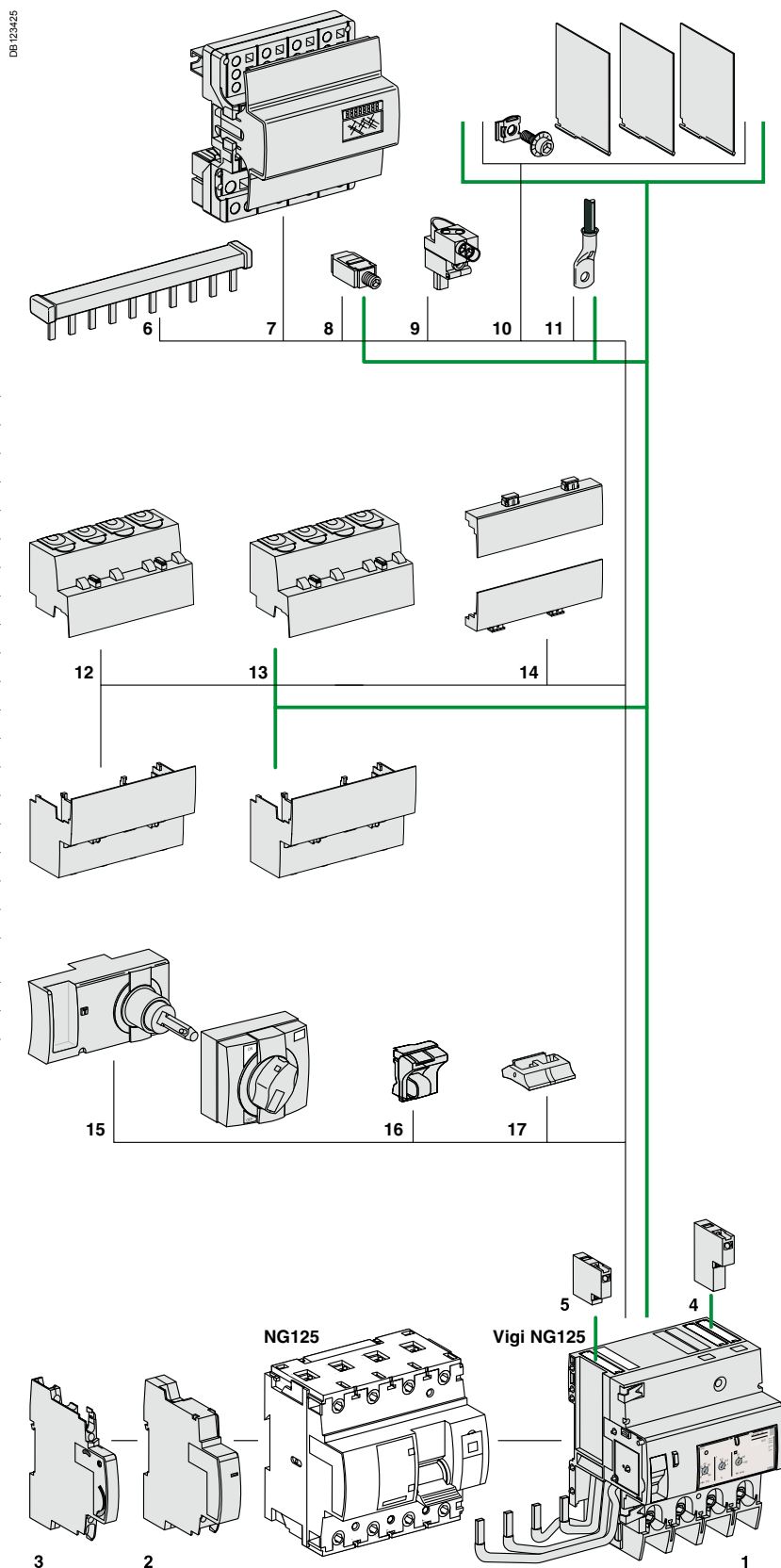
3	Fault indicating auxiliary contact OF+SD	<b>19071</b>
	Open/closed auxiliary contact OF+OF	<b>19072</b>




### Tripping devices


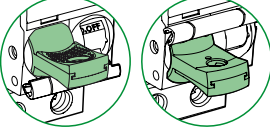

2	Undervoltage release MN or undervoltage release with external power supply MNx	see module	<b>CM907005</b>
	Shunt release MX+OF	see module	<b>CM907005</b>







## Vigi NG125

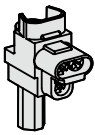





1	Vigi NG125 add-on residual current device <sup>5</sup>	see module	<b>CM902008</b>
4	MXV	see module	<b>CM907005</b>
5	SDV	see module	<b>CM907005</b>

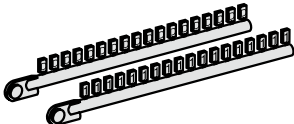


Mounting									
Accessories	Rotary handle			Plug-in base					
PB104509-35				PB104509-35					
	PB104509-10								
Function									
	<b>Front or side-mounted control</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection: IP55 rotary handle</li> <li>■ Installation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ the control mechanism is mounted on the device</li> <li>□ the rotary handle is fixed to the front or side of the enclosure</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Front-mounted (on door or faceplate) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Prevents the door from opening when the device is in the ON position (can be deactivated)</li> <li>■ Can be padlocked when the device is in the "open" position (can be padlocked with the device in the "closed" position subject to adaptation)</li> <li>■ Can be locked by padlock of (dia. 5 to 8 mm), not supplied with the device</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Pushbutton: iID test available in the front face of the rotary handle</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The Laser Square tool brings the accuracy to align the circuit breaker and the rotary handle</li> </ul>		<b>Allows a breaker to be removed or replaced quickly, without handling the connections</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection: IP20</li> <li>■ Consists of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ a base to be fastened on a rail (or panel)</li> <li>□ 2 "blades" to be fastened in the device's terminals</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Connection: tunnel terminals for cable up to 35 mm<sup>2</sup> rigid, 25 mm<sup>2</sup> flexible,</li> <li>■ Installation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ in universal enclosure</li> <li>□ on horizontal rail</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Height: 178 mm</li> <li>■ Not compatible with Vigi iC60 and auxiliaries</li> <li>■ Can be locked by padlock of (dia. 6 mm), not supplied with the device</li> </ul>			
Catalogue numbers	A9A27005	A9A27006	A9A27008	GVAPL01	A9A27003 (1 per pole)				
	Operating sub-assembly								
	+	+							
	Black handle	Red handle	No handle						
Set of	1	1	1	1	1				
Suitability									
iC60	■ 2P, 3P, 4P				■				
iSW	■ 2P, 3P, 4P				■				
iC60 + Vigi iC60	■ 2P, 3P, 4P				-				
iID	■				■ ≤ 63 A				
iDPN Vigi	-				-				
Reflex iC60 or RCA+iC60 or ARA+iC60	-				-				
ARA+iID	-				-				
iSW-NA	■				■				

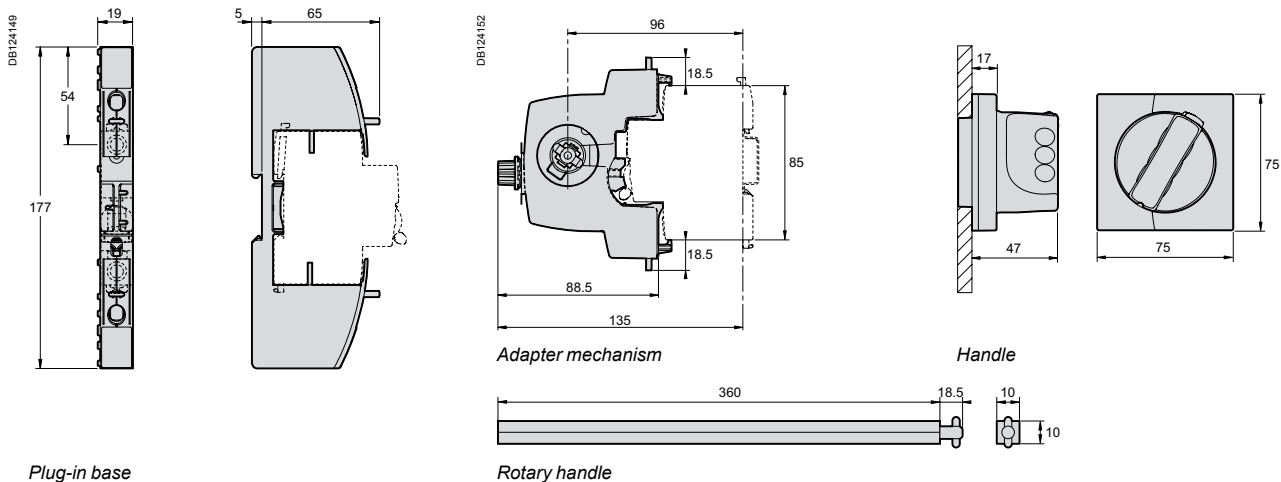
Padlocking device		Wall mounting	
<p>PB104492-15</p>  <p>DB123999</p> 	<p>P135169-40</p> 	<p><b>Used to padlock breaker in open or closed position</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Padlock diameter: 3 to 6 mm</li> <li>■ Sealable (max. diameter: 1.2 mm)</li> <li>■ Locking in ON position does not prevent tripping of the breaker in the event of faults</li> <li>■ Suitable for IEC/EN 60947-2 compliant disconnection</li> </ul>	<p><b>Can be used for wall mounted installation of any 18 mm DIN rail devices</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection: IP40</li> <li>■ Sealable: (max. diameter: 1.5 mm)</li> </ul>
A9A26970		15359	
10		1	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■</li> <li>■</li> <li>■</li> <li>■</li> <li>■</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ All products up to 18 mm</li> <li>■ Except iCT</li> </ul>	

Security						
Accessories	Screw shield		Terminal shield		Inter-pole barrier	Spacer
						
<b>Function</b>	<b>Prevents any contact with the connecting screws</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Upgrades degree of protection to IP20D</li> <li>Sealable, max. diameter 1.2 mm</li> </ul>		<b>Prevents any contact with the terminals</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Upgrades degree of protection to IP20D</li> <li>Sealable, max. diameter 1.2 mm</li> <li>Set of two, for upstream and downstream terminals</li> <li>For 3 poles: <b>A9A26975 + A9A26976</b></li> <li>For 4 poles: 2 X <b>A9A26976</b></li> </ul>		<b>Enhances insulation between connections: cables, terminals, lugs, etc</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used to:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>complete rows</li> <li>separate devices.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Width: 1 x 9 mm module</li> <li>Allows cable routing from one row to another, (above and below), up to 6 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	<b>A9A26982</b>	<b>A9A26981</b>	<b>A9A26975</b>	<b>A9A26976</b>	<b>A9A27001</b>	<b>A9A27062</b>
<b>Set of</b>	<b>12 x 1 pole</b>	<b>20 x 4 poles (splittable)</b>	<b>2 x 1 pole</b>	<b>2 x 2 poles</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Suitability</b>						
iC60	–	■	■	■	■	■
iSW	–	–	■	■	■	■
Vigi iC60	■	–	–	–	–	–
iID	–	■	–	■	■	■
iDPN Vigi	–	–	–	–	–	■
Reflex iC60 or RCA+iC60 or ARA+iC60	–	■	■	■	■	■
ARA+iID	–	■	–	■	■	■
iSW-NA	–	■	–	■	■	■

		Connection		
Accessories	Multi-cable terminal	50 mm <sup>2</sup> terminal Al	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	
				
<b>Function</b>				
	For 3 copper cables: ■ Rigid up to 16 mm <sup>2</sup> ■ Flexible up to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	For aluminium cables from 16 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	For lug tipped cables, front or rear mounting	
				
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	19091	19096	27060	27053
<b>Set of</b>	4	3	1	8
iC60 ≤ 25 A Reflex iC60 ≤ 25 A	–	–	–	■
iC60 > 25 A Reflex iC60 40 A, iSW	■	■	■	■
Vigi iC60	–	–	–	–
iID	■	■	■	■
iDPN Vigi	–	–	–	■
iSW-NA	■	■	■	■
<b>Tightening torque</b>	2 N.m		10 N.m	2 N.m
<b>Lenght stripping</b>	11 mm		13 mm	–
<b>Tools to use</b>	Dia. 5 mm or PZ2		Hc 1/5" or 5 mm	Dia. 5mm

		Marking					
Accessories	Marker strip						
							
<b>Used for connection identification</b>							
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	0: AB1-R0 1: AB1-R1 2: AB1-R2 3: AB1-R3 4: AB1-R4	5: AB1-R5 6: AB1-R6 7: AB1-R7 8: AB1-R8 9: AB1-R9	A: AB1-GA B: AB1-GB C: AB1-GC D: AB1-GD E: AB1-GE F: AB1-GF G: AB1-GG H: AB1-GH I: AB1-GI	J: AB1-GJ K: AB1-GK L: AB1-GL M: AB1-GM N: AB1-GN O: AB1-GO P: AB1-GP Q: AB1-GQ R: AB1-GR	S: AB1-GS T: AB1-GT U: AB1-GU V: AB1-GV W: AB1-GW X: AB1-GX Y: AB1-GY Z: AB1-GZ	+ : AB1-R12 - : AB1-R13 blank: AB1-RV	
<b>Set of</b>	250						
iC60, Reflex iC60, iSW	■ 4 markers max. per pole						
Vigi iC60	■ 4 markers max. per device						
iID	■ 4 markers max. per device						
iDPN Vigi	■ 4 markers max. per device						
iSW-NA	■ 4 markers max. per device						

## Dimensions (mm)

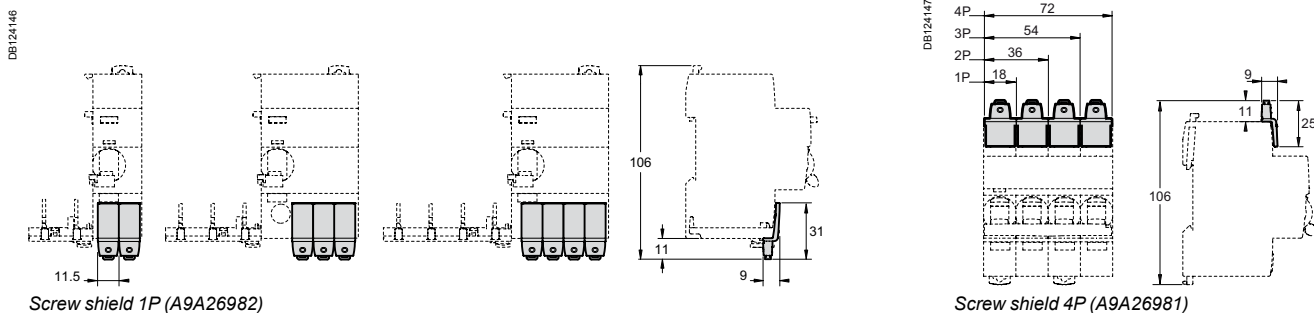


Plug-in base

Adapter mechanism

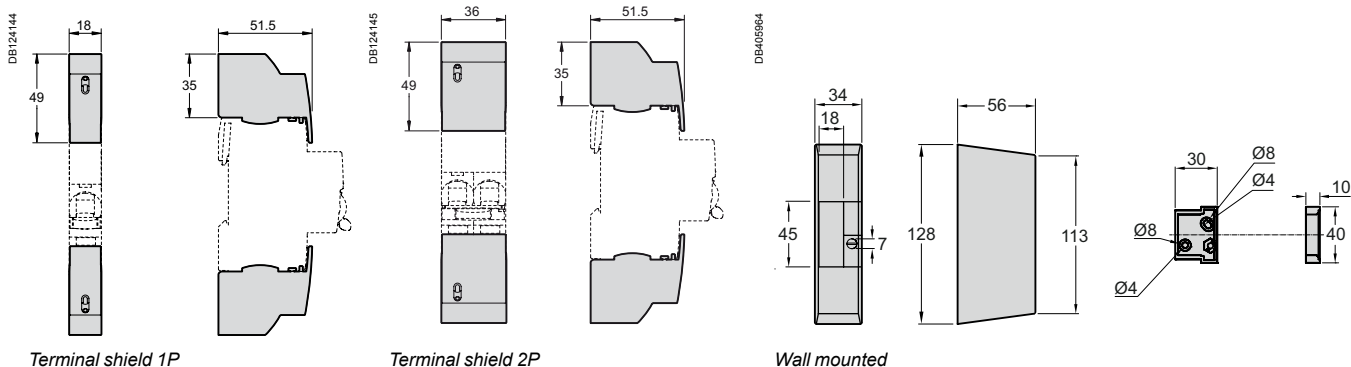
Handle

Rotary handle



Screw shield 1P (A9A26982)

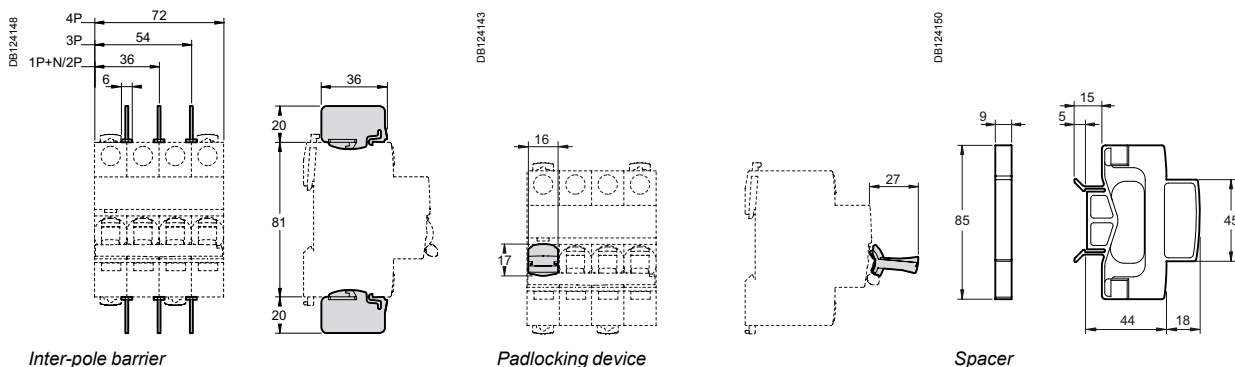
Screw shield 4P (A9A26981)



Terminal shield 1P

Terminal shield 2P

Wall mounted



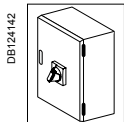
Inter-pole barrier

Padlocking device

Spacer

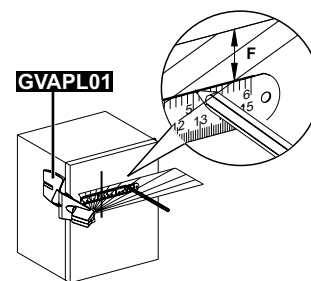
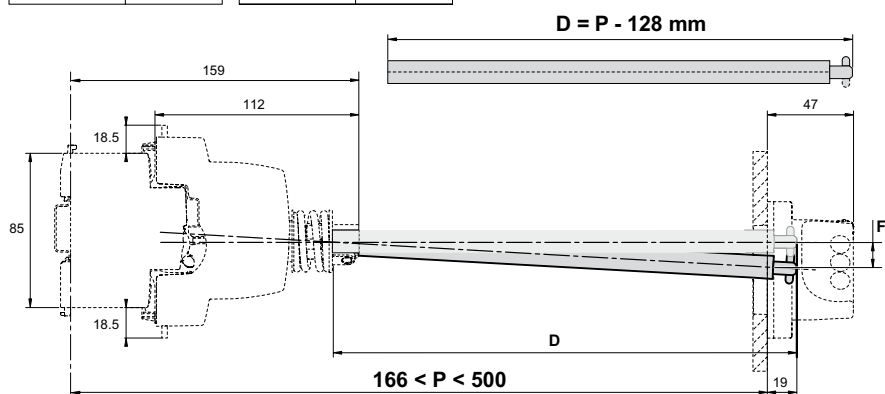
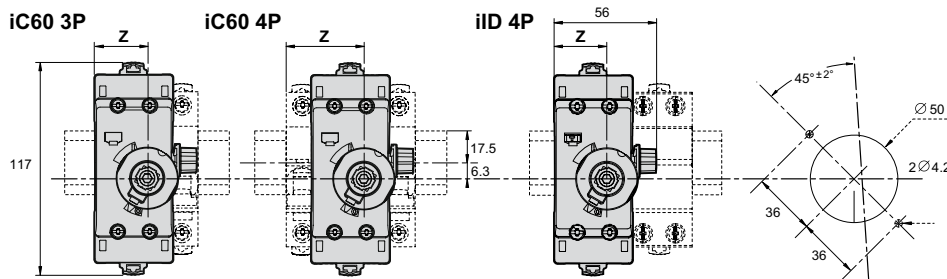
## Rotary handle installation

### Dimensions (mm)



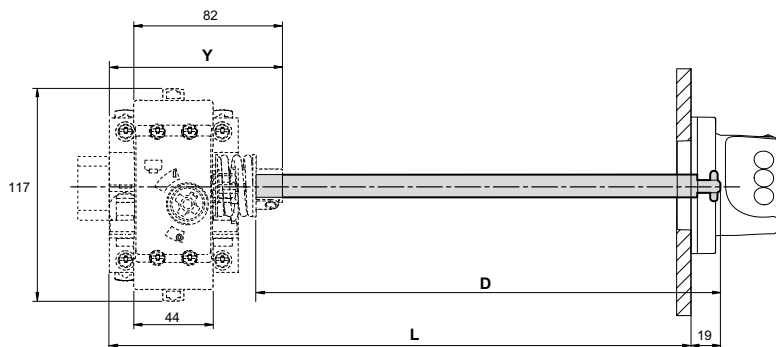
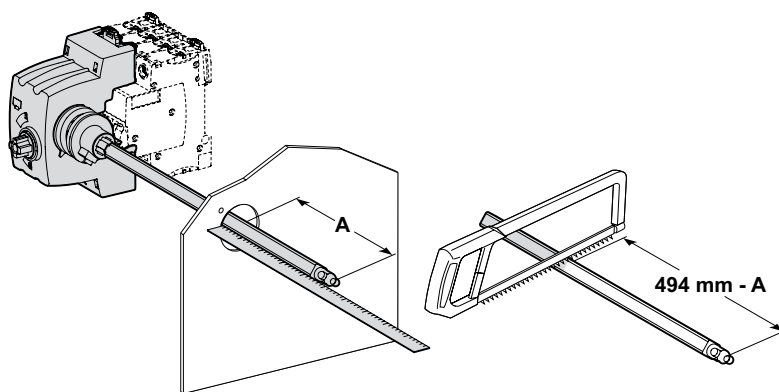
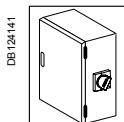
iC60	Z (mm)
2P	25.3
2P + Vigi	25.3
3P	25.3
3P + Vigi	43
4P	43
4P + Vigi	43

iID	Z (mm)
2P	25.3
4P	25.3



P (mm)	F (mm)
300	5
500	11

Rotary handle: front mounted control

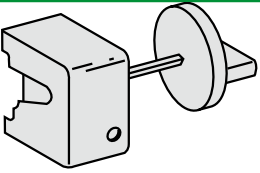
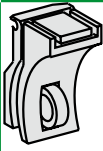


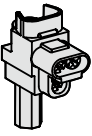
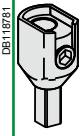
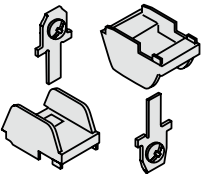


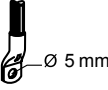
iC60	X (mm)	Y (mm)
2P	44.5	76.8
2P + Vigi	44.5	76.8
3P	44.5	76.8
3P + Vigi	62	94.5
4P	62	94.5
4P + Vigi	62	94.5

iID/iSW-NA	X (mm)	Y (mm)
2P	44.5	76.8
4P	44.5	76.8



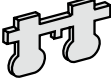
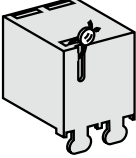
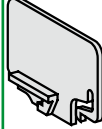
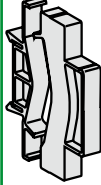
Rotary handle: side mounted control

Installation					
Accessories	Rotary handle			Padlocking device	
					
Function					
	<b>Front or side control of circuit breakers</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection: IP40, IK10</li> <li>■ A complete rotary handle consists of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. <b>27046</b>,</li> <li>□ a handle cat. no. <b>27047</b> or a handle cat. no. <b>27048</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Installation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ the circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly cat. no. <b>27046</b> is fixed to the circuit breaker</li> <li>□ the removable handle cat. no. <b>27047</b> is mounted on the removable front panel or on the enclosure door</li> <li>□ the fixed handle cat. no. <b>27048</b> is fixed to the front or side panel of the enclosure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			<b>Used to padlock a circuit breaker in the "open" or "closed" position</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Diameter of the padlock: 8 mm max.</li> <li>■ Locking in the ON position does not prevent the circuit breaker from tripping in the event of a fault</li> <li>■ Isolation: in conformity with IEC/EN 60947-2</li> </ul>	
<b>Cat. numbers</b>	<b>27046</b>	<b>27047</b>	<b>27048</b>	<b>26970</b>	
<b>Set of</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>Number of pôles</b>	-	-	-	-	
<b>DT60</b>	■	■	■	■	

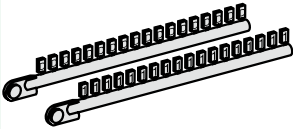
Connection				
Accessories	Multi-cable terminal		50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Connection kit for ring terminals
				
Function				
	<b>For 3 copper cables:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Rigid up to 16 mm<sup>2</sup></li> <li>■ Flexible up to 10 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>		<b>For 16 to 50 mm<sup>2</sup> aluminium cables</b>	<b>For terminal up to 63 A, front or rear access (screw Ø 5 mm)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ It incorporates a "conductive" part and an "insulating" part which ensures the phase-to-phase clearance</li> </ul>
				
<b>Cat. numbers</b>	<b>19091</b>	<b>19096</b>	<b>27060</b>	<b>17400</b>
<b>Set of</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>DT60</b>	■	■	■	■
<b>Tightening torque</b>	2 N.m		10 N.m	2 N.m
<b>Stripping length</b>	11 mm		13 mm	-
<b>Tools to be used</b>	Diameter 5 mm or PZ2		Hc 1/5" or 5 mm	Diameter 5 mm






## Safety






Screw shield	Terminal shield	Interpole barrier	Spacer
 <p>DB118776</p>	 <p>DB118777</p>	 <p>DB118728</p>	 <p>DB118779</p>
<p><b>Prevents all contact with the fixing screws</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The degree of protection becomes IP40</li> <li>■ Sealable</li> <li>■ Dividable</li> </ul>	<p><b>Prevents all contact with the terminals</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection IP40</li> <li>■ Sealable, max. diameter 1.2 mm</li> </ul>	<p><b>Improves the insulation between the connections: cables, terminals, lugs, etc.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Used to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ complete the rows</li> <li>□ separate the devices</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Width: 1 x 9 mm module</li> <li>■ Allows cables to be routed from one row to another (above and below), up to 6 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
26981	26978	27001	A9N27062
2	2	10	1
4P	4P	-	-
■	■	■	■

## Identification










Accessories	Clip-on terminal marker strip					
 <p>DB118785</p>						
<b>Function</b>	<b>For connection identification</b>					
<b>Cat. numbers</b>	0: AB1-R0 1: AB1-R1 2: AB1-R2 3: AB1-R3 4: AB1-R4	5: AB1-R5 6: AB1-R6 7: AB1-R7 8: AB1-R8 9: AB1-R9	A: AB1-GA B: AB1-GB C: AB1-GC D: AB1-GD E: AB1-GE F: AB1-GF G: AB1-GG H: AB1-GH I: AB1-GI	J: AB1-GJ K: AB1-GK L: AB1-GL M: AB1-GM N: AB1-GN O: AB1-GO P: AB1-GP Q: AB1-GQ R: AB1-GR	S: AB1-GS T: AB1-GT U: AB1-GU V: AB1-GV W: AB1-GW X: AB1-GX Y: AB1-GY Z: AB1-GZ	+ : AB1-R12 - : AB1-R13 Blank: AB1-RV
<b>Set of</b>	<b>250</b>					
<b>DT60</b>	■ 6 markers max. on front face					


		Installation					
Accessories		Rotary handle		Plug-in base		Padlocking device	
							
<b>Function</b>		<p><b>Front or side control of 2, 3 and 4-pole circuit breakers</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection: IP40</li> <li>■ A complete rotary handle consists of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ a circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly, cat. no. <b>27046</b>,</li> <li>□ a handle cat. no. <b>27047</b> or a handle cat. no. <b>27048</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Installation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ the circuit-breaker operating sub-assembly cat. no. <b>27046</b> is fixed to the circuit breaker</li> <li>□ the removable handle cat. no. <b>27047</b> is mounted on the removable front panel or on the enclosure door</li> <li>□ the fixed handle cat. no. <b>27048</b> is fixed to the front or side panel of the enclosure</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<p><b>Allows a circuit breaker to be quickly removed or replaced, without touching the connections</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Degree of protection: IP20</li> <li>■ It consists of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ a base to be fixed to a rail (or panel)</li> <li>□ 2 "blades" to be fixed in the device terminals</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Connection: tunnel terminals for cables up to 50 mm<sup>2</sup> (rigid) or 35 mm<sup>2</sup> (flexible)</li> <li>■ Installation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ on backplate</li> <li>□ on a horizontal rail</li> <li>■ Centreline between two rows: 200 mm</li> <li>■ Only on the circuit breaker, without a Vigi device or auxiliary</li> <li>■ Padlocking option (8 mm dia. padlock not supplied)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<p><b>Used to padlock a circuit breaker in the "open" or "closed" position</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Diameter of the padlock: 8 mm max.</li> <li>■ Locking in the ON position does not prevent the circuit breaker from tripping in the event of a fault</li> <li>■ Isolation: in conformity with IEC/EN 60947-2.</li> </ul>	
<b>Cat. numbers</b>	<b>27047</b> Removable extended handle	<b>27048</b> Fixed handle	<b>27046</b> Operating sub-assembly	<b>26996</b> (1 per pole)	<b>26997</b> (1 per pole)	<b>27145</b>	<b>26970</b>
<b>Set of</b>	1	1	1	1	1	4	2
<b>Suitable for the following devices:</b>							
<b>C60</b>	■ 2P, 3P, 4P			■	–	–	■
<b>C120, C120NA-DC</b>	■ 2P, 3P, 4P			–	■ ≤ 63 A	■	–
<b>C120 + Vigi C120</b>	■ 2P, 3P, 4P			–	–	■	–
<b>DPN, DPN Vigi</b>	■ 3P, 4P			–	–	–	■
<b>C60H-DC</b>	■ 2P			■	–	–	■
<b>SW60-DC, C60NA-DC, C60PV-DC</b>	–			–	–	–	■
<b>ID</b>	–			■ ≤ 63 A	–	–	■
<b>iSW</b>	■ iSW ≥ 4 modules of 9 mm			■ iSW 40 to 63 A	–	–	■

# Accessories for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60NA-DC, C60PV-DC, ID, iSW devices (cont.)

Safety								
Accessories	Screw shield		Terminal shield			Interpole barrier	Spacer	
								
	056870_SE-33	PE124114	056889_SE-38		DE123898	PE104485-35		
Function	<b>Prevents all contact with the fixing screws</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The degree of protection becomes IP40</li> <li>Sealable, max. diameter 1.2 mm</li> <li>Dividable</li> </ul>		<b>Prevents all contact with the terminals</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Degree of protection becomes IP40</li> <li>Sealable, max. diameter 1.2 mm</li> </ul>			<b>Improves the insulation between the connections: cables, terminals, lugs, etc.</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used to:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>complete the rows</li> <li>separate the devices</li> </ul> </li> <li>Width: 1 x 9 mm module</li> <li>Allows that 2 cables are routed from one row to another (above and below), up to 6 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1P</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1P</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2P</li> </ul>			
				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3P: 1 x 26975 + 1 x 26976</li> <li>4P: 2 x 26976</li> </ul>				
Cat. numbers	18527	26981	18526	26975	26976	27001	A9N27062	
Set of	2 (4P dividable)		2 (for upstream/downstream terminal)			10	1	
<b>Suitable for the following devices:</b>								
C60	–	■	–	■	■	■	■	
C120, C120NA-DC	■	–	■	–	–	■	■	
Vigi C120	–	–	–	–	–	–	■	
DPN, DPN Vigi	–	–	–	–	–	–	■	
C60H-DC	–	■	–	■	■	■	■	
SW60-DC, C60NA-DC, C60PV-DC	–	■	–	–	–	■	■	
ID	–	■	–	■	■	■	■	
iSW	–	■ iSW 40 to 125 A	–	■ iSW 40 to 125 A	■ iSW 40 to 125 A	■ iSW 40 to 125 A	■	

# Accessories for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60NA-DC, C60PV-DC, ID, iSW devices (cont.)

		Connection				
Accessories	Multi-cable terminal	50 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Connection kit for ring terminals	Terminal for rear connector	
						
Function		For 3 copper cables: ■ Rigid up to 16 mm <sup>2</sup> ■ Flexible up to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	For 16 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup> aluminium cables	For lug tipped cables, front or rear mounting	For terminal up to 63 A, front or rear access (screw Ø 5 mm) ■ It incorporates a "conductive" part and an "insulating" part which ensures the phase-to-phase clearance	For cable up to 50 mm <sup>2</sup> or by terminal ■ Supplied with a 1P terminal shield
						
Cat. numbers	19091	19096	27060	27053	17400	18528
Set of	4	3	1	8	2	2
Suitable for the following devices:						
C60 ≤ 25 A	–	–	–	■	■	–
C60 > 25 A	■	■	■	■	■	–
C120, C120NA-DC	■	■	■	■	–	■
Vigi C120	■	■	■	–	–	–
DPN, DPN Vigi	–	–	–	■	–	–
C60H-DC, ID	■	■	■	■	■	–
iSW 40 to 125 A	■	■	■	■	–	–
SW60-DC, C60NA-DC	■	■	■	■	–	–
C60PV-DC	–	–	–	■	–	–
Tightening torque	2 N.m		10 N.m	2 N.m	–	–
Stripping length	11 mm		13 mm	–	–	–
Tools to be used	Diameter 5 mm or PZ2		Hc 1/5" or 5 mm	Diameter 5 mm	Diameter 5 mm	13 mm spanner

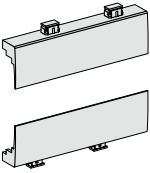
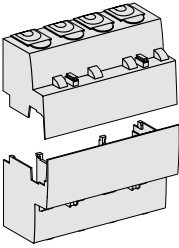
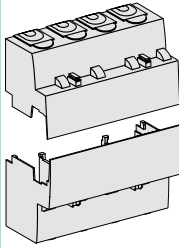
		Identification	
Accessories	Clip-on terminal marker strip		
			
Function		For connection identification	
Cat. numbers		0: AB1-R0	A: AB1-GA
		1: AB1-R1	B: AB1-GB
		2: AB1-R2	C: AB1-GC
		3: AB1-R3	D: AB1-GD
		4: AB1-R4	E: AB1-GE
		5: AB1-R5	F: AB1-GF
		6: AB1-R6	G: AB1-GG
		7: AB1-R7	H: AB1-GH
		8: AB1-R8	I: AB1-GI
		9: AB1-R9	J: AB1-GJ
		K: AB1-GK	U: AB1-GU
		L: AB1-GL	V: AB1-GV
		M: AB1-GM	W: AB1-GW
		N: AB1-GN	X: AB1-GX
		O: AB1-GO	Y: AB1-GY
		P: AB1-GP	Z: AB1-GZ
		Q: AB1-GQ	+ : AB1-R12
		R: AB1-GR	- : AB1-R13
		S: AB1-GS	Blank : AB1-RV
		T: AB1-GT	
Set of	250		
Suitable for the following devices:			
C60, ID	■ 4 markers max. per pole		
C120, C120NA-DC	■ 4 markers max. per pole		
Vigi C120	■ 4 markers max. per device		
DPN, DPN Vigi	■ 4 markers max. per pole		
C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60NA-DC, C60PV-DC	■ 4 markers max. per pole		



		Mounting						
Accessories	Rotary handle		Toggle		Padlocking device			
<b>Function</b>								
<b>Extended rotary handle</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Degree of protection: rotary button IP55</li> <li>Front installation:</li> <li>Prevents door opening when the circuit breaker is in position O</li> <li>Keeps disconnection</li> <li>Padlocking possible when the device is in position O</li> <li>Padlock diameter: 3 to 6 mm</li> </ul>		<b>Direct rotary handle</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Front installation</li> <li>Keeps disconnection</li> <li>Padlocking possible when the device is in position O</li> <li>Padlock diameter: 3 to 6 mm</li> </ul>		<b>White toggle</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows visual distinction of a switchboard incoming device</li> </ul>		<b>Allows padlocking:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In position I or O of NG125 1P or 2P circuit breakers</li> <li>In position I of NG125 3P or 4P circuit breakers or switches</li> <li>Padlock: dia. 5 to 8 mm (not supplied)</li> </ul> <p><i>Note: NG125 3P/4P circuit breakers and switches are provided with padlocking in position O (disconnected) as original equipment.</i></p>		
<b>Two versions:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>standard black</li> <li>red handle and yellow front plate for machine tool control</li> </ul>								
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	19088 Extended standard black	19089 Extended safety	19092 Direct standard black	19097 Direct safety red handle yellow background	19099 White toggle	19090		
<b>Pack of</b>	1		1	1	10	1		
<b>Suitable for the following devices:</b>								
<b>NG125</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3P, 4P</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li></li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3P, 4P</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li></li> </ul>	
<b>Vigi NG125</b>	-		-		-		-	

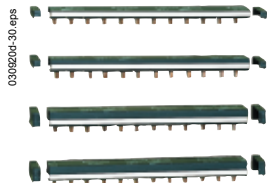
		Connection				
Accessories	Multi-cable terminal	70 mm <sup>2</sup> Al terminal	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Small ring terminal		
<b>Function</b>						
<b>For 3 copper cables:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rigid up to 16 mm<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Flexible up to 10 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>		<b>For aluminium cables from 25 to 70 mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>Installation:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Upstream or downstream</li> <li>Connection ratings 80 to 125 A:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>copper terminal:                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>flexible cable up to 35 mm<sup>2</sup></li> <li>rigid cable up to 50 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>bars: 16 x 3 mm, 15 x 4 mm, 16 x 4 mm</li> <li>small ring terminal</li> <li>Phase-to-phase insulation voltage: U<sub>i</sub> = 1000 V</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<b>Connection ratings 80 to 125 A:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Flexible copper cable: 50 mm<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Rigid copper cable: 70 mm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	
<b>Cat. nos.</b>	19091	19096	19095	19093	19094	
<b>Pack of</b>	4	3	4	4	4	
<b>NG125</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>80, 100, 125 A</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>80, 100, 125 A</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>80, 100, 125 A</li> </ul>	
<b>Vigi NG125</b>	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>125 A</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>125 A</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>125 A</li> </ul>	
<b>Tightening torque</b>	2 N.m		6 N.m	6 N.m	6 N.m	
<b>Stripping length</b>	11 mm		-	-	-	
<b>Tools to be used</b>	Diameter 5 mm or PZ2		Hc 4 mm	Hc 4 mm	-	

## Safety

Accessories	Screw shield				Circuit breaker terminal shield				RCD terminal shield						
															
<b>Function</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Prevents any contact with the connection screws</li> <li>■ Protection against direct contact:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ IP40: on front panel</li> <li>□ IP20: at the connection level</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Class II in steel or plastic enclosures</li> <li>■ Sealing possible (max. diameter: 1.2 mm).</li> </ul>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Prevents any contact with the terminals</li> <li>■ Installation: mounted upstream and downstream of circuit breaker</li> <li>■ Phase-to-phase insulation voltage <math>U_i = 1000\text{ V}</math></li> <li>■ Protection against direct contact IP40</li> <li>■ Class II in steel or plastic enclosures (up to 440 V)</li> <li>■ Sealing possible (max. diameter: 1.2 mm)</li> </ul>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Installation: is mounted upstream of the circuit breaker and downstream of the Vigi device</li> <li>■ Phase-to-phase insulation voltage <math>U_i = 1000\text{ V}</math></li> <li>■ Protection against direct contact: IP40</li> <li>■ Class II in steel or plastic enclosures (up to 440 V)</li> <li>■ Sealing possible (max. diameter: 1.2 mm)</li> </ul>						
	1P	2P	3P	4P	1P	2P	3P	4P	<b>63 A</b>				<b>125 A</b>		
									2P	3P	3P adjustable	4P	4P adjustable	3P	4P
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	19084	19085	19086	19087	19080	19081	19082	19083	19074	19075	19077	19076	19078	19077	19078
<b>Pack of</b>	10				Set of 1 upstream / 1 downstream				Set of 1 upstream / 1 downstream						
<b>Suitable for the following devices:</b>															
<b>NG125</b>	■				■				■						
<b>Vigi NG125</b>	-				-				■						

# Lineryg FH

## Horizontal comb busbar for 27 mm pitch for C120, NG125



IEC 60664-1

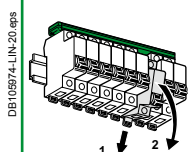
### Description

Comb busbars make it easier to install Schneider Electric products.

- Supplied with 2 side plates, IP2.
- Outgoing feeders can be marked.
- Cutting markings on the copper bars and the insulating material.

C120, NG125		27 mm poles, cuttable			
Number of poles		1P	2P	3P	4P
	0309220d-60.eps				
		Supplied with 2 side plates, IP2 and 4 tooth cover end-pieces Outgoing feeders can be marked Cutting markings on the copper bars and the insulating material Unused teeth can be insulated with tooth covers			
Rated operational current at 40 °C	(Ie)	125 A			
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly	(Isc)	Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers			
Rated insulation voltage	(Ui)	620 V AC			
Rated operational voltage	(Ue)	500 V AC			
Pollution degree		3			
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1		Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s			
Colour		RAL 7016 (anthracite grey)			
<b>Use</b>					
		Power supply by connector recommended			
Number of 27 mm modules		16	16	15	16
Set of		1			
<b>Cat. no.</b>		<b>14811</b>	<b>14812</b>	<b>14813</b>	<b>14814</b>

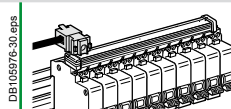
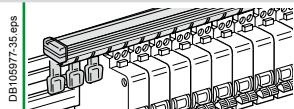
### Installation



Comb busbars allow dismantability (1-2)

### Accessories

Number of poles		1P, 2P, 3P, 4P	
	PB502505.eps		030921d-15.eps
		<b>Tooth covers</b>	<b>Insulated connector</b>
			Compatible with all Schneider Electric comb busbars Clip onto the comb busbar's insulating material, which gives them very great stability Receive clip-on markers allowing circuit identification
<b>Use</b>			
			For 25 mm <sup>2</sup> semi-rigid cable
Set of		20	4
<b>Cat. no.</b>		<b>14818</b>	<b>14885</b>





PB00279-30.eps




IEC 60947-7-1, IEC 61439-2

## Description

Comb busbars make it easier to install Schneider Electric products.

- Can be sawn and cut in a single pass.
- Supplied with two IP20 lateral end-pieces except for 57 module references.
- The end-pieces are compulsory after cutting.
- The phases are identified by symbols on each side of the comb busbar for installation in all positions.
- Cutting marks on the insulating material.
- The special comb busbars for circuit breakers with 9 mm auxiliaries have a 9 mm gap for inserting iOF and iSD.

Acti 9 / Multi 9		18 mm poles, cuttable										
Number of poles		1P	2P	3P	4P	3 (N+P)	Aux+1P	Aux+2P	Aux+3P	Aux+4P	3 (Aux+1P)	3 (Aux+N+1P)
												
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)		100 A										
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers										
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V AC										
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		415 V AC										
Pollution degree		3										
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1		Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s										
Colour		RAL 7016 (anthracite grey)										
<b>Use</b>												
		Power supply by connector recommended										
Type		L1...	L1L2...	L1L2L3...	NL1L2L3...	NL1NL2... ...NL3	AuxL1...	AuxL1L2...	AuxL1L2L3	AuxNL1... ...L2L3	AuxL1... ...AuxL2... ...AuxL3	AuxL1... ...AuxL2... ...AuxL3
Set of		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Cat. no.</b>												
6 modules of 18 mm		<b>A9XPH106</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12 modules of 18 mm		<b>A9XPH112</b>	<b>A9XPH212</b>	<b>A9XPH312</b>	<b>A9XPH412</b>	<b>A9XPH512</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
18 modules of 18 mm		-	-	-	-	<b>A9XPH518</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
24 modules of 18 mm		<b>A9XPH124</b>	<b>A9XPH224</b>	<b>A9XPH324</b>	<b>A9XPH424</b>	<b>A9XPH524</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
57 modules of 18 mm		<b>A9XPH157</b>	<b>A9XPH257</b>	<b>A9XPH357</b>	<b>A9XPH457</b>	<b>A9XPH557</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>A9XAH157</b>	<b>A9XAH257</b>	<b>A9XAH357</b>	<b>A9XAH457</b>	<b>A9XAH657</b>	<b>A9XAH557</b> <sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> This comb busbar is only compatible in top feeding for simple lug devices and bottom feeding on double lug devices.

## Installation




PB110290-20.eps



PB110795-20.eps



## Accessories

Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P	-	-	-	
								
	<b>End-pieces</b>				<b>Tooth covers</b>		<b>Connectors</b>	
	Lateral end-pieces providing IP20 protection				Insulate teeth that have been left free		<b>Monoconnect</b> <b>Double terminals</b> Comb busbar power supply. Horizontal in-come on each side. For 35 mm <sup>2</sup> cable. Tightening torque 4 N.m	
Set of	10	10	10	10	20	4	4	
<b>Cat. no.</b>	<b>A9XPE110</b>	<b>A9XPE210</b>	<b>A9XPE310</b>	<b>A9XPE410</b>	<b>A9XPT920</b>	<b>A9XPCM04</b>	<b>A9XPCD04</b>	

IEC 60947-7-1, IEC 61439-2

### Description

Comb busbars make it easier to install Schneider Electric products. The phases are identified by symbols on each side of the comb busbar. Dismountability of devices with Acti 9.



Acti 9 / Multi 9		18 mm poles, not cuttable				
Number of poles		1P	2P	3P	4P	3 (N+P)
	PB110231-15.eps					
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)		100 A				
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers				
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V AC				
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		415 V AC				
Pollution degree		3				
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1		Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s				
Colour		RAL 7016 (anthracite grey)				
<b>Use</b>						
Type		Power supply by connector recommended				
Set of		L1	L1L2	L1L2L3	NL1L2L3	NL1NL2NL3
		1	1	1	1	1
<b>Cat. no.</b>						
12 modules of 18 mm		A9XPM112	A9XPM212	A9XPM312	A9XPM412	A9XPM512 <sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> This comb busbar is only compatible in top feeding for simple lug devices and bottom feeding on double lug devices.

### Installation



### Accessories

	PB110257-10.eps		PB110258-7.eps		PB110259-7.eps	
	<b>Tooth covers</b>		<b>Connectors</b>			
	Insulate teeth that have been left free		<b>Monoconnect</b>		<b>Double terminals</b>	
			Comb busbar power supply			
<b>Use</b>						
			Horizontal incomer on each side For 35 mm <sup>2</sup> cable Tightening torque 4 N.m			
Set of	20		4		4	
<b>Cat. no.</b>	<b>A9XPT920</b>		<b>A9XPCM04</b>		<b>A9XPCD04</b>	

	PB1108162-35.eps		PB1108164-35.eps	
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### IEC 60439-1

### Description

Comb busbars ensure:

- easy, reliable mounting of 1P + N and 3P + N, TL, CT, ID, V, BP and Cm switchgear: tooth positioning opposite the device terminals is ensured by indexing of copper parts.



C60/ID Group Feeder comb busbars contain two different parts:


- connection of Group Feeder switchgear: C60 (3P + N) or ID (3P + N) circuit breaker in 18 mm modules, powered by cables, through the bottom, directly by the terminals

- connection of Clario, Prodis and Libro switchgear in 9 mm modules.

PB502382-70eps



Acti 9 L + N		9 mm poles, cuttable					
Number of poles		1P + N			3P + N		
							
		21501			21505		
		Complete comb busbars (supplied with 4 side plates and 1 tooth cover)					
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)		80 A					
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers					
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		440 V AC					
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		230 V AC (P + N) - 400 V AC (3P + N)					
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		6 kV					
Degree of protection		IP20					
Pollution degree		3					
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1		Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s					
Colour		RAL 7035					
Number of 18 mm modules	Comb busbar	12	18	24	12	18	24
	Tooth covers	3	3	6	3	3	6
<b>Cat. no.</b>		<b>21501</b>	<b>19512</b>	<b>21503</b>	<b>21505</b>	<b>19516</b>	<b>21507</b>
<b>Comb busbars alone</b>							
Number of 18 mm modules	Comb busbar	48			48		
<b>Cat. no.</b>		<b>21089</b>			<b>21093</b>		

C60/ID Group Feeder comb busbars alone			
Number of poles		3P + N	
			
		80 A	
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers	
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		440 V AC	
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		230 V AC (P + N) - 400 V AC (3P + N)	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		6 kV	
Degree of protection		IP20	
Pollution degree		3	
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1		Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s	
Colour		RAL 7035	
Number of 18-mm modules		12	48
Power supply		Through left-hand	Through right-hand
<b>Cat. no.</b>		<b>10545</b>	<b>10547</b>

Accessories				
Number of poles	1P + N	3P + N		
				
	<b>End-pieces</b>	<b>Tooth covers (3 x 18-mm modules)</b>	<b>End-pieces (4 phases)</b>	<b>Connectors (grey)</b>
Set of	40	12	10	4
<b>Cat. no.</b>	<b>21094</b>	<b>21095</b>	<b>21096</b>	<b>21098</b>

# Linery FH

## Horizontal comb busbar for 9 mm pitch for Acti 9

IEC 60439-1

### Description

- Connection of Clario, Prodis and Librio switchgear in 9 mm modules.
- The special comb busbars for circuit breaker have a gap of 9 mm for inserting OF, SD, OF-SD/OF auxiliaries.
- The comb busbars for 3P + N circuit breakers and auxiliaries are compatible with Prisma switchboard.
- 1P + N comb busbars with Prisma and Pragma 24.

PB10901-10.eps



Acti 9		9 mm poles, cuttable			
Number of poles		1P + N	3P + N	1P + N	3P + N
		A9N21036			
		Comb busbars		Comb busbars DPN Vigi	
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)		63 A			
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers			
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V AC			
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		230 V AC ( P + N) - 400 V AC (3P + N)			
Degree of protection		IP20			
Pollution degree		3			
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1		Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s			
Colour		RAL 7035			
Number of 18-mm modules		56	56	56	56
Cat. no.		A9N21035	A9N21036	A9N21037	A9N21038

PB110901-10.eps

### Accessories

Number of poles	1P + N	3P + N			
	End-pieces	Connectors (grey)	Neutral connectors (blue)	Tooth cover (1 x 18-mm module)	
Set of	20	10	10	10	
Cat. no.	A9N21039	A9N21040	A9N21041	A9N21042	A9N21050

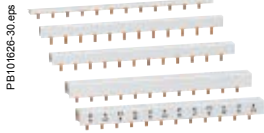
PB110904-10.eps

PB110905-10.eps

PB110906-10.eps

PB110907-10.eps

IEC 60439-1, IEC60664



### Description

Comb busbars:

- Ensure easy reliable mounting of switchgear: tooth positioning opposite the device terminals is ensured by indexing of copper parts.
- Can be sawn and cut.
- Are supplied with two IP20 lateral end-pieces (the end-pieces are compulsory).
- Unused teeth can be insulated with tooth covers.

Domae	18 mm poles, cuttable									
	1P		2P		3P		4P		3P (N + P)	
Number of poles										
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)	63 A									
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)	Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers									
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V									
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	L/N 230 V AC									
	L/L 400 V AC									
Pollution degree	3									
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1	Self-extinguishing 850 °C 30 s									
Colour	RAL 7035									
Power supply	By 16 mm <sup>2</sup> semi-rigid or 10 mm <sup>2</sup> flexible cable									
	With connector									
Number of 18 mm modules	12	57	12	57	12	57	12	57	57	57
Cat. no.	10387	10388	10389	10390	10391	10392	10393	10394	10395	10395

Installation	

Accessories					
Type	Connectors (4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> )	End-pieces (2 phases)	End-pieces (3 phases)	End-pieces (4 phases)	Tooth covers
Set of	1	10	10	10	10
Cat. no.	10397	10398	10399	10405	10396

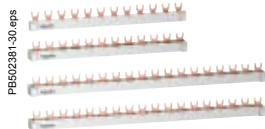
# Lineryg FH

## Horizontal biconnect comb busbar for 18 mm pitch

IEC 60664-1

### Description

Distribution and sub-distribution of the electric power supply.  
Fast assembly and disassembly of connected devices.



Horizontal biconnect comb busbar		18 mm poles, cuttable											
Number of poles	1P			2P			3P			4P			
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)	63 A												
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)	Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers												
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC												
Rated operational voltage (Ue) L/N	230 V AC												
	L/L 400 V AC												
Pollution degree	3												
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1	Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s												
Colour	RAL 7035 (grey)												
<b>Use</b>	Power supply: into box lug (25 mm <sup>2</sup> rigid or 16 mm <sup>2</sup> flexible) or by connector (35 mm <sup>2</sup> rigid or 25 mm <sup>2</sup> flexible with ferrule)												
Type	L1			L1L2			L1L2L3			L1L2L3L4			
Number 18-mm modules	12	18	57	12	18	57	12	18	57	12	18	57	
Set of	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Cat. no.	R9XFH112	R9XFH118	R9XFH157	R9XFH212	R9XFH218	R9XFH257	R9XFH312	R9XFH318	R9XFH357	R9XFH412	R9XFH418	R9XFH457	

### Installation



Horizontal biconnect comb busbar		18 mm poles, cuttable											
Number of poles	4P												
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)	63 A												
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)	Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers												
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC												
Rated operational voltage (Ue) L/N	230 V AC												
	L/L 400 V AC												
Pollution degree	3												
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1	Self-extinguishing 960 °C 30 s												
Colour	RAL 7035 (grey)												
<b>Use</b>													
Type	NL1L2L3L4 - NL1NL2NL3						NL1NL2NL3						
Number 18 mm, modules	18						18						57
Set of	1						1						1
Cat. no.	R9XFH518G						R9XFH518						R9XFH557

### Installation



### Accessories

Number of poles	1P	2P	3P	4P				
	<b>End-pieces</b>				<b>Tooth covers</b>			<b>Connectors</b>
Set of	10				20			4
Cat. no.	R9XE110	R9XE210	R9XE310	R9XE410	R9XT20			R9XFC04

PB502304-35.eps



### IEC 60664-1

#### Description

Provide a 2P supply to the main incomers from one row to the next:

- centre line between rows: 125 mm or 150 mm
- distances between terminals: 9 mm or 18 mm pitch.

### Vertical comb busbars

PB108071-10.eps



DB124283-10.eps



PB108072-10.eps



PB108073-40.eps



PB108074-40.eps

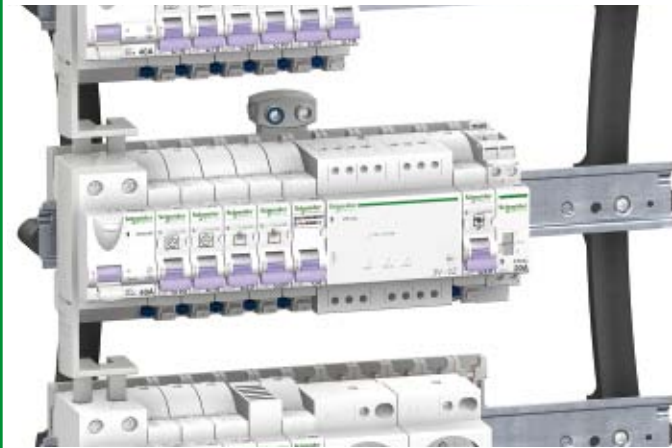


Direct power supply to circuit breaker or residual current circuit breaker terminals

Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)	80 A				
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)	Compatible with the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric circuit breakers				
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC				
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	415 V AC				
Pollution degree	3				
Fire resistance to IEC 695-2-1	Self-extinguishing 850 °C 30 s				
Distance between upstream terminals	9 mm	18 mm	18 mm	9 mm	18 mm
Distance between downstream terminals	9 mm	9 mm	18 mm	9 mm	18 mm
Centre line between rows	125 mm			150 mm	
Colour	RAL 7035 (light grey)			RAL 7016 (anthracite grey)	
Cat. no.	14900	14909	14910	14901	14911

### Installation

PB502377-90.eps





IEC 60947-7-1, IEC 61439-2



### Description

- Downstream circuits are connected from the front, to spring terminals.
- Contact pressure automatically adapts to the size of the conductor.
- Contacts are insensitive to vibrations and thermal variations.
- Only one cable (flexible or rigid) can be inserted per terminal.

### Quick distribution blocks

Number of poles		4P, incomers from top	4P, incomers from bottom
Rated operational current at 40 °C (Ie)		63 A	63 A
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		The reinforced breaking capacity due to cascading in circuit breaker combinations is maintained. The worst-case situations have been tested.	The reinforced breaking capacity due to cascading in circuit breaker combinations is maintained. The worst-case situations have been tested.
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V AC	500 V AC
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		440 V AC	440 V AC
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		6 kV	6 kV
Rated short-time withstand current (Icw)		-	-
Rated operational frequency		50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Degree of protection		IPxxB	IPxxB
Incoming terminals		1 tunnel terminal 25 <sup>2</sup> /phase	1 tunnel terminal 25 <sup>2</sup> /phase
Total connection capacity, outgoing terminals		24 connections: 4 x 6 <sup>2</sup> /phase 12 x 6 <sup>2</sup> /neutral	24 connections: 4 x 6 <sup>2</sup> /phase 12 x 6 <sup>2</sup> /neutral
Dimensions (H x W x D)		96.5 x 72 x 62 8 x 9 mm pitch	96.5 x 72 x 62 8 x 9 mm pitch
Installation		Clipped onto a DIN rail	Clipped onto a DIN rail
Other			
Standard for installation inside Prisma		IEC 61439-2	IEC 61439-2
Glow-wire 60695-2-11		960 °C	960 °C
Degree of pollution		3	3
<b>References</b>		<b>04040</b>	<b>04041</b>




### Accessories

<b>References</b>	-	-
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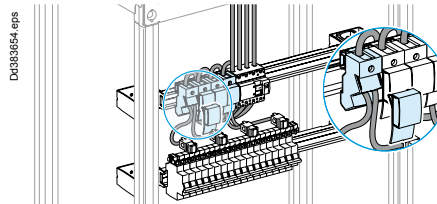
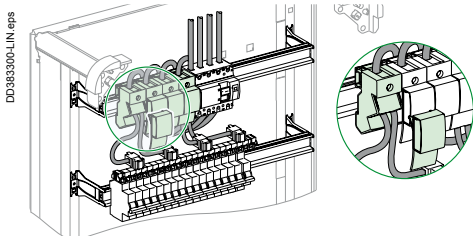
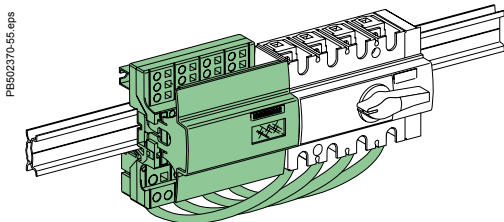


### Advantages

- A reliable electrical connection, no maintenance required (tightness guaranteed over time).
- Quick connection.
- Easy phase balancing.
- Ease of rewiring if the switchboard is expanded or modified.

4P		1P
		
125 A	160 A	160 A
20 kA/60 ms max according to IEC 61439-1	20 kA/60 ms max according to IEC 61439-1	32 kA
750 V AC	750 V AC	750 V AC
690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC
8 kV	8 kV	8 kV
4.5 kA rms/1 s	4.5 kA rms/1 s	
50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
IPxxB	IPxxB	IPxxB
1 tunnel terminal 35 <sup>2</sup> /phase	1 tunnel terminal 35 <sup>2</sup> /phase	1 tunnel terminal 70 <sup>2</sup> /phase
52 connections: 7 x 4 <sup>2</sup> /phase 3 x 6 <sup>2</sup> /phase 2 x 10 <sup>2</sup> /phase 1 x 16 <sup>2</sup> /phase (screw terminal)	52 connections: 7 x 4 <sup>2</sup> /phase 3 x 6 <sup>2</sup> /phase 2 x 10 <sup>2</sup> /phase 1 x 16 <sup>2</sup> /phase (screw terminal)	6 connections: 6 x 16 <sup>2</sup> /phase
127 x 108 x 48 8 x 9 mm pitch	127 x 108 x 48 8 x 9 mm pitch	95 x 36 x 70 4 x 9 mm pitch
Screwed to plain or slotted backplate or onto DIN rail	Screwed to plain or slotted backplate or onto DIN rail	Onto DIN rail
Possible to combine 2 terminal blocks (2 <sup>nd</sup> terminal block supplied from enclosed terminals in the 1 <sup>st</sup> , I <sub>max</sub> of 2 <sup>nd</sup> terminal block: 80 A)	Possible to combine 2 terminal blocks (2 <sup>nd</sup> terminal block supplied from enclosed terminals in the 1 <sup>st</sup> , I <sub>max</sub> of 2 <sup>nd</sup> terminal block: 80 A)	
IEC 61439-2	IEC 61439-2	IEC 61439-2
960 °C	960 °C	960 °C
3	3	3
<b>04045</b>	<b>04046</b>	<b>04031</b>

125 A flexible connectors (4)		Copper spacer (batch of 4)
<b>04047</b>	-	<b>04037</b>



IEC 60947-7-1, IEC 61439-2



**Description**

- Distribution over full rows of modular devices.
- The distribution block is generally supplied by busbars in enclosures and cubicles.
- Easy phase balancing.
- Mix of devices and functions in the same row.
- Installation  $\geq 160$  A: clipped onto the back of a modular rail or screwed onto a solid or pre-slotted plate.

**Distribution blocks**

Number of poles		4P	4P
		<b>63 A</b>	<b>80 A</b>
Rated peak withstand current (Ipk)		15 kA	15 kA
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly (Isc)		The cascading reinforced breaking capacity when combining circuit breakers is maintained. The worst-case scenarios have been tested. The characteristics are exactly right for the connected devices. Circuit breakers and switches still have their temperature derating curves, and their whole performance is maintained.	
Rated insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V AC	500 V AC
Rated operational voltage (Ue)		440 V AC	440 V AC
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		6 kV	6 kV
Maximum current (Imax)		-	-
Rated operational frequency		50/60 Hz	
Degree of protection		IPxxB	IP20
Lenght	In 9 mm modules	24	48
	In 18 mm modules	12	24
Upstream connection capacity		Tunnel terminals for cables up to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Downstream connection capacity, cable to be used without ferrules	Max. 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	Phase 2 Neutral 4	-
	Max. 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	Phase 2 Neutral 4	-
	Max. 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	Phasesw - Neutral 18	18
Accessories included	Pre-stripped copper connections	10 of 4 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 of 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (L = 100 mm)	
	Protective cover		
	Screws and nuts		
<b>References</b>		<b>04008</b>	<b>04000</b>

**Installation**

DD381664-LIN.eps

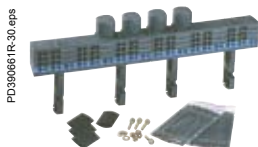
Clipped onto the back of a modular rail, or screw fixing

DB1241195-LIN.eps

Clipped onto the back of a modular rail, or screw fixing

DB1241196-LIN.eps

Can be mounted in Pragma Evolution enclosures and in Prisma Pack 160



4P	2P	3P	4P	4P
<b>160 A</b> 27 kA	<b>200 A</b> 25 kA	<b>200 A</b> 25 kA	<b>200 A</b> 30 kA	<b>200 A</b> 27 kA
The cascading reinforced breaking capacity when combining circuit breakers is maintained. The worst-case scenarios have been tested.				
750 V AC	750 V AC	750 V AC	750 V AC	750 V AC
690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC	690 V AC
8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV	8 kV
50 A for feeder for 10 mm <sup>2</sup> cable/63 A for feeder for 2 cables of 10 mm <sup>2</sup>				
50/60 Hz				
IPxxB				
24	48			72
12	24			36
Direct on directing pads by 50 mm <sup>2</sup> cables or by 20 x 3 flexible bar with a prefabricated connection from busbar				
-	-			
-	-			
6	12			
6	18			
20 of 4 mm <sup>2</sup> + 6 of 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (L = 100 mm)				
For pads (IPxxB)				
For pads				
<b>04018</b>	<b>04012</b>	<b>04013</b>	<b>04014</b>	<b>04026</b>

### Connections to the distribution block

	4P 200 A connection (supplied with fixing accessories)	4P 200 A connection (supplied with fixing accessories)	4P 200 A connection (supplied with fixing accessories)	4P 160 A connection for Linergy FM 1/2 row
Allows power supply from	Linergy BW busbar	Linergy BS busbar	Linergy BS rear busbar	Switchgear
<b>References</b>	<b>04021</b>	<b>04024</b>	<b>04029</b>	<b>04030</b>

### Spare parts

Reference	4 covers for 160/200 A Linergy FM rows
<b>Reference</b>	<b>01202</b>

PB111254-30\_1.eps



PB111253-30\_1.eps



IEC/EN 60947-7-1, IEC/EN 61439-1 & 2





### Description

- Single-pole or four-pole distribution block that can be installed on a standard DIN rail or on a mounting plate.
- Compatible with Prisma G and P, Pragma, Mini Pragma and Resbo series switchboards.
- Incomers and feeders are connected to screw terminals that accept rigid or flexible cables with ferrule.
- Optional: additional neutral terminal strip for four-pole distribution block.

### Advantages

- Simplified power supply for main incomers.
- Easy phase balancing.
- Easy, effortless cabling due to excellent accessibility.
- Visible cabling.
- Insulation between phases.
- The single-pole distribution blocks are adjacent and bridgeable via the second incoming hole for parallel connection.

### Screw distribution blocks

Number of poles	1P			4P
				
Rated operational current	125 A	160 A	250 A	100 A
Total connections capacity	10	13	14	4 x 7
<b>Terminal capacity</b>				
Diameter	2 x Ø 9.5 mm	2 x Ø 12 mm	1 x Ø 15.3 mm	2 x Ø 7.5 mm
	2 x Ø 7.5 mm	3 x Ø 7.5 mm	1 x Ø 10 mm	5 x Ø 5.5 mm
	6 x Ø 5.8 mm	8 x Ø 5.8 mm	4 x Ø 6 mm	-
	-	-	8 x Ø 7.5 mm	-
Rated peak withstand current (I <sub>pk</sub> /60 ms)	25 kÅ	36 kÅ	60 kÅ	14 kÅ
	I <sub>pk</sub> /6 ms	-	-	24 kÅ
Rated short-time withstand current (I <sub>cw</sub> ) (IEC/EN 60947-7-1)	4.2 kA rms/1 s	8.4 kA rms/1 s	14.4 kA rms/1 s	3 kA rms/1 s
Width (number of 9 mm pitches)	3	4	5	8
Dimension (H x W x D)	85 x 27 x 50.5	85 x 36 x 50.5	85 x 45 x 50.5	100 x 71 x 50.5
Weight (g)	125	163	239	210
Neutral terminal strip (optional)	-	-	-	LGYN1007
<b>References</b>	<b>LGY112510</b>	<b>LGY116013</b>	<b>LGY125014</b>	<b>LGY410028</b>

### Technical data

#### Common characteristics

To IEC/EN 60947-7-1 and IEC/EN 61439-1 & 2

Rated insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC
Rated operational voltage (Ue)	230 V AC (Ph/N) 440 V AC (Ph/Ph)
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	8 kV
Rated conditional short-circuit current of an assembly	Up to the breaking capacity of Schneider Electric feeder circuit breakers, even in cascading configuration
Network frequency	50/60 Hz
Pollution degree	3
Overvoltage category	III

#### Additional technical characteristics

Reference temperature	40 °C
Operating temperature	-25 °C to 55 °C
Dielectric withstand (IEC/EN 60947-1)	2500 V AC

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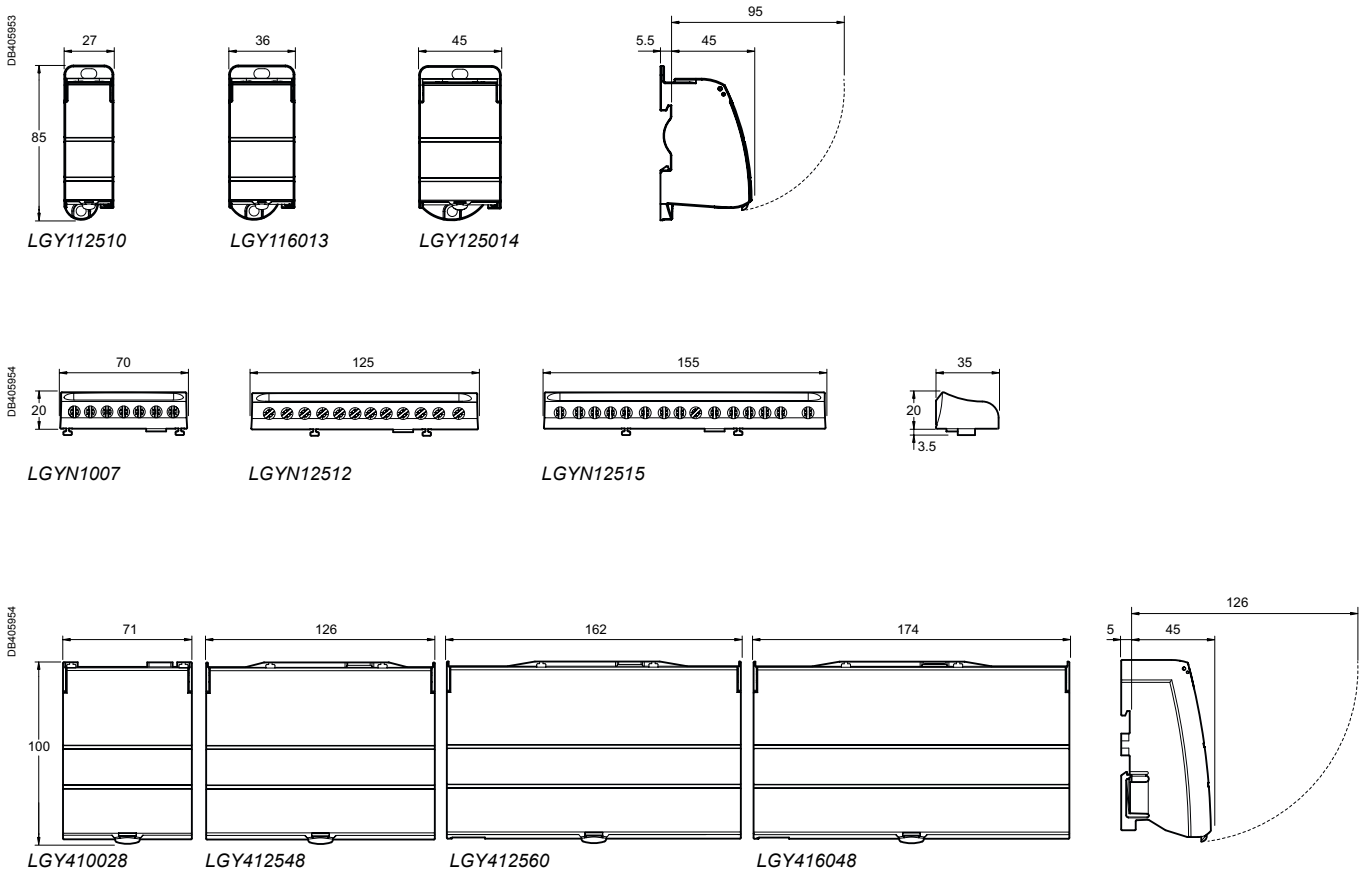
On LGY412560 and LGY416048 references.  
Input cabling facilitated by side terminals.

			Neutral terminal strip			
125 A		160 A	100 A	125 A		
4 x 12	4 x 15	4 x 12	7	12		15
1 x Ø 9 mm	1 x Ø 9.5 mm	1 x Ø 12 mm	2 x Ø 7.5 mm	1 x Ø 9 mm		1 x Ø 9.5 mm
7 x Ø 7.5 mm	3 x Ø 8.5 mm	3 x Ø 9 mm	5 x Ø 5.5 mm	7 x Ø 7.5 mm		3 x Ø 8.5 mm
4 x Ø 6.5 mm	11 x Ø 6.5 mm	8 x Ø 7.5 mm	-	4 x Ø 6.5 mm		11 x Ø 6.5 mm
-	-	-	-	-		-
18 kA	18 kA	22 kA	-	-		-
26 kA	28 kA	36 kA	-	-		-
4.2 kA rms/1 s	4.2 kA rms/1 s	8.4 kA rms/1 s	-	-		-
14	20	18	7	14		17
100 x 126 x 50.5	100 x 162 x 50.5	100 x 174 x 50.5	20 x 70 x 35	20 x 125 x 35		20 x 155 x 35
390	559	567	63	111		149
LGYN12512	LGYN12515	LGYN12512	-	-		-
<b>LGY412548</b>	<b>LGY412560</b>	<b>LGY416048</b>	<b>LGYN1007</b>	<b>LGYN12512</b>		<b>LGYN12515</b>

### Terminal technical data

Type	PZ2 screw							
Diameter	Ø 5.5 mm	Ø 5.8 mm	Ø 6 mm	Ø 6.5 mm	Ø 7.5 mm	Ø 8.5 mm	Ø 9 mm	Ø 9.5 mm
Section rigid cable	1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
Section flexible cable or with ferrule	1.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
Tightening torque	2 N.m	2 N.m	2 N.m	2 N.m	2 N.m	2 N.m	2.5 N.m	2.5 N.m
Type	Hc screw							
Diameter	Ø 9.5 mm	Ø 10 mm	Ø 12 mm		Ø 15.3 mm			
Section rigid cable	10 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	25 to 70 mm <sup>2</sup>		35 to 120 mm <sup>2</sup>			
Section flexible cable or with ferrule	6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>		25 to 95 mm <sup>2</sup>			
Tightening torque	8 N.m	4 N.m	1P: 9 N.m	4P: 5 N.m	14 N.m			

### Dimensions (mm)





## IEC/EN 61131-2

Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave and Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet are used to transfer data from Acti 9 devices to a PLC or monitoring system via the communication system:

- Modbus serial line for Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave
- Modbus Ethernet TCP/IP or http for Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet.

## Functions

### Data transmission between the network and Acti 9 devices

- Circuit breakers, residual current circuit breakers, residual current devices:
  - open/closed state
  - tripped state
  - number of opening/closing cycles
  - number of tripping actions.
- Contactors, impulse relays:
  - opening control
  - closing control
  - open/closed state
  - number of opening/closing cycles
  - total period of operation of the load (device closed).
- Remote controlled circuit breaker/Reflex iC60:
  - opening control
  - closing control
  - open/closed state
  - tripped state
  - number of opening/closing cycles
  - total period of operation of the load.
- Power meters:
  - number of pulses recorded
  - pulse value setting (e.g. kWh)
  - total consumption recorded
  - estimate of power consumption.
- Analog sensors only for Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet:
  - temperature sensor
  - humidity sensor,
  - CO<sub>2</sub> detector,
  - optical detector
  - ...

PB107797-47



DE404802



All the data are stored in memory: number of cycles, consumption, period of operation, even in the event of a power failure.

Acti 9 Smartlink can also exchange data with any device having 24 V DC digital inputs/outputs.

No configuration of the connected products is required.

When Acti 9 Smartlink is switched on, communication automatically adjusts to the Modbus Master or Ethernet (PLC, control station) communication parameters.

## Installation


- Mounting in switchboards:
  - width 24 modules per row
  - minimum spacing between rails 150 mm.
- Mounting on
  - DIN rail, with mounting kit **A9XMFA04**
  - Linergy FM 80 A, with locking clips supplied
  - Linergy FM 200 A, with mounting kit **A9XM2B04**.

## Test

- The communication and cabling test for the connected devices can be performed using Acti 9 Smart Test software

**Acti 9 Smart Test software**

- Electrical continuity test
- Functional testing of the devices
- Report printing
- Printing of a simplified diagram
- Project archiving
- Compatible with Windows XP, Windows 7, Windows 8
- To be download on: Schneider Electric web sites:
  - schneider-electric.com or
  - schneider-electric country web site



DB405140

DB406513



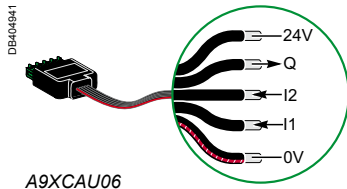




Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave



Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet



A9XCAU06



PB107804-43

## Catalogue numbers

Acti 9 Smartlink			
Type		Set of	
Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave		1	<b>A9XMSB11</b>
Supplied with	Modbus connector	1	
	24 V DC power supply connector	1	
	Locking clips for mounting on Linergy FM 80	2	
Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet		1	<b>A9XMEA08</b>
Supplied with	Connector for 4-point analog output	1	
	Modbus connector	1	
	24 V DC power supply connector	1	
	Locking clips for mounting on Linergy FM 80	2	
Accessories			
USB cable link / Modbus for Acti 9 Smartlink test		1	<b>A9XCATM1</b>
Prefabricated cables			
With 2 connectors	Short: 100 mm	6	<b>A9XCAS06</b>
	Medium-sized: 160 mm	6	<b>A9XCAM06</b>
	Long: 870 mm	6	<b>A9XCAL06</b>
With 1 connector	Long: 870 mm	6	<b>A9XCAU06</b>
Connectors	5-pin connectors (Ti24)	12	<b>A9XC2412</b>
Mounting kit	DIN rail (4 feet, 4 straps, 4 adapters)	1	<b>A9XMFA04</b>
	Linergy FM 200 A (4 adapters)	1	<b>A9XM2B04</b>
Spare parts	Lock for Linergy FM 80 A (2 clips)	1	<b>A9XMLA02</b>

## Connectable devices

With Ti24 interface		
Type	Reference	Description
iACT24	A9C15924	Low-level control and indication auxiliary for iCT contactors
iATL24	A9C15424	Low-level control and indication auxiliary for iTL impulse relays
iOF+SD24	A9A26897	Low-level indication auxiliary for iC60, iD, ARA, RCA, iSW-NA
OF+SD24	A9N26899	Low-level indication auxiliary for C60, C120, DPN, RCCB/iD, C60H-DC
RCA	See module CA904011	Remote control with Ti24 interface
Reflex iC60	See module CA904012	Reflex iC60 with Ti24 interface
Without Ti24 interface		
Power meters with pulse output, e.g. IEM2000T		
Impulse meters complying with the IEC 62053-21 standard		
24 V DC indicator lamps, Harmony XVL range		
All loads not exceeding 100 mA, 24 V DC		
Light sensitive switches: example IC2000		
Timers, thermostats, time switches, load shedding devices		
All 24 V DC auxiliary contacts, IEC 61131-2 type 1		
With analog outputs		
Temperature and humidity sensors, with a 0-10 V or 4-20 mA output		
CO <sub>2</sub> and optical detectors, with a 0-10 V or 4-20 mA output		



## Example of an installation

**Ethernet link**

- 10/100 MB Ethernet, Modbus TCP server

**1 analog input channel**

- Example: temperature sensor connection

**Modbus Communication**

- Up to 8 Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave or others slaves Modbus connected

**Prefabricated cables**

- Simplified cabling
- Fast and safe

## Connection to the Ethernet network

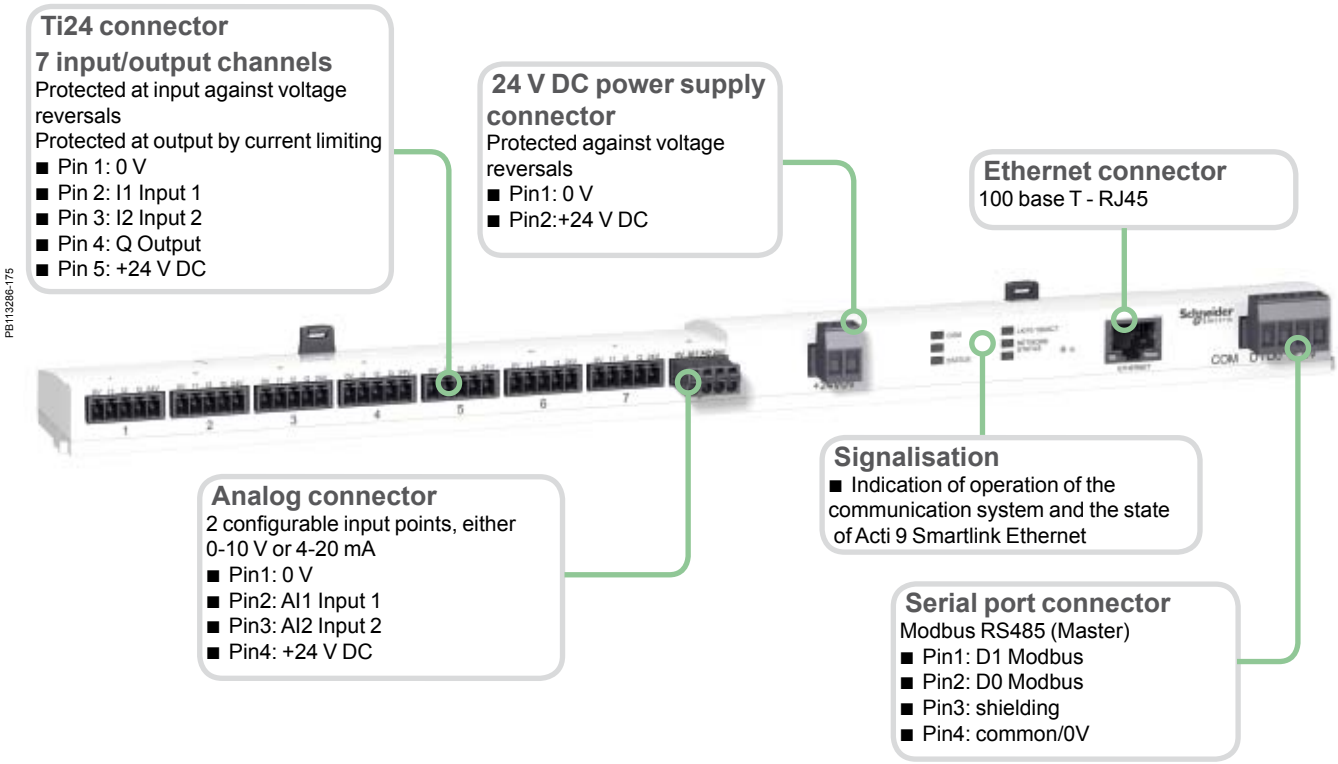
Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet has an embedded web server that can be used to configure the connection to the Ethernet network

**Web page**

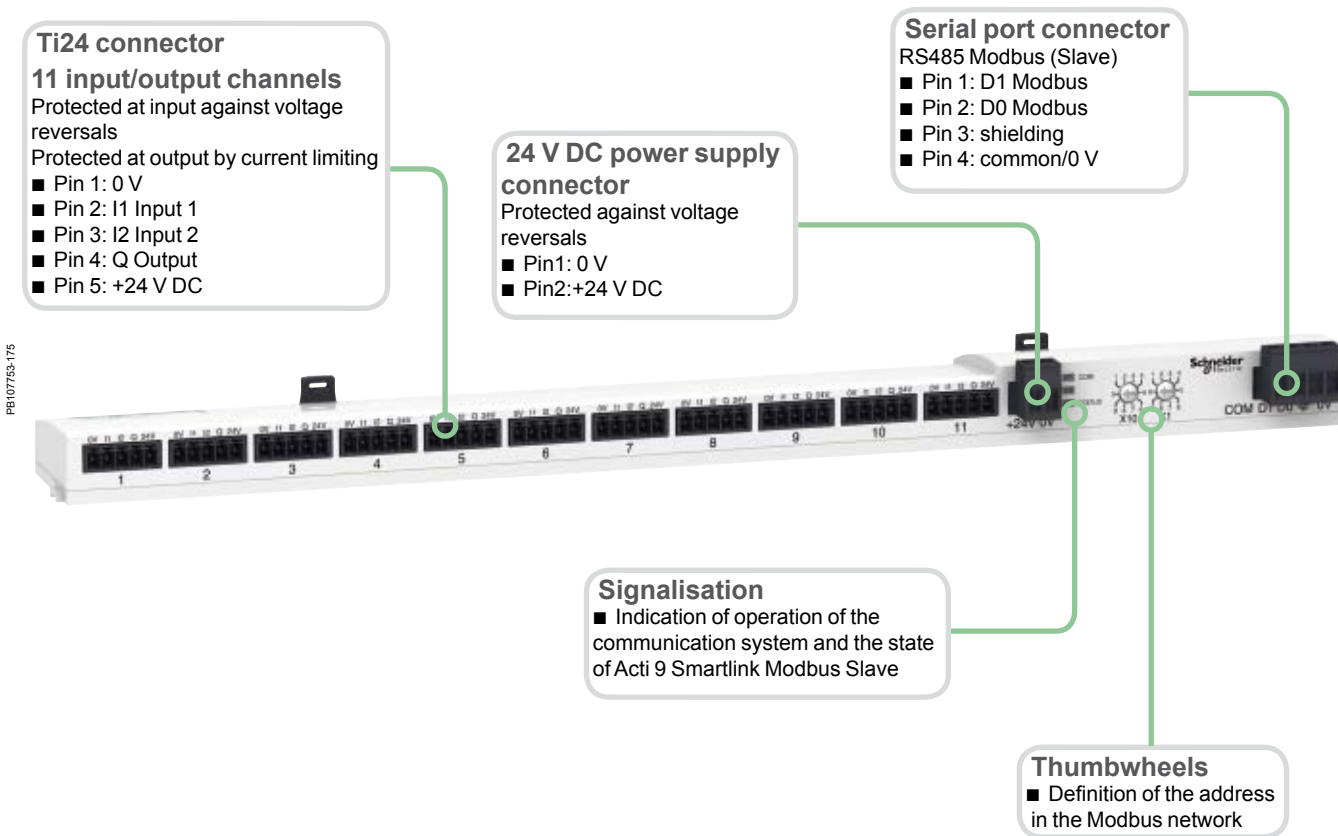
Measured Values	
Name in Dashboard	
0 Breaker with Tripped status !!	
<b>Current</b>	
Current Phase 1	12 A
Current Phase 2	12 A
Current Phase 3	12 A
<b>Voltage</b>	
Voltage Phase 1	230 V
Voltage Phase 2	230 V
Voltage Phase 3	230 V
Total energy consumption	3000 A

- Web Page available, to configure Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet communication Ethernet parameter, to visualize or control data

## Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet



## Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave



## Common technical characteristics

Power supply		
Rated		24 V DC $\pm$ 20 %
Maximum input current		1.5 A
Maximum inrush current		3 A
Meter		
Capacity		2 <sup>32</sup> pulses per input
Input characteristics		
Number of channels	Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave	11 of 2-input channels
	Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet	7 of 2-input channels
Type of input		Current collector Type 1 IEC 61131-2
Maximum cable length		500 m
Rated voltage		24 V DC
Voltage limits		24 V DC $\pm$ 20 %
Rated current		2.5 mA
Maximum current		5 mA
Filtering time	In state 1	2 ms
	In state 0	2 ms
Isolation		No isolation between channels
Negative sequence voltage protection		Yes
Output characteristics		
Number of output channels	Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave	11
	Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet	7
Type of output		24 V DC 0.1 A current source
Maximum cable length		500 m
Rated voltage	Voltage	24 V DC
	Maximum current	100 mA
Filtering time	In state 1	2 ms
	In state 0	2 ms
Voltage drop (voltage in state 1)		1 V max
Maximum inrush current		500 mA
Leakage current		0.1 mA
Overvoltage protection		33 V DC
Environmental characteristics		
Temperature	Operating	-25°C ... +60°C (if vertical mounting, limited to 50°C)
	Storage	-40°C...+80°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 93% at 40°C)
Resistance to voltage dips		10 ms, class 3 as per IEC 61000-4-29
Degree of protection		IP20
Pollution degree		3
Altitude	Operating	0 ... 2000 m
Vibration resistance	As per IEC 60068.2.6	1 g / $\pm$ 3.5 mm - 5 Hz to 300 Hz - 10 cycles
Shock resistance	As per IEC 60068.2.2.7	15 g / 11 ms
Immunity to electrostatic discharge	As per IEC 61000-4-2	Air: 8 kV Contact: 4 kV
Immunity to radiated magnetic fields	As per IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m - 80 MHz to 3 GHz
Immunity to fast transients	As per IEC 61000-4-4	1 kV for inputs/outputs and Modbus communication. 2 kV for 24 DC power supply - 5 kHz - 100 kHz
Immunity to conducted magnetic fields	As per IEC 61000-4-6	10 V from 150 kHz to 80 MHz
Immunity to magnetic fields at mains frequency	As per IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m
Resistance to corrosive atmospheres	As per IEC 60721-3-3	Level 3C2 on H <sub>2</sub> S / SO <sub>2</sub> / NO <sub>2</sub> / Cl <sub>2</sub>
Fire resistance	For live parts	At 960°C 30 s / 30 s as per IEC 60 695-2-10 and IEC 60 695-2-11
	For other parts	At 650°C 30 s / 30 s as per IEC 60 695-2-10 and IEC 60 695-2-11
Salt spray test	As per IEC 60068.2.52	Severity 2
Environment		In compliance with the RoHS directive
Additional characteristics		
Duration of saving memory		10 years
Prefabricated cables characteristics		
Dielectric resistance		1 kV / 5 min
Minimum draw-out resistance		20 N

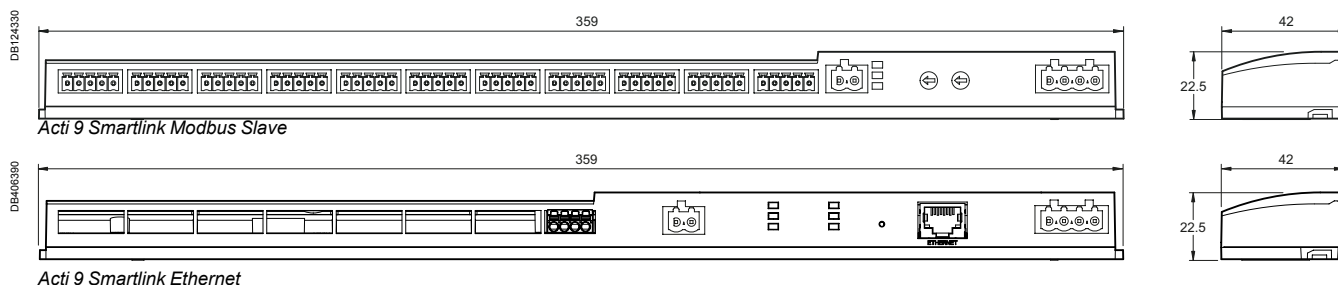
## Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave technical characteristics

Characteristics of the Modbus link		
Link	Modbus, RTU, RS485 serial connection	
Transmission	Transfer rate	9600 baud ... 19200 baud, self-adaptable
	Medium	Shielded cable, double twisted pair
Protocol	Master/Slave	
Type of device	Slave	
Modbus addressing range	1 to 99	
Maximum length of the bus	1000 m	
Type of bus connector	4-pin connector	

## Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet technical characteristics

Characteristics of the Ethernet link		
Link	10/100 MB Ethernet	
Protocol	Modbus TCP server http (Web pages)	
Address mode	Static and dynamic (supplied, by default, in dynamic mode)	
Characteristics of Gateway		
Protocol	Modbus TCP/IP -> Modbus SL	
Modbus slave number	8	
Modbus addressing range	1 to 247	
Characteristics of the Modbus Master link		
Link	Modbus serial connection, RTU, RS485	
Transmission	Transfer rate	9600 baud ... 19200 baud, self-adaptable
	Support	Shielded cable, double twisted pair
Maximum length of the bus	1000 m	
Type of bus connector	4-pin connector	
Characteristics of the analog inputs		
Number	2	
Type	Separate configuration for each input, either 0-10 V or 4-20 mA	
Measuring accuracy	1/100 full scale	
Resolution	12 bits	
Acquisition time	500 ms	
Isolation	No isolation between channels	
Power supply	0-24 V DC	
Type of cable	Shielded cable, double twisted pair	
Maximum cable length	30 m	
Protection	Short-circuit protection	

## Dimensions (mm)



## Weight (g)

Acti 9 Smartlink	
Type	
Acti 9 Smartlink Modbus Slave	195
Acti 9 Smartlink Ethernet	180

## Connection

	Terminal	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
			Rigid	Flexible	Flexible with ferrule
<p>DB123560</p> <p>Connector cat. no: A9XC2412</p>	Ti24 interface	Spring loaded terminal	DB123545	DB123553	DB123554
<p>DB40517</p>	Analog connector	0.8 N.m	0.1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
<p>DB124331</p>	Power supply connector	0.8 N.m	0.2 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
<p>DB405141</p>	Modbus connector	0.8 N.m	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.25 mm <sup>2</sup>
<p>DB405142</p>					



■ The electrical auxiliaries are combined with iC60 circuit breakers, iID residual current circuit breakers, remote tripping switch disconnectors iSW-NA, RCA remote controls and ARA automatic reclosers; they enable tripping or remote indication of their position (open/closed/tripped) upon a fault.

■ They are fastened by clips (without tools) to the left side of the breaker.

■ The iOF/SD+OF auxiliary is a 2-in-1 product: via a mechanical selector switch, it provides two contacts, OF+SD or OF+OF.

■ The iOF+SD24 auxiliary can report open/closed (OF) status information and intentional or fault tripping of the associated device (SD) to the Acti9 Smartlink or a programmable logic controller via the Ti24 interface (24 V DC).

## Tripping auxiliaries:

### IEC/EN 60947-1

- iMN: undervoltage release
- iMNs: delayed undervoltage release
- iMNx: undervoltage release, independant from supply voltage
- iMX: shunt release
- iMX+OF: shunt release with open/close contact.

### EN 50550

- iMSU: overvoltage release.

## Indication auxiliaries:

### IEC/EN 60947-5-1

- iOF: open/close contact
- iSD: fault indicating contact
- iOF/SD+OF: open/close contact and switchable OF or SD contact
- iOF+SD24: open/close contact OF and default indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface.

### IEC/EN 60947-5-4

- iOF+SD24: open/close contact OF and default indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface.





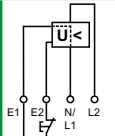
DB404939



DB404940



# Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW-NA, RCA and ARA (cont.)



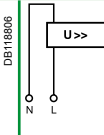
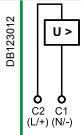
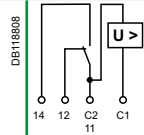
		Tripping					
Auxiliaries		iMN		iMNs		iMNx	
Type		Undervoltage release					
		Instantaneous		Delayed		Independent of the supply voltage	
							
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trips the device with which it is combined when its input voltage decreases (between 70 % and 35 % <math>U_n</math>). Prevents device closing again until its input voltage is restored</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not tripping on transient voltage dip (up to 0.2 s)</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tripping of the associated device by opening of the control circuit (e.g. push-button, dry contact)</li> <li>A drop in the supply voltage does not trip the associated device</li> <li>A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration</li> </ul>	
Wiring diagrams							
Use		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stoppage by normally closed push button</li> <li>Ensures the safety of power supply circuits for several machines by preventing "uncontrolled" restarting</li> </ul>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stoppage with fail-safe principle</li> <li>Insensitive to control circuit voltage variation to increase service continuity</li> <li><b>Important: Before any servicing operation switch off the mains power supply (voltage presence at terminals E1/E2)</b></li> </ul>	
Catalogue numbers		A9A26960	A9A26961	A9A26959	A9A26963	A9A26969	A9A26971
iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW-NA, RCA et ARA		■	■	■	■	■	■
iC60, iID double terminals		■	■	■	■	■	■
<b>Technical specifications</b>							
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC	220...240	48	115	220...240	220...240	380...415
	V DC	—	48	—	—	—	—
Standardised operating and non-response to voltage times (Ua)*		—	—	—	—	—	—
Maximum operating time		—	—	—	—	—	—
Minimum non-response time		—	—	—	—	—	—
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60	—	400	50/60	50/60	—
Red mechanical indicator		On front face			On front face		On front face
Test function		—			—		—
Width in 9 mm modules		2			2		2
Operating current		—			—		—
Number of contacts		—			—		—
Operating temperature	°C	-35...+70			-35...+70		-35...+70
Storage temperature	°C	-40...+85			-40...+85		-40...+85

\*(Ua)






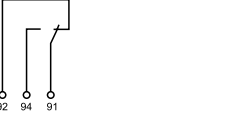
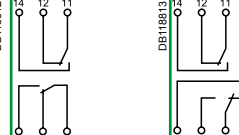
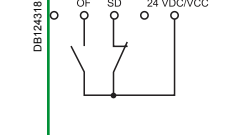
Volts measured between the phase and the neutral conductor, at which the IMSU device must control the associated protective device.



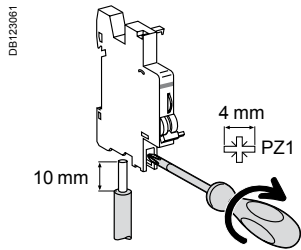
# Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW-NA, RCA and ARA (cont.)





iMSU					iMX			iMX+OF			
Overvoltage release					Shunt release			With Open/Close auxiliary contact			
											
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Switches off the power supply by opening the breaker with which it is combined, in the event that the phase/neutral voltage is exceeded (loss of neutral). For a four-phase network, use three iMSU tripping auxiliaries</li> </ul>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trips the breaker when powered</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Includes an open/close contact (OF) to indicate the "open" or "closed" position of the breaker</li> </ul>			
											
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protection of equipment against overvoltages on the electrical network (neutral conductor break)</li> <li>Voltage monitoring between phase and neutral conductors</li> </ul>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stoppage by normally open push button</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stoppage by normally open push button</li> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated breaker</li> </ul>			
<b>A9A26500</b>					<b>A9A26476</b>	<b>A9A26477</b>	<b>A9A26478</b>	<b>A9A26946</b>	<b>A9A26947</b>	<b>A9A26948</b>	
■					■	■	■	■	■	■	
■					■	■	■	■	■	■	
230					100...415	48	12...24	100...415	48	12...24	
-					110...130	48	12...24	110...130	48	12...24	
255 V AC					275 V AC	300 V AC	350 V AC	400 V AC	-	-	-
No tripping					15 s	5 s	0.75 s	0.20 s	-	-	-
					3 s	1 s	0.25 s	0.07 s	-	-	
50/60					50/60			50/60			
On front face					On front face			On front face			
-					-			-			
2					2			2			
-					-			≤ 24 V DC      10 mA mini, 6 A maxi 48 V DC      2 A ≤ 130 V DC      1 A ≤ 240 V AC      6 A 415 V AC      3 A 1 NO/NC			
-35...+70					-35...+70			-35...+70			
-40...+85					-40...+85			-40...+85			

# Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW-NA, RCA and ARA (cont.)

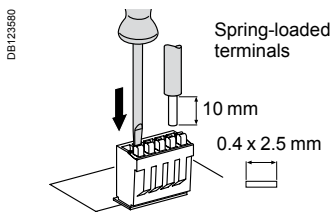
		Indication						
Auxiliaries		iOF	iSD	iOF/SD+OF	iOF+SD24			
Type		Open/close auxiliary contact	Fault indicating contact	Double open/close or fault indicating contact	Double open/close and fault indicating contact			
		 <p>PB104474-35</p>	 <p>PB104476-35</p>	 <p>PB104475-35</p>	 <p>PB107750-35</p> <p>ComReady</p>			
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicates "open" or "closed" position of the breaker</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicates position of the breaker; upon:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>electrical fault</li> <li>action on tripping auxiliary</li> </ul> </li> <li>Same indication as VISI-TRIP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The iOF/SD+OF auxiliary is a 2-in-1 product: via a mechanical selector switch, it provides two contacts, OF+SD or OF+OF</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 contacts (1 NO + 1 NC) can report the signalling information of the associated device to the Acti 9 Smartlink or a programmable logic controller:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>electrical fault</li> <li>actuation of the tripping auxiliary</li> <li>"Open" or "Closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Wiring diagrams		 <p>DB11881/0</p>	 <p>DB11881/1</p>	 <p>DB11881/2 (OF position) DB11881/3 (SD position)</p>	 <p>DB12451/6</p>			
Use		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated breaker</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of tripping upon a fault of the associated breaker</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of position and/or tripping upon a fault of the associated breaker</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of position and tripping upon a fault of the associated breaker</li> </ul>			
Catalogue numbers		<b>A9A26924</b>	<b>A9A26869</b>	<b>A9A26927</b>	<b>A9A26855</b>	<b>A9A26929</b>	<b>A9A26897</b>	
iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW-NA, RCA et ARA		■	–	■	–	■	■	
iC60, iID double terminals		–	■	–	■	■	■	
<b>Technical specifications</b>								
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC	240...415		240...415		240...415		–
	V DC	24...130		24...130		24...130		24
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60		50/60		50/60		–
Red mechanical indicator		–		On front face		On front face		On front face
Test function		On toggle		On toggle		On toggle		On toggle
Width in 9 mm modules		1		1		1		1
Operating current	24 V DC	10 mA mini, 6 A maxi		10 mA mini, 6 A maxi		10 mA mini, 6 A maxi		2 mA mini, 100 mA maxi
	48 V DC	2 A		2 A		2 A		–
	60 V DC	1.5 A		1.5 A		1.5 A		–
	130 V DC	1 A		1 A		1 A		–
	240 V AC	6 A		6 A		6 A		–
	415 V AC	3 A		3 A		3 A		–
Number of contacts		1 NO/NC		1 NO/NC		1 NO/NC + 1 NO/NC		1 NO/NC
Operating temperature	°C	-35...+70		-35...+70		-35...+70		-25...+70
Storage temperature	°C	-40...+85		-40...+85		-40...+85		-40...+85



## Connection



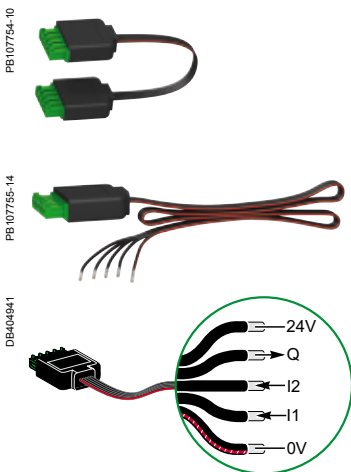
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Multi-cables	
		Rigid	Flexible	Rigid	Cables with ferrule
		 DB122945	 DB123007	 DB123011	 DB123008
Indication auxiliaries	1 N.m	1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Tripping auxiliaries	1 N.m	1 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Ti24 connector connection



Type	Catalogue numbers	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible
		 DB122945	 DB123553
Ti24 interface	<b>A9XC2412</b>	1 x 0,5 à 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 0,5 à 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Ti24 prefabricated cables connection



Type	Catalogue numbers	Length
<b>Connection for Acti 9 Smartlink</b>		
6 short prefabricated	<b>A9XCAS06</b>	100 mm
6 medium-sized prefabricated	<b>A9XCAM06</b>	160 mm
6 long prefabricated	<b>A9XCAL06</b>	870 mm
<b>Connection for PLC type terminals</b>		
6 long prefabricated on a single side	<b>A9XCAU06</b>	870 mm

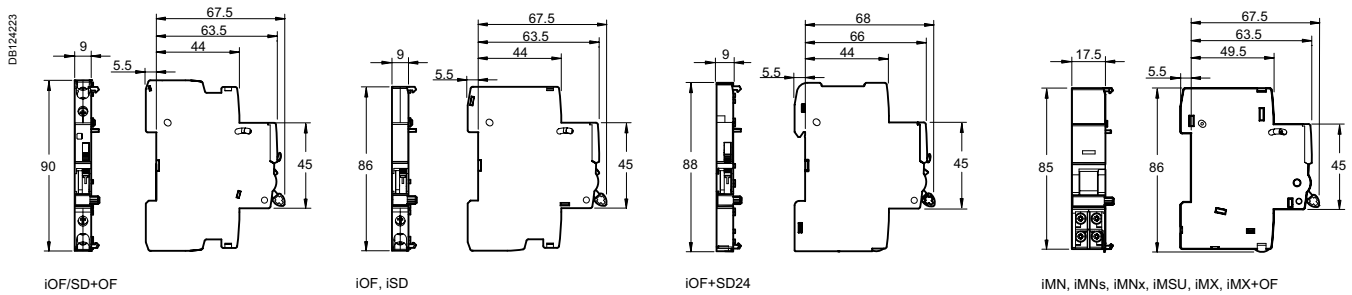
# Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iDPN Vigi, iSW-NA, RCA and ARA (cont.)

## Technical data

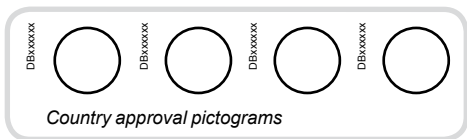
### Weight (g)

Electrical auxiliaries	
Type	
iMN	69
iMNs	72
iMNx	79
iMSU	68
iMX	64
iMX+OF	68
iOF	32
iSD	33
iOF/SD+OF	43
iOF+SD24	25

### Dimensions (mm)



# iMDU electrical auxiliary for Reflex iC60



A9C18195

The voltage matching module allows safety voltages of 24 and 48 V AC/DC to be used on the control inputs.

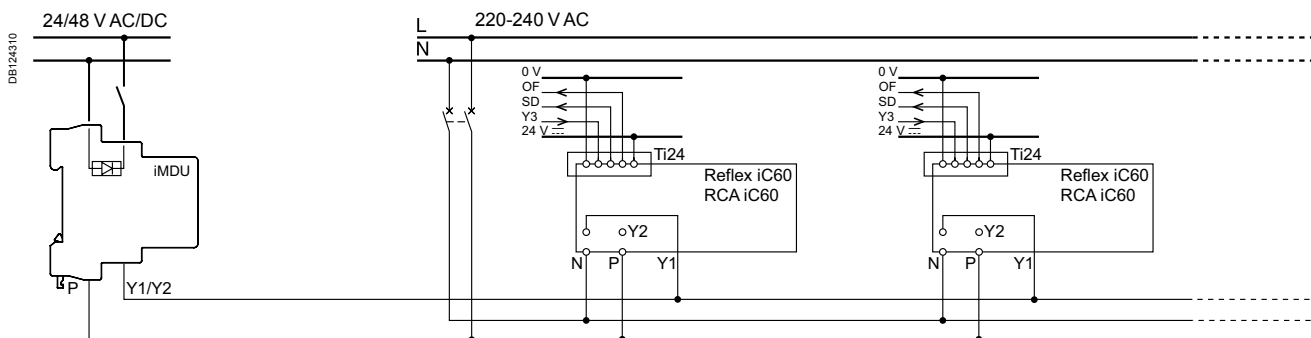
- Only connects to the Reflex iC60 circuit breakers remote controlled by a 220-240 V control voltage
- Galvanic isolation 6000 V
- Maximum combined power between terminals P and Y1/Y2: 100 mA at 230 V and 25°C.

## Catalogue numbers

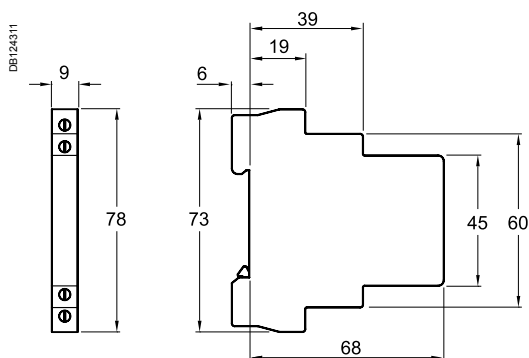
Electrical auxiliary for Reflex iC60		
Type		Width in 9 mm modules
iMDU	A9C18195	1

## Diagram

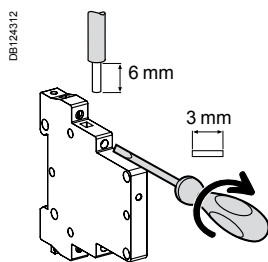
An iMDU electrical auxiliary allows up to a maximum of five Reflex iC60 to be controlled simultaneously at the same input Y1 or Y2.



## Dimensions (mm)



## Connection



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iMDU	1 N.m	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Technical data

Main characteristics		
Control circuit voltage	24...48 V AC/DC	
Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V	
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Operating temperature	-20°C to +60°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +80°C	
Tropicalisation	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)	
Weight	53 g	



# Electrical auxiliaries for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC devices

- The electrical auxiliaries provide the remote tripping or position (open/closed/tripped) indication functions of these devices in the event of a fault.
- They clip on (no tool required) to the left-hand side of the associated device.
- The OF+SD/OF auxiliary is a two-in-one product: a mechanical selector switch is used to select one of two contacts: OF+SD or OF+OF.
- The OF+SD24 auxiliary can report open/closed (OF) status information and intentional or fault tripping of the associated device (SD) to the Acti9 Smartlink or a programmable logic controller via the Ti24 interface (24 V DC).



- The electrical auxiliaries are not compatible with ID residual current circuit breakers of type B.

## Tripping auxiliaries:

### IEC/EN 60947-1

- MN: undervoltage release
- MNs: delayed undervoltage release
- MNx: undervoltage release, independent of the supply voltage
- MX: shunt release
- MX+OF: shunt release with open/closed contact.

### EN 50550

- MSU: overvoltage release.

## Indication auxiliaries:




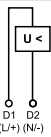
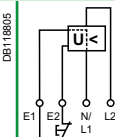
### IEC/EN 60947-5-1

- OF.S: open/closed contact for ID
- OF: open/closed contact
- SD: fault indicating contact
- OF+SD/OF: choice of open/closed contact and OF or SD contact via the selector switch
- OF+SD24: open/close contact OF and cfault indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface.

### IEC/EN 60947-5-4

- OF+SD24: open/close contact OF and cfault indicating contact SD with Ti24 interface.

# Electrical auxiliaries for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC devices




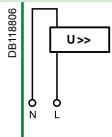
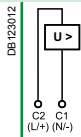
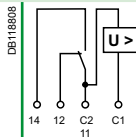
		Tripping						
Auxiliaries		MN		MNs		MNx		
Type		Undervoltage release						
		Instantaneous		Delayed		Independent of the supply voltage		
								
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Causes the device with which it is associated to trip when its input voltage decreases (between 70 % and 35 % of <math>U_n</math>). Prevents the device from closing until its input voltage has been restored</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No tripping in the event of transient voltage dips (up to 0.2 s)</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tripping of the associated device by opening of the control circuit (e.g. push-button, dry contact)</li> <li>A drop in the supply voltage does not trip the associated device</li> <li>A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration</li> </ul>	
Wiring diagrams								
Utilization		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop via a normally-closed pushbutton</li> <li>Ensures the safety of the power supply circuits of several machines by preventing accidental startups</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fail-safe emergency stop</li> <li>Insensitive to the variation in the control circuit voltage to improve continuity of service</li> <li><b>Important: Before any servicing operation switch off the mains power supply (voltage presence at terminals E1/E2)</b></li> </ul>			
Catalogue numbers		<b>A9N26960</b>	<b>A9N26961</b>	<b>A9N26959</b>	<b>A9N26963</b>	<b>A9N26969</b>	<b>A9N26971</b>	
C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID		■	■	■	■	■	■	
C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC		■	■	■	■	■	■	
Technical specifications								
Rated voltage (U <sub>e</sub> )	V AC	220...240	48	115	220...240	230	400	
	V DC	–	48	–	–	–	–	
Standardised operating and non-response to voltage times (U <sub>a</sub> )*		–	–	–	–	–	–	
Maximum operating time		–	–	–	–	–	–	
Minimum non-response time		–	–	–	–	–	–	
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60		400	50/60	50/60		
Mechanical state indicator light, red		On front face			On front face		On front face	
Test function		–			–		–	
Width in 9 mm modules		2			2		2	
Operating current		–			–		–	
Number of contacts		–			–		–	
Operating temperature	°C	-25...+50			-25...+50		-25...+50	
Storage temperature	°C	-40...+85			-40...+85		-40...+85	
Standards								
IEC/EN 60947-1		■			■		■	
IEC/EN 60947-5-1		–			–		–	
EN 60947-2		■			■		–	
EN 62019-2 <sup>(1)</sup>		–			–		–	

(1) For C120, DPN.






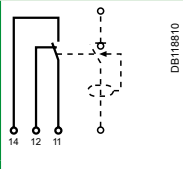
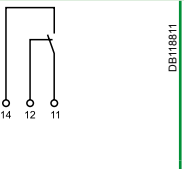
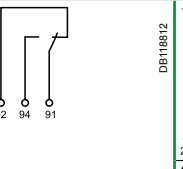
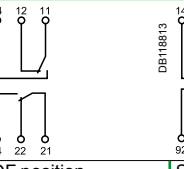
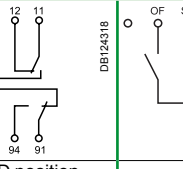
\*(U<sub>a</sub>): Voltages measured between the phase and the neutral conductor, at which the MSU device must control the associated protective device.



# Electrical auxiliaries for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC devices

MSU					MX			MX+OF		
Voltage threshold release					Shunt release			With Open/Close auxiliary contact		
										
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cuts off the power supply by opening the device with which it is associated when the phase/neutral voltage is exceeded (loss of neutral). For a four-phase network, use three MSU tripping auxiliaries</li> </ul>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trips the associated device when it is powered on</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Includes an open/close contact (OF) to indicate the "open" or "closed" position of the breaker</li> </ul>		
										
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protection of the devices against overvoltages on the electrical network (break in the neutral conductor)</li> <li>Monitoring the voltage between the phase conductor and the neutral conductor</li> </ul>					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop via a normally-open pushbutton.</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop via a normally-open pushbutton</li> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated device</li> </ul>		
<b>A9N26500</b>					<b>A9N26476</b>	<b>A9N26477</b>	<b>A9N26478</b>	<b>A9N26946</b>	<b>A9N26947</b>	<b>A9N26948</b>
■					■	■	■	■	■	■
-					■	■	■	■	■	■
230					100...415	48	12...24	100...415	48	12...24
-					110...130	48	12...24	110...130	48	12...24
255 V AC										
275 V AC										
300 V AC										
350 V AC										
400 V AC										
No tripping										
15 s										
5 s										
0.75 s										
0.20 s										
3 s										
1 s										
0.25 s										
0.07 s										
50/60					50/60			50/60		
On front face					On front face			On front face		
-					-			-		
2					2			2		
-					-			3 A / 415 V AC		
-					-			6 A / ≤ 240 V AC		
-					-			1 NO/NC		
-25...+50					-25...+50			-25...+50		
-40...+85					-40...+85			-40...+85		
■					■			■		
-					-			-		
-					-			-		
-					-			-		

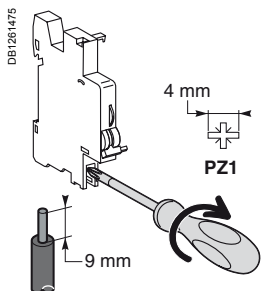
# Electrical auxiliaries for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC devices

		Indication				
Auxiliaries		OF.S	OF	SD	OF+SD/OF	OF+SD24
Type		Open/closed auxiliary contact	Open/closed auxiliary contact	Fault indicating contact	Double open/closed or fault indicating contact	Double open/close and fault indicating contact
						 <span style="border: 1px solid green; border-radius: 10px; padding: 2px;">ComReady</span>
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul> <p><b>⚠ Compulsory for the addition of tripping or indication auxiliaries on a residual current circuit breaker ID</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Changeover contact indicating the position of the associated device in the event of:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>electrical fault</li> <li>action on the tripping auxiliary</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>⚠ Not compatible with a ID residual current circuit breaker, use an OF+SD/OF in the SD position</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The OF+SD/OF auxiliary is a two-in-one product: choice of OF + SD or OF + OF contact via the selector switch</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 contacts (1 NO + 1 NC) can report the signalling information of the associated device to the Acti 9 Smartlink or a programmable logic controller:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>electrical fault</li> <li>actuation of the tripping auxiliary</li> <li>"Open" or "Closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Wiring diagrams						
					OF position	SD position
Utilization		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of the position of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote fault tripping indication of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote position and/or fault tripping indication of the associated device</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remote indication of position and tripping upon a fault of the associated breaker</li> </ul>
Catalogue numbers		<b>A9N26923</b>	<b>A9N26924</b>	<b>A9N26927</b>	<b>A9N26929</b>	<b>A9N26899</b>
ID		■	■	■	■	■
C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, C60H-DC, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC		–	■	■	■	■
Technical specifications						
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC	24...415	24...415	24...415	24...415	–
	V DC	24...130	24...130	24...130	24...130	24
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	–
Mechanical state indicator		–	–	On front face	On front face	On front face
Test function		–	On front face	On front face	On front face	On toggle
Width in 9 mm modules		1	1	1	1	1
Operating current		3 A / 415 V AC 6 A / ≤ 240 V AC				2 mA mini, 100 mA maxi
Number of contacts		1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC	1 NO/NC + 1 NO/NC	1 NO + 1 NC
Operating temperature	°C	-25...+50	-25...+50	-25...+50	-25...+50	-25...+70
Storage temperature	°C	-40...+85	-40...+85	-40...+85	-40...+85	-40...+85
Standards						
IEC/EN 60947-1		–	–	–	–	–
IEC/EN 60947-5-1		■	■	■	■	■ IEC 60947-5-4
EN 60947-2		–	–	–	–	–
EN 62019-2 <sup>(1)</sup>		■	■	■	■	–

(1) For C120, DPN.

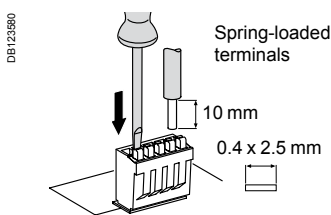
# Electrical auxiliaries for C60, C120, DPN, DPN Vigi, ID, C60H-DC, SW60-DC, C60PV-DC, C60NA-DC, C120NA-DC devices

## Connection



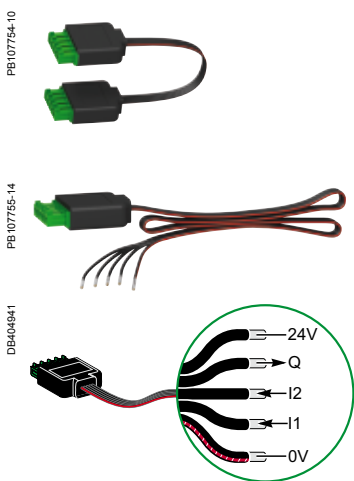
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
Indication and tripping auxiliaries	1 N.m	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Ti24 connector connection



Type	Catalogue numbers	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible
Ti24 interface	A9XC2412	1 x 0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Ti24 prefabricated cables connection

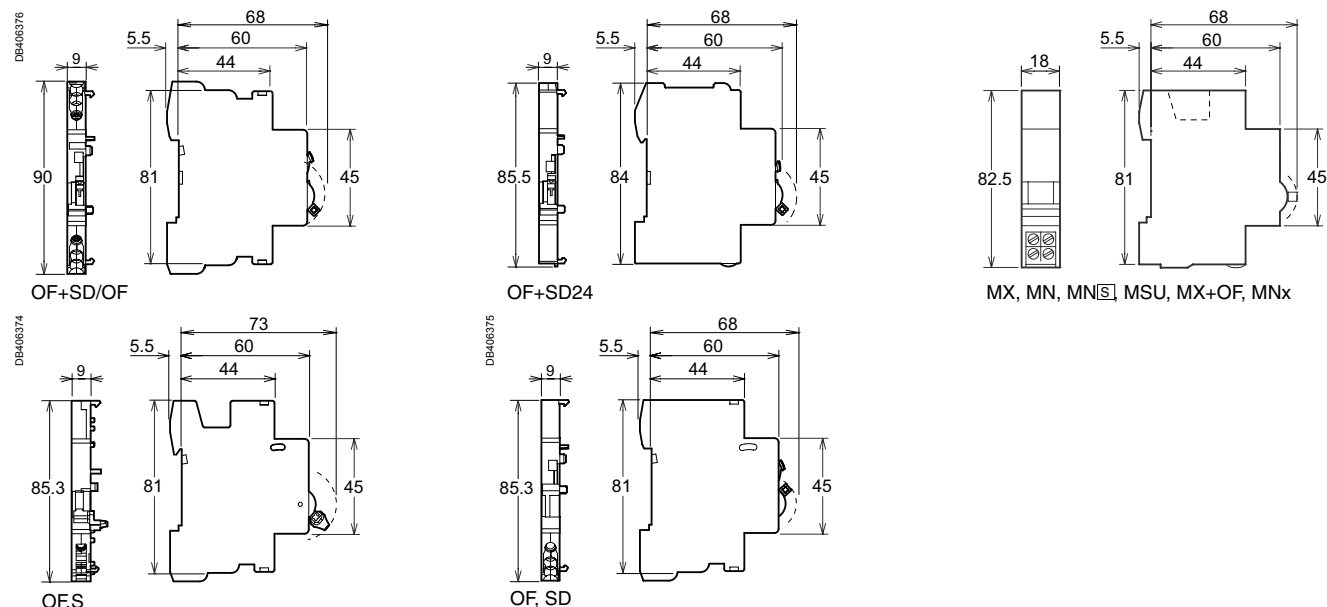


Type	Cat. no.	Length
<b>Connection for Acti 9 Smartlink</b>		
6 short prefabricated	A9XCAS06	100 mm
6 medium-sized prefabricated	A9XCAM06	160 mm
6 long prefabricated	A9XCAL06	870 mm
<b>Connection for PLC type terminals</b>		
6 long prefabricated on a single side	A9XCAU06	870 mm

## Weight (g)

Electrical auxiliaries	
Type	Weight (g)
MN	66
MNs	66
MNx	73
MSU	66
MX	60
MX+OF	65
OF.S	33
OF	30
SD	30
OF+SD/OF	38
OF+SD24	28

## Dimensions





- The electrical auxiliaries are combined with NG125 circuit breakers and NG125 switch-disconnectors; they provide the remote tripping or position (open/closed/tripped) indication functions of these devices in the event of a fault.
- They clip on (no tool required) to the left-hand side of the associated device.

## IEC/EN 60947-2

- Tripping auxiliaries:
  - MN: undervoltage release
  - MNx: undervoltage release, independent of the supply voltage
  - MX+OF: shunt release with open/closed contact
  - MXV: shunt release for Vigi add-on residual current device.


## IEC/EN 60947-5-1

- Indication contacts:
  - OF+OF: open/closed contact
  - OF+SD: fault indicating contact
  - MX+OF: shunt release with open/closed contact
  - SDV: fault indicating contact for Vigi add-on residual current device.

DB123424

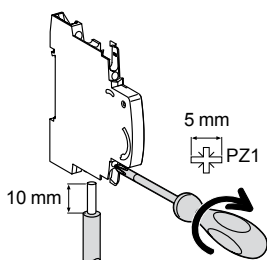



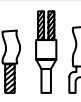


## Combination table

Electrical auxiliaries		Device
Indication auxiliaries	Tripping auxiliaries	 088602N SE-30 NG125
2 (OF+OF or OF+SD)	Max. quantity + 1 (MX+OF or MN or MNx)	




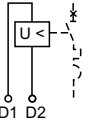
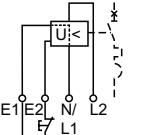
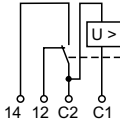
## Connection

DB123413



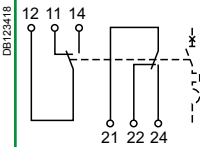
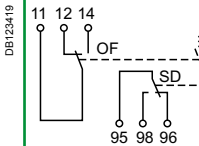


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables		Multi-cable terminal	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule	Flexible or rigid cables	Cables with ferrule
Indication contacts	1 N.m	 DB122845 0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 DB123411 0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 DB123011 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 DB123412 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Tripping auxiliaries	1 N.m	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>



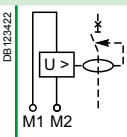
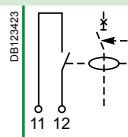
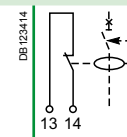
# Electrical auxiliaries for NG125 devices and for Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices (cont.)

		Tripping								
Auxiliaries		MN			MNx		MX+OF			
Type		Undervoltage release						Shunt release		
		Instantaneous			Independent of the supply voltage			With open/closed auxiliary contact		
										
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Causes tripping of the device with which it is combined when its input voltage decreases (between 70% and 35% of <math>U_n</math>). Prevents closing of the device until its input voltage has been restored</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tripping of the associated device by opening of the control circuit (e.g. push-button, dry contact)</li> <li>A drop in the supply voltage does not trip the associated device</li> <li>A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Causes tripping of the associated device when powered</li> <li>Includes an open/closed contact (OF) to indicate the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul>			
Wiring diagrams										
Utilization		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency stop by normally-closed pushbutton</li> <li>Ensures safety of the power supply circuits for several machines by preventing untimely restarting</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fail-safe emergency stop</li> <li>Insensitive to variations in the control circuit voltage for improved continuity of service</li> <li><b>Important: Before any servicing operation switch off the mains power supply (voltage presence at terminals E1/E2)</b></li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provided with a self-interrupting contact</li> </ul>			
Catalogue numbers		19067	19069	19070	19061	19064	19065	19066	19063	
Technical specifications										
Rated voltage ( $U_e$ )	V AC	230...240	48	–	220...240	230...415	48...130	24	12	
	V DC	–	–	48	–	110...130	48	24	12	
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60			50/60	50/60				
Mechanical state indicator light, red	On front face									
Width in 9 mm modules	2			4		2				
Current rating	–									
	≥ 240 V AC						3 A			
	< 240 V AC						6 A			
	130 V CC						1 A			
	≤ 48 V CC						2 A			
Number of contacts	–									
	≤ 24 V CC						6 A			
Operating temperature	°C	-25...+60			-25...+60		-25...+60			
	°C	-40...+85			-40...+85		-40...+85			

## Indication

OF+OF	OF+SD
Auxiliary contact	Fault indicating contact
	
<p>■ Double changeover contact indicating "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</p>	<p>■ Double changeover contact indicating:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> the position of the associated device in the event of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- electrical fault</li> <li>- actuation of the tripping auxiliary</li> </ul> </li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> the "open" or "closed" position of the associated device</li> </ul>
	
<p>■ Remote indication of the position of the associated device</p>	<p>■ Remote indication of tripping upon a fault of the associated device</p>
<b>19071</b>	<b>19072</b>
-	-
-	-
50/60	50/60
-	-
1	1
240 V AC      6 A	240 V AC      6 A
415 V AC      3 A	415 V AC      3 A
2 NO/NC	2 NO/NC
-25...+60	-25...+60
-40...+85	-40...+85

# Electrical auxiliaries for NG125 devices and for Vigi NG125 add-on residual current devices (cont.)

		Indication	
Auxiliaries		MXV	SDV
Type		Shunt release	Vigi fault indicating contact
			
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>At power up, actuates tripping of a circuit breaker or residual current circuit breaker</li> <li>It is provided with a self-interrupting contact</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Normally-closed or normally-open contact indicating tripping upon an earth fault (including tripped by MXV)</li> </ul>
Wiring diagrams			 
Utilization		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adaptable to 125 A Vigi add-on residual current device, all types, and to 63 A Vigi add-on residual current device, adjustable</li> <li>Impulse withstand voltage: 6 kV</li> <li>High-impedance input: use an iACTp if the leakage current in the control unit exceeds 1 mA (e.g. illuminated pushbutton)</li> </ul>	
Catalogue numbers		19060	19058   19059
<b>Suitable for the following devices:</b>			
NG125		–	–
Vigi NG125		■	■
<b>Technical specifications</b>			
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC	110...240	250
	V DC	110	–
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60
Number of contacts		–	1 NO   1 NC
Current rating		–	0.1 to 1 A (AC14)
Operating temperature	°C	-25...+60	-25...+60
Storage temperature	°C	-40...+85	-40...+85





The RCA remote control system allows:

- Remote electrical control (opening and closing) of circuit breakers with or without Vigi add-on RCD, with or without auxiliary.
- Circuit-breaker resetting after tripping, in accordance with safety principles and the regulations in force.
- Local control by operating handle.
- Circuit placing in safety configuration by padlocking.

2 choices of operation after tripping:

- A: Enabling of remote circuit-breaker resetting;
- B: Inhibition of remote resetting.

The version with Ti24 interface allows:

- Direct interfacing of remote control with a programmable logic controller (PLC), a supervision system and any other communication device, having inputs/outputs in 24 V DC (control, OF and SD indications).
- Fast, reliable connection of the remote control to the Acti 9 Smartlink thanks to the prefabricated cables.
- Remote indication by "OF" potential-free contact.
- Provision of 2 operating modes, "1 and 3".

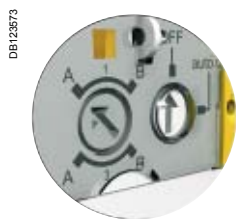
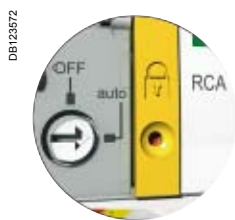
The iMDU auxiliary allows RCA control in 24/48 V AC/DC.

### Catalogue numbers

RCA remote control			
Type			Width in 9 mm modules
<b>For circuit breakers 1P, 1P+N, 2P</b>	<b>Voltage</b>		
Without Ti24 interface	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70112</b>	7
With Ti24 interface	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70122</b>	7
<b>For 3P, 4P circuit breakers</b>			
Without Ti24 interface	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70114</b>	7
With Ti24 interface	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70124</b>	7
<b>Auxiliaries</b>		<b>See module CA907000 and CA907002</b>	



Without Ti24 interface

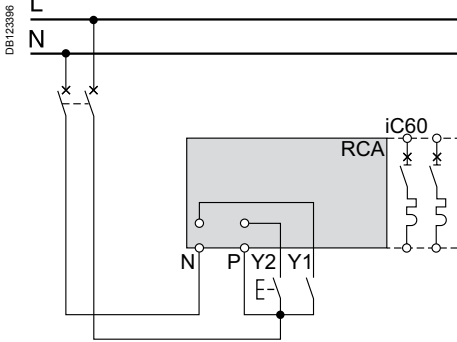


With Ti24 interface

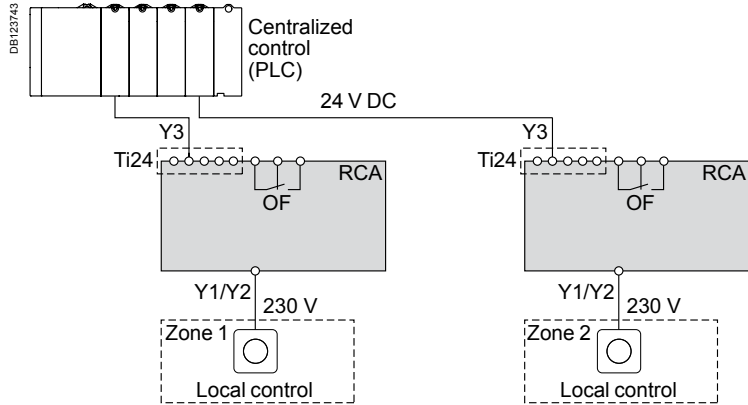
Type		Application
<b>OFF</b>		All remote control inhibited
<b>auto</b>	<b>A</b>	Circuit breaker remote reclosing after tripping allowed
	<b>B</b>	Circuit breaker remote reclosing after tripping inhibited
<b>Green indicator lamp</b>		Remote control possible
<b>Orange indicator lamp</b>		Remote control impossible
<b>1 (Ti24)</b>		Mode 1
<b>3 (Ti24)</b>		Mode 3
<b>Y1</b>		Latched order local control
<b>Y2</b>		Impulse-type or latched order local control (depending on mode)
<b>Y3</b>		Latched order centralized control

### Standard RCA

■ The orders received on terminals Y1 and Y2 are taken into account progressively in their order of arrival.



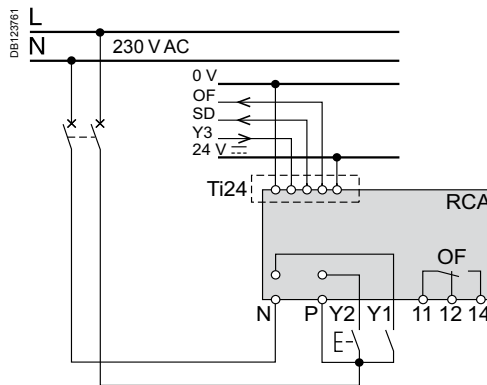
### RCA Ti24



### Mode 1: Locally or centrally controlled circuit-breaker opening/closing

- The orders come from various control points, and they are taken into account in their order of arrival
- Y1: Latched order local control
- Y2: Impulse-type local control
- Y3: Latched order centralized control

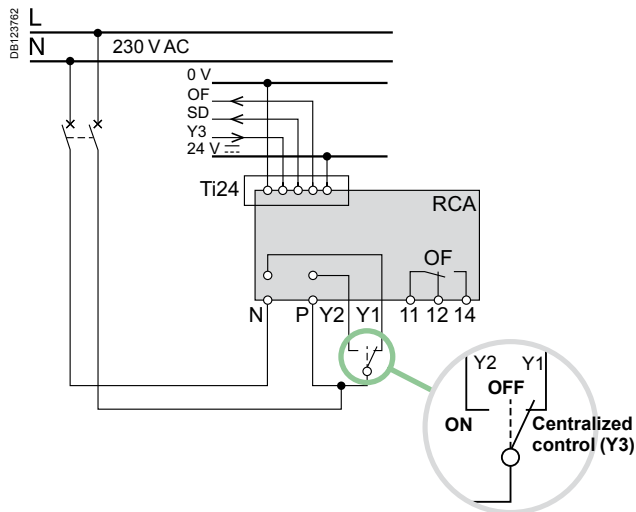
### RCA Ti24 mode 1



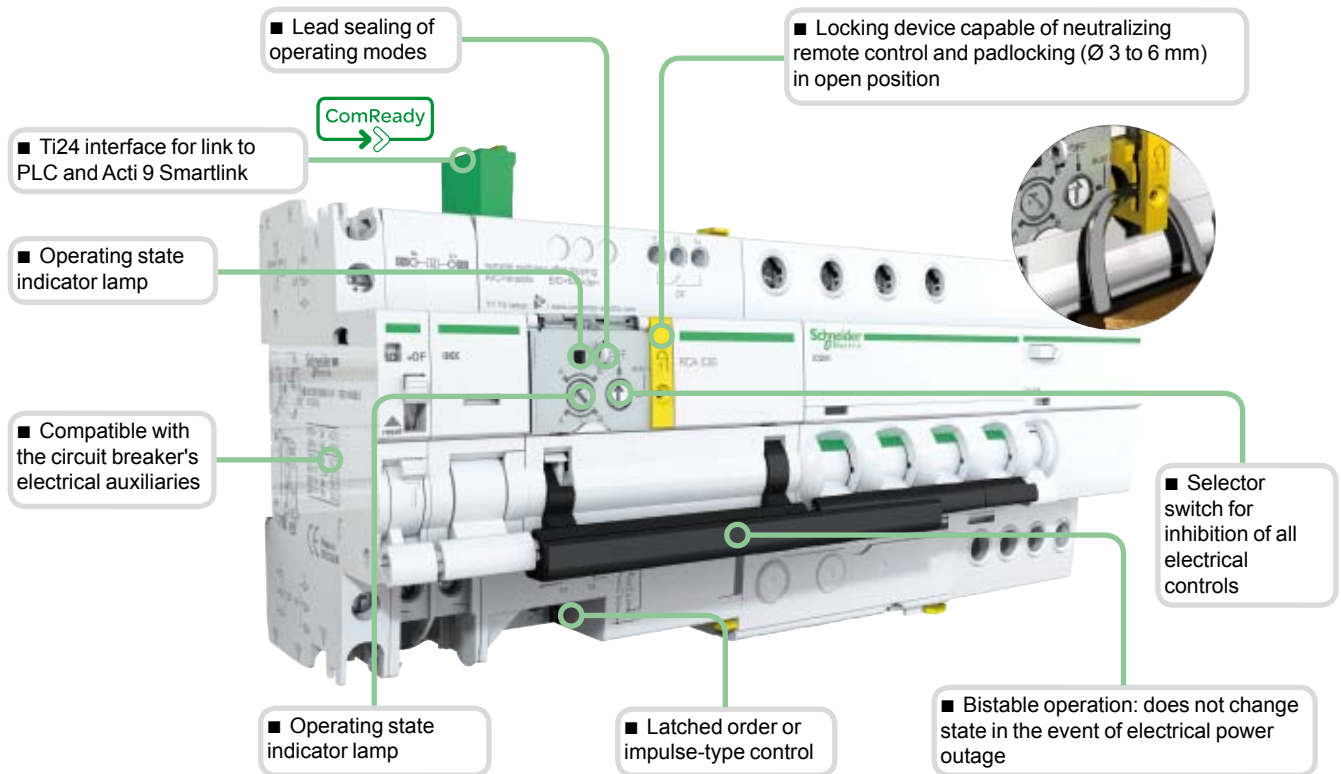
### Mode 3: Centrally controlled opening/closing + local override

- 3 positions allowing a choice between override and centralized control:
- Y1: Latched order local control
- Y2: Latched order local control
- Y3: Latched order centralized control

### RCA Ti24 mode 3



DB123576



DB123763



DB123578



DB123579

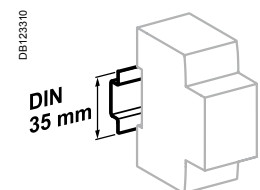
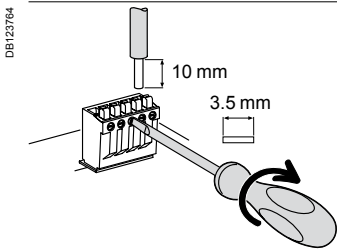
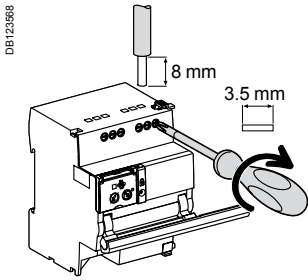
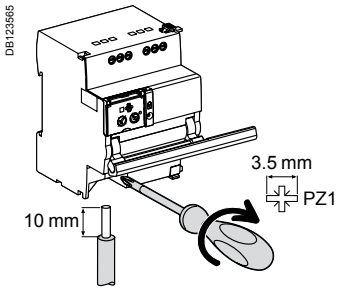


### Legend

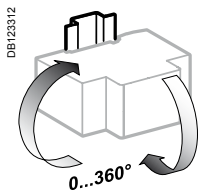
Type	Application
+24VDC	V DC power supply
Y3	Latched order centralized control
SD	Circuit-breaker tripping information
OF	Control circuit state information (open/closed)
0 V	V DC power supply
Y1	Latched order local control
Y2	Impulse-type or latched order local control (depending on mode)
N	230 V AC power supply
P	
OF	Circuit-breaker state indication contact (open/closed)



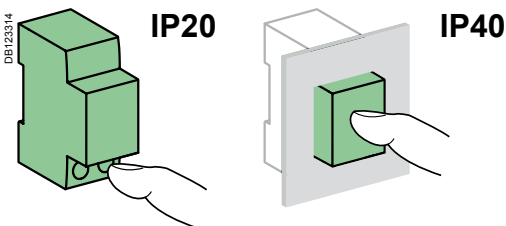
## Connection



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Without accessories

Terminal	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
		Rigid	Flexible	Flexible with ferrule
Power supply (N/P) Inputs (Y1/Y2)	1 N.m	0.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Outputs (OF)	0.7 N.m	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Ti24 interface	Spring-loaded terminals	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	-

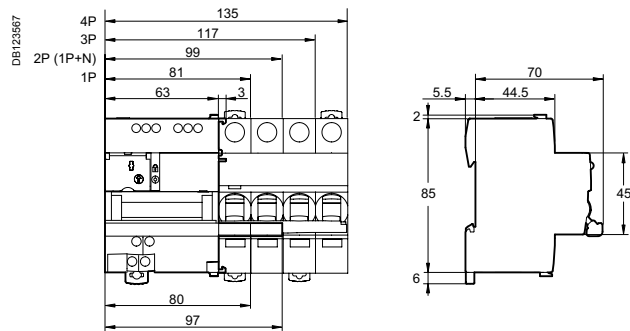
## Technical data

Control circuit		
Supply voltage (Ue) (N/P)		230 V AC, 50/60 Hz
Control voltage (Uc)	Type 1 inputs (Y1/Y2)	230 V AC (as per IEC 61131-2)
Min. duration of control order (Y2)		≥ 200 ms
Response time (Y2)		< 500 ms
Consumption		≤ 1 W
Thermal self-protection with automatic Reset against overheating of the control circuit due to an abnormal number of operations		
Endurance (O-C) (RCA combined with a circuit breaker)		
Electrical/Mechanical		10,000 cycles
Indication / Remote control		
Potential free changeover contact output (OF)	Min.	24 V AC/DC, 10 mA
	Max.	230 V AC, 1 A
Input (Y1/Y2)	230 V AC	5 mA
Ti24 interface (as per IEC 61131)		
Type 1 input (Y3)	24 V DC	5.5 mA
Output (OF and SD)	24 V DC	In max.: 100 mA
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Insulation voltage (Ui)		400 V
Degree of pollution (IEC 60947)		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		6 kV
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 93 % at +40°C)

## Weight (g)

Remote controls	
Type	RCA
For 1P, 1P+N, 2P circuit breakers	400
For 3P, 3P+N, 4P circuit breakers	430

## Dimensions (mm)



# ARA automatic reclosers

For iC60 circuit breakers  
and iID residual current circuit breakers



ARA iC60



ARA iID

The ARA reclosing auxiliary can:

- Perform automatic reclosing of the associated protection device, after tripping.
- Increase the availability of installations without supervision, isolated, hard of access and demanding very great availability (mobile telephony systems, motorways, pumping stations, airports, railways, meteorological stations, service stations, automatic teller machines, public lighting, tunnels, etc.), by restoring them to operation without intervention by personnel in the event of a transient fault (atmospheric disturbances, industrial overvoltages, etc.).
- For the ARA iC60, the operator can choose predefined reclosing program which allows the safety and availability of facilities to be reconciled taking into account the facility's environment.
- The circuit is placed in safety configuration by the padlocking device.

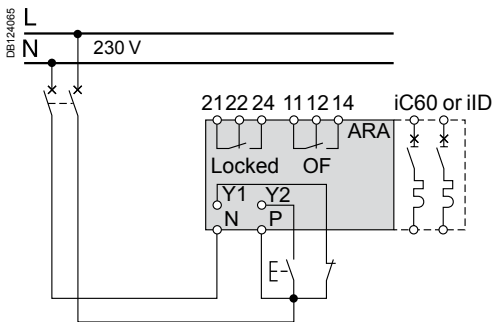
## Catalogue numbers

ARA iC60				
For circuit breaker				Width in 9 mm modules
1P, 1P+N, 2P	Number of programs	Voltage		
	4	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70132</b>	7
3P, 4P	4	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70134</b>	7

ARA iID				
For residual current circuit breaker				Width in 9 mm modules
2P	Number of programs	Voltage		
	1	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70342</b>	7
4P	1	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	<b>A9C70344</b>	7
Auxiliaries			See module <b>CA907000</b> and <b>CA907002</b>	

## Diagram



Legend		
Type	Application	
1	2	Choice of program (ARA iC60)
4	3	
Y1	"Remote" inhibition of automatic reclosing	
Y2	Remote control of final reclosing	
N	230 V power supply	
P		
Locked	21 22 24	Automatic recloser inhibition indication contact
OF	11 12 14	Indicates the state of the circuit breaker or residual current circuit breaker (opened or closed)
Indicator lamp	Flashing green	▲▲▲▲ ARA automatic recloser operational
	Flashing red	▲▲▲▲ Reclosing cycle in progress
	Fixed red	■ ARA automatic recloser locked at end of reclosing cycle: circuit breaker or residual current circuit breaker tripped (open)
	Flashing orange	▲▲▲▲ ARA automatic recloser not operational

# ARA automatic reclosers (cont.)

For iC60 circuit breakers

and iID residual current circuit breakers





## Operating principle

The ARA automatic recloser makes a number of attempts at reclosing depending on the program chosen by the user.

The program includes the following settings:

- A time delay before reclosing (TA).
- A reinitialization time delay (TB).
- A maximum number of reclosing attempts.

If, following these attempts, the fault is still present, the device places itself in waiting for manual reclosing, or final remote reclosing (Y2).

ARA iC60		Number of reclosing attempts	Delay before reclosing	Check time	Final reclosing Y2
			TA	TB	
<b>Program</b>					
DB124061  DB124062  DB124063  DB124064 	1	60 s	6 min.	Once after inhibition	
	3	60 s 3 min. 3 min.	2 min. 6 min. 6 min.		
	5	60 s 3 min. 3 min. 3 min. 3 min.	2 min. 6 min. 6 min. 6 min. 6 min.		
	5	60 s 3 min. 4 min. 5 min. 6 min.	2 min. 6 min. 8 min. 10 min. 12 min.		

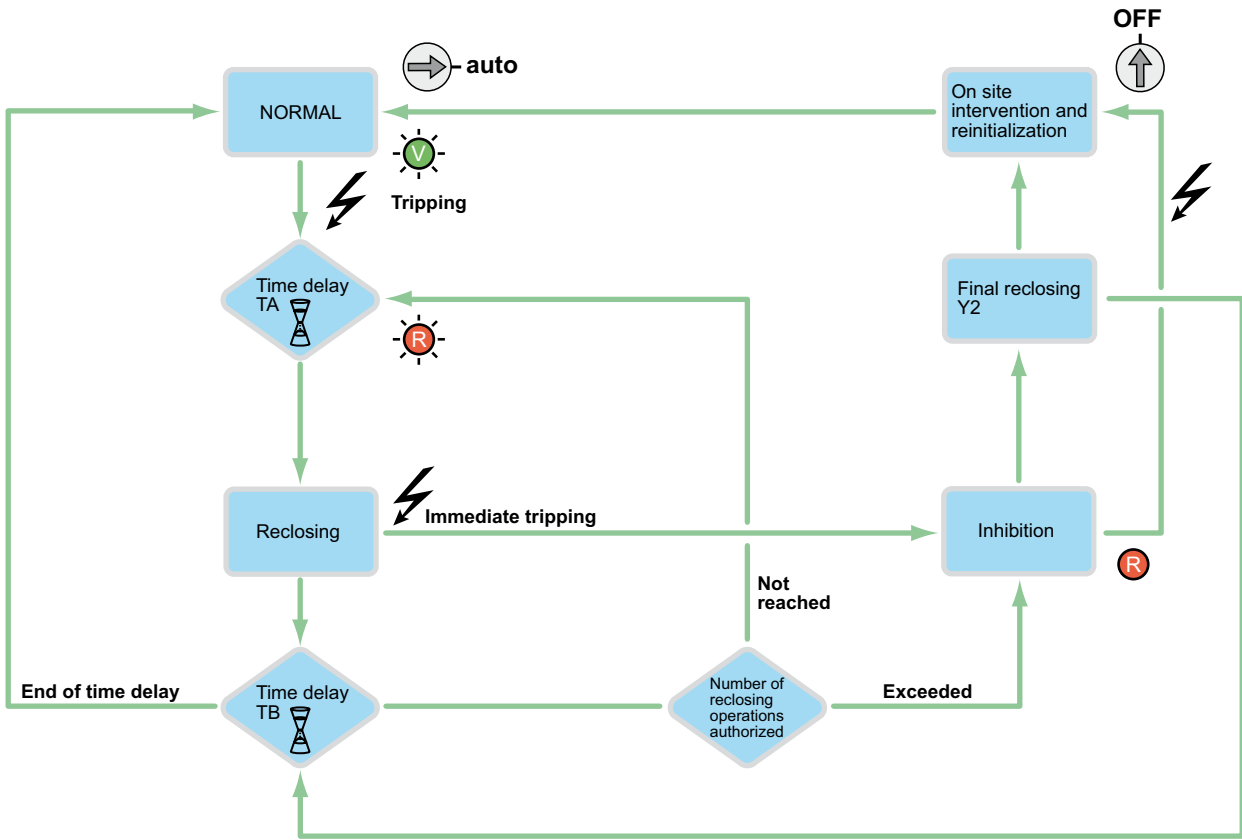
ARA iID		Number of reclosing attempts	Delay before reclosing	Check time	Final reclosing Y2
			TA	TB	
Only 1 program available	15	20 s 40 s 3 min. 3 min. ...	30 min. 30 min. ...	Once per cycle	

# ARA automatic reclosers (cont.)

For iC60 circuit breakers  
and iID residual current circuit breakers

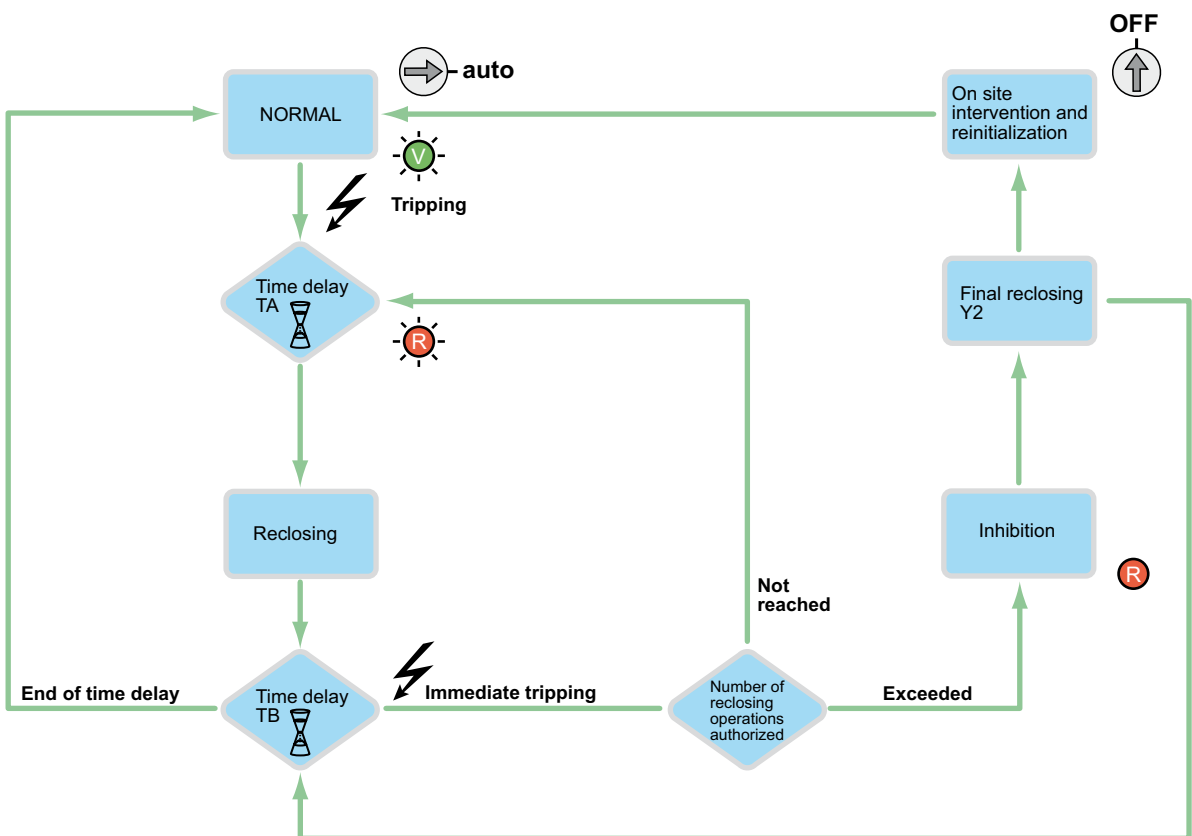
ARA iC60 operating diagram

DB404539



ARA iID operating diagram

DB404538

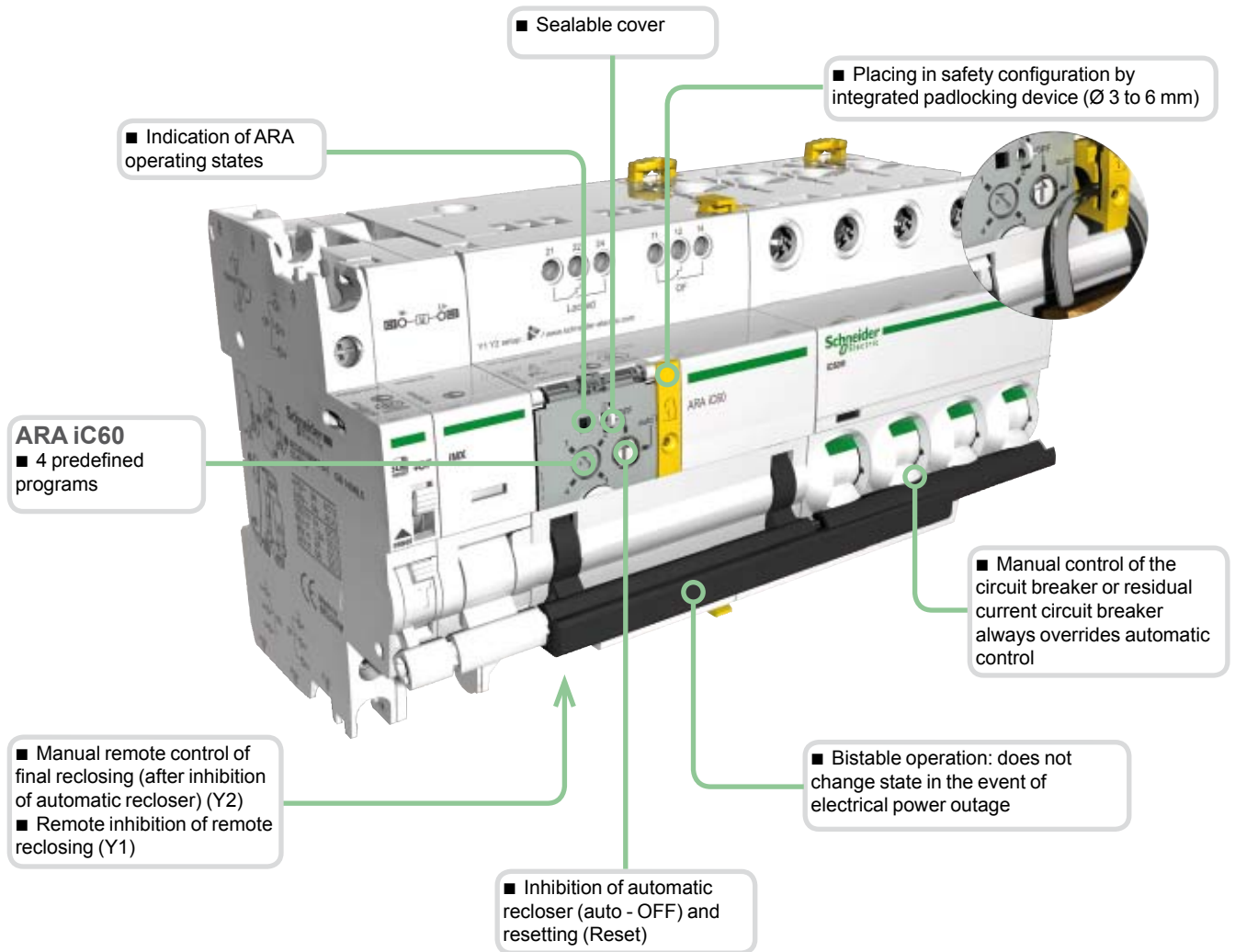




# ARA automatic reclosers (cont.)

For iC60 circuit breakers  
and iID residual current circuit breakers

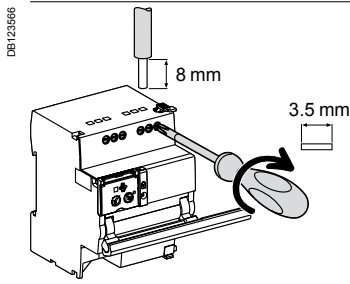
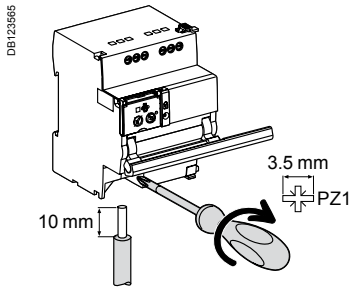
PB 00095-104



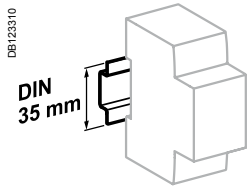
# ARA automatic reclosers (cont.)

For iC60 circuit breakers  
and iLD residual current circuit breakers

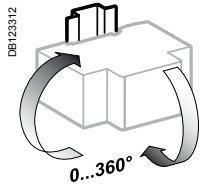
## Connection



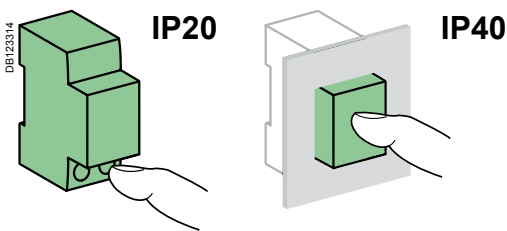
Terminal	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
		Rigid	Flexible	Flexible with ferrule
Power supply (N/P) Inputs (Y1/Y2)	1 N.m	0.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Outputs (OF/Locked)	0.7 N.m	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



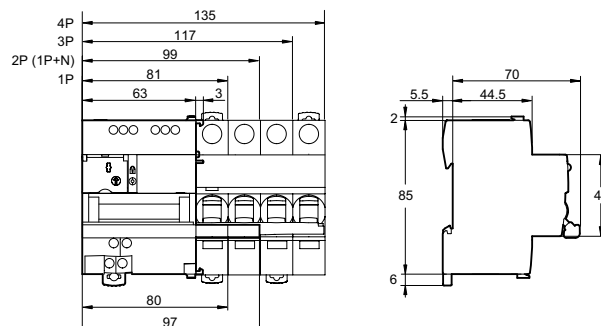
## Technical data

Control circuit		
Supply voltage (Ue) (N/P)		230 V AC, 50/60 Hz
Control voltage (Uc)	Type 1 inputs (Y1/Y2)	230 V AC (as per IEC 61131-2)
Min. duration of control order (Y2)		≥ 200 ms
Response time (Y2)		< 500 ms
Consumption		< 2 W
Endurance (O-C) (ARA combined with a circuit breaker)		
Electrical		5000 cycles
Indication / Remote control		
Potential-free changeover contact output (OF/Locked)	Min.	24 V AC/DC, 10 mA
	Max.	230 V AC, 1 A
Input (Y1/Y2)	230 V AC	5 mA
Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40
Insulation voltage (Ui)		400 V
Degree of pollution (IEC 60947)		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		6 kV
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 93 % at +40°C)

## Weight (g)

Automatic reclosers	
Type	ARA
For 1P, 1P+N, 2P circuit breakers or iLD residual current circuit breaker	440
For 3P, 4P circuit breakers	470

## Dimensions (mm)



IEC 60669-1 and IEC 60947-5-1

■ iPB pushbuttons are used to control electric circuits by means of pulses.

## Catalogue numbers

iPB pushbuttons														
Type	Single				Double		Single + indicator light							
Diagram	1 NC 3 E-7 4		1 NO 1 E-7 2		1 NO + 1 NC 1 3 E-7 2 4		1 NO / 1 NC 1 3 E-7 E-7 2 4		1 NO / 1 NO 1 3 E-7 E-7 2 4		1 NO 1 NC 1 X1 3 X1 E-7 X 2 X2 4 X2		1 NO 1 NC 1 X1- 3 X1 E-7 X 2 X2+ 4 X2+	
Pushbutton Colour	Grey	Red	Grey	Grey	Green/red	Grey/grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey		
Indicator light Power supply	-	-	-	-	-	-	110...230 V AC		12...48 V AC/DC					
Indicator light Colour	-	-	-	-	-	-	Green	Red	Green	Red	Green	Red		
Cat. no.	A9E18030	A9E18031	A9E18032	A9E18033	A9E18034	A9E18035	A9E18036	A9E18037	A9E18038	A9E18039	A9E18039	A9E18039		
Width in 9 mm modules	2				2		2							

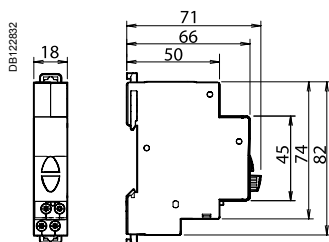
## Connection

Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
1 N.m		
	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> min. 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max.	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> min. 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max.

DB122133

- Phase-separated wall that can be divided to allow the teeth of all types of comb busbar to pass through.
- Staggered terminals to simplify connection.

## Dimensions (mm)





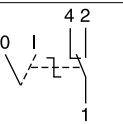
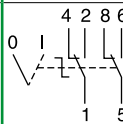
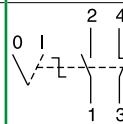
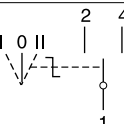
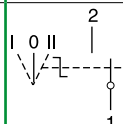
## Technical data

Main characteristics	
Pollution degree	3
Power circuit	
Voltage rating (Ue)	250 V AC
Current rating (Ie)	20 A
Additional characteristics	
Endurance (O-C)	30,000 operations AC22 (cos φ = 0.8)
Operating temperature	-35°C... +70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C... +80°C
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)
LED indicator light	Consumption: 0.3 W Service life: 100,000 hours of constant lighting efficiency Maintenance-free indicator light (non-interchangeable LEDs)

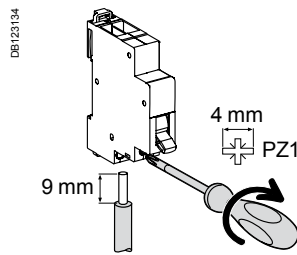
IEC 60669-1 and IEC 60947-5-1



■ ISSW linear switches are used for the manual control of electric circuits.

## Catalogue numbers

ISSW linear switches					
Type	2 positions			3 positions	
					
Contact	1 changeover switch	2 changeover switches	1 NO + 1NC	1 changeover switch	2 changeover switches
Diagram					
Cat. no.	<b>A9E18070</b>	<b>A9E18071</b>	<b>A9E18072</b>	<b>A9E18073</b>	<b>A9E18074</b>
Width in 9 mm modules	2	4	2	2	4

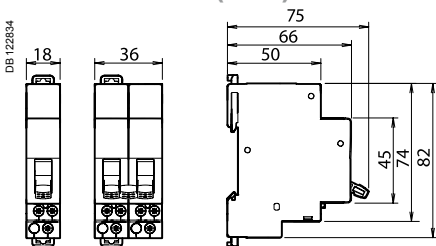
## Connection



Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
1 N.m		
	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> min. 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max.	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> min. 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max.

- Phase-separated wall that can be divided to allow the teeth of all types of comb busbar to pass through.
- Staggered terminals to simplify connection.

## Dimensions (mm)




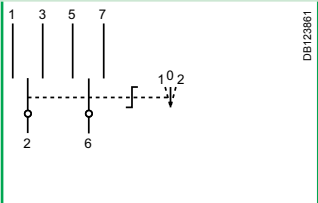
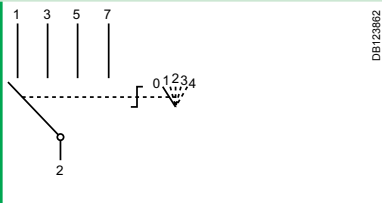



## Technical data




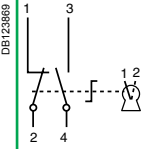
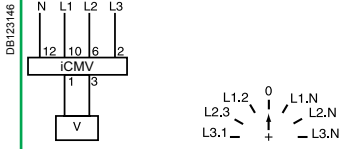
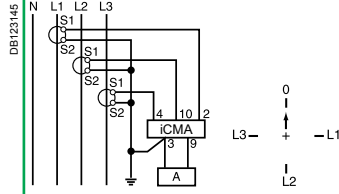
Main characteristics	
Pollution degree	3
Power circuit	
Voltage rating (Ue)	250 V AC
Current rating (Ie)	20 A
Additional characteristics	
Endurance (O-C)	30,000 cycles AC22 (cos φ = 0.8)
Operating temperature	-20°C... +50°C
Storage temperature	-40°C... +70°C
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)



# DIN rail selector switches iCMB, iCMD, iCME, iCMC, iCMV and iCMA

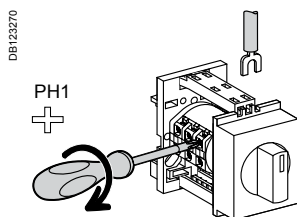
		Control																													
Selector switches		iCMB	iCMD	iCME																											
Type		Two-pole with zero setting	4-way	2-way for electronic circuits																											
In compliance with standards		IEC 60947-3 (EN 60947-3) VDE 0660 part. 107 UL	IEC 60947-3 (EN 60947-3) VDE 0660 part. 107 UL	IEC 60947-3 (EN 60947-3) VDE 0660 part. 107 UL																											
																															
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This two-pole selector switch with zero setting allows manual control of a circuit with 2-way operation with a stop position</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This 4-way selector switch allows control of a circuit with operating priorities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This 2-way selector switch is used specially for the control of electronic circuits of low voltage and current level</li> </ul>																											
Wiring diagrams																															
Use		Example: electrically controlled metal screen: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>position 1 = raising</li> <li>position 0 = stop</li> <li>position 2 = lowering</li> </ul>	Example: fan control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>position 0 = stop</li> <li>position 1 = override operation, slow speed</li> <li>position 2 = override operation, high speed</li> <li>position 3 = remote control</li> <li>position 4 = automatic operation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Voltage range from 30 mV to 600 V AC</li> </ul>																											
Catalogue numbers		A9E15120	A9E15121	A9E15122																											
<b>Technical specifications</b>																															
Rated voltage (Ue)	V AC	415	415	See following table																											
Maximum operating voltage	V	440	440	440																											
Rating	A	10	10	See following table																											
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60																											
Width in 9-mm modules		4	4	4																											
Breaking capacity (resistive load)		–	–	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>V AC</th> <th>V DC</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 V</td> <td>5 A</td> <td>3 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12 V</td> <td>1.2 A</td> <td>0.7 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>24 V</td> <td>0.7 A</td> <td>0.4 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>48 V</td> <td>0.45 A</td> <td>0.25 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>110 V</td> <td>0.25 A</td> <td>0.13 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>240 V</td> <td>0.15 A</td> <td>0.08 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>300 V</td> <td>0.13 A</td> <td>0.07 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>440 V</td> <td>0.1 A</td> <td>0.05 A</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		V AC	V DC	1 V	5 A	3 A	12 V	1.2 A	0.7 A	24 V	0.7 A	0.4 A	48 V	0.45 A	0.25 A	110 V	0.25 A	0.13 A	240 V	0.15 A	0.08 A	300 V	0.13 A	0.07 A	440 V	0.1 A	0.05 A
	V AC	V DC																													
1 V	5 A	3 A																													
12 V	1.2 A	0.7 A																													
24 V	0.7 A	0.4 A																													
48 V	0.45 A	0.25 A																													
110 V	0.25 A	0.13 A																													
240 V	0.15 A	0.08 A																													
300 V	0.13 A	0.07 A																													
440 V	0.1 A	0.05 A																													
Operating temperature	°C	-20...+55	-20...+55	-20...+55																											
Storage temperature	°C	-25...+80	-25...+80	-25...+80																											


# DIN rail selector switches iCMB, iCMD, iCME, iCMC, iCMV and iCMA (cont.)

iCMC	iCMV	iCMA
<b>2-way key-actuated</b>	<b>7-position voltmeter</b>	<b>4-position ammeter</b>
IEC 60947-3 (EN 60947-3) VDE 0660 part. 107 UL	IEC 60947-3 (EN 60947-3) VDE 0660 part. 107 UL	IEC 60947-3 (EN 60947-3) VDE 0660 part. 107 UL
		
<p>■ 2-way key-actuated selector switch with locking in one or the other position</p>	<p>■ This 7-position voltmeter selector switch makes it possible, with a single voltmeter, to measure in succession the voltages (phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral) of a three-phase circuit</p>	<p>■ This 4-position ammeter selector switch makes it possible, with a single ammeter (using current transformers), to measure in succession the currents of a three-phase circuit</p>
		
-	-	-
<b>A9E15123</b>	<b>15125</b>	<b>15126</b>
415	415	415
440	440	440
10	10	10
50/60	50/60	
4	4	4
-	-	-
-20...+55	-20...+55	-20...+55
-25...+80	-25...+80	-25...+80

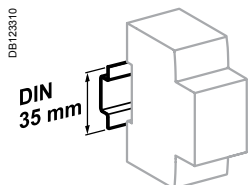
# DIN rail selector switches iCMB, iCMD, iCME, iCMC, iCMV and iCMA (cont.)

## Connection



Tightening torque	Copper cables
0.35 N.m	Flexible or rigid with ferrule
	DB122545 
	< 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

■ Connection by jumper terminals with captive screws.



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.

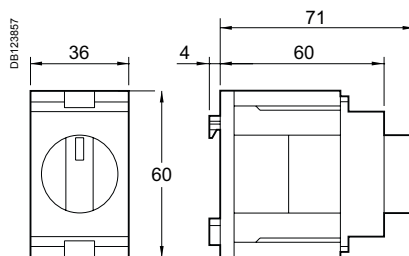
## Technical data

Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	1,000,000 switching operations
	Mechanical	2,000,000 switching operations (AC21A-3 x 440 V)

## Weight (g)

Selector switches	
Type	Weight (g)
iCMA	58
iCMB	58
iCMC	70
iCMD	58
iCME	44
iCMV	58

## Dimensions (mm)





They can be attached to a symmetrical 35 mm rail, in modular cabinets or enclosures, for control and indications auxiliaries: push-buttons, emergency stops, switches, light indicators; for tertiary and industrial applications.



A9A15151



A9A15152

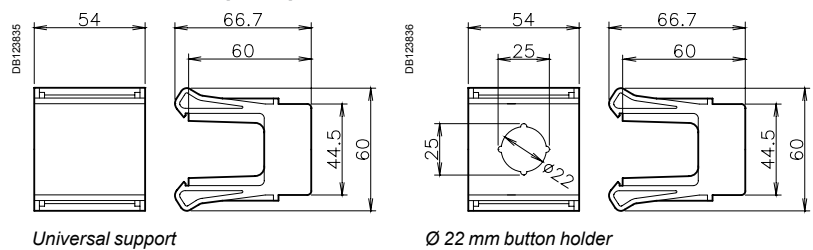
## Catalogue numbers

Button holders		
Type		Width in 9 mm modules
Ø 22 mm button holder	A9A15151	6
Universal support	A9A15152	6

## Technical data

Main characteristics	Button holder	Universal support
For buttons, switches and indicators with metal or plastic flange Ø 22 of the Schneider Electric XB4 / XB5 type	■	-
For buttons, indicators, light emitting diodes (LED), potentiometers	-	■
Drilling diameter	Ø 22.3 mm	Easy drilling, to be adapted depending on use
Colour	White RAL 9003	
Self-extinguishing insulating material		
Depth under rail 60 mm (same as products)		

## Dimensions (mm)



Country approval pictograms

PF106239-40



PF106239-40



## IEC/EN 60947-2

The Reflex iC60 devices are integrated control circuit breakers which combine the following main functions in a single device:

- Remote control by latched and/or impulse-type order according to the 3 operating modes to be chosen by the user.
- Circuit breaker, to provide:
  - circuit protection against short-circuit currents,
  - circuit protection against overload currents,
  - disconnection in the industrial sector.

Resetting after a fault is performed manually, by the resetting handle.

The version with Ti24 allows direct interfacing of the Reflex iC60 with a PLC, to:

- Execute remote control (Y3).
- Indicate the state of the control circuit (O/C) and circuit-breaker state information (auto/OFF).

The Ti24 interface also allows fast, reliable connection of the Reflex iC60 to the Acti 9 Smartlink thanks to the prefabricated cables.

The iMDU auxiliary allows the Reflex iC60 to be controlled in 24/48 V AC/DC.

### Alternating current (AC) 50/60 Hz

Ultimate breaking capacity (Icu) as per IEC/EN 60947-2				Service breaking capacity (Ics)
Voltage (Ue)				
Ph/Ph (2P, 3P, 4P)	220 to 240 V	380 to 415 V		
<b>Reflex iC60N</b>				
Rating (In)	10 to 40 A	20 kA	10 kA	75 % of Icu
	63 A	20 kA	10 kA	50 % of Icu
<b>Reflex iC60H</b>				
Rating (In)	10 to 40 A	30 kA	15 kA	50 % of Icu

## Catalogue numbers

### Reflex iC60 circuit breaker

Type	2P			3P			4P		
	Curve			Curve			Curve		
Rating (In) for AC1 use	B	C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D
<b>Reflex iC60N</b>									
<b>With Ti24 interface</b>									
10 A	A9C61210	A9C62210	A9C63210	A9C61310	A9C62310	A9C63310	A9C61410	A9C62410	A9C63410
16 A	A9C61216	A9C62216	A9C63216	A9C61316	A9C62316	A9C63316	A9C61416	A9C62416	A9C63416
25 A	A9C61225	A9C62225	A9C63225	A9C61325	A9C62325	A9C63325	A9C61425	A9C62425	A9C63425
40 A	A9C61240	A9C62240	-	A9C61340	A9C62340	-	A9C61440	A9C62440	-
63 A	A9C61263	A9C62263	-	A9C61363	A9C62363	-	A9C61463	A9C62463	-
<b>Without Ti24 interface</b>									
10 A	-	A9C52210	-	-	A9C52310	-	-	A9C52410	-
16 A	-	A9C52216	-	-	A9C52316	-	-	A9C52416	-
25 A	-	A9C52225	-	-	A9C52325	-	-	A9C52425	-
40 A	-	A9C52240	-	-	A9C52340	-	-	A9C52440	-
63 A	-	A9C52263	-	-	A9C52363	-	-	A9C52463	-
<b>Reflex iC60H</b>									
<b>With Ti24 interface</b>									
10 A	A9C64210	A9C65210	A9C66210	A9C64310	A9C65310	A9C66310	A9C64410	A9C65410	A9C66410
16 A	A9C64216	A9C65216	A9C66216	A9C64316	A9C65316	A9C66316	A9C64416	A9C65416	A9C66416
25 A	A9C64225	A9C65225	A9C66225	A9C64325	A9C65325	A9C66325	A9C64425	A9C65425	A9C66425
40 A	A9C64240	A9C65240	-	A9C64340	A9C65340	-	A9C64440	A9C65440	-
Width in 9 mm modules	9			11			13		
<b>Vigi iC60</b>	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005			Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device, module CA902005		
<b>iMDU auxiliary</b>	See module CA907000 and CA907002			See module CA907000 and CA907002			See module CA907000 and CA907002		
<b>Accessories</b>	See module CA907000 and CA907001			See module CA907000 and CA907001			See module CA907000 and CA907001		

PE105980-70

■ Tripping and disconnection device capable of:

- disconnecting and padlocking (Ø 3 to 6 mm not supplied) in "open" position
- neutralizing remote control

■ Ti24 interface for direct link to PLC and Acti 9 Smartlink

ComReady

■ IP20 insulated terminals

■ Bistable operation: does not change state in the event of electrical power outage

■ Operating state indicator lamp

■ Resetting handle

■ Pushbutton:
 

- manual control: opening/closing
- choice of operating "modes"

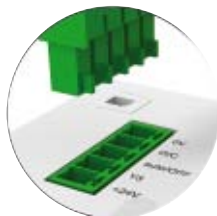
**VisiSafe**

- Positive contact indication
- Uimp: 6 kV
- Ui: 500 V
- Degree of pollution: level 3

■ Longer product service life thanks to:

- good overvoltage withstand capacity: products designed to provide a high industrial performance level (degree of pollution, rated impulse withstand voltage and insulation voltage),
- high limitation performances,
- fast closure independent of the speed of resetting of the operating handle.

DB123765



DB123516



### Legend

#### Ti24 interface

+24VDC	V DC power supply
Y3	Remote control by latched order
auto/OFF	Circuit-breaker state information
O/C	Control circuit state information (open/closed)
0 V	V DC power supply

Y1	Latched order control
Y2	Control by impulse-type
N	230 V AC power supply
P	
O/C	Control circuit state indication contact
	11 12 14
auto/OFF	Circuit-breaker tripping indication contact
	21 22 24

DB123517

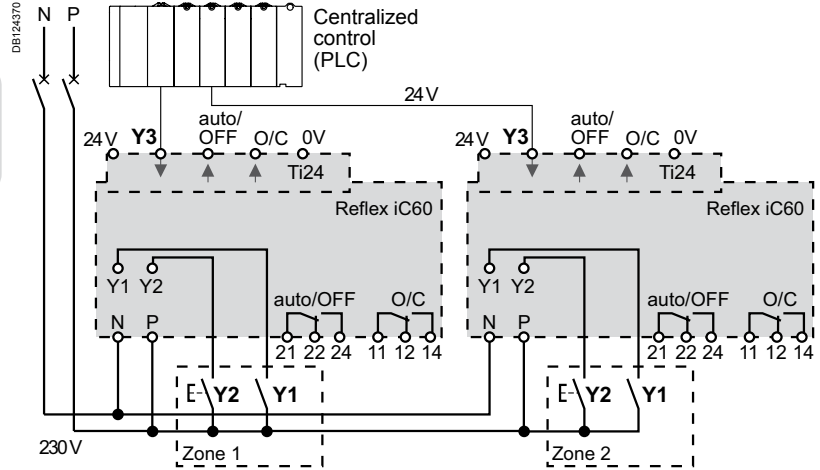


■ Operating state indicator lamp

■ Pushbutton for:  
□ "mode" selection  
□ opening/closing manual control

Remote control is possible by 3 operating modes to be set using the pushbutton on the front panel.

### Three types of control: Y1, Y2, Y3



### Operating modes

#### Mode 1: Reflex iC60 opening/closing, locally or centrally controlled

- The opening/closing orders come from various control points, and they are taken into account in their order of arrival
- Y1: latched order local control
- Y2: impulse-type local control
- Y3: latched order centralized control

#### Mode 2: Reflex iC60 opening/closing, possible inhibition of local impulse-type control

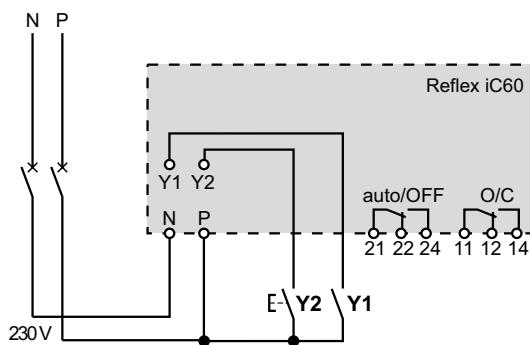
- Y1 is used to inhibit Y2
- Y1: local opening/Y2 inhibition latched order control
- Y2: impulse-type local opening/closing control
- Y3: latched order centralized opening/closing control

#### Mode 3: Reflex iC60 opening/closing, possible inhibition of centralised latched order control

- Y1 is used to inhibit Y3
- Y3 inhibition local latched order control
- Y2: impulse-type local opening/closing control
- Y3: latched order centralized opening/closing control

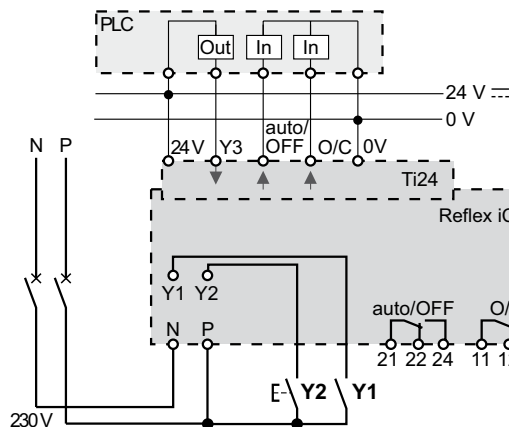
### Reflex iC60 without Ti24 interface

Mode 1  
Mode 2



### Reflex iC60 with Ti24 interface

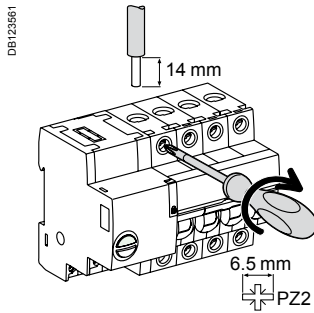
Mode 1  
Mode 2  
Mode 3



### Table of modes

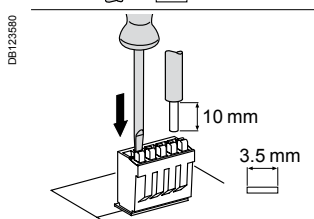
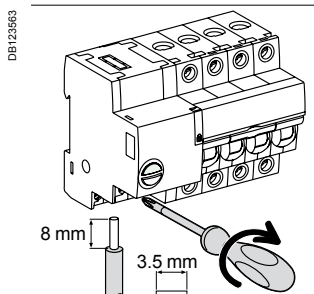
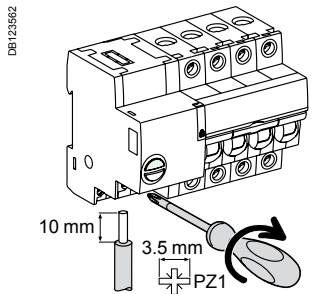
	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 3
Reflex iC60 without interface Ti24	■ Default mode	■ Possible mode	–
Reflex iC60 with interface Ti24	■ Possible mode	■ Possible mode	■ Default mode

## Power connection

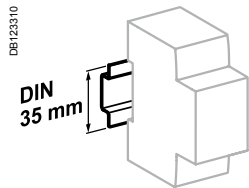


Terminal	Rating	Tightening torque	Without accessories		With accessories			
			Copper cables		Al terminal 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Screw-on connection for ring terminal	Multi-cable terminal	
			Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule			Rigid cables	Flexible cables
Power	10 to 25 A	2 N.m						
	40 to 63 A	3.5 N.m	1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	- 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	Ø 5 mm	- 3 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	- 3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

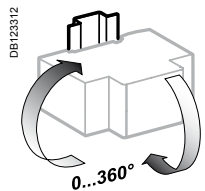
## Control connection



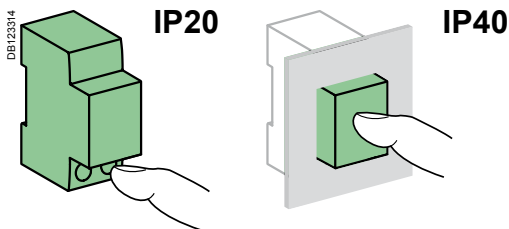
Terminal	Tightening torque	Without accessories		
		Copper cables		
		Rigid	Flexible	Flexible with ferrule
Power supply (N/P) Inputs (Y1/Y2)	1 N.m			
		1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
Outputs (O/C, auto/OFF)	0.7 N.m	1 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Ti24 interface	Spring-loaded terminals	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



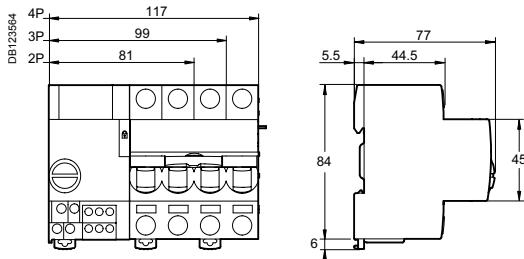
Indifferent position of installation.



## Weight (g)

Circuit breaker	
Type	Reflex iC60
2P	480
3P	620
4P	750

## Dimensions (mm)



## Technical data

Control circuit			
Supply voltage (Ue) (N/P)		230 V AC - 50/60 Hz	
Control voltage (Uc)	Inputs (Y1/Y2)	230 V AC - 23 mA (24...48 V AC/DC, with iMDU auxiliary)	
	Input (Y3)	24 V DC - 5.5 mA	
Min. duration of control impulse (Y2)		≥ 250 ms	
Response time (Y2)		≤ 250 ms	
Maximum continuous apparent power	Inputs (Y1/Y2)	5.3 VA	
	Input Y3	0.12 VA	
Length of control wires	Inputs (Y1/Y2/Y3)	500 m	
Inrush current at 230 V - 50/60 Hz		Measured peak current	Peak current duration
	2P	11.4 Å	11 ms
	3P	21.8 Å	11 ms
	4P	21.8 Å	11 ms
			Rms current measurement
			7.6 A
			14.5 A
			14.5 A

The inrush currents are added in the event of simultaneous control of several Reflex iC60. The controls should therefore be offset by 10 ms (by automaton or time-delay relays).

Power circuit		
Max. working voltage (Ue)		400 V AC
Insulation voltage (Ui)		500 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	Set to disconnected	6 kV
	Set to Ready	4 kV
Thermal tripping	Reference temperature	50°C
Magnetic tripping	Curve B	4 In ± 20 %
	Curve C	8 In ± 20 %
	Curve D	12 In ± 20 %
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		IV
Temperature derating		See module CA908007

Indication / Remote control		
Potential-free changeover contact outputs (O/C, auto/OFF)	Min.	24 V DC - 100 mA
	Max	230 V AC - 1 A

Ti24 interface (as per IEC 61131)		
Outputs (O/C, auto/OFF)	Ti24 interface	24 V DC - 100 mA max

Endurance (O-C)		
Electrical	AC1 - AC7a	Up to 50,000 cycles
	AC5a - AC5b	Up to 15,000 cycles
	AC7c	Up to 20,000 cycles
Mechanical		50,000 cycles

Additional characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Degree of pollution		3
Operating temperature		-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 93 % at 40°C)
Immunity to voltage dips		IEC 61000-4-11 class III
Immunity to power supply frequency variations		IEC 61000-4-28 and IACS E10
Immunity to harmonics		IEC 61000-4-13 class 2
Immunity to electrostatic discharges	Air	8 kV, IEC 61 000-4-2
	Contacts	4 kV, IEC 61 000-4-2
Immunity to stray magnetic fields		10 V/m up to 3 GHz, IEC 61000-4-3
Immunity to fast transients		4 kV from 5 to 100 kHz, IEC 61000-4-4
Immunity to shock waves		IEC 61000-4-5
Immunity to power frequency magnetic fields		10 V from 150 kHz to 80 MHz, IEC 61000-4-6
Immunité aux champs magnétiques à la fréquence du réseau		Level 4 30 A/m to IEC 61000-4-8 and IEC 61000-4-9
Conducted emissions		CISPR 11/22
Radiated emissions		CISPR 11/22

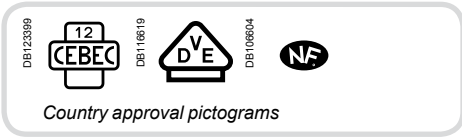


**For the realization of the catalogue France,  
replace following catalogue numbers:**

- A9C20834 by A9C24834.
- A9C20732 by A9C24732.
- A9C21732 by A9C25732.

Pages 416, 417 and 426, 427.





EN 61095, IEC 1095

**iCT contactors are available in two versions:**

- Contactors without manually-operated
- Contactors with manually-operated.

The breadth of the iCT contactor range satisfies most application cases.  
iCT contactors can be combined with auxiliary control, protection and indication functions.

## Contactors

**iCT 2P**  
PB106115-35

manual control

**iCT 4P**  
PB106105-35

- iCT contactors can be used to remote control applications in alternative networks:
  - lighting, heating, ventilation, roller blinds, sanitary hot water
  - mechanical ventilation systems, etc
  - load-shedding of non-priority circuits

**Indication iACTs**  
PB106120-34

- This auxiliary allows indication or control of the "open" or "closed" position of the contactor power contacts

**Interference filtering iACTp**  
PB106124-34

- This auxiliary is an interference suppressor which limits overvoltages on the control circuit

**Dual control iACTc**  
PB106123-34

- Used to control a contactor in impulse-type mode or to combine latched or impulse-type control orders

**Control and indication 24 V DC iACT24**  
PB107751-34

- Allows control and indication of a 230 Vac contactor from the Acti 9 Smartlink or by a PLC, by 24 V DC signals
- Also allows control by a maintained signal

**Time delay iATEt**  
PB106125-34

- This auxiliary is used to time delay for iCT and iTL. According to cabling, there are 5 possible time delay types:
  - 1 for iTL
  - 4 for iCT

**Function type A: late closing**  
Delay energizing of contactor

**Function type B: time delay**  

- Energize the contactor by closing a push button
- The time delay starts as soon as the control contacts are closed

**Function type C: late opening**  

- Energize the contactor by closing a push button
- The time delay starts when the control contacts are opened

**Function type H: fixed time operation**  

- Operate the contactor for a pre-determined time from the moment of energizing

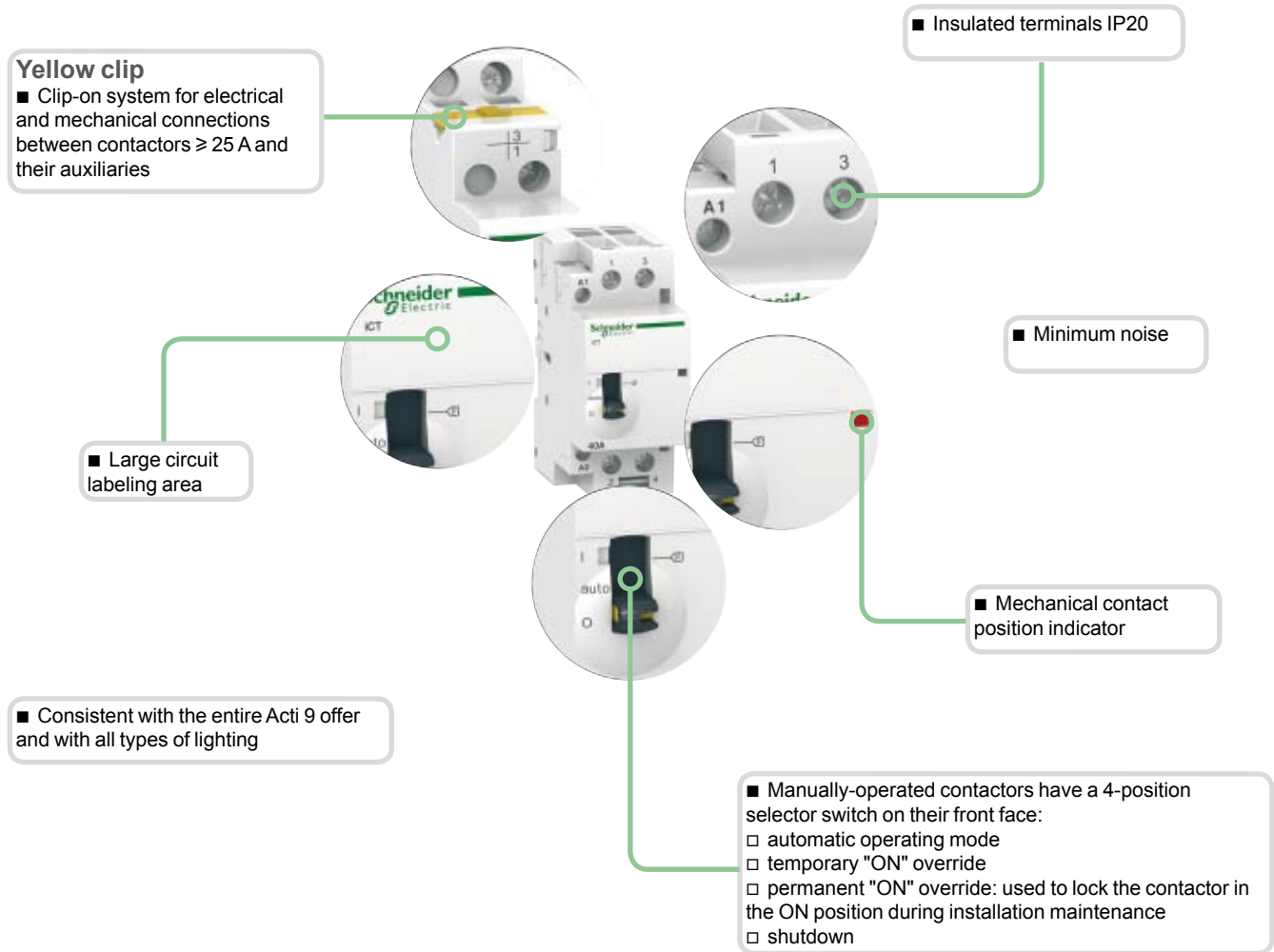
## Contactors

## Contactors auxiliaries

		Choice of 50 Hz contactors						Manually-operated contactors			
Type		Contactor						Contactors that can be equipped with auxiliaries			
Rating	A	16	20	25	40	63	100	16	25	40	63
<b>Auxiliaries</b>											
iACTs indication auxiliary		Yes	Yes	Yes				Yes			
iACTp protection auxiliary	By yellow clips	No	No	Yes				No	Yes		
iACTc, iATEt control auxiliary	By yellow clips	No	No	Yes				No	Yes		
iACT24 control auxiliary		Non	No	Yes (for contactors 230 V - 50 Hz)				No	Yes (for contactors 230 V - 50 Hz)		

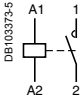
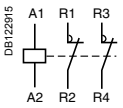
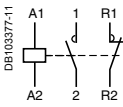
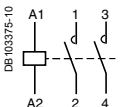
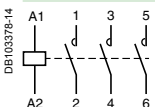
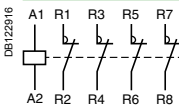
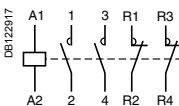
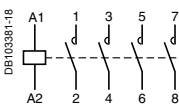
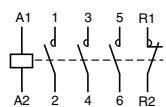


PE10611E-39



Choice of 60 Hz contactors				
Contactor				Manually-operated contactors
16	25	40	63	40
Contactors that can be equipped with auxiliaries				
Yes				Yes
No	Yes			Yes
No	Yes			Yes
No	Yes			No

## Catalogue numbers

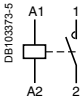
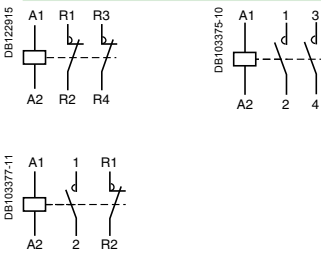
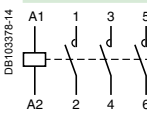
iCT contactors - 50 Hz						
Type	Width in 9 mm modules					
1P	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (50 Hz)	Contact		
	AC7a	AC7b				
 DB103373-5	16 A	6 A	12	1NO	A9C22011	2
			24	1NO	A9C22111	2
			48	1NO	A9C22211	2
			220	1NO	A9C22511	2
			230...240	1NO	A9C22711	2
			25 A	8.5 A	220	1NO
230...240	1NO	A9C20731	2			
<b>2P</b>						
 DB122915	16 A	6 A	12	2NO	A9C22012	2
			24	2NO	A9C22112	2
			48	2NO	A9C22212	2
			220	2NO	A9C22512	2
			230...240	2NO	A9C22712	2
 DB103377-11	16 A	6 A	12	1NO+1NC	A9C22015	2
			24	1NO+1NC	A9C22115	2
			220	1NO+1NC	A9C22515	2
			230...240	1NO+1NC	A9C22715	2
			20 A	-	230...240	2NO
 DB103375-10	25 A	8.5 A	24	2NO	A9C20132	2
			48	2NO	A9C20232	2
			220	2NO	A9C20532	2
			230...240	2NO	A9C20732	2
			220	2NC	A9C20536	2
			230...240	2NC	A9C20736	2
			40 A	15 A	220...240	2NO
63 A	20 A	24	2NO	A9C20162	4	
		220...240	2NO	A9C20862	4	
100 A	-	220...240	2NO	A9C20882	6	
<b>3P</b>						
 DB103376-14	16 A	6 A	220...240	3NO	A9C22813	4
	25 A	8.5 A	220...240	3NO	A9C20833	4
	40 A	15 A	220...240	3NO	A9C20843	6
	63 A	20 A	220...240	3NO	A9C20863	6
<b>4P</b>						
 DB122916	16 A	6 A	24	4NO	A9C22114	4
	20 A	-	220...240	4NO	A9C22814	4
			220...240	2NO+2NC	A9C22818	4
			220...240	4NO	A9C22824	4
25 A	8.5 A	24	4NO	A9C20134	4	
 DB122917	40 A	15 A	220...240	4NO	A9C20834	4
			24	4NC	A9C20137	4
			220...240	4NC	A9C20837	4
			220...240	2NO+2NC	A9C20838	4
 DB103381-18	63 A	20 A	220...240	4NO	A9C20844	6
			220...240	4NC	A9C20847	6
			24	4NO	A9C20164	6
			220...240	4NO	A9C20864	6
 DB122918	100 A	-	24	4NC	A9C20167	6
			220...240	4NC	A9C20867	6
			220...240	2NO+2NC	A9C20868	6
			220...240	3NO+1NC	A9C20869	6
			220...240	4NO	A9C20884	12

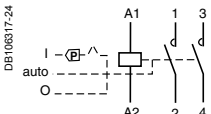
## Catalogue numbers

### iCT manual control contactor 50 Hz

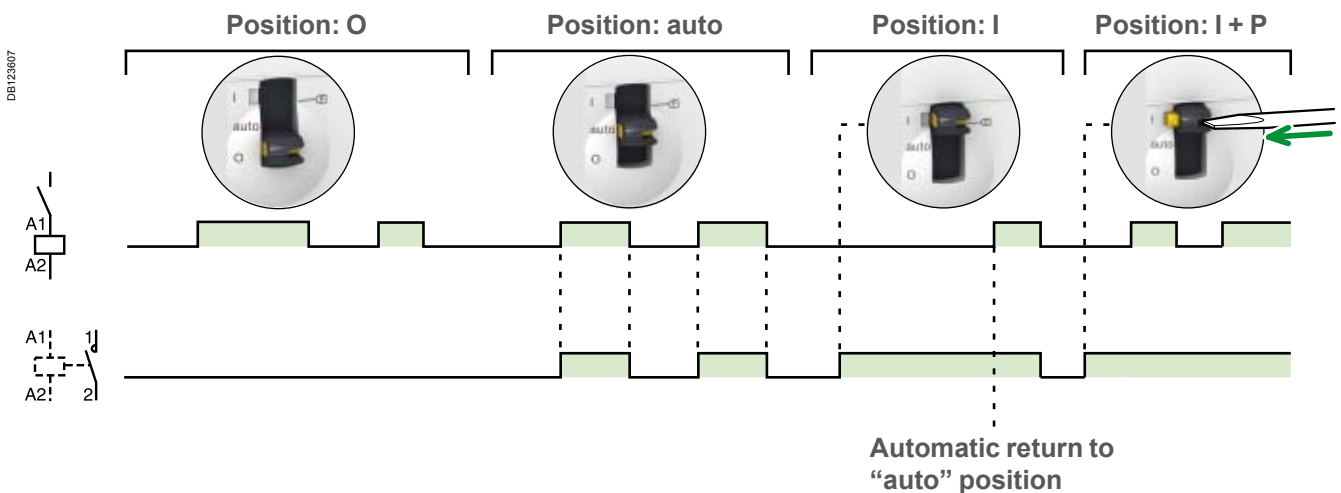
Type						Width in 9 mm modules	
2P	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (50/60 Hz)	Contact	Product Code		
	AC7a	AC7b					
	16 A	6 A	220	2NO	A9C23512	2	
			230...240	2NO	A9C23712	2	
	25 A	8,5 A	220	1NO+1NC	A9C23515	2	
			230...240	1NO+1NC	A9C23715	2	
	40 A	15 A	24	2NO	A9C21132	2	
			220	2NO	A9C21532	2	
	63 A	20 A	24	2NO	A9C21732	2	
			220...240	2NO	A9C21142	2	
	3P	25 A	8,5 A	24	2NO	A9C21842	4
				220...240	2NO	A9C21162	4
40 A	15 A	24	2NO	A9C21862	4		
		220...240	2NO	A9C21862	4		
	25 A	8,5 A	220...240	3NO	A9C21833	4	
	40 A	15 A	220...240	3NO	A9C21843	6	
	25 A	8,5 A	24	4NO	A9C21134	4	
			220...240	4NO	A9C21834	4	
	40 A	15 A	24	4NO	A9C21144	6	
			220...240	4NO	A9C21844	6	
	63 A	20 A	24	4NO	A9C21164	6	
			220...240	4NO	A9C21864	6	

## Catalogue numbers

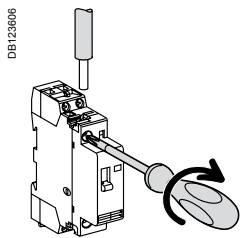
iCT contactors - 60 Hz						
Type	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (60 Hz)	Contact		Width in 9 mm modules
	AC7a	AC7b				
<b>1P</b> 	25 A	8.5 A	127	1NO	A9C20431	2
			220...240	1NO	A9C20631	2
<b>2P</b> 	16 A	6 A	127	1NO+1NC	A9C22415	2
			220...240	1NO+1NC	A9C22615	2
	25 A	8.5 A	127	2NO	A9C20432	2
			220...240	2NO	A9C20632	2
			127	2NC	A9C20436	2
	40 A	15 A	220...240	2NC	A9C20636	2
			127	2NO	A9C20442	4
			220...240	2NO	A9C20642	4
<b>3P</b> 	25 A	8.5 A	127	3NO	A9C20433	4
			220...240	3NO	A9C20633	4
	40 A	15 A	127	3NO	A9C20443	6
			220...240	3NO	A9C20643	6
	63 A	20 A	127	3NO	A9C20463	6
			220...240	3NO	A9C20663	6

iCT manual control contactor 60 Hz						
Type	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (60 Hz)	Contact		Width in 9 mm modules
	AC7a	AC7b				
<b>2P</b> 	40 A	15 A	127	2NO	A9C21442	4
			220...240	2NO	A9C21642	4

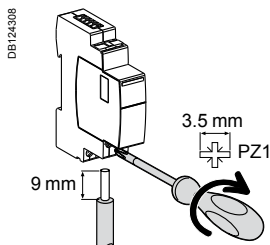
## Operation (Manual control contactor)



## Connection

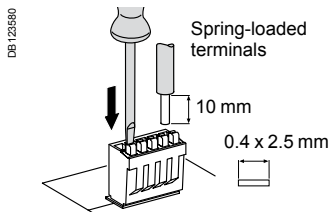


Type	Rating	Length tripping	Circuit	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
					Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	
iCT	PZ1: 4 mm	16 - 100 A	9 mm	Control	0.8 N.m	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
	PZ2: 6 mm	40 A - 63 A	14 mm	-	3.5 N.m	6 to 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
		100 A				6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
iACTs, iACTp, iACTc, iATEt	PZ1: 4 mm	-	9 mm	-	0.8 N.m	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 2.5 mm: 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>



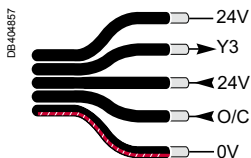
Type	Terminals	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
			Rigid	Flexible	Flexible or ferrule
iACT24	Power supply (N/P) Input (Y1/Y2)	1 N.m	0.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 6 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 0.5 to 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Ti24 connector connection

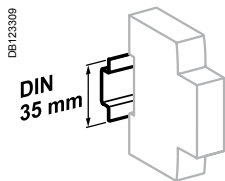


Type	Catalogue numbers	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible
Ti24 Interface	A9XC2412	1 x 0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 0.5 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

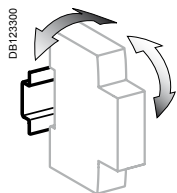
## Ti24 prefabricated cables connection



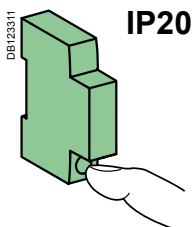
Type	Catalogue numbers	Length
<b>Connection for Acti 9 Smartlink</b>		
6 short prefabricated	A9XCAS06	100 mm
6 medium-sized prefabricated	A9XCAM06	160 mm
6 long prefabricated	A9XCAL06	870 mm
<b>Connection for PLC type terminals</b>		
6 long prefabricated on a single side	A9XCAU06	870 mm



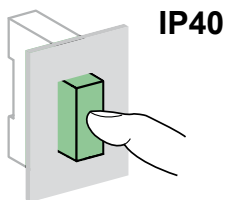
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



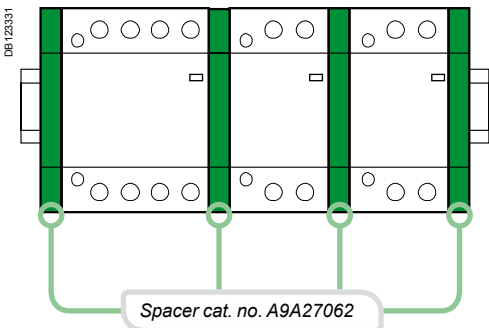
± 30° vertical.



IP20



IP40



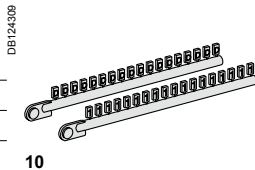
## Technical data

Power circuit		
Voltage rating (Ue)	1P, 2P	250 V AC
	3P, 4P	400 V AC
Frequency	50 Hz or 60 Hz	
Type of load	See module CA908026	
Endurance (O-C)		
Electrical	100,000 cycles	
Maximum number of switching operation a day	100	
Additional characteristics		
Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC	
Pollution degree	2	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	2.5 kV (4 kV for 12/24/48 V AC)	
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Operating temperature	-5°C to +60°C <sup>(1)</sup>	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C	
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)	
ELSV compliance (Extra Low Safety Voltage) for 12/24/48 V AC versions		
The product control conforms to the SELV (safety extra low voltage) requirements		

(1) In the case of contactor mounting in a enclosure for which the interior temperature is in range between 50°C and 60°C, it is necessary to use a spacer, cat. no. A9A27062, between each contactor

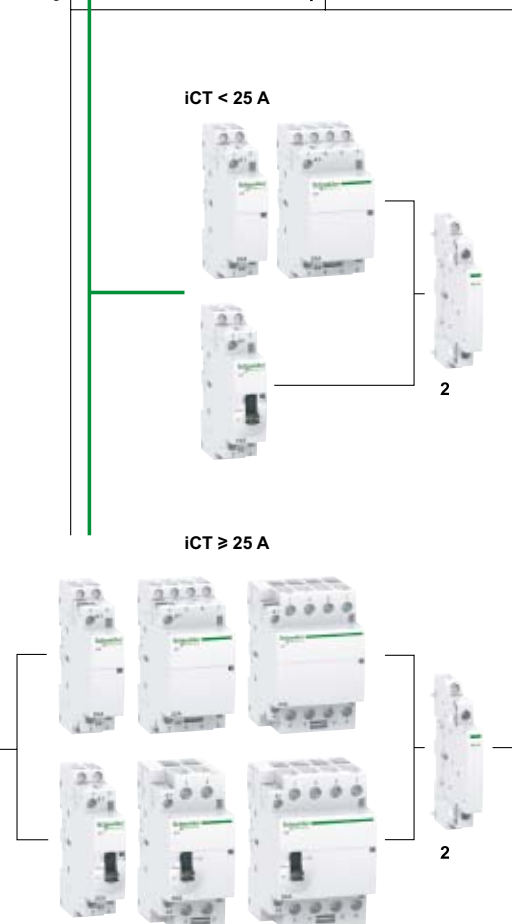
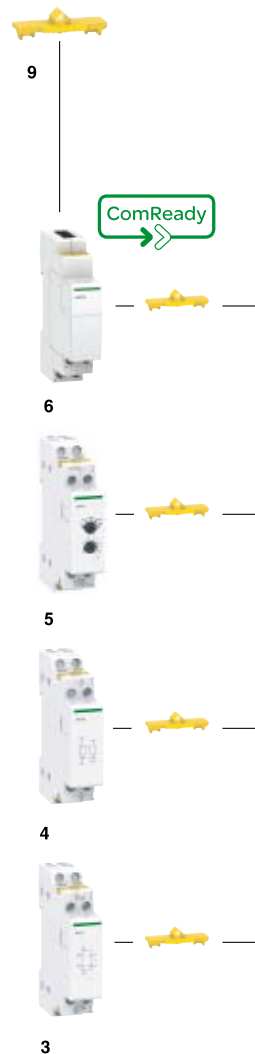
## Mounting accessories

7	Sealable screw shields for top and bottom	3P, 4P 25 A	<b>A9A15921</b>
		2P 40/63 A	<b>A9A15922</b>
		3P, 4P 40/63 A	<b>A9A15923</b>
8	9 mm spacer		<b>A9A27062</b>
9	Yellow clips		<b>A9C15415</b>
10	Clip-on terminal markers	see module	<b>CA907001</b>






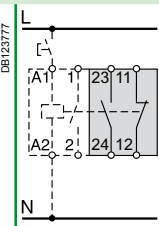
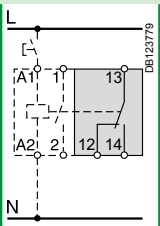
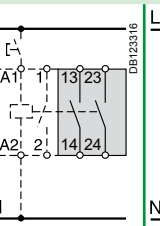
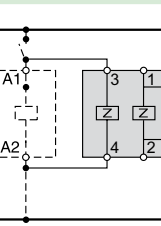
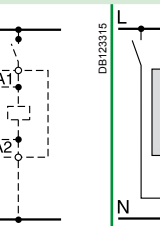
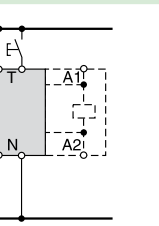
## Auxiliaries

Indication			
2	iACTs	1NO + 1NC	<b>A9C15914</b>
		1CO	<b>A9C15915</b>
		2NO	<b>A9C15916</b>
Double control inputs			
3	iACTc	230 V AC	<b>A9C18308</b>
		24 V AC	<b>A9C18309</b>
Coil suppression blocs			
4	iACTp	12...48 V AC	<b>A9C15919</b>
		48...127 V AC	<b>A9C15918</b>
		220...240 V AC	<b>A9C15920</b>
Time delay			
5	iATEt	24...240 V AC	<b>A9C15419</b>
Control and indication			
6	iACT24	230 V AC	<b>A9C15924</b>



# iCT contactors

## Electrical auxiliaries for iCT

	Indication			Protection			Control																																																																								
Auxiliaries	iACTs			iACTp			iACTc																																																																								
Type	Indication			Interference filtering			Impulse/latched control																																																																								
	With Open/Close auxiliary contact			2 protection circuits			Impulse/latched control																																																																								
																																																																															
Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This auxiliary allows indication of the "open" or "closed" position of the contactor power contacts</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This auxiliary is an interference suppressor which limits overvoltages on the control circuit</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This auxiliary, combined with contactors, enables them to be controlled by 2 order types:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>impulse order for local control (input T)</li> <li>latched order for centralised control (input X)</li> <li>the last order received takes priority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>																																																																								
Wiring diagrams																																																																															
																																																																															
Mounting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the right of iCT</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the left of iCT by yellow clips<sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>By wires</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the left of iCT by yellow clips<sup>(1)</sup></li> </ul>																																																																								
Use	-			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The iACTp has 2 separate and identical circuits, allowing it to be combined with 2 different ones on the iCT the other by wires</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mains power outages:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&lt; 70 ms: keeps its initial status</li> <li>&gt; 80 ms: reset</li> <li>put back into operation by manual operation on input X or T.</li> <li>Minimum impulse duration: 250 ms</li> </ul> </li> </ul>																																																																								
Catalogue numbers	A9C15914	A9C15915	A9C15916	A9C15918	A9C15919	A9C15920	A9C18308	A9C18309																																																																							
Technical specifications	<table border="1"> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Control voltage (Ue)</td> <td>V AC</td> <td>24...240</td> <td>48...127</td> <td>12...48</td> <td>220...240</td> <td>230...240</td> <td>24...48</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V DC</td> <td>24...130</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Control voltage frequency</td> <td>Hz</td> <td>50/60</td> <td>50/60</td> <td>50/60</td> <td>50/60</td> <td>50/60</td> <td>50/60</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Width in 9 mm modules</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity)</td> <td></td> <td colspan="2"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC - cos φ = 1</li> <li>Maximum:                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 A at 240 V AC - cos φ = 1</li> <li>1 A at 130 V DC</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Number of contacts</td> <td></td> <td>1NO + 1NC</td> <td>1CO</td> <td>2NO</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating temperature</td> <td>°C</td> <td colspan="2">-5°C to +50°C</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Storage temperature</td> <td>°C</td> <td colspan="2">-40°C to +70°C</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Consumption</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>                     OFF load: 3 VA                      Inrush<sup>(2)</sup>: 2 VA                      Holding<sup>(2)</sup>: 0.2 VA                 </td> </tr> </table>								Control voltage (Ue)	V AC	24...240	48...127	12...48	220...240	230...240	24...48	V DC	24...130	-	-	-	-	-	Control voltage frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	Width in 9 mm modules		1	2	2	2	2	2	Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC - cos φ = 1</li> <li>Maximum:                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 A at 240 V AC - cos φ = 1</li> <li>1 A at 130 V DC</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		-	-	-	-	Number of contacts		1NO + 1NC	1CO	2NO	-	-	-	Operating temperature	°C	-5°C to +50°C		-	-	-	-	Storage temperature	°C	-40°C to +70°C		-	-	-	-	Consumption		-	-	-	-	-	OFF load: 3 VA Inrush <sup>(2)</sup> : 2 VA Holding <sup>(2)</sup> : 0.2 VA
Control voltage (Ue)	V AC	24...240	48...127	12...48	220...240	230...240	24...48																																																																								
	V DC	24...130	-	-	-	-	-																																																																								
Control voltage frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60																																																																								
Width in 9 mm modules		1	2	2	2	2	2																																																																								
Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum: 10 mA at 24 V DC/AC - cos φ = 1</li> <li>Maximum:                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 A at 240 V AC - cos φ = 1</li> <li>1 A at 130 V DC</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		-	-	-	-																																																																								
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Operating temperature	°C	-5°C to +50°C		-	-	-	-																																																																								
Storage temperature	°C	-40°C to +70°C		-	-	-	-																																																																								
Consumption		-	-	-	-	-	OFF load: 3 VA Inrush <sup>(2)</sup> : 2 VA Holding <sup>(2)</sup> : 0.2 VA																																																																								
<p>(1) Electrical and mechanical link.                  (2) Maximum consumption of all contactors controlled.</p>																																																																															



### Control (cont.)

#### iATEt

#### Time delay

PB106125-34



- This auxiliary is used to time delay for iCT and iTL. According to cabling, there are 5 possible time delay types:
- 1 for iTL
- 4 for iCT.

#### Function type A: late closing

- Delay energizing of contactor.

#### Function type B: time delay

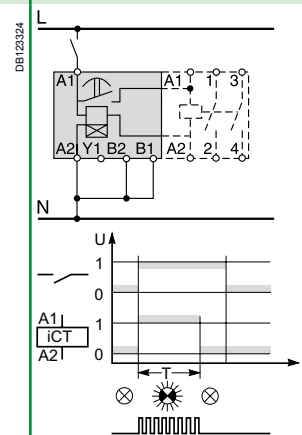
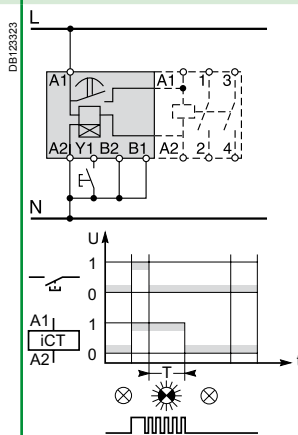
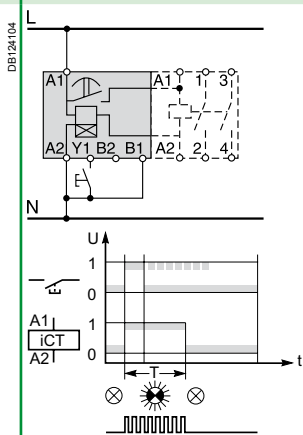
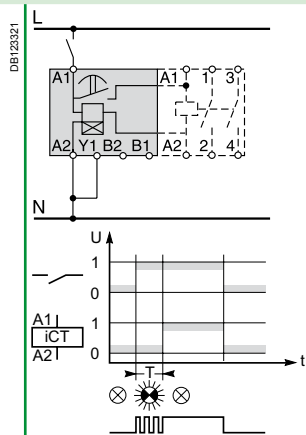
- Energize the contactor by closing a push button.
- The time delay starts as soon as the control contacts are closed.

#### Function type C: late opening

- Energize the contactor by closing a push button.
- The time delay starts when the control contacts are opened.

#### Function type H: fixed time operation

- Operate the contactor for a pre-determined time from the moment of energizing.



- Mounted to the left of iCT by yellow clips<sup>(1)</sup>

A9C15419

24...240

24...110

50/60

2


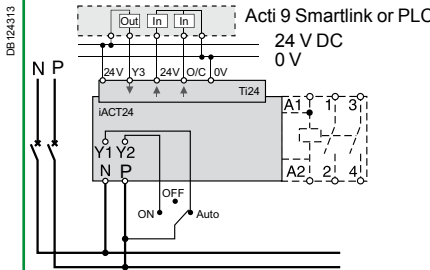
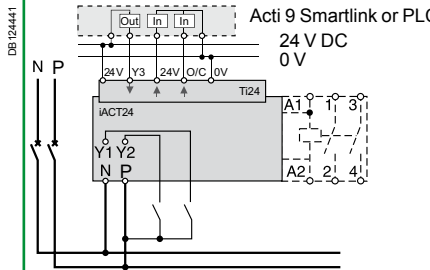
-20°C to +50°C

-40°C to +80°C






Off-load: 5 VA  
Inrush<sup>(2)</sup>: 3 A  
Holding<sup>(2)</sup>: 0.2 A

# iCT contactors

## Electrical auxiliaries for iCT (cont.)

<b>Control and indication</b>		
<b>Auxiliary</b>	<b>iACT24</b>	
<b>Type</b>	<b>Control and indication 24 V DC</b>	
	With Ti24 connector	
		
<b>Function</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ This auxiliary allows a contactor to be interfaced with the Acti 9 Smartlink interface or a programmable logic controller (PLC) in 24 V DC (control, O/C indication)</li> <li>■ 230 V AC control</li> </ul>	
<b>Wiring diagrams</b>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="width: 45%;">  <p>Wiring with exclusive selector 230 V AC control (Y1 = 0) / 24 V DC control (Y1 = 1)</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;">  <p>Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls</p> </div> </div>	
<b>Mounting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ To the left of the iCT contactor using the yellow clips <sup>(1)</sup>.</li> <li>■ When an iACT24 is used, the A1/A2 terminals of the contactors should not be wired. Only the yellow clips integral with the iACT24 should be used for connection to the coil.</li> </ul>	
<b>Utilization</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 230 V AC interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Y1: enabling of 24 V DC control (Y1 = 1) or inhibition of 24 V DC control (Y1 = 0).</li> <li>□ Y2: 230 V pulse control</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ "Ti24" 24 V DC interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Y3: 24 V DC control of iCT closing on rising edge and opening on falling edge</li> <li>□ reading of the contactor status (opened or closed) from the position of the integrated O/C auxiliary contact</li> <li>□ monitoring of connection of the "Ti24" terminal block by the upstream system (PLC, supervision system) via the 24 V terminal (in the centre of the Ti24 terminal block)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	<b>A9C15924</b>	
<b>Technical specifications</b>		
Control voltage (Ue)	V AC	230, +10 %, -15 % (Y2)
	V DC	24, ± 20 % (Y3)
Control voltage frequency	Hz	50/60
Insulation voltage (Ui)	V AC	250
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	kV	8 (OVC IV)
Pollution degree		3
Degree of protection		IP20B device only
		IP40 device in modular enclosure
Width in 9 mm modules		2
Auxiliary contact (O/C) Ti24		24 V DC protected output, min. 2 mA, max. 100 mA
Contact		1 O/C operating category AC 14
Operating temperature	°C	-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	°C	-40°C to +80°C
Consumption		<1 W
Standard		IEC/EN 60947-5-1

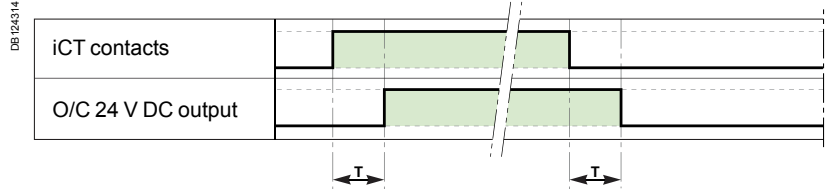
(1) Mechanical and electrical link.

Security					
Accessories	Sealable screw shields			Yellow clips	Spacer
	 PE104485-15	 PE104486-15	 PE104487-15	 PE108143-10	 PE104483-40
<b>Function</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Designed to cover terminals to avoid contact with device screws.</li> <li>■ Allow sealing</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Ensure the mechanical and/or electrical link between contactors and their auxiliaries.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Required to reduce temperature rise of modular devices installed side by side.</li> <li>■ Recommended to separate electronic devices (thermostat, programmable clock, etc.) from electromechanical devices (relays, contactors).</li> </ul>
	■ For iCT: 3P, 4P - 25 A	■ For iCT: 2P - 40/63 A	■ For iCT: 3P, 4P - 40/63 A	■ For iCT: $\geq 25$ A	
<b>Use</b>	■ Bag of 10 upstream/10 downstream			■ Bag of 10	■ Bag of 5
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	<b>A9A15921</b>	<b>A9A15922</b>	<b>A9A15923</b>	<b>A9C15415</b>	<b>A9A27062</b>
<b>Technical specifications</b>					
Width in 9 mm modules	4	4	6	–	1
Number of poles	3P, 4P	2P	3P	–	–



### Operation of the iACT24

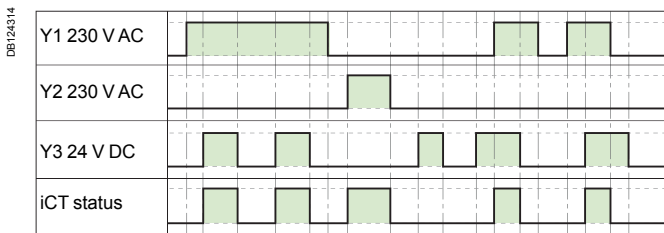
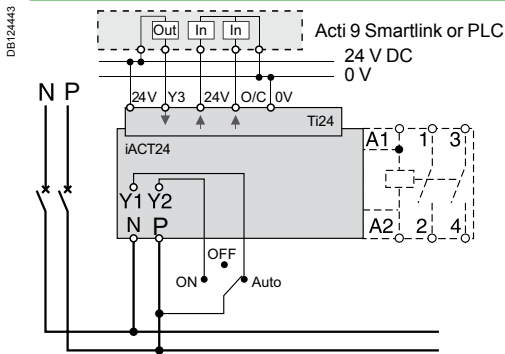
#### O/C 24 V DC output



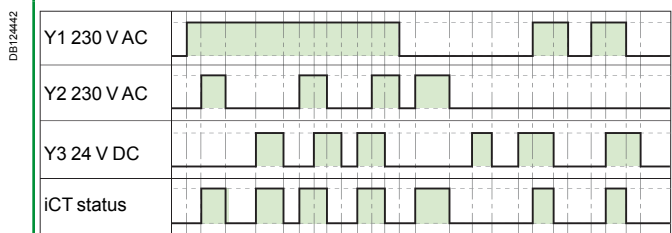
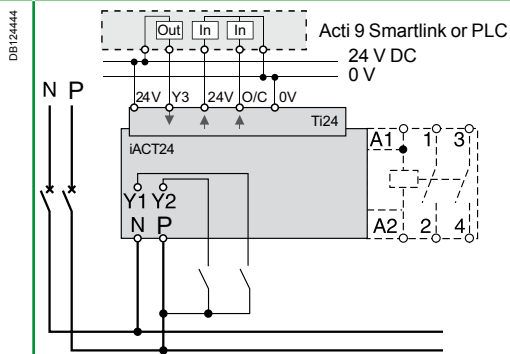
Parameter	Min	Max
T	100 ms	200 ms

- Minimum duration of 230 V AC pulse (Y2): 200 ms.
- 30 iACT24 closing or opening actuations are authorized per minute: Minimum time delay between 2 actuations on the iACT24 via Y1, Y2, Y3 (closing or opening of the iCT coil): 220 ms.
- 10 closing or opening actuations spaced 440 milliseconds apart are authorized following no loading of the iACT24 during a period of 20 seconds.

#### Wiring with exclusive selector 230 V AC control (Y1 = 0) / 24 V DC control (Y1 = 1)



#### Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls



### Consumption

iCT contactors - 50 Hz							
Type							
1P	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (50 Hz)	Consumption		Max. power	
	AC7a	AC7b		Holding	Inrush		
16 A	5 A	12	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22011	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22111	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22211	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22511	
	25 A	8.5 A	220...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C22711
				3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20531
				2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C20731
<b>2P</b>							
16 A	5 A	12	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22012	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22112	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22212	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22512	
			2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C22712	
			2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C22712	
	20 A	6.4 A	230...240	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22015
				3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22115
				3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22515
				2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C22715
				2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C22722
				2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C22722
25 A	8.5 A	24	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20132	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20232	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20532	
			2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C20732	
			3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20536	
			2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C20736	
40 A	15 A	220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20842	
63 A	20 A	24	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20162	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20862	
100 A	-	220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20882	
<b>3P</b>							
16 A	5 A	220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C22813	
25 A	8.5 A	220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20833	
40 A	15 A	220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20843	
63 A	20 A	220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20863	
<b>4P</b>							
16 A	5 A	24	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C22114	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C22814	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C22818	
20 A	6.4 A	220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C22824	
25 A	8.5 A	24	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20134	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20834	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20137	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20837	
			4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20838	
40 A	15 A	220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20844	
			6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20847	
63 A	20 A	24	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20164	
			6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20864	
			6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20167	
			6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20867	
			6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20868	
100 A	-	220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20869	
			13 VA	106 VA	4.2 W	A9C20884	

### Consumption (cont.)

#### iCT manual control contactor 50 Hz

##### Type

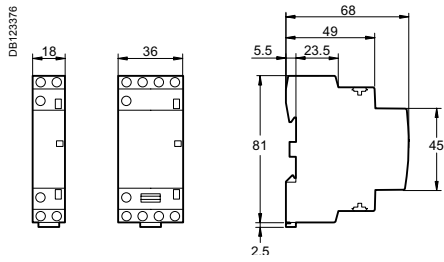
2P	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (50 Hz)	Consumption		Max. power	
	AC7a	AC7b		Holding	Inrush		
16 A	5 A	220	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C23512	
		230...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C23712	
		220	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C23515	
		230...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C23715	
25 A	8.5 A	24	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C21132	
		220	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C21532	
		230...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	1.2 W	A9C21732	
40 A	15 A	24	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21142	
		220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21842	
63 A	20 A	24	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21162	
		220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21862	
<b>3P</b>							
25 A	8.5 A	220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21833	
40 A	15 A	220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C21843	
<b>4P</b>							
25 A	8.5 A	24	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21134	
		220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C21834	
40 A	15 A	24	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C21144	
		220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C21844	
63 A	20 A	24	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C21164	
		220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C21864	

#### iCT contactors - 60 Hz

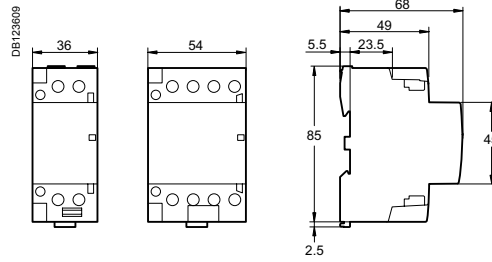
##### Type

1P	Rating (In)		Control voltage (V AC) (60 Hz)	Consumption		Max. power	
	AC7a	AC7b		Holding	Inrush		
25 A	8.5 A	127	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20431	
		220 ...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	0.9 W	A9C20631	
<b>2P</b>							
16 A	5 A	127	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C22415	
		220...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	0.9 W	A9C22615	
25 A	8.5 A	127	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20432	
		220...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	0.9 W	A9C20632	
		127	3.8 VA	15 VA	1.3 W	A9C20436	
		220...240	2.7 VA	9.2 VA	0.9 W	A9C20636	
40 A	15 A	127	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20442	
		220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20642	
<b>3P</b>							
25 A	8.5 A	127	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20433	
		220...240	4.6 VA	34 VA	1.6 W	A9C20633	
40 A	15 A	127	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20443	
		220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20643	
63 A	20 A	127	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20463	
		220...240	6.5 VA	53 VA	2.1 W	A9C20663	

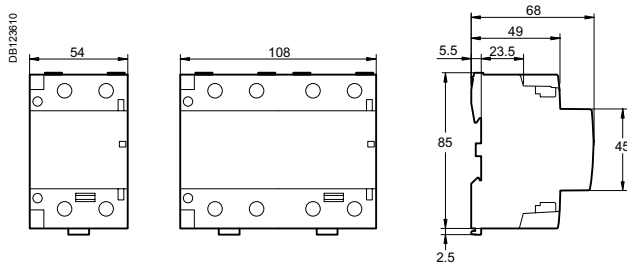
### Dimensions (mm)



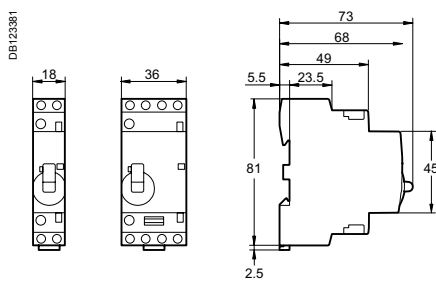
*iCT 16/25 A*



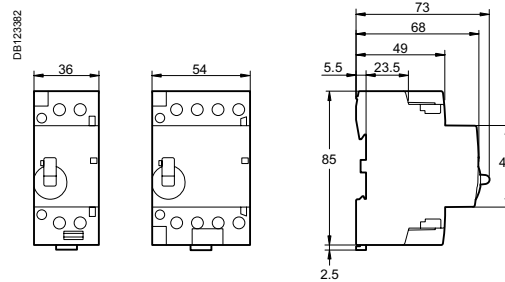
*iCT 40/63 A*



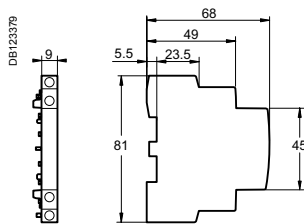
*iCT 100 A*



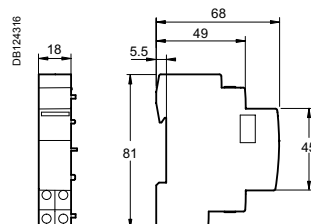
*iCT manual control contactor 16/25 A*



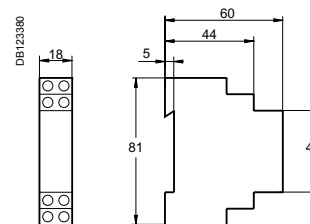
*iCT manual control contactor 40/63 A*





*iACTs*



*iACT24*



*iATEt*  
*iACTp*  
*iACTc*

DB12399  DB116819  iTL, iTLl, iTLs, iTLc, iTLm  
Country approval pictograms

IEC/EN 60669-2-2  
iTLs: IEC/EN 60947-5-1

## Impulse relays



**iTL**  
 ■ The impulse relays are used to control, by means of pushbuttons, lighting circuits consisting of:  
 □ incandescent lamps, low-voltage halogen lamps, etc. (resistive loads)  
 □ fluorescent lamps, discharge lamps, etc. (inductive loads)

## Remote indication



**iTLs**  
 ■ Allows remote indication of its operating state (open/closed)



**Indication iATLs**  
 ■ Allows remote indication of the associated impulse relay

## Centralised control



**iTLC**  
 ■ Allows centralised control of a group of iTL impulse relays, whilst at the same time retaining local impulse-type control



**Centralised control iATLc**  
 ■ Used for centralised control, thanks to a "pilot line", of a group of impulse relays controlling separate circuit, while at the same time maintaining local individual control of each impulse relay

## Latched control



**iTLM**  
 ■ Operated by latched orders from a changeover contact (switch, time switch, thermostat). Manual control does not work



**Latched control iATLm**  
 ■ Controls the associated impulse relay by latched orders from a changeover contact



### Impulse relays are used:

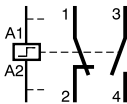
- Closing of the impulse relay pole(s) is triggered by an impulse on the coil.
- Having two stable mechanical positions, the pole(s) will be opened by the next impulse. Each impulse received by the coil reverses the position of the pole(s).
- Can be controlled by an unlimited number of pushbuttons.
- Zero energy consumption.

PB106131-34



### Changeover contact iTLi

- This impulse relay has a changeover contact

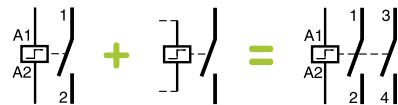


PB106134-34



### Extensions iETL

- Used to increase the number of impulse relay poles
- Can be installed on the iTL, iTLi, iTLc, iTLm and iTLs



PB106140-34



### Centralised control + indication iATLc+s

- Used for centralised control, thanks to a "pilot line", of a group of impulse relays controlling separate circuit, while at the same time maintaining local individual control of each impulse relay
- Remote indication of the mechanical status of each relay

PB107742-34



ComReady

### Control and indication 24 V DC iATL24

- Allows control and indication of a 230 V AC impulse relay from the Acti 9 Smartlink or by a PLC, by 24 V DC signals
- Also allows control by a pulsed signal

PB106125-34



### Time delay iATEt

- Combined with an impulse relay, it automatically disconnects the circuit after a preset time

PB106141-34



### Control iATLz

- Must be used when installing several illuminated PBs in parallel to control an impulse relay (prevents operating malfunctions)

PB106142-63



### Step by step control iATL4

- Allows step-by-step control of two circuits via a single pushbutton

PB106136-34



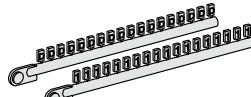
### Multi-level centralised control iATLc+c

- Allows centralised control of a group of iTLc or "iTL + ATLc" impulse relays

## Mounting accessories

11	Yellow clips	A9C15415
12	9 mm spacer	A9A27062
13	Clip-on terminal markers	see module CA907001

DB 123631



13



12



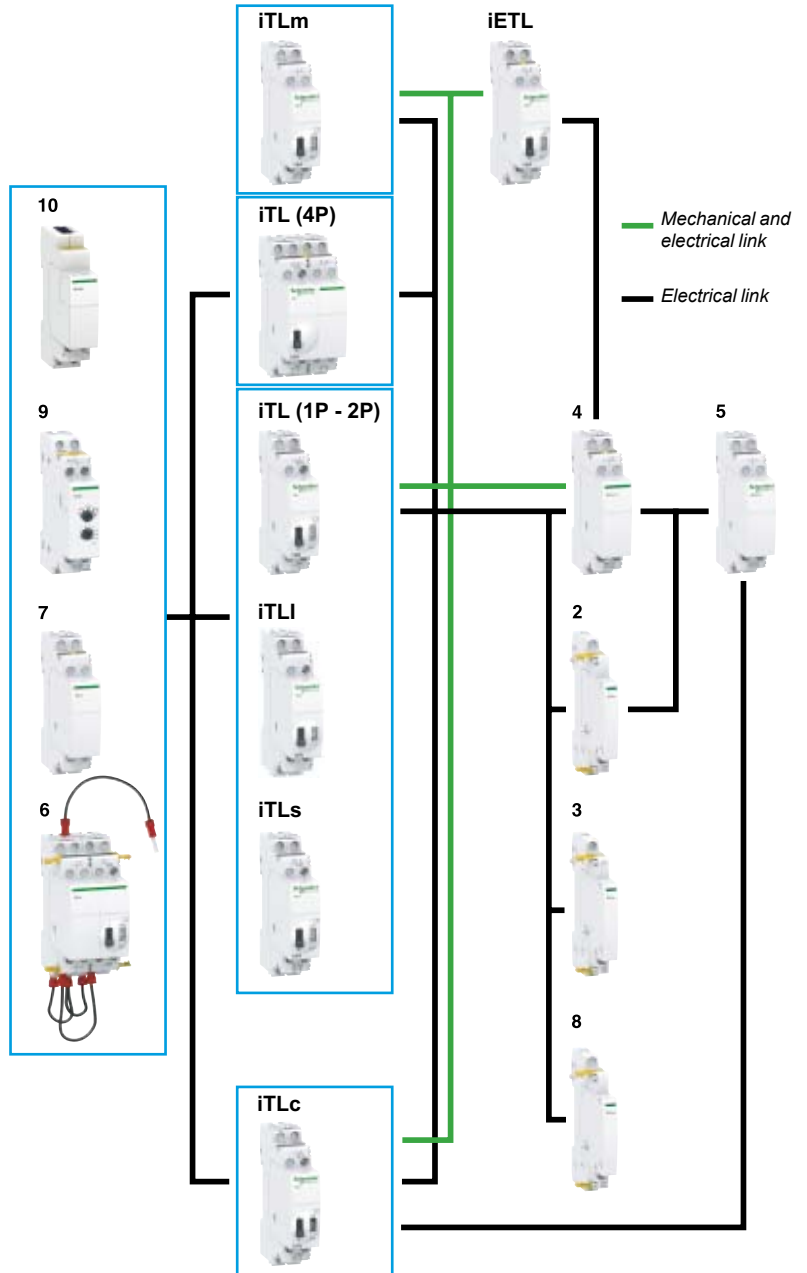
11

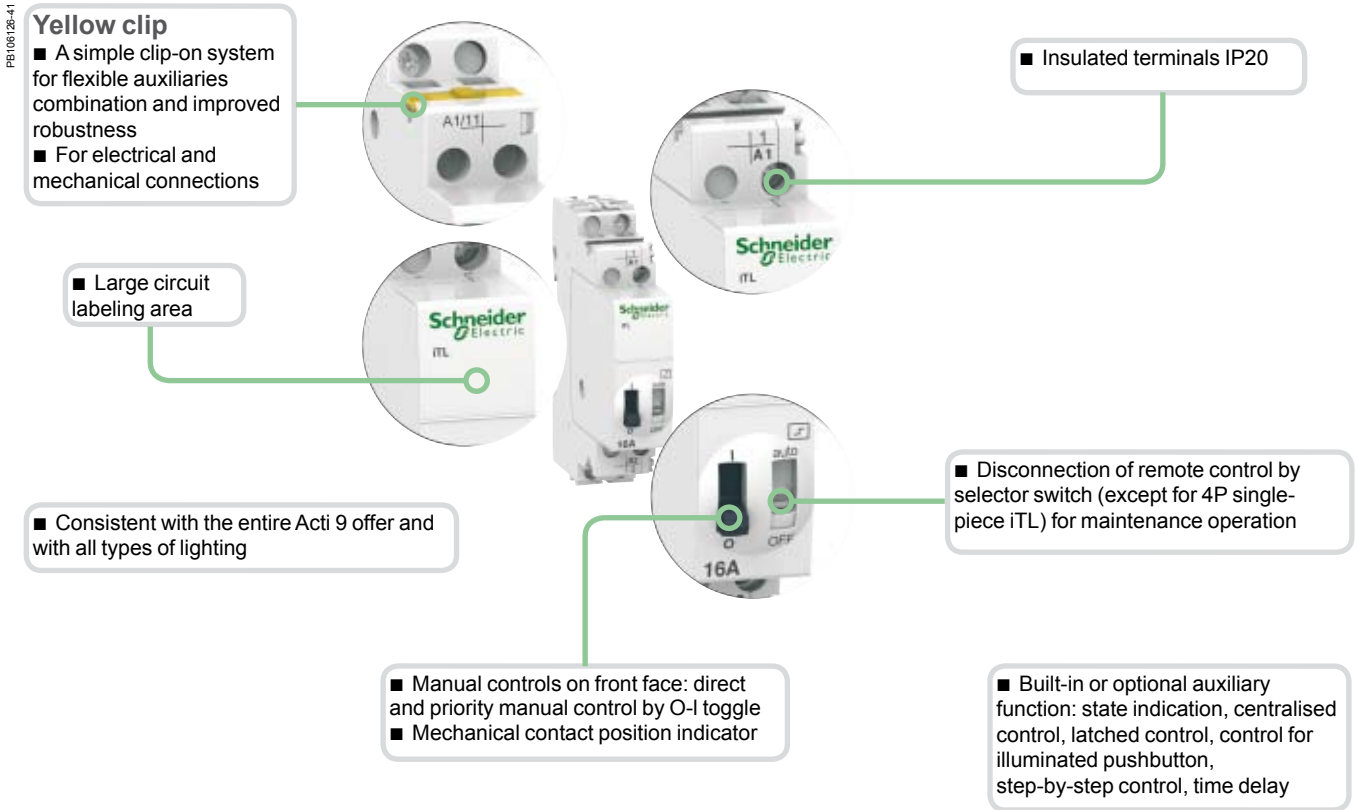
## Auxiliaries

Centralised control	Control voltage	Cat. no.
2 iATLc <sup>(1),(3)</sup>	24...240 V AC	A9C15404
<b>Indication</b>		
3 iATLs <sup>(1)</sup>	-	A9C15405
<b>Centralised control + indication</b>		
4 iATLc+s <sup>(3)</sup>	24...240 V AC	A9C15409
<b>Multi-level centralised control</b>		
5 iATLc+c <sup>(2),(3)</sup>	24...240 V AC	A9C15410
<b>Step by step control</b>		
6 iATL4	230 V AC	A9C15412
<b>Control by illuminated push-buttons</b>		
7 iATLz	230...240 V AC	A9C15413
<b>Latched control</b>		
8 iATLm <sup>(1)</sup>	12...240 V AC	A9C15414
<b>Time delay control</b>		
9 iATEt <sup>(4)</sup>	24...240 V AC	A9C15419
<b>Control and indication</b>		
10 iATL24	230 V AC	A9C15424



(1) The iATLc, iATLs and iATLm 9 mm auxiliaries must be mounted to the right of an impulse relay.  
 (2) Connection by traditional cabling.  
 The iATLc+c must be mounted to the right of an iATLc+s or an iATLc.  
 (3) The centralised control functions (iTLc, iATLc, iATLc+s, iATLc+c) only operate on AC voltage networks.  
 (4) iATEt: control voltage: 24...240 V AC, 24...110 V DC.





# iTL impulse relays (cont.)

## Auxiliaries choice in V AC and V DC

V AC		Choice impulse relays auxiliaries																			
Type		Standard iTL					Changeover iTLI					iTLC centralised control			iTLm control on latched order		iTLs remote indication				
Rating	A	16					16					16			16		16				
Control voltage (Uc)	V AC	230/240	130	48	24	12	230/240	230/240	130	48	24	12	230/240	48	24	230/240	230/240	48	24		
<b>Auxiliaries</b>																					
<b>Extension</b>																					
iETL		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				■	■	■
<b>Centralised control + indication</b>																					
iATLc+s		■	■	■	■	-	■	■	■	-	-	-	-	-	-				■	■	■
<b>Centralised control</b>																					
iATLc		■	■	■	■	-	■	■	■	-	-	-	-	-	-				■	■	■
<b>Indication</b>																					
iATLs		■	■	■	■	-	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				■	■	■
<b>Multi-level centralised control</b>																					
iATLc+c		■	■	■	■	-	■	■	■	-	-	■	■	■	-				■	■	■
<b>Latched control</b>																					
iATLm		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	-	-	-	-				■	■	■
<b>Control for illuminated Pushbutton</b>																					
iATLz		■	-	-	-	-	■	■	-	-	-	■	-	-	-				■	-	-
<b>Step by step control</b>																					
iATL4		■	-	-	-	-	■	■	-	-	-	■	-	-	-				■	-	-
<b>Time delay control</b>																					
iATEt		■	■	■	■	-	■	■	■	■	-	-	-	-	-				■	■	■
<b>Control and indication</b>																					
iATL24		■	-	-	-	-	■	■	-	-	-	■	-	-	-				■	-	-

V DC		Choice impulse relays auxiliaries																			
Type		Standard iTL					Changeover iTLI					iTLC centralised control			iTLm control on latched order		iTLs remote indication				
Rating	A	16					16					16			16		16				
Control voltage (Uc)	V DC	110	48	24	12	6	110	110	48	24	12	6	-	-	-	110	110	24	12		
<b>Auxiliaries</b>																					
<b>Extension</b>																					
iETL		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	-	-	-	-				■	■	■
<b>Indication</b>																					
iATLs		■	■	■	■	-	■	■	■	■	■	-	-	-	-				■	■	■
<b>Time delay control</b>																					
iATEt		■	■	■	-	-	■	■	■	-	-	-	-	-	-				■	■	-

## Catalogue numbers

iTL impulse relays								
Type	1P		2P		3P		4P	
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc)							
	(V AC) (50/60 Hz)	(V DC)						
16 A	12	6	A9C30011	A9C30012	A9C30011 + A9C32016	A9C30012 + A9C32016		
	24	12	A9C30111	A9C30112	A9C30111 + A9C32116	A9C30112 + A9C32116	A9C30114	
	48	24	A9C30211	A9C30212	A9C30211 + A9C32216	A9C30212 + A9C32216	A9C30214	A9C30216
	130	48	A9C30311	A9C30312	A9C30311 + A9C32316	A9C30312 + A9C32316	A9C30314	A9C30316
	230...240	110	A9C30811	A9C30812	A9C30811 + A9C32816	A9C30812 + A9C32816	A9C30814	A9C30816
32 A	230...240	110	A9C30831	A9C30831 + A9C32836	A9C30831 + 2 x A9C32836	A9C30831 + 3 x A9C32836		
Width in 9 mm modules			2	2	4	4		

iTLI impulse relays			
Type	2P		
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc)		
	(V AC) (50/60 Hz)	(V DC)	
16 A	12	6	A9C30015
	24	12	A9C30115
	48	24	A9C30215
	130	48	A9C30315
	230...240	110	A9C30815
Width in 9 mm modules			2

iETL extensions for iTL and iTLI				
Type	1P		2P	
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc)			
	(V AC) (50/60 Hz)	(V DC)		
16 A	12	6	-	A9C32016
	24	12	-	A9C32116
	48	24	-	A9C32216
	130	48	-	A9C32316
	230...240	110	-	A9C32816
32 A	230...240	110	A9C32836	-
Width in 9 mm modules			2	2

# iTL impulse relays (cont.)

iTLc, iTLm, iTLs

with built-in auxiliary function

## Catalogue numbers (cont.)

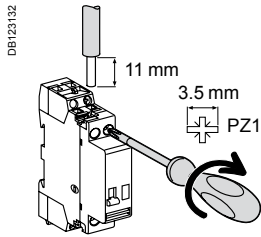
iTLc impulse relay with centralised control			
Type	1P	3P	
	<p>DB123817</p> <p>1NO</p>	<p>DB123818</p> <p>3P</p>	
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc) (V AC) (50/60 Hz)		
16 A	24	<b>A9C33111</b>	<b>A9C33111 + A9C32116</b>
	48	<b>A9C33211</b>	<b>A9C33211 + A9C32216</b>
	230...240	<b>A9C33811</b>	<b>A9C33811 + A9C32816</b>
Width in 9 mm modules		2	4

iTLm impulse relay with latched control			
Type	1P	3P	
	<p>DB123986</p> <p>1NO</p>	<p>DB123987</p> <p>3P</p>	
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc) (V AC) (50/60 Hz)		
16 A	230...240	<b>A9C34811</b>	<b>A9C34811 + A9C32816</b>
Width in 9 mm modules		2	4

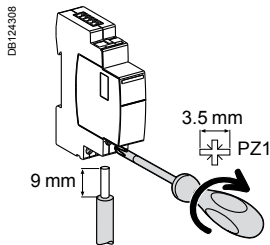
iTLs impulse relay with remote indication*				
Type	1P	3P		
	<p>DB123821</p> <p>1NO</p>	<p>DB123822</p> <p>3P</p>		
Rating (In)	Control voltage (Uc) (V AC) (50/60 Hz)    (V DC)			
16 A	24	12	<b>A9C32111</b>	<b>A9C32111 + A9C32116</b>
	48	24	<b>A9C32211</b>	<b>A9C32211 + A9C32216</b>
	230...240	110	<b>A9C32811</b>	<b>A9C32811 + A9C32816</b>
Width in 9 mm modules			2	4

(\* ) Short circuit protection device for indication contacts : 6 A gG fuse.

## Connection

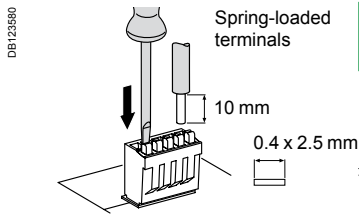


Type	Rating	Circuit	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
				Rigid or ferrule	Flexible or ferrule
iTL, iTLi, iTLc, iTLm, iTLs, iETL	16 A	Control	1 N.m		
		Power			
iTL, iETL	32 A	Control	1.2 N.m		
		Power			
iATLs, iATLc, iATLc+s, iATLc+c, iATLm, iATEt, iATL4, iATLz			1 N.m		



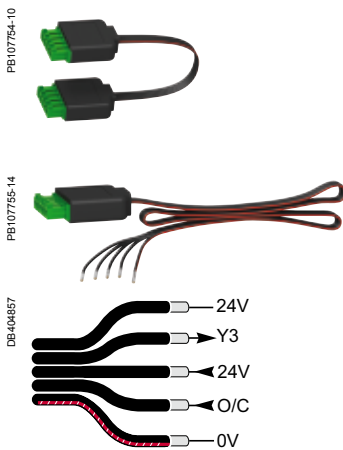
Type	Terminals	Tightening torque	Copper cables		
			Rigid	Flexible	Flexible or ferrule
iATL24	Power supply (N/P) Input (Y1/Y2)	1 N.m			

## Ti24 connector connection



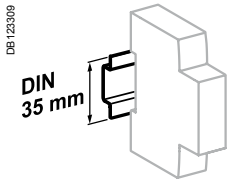
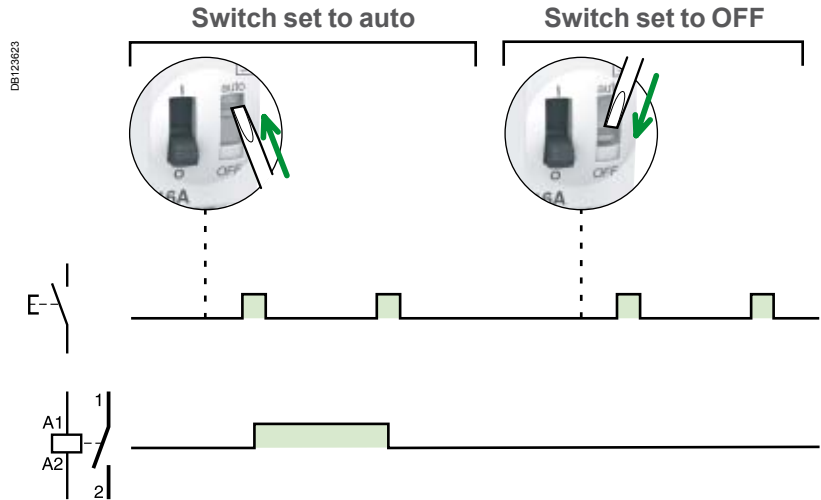
Type	Catalogue numbers	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible
Ti24 interface	A9XC2412		

## Ti24 prefabricated cables connection

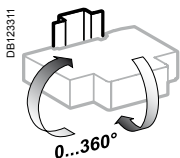


Type	Catalogue numbers	Length
<b>Connection for Acti 9 Smartlink</b>		
6 short prefabricated	A9XCAS06	100 mm
6 medium-sized prefabricated	A9XCAM06	160 mm
6 long prefabricated	A9XCAL06	870 mm
<b>Connection for PLC type terminals</b>		
6 long prefabricated on a single side	A9XCAU06	870 mm

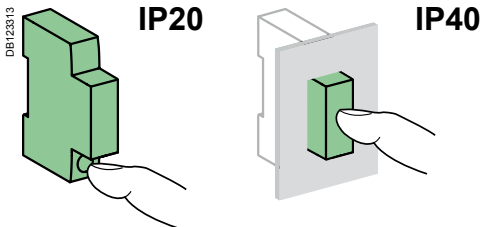
## Operation



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data





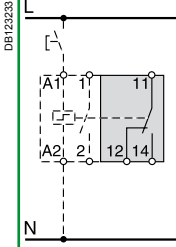
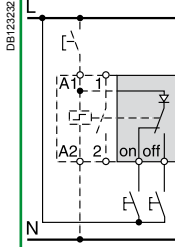
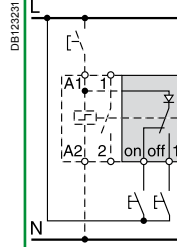
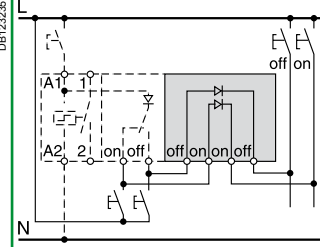
Control circuit		iTL and iTLI 16 A iTLc, iTLm, iTLs, iETL 16 A	iTL 32 A, iETL 32 A
Control voltage (Uc)	Tolerance at 50 Hz	+6 %, -15 %	
	Tolerance at 60 Hz	±6 %	
	Tolerance V DC	+6 %, -10 %	
Dissipated power (during the impulse)	1, 2, 3P: 19 VA	19 VA	
	4P: 38 VA		
Illuminated PB control	Max. current 3 mA (if > use an ATLz)		
Operating threshold	Min. 85 % of Un in conformance with IEC/EN60669-2-2		
Duration of the control order	50 ms to 1 s (200 ms recommended)		
Response time	50 ms		
Power circuit			
Voltage rating (Ue)	1P, 2P	24 ...250 V AC	
	3P, 4P	24...415 V AC	
Frequency	50 Hz or 60 Hz		
Maximum number of operations per minute	5		
Maximum number of switching operation a day	100		
Additional characteristics			
Insulation voltage (Ui)	440 V AC		
Pollution degree	3		
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	6 kV		
Overvoltage category	IV		
Endurance (O-C)			
Electrical	200,000 cycles (AC21)	50,000 cycles (AC21)	
	100,000 cycles (AC22)	20,000 cycles (AC22)	
Other characteristics			
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II	
Operating temperature	-20°C to +50°C		
Storage temperature	-40°C to +70°C		
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)		





# iTL impulse relays (cont.)





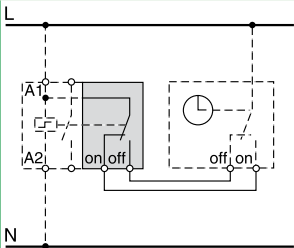
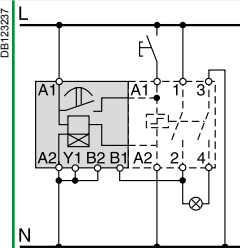
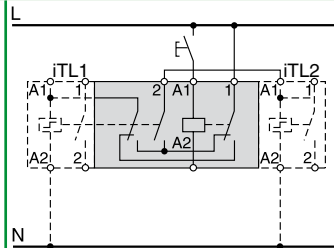
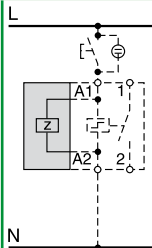
## Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays


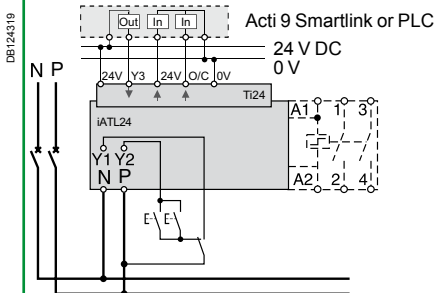
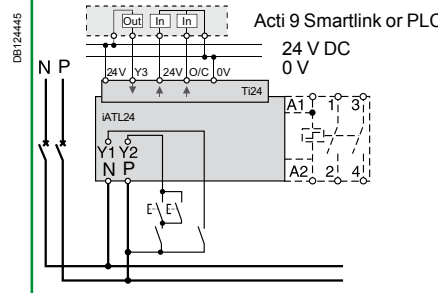
		Indication		Control					
Auxiliaries		iATLs		iATLc		iATLc+s		iATLc+c	
Type		Indication		Centralised control		Centralised control + indication		Multi-level centralised control	
									
		PB106139-34		PB106137-34		PB106140-34		PB106138-34	
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows remote indication of the associated impulse relay</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used for centralised control, thanks to a "pilot line", of a group of impulse relays controlling separate networks, while at the same time maintaining local individual control of each impulse relay</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>And for remote indication of the mechanical status of each relay</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used to control the centralised controls of a number of impulse relay groups, while at the same time maintaining local individual control and centralised control by level</li> </ul>	
Wiring diagrams									
		DB123233		DB123232		DB123231		DB123235	
Mounting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the right of iTL by yellow clips</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the right of iTL by yellow clips</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the right of iTL by yellow clips</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Without mechanical link with impulse relays and auxiliaries</li> </ul>	
Catalogue numbers		<b>A9C15405</b>		<b>A9C15404</b>		<b>A9C15409</b>		<b>A9C15410</b>	
Technical specifications									
Control voltage (Uc)	V AC	-		24...240		24...240		24...240	
	V DC	-		-		-		-	
Control voltage frequency	Hz	-		50/60		50/60		50/60	
Width in 9 mm modules		1		1		2		2	
Auxiliary contact (breaking capacity)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum: 10 mA at 24 V AC/DC</li> <li>Maximum (IEC 60947-5-1):                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12...240 V AC 6 A</li> <li>12...24 V DC 6 A</li> <li>15...240 V AC 2 A</li> <li>13...24 V DC 2 A</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		-		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum: 10 mA at 24 V AC/DC</li> <li>Maximum (IEC 60947-5-1):                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>12...240 V AC 6 A</li> <li>12...24 V DC 6 A</li> <li>15...240 V AC 2 A</li> <li>13...24 V DC 2 A</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		-	
Number of contacts		-		-		-		-	
Operating temperature	°C	-20°C to +50°C		-		-		-	
Storage temperature	°C	-40°C to +70°C		-		-		-	

# iTL impulse relays (cont.)

## Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays (cont.)

### Control

	iATLm	iATEt	iATL4	iATLz
	<b>Latched control</b>	<b>Time delay</b>	<b>Step by step control</b>	<b>Control by illuminated push-buttons</b>
				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Combined with an impulse relay, it operates on latched orders</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Combined with an impulse relay, it automatically disconnects the circuit after a preset time</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows the step by step sequence over 2 circuits</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used to control impulse relays by illuminated push-buttons, without operating risks</li> </ul>
				
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 time setting ranges:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 to 10 s</li> <li>6 to 60 s</li> <li>2 to 10 min</li> <li>6 to 60 min</li> <li>2 to 10 h</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The cycle is as follows:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1<sup>st</sup> impulse - iTL 1 closed, iTL 2 open</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> impulse - iTL 1 open, iTL 2 closed</li> <li>3<sup>rd</sup> impulse - iTL 1 and 2 closed</li> <li>4<sup>th</sup> impulse - iTL 1 and 2 open</li> <li>5<sup>th</sup> impulse - iTL 1 closed, iTL 2 open, etc</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provide an iATLz when the current drawn up by the illuminated push-buttons is higher than 3 mA (this current is sufficient to keep the coils energised). Above this value, fit one extra iATLz per 3 mA.</li> <li>For example: for 7 mA, fit 2 iATLz</li> </ul>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the right of iTL by yellow clips</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the left of iTL by yellow clips</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assembled between 2 impulse relays: according to the auxiliarisation table by yellow clips</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mounted to the left of iTL by yellow clips</li> </ul>
	<b>A9C15414</b>	<b>A9C15419</b>	<b>A9C15412</b>	<b>A9C15413</b>
	12...240	24...240	230	230...240
	50/60	24...110 50/60	50/60	50/60
	1	2	4	2
	-20°C to +50°C	-	-	-
	-40°C to +70°C	-	-	-

		<b>Control and indication</b>
<b>Auxiliaire</b>	<b>iATL24</b>	
<b>Type</b>	<b>Control and indication 24 V DC</b>	
	With Ti24 connector	
		
<b>Function</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ This auxiliary allows a impulse relay to be interfaced with the Acti 9 Smartlink interface or a programmable logic controller (PLC) in 24 V DC (control, O/C indication)</li> <li>■ 230 V AC control</li> </ul>	
<b>Wiring diagrams</b>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>DB124319</p> <p>Wiring with exclusive selector 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>DB124445</p> <p>Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls</p> </div> </div>	
<b>Mounting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ To the left of the iTL impulse relay using the yellow clips<sup>(1)</sup>.</li> <li>■ When an iATL24 is used, the A1/A2 terminals of the impulse relay should not be wired. Only the yellow clips integral with the iATL24 should be used for connection to the coil.</li> </ul>	
<b>Utilization</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 230 V AC interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Y1: enabling of 24 V DC control (Y1 = 1) or inhibition of 24 V DC control (Y1 = 0).</li> <li>□ Y2: 230 V pulse control</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ "Ti24" 24 V DC interface: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Y3: 24 V DC control of iTL closing on rising edge and opening on falling edge</li> <li>□ reading of the impulse relay status (opened or closed) from the position of the integrated O/C auxiliary contact</li> <li>□ monitoring of connection of the "Ti24" terminal block by the upstream system (PLC, supervision system) via the 24 V terminal (in the centre of the Ti24 terminal block)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	<b>A9C15424</b>	
<b>Technical specifications</b>		
Control voltage (Uc)	V AC	230, +10 %, -15 % (Y2)
	V DC	24, ± 20 % (Y3)
Control voltage frequency	Hz	50/60
Insulation voltage (Ui)	V AC	250
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	kV	8 (OVC IV)
Pollution degree		3
Degree of protection		IP20B device only IP40 device in modular enclosure
Width in 9 mm modules		2
Auxiliary contact (O/C) Ti24		24 V DC protected output, min. 2 mA, max. 100 mA
Contact		1 O/C operating category AC 14
Operating temperature	°C	-25°C to +60°C
Storage temperature	°C	-40°C to +80°C
Consumption		<1 W
Standard		IEC/EN 60947-5-1

(1) Mechanical and electrical connection.

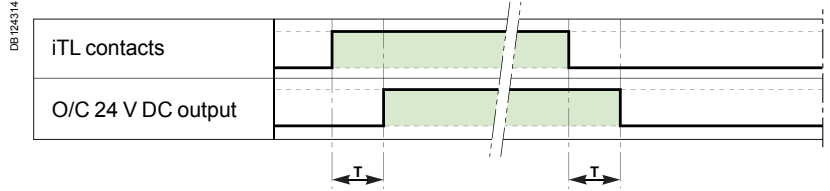
# iTL impulse relays (cont.)

## Electrical auxiliaries for iTL impulse relays (cont.)



### Operation of the iATL24

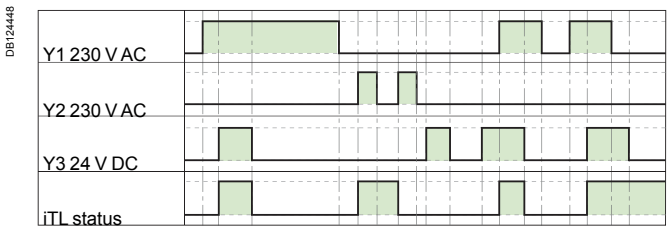
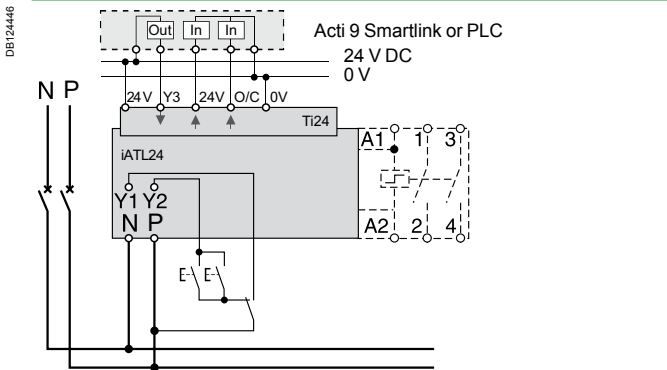
#### O/C 24 V DC output



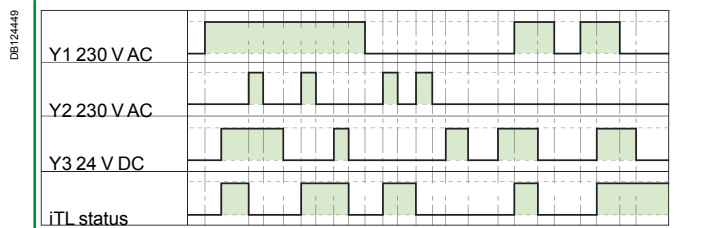
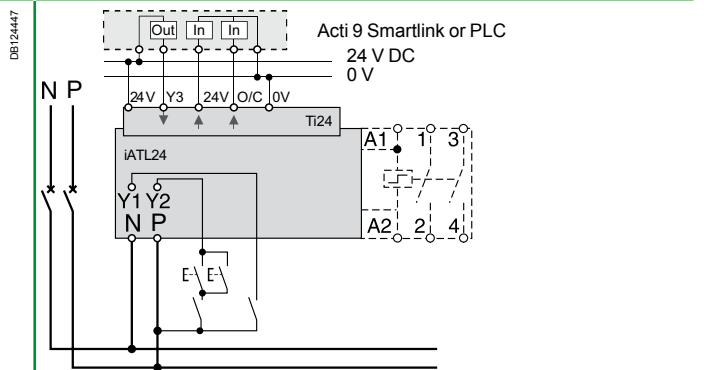
Parameter	Min	Max
T Time delay between iATL24 closing and indication	100 ms	200 ms



- Minimum duration of 230 V AC pulse (Y2): 200 ms.
- 30 iATL24 closing or opening actuations are authorized per minute: Minimum time delay between 2 actuations on the iATL24 via Y1, Y2, Y3 (closing or opening of the iTL coil): 440 ms.
- 10 closing or opening actuations spaced 440 milliseconds apart are authorized following no loading of the iATL24 during a period of 20 seconds.

#### Wiring with exclusive selector 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls

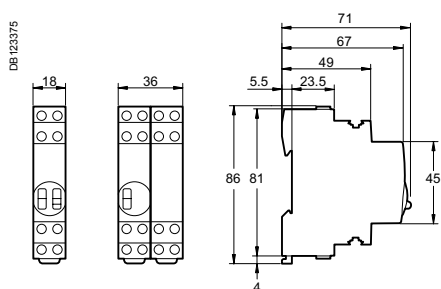


#### Wiring for non-exclusive 230 V AC and 24 V DC controls

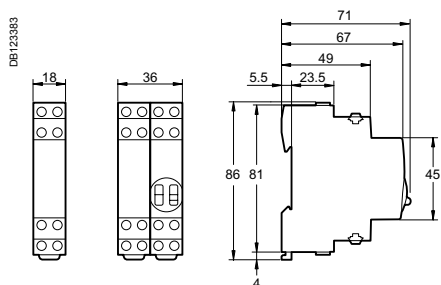


		Security	
Accessories	Yellow clips	Spacer	
			
	<small>PB106143-10</small>	<small>PB104483</small>	
Function			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Ensure the mechanical and/or electrical link between impulse relays and their auxiliaries (set of 10).</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Required to reduce temperature rise of modular devices installed side by side.</li> <li>■ Recommended to separate electronic devices (thermostat, programmable clock, etc.) from electromechanical devices (relays, contactors).</li> </ul>
Catalogue numbers			
	<b>A9C15415</b>		<b>A9A27062</b>
Technical specifications			
Width in 9 mm modules	-		1

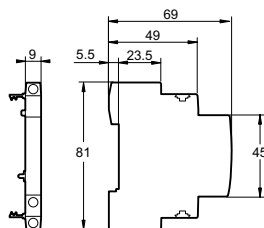
### Dimensions (mm)



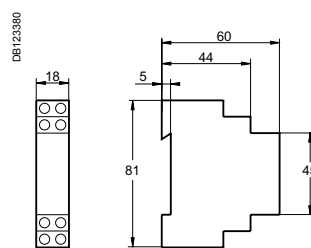
*iTL 1P*  
*iTLc*  
*iTLm*  
*iTLs*  
*iTLi*  
*iETL*



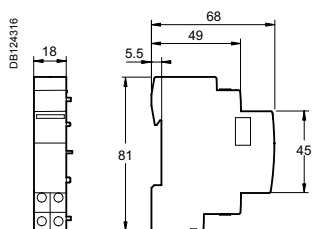
*iATLc+s*  
*iATLc+c*  
*iATLz*  
*iATL4*



*iATLc*  
*iATLs*  
*iATLm*



*iATeT*



*iATL24*

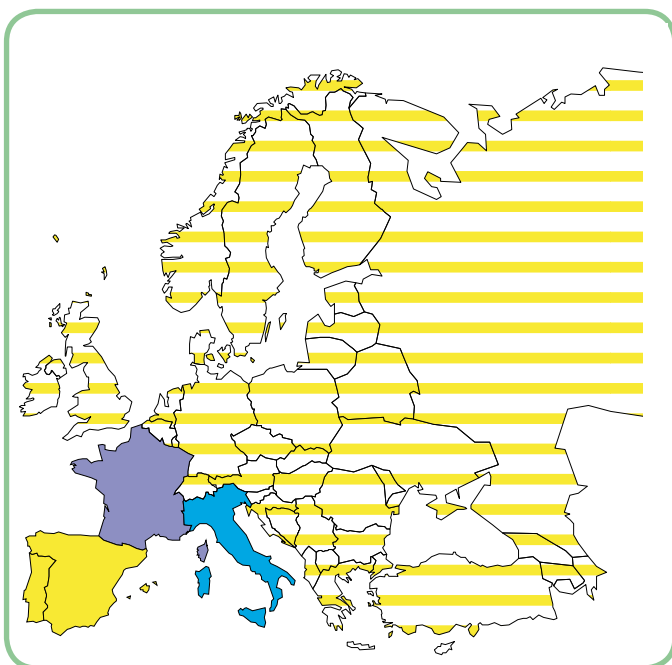


The Schneider Electric range of TL impulse relays comprises various offers (Clario, Prodis, Libro) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

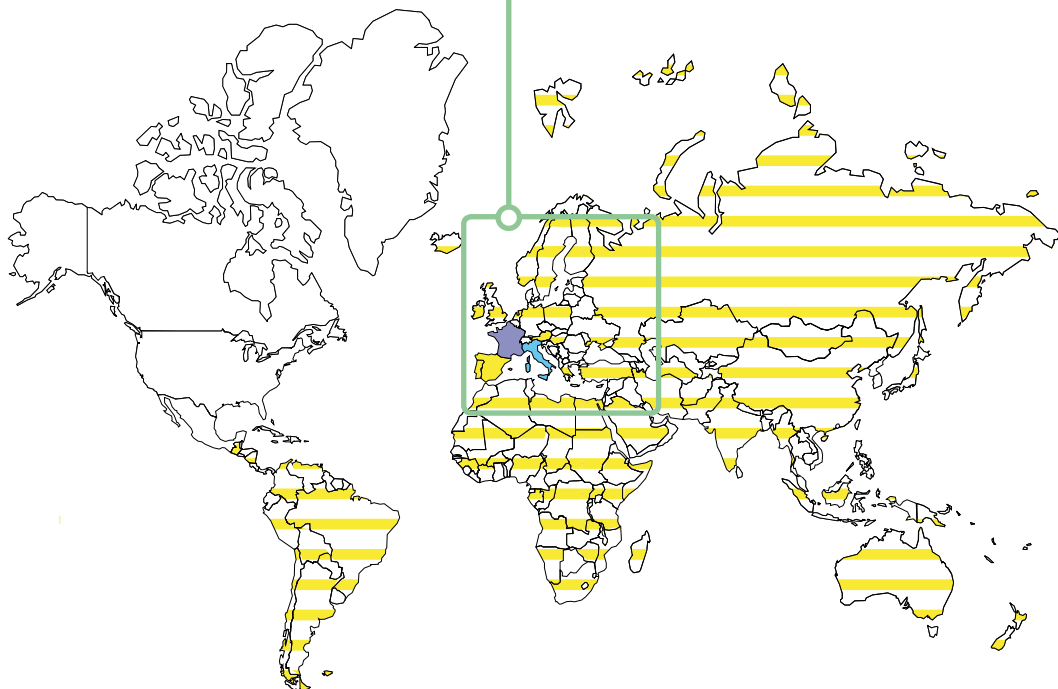
- installation customs
- price
- approval by local organizations.

### Variants

Offers		Pages
Clario	Catalogue numbers	446
Prodis	Catalogue numbers	447
Libro	Catalogue numbers	448
Common pages		449



Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.

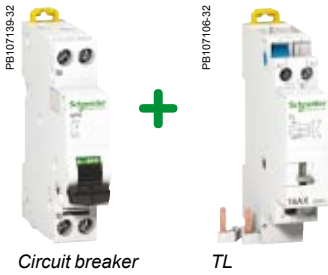




IEC 60669-1 and IEC 60669-2-2

TL impulse relays allow remote control of single-phase circuits.

TL impulse relays are combined with single-phase circuit breakers or residual current devices.



### Operation

TL impulse relays:

- have normally open contacts
- are controlled by impulse type electrical orders. One or more control points are possible.

### Catalogue numbers

TL impulse relays			
Type	Rating		Width in 9-mm modules
<b>1P</b>			
<p>DB123682</p>	16 A	<b>A9C15488</b>	2
<b>2P</b>			
<p>DB123683</p>	16 A	<b>A9C15489</b>	2



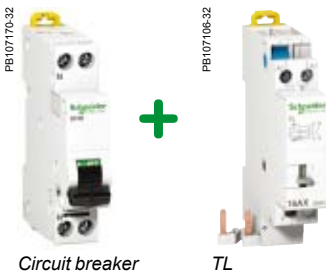




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### Operation

TL impulse relays:

- have normally open contacts
- are controlled by impulse type electrical orders. One or more control points are possible.

### Catalogue numbers

TL impulse relays			
Type	Rating		Width in 9-mm modules
<b>1P</b>			
<p>DB123682</p>	16 A	<b>A9C15506</b>	2
<b>2P</b>			
<p>DB123683</p>	16 A	<b>A9C15507</b>	2

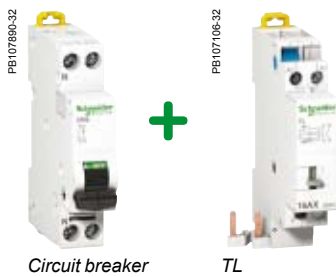




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TL impulse relays are combined with single-phase circuit breakers or residual current devices.



### Operation

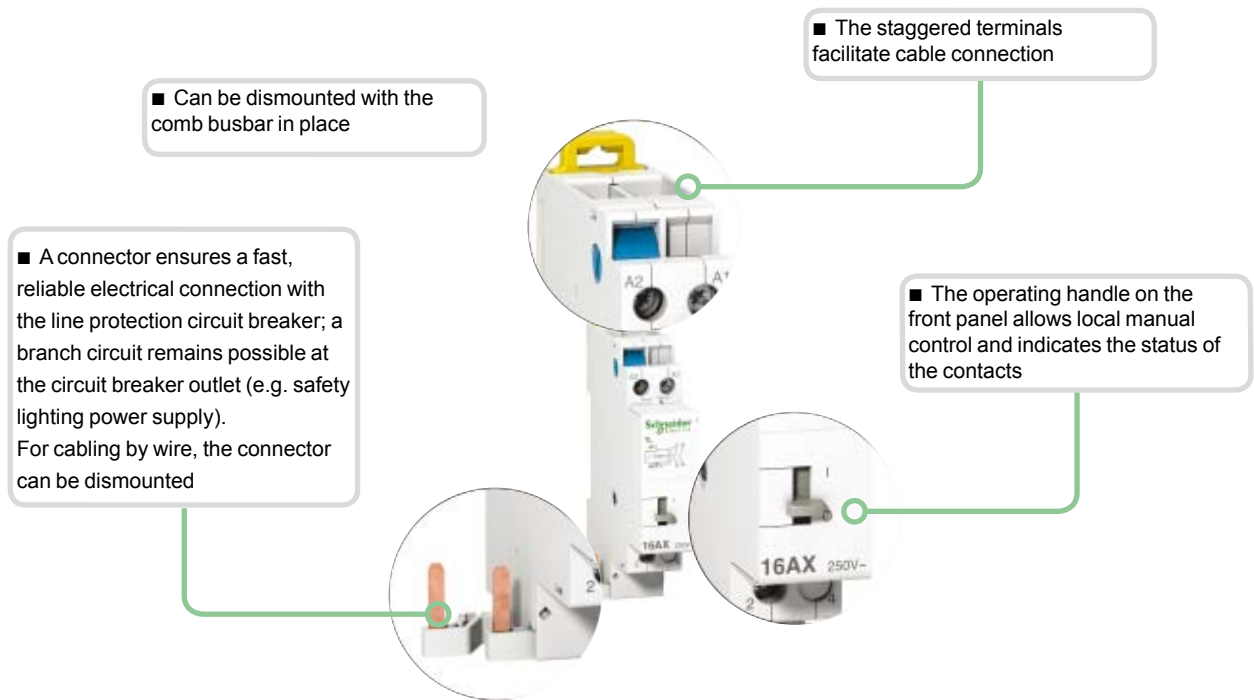
TL impulse relays:

- have normally open contacts
- are controlled by impulse type electrical orders. One or more control points are possible.

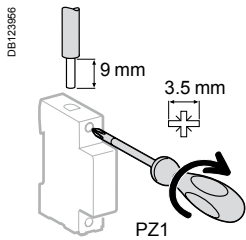
### Catalogue numbers



TL impulse relays			
Type	Rating		Width in 9-mm modules
2P			
	16 A	<b>A9C15485</b>	2





### Connection



Circuit	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
Power	1 N.m	 1 x 1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1 to 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 1 x 1 to 4 mm <sup>2</sup> 2 x 1 to 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Control	1 N.m	1 x 0,5 to 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 x 0,5 to 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>

### 2 possible connections

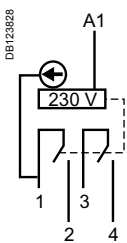


Figure 1:  
Coil cabling with 1 wire

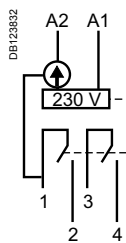


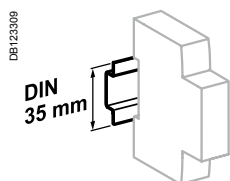
Figure 2:  
Coil cabling with 2 wires



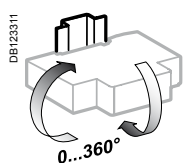
■ Cabling with a single wire



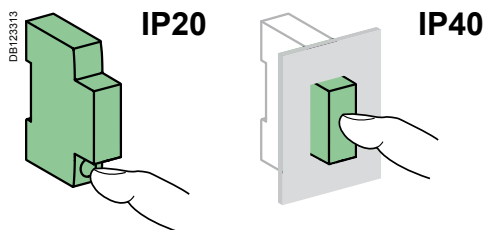
■ Standard cabling



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



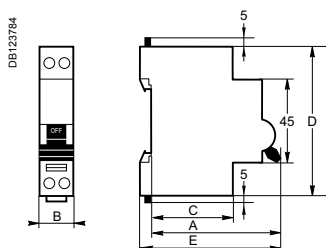
## Technical data

Control circuit		
Coil voltage (Uc)	230/240 V AC	
Frequency	50 Hz	
Inrush power	19 VA	
Control by luminous push buttons	Max. current consumption = 3 mA	
Power circuit		
Voltage rating (Ue)	250 V AC	
Frequency	50 Hz	
Max. number of switching operations per minute	5	
Pulse duration	50 ms (recommended value for automatic control: 200 ms)	
Additional characteristics		
Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC	
Noise level at activation	< 60 dBA (to 1 m)	
Pollution degree	3	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	2.5 kV	
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	200 000 cycles (AC22)
Operating temperature		-20°C to +50°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +80°C
Tropicalization		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)

## Weight (g)

TL impulse relays	
1P	100
2P	105

## Dimensions (mm)



TL impulse relays					
Type	A	B	C	D	E
1P/2P	63	18	44	81	69

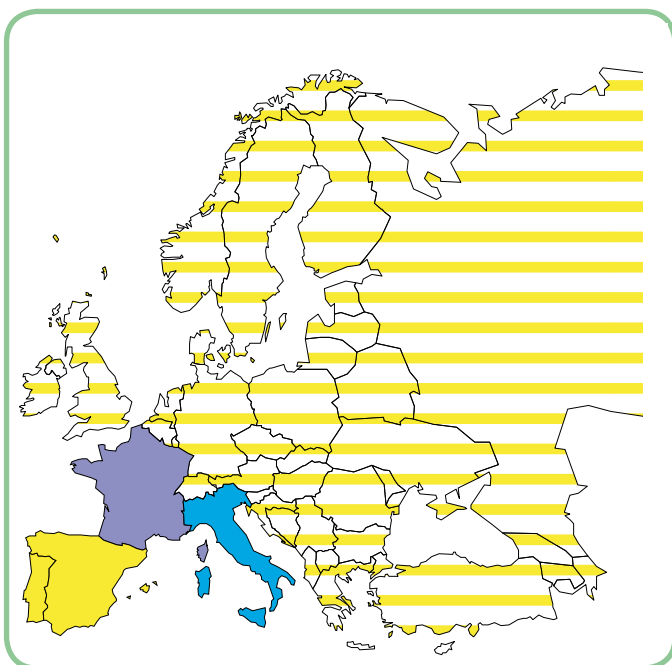


The Schneider Electric range of CT contactors comprises various offers (Clario, Prodis, Libro) so as to be as competitive as possible in each country, taking into account the specific features of each market:

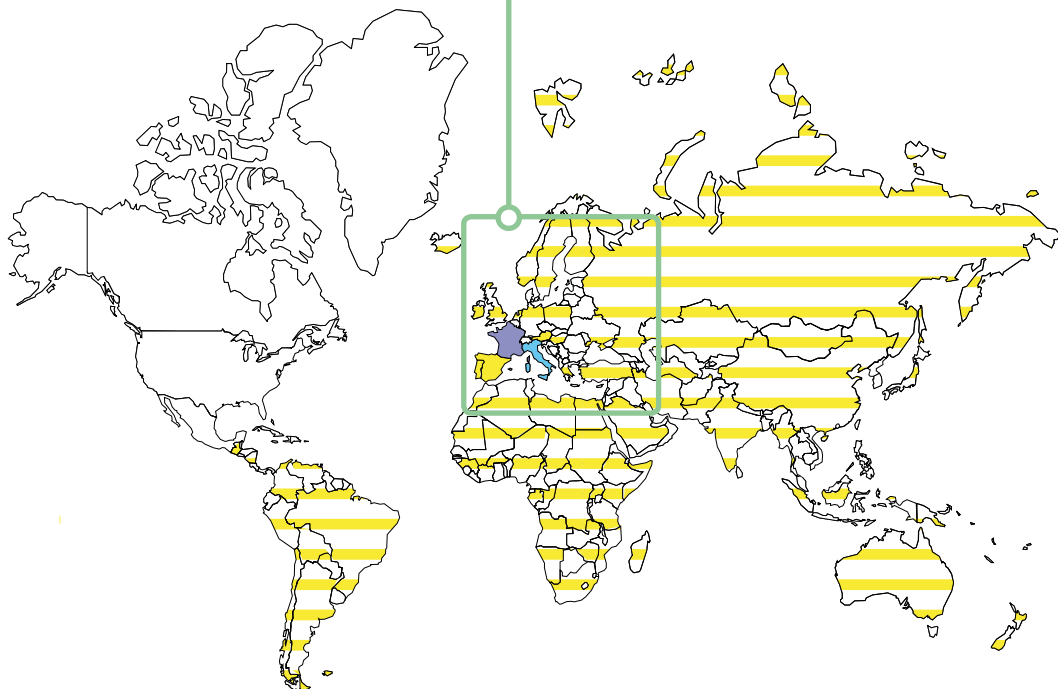
- installation customs
- price
- approval by local organizations.

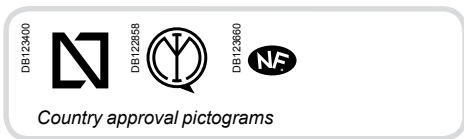
**Variants**

Offers		Pages
Clario	Catalogue numbers	452
Prodis	Catalogue numbers	453
Libro	Catalogue numbers	454
Common pages		455



*Only the product range to be marketed in your country and validated by the local product manager, in agreement with his Final Distribution (FD) partner should be retained. The others will be removed before publication.*





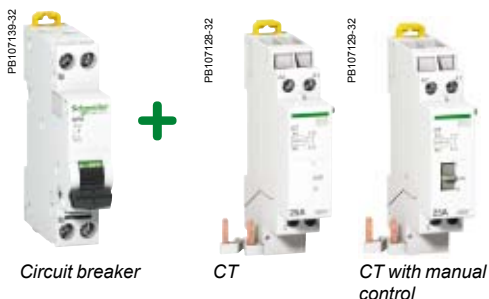
IEC/EN 61095

CT contactors combined with single-phase circuit breakers or residual current devices, allow remote control of single-phase circuits.

### Operation

CT contactors:

- have normally open contacts
- are controlled by latched type electrical orders.



### Catalogue numbers

CT contactors			
Type	Rating		Width in 9-mm modules
<b>2P</b>			
<p>DB123663</p>	25 A	<b>A9C15180</b>	2
<b>2P with manual control</b>			
<p>DB123664</p>	25 A	<b>A9C15181</b>	2





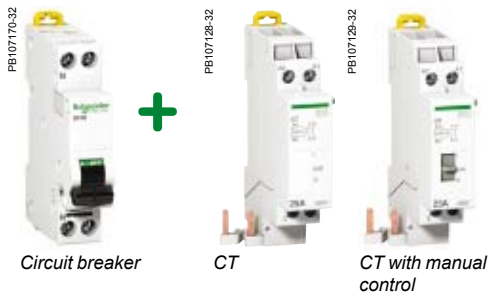
IEC/EN 61095

CT contactors combined with single-phase circuit breakers or residual current devices, allow remote control of single-phase circuits.

### Operation

CT contactors:

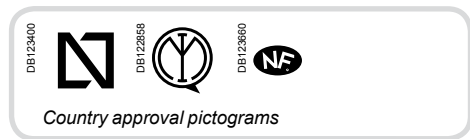
- have normally open contacts
- are controlled by latched type electrical orders.



### Catalogue numbers

CT contactors			
Type	Rating		Width in 9-mm modules
<b>2P</b>			
	25 A	<b>A9C15185</b>	2
<b>2P with manual control</b>			
	25 A	<b>A9C15186</b>	2





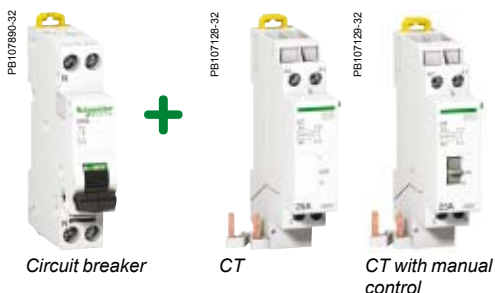
IEC/EN 61095

CT contactors combined with single-phase circuit breakers or residual current devices, allow remote control of single-phase circuits.

### Operation

CT contactors:

- have normally open contacts
- are controlled by latched type electrical orders.



### Catalogue numbers

CT contactors			
Type	Rating		Width in 9-mm modules
<b>2P</b>			
	25 A	A9C15182	2
<b>2P with manual control</b>			
	25 A	A9C15183	2





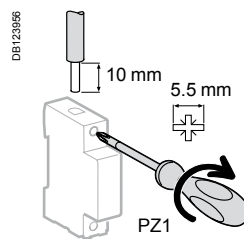
■ The staggered terminals facilitate cable connection

■ Every circuit breaker combined with a CT contactor remains compatible with the indication and tripping auxiliaries

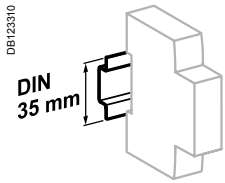
Manual-control CT contactors:  
 ■ Have a 3-position selector on the front panel:  
 automatic operation  
 temporary forced starting  
 permanent stoppage

■ A connector ensures a fast, reliable electrical connection with the line protection circuit breaker; a branch circuit remains possible at the circuit breaker outlet (e.g. safety lighting power supply). For cabling by wire, the connector can be dismantled

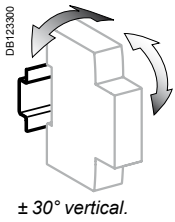
## Connection



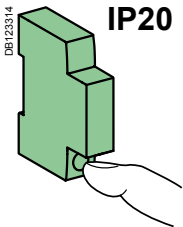
Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
25 A	0.8 N.m	 DB122845 ≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	 DB122846 ≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>



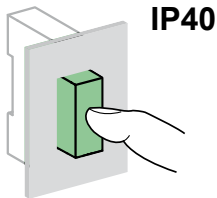
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



± 30° vertical.



IP20



IP40

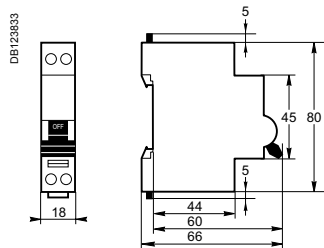
### Technical data

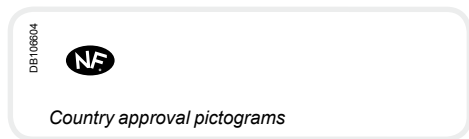
Control circuit		
Coil voltage (Uc)	230 V AC	
Frequency	50 Hz	
Inrush power	15 VA	
Holding power	3.8 VA	
Voltage presence indicating system on front panel	Red indicator: coil energized	
Power circuit		
Voltage rating (Ue)	250 V AC	
Frequency	50 Hz	
Max. number of switching operations per minute	6	
Max. number of switching operations per day	100	
Additional characteristics		
Insulation voltage (Ui)	500 V AC	
Silent operation	< 20 dB	
Pollution degree	2	
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	2.5 kV	
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only Device in modular enclosure	IP20 IP40 Insulation class II
Operating temperature	-5°C to +60°C	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +60°C	
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)	

### Weight (g)

CT contactors	
Standard 2P	110
2P with manual control	120

### Dimensions (mm)



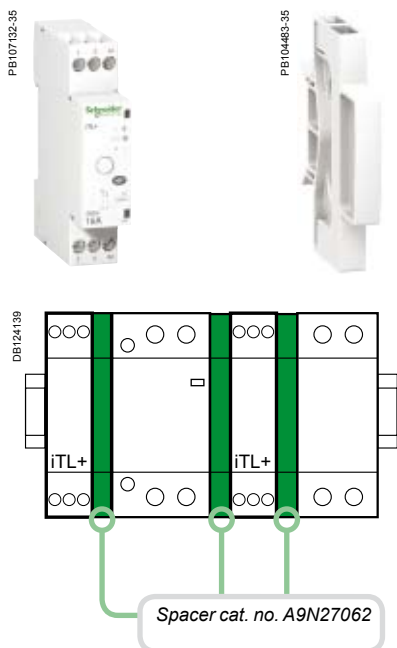


The iTL+ high-performance impulse relay allows remote control of single-phase circuits. It is designed for demanding applications.

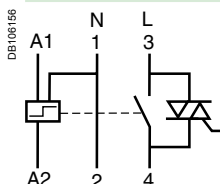
EN 60669-2-2

The iTL+ high-performance impulse relay is used for push-button control of lighting circuits consisting of:

- incandescent lamps, low-voltage halogen lamps, etc. (resistive loads)
- fluorescent tubes, discharge lamps, etc. (inductive loads).



iTL+			
Type	Rating		Width in 9 mm modules
1P+N	16 A	A9C15032	2+1 <sup>(1)</sup>



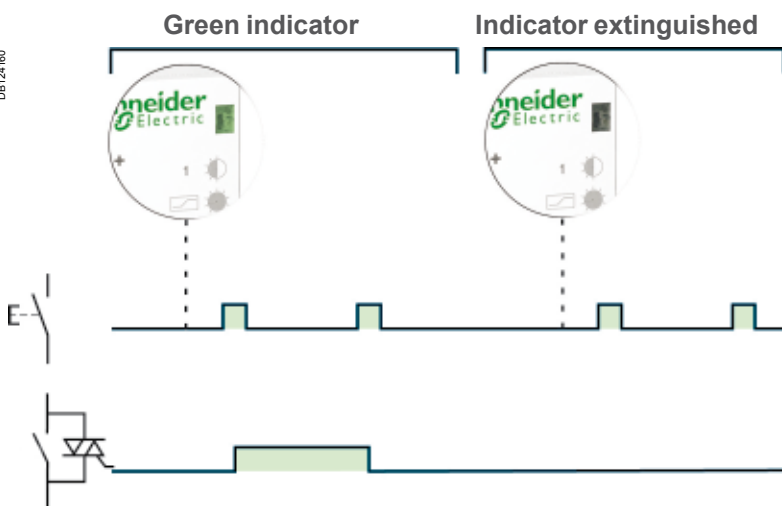
(1) Supplied with a 9 mm spacer (cat. no. A9N27062): to be used for mounting the iTL+ alongside a circuit breaker, contactor, impulse relay, etc., in order to maintain optimal operation.



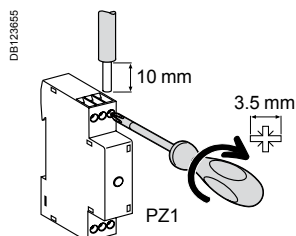
It is compulsory:

- to connect the neutral
- to keep the same control circuit connection "A1: phase", "A2: neutral"
- to use the same phase for connection of the power and control functions.

## Operation



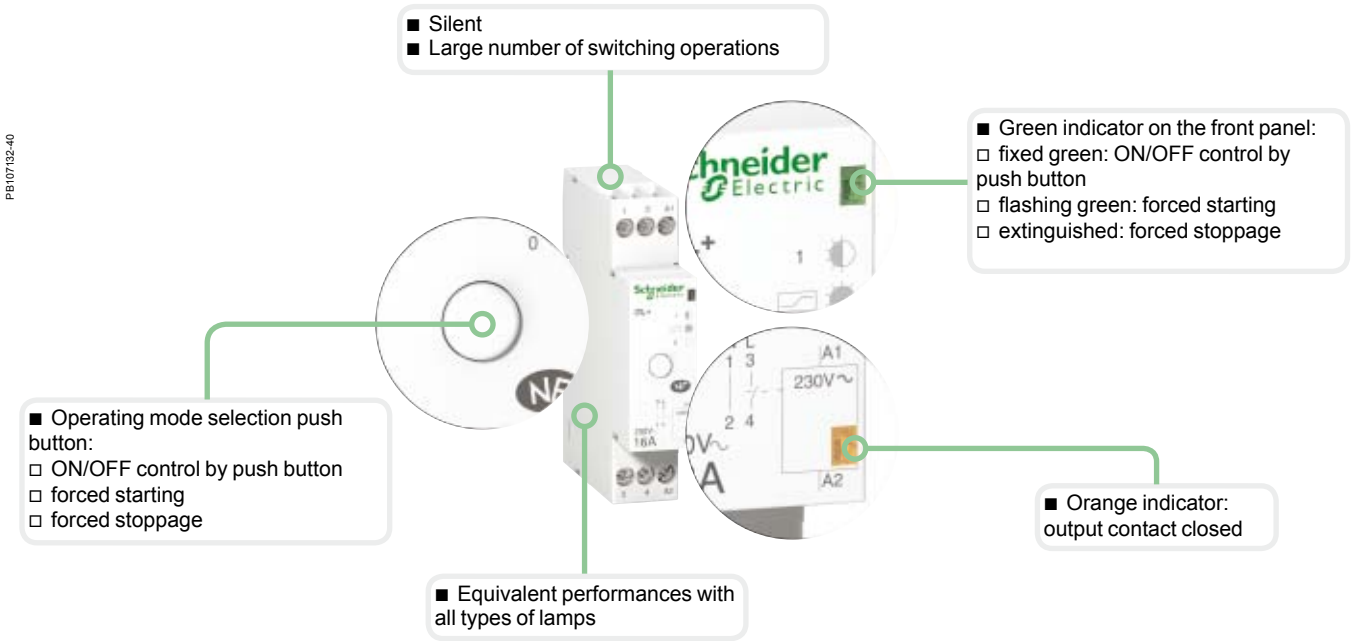
## Connection



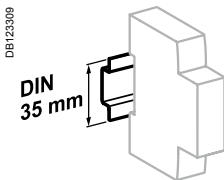
Type	Rating	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
			Rigid or flexible with ferrule	Rigid or flexible without ferrule
iTL+	16 A	1 N.m	<p>DB123656</p> <p>2 x 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup></p>	<p>DB123657</p> <p>2 x 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 1 x 4 mm<sup>2</sup></p>

# iTL+ high-performance impulse relays (cont.)

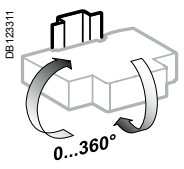
They combine the benefits of static switching and electromechanical technology: small size, little temperature rise.



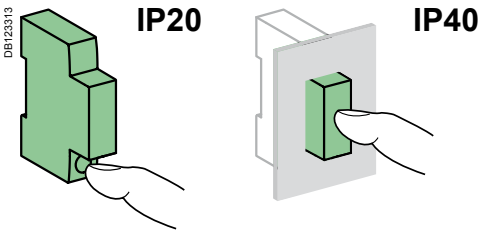
Following a mains failure, the iTL+ returns to 0 position (forced stoppage) irrespective of its initial state.



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.

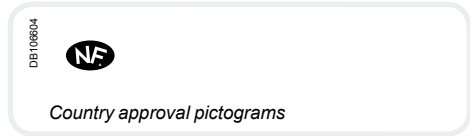


## Technical data

Control circuit		
Coil voltage (Uc)		230 V AC
Frequency		50 Hz
Inrush power		11 VA
Holding power		1.1 VA
Control by luminous push button		Max. current 5 mA
Control order duration		50 ms to 1 s (recommended 200 ms)
Power circuit		
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC
Frequency		50 Hz
Electrical load	Minimum	20 W
	Maximum	3600 W
Max. number of switching operations per minute		6
Other characteristics		
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	5.000.000 cycles (AC21 - AC22)
Noise level at activation		< 30 dBA
Operating temperature		-5°C to +55°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +60°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)

## Weight (g)

High-performance impulse relays	
Type	iTL+
1P+N	70

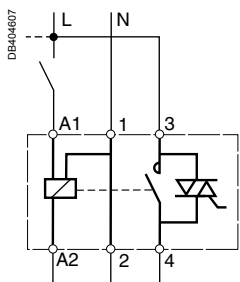
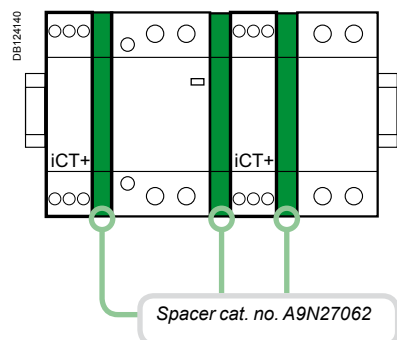


iCT+ high-performance contactors allow remote control of single-phase circuits. They are designed for demanding applications.

## EN 60669-2-2

iCT+ high-performance contactors can be used for remote control of applications on AC networks:

- lighting, heating, ventilation, roller blinds, domestic hot water
- mechanical ventilation systems, etc.
- load shedding on non-priority circuits.



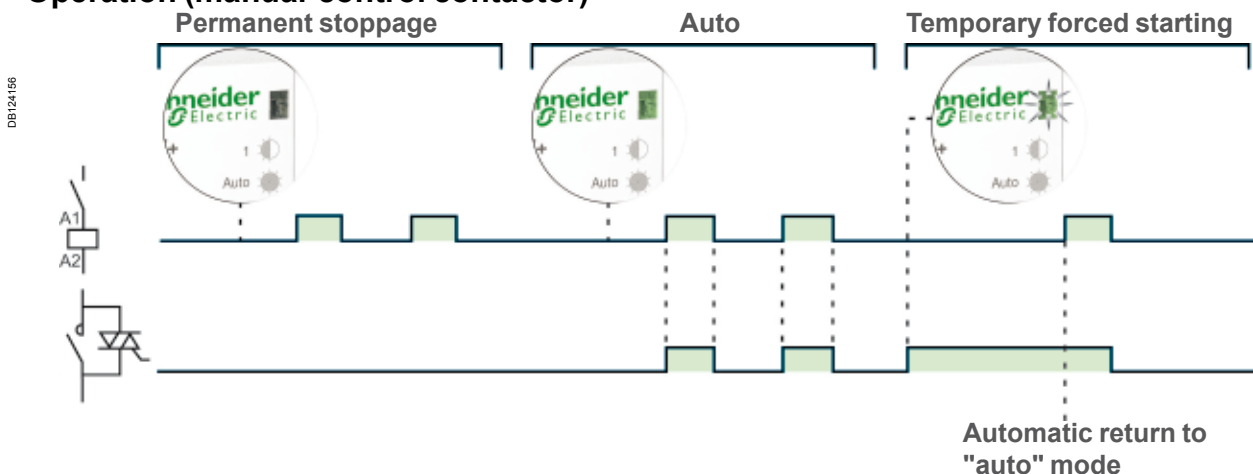
iCT+				
Type	Rating	Contact		Width in 9-mm modules
<b>Standard 1P+N</b>				
	20 A	1 NO	A9C15030	2+1 <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>1P+N with manual control</b>				
	20 A	1 NO	A9C15031	2+1 <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Supplied with a 9 mm spacer (cat. no. A9N27062): to be used for mounting the iCT+ alongside a circuit breaker, contactor, impulse relay, etc., in order to maintain optimal operation.

**It is compulsory:**

- to connect the neutral
- to keep the same control circuit connection "A1: phase", "A2: neutral"
- to use the same phase for connection of the power and control functions.

## Operation (manual-control contactor)



# iCT+ high-performance contactors (cont.)

They combine the benefits of static switching and electromechanical technology: small size, little temperature rise.

■ Silent  
■ Large number of switching operations

■ Operating mode selection push button:  
□ auto operation  
□ temporary forced starting\*  
□ permanent stoppage

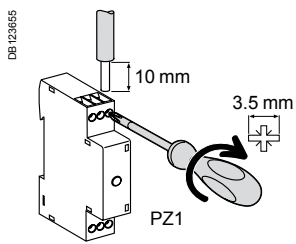
■ Equivalent performances with all types of lamps  
■ No derating

■ Green indicator on the front panel:  
□ fixed green: auto operation  
□ flashing green: temporary forced starting  
□ extinguished: permanent stoppage

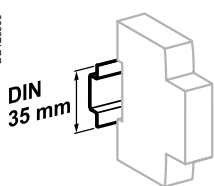
■ Orange indicator: output contact closed

Following a mains failure, the iCT+ returns to "auto" operating mode irrespective of its initial state.

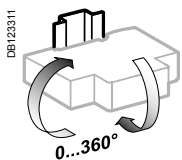
## Connection



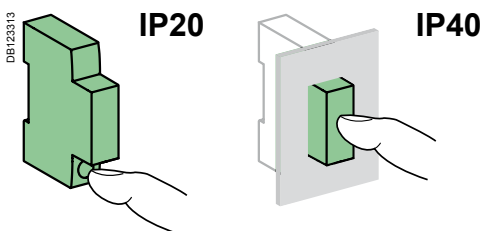
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid or flexible with ferrule	Rigid or flexible without ferrule
iCT+	1 N.m	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> 1 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



## Technical data

Control circuit		
Coil voltage (U <sub>c</sub> )		230 V AC (± 10 %)
Frequency		50 Hz
Inrush power		11 VA
Holding power		1.1 VA
Power circuit		
Voltage rating (U <sub>e</sub> )		230 V AC (± 10 %)
Frequency		50 Hz
Electrical load	Minimum	20 W
	Maximum	3600 W
Max. number of switching operations per minute		6
Other characteristics		
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	5.000.000 cycles
Pollution degree		3
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II
Operating temperature		-5°C to +55°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +60°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)






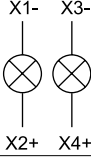
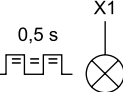
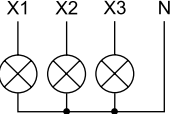
## Weight (g)

High-performance contactors	
Type	iCT+
Standard 1P+N	70
1P+N with manual control	70

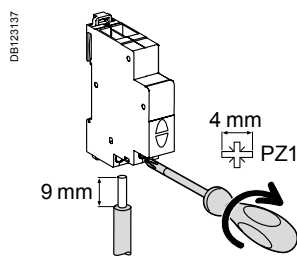
## IEC 60947-5-1



■ iLL indicator lights light up to indicate that a voltage is present.

### Catalogue numbers

iLL indicator lights										
Type	Single					Double		Flashing light	Three-phase voltage presence indicator light	
										
Diagram										
Colour	Red	Green	White	Blue	Yellow	Green/red	White/white	Red	Red/red/red	
<b>Cat. no.</b>										
12...48 V AC/DC	<b>A9E18330</b>	<b>A9E18331</b>	<b>A9E18332</b>	<b>A9E18333</b>	<b>A9E18334</b>	<b>A9E18335</b>	-	-	-	
110...230 V AC	<b>A9E18320</b>	<b>A9E18321</b>	<b>A9E18322</b>	<b>A9E18323</b>	<b>A9E18324</b>	<b>A9E18325</b>	<b>A9E18328</b>	-	-	
110...130 V DC										
110...230 V AC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>A9E18326</b>	-	
230...400 V AC (3 phases)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>A9E18327</b>	
Width in 9 mm modules	2					2		2	2	

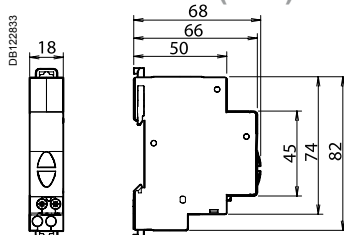
### Connection



Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
1 N.m	 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> min. 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max.	 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> min. 2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> max.

- Phase-separated wall that can be divided to allow the teeth of all types of comb busbar to pass through.
- Staggered terminals to simplify connection.

### Dimensions (mm)



### Technical data



Main characteristics	
Pollution degree	3
Power circuit	
Operating frequency	50...60 Hz
Flashing frequency	2 Hz
Additional characteristics	
Operating temperature	-35°C... +70°C
Storage temperature	-40°C... +80°C
Tropicalization	Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % at 55°C)
LED indicator light	Consumption per indicator light: 0.3 W Service life: 100,000 hours of constant lighting efficiency Maintenance-free indicator light (non-interchangeable LEDs)



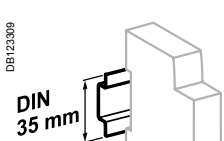
## ISO and iRO

Audible indication in housing and the tertiary sector.

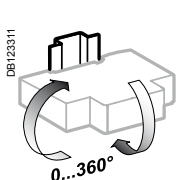
## Catalogue numbers

Bell and buzzer			
Type	Width in 9 mm modules		
<b>ISO bell</b> 	<b>Voltage (Ue)</b>		
	230 V AC	<b>A9A15320</b>	2
	8...12 V AC	<b>A9A15321</b>	2
<b>iRO buzzer</b> 	230 V AC	<b>A9A15322</b>	2
	8...12 V AC	<b>A9A15323</b>	2
Operating frequency		50...60 Hz	

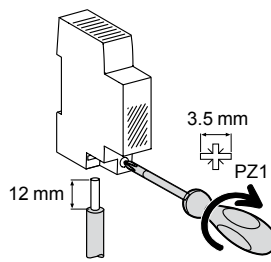
## Connection



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
1.3 N.m	< 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	< 4 mm <sup>2</sup>

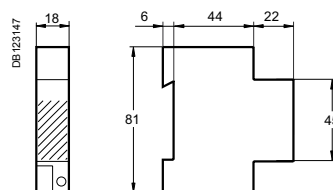
## Technical data

Main characteristics		ISO	iRO
Consumption	8...12 V AC	3.6 VA	
	220...240 V AC	5 VA	
Additional characteristics			
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP40	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP20	
Operating temperature		-10°C to +40°C	
Storage temperature		-25°C to +60°C	
Sound level (at a distance of 60 cm)		80 dBA	70 dBA

## Weight (g)

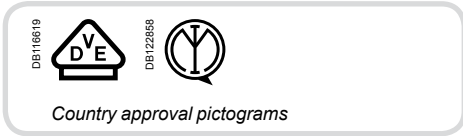
Bell and buzzer	
Type	Weight (g)
ISO	77
iRO	64

## Dimensions (mm)



iSO bell and iRO buzzer





## Bell transformers: NF EN 60742, EN/IEC 61558-2-8. Safety transformers: NF EN 60742, EN/IEC 61558-2-6.

Bell transformers and safety transformers allow for a very low voltage (ELV 8 V, 12 V or 24 V) to be obtained from a low voltage network (LV 230 V).

All Schneider Electric transformers are:

- Safe: primary and secondary circuits are perfectly insulated by each other
- Resistant to short-circuit currents thanks to the built-in device
- Class II with terminal shield (optional).

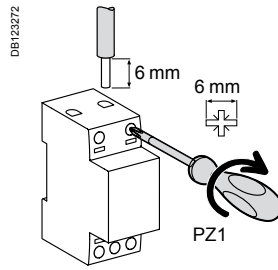
### Catalogue numbers



Bell transformer				
Type	Power	Secondary voltage		Width in 9 mm modules
E56759 	4 VA	8 V AC	A9A15214	4
	8 VA	8-12 V AC	A9A15216	4
E56760 	4 VA	8-12 V AC	A9A15213	4
	16 VA	8-12 V AC	A9A15212	4
E56761 	25 VA	12-24 V AC	A9A15215	6

Safety transformer				
Type	Power	Secondary voltage		Width in 9 mm modules
DB124153 	16 VA	12-24 V AC	A9A15218	10
	25 VA	12-24 V AC	A9A15219	10
DB124154 	40 VA	12-24 V AC	A9A15220	10
	63 VA	12-24 V AC	A9A15222	10
DB124155 				
Operating frequency	50/60 Hz			

Terminal shield	
Type	Width in 9 mm modules
15228	4
15229	6

## Connection



Tightening torque	Copper cables	
	Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
0.5 N.m	 < 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	 < 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Technical data

### Main characteristics

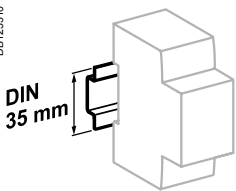
Primary voltage	230 V AC ±10 %
Secondary voltage on load	For bell transformers: 8-12-24 V AC ±15 % For safety transformers: 12-24 V AC ±5 %

Transformer catalogue numbers	Rated secondary voltage	Off load voltage
A9A15214	8 V	12 V
A9A15213	8 V	12 V
	12 V	16 V
A9A15216	8 V	13 V
	12 V	18 V
A9A15212	8 V	13 V
	12 V	18 V
A9A15215	12 V	16 V
	24 V	32 V
A9A15218	12 V	14 V
	24 V	28 V
A9A15219	12 V	14 V
	24 V	28 V
A9A15220	12 V	14 V
	24 V	28 V
A9A15222	12 V	14 V
	24 V	28 V

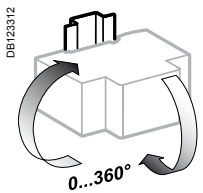
### Additional characteristics

Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20 with terminal shield
Operating temperature		-20°C to +55°C
Storage temperature		-25°C to +80°C

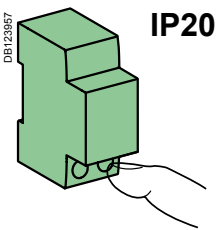
*Note: Transformers have an off load operating voltage that is higher than the rated voltage. For loads that are sensitive to overloads (electro-magnetic circuits), the transformer must be made to operate at In. After operation of the protection device upon an overload, cut-off the power supply and let the transformer cool down before restart.*



Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



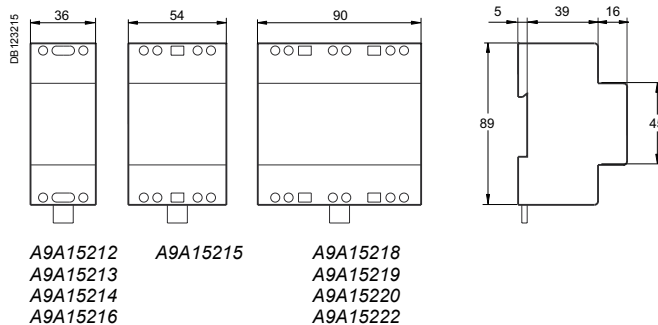
Bell transformer: indifferent position of installation.  
Safety transformer: vertical position.



## Weight (g)

iTR		
Type	Cat. no.	Weight
Bell	A9A15212	384
	A9A15213	240
	A9A15214	237
	A9A15215	633
	A9A15216	275
Safety	A9A15218	1082
	A9A15219	1125
	A9A15220	1190
	A9A15222	1309

## Dimensions (mm)





# Relays

Time delay relays are used in service sector and industrial buildings for small automatic control systems: ventilation, heating, animation, roller blind servo controls, escalators, pumps, lighting, signalling, monitoring, etc.

## > Time delay relays



**iRTA**  
■ Delays energizing of a load



**iRTB**  
■ Delays de-energizing of a load upon closing of an auxiliary contact (push button)



**iRTC**  
■ Delays de-energizing of a load upon opening of an auxiliary contact (push button)

## ^ Time delay

iRBN and iRTBT relays can interface automatic control system inputs/outputs with low-voltage devices.

## > Interface relays



**iRBN**  
**Low level relay**  
■ Actuation of low-amperage electronic circuits upon receiving an LV electrical order



**iRTBT**  
**Extra low voltage relay**  
■ Actuation of LV circuits based on an extra low voltage order

## ^ Control

Control relays monitor electrical parameters and indicate when they are exceeded

## > Control relays



**iRCP**  
**Phase control**  
■ Monitors the order and asymmetry of phases and the presence of voltage on the 3 phases of a three-phase circuit (power supply of a motor, etc.)



**iRCI**  
**Current control**  
■ Monitors the current flowing in a circuit and indicates any crossing of the set threshold

## ^ Monitoring



### iRTH

- Applies a time delay to de-energizing of a load



### iRTL

- Applies a time delay to energizing and de-energizing of a load during different times, repeatedly (flasher)



### iRTMF

- Allows one of the four types of time delay to be selected: A, B, C or H

iRLI and iERL relays are used to relay ON or OFF information to the auxiliary circuits and actuate low-power loads

## > Changeover relays



### iRLI Changeover

- Relays ON or OFF information to the auxiliary circuits
- Actuates low-power loads



### iERL extension

## ^ Relaying and control



### iRCU Voltage control

- Monitors the potential difference of a circuit and indicates any crossing of the set threshold




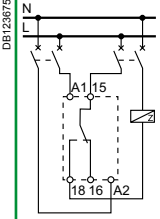
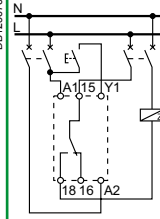
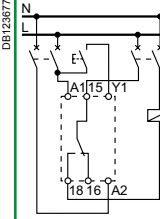
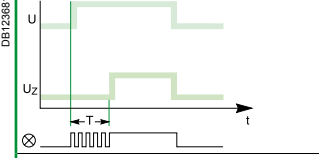
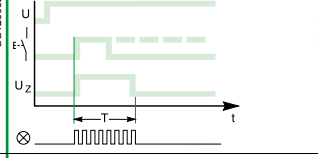
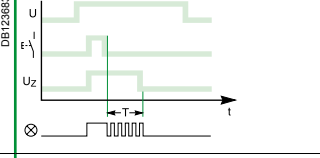


### iRCC Compressor control




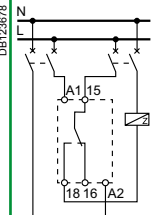
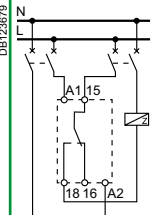
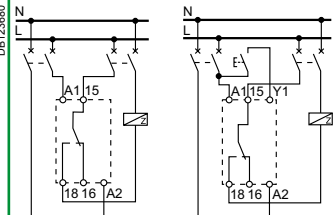
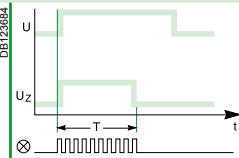
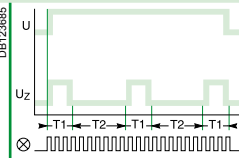
- Monitors the compressor power supply and prevents its immediate restarting upon detection of a power cut or voltage dip



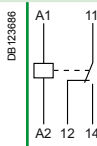
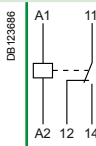
# Time delay relays

## iRTA, iRTB, iRTC, iRTH, iRTL and iRTMF



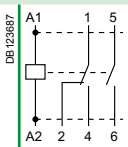
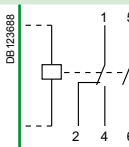
		Time delay relays		
		iRTA	iRTB	iRTC
<b>Type</b>				
<b>Function</b>		■ Delays energizing of a load	■ Delays de-energizing of a load upon closing of an auxiliary contact (push button)	■ Delays de-energizing of a load upon opening of an auxiliary contact (push button)
<b>Wiring diagrams</b>				
<b>Use</b>		 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The single time delay cycle starts at switching on of the iRTA relay power supply</li> <li>■ The load is energized at the end of time delay T</li> </ul>	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The single time delay cycle starts at closing of an auxiliary contact (push button)</li> <li>■ The load is de-energized at the end of time delay T</li> </ul>	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ The single time delay cycle starts only upon release of an auxiliary contact (push button)</li> <li>■ The load is de-energized at the end of time delay T</li> </ul>
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>		<b>A9E16065</b>	<b>A9E16066</b>	<b>A9E16067</b>
<b>Technical specifications</b>				
Control and power supply voltage (Uc)	V AC	24...240, ±10 %	24...240, ±10 %	24...240, ±10 %
	V DC	24, ±10 %	24, ±10 %	24, ±10 %
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60	50/60	50/60
Time delay range		0.1 s to 100 h	0.1 s to 100 h	0.1 s to 100 h
Precision		±10 % of full scale	±10 % of full scale	±10 % of full scale
Minimum duration of control impulse		100 ms	100 ms	100 ms
Insensitive to brownouts		≤ 20 ms	≤ 20 ms	≤ 20 ms
Max. resetting time per voltage interruption		100 ms	100 ms	100 ms
Accuracy of repetition		±0.5 % at constant parameters	±0.5 % at constant parameters	±0.5 % at constant parameters
Changeover contact (cadmium free)	Mini	Rating 10 mA/5 V DC	Rating 10 mA/5 V DC	Rating 10 mA/5 V DC
	Maxi	Rating 8 A/250 V AC/DC	Rating 8 A/250 V AC/DC	Rating 8 A/250 V AC/DC
Endurance	Mechanical	> 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations	> 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations	> 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations
	Electrical	> 10 <sup>5</sup> switching operations (utilization category AC1)	> 10 <sup>5</sup> switching operations (utilization category AC1)	> 10 <sup>5</sup> switching operations (utilization category AC1)
Display of contact status by green indicator lamp		Flashing during time delay	Flashing during time delay	Flashing during time delay
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20	IP20	IP20
Connection by tunnel terminals	Without ferrule	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> single-strand	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> single-strand	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> single-strand
	With ferrule	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> multi-strand	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> multi-strand	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> multi-strand
Width in 9-mm modules		2	2	2
Operating temperature	°C	-5 ... +55	-5 ... +55	-5 ... +55
Storage temperature	°C	-40 ... +70	-40 ... +70	-40 ... +70

# Time delay relays iRTA, iRTB, iRTC, iRTH, iRTL and iRTMF (cont.)



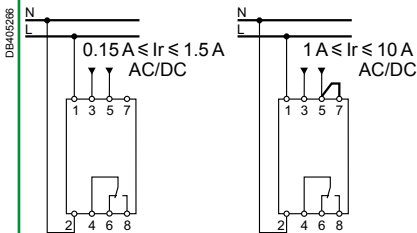
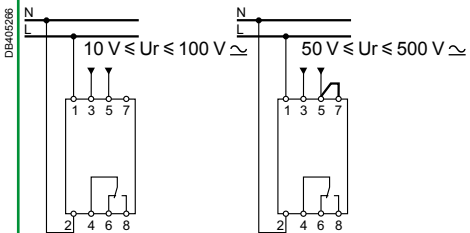



	iRTH	iRTL	iRTMF
			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Applies a time delay to de-energizing of a load</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Applies a time delay to energizing and de-energizing of a load during different times, repeatedly (flasher)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows one of the four types of time delay to be selected: A, B, C or H</li> </ul>
			
			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The single time delay cycle starts at switching on of the iRTH relay power supply</li> <li>The load is de-energized at the end of time delay T</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The time delay cycle starts at energizing</li> <li>The load is energized during an adjustable time T1 and then de-energized during an adjustable time T2. This cycle is reproduced until de-energizing of the iRTL relay power supply</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Depending on the choice, the iRTMF generates time delay cycles for the iRTA, iRTB, iRTC or iRTH relays</li> </ul>
	<b>A9E16068</b>	<b>A9E16069</b>	<b>A9E16070</b>
	24...240, ±10 %	24...240, ±10 %	12...240, ±10 %
	24, ±10 %	24, ±10 %	12...240, ±10 %
	50/60	50/60	50/60
	0.1 s to 100 h	0.1 s to 100 h	0.1 s to 100 h
	±10 % of full scale	±10 % of full scale	±10 % of full scale
	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms
	≤ 20 ms	≤ 20 ms	≤ 20 ms
	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms
	±0.5 % at constant parameters	±0.5 % at constant parameters	±0.5 % at constant parameters
	Rating 10 mA/5 V DC	Rating 10 mA/5 V DC	Rating 10 mA/5 V DC
	Rating 8 A/250 V AC/DC	Rating 8 A/250 V AC/DC	Rating 8 A/250 V AC/DC
	> 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations	> 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations	> 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching operations
	> 10 <sup>5</sup> switching operations (utilization category AC1)	> 10 <sup>5</sup> switching operations (utilization category AC1)	> 10 <sup>5</sup> switching operations (utilization category AC1)
	Flashing during time delay	Flashing during time delay	Flashing during time delay
	IP20	IP20	IP20
	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> single-strand	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> single-strand	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> single-strand
	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> multi-strand	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> multi-strand	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> multi-strand
	2	2	2
	-5 ... +55	-5 ... +55	-5 ... +55
	-40 ... +70	-40 ... +70	-40 ... +70

			Interface relays	
			iRBN	iRTBT
Type			Low level	Extra low voltage
				
Standard	IEC 255 100 and IEC 529		IEC 255 100 and IEC 529	
Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Actuation of low-amperage electronic circuits upon receiving an LV electrical order</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Actuation of LV circuits based on an extra low voltage order</li> </ul>	
Wiring diagrams				
Use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Inputs of programmable logic controllers, of measuring or supervision circuits, etc.</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ELV orders can be issued by a programmable logic controller (24 V DC static outputs), a central fire detection unit, a regulation system, etc.</li> </ul>	
Catalogue numbers	<b>A9A15393</b>		<b>A9A15416</b>	
Technical specifications				
Input control voltage (Uc)	V AC	230, ±10 %	12...24, -15 to +10 %	
	V DC	-	12...24, ±20 %	
Output contact rating	Mini	5 mA/5 V DC (DC12) 5 mA/5 V AC	10 mA/10 V DC (DC12) 10 mA/10 V AC	
	Maxi	1 A/24 V DC (DC12) 5 A/250 V AC	1 A/24 V DC (DC12) 5 A/250 V AC	
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60	0...60	
Strengthened insulation between ELV/LV circuits		4 kV	4 kV	
Consumption	At inrush	5 VA	0.22 W	
	At holding	2.5 VA	0.11 W	
Endurance	Electrical	100,000 switching operations	100,000 switching operations	
Display of voltage presence on the control circuit		By green indicator lamp	By green indicator lamp	
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20	IP20	
Connection by tunnel terminals		0.5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Width in 9-mm modules		2	2	
Operating temperature	°C	-5 ... +55	-5 ... +55	
Storage temperature	°C	-40 ... +70	-40 ... +70	



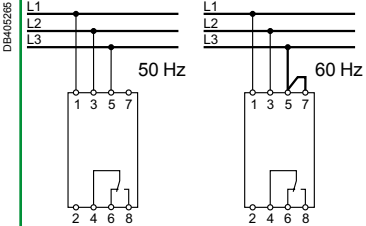
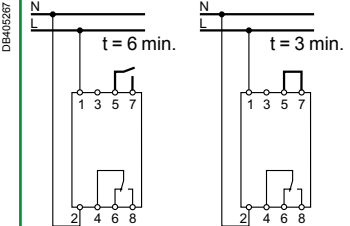


Changeover and extension relays									
	iRLI				iERL				
Type	Changeover relay				Extension for RLI				
									
Standard	IEC 255 and NF C 45-250				IEC 255 and NF C 45-250				
Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Relaying of ON or OFF information to the auxiliary circuits and actuation of low-power loads</li> </ul>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Extension allowing additional contacts to be added to the iRLI changeover relays</li> </ul>				
Wiring diagrams									
Use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The iRLI relay contains 1 changeover contact (O-C) and 1 normally open contact (N/O)</li> </ul>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The iERL extension (max. 3 iERLs for 1 iRLI) contains 1 changeover contact (O-C) and 1 normally open contact (N/O)</li> <li>Can be mounted without any tool and without additional cabling using a yellow clip which performs mechanical assembly and electrical connection between the coils</li> </ul>				
Catalogue numbers	A9E15535	A9E15536	A9E15537	A9E15538	A9E15539	A9E15540	A9E15541	A9E15542	
<b>Technical specifications</b>									
Control voltage (Uc)	V AC	230...240	48	24	12	230...240	48	24	12
Voltage rating (Ue)	V AC	230							
Insulation voltage (Ui)	V AC	250							
Rating (In)	A	10, cos φ = 1				10, cos φ = 1			
Operating frequency	Hz	50/60				50/60			
Inrush and holding power		4 VA				iRLI + iERL : 8 VA			
Endurance	Electrical	100,000 cycles AC21 (cos φ = 1)				100,000 cycles AC21 (cos φ = 1)			
Commande directe en face avant	Power	By push button				By push button			
	Coil	By selector switch (disconnection)				By selector switch (disconnection)			
Position indicator		Mechanical indicator				Mechanical indicator			
Marking		Clip-on markers on the front panel				Clip-on markers on the front panel			
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20				IP20			
Connection by tunnel terminals		0.5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>				0.5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>			
Width in 9-mm modules		2				2			
Operating temperature	°C	-5 ... +55				-5 ... +55			
Storage temperature	°C	-40 ... +70				-40 ... +70			

# iRCP phase control, iRCI current control, iRCU voltage control and iRCC compressor control relays

		Control relays	
		iRCI	iRCU
Type		Current control	Voltage control
			
Function		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitors the current (<math>I_r</math>) flowing in an AC or DC circuit and indicates any crossing of the set threshold</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitors the voltage variation (<math>U_r</math>) of an AC or DC circuit and indicates any crossing of the set threshold</li> </ul>
Wiring diagrams			
Catalogue numbers		A9E21181	A9E21182
<b>Common technical specifications</b>			
Supply voltage ( $U_c$ )	V AC	230, -15 % à +10 %	
Frequency	Hz	50/60	
Parameter setting		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On the front panel, by direct scale, using a screwdriver</li> </ul>	
Precision of display		±10 % of full scale	
Output by changeover contact		8 A under 250 V AC ( $\cos \varphi = 1$ )	
Indications by LED	Green	Voltage presence	
	Red	Fault	
Consumption	VA	3	
Dissipated power	W	2	
Degree of protection	Device only	IP20	
Connection by tunnel terminals	Rigid cable	1.5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Width in 9-mm modules		4	
Operating temperature	°C	-5 ... +55	
Storage temperature	°C	-40 ... +80	
<b>Particular technical specifications</b>			
		Threshold adjustable from 10 % to 100 % of $I_r$	Threshold adjustable from 10 % to 100 % of $U_r$
		Hysteresis adjustable from 5 % to 50 % of $I_r$	Hysteresis adjustable from 5 % to 50 % of $U_r$
		Monitoring of overcurrent and undercurrent (selection by selector switch)	
		Fail-safe contact	
		De-energized	
		Energized with fault	
		Energized without fault	
		Time delay on crossing threshold: 0.1 s to 10 s	
		Possibility of memorizing fault with resetting	
		Compatible with current transformers (CTs) of ratio X/5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Automatic recognition of AC voltage or DC voltage.</li> <li>2 measuring ranges selected by cabling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10 V to 50 V</li> <li>50 V to 500 V</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Automatic recognition of alternating or direct current.</li> <li>2 measuring ranges selected by cabling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0.15 A to 1.5 A</li> <li>1 A to 10 A</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

# iRCP phase control, iRCI current control, iRCU voltage control and iRCC compressor control relays (cont.)

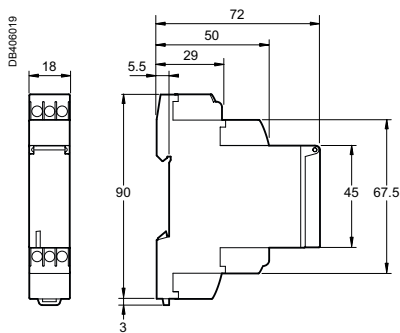
iRCP		iRCC	
Phase control		Compressor control	
			
<p>■ Monitors phases and the presence of voltage on the 3 phases of a three-phase circuit (power supply of a motor, etc.). It indicates any phase loss or inversion</p>		<p>■ Monitors the compressor's power supply and prevents its immediate restarting upon detection of a power cut or voltage dip</p>	
			
<b>A9E21180</b>		<b>A9E21183</b>	
400, ±15 %		230, -15 % à +10 %	
50/60			
■ On the front panel, by direct scale, using a screwdriver			
±10 % of full scale			
8 A under 250 V AC (cos φ = 1)			
Voltage presence			
Fault			
3			
3 (total on the 3 phases)		2	
IP20			
1.5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>			
4			
-5 ... +55			
-40 ... +80			
Setting of phase asymmetry threshold: 5 % to 25 % of 400 V		Threshold setting: ±5 % to ±15 % of 230 V	
Hysteresis: fixed, 5 % of asymmetry threshold			
Monitoring of direction of phase rotation			
Monitoring of presence of the 3 phases			
Fail-safe contact		Fail-safe contact	
De-energized		De-energized	
Energized with fault		Energized with fault	
Energized without fault		Energized without fault	
Time delay on tripping: 0.3 s		Time delay on overshoot: 3 or 6 minutes (selection by cabling)	

## Technical data

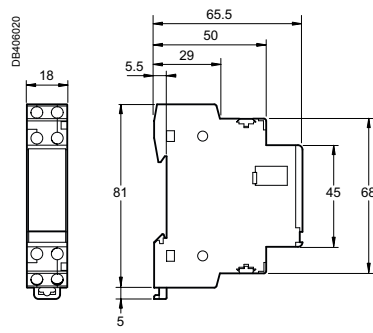
### Weight (g)

Relays	
Type	Weight (g)
iRTA, iRTB, iRTC, iRTH, iRBN	65
iRTL	66
iRTMF	68
iRTBT	63
iRLI, iERL	112
iRCP, iRCC	210
iRCI, iRCU	215

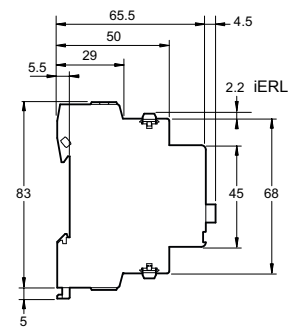
### Dimensions (mm)



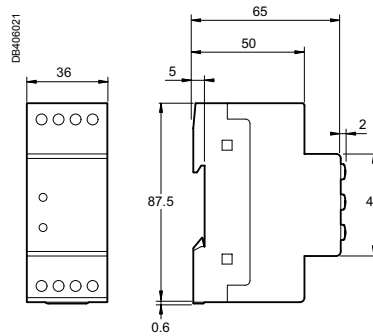
*iRTA, iRTB, iRTC, iRTH, iRTL, iRTMF*



*iRBN, iRTBT*



*iRLI, iERL*



*iRCP, iRCI, iRCU, iRCC*

CDS  
DSE1



Country approval pictograms

DSE1: IEC 64-8

CDS, CDSc : NF C 61.750, EN 500 81.1

When consumption exceeds the selected threshold, the load-shedder temporarily cuts off the power supply to non-priority circuits.

Load-shedders are used to:

- increase the number of loads without modifying the installed power
- reduce the installed power
- prevent nuisance tripping of the upstream circuit breaker.

## Load-shedders



### Single-phase DSE1

- Load-shedding and restoration of 1 non-priority channel
- Tripping threshold adjustable from 0.8 kW to 7 kW (by default: 3.7 kW)
- Pre-alarm time before load-shedding (Ton) adjustable from 0 s to 9999 s (by default: 60 s)
- Load-shedding time (Toff) adjustable from 0 s to 9999 s (by default: 120 s)
- Buzzer operating time (Tbe) adjustable from 1 s to 9999 s (by default: 60 s)
- Backlit LCD display, 3 digits after the decimal point



### Single-phase CDS

- Load-shedding and restoration in cascading configuration of 2 non-priority circuits via 2 relays with time-delayed action:
  - load-shedding of circuit 1 only: load restoration after 5 min
  - load-shedding of circuit 1 and circuit 2:
    - load restoration of circuit 2: after 10 min
    - load restoration of circuit 1: 5 min. after circuit 2



### Three-phase CDS

- Load-shedding and restoration separately phase by phase
- 1 relay per phase
- Load-shedding time: 5 min. for each channel



### Single-phase CDSc

- Load-shedding and restoration in cascading configuration, then 1 to 4 non-priority circuits successively in turn
- Cyclic load-shedding: changing the order every 5 min.



# DSE1, CDS, CDSc load-shedders (cont.)

PB110009-34



DSE1

PB107189-34



CDS 1P

PB107190-36



CDS 3P

PB107188-36

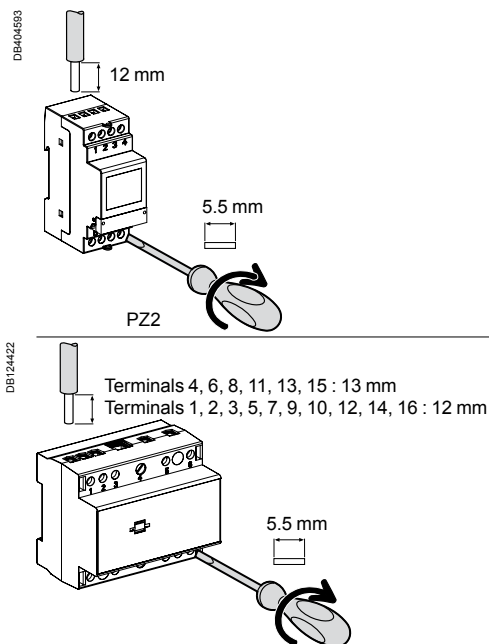


CDSc

## Catalogue numbers

DSE1		
Type	Width in 9-mm modules	
Single-phase		
	A9C15907	4
CDS		
Type	Width in 9-mm modules	
Single-phase		
	A9C15908	10
Three-phase		
	A9C15913	16
CDSc		
Type	Width in 9-mm modules	
Single-phase		
	A9C15906	16

## Connection

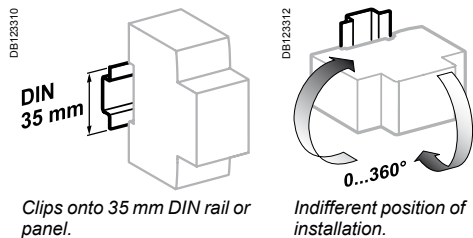


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
DSE1	1.2 N.m	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 mm <sup>2</sup>
CDS, CDSc	Priority circuit	10 to 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 to 35 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Non-priority circuit	2.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>

■ Connection via tunnel terminals (captive screws).

## Technical data

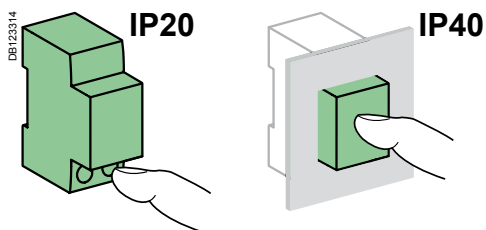
Main characteristics		DSE1	CDS		CDSc
		1P	1P	3P	1P
Insulation voltage (Ui)		230 V AC	230 V AC	230 V AC	230 V AC
Tension d'emploi (Ue)		230 V AC, -15 %, +10 %	230 V AC	415 V AC	230 V AC
Frequency		50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz		
Threshold		From 3.5 A to 32 A, accuracy ±1 %		5-10-15-20-25-30-40-45-50-60-75-90	
Rating	Priority circuit	32 A (cosφ = 1)		90 A (cosφ = 1)	
	Non-priority circuit	16 A, 250 V AC (cosφ = 1) >16 A relaying by contactor required		Relaying by contactor required	
Load-shedding indication		By red indicator By buzzer		By yellow indicators	
Power consumption		5 VA, backlit 3.5 VA, not backlit		12 VA	
Active power		40 W to 8 kW, 32 A maximum		20 kW maximum	
Control of current greater than 90 A		-		Use of an In/5 current transformer Threshold setting: 5 A	
Forced load-shedding input		-		■	
1 A - 250 V make contact for remote indication		-		2	
				3	
				-	
Additional characteristics					
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	IP20		IP20
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	IP40		IP40
Operating temperature		-5°C to +50°C		-5°C to +55°C	
Storage temperature		-40°C to +70°C		-40°C to +70°C	
Tropicalisation (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity 95 % to 55°C)	



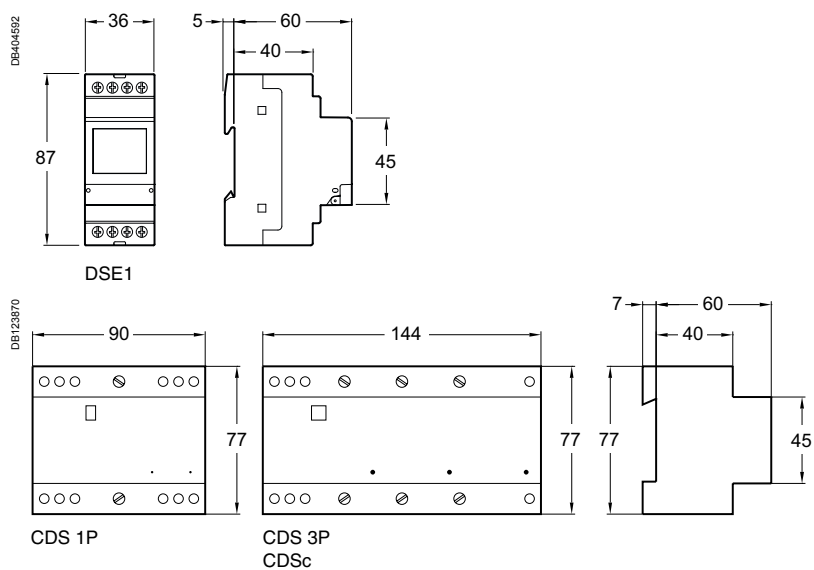
## Technical data (cont.)

### Weight (g)

Load-shedders			
Type	DSE1	CDS	CDSc
1P	130	300	600
3P	-	500	-



### Dimensions (mm)



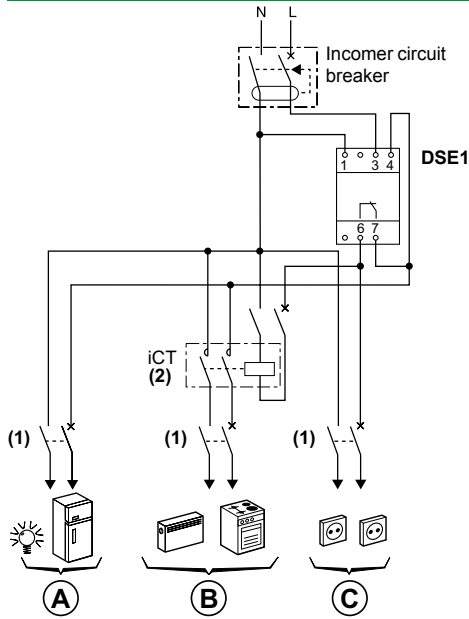


## Installation

**⚠ Use a contactor for any load-shedding above 16 A.**  
**Designed for load-shedding household equipment circuits, except lighting circuits.**  
**The load is restored without pre-indication.**

### DSE1

DB4048Z1



- (1) Determine the circuit-breaker rating according to the cable cross-section.
- (2) Calculate the contactor rating according to the load power.

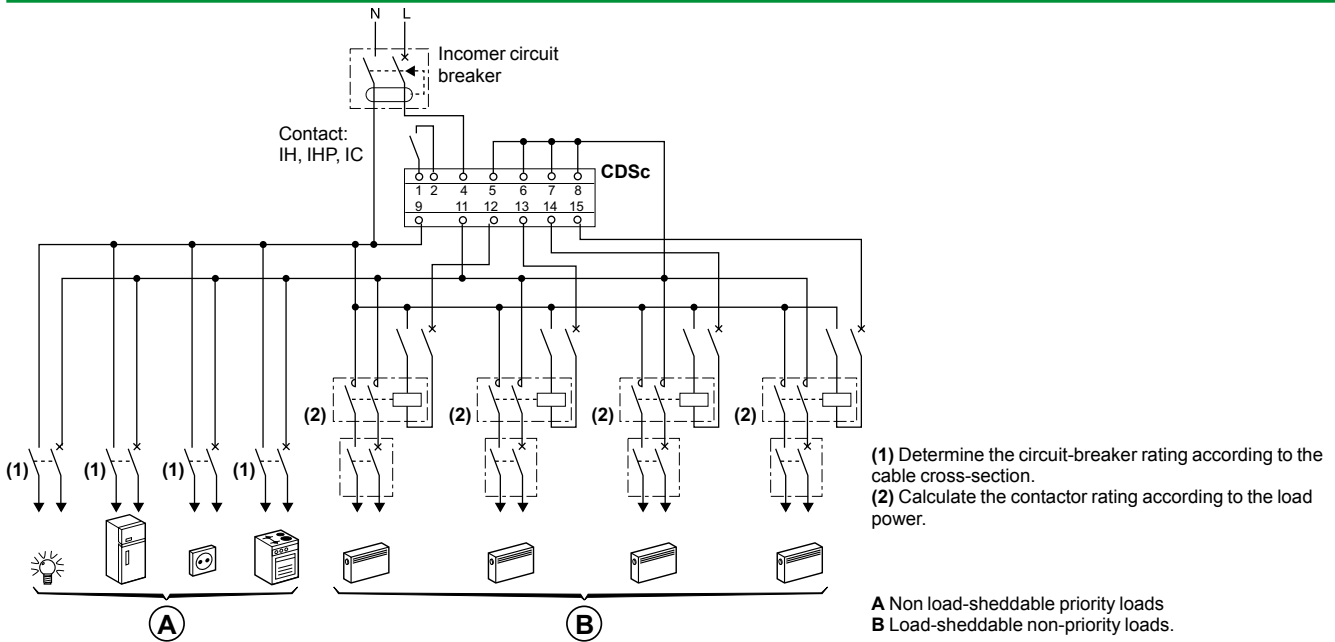
- A** Non load-sheddable priority loads.
- B** Load-sheddable non-priority loads > 16 A (relaying by contactor).
- C** Load-sheddable non-priority loads < 16 A.

## Installation (cont.)

**⚠ Non-priority outputs must not be connected directly: they must be relayed by means of contactors.**  
**Do not shed circuit loads that include machine and lighting type applications.**

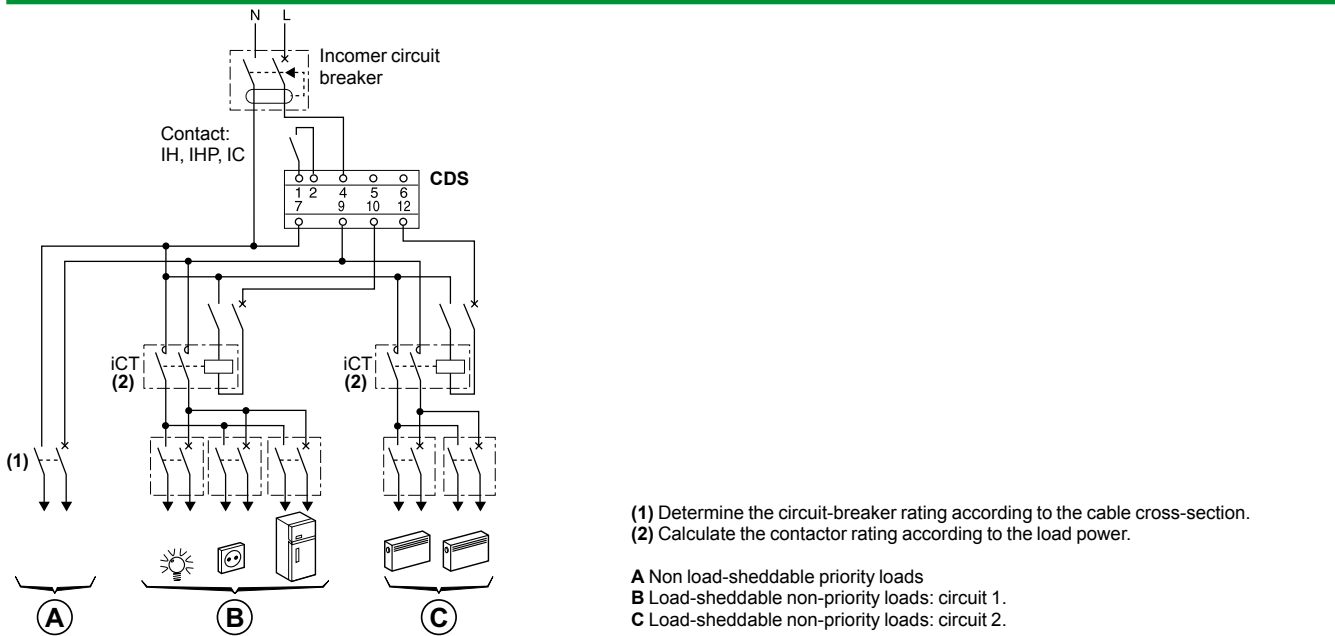
### CDSc

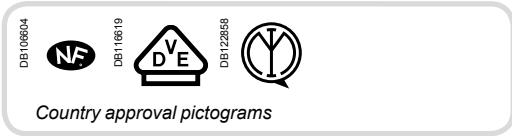
DB124424



### CDS

DB124423





These power sockets allow low-voltage devices to be connected to the electrical network.

## iPC 16 A power sockets

- IEC 60884
- NF C 61314
- NF C 15100 (sockets with “baby safe” type cover)
- (2) German standard: VDE 0620
- (3) Italian standard: IMQ as per IEC 2316 standard

## Catalogue numbers

iPC 16 A power sockets				Width in 9-mm modules
Type	Rating (In)			
With cover  2P+E	16 A		A9A15306	5
			A9A15307	
Differentiated yellow with cover  2P+E			15324	
German standard (2)  2P+E			A9A15310	
			A9A15035	
Differentiated yellow 2P+E			15033	
Italian standard (3) with cover  2P+E			A9A15303	
Voltage rating (Ue)			250 V AC	

*Note: The differentiated socket is designed for specific applications (backed-up networks, sockets powered by a UPS, etc.), when it is wanted to highlight specialized power sockets. Its yellow colour allows users to locate and identify it easily.*

## iPC 20 A power sockets

- NF C 61316
- NF C 15100 (sockets with “baby safe” type cover)

## Catalogue numbers

iPC 20 A power sockets				Width in 9-mm modules
Type	Rating (In)			
With cover  2P+E	20 A		A9A15311	8
			A9A15312	
			A9A15313	
Voltage rating (Ue)			400 V AC	

*Note: Three-phase power sockets cannot be installed in a weatherproof enclosure of the Pragma C12 or D18 type.*



A9A15306



A9A15307



15033



A9A15310



A9A15035



A9A15311



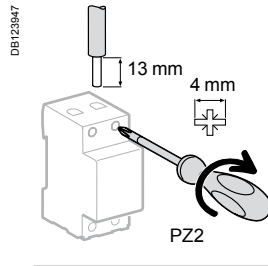
A9A15312



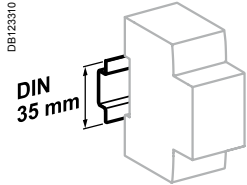
A9A15313

# Modular iPC power sockets (cont.)

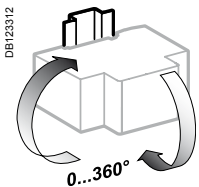
## Connection



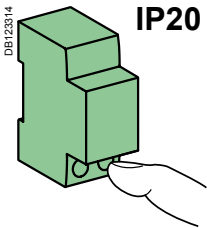
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
iPC 16 A	1.2 N.m	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	6 mm <sup>2</sup>
iPC 20 A	1.2 N.m	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>



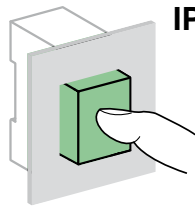
Clip on DIN rail 35 mm.



Indifferent position of installation.



IP20



IP40

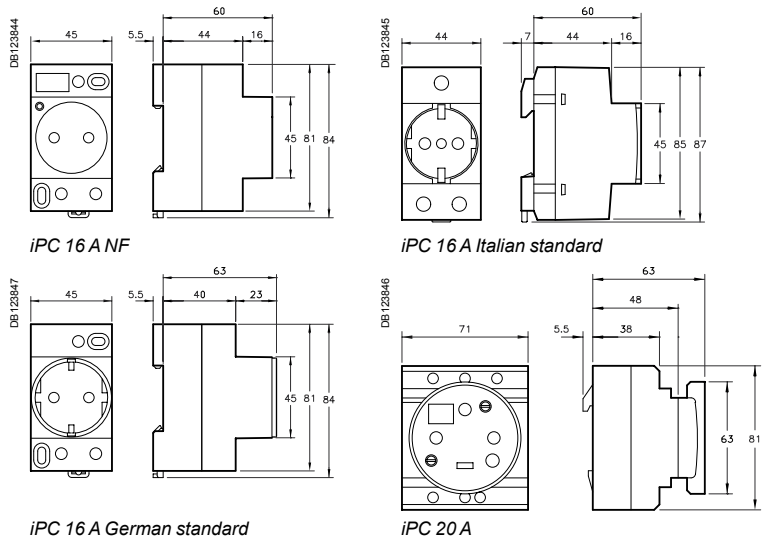
## Technical data

Main characteristics		iPC 16 A	iPC 20 A
Voltage rating (Ue)		250 V AC	400 V AC
Power on indicator		LED technology long service life: 100,000 hours	-
Additional characteristics			
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20	
	Device in modular enclosure	IP40	
Operating temperature		-25°C to +70°C	-25°C to +70°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +80°C	-40°C to +80°C
Tropicalization (IEC 60068-1)		Treatment 2 (relative humidity of 95 % at 55°C)	

## Weight (g)

iPC power sockets	
Type	Weight (g)
iPC 16 A	98
iPC 20 A	200

## Dimensions (mm)



## Compatibility of 50/60 Hz equipment with a 400 Hz network

The performance of products designed for domestic frequencies of 50/60 Hz is impacted by the specific properties of networks of 400 Hz frequency.

Phenomena due to the increased frequency influence the behaviour of the copper components of transformers, cables and protective equipment.

Some types of equipment designed for 50/60 Hz networks may not be suitable. You should check whether or not a product is compatible, and also apply any correction factors given by the manufacturer.

## Circuit breakers

Depending on the technologies used, modular circuit breakers designed for 50/60 Hz can be used at 400 Hz.

To choose the performance of a modular circuit breaker:

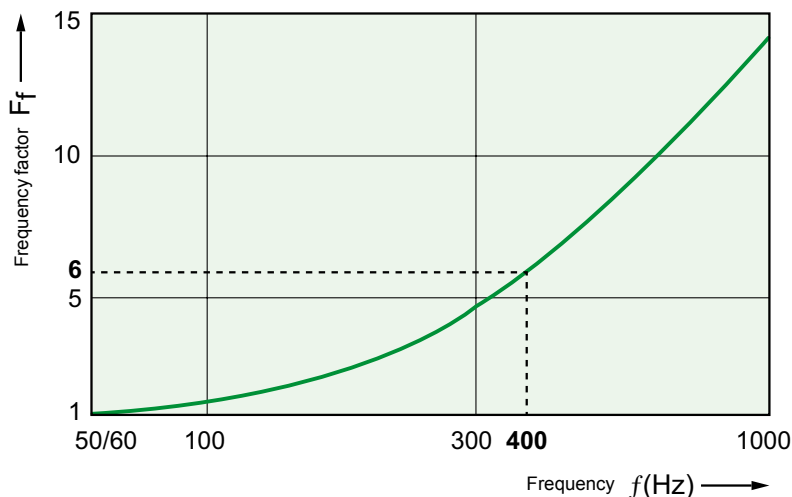
- do not take any thermal derating into account (In at 400 Hz is equivalent to In at 50 Hz).
- increase the magnetic tripping threshold, according to the table below.
- check that the short-circuit current on the installation is less than the breaking capacity of the circuit breaker. The breaking capacity of the circuit breakers at a frequency of 400 Hz is the same as at frequencies of 50/60 Hz. This characteristic is generally complied with, due to the fact that the short-circuit current of a 400 Hz generator is relatively low. In most cases, the generator Isc does not exceed four times the rated current.

Circuit breaker	Curve	Magnetic trip thresholds		Tolerance
		50 Hz	400 Hz	
iDPN, DPN	B	4 In	6 In	± 20 %
	C	8 In	12 In	
	D	12 In	18 In	
iC60	B	4 In	5.6 In	
	C	8 In	11.2 In	
	D	12 In	16.8 In	
C60	B	4 In	5.1 In	
	C	8.5 In	10.9 In	
	D	12 In	15.4 In	
C120 NG125	The NG125 and C120 circuit breakers are not suitable for networks of 400 Hz frequency. Refer to the Compact NSX offer.			

## Earth leakage protection devices

The residual current device trip thresholds designed for 50/60 Hz increase with the frequency, but since the human body is less sensitive to the passage of a current at 400 Hz, protection is still ensured for the users.

According to the IEC 60479-2 standard, at 400 Hz the ventricular fibrillation threshold is higher by a ratio of 6 (which means that the physiological effect of a 180 mA current at 400 Hz will be the same as that of a 30 mA current at 50/60 Hz).



Variations in the ventricular fibrillation threshold for shock durations exceeding the period of cardiac cycle (as per IEC 60479-2).

### Compatibility of residual current devices at 400 Hz:

Depending on the type and the technology employed, a residual current device designed for a frequency of 50/60 Hz will or will not be capable of ensuring protection for users in accordance with the requirements of the standard.

Type of protection and type of equipment	Use possible on network of 400 Hz frequency	Limit
A type	Not compatible	Trip threshold exceeding the limit given by the curve
AC type	Not recommended	Excessive sensitivity with risk of unwanted tripping (poor guarantee of continuity of service)
<i>Si</i> type		
iID iTG40	YES	
Vigi iC60	Not compatible	Trip threshold exceeding the limit given by the curve
DPN Vigi, Vigi DPN	YES	

Note: The choice of an iID residual current circuit breaker ensures protection for users at 400 Hz while ensuring good continuity of service.

**At 400 Hz, the test function of residual current devices designed for 50/60 Hz is not operational due to the increase in the trip threshold.**

## Auxiliary function

### Voltmetric releases

If a circuit breaker needs to be provided with a voltmetric release whose control circuit is powered by the 400 Hz network, it is necessary to use a release auxiliary of appropriate characteristics for 400 Hz networks:

Type	Voltage	Cat. no.
Undervoltage release iMN	115 V AC - 400 Hz	A9A26959

## Influence of temperature on the operation

Devices	Characteristics influenced by temperature	Temperature	
		Min.	Max.
DPN, C60H-DC, C60, C120, NG125, C60PV-DC circuit breakers	Tripping on overload	-30°C	+70°C
iK60 circuit breakers	Tripping on overload	-25°C	+60°C
iC60a/N/H/L circuit breakers	Tripping on overload	-35°C	+70°C
Circuit breakers	With Vigi (AC)	-5°C	+60°C
	With Vigi (A, S)	-25°C	+60°C
Reflex iC60	Tripping on overload	-25°C	+60°C
C60H RCBO, C60H2 RCBO	Tripping on overload	-15°C	+60°C
C60NA-DC, SW60PV-DC, C120NA-DC switch-disconnectors	Maximum operating current	-25°C	+70°C
iID K residual current circuit breakers	Maximum operating current	-5°C	+60°C
iID residual current circuit breakers	AC	-5°C	+60°C
	A, S	-25°C	+60°C
Switches	iSW	-20°C	+50°C
	iSW-NA	-35°C	+70°C
Protection auxiliaries	None	-35°C	+70°C
RCA, ARA control auxiliaries	None	-25°C	+60°C
iCT contactors	Installation conditions	-5°C	+60°C
iTL impulse relays	None	-20°C	+50°C
iCT, iTL auxiliaries	None	-20°C	+50°C
Linergy DX	Maximum operating current	-25°C	+60°C
Linergy FM	Maximum operating current	-25°C	+60°C

Note: the temperature considered is the temperature viewed through the device.

## Circuit breakers

### High temperatures

- A rise in temperature causes lowering of the thermal threshold (tripping on overload).
- Protection is still ensured: the tripping threshold remains lower than the current acceptable by the cable ( $I_2$ )
- To prevent nuisance tripping, it should be checked that this threshold remains higher than the maximum operating current ( $I_b$ ) of the circuit, defined by:
  - the rated load currents,
  - the coefficients of expansion and simultaneity of use.

If the temperature is sufficiently high for the tripping threshold to become lower than the operating current  $I_b$ , switchboard ventilation should be provided for.

### Low temperatures

- A fall in temperature increases the thermal tripping threshold of the circuit breaker.
- There is no risk of nuisance tripping: the threshold remains higher than the maximum operating current of the circuit ( $I_b$ ) demanded by the loads.
- It should be checked that the cable remains suitably protected, i.e. that its acceptable current ( $I_2$ ) is higher than the values shown in the following tables (in amperes).

When the ambient temperature could vary within a broad range, both these aspects must be taken into account:

- the difference between the maximum operating current of the circuit ( $I_b$ ) and the tripping threshold of the circuit breaker for the minimum ambient temperature,
- the difference between the strength of the cable ( $I_2$ ) and the maximum tripping threshold of the circuit breaker for the maximum ambient temperature.

# Influence of ambient temperature (cont.)

## Maximum permissible current

- The maximum current allowed to flow through the device depends on the ambient temperature in which it is placed.
- The ambient temperature is the temperature inside the enclosure or switchboard in which the devices are installed.
- The reference temperature is in a halftone colour for the different devices.

■ When several devices operating simultaneously are mounted side by side in a small enclosure, a temperature rise in the enclosure results in a reduction in the operating current. A reduction coefficient of 0.8 will then have to be assigned to the rating (already derated, if applicable, depending on the ambient temperature).

### ■ Example:

Depending on the ambient temperature and the method of installation, the table below shows how to determine, for an iC60, the operating currents not to be exceeded for ratings 25 A, 32 A and 40 A (reference temperature 50°C).

Operating current not to be exceeded (A)							
Installation conditions (IEC 60947-2)		iC60 alone			Several iC60 in the same enclosure (calculate with the reduction coefficient indicated below)		
Ambient temperature (°C)		35°C	50°C	65°C	35°C	50°C	65°C
Type	Nominal rating (A)	Actual rating (A)					
iC60	25	26.35	25	23.57	26.35 x 0.8 = 21	25 x 0.8 = 20	23.57 x 0.8 = 19
	32	34	32	29.9	34 x 0.8 = 27	32 x 0.8 = 25.6	29.9 x 0.8 = 24
	40	42.5	40	37.34	42.5 x 0.8 = 34	40 x 0.8 = 32	37.34 x 0.8 = 30



## Household (IEC 60898-1)

### DPN derating table (IEC 60898-1)

DPN		Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating	Curve	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
1 A	B, C, D	1.55	1.51	1.47	1.43	1.39	1.35	1.3	1.26	1.21	1.16	1.11	1.06	1	0.94	0.88	0.81	0.73	0.65	0.55	0.43	0.27
2 A	B, C, D	2.51	2.47	2.43	2.39	2.35	2.31	2.27	2.23	2.18	2.14	2.09	2.05	2	1.95	1.9	1.85	1.8	1.74	1.69	1.63	1.57
3 A	B, C, D	3.8	3.74	3.68	3.62	3.55	3.49	3.42	3.36	3.29	3.22	3.15	3.07	3	2.92	2.85	2.76	2.68	2.6	2.51	2.42	2.32
4 A	B, C, D	4.97	4.9	4.82	4.75	4.67	4.59	4.51	4.43	4.35	4.26	4.18	4.09	4	3.91	3.81	3.72	3.62	3.52	3.41	3.3	3.19
6 A	B, C, D	7.13	7.04	6.95	6.86	6.77	6.68	6.59	6.49	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6	5.9	5.79	5.68	5.57	5.46	5.35	5.23	5.11
10 A	B	11.9	11.7	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.1	11	10.8	10.7	10.5	10.3	10.2	10	9.8	9.7	9.5	9.3	9.1	8.9	8.7	8.5
10 A	C, D	12.3	12.1	12	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2	11	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.2	10	9.8	9.6	9.3	9.1	8.9	8.6	8.4	8.1
13 A	B	15.6	15.4	15.2	15	14.8	14.6	14.4	14.1	13.9	13.7	13.5	13.2	13	12.8	12.5	12.3	12	11.8	11.5	11.2	11
13 A	C, D	15.7	15.5	15.3	15.1	14.9	14.6	14.4	14.2	14	13.7	13.5	13.3	13	12.8	12.5	12.2	12	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.8
16 A	B, C	19	18.8	18.5	18.3	18.1	17.8	17.6	17.3	17.1	16.8	16.5	16.3	16	15.7	15.4	15.2	14.9	14.6	14.3	14	13.6
16 A	D	19.1	18.9	18.6	18.4	18.1	17.9	17.6	17.4	17.1	16.8	16.6	16.3	16	15.7	15.4	15.1	14.8	14.5	14.2	13.9	13.5
20 A	B	23.7	23.4	23.1	22.8	22.5	22.2	21.9	21.6	21.3	21	20.7	20.3	20	19.7	19.3	19	18.6	18.3	17.9	17.5	17.1
20 A	C, D	23.9	23.6	23.3	23	22.7	22.4	22	21.7	21.4	21	20.7	20.4	20	19.6	19.3	18.9	18.5	18.1	17.7	17.3	16.9
25 A	B, C, D	29.6	29.2	28.8	28.5	28.1	27.8	27.4	27	26.6	26.2	25.8	25.4	25	24.6	24.2	23.7	23.3	22.8	22.4	21.9	21.4
32 A	B, C, D	38.3	37.8	37.3	36.8	36.3	35.8	35.3	34.7	34.2	33.7	33.1	32.6	32	31.4	30.8	30.2	29.6	29	28.4	27.7	27
40 A	B, C, D	48.3	47.7	47	46.4	45.7	45	44.3	43.7	43	42.2	41.5	40.8	40	39.2	38.4	37.6	36.8	36	35.1	34.2	33.3

### iK60 derating table. B curve (IEC 60898-1)

iK60	Ambient temperature (°C)																	
Rating	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60
1 A	1.19	1.17	1.15	1.14	1.12	1.11	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	1	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88
2 A	2.45	2.41	2.37	2.34	2.3	2.26	2.22	2.17	2.13	2.09	2.04	2	1.95	1.91	1.86	1.81	1.76	1.71
3 A	3.69	3.63	3.57	3.51	3.45	3.39	3.33	3.27	3.2	3.14	3.07	3	2.93	2.86	2.78	2.71	2.63	2.55
4 A	4.92	4.84	4.77	4.69	4.61	4.53	4.44	4.36	4.27	4.18	4.09	4	3.91	3.81	3.71	3.61	3.5	3.39
6 A	7.44	7.32	7.2	7.07	6.95	6.82	6.69	6.56	6.42	6.29	6.14	6	5.85	5.7	5.54	5.38	5.22	5.04
10 A	11.9	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.1	10.9	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.2	10	9.8	9.6	9.4	9.2	9	8.8
16 A	19	18.7	18.5	18.2	18	17.7	17.4	17.1	16.9	16.6	16.3	16	15.7	15.4	15.1	14.8	14.5	14.1
20 A	23.5	23.2	22.9	22.6	22.3	22	21.7	21.4	21	20.7	20.4	20	19.7	19.3	18.9	18.6	18.2	17.8
25 A	29.1	28.8	28.4	28	27.7	27.3	26.9	26.6	26.2	25.8	25.4	25	24.6	24.2	23.8	23.3	22.9	22.5
32 A	37.9	37.4	36.9	36.4	35.9	35.3	34.8	34.3	33.7	33.2	32.6	32	31.4	30.8	30.2	29.6	28.9	28.3
40 A	47.4	46.7	46.1	45.5	44.8	44.2	43.5	42.8	42.1	41.4	40.7	40	39.3	38.5	37.7	37	36.2	35.3
50 A	59.9	59.1	58.2	57.4	56.5	55.6	54.7	53.8	52.9	52	51	50	49	48	46.9	45.9	44.8	43.6
63 A	76.4	75.3	74.1	73	71.8	70.6	69.4	68.2	66.9	65.6	64.3	63	61.6	60.3	58.8	57.4	55.9	54.3

### iK60 derating table. C curve (IEC 60898-1)

iK60	Ambient temperature (°C)																	
Rating	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60
1 A	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1	1	1	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88
2 A	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2	2	1.95	1.91	1.86	1.81	1.76	1.71
3 A	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3	2.93	2.86	2.78	2.71	2.63	2.55
4 A	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4	3.91	3.81	3.71	3.61	3.5	3.39
6 A	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.1	6	5.85	5.7	5.54	5.38	5.22	5.04
10 A	12.4	12.2	12	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2	10.9	10.7	10.5	10.2	10	9.8	9.5	9.2	9	8.7	8.4
16 A	19.4	19.1	18.8	18.5	18.2	17.9	17.6	17.3	17	16.7	16.3	16	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.6	14.2	13.8
20 A	24	23.6	23.3	23	22.6	22.3	21.9	21.5	21.2	20.8	20.4	20	19.6	19.2	18.8	18.3	17.9	17.5
25 A	30	29.5	29.1	28.7	28.3	27.8	27.4	26.9	26.4	26	25.5	25	24.5	24	23.5	22.9	22.4	21.8
32 A	38.8	38.2	37.7	37.1	36.5	35.9	35.3	34.6	34	33.3	32.7	32	31.3	30.6	29.9	29.1	28.4	27.6
40 A	47.4	46.7	46.1	45.5	44.8	44.2	43.5	42.8	42.1	41.4	40.7	40	39.3	38.5	37.7	37	36.2	35.3
50 A	59.9	59.1	58.2	57.4	56.5	55.6	54.7	53.8	52.9	51.9	51	50	49	48	46.9	45.9	44.8	43.6
63 A	76.4	75.3	74.1	73	71.8	70.6	69.4	68.2	66.9	65.6	64.3	63	61.6	60.3	58.8	57.4	55.9	54.3

# Influence of ambient temperature (cont.)

## Household (IEC 60898-1) (cont.)

iC60 derating table (IEC 60898-1)

iC60	Ambient temperature (°C)																					
Rating	-35	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
0.5A	0.61	0.6	0.59	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.54	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.51	<b>0.5</b>	0.49	0.48	0.47	0.46	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.42
1A	1.22	1.2	1.19	1.17	1.15	1.14	1.12	1.11	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	<b>1</b>	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88	0.86	0.84
2A	2.52	2.49	2.45	2.41	2.37	2.34	2.3	2.26	2.22	2.17	2.13	2.09	2.04	<b>2</b>	1.95	1.91	1.86	1.81	1.76	1.71	1.65	1.59
3A	3.8	3.74	3.69	3.63	3.57	3.51	3.45	3.39	3.33	3.27	3.2	3.14	3.07	<b>3</b>	2.93	2.86	2.78	2.71	2.63	2.55	2.47	2.38
4A	5.07	5	4.92	4.84	4.77	4.69	4.61	4.53	4.44	4.36	4.27	4.18	4.09	<b>4</b>	3.91	3.81	3.71	3.61	3.5	3.39	3.28	3.17
6A	7.67	7.55	7.44	7.32	7.2	7.07	6.95	6.82	6.69	6.56	6.42	6.29	6.14	<b>6</b>	5.85	5.7	5.54	5.38	5.22	5.04	4.87	4.68
10A	12.3	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.1	10.9	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.2	<b>10</b>	9.8	9.6	9.4	9.2	9	8.8	8.5	8.3
13A	15.8	15.6	15.4	15.2	15	14.8	14.6	14.4	14.1	13.9	13.7	13.5	13.2	<b>13</b>	12.8	12.5	12.3	12	11.8	11.5	11.2	10.9
16A	19.5	19.2	19	18.7	18.5	18.2	18	17.7	17.4	17.1	16.9	16.6	16.3	<b>16</b>	15.7	15.4	15.1	14.8	14.5	14.1	13.8	13.4
20A	24.1	23.8	23.5	23.2	22.9	22.6	22.3	22	21.7	21.4	21	20.7	20.4	<b>20</b>	19.7	19.3	18.9	18.6	18.2	17.8	17.4	17
25A	29.8	29.4	29.1	28.8	28.4	28	27.7	27.3	26.9	26.6	26.2	25.8	25.4	<b>25</b>	24.6	24.2	23.8	23.3	22.9	22.5	22	21.5
32A	38.9	38.4	37.9	37.4	36.9	36.4	35.9	35.3	34.8	34.3	33.7	33.2	32.6	<b>32</b>	31.4	30.8	30.2	29.6	28.9	28.3	27.6	26.9
40A	48.6	48	47.4	46.7	46.1	45.5	44.8	44.2	43.5	42.8	42.1	41.4	40.7	<b>40</b>	39.3	38.5	37.7	37	36.2	35.3	34.5	33.6
50A	61.6	60.7	59.9	59.1	58.2	57.4	56.5	55.6	54.7	53.8	52.9	52	51	<b>50</b>	49	48	46.9	45.9	44.8	43.6	42.5	41.3
63A	78.6	77.5	76.4	75.3	74.1	73	71.8	70.6	69.4	68.2	66.9	65.6	64.3	<b>63</b>	61.6	60.3	58.8	57.4	55.9	54.3	52.8	51.1

C60 derating table (IEC 60898-1)

C60	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
0.5A	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.62	0.6	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.51	<b>0.5</b>	0.49	0.47	0.45	0.44	0.42	0.4	0.38	0.36
0.75A	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.89	0.87	0.85	0.83	0.81	0.79	0.77	<b>0.75</b>	0.73	0.71	0.68	0.66	0.63	0.61	0.59	0.57
1A	1.2	1.19	1.17	1.16	1.14	1.12	1.11	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	<b>1</b>	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88	0.86	0.84
2A	2.36	2.33	2.3	2.27	2.24	2.22	2.19	2.16	2.13	2.1	2.06	2.03	<b>2</b>	1.97	1.93	1.9	1.87	1.83	1.79	1.76	1.72
3A	3.53	3.49	3.44	3.4	3.36	3.32	3.27	3.23	3.19	3.14	3.09	3.05	<b>3</b>	2.95	2.9	2.85	2.8	2.75	2.7	2.64	2.59
4A	4.59	4.54	4.5	4.45	4.4	4.35	4.3	4.26	4.21	4.15	4.10	4.05	<b>4</b>	3.95	3.89	3.84	3.78	3.73	3.67	3.61	3.55
6A	8.68	8.49	8.29	8.09	7.89	7.68	7.46	7.24	7.01	6.77	6.52	6.27	<b>6</b>	5.72	5.43	5.12	4.79	4.43	4.05	3.62	3.13
8A	10.18	10.01	9.85	9.68	9.51	9.33	9.15	8.97	8.79	8.6	8.4	8.2	<b>8</b>	7.79	7.58	7.36	7.13	6.89	6.65	6.4	6.13
10A	12.1	11.96	11.8	11.6	11.5	11.3	11.1	10.9	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.2	<b>10</b>	9.8	9.6	9.4	9.2	9	8.8	8.5	8.3
13A	15.7	15.5	15.3	15.1	14.9	14.6	14.4	14.2	14	13.7	13.5	13.2	<b>13</b>	12.7	12.5	12.2	12	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.8
16A	18.6	18.4	18.2	18	17.8	17.6	17.4	17.1	16.9	16.7	16.5	16.2	<b>16</b>	15.8	15.5	15.3	15	14.8	14.5	14.2	14
20A	24.4	24.1	23.7	23.4	23	22.7	22.3	22	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	<b>20</b>	19.6	19.2	18.7	18.3	17.8	17.4	16.9	16.4
25A	30	29.6	29.2	28.8	28.4	28	27.6	27.2	26.8	26.3	25.9	25.5	<b>25</b>	24.5	24.1	23.6	23.1	22.6	22.1	21.6	21
32A	40.7	39.8	39.2	38.5	37.9	37.2	36.5	35.8	35.1	34.3	33.6	32.8	<b>32</b>	31.2	30.4	29.5	28.6	27.7	26.8	25.6	24.6
40A	51.1	50.1	49.2	48.4	47.5	46.7	45.8	44.9	43.9	43	42	41	<b>40</b>	39	37.9	36.8	35.6	34.5	33.2	31.8	30.5
45A	58.5	57.4	56.4	55.3	54.3	53.2	52.1	51	49.9	48.7	47.5	46.3	<b>45</b>	43.7	42.4	41	39.6	38.1	36.5	35	33.5
50A	64.2	63	61.9	60.8	59.7	58.6	57.4	56.3	55.1	53.8	52.6	51.3	<b>50</b>	48.7	47.3	45.8	44.4	42.8	41.3	39.5	37.9
63A	82.3	80.7	79.2	77.8	76.3	74.7	73.2	71.6	69.9	68.3	66.6	64.8	<b>63</b>	61.1	59.2	57.2	55.2	53.1	50.8	48.7	46.6

C120 derating table (IEC 60898-1)

C120	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
10A	12.9	12.7	12.5	12.2	12	11.8	11.5	11.3	11	10.8	10.5	10.3	<b>10</b>	9.7	9.4	9.1	8.8	8.5	8.2	7.9	7.5
16A	19.4	19.1	18.8	18.6	18.3	18	17.8	17.5	17.2	16.9	16.6	16.3	<b>16</b>	15.7	15.4	15.1	14.7	14.4	14	13.7	13.3
20A	24.6	24.2	23.9	23.5	23.2	22.8	22.4	22	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	<b>20</b>	19.6	19.1	18.7	18.2	17.7	17.3	16.8	16.2
25A	30.9	30.5	30	29.5	29.1	28.6	28.1	27.6	27.1	26.6	26.1	25.5	<b>25</b>	24.4	23.9	23.3	22.7	22.1	21.5	20.8	20.1
32A	38.9	38.4	37.9	37.3	36.8	36.2	35.6	35	34.5	33.9	33.3	32.6	<b>32</b>	31.4	30.7	30	29.3	28.6	27.9	27.2	26.4
40A	49.8	49.1	48.3	47.6	46.8	46	45.2	44.4	43.5	42.7	41.8	40.9	<b>40</b>	39.1	38.1	37.1	36.1	35.1	34.1	33	31.8
50A	62.2	61.3	60.4	59.4	58.4	57.5	56.5	55.4	54.4	53.3	52.2	51.1	<b>50</b>	48.8	47.7	46.4	45.2	43.9	42.6	41.2	39.8
63A	78.6	77.5	76.3	75	73.8	72.5	71.3	69.9	68.6	67.3	65.9	64.5	<b>63</b>	61.5	60	58.4	56.8	55.2	53.5	51.7	49.9
80A	98.4	97	95.6	94.2	92.7	91.2	89.7	88.1	86.6	85	83.4	81.7	<b>80</b>	78.3	76.5	74.7	72.8	70.9	69	67	64.9
100A	124.5	122.6	120.7	118.8	116.9	114.9	112.9	110.9	108.8	106.6	104.5	102.3	<b>100</b>	97.7	95.3	92.9	90.4	87.8	85.2	82.5	79.6
125A	157	154.6	152.2	149.7	147.1	144.6	141.9	139.2	136.5	133.7	130.9	128	<b>125</b>	122	118.8	115.6	112.3	108.9	105.4	101.8	98

## Tertiary/Industry (IEC 60947-2)

### DPN derating table (IEC 60947-2)

DPN		Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating	Curve	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
1A	B, C, D	1.69	1.66	1.62	1.59	1.55	1.51	1.47	1.43	1.39	1.35	1.3	1.26	1.21	1.16	1.11	1.06	1	0.94	0.88	0.81	0.73
2A	B, C, D	2.68	2.64	2.6	2.56	2.52	2.48	2.44	2.4	2.36	2.32	2.28	2.23	2.19	2.14	2.1	2.05	2	1.95	1.9	1.85	1.79
3A	B, C, D	4.03	3.97	3.91	3.86	3.8	3.74	3.68	3.61	3.55	3.49	3.42	3.36	3.29	3.22	3.15	3.07	3	2.92	2.85	2.77	2.68
4A	B, C, D	5.26	5.19	5.12	5.05	4.98	4.9	4.83	4.75	4.67	4.6	4.52	4.43	4.35	4.27	4.18	4.09	4	3.91	3.81	3.72	3.62
6A	B, C, D	7.51	7.42	7.34	7.25	7.16	7.07	6.98	6.89	6.8	6.7	6.61	6.51	6.41	6.31	6.21	6.11	6	5.89	5.78	5.67	5.56
10A	B	12.5	12.3	12.2	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.6	11.5	11.3	11.2	11	10.8	10.7	10.5	10.3	10.2	10	9.8	9.7	9.5	9.3
10A	C, D	13	12.9	12.7	12.5	12.3	12.2	12	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2	11	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.2	10	9.8	9.6	9.3	9.1
13A	B	17	16.7	16.5	16.3	16.1	15.8	15.6	15.4	15.1	14.9	14.6	14.4	14.1	13.8	13.6	13.3	13	12.7	12.4	12.1	11.8
13A	C, D	17.2	16.9	16.7	16.5	16.2	16	15.7	15.5	15.2	15	14.7	14.4	14.2	13.9	13.6	13.3	13	12.7	12.4	12.1	11.7
16A	B, C	20.6	20.4	20.1	19.8	19.6	19.3	19	18.7	18.5	18.2	17.9	17.6	17.3	17	16.7	16.3	16	15.7	15.3	15	14.6
16A	D	20.8	20.5	20.2	20	19.7	19.4	19.1	18.8	18.5	18.2	17.9	17.6	17.3	17	16.7	16.3	16	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.6
20A	B	25.7	25.3	25	24.7	24.4	24	23.7	23.4	23	22.7	22.3	21.9	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	20	19.6	19.2	18.8	18.3
20A	C, D	26	25.7	25.3	25	24.6	24.3	23.9	23.6	23.2	22.8	22.4	22	21.7	21.3	20.8	20.4	20	19.6	19.1	18.7	18.2
25A	B, C, D	32	31.6	31.2	30.8	30.4	30	29.6	29.2	28.7	28.3	27.8	27.4	26.9	26.5	26	25.5	25	24.5	24	23.5	22.9
32A	B, C, D	41.6	41.1	40.5	40	39.4	38.9	38.3	37.7	37.1	36.5	35.9	35.3	34.7	34	33.4	32.7	32	31.3	30.6	29.9	29.1
40A	B, C, D	52.7	52	51.3	50.6	49.8	49.1	48.3	47.6	46.8	46	45.2	44.4	43.5	42.7	41.8	40.9	40	39.1	38.1	37.1	36.1

### iC60, Reflex iC60 derating table (IEC 60947-2)

iC60		Ambient temperature (°C)																					
Rating		-35	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
0.5A		0.66	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.6	0.59	0.58	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.52	0.51	0.5	0.49	0.48	0.47	0.45
1A		1.32	1.3	1.28	1.27	1.25	1.23	1.21	1.2	1.18	1.16	1.14	1.12	1.1	1.08	1.06	1.04	1.02	1	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.91
2A		2.79	2.75	2.71	2.67	2.63	2.58	2.54	2.5	2.45	2.4	2.36	2.31	2.26	2.21	2.16	2.11	2.05	2	1.94	1.89	1.83	1.76
3A		4.21	4.15	4.08	4.02	3.96	3.89	3.83	3.76	3.69	3.62	3.55	3.48	3.4	3.32	3.25	3.17	3.08	3	2.91	2.82	2.73	2.64
4A		5.62	5.54	5.46	5.37	5.29	5.2	5.11	5.02	4.93	4.83	4.74	4.64	4.54	4.44	4.33	4.22	4.11	4	3.88	3.76	3.64	3.51
6A		8.55	8.42	8.29	8.16	8.03	7.89	7.75	7.61	7.46	7.31	7.16	7.01	6.85	6.69	6.52	6.35	6.18	6	5.81	5.62	5.43	5.22
10A		13.3	13.2	13	12.8	12.6	12.5	12.3	12.1	11.9	11.7	11.5	11.3	11.1	10.9	10.7	10.5	10.2	10	9.8	9.5	9.3	9
13A		17.1	16.9	16.7	16.4	16.2	16	15.8	15.5	15.3	15.1	14.8	14.6	14.3	14.1	13.8	13.6	13.3	13	12.7	12.4	12.1	11.8
16A		21.1	20.8	20.6	20.3	20	19.7	19.5	19.2	18.9	18.6	18.3	18	17.7	17.3	17	16.7	16.3	16	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.5
20A		26	25.7	25.4	25	24.7	24.4	24.1	23.7	23.4	23	22.7	22.3	21.9	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	20	19.6	19.2	18.7	18.3
25A		31.9	31.6	31.2	30.8	30.4	30.1	29.7	29.3	28.9	28.5	28.1	27.6	27.2	26.8	26.4	25.9	25.5	25	24.5	24.1	23.6	23.1
32A		42	41.5	41	40.5	39.9	39.4	38.8	38.2	37.7	37.1	36.5	35.9	35.3	34.6	34	33.3	32.7	32	31.3	30.6	29.9	29.1
40A		52.6	51.9	51.3	50.6	49.9	49.2	48.5	47.8	47.1	46.4	45.6	44.9	44.1	43.3	42.5	41.7	40.9	40	39.1	38.2	37.3	36.4
50A		67.1	66.3	65.4	64.5	63.5	62.6	61.6	60.7	59.7	58.7	57.7	56.7	55.6	54.5	53.4	52.3	51.2	50	48.8	47.6	46.3	45
63A		86.3	85.1	83.9	82.7	81.4	80.1	78.9	77.6	76.2	74.9	73.5	72.1	70.7	69.2	67.7	66.2	64.6	63	61.4	59.7	57.9	56.1

Reflex iC60

### C60 derating table (IEC 60947-2)

C60		Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating		-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
0.5A		0.68	0.67	0.66	0.65	0.64	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.6	0.59	0.58	0.56	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.51	0.5	0.49	0.47	0.46	0.44
0.75A		0.93	0.92	0.91	0.9	0.89	0.88	0.87	0.86	0.85	0.83	0.82	0.81	0.8	0.79	0.78	0.76	0.75	0.74	0.72	0.7	0.68
1A		1.31	1.3	1.28	1.27	1.25	1.23	1.21	1.19	1.17	1.15	1.13	1.11	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.02	1	0.98	0.95	0.93	0.91
2A		2.55	2.59	2.56	2.52	2.49	2.45	2.41	2.37	2.34	2.3	2.26	2.22	2.17	2.13	2.09	2.04	2	1.95	1.91	1.88	1.84
3A		3.81	4.04	3.98	3.92	3.85	3.79	3.73	3.66	3.59	3.52	3.45	3.38	3.31	3.23	3.16	3.08	3	2.92	2.83	2.82	2.76
4A		4.9	4.86	4.81	4.76	4.7	4.65	4.59	4.54	4.48	4.42	4.37	4.31	4.25	4.19	4.13	4.06	4	3.94	3.87	3.81	3.74
6A		7.93	7.82	7.71	7.6	7.49	7.38	7.27	7.15	7.03	6.91	6.79	6.66	6.54	6.41	6.27	6.14	6	5.86	5.71	5.56	5.42
8A		10.37	10.23	10.09	9.96	9.82	9.68	9.54	9.4	9.25	9.11	8.96	8.81	8.65	8.49	8.33	8.17	8	7.83	7.65	7.47	7.31
10A		13.3	13.2	13	12.8	12.6	12.4	12.2	12	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2	10.9	10.7	10.5	10.2	10	9.8	9.5	9.2	9
13A		17	16.9	16.6	16.4	16.2	15.9	15.7	15.4	15.2	14.9	14.7	14.4	14.1	13.9	13.6	13.3	13	12.7	12.4	12.1	11.8
16A		20	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.1	18.8	18.6	18.4	18.1	17.9	17.6	17.3	17.1	16.8	16.6	16.3	16	15.7	15.4	15.1	14.8
20A		26.9	26.6	26.2	25.8	25.4	25	24.6	24.2	23.7	23.3	22.9	22.4	22	21.5	21	20.5	20	19.5	18.9	18.4	17.9
25A		32.9	32.5	32.1	31.6	31.1	30.7	30.2	29.7	29.2	28.7	28.2	27.7	27.2	26.7	26.1	25.6	25	24.4	23.8	23.2	22.6
32A		41.5	41.1	40.5	40	39.4	38.9	38.3	37.7	37.1	36.5	35.9	35.3	34.7	34	33.4	32.7	32	31.3	30.6	29.9	29.1
40A		53.7	52.9	52.2	51.4	50.6	49.8	49	48.2	47.3	46.5	45.6	44.7	43.8	42.9	42	41	40	39	37.9	36.9	35.8
45A		60.8	60.1	59.2	58.3	57.4	56.5	55.5	54.6	53.6	52.6	51.6	50.5	49.5	48.4	47.3	46.2	45	43.8	42.6	41.4	40.1
50A		65	64.3	63.5	62.6	61.7	60.8	59.9	59	58.1	57.1	56.2	55.2	54.2	53.2	52.1	51.1	50	48.9	47.8	46.7	45.5
63A		85.5	84.6	83.3	82	80.7	79.4	78	76.7	75.3	73.9	72.4	70.9	69.4	67.9	66.3	64.7	63	61.3	59.5	57.8	56

## Tertiary/Industry (IEC 60947-2) (cont.)

### C60H-DC derating table (IEC 60947-2)

C60H-DC Rating	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
0.5 A	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.6	0.59	0.58	0.56	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.51	<b>0.5</b>	0.49	0.47	0.46	0.44	0.43	0.41	0.39	0.38	0.36
1 A	1.18	1.17	1.15	1.14	1.12	1.1	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	<b>1</b>	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88	0.86	0.84	0.82
2 A	2.54	2.5	2.45	2.41	2.36	2.31	2.26	2.21	2.16	2.11	2.06	<b>2</b>	1.94	1.88	1.82	1.76	1.7	1.63	1.56	1.48	1.41
3 A	3.78	3.71	3.65	3.58	3.51	3.45	3.38	3.3	3.23	3.16	3.08	<b>3</b>	2.92	2.84	2.75	2.66	2.57	2.48	2.38	2.27	2.17
4 A	5.08	4.99	4.9	4.81	4.71	4.62	4.52	4.42	4.32	4.22	4.11	<b>4</b>	3.89	3.77	3.65	3.53	3.4	3.27	3.13	2.98	2.83
5 A	6	5.92	5.83	5.74	5.66	5.57	5.48	5.39	5.29	5.2	5.1	<b>5</b>	4.9	4.8	4.69	4.58	4.47	4.36	4.24	4.12	4
6 A	7.26	7.15	7.04	6.94	6.83	6.71	6.6	6.48	6.37	6.25	6.12	<b>6</b>	5.87	5.74	5.61	5.47	5.33	5.19	5.04	4.89	4.73
10 A	12.6	12.4	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.5	11.3	11	10.8	10.5	10.3	<b>10</b>	9.7	9.5	9.2	8.9	8.6	8.3	7.9	7.6	7.2
13 A	15.5	15.3	15.1	14.9	14.6	14.4	14.2	14	13.7	13.5	13.3	<b>13</b>	12.8	12.5	12.2	12	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.8	10.5
15 A	18.6	18.3	18	17.7	17.4	17.1	16.7	16.4	16.1	15.7	15.4	<b>15</b>	14.6	14.3	13.9	13.5	13	12.6	12.2	11.7	11.2
16 A	19.4	19.1	18.9	18.6	18.3	18	17.6	17.3	17	16.7	16.3	<b>16</b>	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.6	14.2	13.8	13.4	13	12.5
20 A	24.1	23.7	23.4	23	22.7	22.3	21.9	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	<b>20</b>	19.6	19.2	18.7	18.3	17.9	17.4	16.9	16.4	15.9
25 A	30.4	29.9	29.5	29	28.5	28.1	27.6	27.1	26.6	26.1	25.5	<b>25</b>	24.5	23.9	23.3	22.7	22.1	21.5	20.9	20.2	19.6
30 A	37.4	36.7	36.1	35.5	34.9	34.2	33.5	32.9	32.2	31.5	30.7	<b>30</b>	29.2	28.5	27.7	26.8	26	25.1	24.2	23.2	22.3
32 A	38.5	37.9	37.4	36.8	36.2	35.7	35.1	34.5	33.9	33.3	32.6	<b>32</b>	31.4	30.7	30	29.3	28.6	27.9	27.1	26.3	25.5
40 A	48.9	48.2	47.4	46.7	45.9	45.1	44.3	43.5	42.6	41.8	40.9	<b>40</b>	39.1	38.2	37.2	36.2	35.2	34.2	33.1	32	30.8
50 A	59.9	59.1	58.3	57.4	56.5	55.6	54.7	53.8	52.9	52	51	<b>50</b>	49	48	46.9	45.9	44.8	43.6	42.5	41.3	40.1
63 A	78.2	76.9	75.6	74.3	73	71.7	70.3	68.9	67.5	66	64.5	<b>63</b>	61.4	59.8	58.2	56.5	54.7	52.9	51.1	49.1	47.1

### C60PV-DC derating table (IEC 60947-2)

C60PV-DC Rating	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
1 A	1.18	1.17	1.15	1.14	1.12	1.1	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	<b>1</b>	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.9	0.88	0.86	0.84	0.82
2 A	2.54	2.5	2.45	2.41	2.36	2.31	2.26	2.21	2.16	2.11	2.06	<b>2</b>	1.94	1.88	1.82	1.76	1.7	1.63	1.56	1.48	1.41
3 A	3.78	3.71	3.65	3.58	3.51	3.45	3.38	3.3	3.23	3.16	3.08	<b>3</b>	2.92	2.84	2.75	2.66	2.57	2.48	2.38	2.27	2.17
5 A	6	5.92	5.83	5.74	5.66	5.57	5.48	5.39	5.29	5.2	5.1	<b>5</b>	4.9	4.8	4.69	4.58	4.47	4.36	4.24	4.12	4
8 A	9.64	9.5	9.36	9.22	9.08	8.93	8.78	8.63	8.48	8.32	8.16	<b>8</b>	7.83	7.67	7.49	7.31	7.13	6.95	6.76	6.56	6.36
10 A	12.6	12.4	12.2	11.9	11.7	11.5	11.2	11	10.8	10.5	10.3	<b>10</b>	9.7	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.6	8.2	7.9	7.6	7.2
13 A	15.5	15.3	15.1	14.8	14.6	14.4	14.2	14	13.7	13.5	13.2	<b>13</b>	12.7	12.5	12.2	12	11.7	11.4	11.1	10.8	10.5
15 A	18.6	18.3	18	17.7	17.4	17.1	16.7	16.4	16.1	15.7	15.4	<b>15</b>	14.6	14.3	13.9	13.5	13	12.6	12.2	11.7	11.2
16 A	19.4	19.1	18.9	18.6	18.3	18	17.6	17.3	17	16.7	16.3	<b>16</b>	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.6	14.2	13.8	13.4	13	12.5
20 A	24.1	23.7	23.4	23	22.7	22.3	21.9	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	<b>20</b>	19.6	19.2	18.7	18.3	17.9	17.4	16.9	16.4	15.9
25 A	30.4	29.9	29.5	29	28.5	28.1	27.6	27.1	26.6	26.1	25.5	<b>25</b>	24.5	23.9	23.3	22.7	22.1	21.5	20.9	20.2	19.6

### C120 derating table (IEC 60947-2)

C120 Rating	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
10 A	14.5	14.3	14	13.8	13.5	13.3	13	12.7	12.5	12.2	11.9	11.6	11.3	11	10.7	10.3	10	9.7	9.3	8.9	8.5
16 A	21.2	21	20.7	20.4	20.1	19.8	19.4	19.1	18.8	18.5	18.2	17.8	17.5	17.1	16.8	16.4	16	15.6	15.2	14.8	14.4
20 A	27	26.6	26.3	25.9	25.5	25	24.6	24.2	23.8	23.3	22.9	22.4	22	21.5	21	20.5	20	19.5	18.9	18.4	17.8
25 A	33.7	33.3	32.8	32.3	31.8	31.3	30.8	30.2	29.7	29.1	28.6	28	27.5	26.9	26.3	25.6	25	24.4	23.7	23	22.3
32 A	42.7	42.1	41.5	40.9	40.3	39.7	39	38.4	37.7	37.1	36.4	35.7	35	34.3	33.5	32.8	32	31.2	30.4	29.6	28.7
40 A	54.8	54	53.2	52.4	51.5	50.7	49.8	48.9	48	47.1	46.1	45.2	44.2	43.2	42.1	41.1	40	38.9	37.7	36.6	35.3
50 A	69.1	68.1	67	65.9	64.8	63.7	62.6	61.5	60.3	59.1	57.9	56.7	55.4	54.1	52.8	51.4	50	48.6	47.1	45.5	43.9
63 A	87.1	85.8	84.5	83.1	81.8	80.4	78.9	77.5	76	74.5	73	71.4	69.8	68.2	66.5	64.8	63	61.2	59.3	57.4	55.4
80 A	103.7	102.4	101	99.7	98.3	96.9	95.5	94.1	92.6	91.1	89.6	88.1	86.5	84.9	83.3	81.7	80	78.3	76.5	74.7	72.9
100 A	137.6	135.5	133.5	131.4	129.2	127.1	124.8	122.6	120.3	118	115.6	113.1	110.6	108.1	105.5	102.8	100	97.2	94.2	91.2	88.1
125 A	174.6	171.9	169.2	166.4	163.6	160.7	157.8	154.9	151.8	148.7	145.6	142.4	139.1	135.7	132.2	128.7	125	121.2	117.3	113.3	109.1

## Tertiary/Industry (IEC 60947-2) (cont.)

### NG125 derating table (IEC 60947-2)

NG125	Ambient temperature (°C)																				
Rating	-30	-25	-20	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60	+65	+70
10 A	13.7	13.5	13.2	13	12.8	12.5	12.3	12	11.7	11.5	11.2	10.9	10.6	10.3	<b>10</b>	9.7	9.4	9	8.7	8.3	7.9
16 A	20.3	20.1	19.8	19.5	19.2	18.9	18.6	18.3	18	17.7	17.4	17	16.7	16.4	<b>16</b>	15.7	15.3	14.9	14.5	14.1	13.7
20 A	26	25.6	25.3	24.9	24.5	24	23.6	23.2	22.8	22.3	21.9	21.4	21	20.5	<b>20</b>	19.5	19	18.5	17.9	17.4	16.8
25 A	33.8	33.2	32.7	32.1	31.5	30.9	30.3	29.7	29.1	28.4	27.8	27.1	26.4	25.7	<b>25</b>	24.3	23.5	22.7	21.9	21	20.1
32 A	41.2	40.6	40	39.4	38.8	38.2	37.5	36.9	36.2	35.6	34.9	34.2	33.5	32.7	<b>32</b>	31.2	30.5	29.7	28.8	28	27.1
40 A	53.5	52.7	51.8	51	50.1	49.1	48.2	47.3	46.3	45.3	44.3	43.3	42.2	41.1	<b>40</b>	38.9	37.7	36.5	35.2	33.9	32.5
50 A	66.3	65.2	64.2	63.1	62.1	61	59.8	58.7	57.5	56.4	55.1	53.9	52.6	51.3	<b>50</b>	48.6	47.2	45.8	44.3	42.7	41.1
63 A	83.4	82.1	80.8	79.5	78.1	76.8	75.4	73.9	72.5	71	69.5	67.9	66.3	64.7	<b>63</b>	61.3	59.5	57.7	55.8	53.9	51.8
80 A	100.4	99.1	97.8	96.4	95	93.6	92.2	90.8	89.3	87.8	86.3	84.8	83.2	81.6	<b>80</b>	78.3	76.6	74.9	73.1	71.3	69.4
100 A	133.4	131.3	129.1	127	124.8	122.5	120.2	117.9	115.5	113.1	110.6	108	105.4	102.7	<b>100</b>	97.2	94.3	91.3	88.2	85	81.6
125 A	165.2	162.7	160.1	157.5	154.8	152.1	149.3	146.5	143.6	140.7	137.7	134.6	131.5	128.3	<b>125</b>	121.6	118.1	114.6	110.9	107	103.1

## Tertiaire/Industrie (IEC 60947-3)

### SW60-DC derating table (IEC 60947-3)

SW60PV-DC	Ambient temperature (°C)											
Rating	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+60	+70
50 A	63	61	60	58	56	54	52	<b>50</b>	48	46	41	35

### C60NA-DC derating table (IEC 60947-3)

C60NA-DC	Ambient temperature (°C)											
Rating	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+60	+70
50 A	63	61	60	58	56	54	52	<b>50</b>	48	46	41	35

### C120NA-DC derating table (IEC 60947-3)

C120NA-DC	Ambient temperature (°C)											
Rating	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+60	+70
100 A	113	111	110	108	106	104	102	<b>100</b>	98	96	91	85

## Tertiary/Industry (IEC 61009-1)

### C60H2 RCBO derating table (IEC 61009-1)

C60H2 RCBO	Ambient temperature (°C)															
Rating	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60
10 A	12.3	12.2	12	11.8	11.7	11.5	11.3	11.1	11	10.8	10.6	10.4	10.2	<b>10</b>	9.8	9.6
16 A	19.6	19.4	19.1	18.8	18.6	18.3	18	17.8	17.5	17.2	16.9	16.6	16.3	<b>16</b>	15.7	15.4
20 A	24.9	24.6	24.2	23.9	23.5	23.2	22.8	22.4	22	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.4	<b>20</b>	19.6	19.1
25 A	30.2	29.8	29.5	29.1	28.7	28.3	27.9	27.5	27.1	26.7	26.3	25.9	25.4	<b>25</b>	24.6	24.1
32 A	37.9	37.5	37.1	36.7	36.2	35.8	35.3	34.9	34.4	33.9	33.5	33	32.5	<b>32</b>	31.5	31

### C60N/H RCBO derating table (IEC 61009-1)

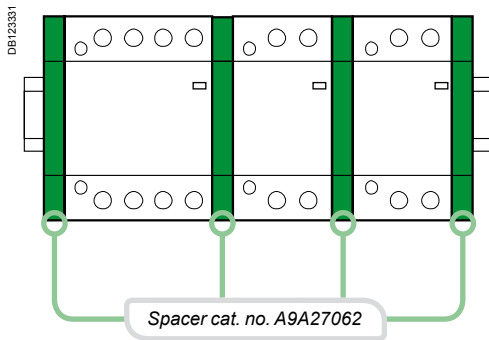
C60H RCBO	Ambient temperature (°C)															
Rating	-15	-10	-5	0	+5	+10	+15	+20	+25	+30	+35	+40	+45	+50	+55	+60
6 A	8.3	8.15	7.99	7.83	7.67	7.50	7.33	7.16	6.98	6.79	6.6	6.41	6.21	<b>6</b>	5.78	5.56
10 A	12.9	12.7	12.5	12.3	12.1	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.2	11	10.7	10.5	10.3	<b>10</b>	9.7	9.5
16 A	20.9	20.6	20.3	19.9	19.6	19.2	18.8	18.4	18.1	17.7	17.3	16.9	16.4	<b>16</b>	15.6	15.1
20 A	26.3	25.9	25.4	25	24.5	24.1	23.6	23.1	22.6	22.1	21.6	21.1	20.6	<b>20</b>	19.4	18.8
25 A	31.5	31	30.6	30.1	29.6	29.2	28.7	28.2	27.7	27.2	26.6	26.1	25.6	<b>25</b>	24.4	23.8
32 A	39.2	38.7	38.2	37.7	37.2	36.6	36.1	35.5	35	34.4	33.8	33.2	32.6	<b>32</b>	31.4	30.7
40 A	50.2	49.5	48.8	48	47.3	46.5	45.8	45	44.2	43.4	42.6	41.7	40.9	<b>40</b>	39.1	38.2
45 A	55.5	54.7	54	53.2	52.5	51.7	50.9	50.1	49.3	48.5	47.6	46.8	45.9	<b>45</b>	41.9	41

## Switches

■ In all cases, the switches are correctly protected against overloads by a circuit breaker with a lower or equal rating, operating at the same ambient temperature.

## iCT contactors

In the case of contactor mounting in an enclosure for which the interior temperature is in a range between 50°C and 60°C, it is necessary to use a spacer, cat. no. A9A27062, between each contactor.



## Splitter blocks

In the event of a temperature higher than 40°C, the maximum acceptable current is limited to the values in the table below:

Type	Temperature				
	40°C	45°C	50°C	55°C	60°C
Linergy FM 80 A	80	76	73	69	66
Linergy DX 63 A	63	60	58	55	53

## Acti9 products

The following table indicates the average dissipated power per pole in W for a current equal to the rating of the device and at the operating voltage.

Rating (A)	0.5	1	1.6	2	2.5	3	4	6	6.3	10	12.5	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	
<b>Circuit breakers</b>																							
iC60N/H/L	2.3	2.3		1.9		2.2	2.4	1.3		2		2	2.1	2.2	2.7	2.8	3.6	4	5.6				
iC60L-MA			0.7		0.2		0.6		0.9	1.1	1.5		1.6		0.8		2						
iK60		2.3		1.9		2.2	2.4	2.7		1.8			2.5	3	3.1	3.5	3.6	4	5.6				
<b>RCCB</b>																							
iID 2P													0.8		0.9		2.6		2.6	3	5		
4P															0.7		1.9		1.5	2.6	4.3		
iID K															2.7		3.6		5.6				
<b>Add-on residual current devices</b>																							
Vigi iC60 10 mA																3							
30 mA																1.4		1.1		2.3			
100 mA																1.1				2.3			
300 mA																1.3		0.9		2.3			
500 mA																1.1		0.9		2.3			
1000 mA																				2.3			
<b>Contactors</b>																							
iCT/iCT+ Power circuit													0.6	0.9	1.4		1.5		3.4		4		
Control circuit	See module CA904007																						
<b>Impulse relays</b>																							
iTL/iTL+ Power circuit													0.6			1.5							
Control circuit	See module CA904008																						
<b>Push-buttons</b>																							
iPB														0.6									
<b>Selector switches</b>																							
iSSW														0.8									
iCMA/iCMB/iCMC/ iCMD/iCMV									0.4														
<b>Switch-disconnectors</b>																							
iSW														0.8		1.3	1.1		1.8		3.4	4.2	
iSW-NA 2P																	0.7		1.8		3	5	
4P																	0.6		1.5		2.5	4.1	
<b>Indication auxiliaries</b>																							
iOF, iSD, iOF/SD+OF	See module CA908028																						
<b>Déclencheurs auxiliaires</b>																							
iMN, iMNs, iMNx, iMX+OF, iMX, iMSU	See module CA908029																						
<b>Indicator lights</b>																							
iIL	0.3																						

Note: When the enclosure's thermal balance, consider the 4P devices load is only on 3 phases

### Impedance calculation:

$$Z = P / I^2$$

Z: impedance in Ohms

P: dissipated power in Watts (table values)

I: rating in Amperes

### Voltage drop calculation:

$$U = P / I$$

U: voltage drop in Volts

P: dissipated power in Watts (table values)

I: rating in Amperes



## Multi 9 products

The following table indicates the average dissipated power per pole in W for a current equal to the rating of the device and at the operating voltage.

Rating (A)	0.5	1	1.6	2	2.5	3	4	6	6.3	10	12.5	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	
<b>Circuit breakers</b>																							
DPN		2.5		1.9		2.1	2.6	2.7		2.7		3.3	3.2	4.7	4.7	4.6	5.8						
C60/C60H-DC	2.2	2.3		2.6		2.2	2.4	2.7		1.8		2.5	2.5	3	3.1	3.5	4.3	4.8	6.1				
C120										1.3			2.1	2.3	2.5	3.2	3.1	3.2	3	3.2	2	4.1	
NG125										1.7			2.4	2.7	2.7	3.8	3.8	4.2	4	5.6	5.2	8	
C60L-MA			2.4		2.5		2.4		3	2	2.5		2.6		3		4.6						
NG125L-MA							0.15		0.15	0.2	0.4		0.3		0.6		1.4		2	2.7			
<b>RCCB</b>																							
ID Type A/AC																1.4		3.6		4.4	7.2	18	28
ID Type B																1.2		2.9		7.2	12	18	28
<b>Contactors</b>																							
CT/CT+ Power circuit													0.9					1.4					
Control circuit	See module 92020																						
<b>Impulse relays</b>																							
TL/TL+ Power circuit													0.9			1.4							
Control circuit	See module 92011																						
<b>Push-buttons</b>																							
PB														0.6									
<b>Selector switches</b>																							
CM															0.8								
CMA/CMB/CMC/CMD/CMV									0.4														
<b>Switch-disconnectors</b>																							
I														0.8		1.3	1.1		1.8		3.4	4.2	
I-NA																	3.2		3.2				
NG125NA																			2	2.7	4	7	
<b>Indication auxiliaries</b>																							
OF, SD, OF+SD/OF	See module 92605																						
<b>Tripping auxiliaries</b>																							
MN, MNs, MNx, MX+OF, MX, MSU	See module 92605																						
<b>Indicator lights</b>																							
V	0.3																						

Note: When the enclosure's thermal balance, consider the 4P devices load is only on 3 phases

### Impedance calculation:

$$Z = P / I^2$$

Z: impedance in Ohms

P: dissipated power in Watts (table values)

I: rating in Amperes

### Voltage drop calculation:

$$U = P / I$$

U: voltage drop in Volts

P: dissipated power in Watts (table values)

I: rating in Amperes





Acti 9 devices have successfully passed the environmental resistance tests specified in the building standards (IEC / EN 60898 and 60947-2 for circuit breakers, IEC / EN 61008 for residual current circuit breakers, etc.). Most of these tests were performed under the control of official bodies in different countries: the devices therefore carry the quality mark issued by each of these bodies.

Schneider Electric has also subjected these devices to additional tests with higher requirements, to give users reliability and sturdiness that are unparalleled on the market.

These tests checked that the constraints described below did not have any significant effect on the main functions of the devices:

- Tripping (for protection devices).
- Isolation and dielectric withstand.
- Degree of protection (IP) of the casing.
- Grip on the mounting bracket (rail).
- Manual opening / closing.

Additional checks were performed for certain tests, mentioned in the tables below.

## Constraints Atmospheric

Type	Humidity	Salt mist	Corrosive atmospheres		Dust
<b>Standard defining the test protocol</b>	IEC 60068-2-78	IEC 60068.2.52	IEC 60721-3-3		
<b>Constraint level applied</b>	Temperature 40°C, relative humidity 93%.	Severity 2 (maritime environment).	Classification 3C2: urban regions with industrial activities, heavy traffic.	Covered swimming pools atmospheres	Plaster deposits + bumps.
<b>Additional checks after constraint</b>		Conductivity, overheating. No corrosion.			Conductivity and overheating.
<b>Circuit breakers</b>					
iK60N	■	■	-	-	■
iC60a/N/H/L	■	■	■	■	■
<b>Residual current circuit breakers</b>					
iID K	■	■	-	-	■
iID	■	■	■	SI only	■
<b>Residual current devices</b>					
iC60a/N/H/L + Vigi iC60	■	■	■	SI only	■
<b>Protection device auxiliaries</b>					
iOF	■	■	■	-	■
iSD	■	■	■	-	■
iOF/SD+OF	■	■	■	-	■
iMN, iMNs	■	■	■	-	■
iMX, iMX+OF	■	■	■	-	■
iMNx	■	■	■	-	■
iMSU	■	■	■	-	■
<b>Surge arresters</b>					
iPF	-	-	-	-	-
iPRD	-	■	-	-	-
<b>Mounting accessories</b>					
Rotary handle	■	■	-	-	■
Plug-in base	■	■	-	-	■
Padlocking device	■	■	■	-	■
<b>Safety accessories</b>					
Screw shield	■	■	■	-	■
Interpole barrier	■	■	■	-	■
Spacer	■	■	■	-	■
<b>Splitter blocks</b>					
Linery FM	■	■	■	-	■
Linery DX	■	■	■	-	■
Comb busbars for iC60	■	■	■	-	■

Mechanical						Storage
Vibrations, impacts and bumps	Vibrations	Bumps (repeated impacts)	Impacts	Impacts on the device	Falls	Damp heat
IEC 60721-3-3	IEC 60068.2-6	IEC 60068-2-27	IEC 60068-2-27	IEC 62262	IEC 60068-2-32	IEC 60068-2-30
Class 3M4: industrial environment with considerable vibrations and impacts (e.g. proximity of machines, circulation of vehicles).	Amplitude: 3.5 mm. Acceleration: 1 g. Directions: 3 axes. Frequency: 5 to 300 Hz.	Acceleration: 15 g. Pulse duration: 6 ms.	Force: 15 g. Pulse duration: 11 ms.	IK 07: 5 impacts of 0.7 J.	Height: 0.8 m, concrete floor.	Db: - Temperature: 55°C. - Relative humidity: 95%.
No power supply fault, no tripping.				Casing, degree of protection (IP).	Casing, degree of protection (IP).	
-	■	■	-	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
-	■	■	-	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
-	-	-	-	-	■ Height: 0.6 m.	
-	■ Frequency: 8.5 to 100 Hz.	-	-	-		
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
■	■	■	■	■	■	■
■	■	■	■	■	■	■





# Connection iC60, iID double terminals

## Connection between double terminal protection devices

### Cable-to-cable

DB404816



Product	Rating	Tightening torque	Back		Front	
			Copper cables		Copper cables	
			Rigid	Flexible or ferrule	Rigid	Flexible or ferrule
			 DB122945	 DB122946	 DB122945	 DB122946
iC60	<b>0.5 to 25 A</b> <b>32 to 63 A</b>	2 N.m 3.5 N.m	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	1 to 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
iID	All					

■ Connection by comb busbar or by cable (according to EN 50027).



PB104437

iC60N



PB104459

iK60N



PB104472

iID



PB104497

iID K



PB110286

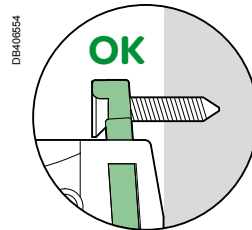
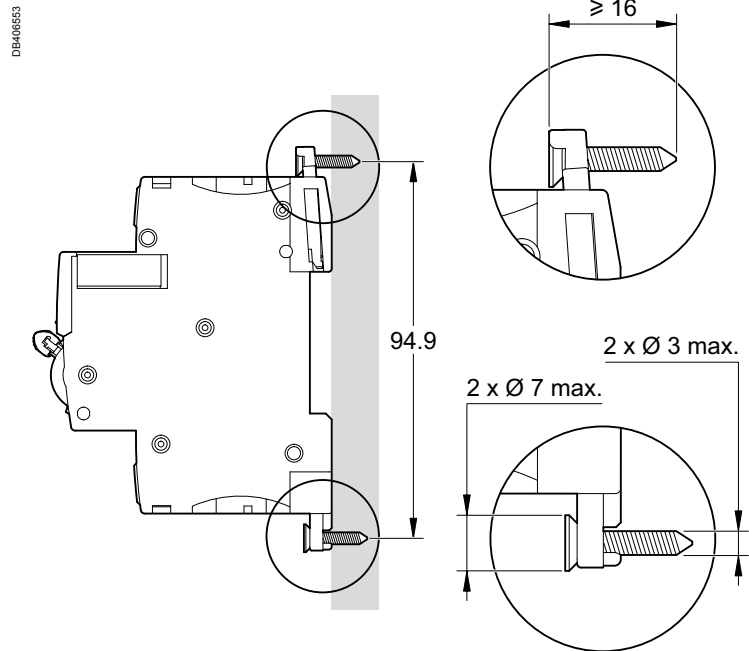
iSW



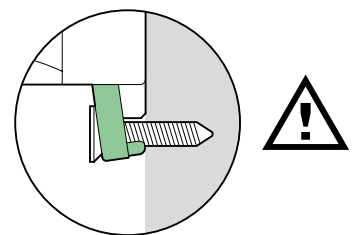
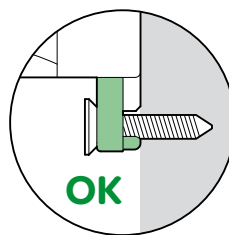
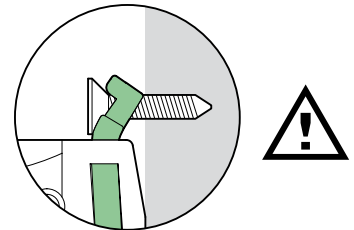
PB107086

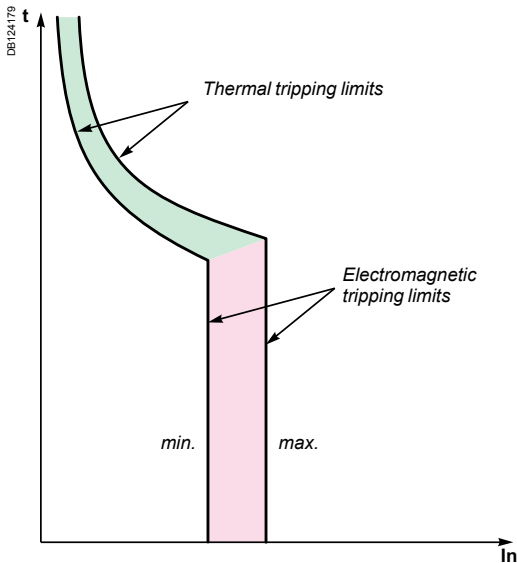
iSW-NA

## Mounting (mm)



DB40854





The following curves show the total fault current breaking time, depending on its amperage. For example: based on the curve on page 501, an iC60 circuit breaker of curve C, 20 A rating, will interrupt a current of 100 A (5 times the rated current  $I_n$ ) in:

- 0.45 seconds at least
- 6 seconds at most.

The circuit breakers' tripping curves consist of two parts:

- tripping of overload protection (thermal tripping device): the higher the current, the shorter the tripping time
- tripping of short-circuit protection (magnetic tripping device): if the current exceeds the threshold of this protection device, the breaking time is less than 10 milliseconds. For short-circuit currents exceeding 20 times the rated current, the time-current curves do not give a sufficiently precise representation. The breaking of high short-circuit currents is characterized by the current limiting curves, in peak current and in energy. The total breaking time can be estimated at 5 times the value of the ratio  $(I^2t)/(I)^2$ .

## Verification of the discrimination between two circuit breakers

By superimposing the curve of a circuit breaker on that of the circuit breaker installed upstream, one can check whether this combination will be discriminating in cases of overload (discrimination for all current values, up to the magnetic threshold of the upstream circuit breaker). This verification is useful when one of the two circuit breakers has adjustable thresholds; for fixed-threshold devices, this information is provided directly by the discrimination tables.

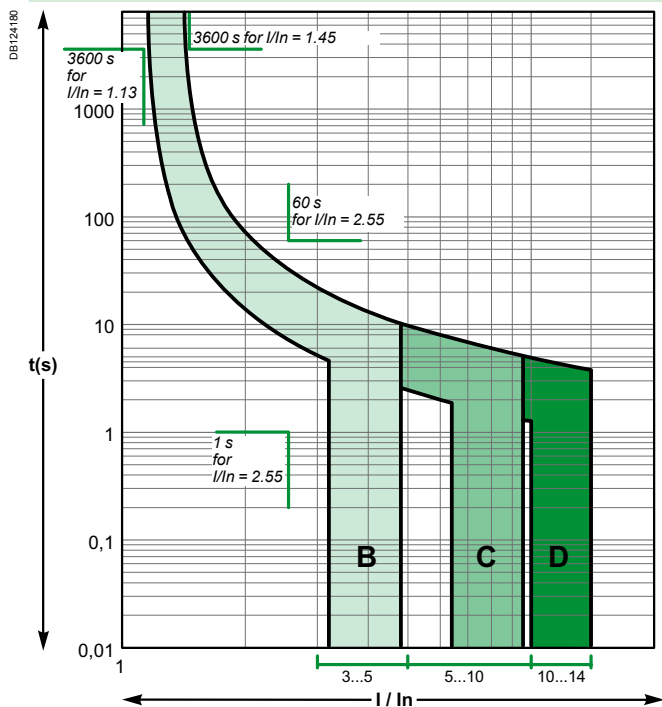
To check discrimination on short circuit, the energy characteristics of the two devices must be compared.

## Alternative current 50/60 Hz

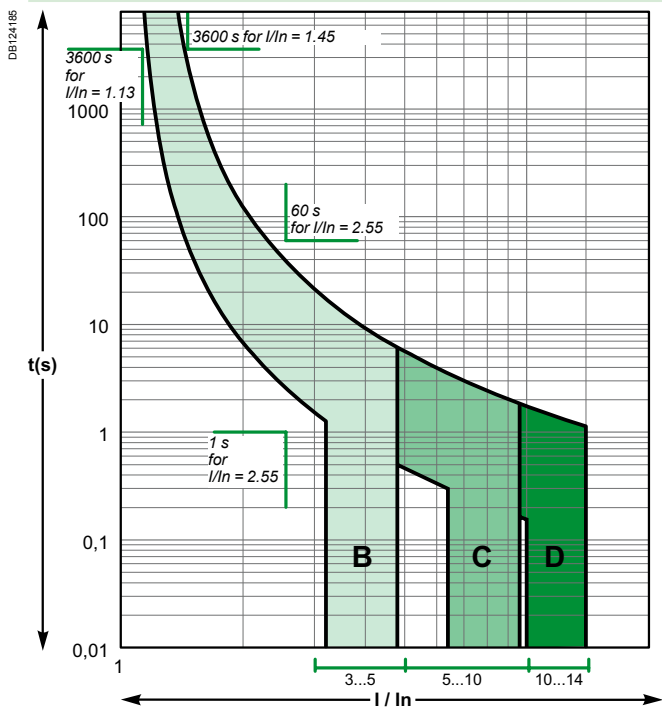
### iC60a/N/H/L

According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 30°C)

#### Curves B, C, D rating up to 4 A



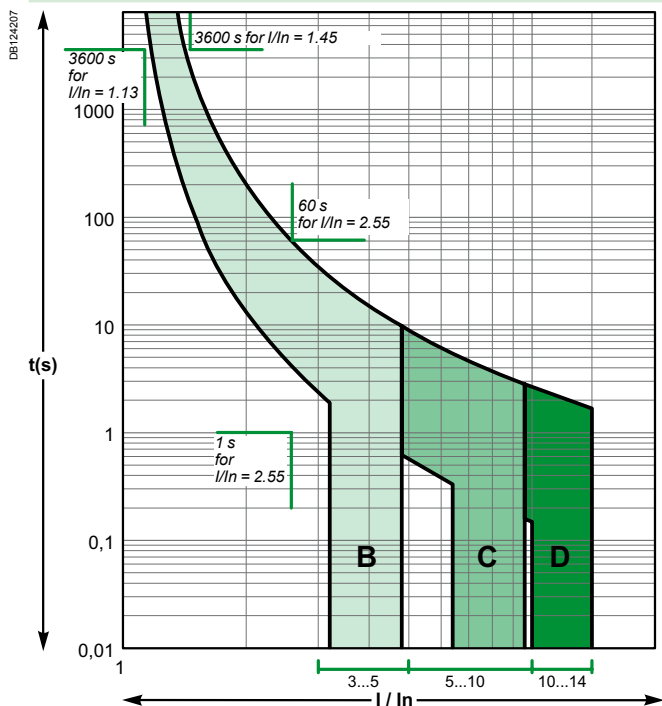
#### Curves B, C, D rating 6 A to 63 A



### C120N/H

According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 30°C)

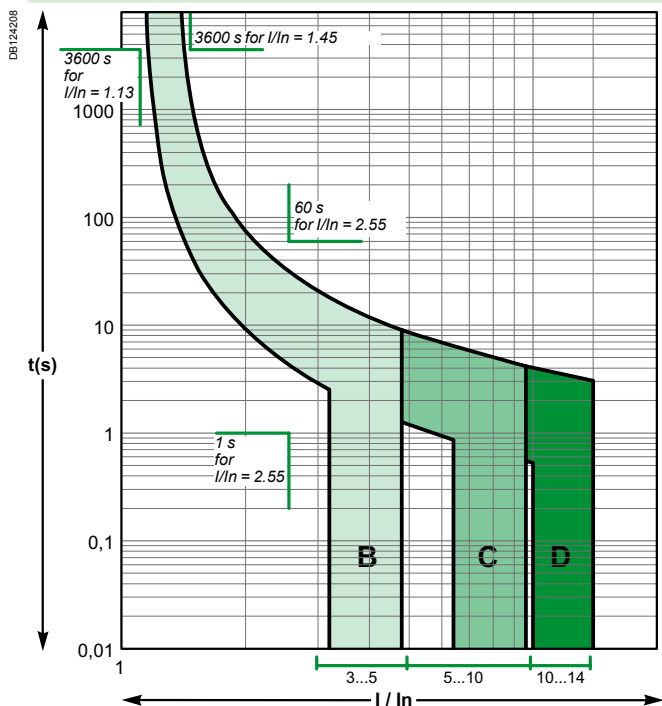
#### Curves B, C, D



### DPN, DPN N (circuit-breaker and residual current device)

According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 30°C)

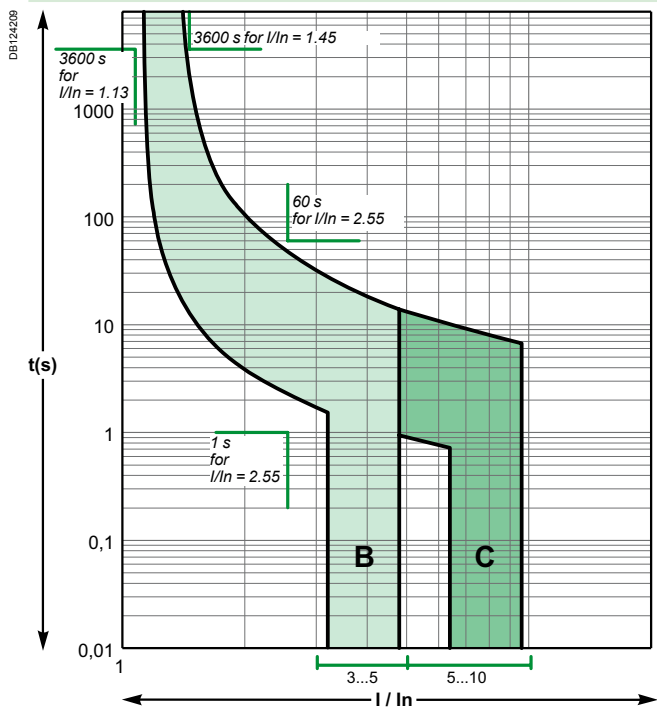
#### Curves B, C, D



## Alternative current 50/60 Hz

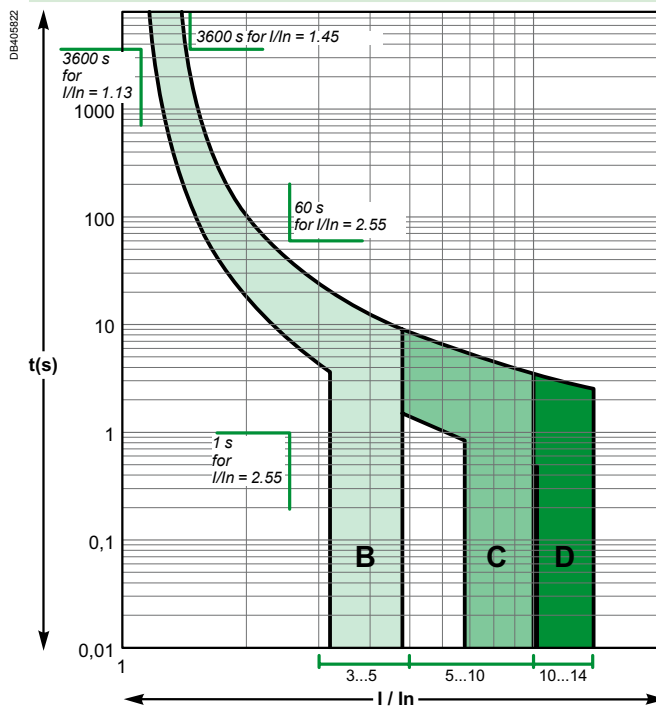
**iK60**  
According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 30°C)

Curves B, C



**C60**  
According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 30°C)

Curves B, C, D



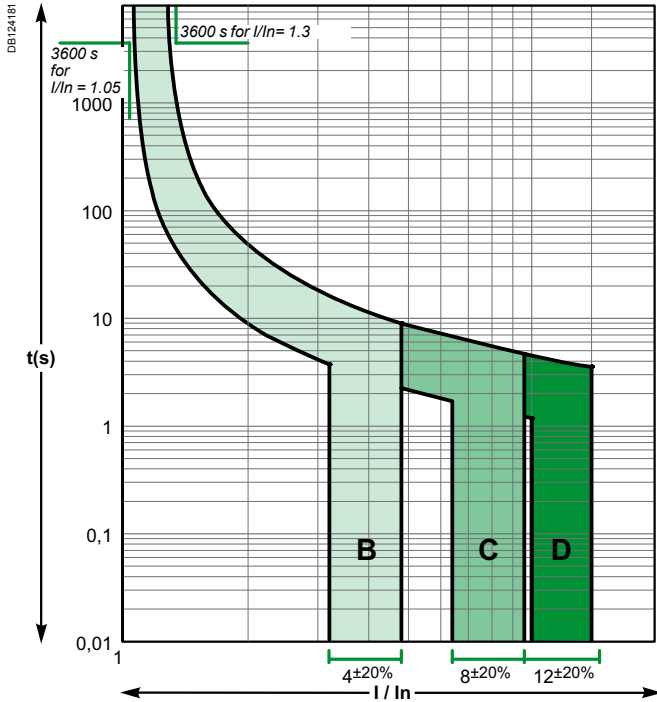


## Alternative current 50/60 Hz

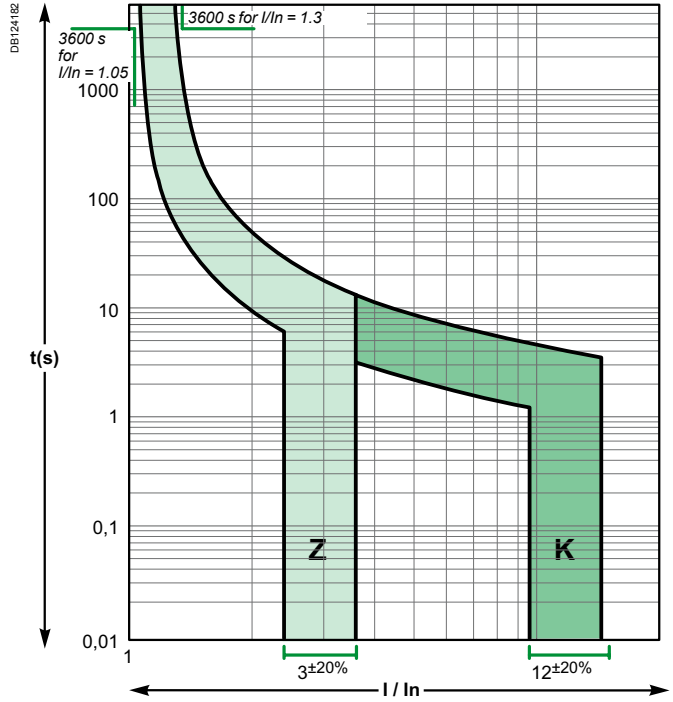
### iC60N/H/L MCB and iC60 RCBO

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 for MCB and IEC/EN 61009-1 for RCBO (reference temperature 50°C)

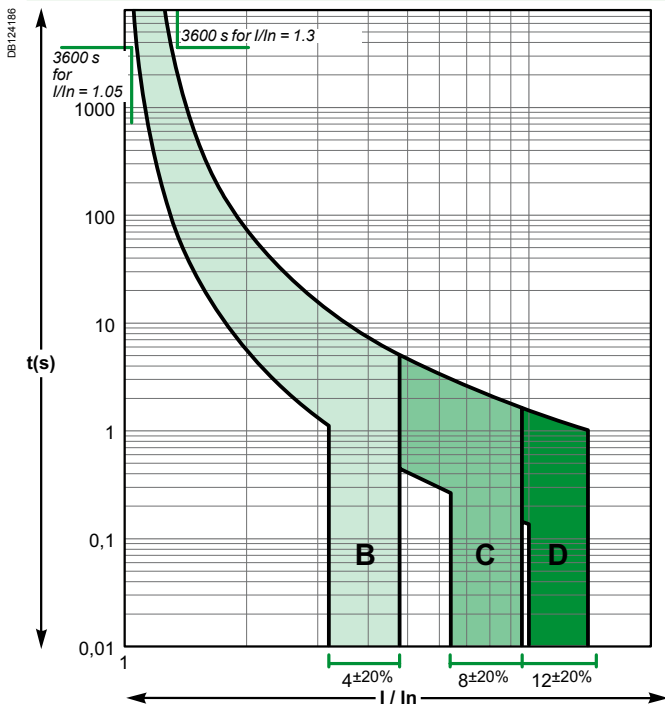
#### Curves B, C, D rating up to 4 A



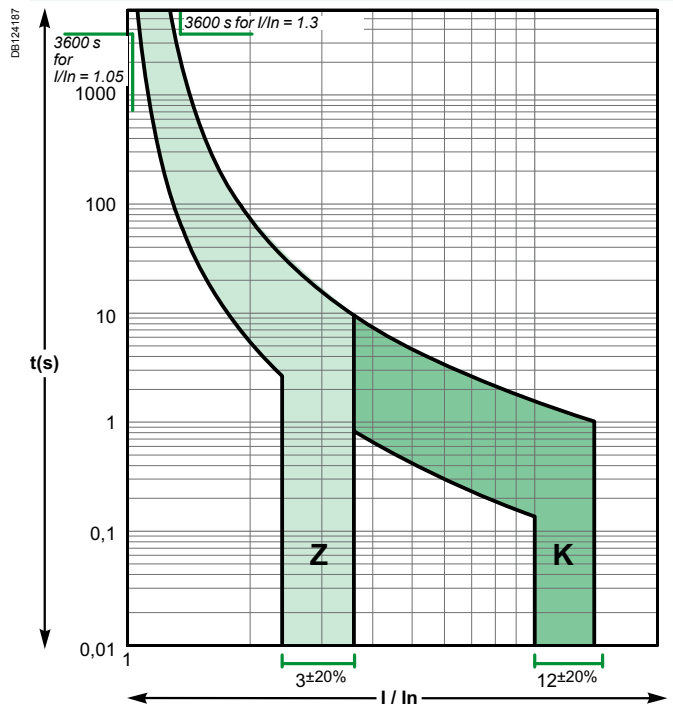
#### Curves Z, K rating up to 4 A



#### Curves B, C, D rating 6 A to 63 A



#### Curves Z, K rating 6 A to 63 A

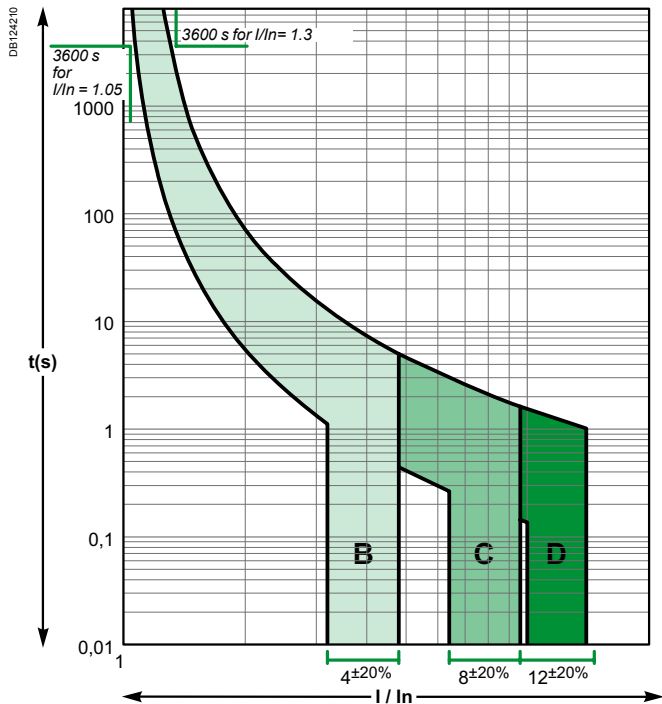


## Alternative current 50/60 Hz

### Reflex iC60N/H

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 50°C)

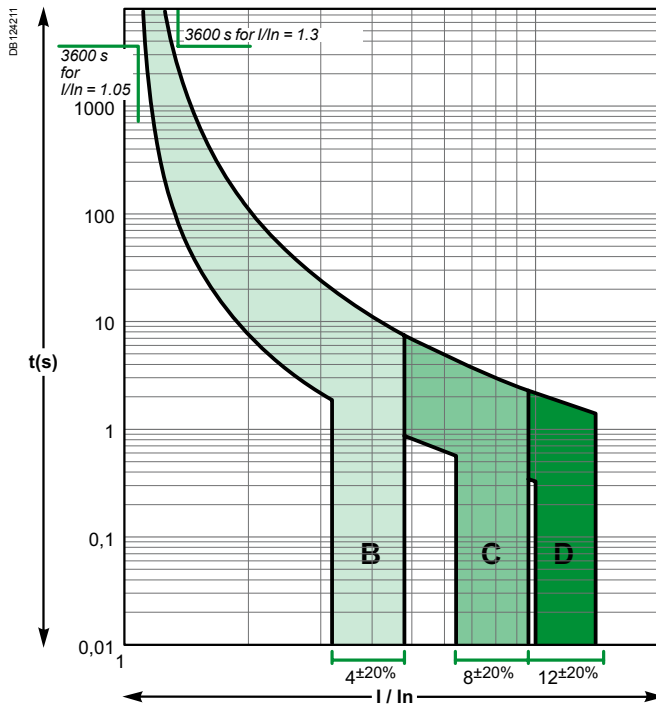
#### Curves B, C, D



### NG125a/N/H/L

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 40°C)

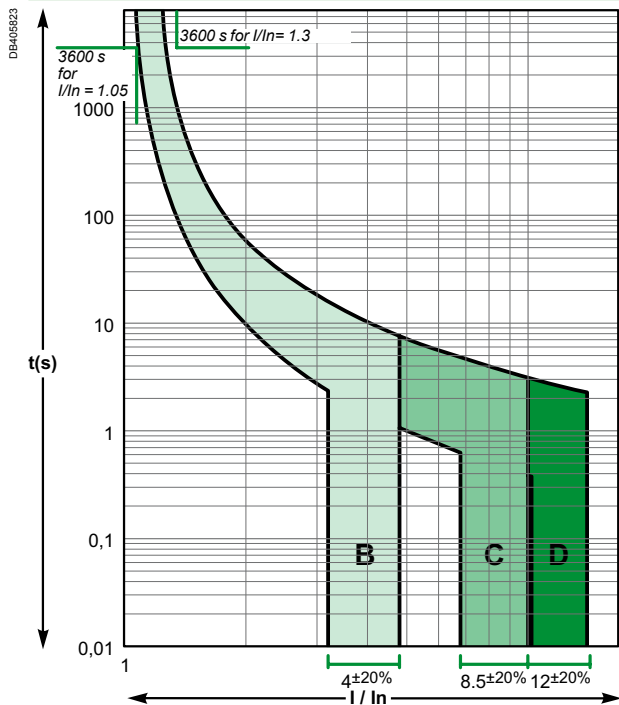
#### Curves B, C, D



### C60

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 50°C)

#### Curves B, C, D

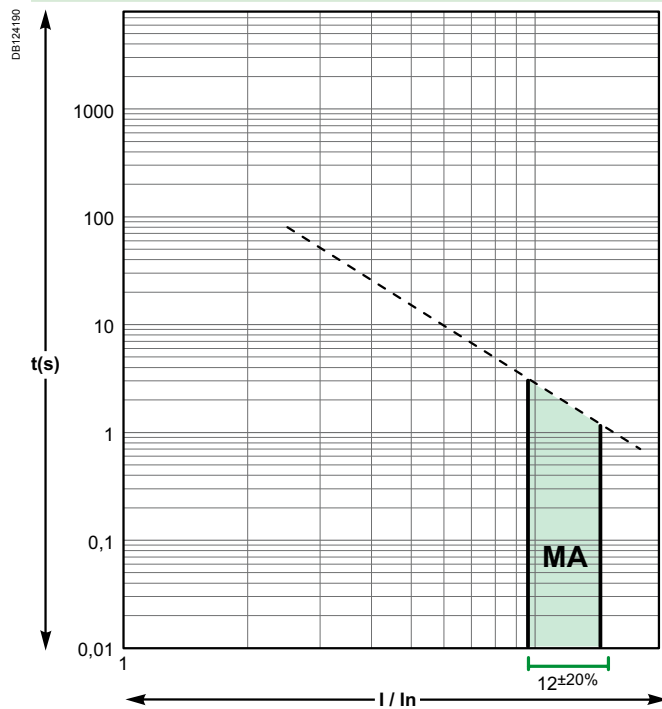


## Motor curve

**iC60L-MA**

According to IEC/EN 60947-2

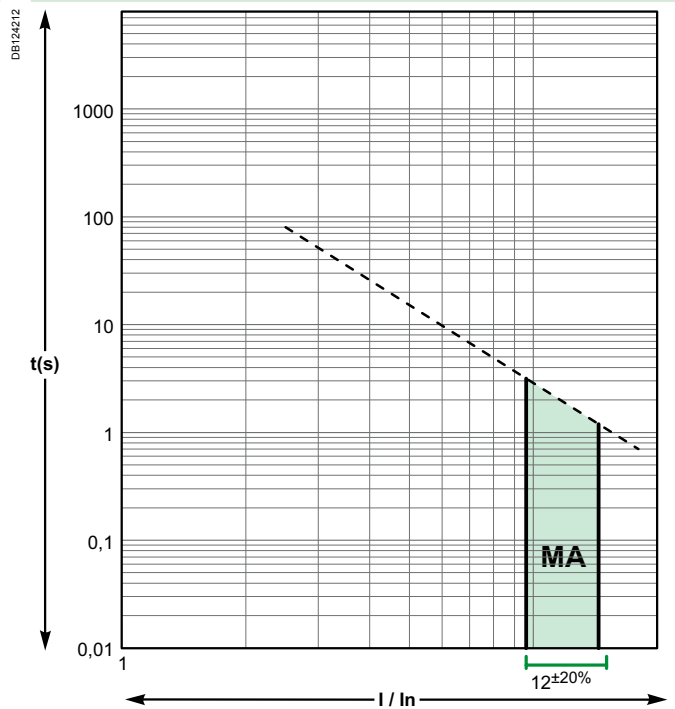
Curve MA



**NG125L-MA**

According to IEC/EN 60947-2

Curve MA

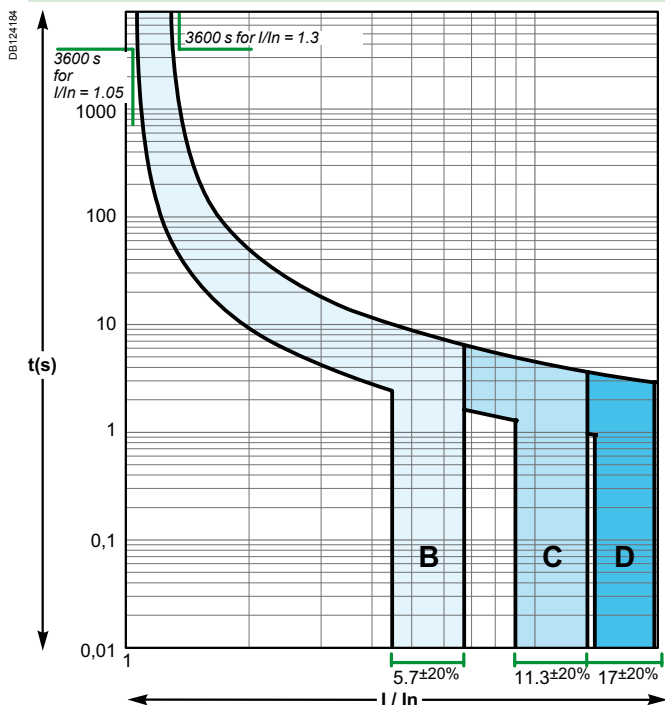


## Direct current

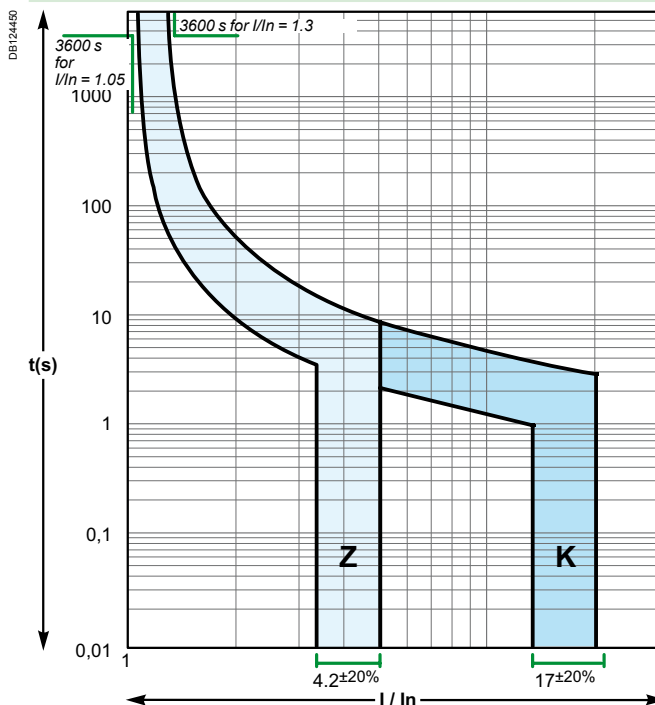
### iC60N/H/L

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 50°C)

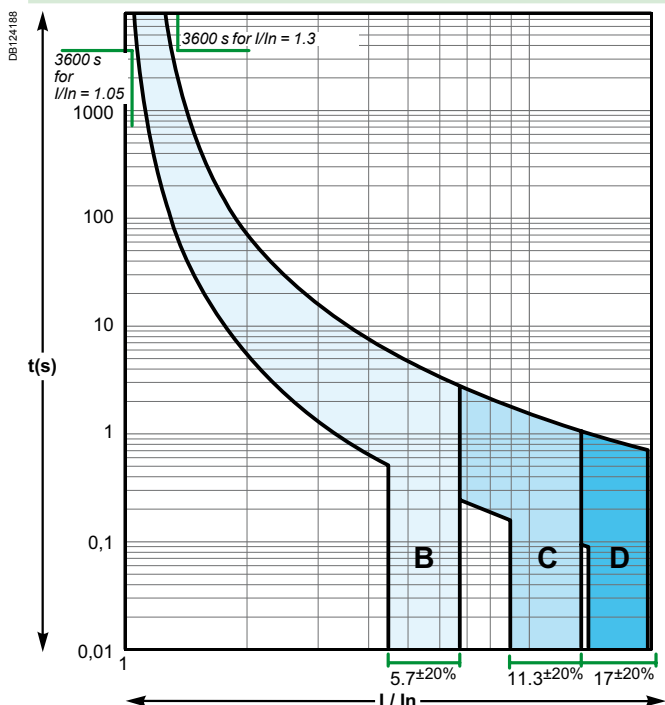
#### Curves B, C, D rating up to 4 A



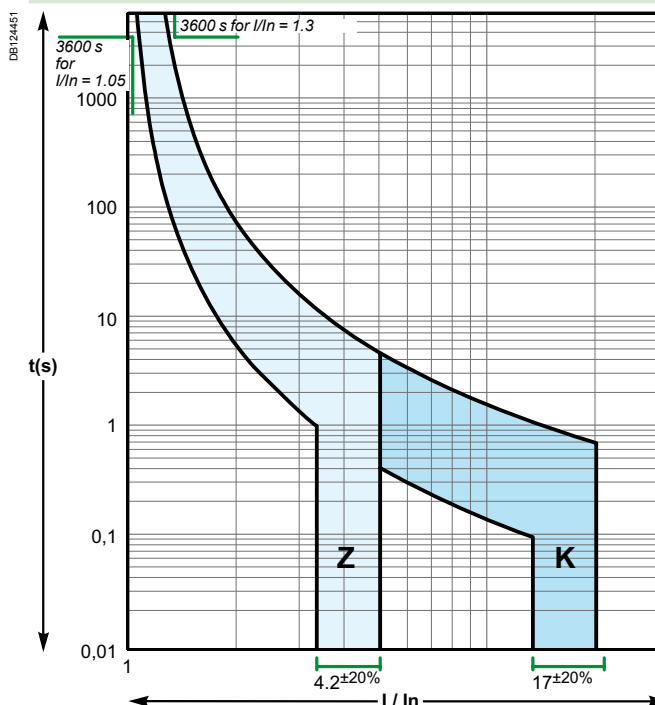
#### Curves Z, K rating up to 4 A



#### Curves B, C, D rating 6 A to 63 A



#### Curves Z, K rating 6 A to 63 A

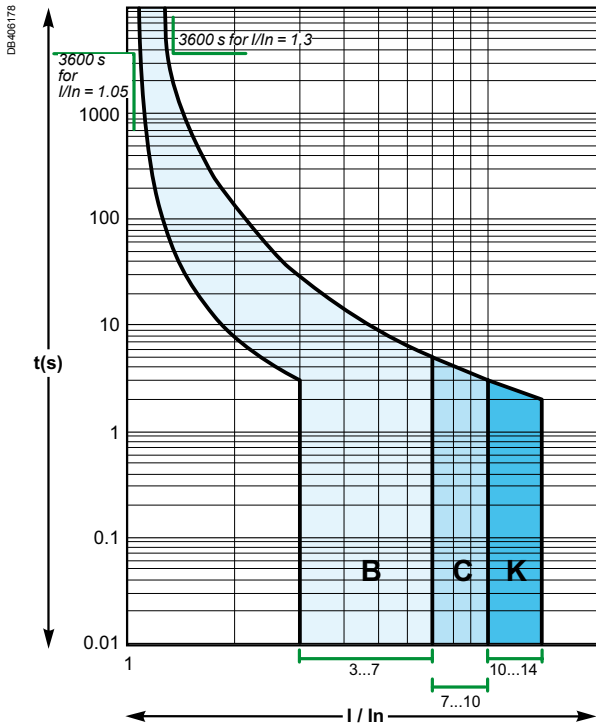


## Direct current

### C60H-DC

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 25°C)

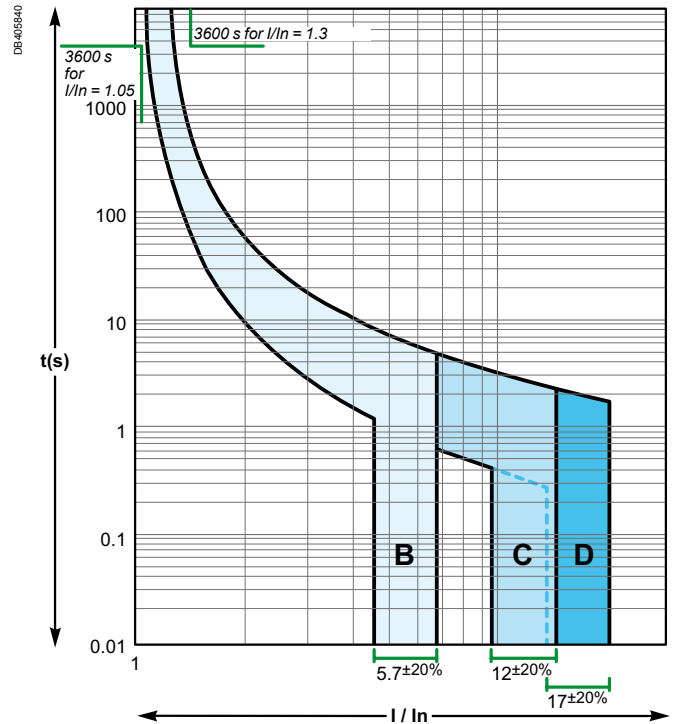
#### Curves B, C, K



### C60

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 50°C)

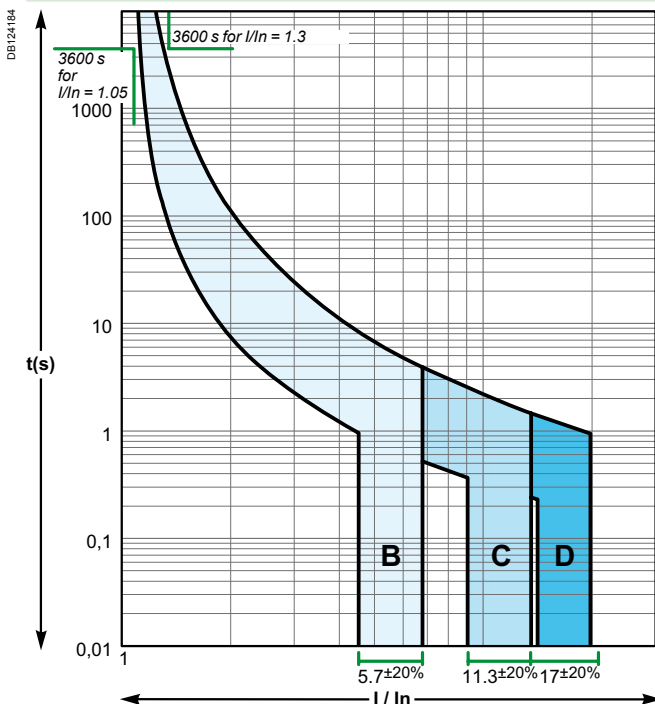
#### Curves B, C, D



### NG125a/N/H/L

According to IEC/EN 60947-2 (reference temperature 40°C)

#### Curves B, C, D



# Tripping curves

## Coordination with loads

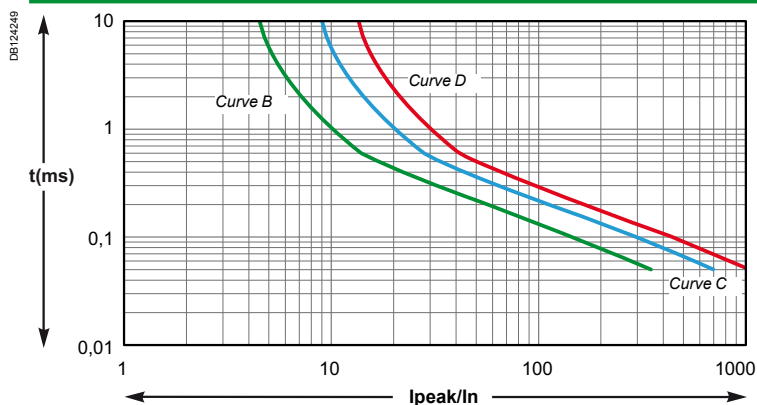
The circuit-breaker characteristics chosen depend on the type of load downstream of the installation.

The rating depends on the size of the cables to be protected and the curves depend on the load inrush current.

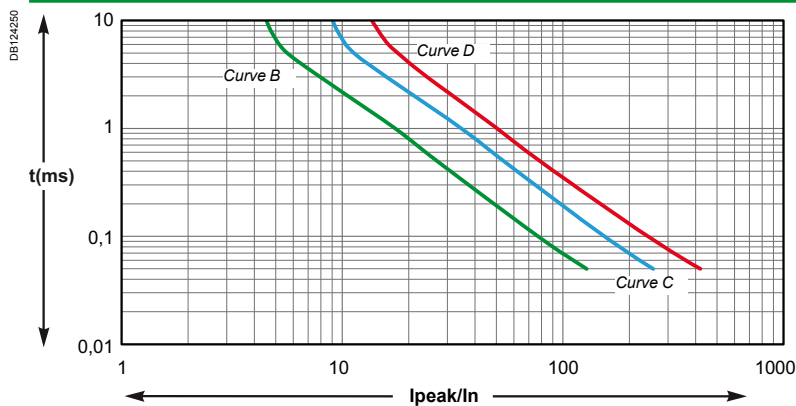
### Product selection according to the load inrush current

When certain "capacitive" loads are switched on, very high inrush currents appear during the first milliseconds of operation. The following graphs show the average non-tripping curves of our products for this time range (50  $\mu$ s to 10 ms).

#### iC60



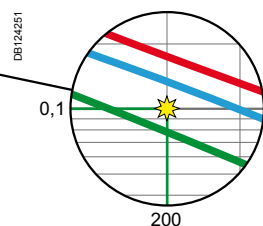
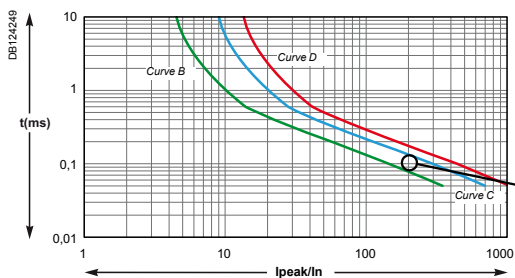
#### NG125 / C120

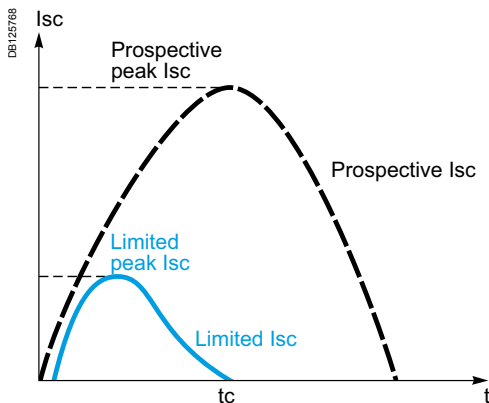


This information allows us to select the most appropriate product, according to the load specifications: curve and rating.

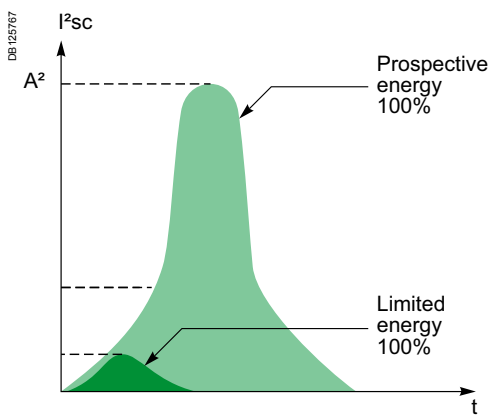
### Example

When an iC60 is used with a load with current peaks in the order of 200  $I_n$  during the first 0.1 millisecond, a curve C or D product must be installed.





Prospective current and real limit current.



## Definition

The limiting capacity of a circuit breaker is its ability to lessen the effects of a short circuit on an electrical installation by reducing the current amplitude and the dissipated power.

## Benefits of limiting

### Long installation service life

#### Thermal effects

Lower temperature rise at the conductor level, hence increased service life for cables and all components that are not self-protected (e.g. switches, contactors, etc.)

#### Mechanical effects

Lower electrodynamic repulsion forces, hence less risk of deformation or breakage of electrical contacts and busbars.

#### Electromagnetic effects

Less interference on sensitive equipment located in the vicinity of an electric circuit.

### Savings through cascading

Cascading is a technique derived directly from current limiting: downstream of a current-limiting circuit breaker it is possible to use circuit breakers of breaking capacity lower than the prospective short-circuit current (in line with the cascading tables). The breaking capacity is heightened thanks to current limiting by the upstream device. Substantial savings can be achieved in this way on switchgear and enclosures.

### Discrimination of protection devices

The circuit breakers' current limiting capacity improves discrimination with the protection devices located upstream: this is because the required energy passing through the upstream protection device is greatly reduced and can be not enough to cause it to trip. Discrimination can thus be natural without having to install a time-delayed protection device upstream.

### Acti 9 circuit breaker current limiting

Profiting from Schneider Electric's experience and expertise in the field of short-circuit current breaking, the circuit breakers of the Acti 9 range have a top-level current limiting characteristic for modular devices.

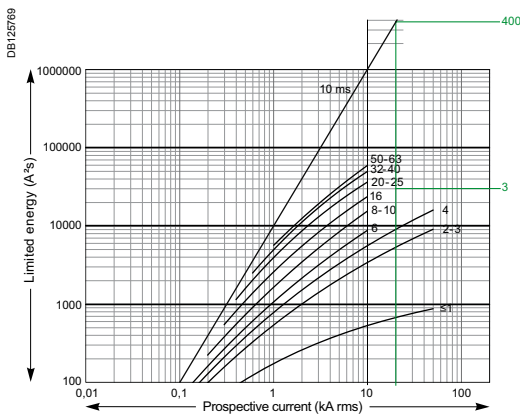
This assures them of optimal protection of the entire power distribution system.

## Representation: Current limiting curves

The current limiting capacity of a circuit breaker is reflected by 2 curves which give, as a function of the prospective short-circuit current (current which would flow in the absence of a protection device):

- the real peak current (limited)
- the thermal stress (in A<sup>2</sup>s), this value, multiplied by the resistance of any element through which the short-circuit current passes, gives the power dissipated by this element.

The straight line "10 ms" representing the energy A<sup>2</sup>s of a prospective short-circuit current of a half-period (10 ms) indicates the energy that would be dissipated by the short-circuit current in the absence of limiting by the protection device (see example).



### Example

What is the energy limited by an iC60N 25 A circuit breaker for a prospective short-circuit current of 10 kA rms. What is the quality of current limiting?

➤ as shown in the graph opposite:

- this short-circuit current (10 kA rms) is likely to dissipate up to 1,000 kA<sup>2</sup>s
- the iC60N circuit breaker reduces this thermal stress to: 35 kA<sup>2</sup>s, which is 22 times less.

## Example of use: Stresses acceptable by the cables

The following table shows the thermal stresses acceptable by the cables depending on their insulation, their composition (Cu or Al) and their cross section. Cross-section values are expressed in mm<sup>2</sup> and stresses in A<sup>2</sup>s.

S (mm <sup>2</sup> )		1.5	2.5	4	6	10
PVC	Cu	2.97 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	8.26 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	2.12 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	4.76 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	1.32 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
	Al					5.41 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
PRC	Cu	4.10 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	1.39 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	2.92 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	6.56 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	1.82 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
	Al					7.52 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
S (mm <sup>2</sup> )		16	25	35	50	
PVC	Cu	3.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	8.26 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.62 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	3.21 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
	Al	1.39 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	3.38 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	6.64 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.35 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
PRC	Cu	4.69 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.39 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	2.23 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	4.56 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
	Al	1.93 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	4.70 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	9.23 x 10 <sup>6</sup>	1.88 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	

### Example

Is a Cu/PVC cable of cross section 10 mm<sup>2</sup> protected by a NG125L device?

The above table shows that the acceptable stress is 1.32 x 10<sup>6</sup> A<sup>2</sup>s. Any short-circuit current at the point where a NG125L device (I<sub>cu</sub> = 25 kA) is installed will be limited, with a thermal stress of less than 2.2 x 10<sup>5</sup> A<sup>2</sup>s. (Curve on page 517).

The cable is therefore always protected up to the breaking capacity of the circuit breaker.

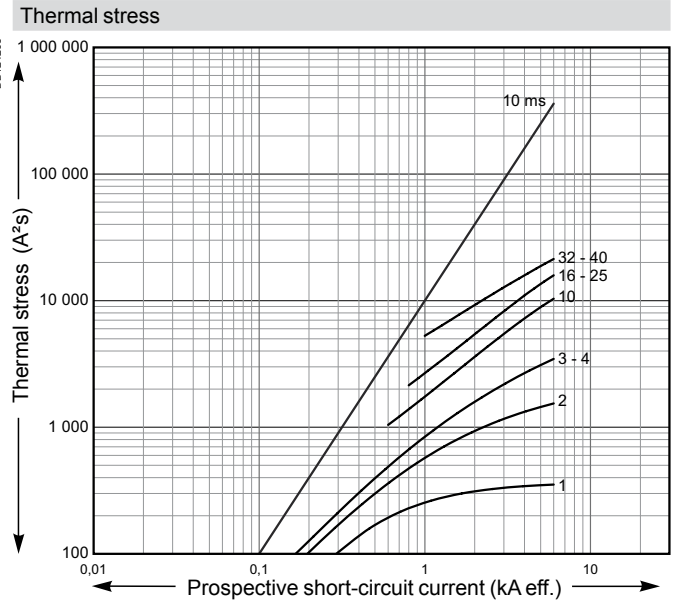
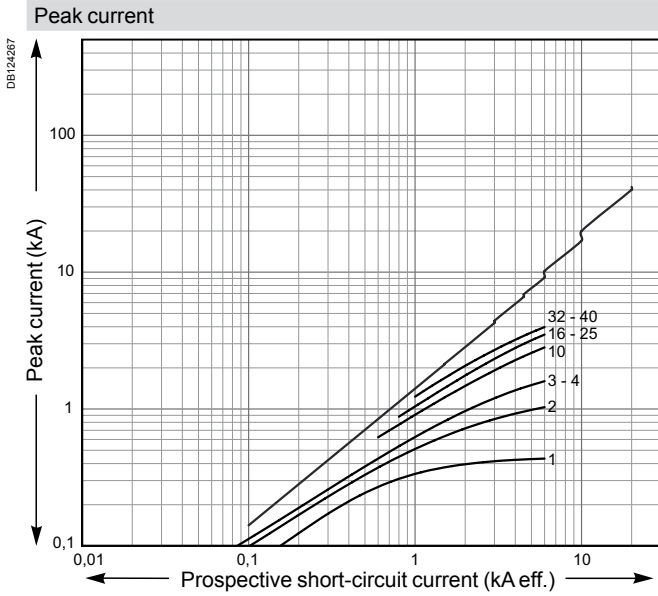


## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

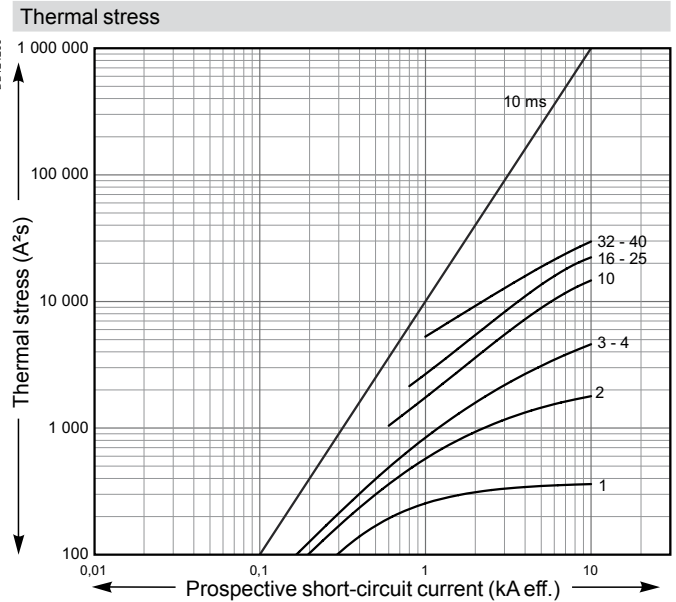
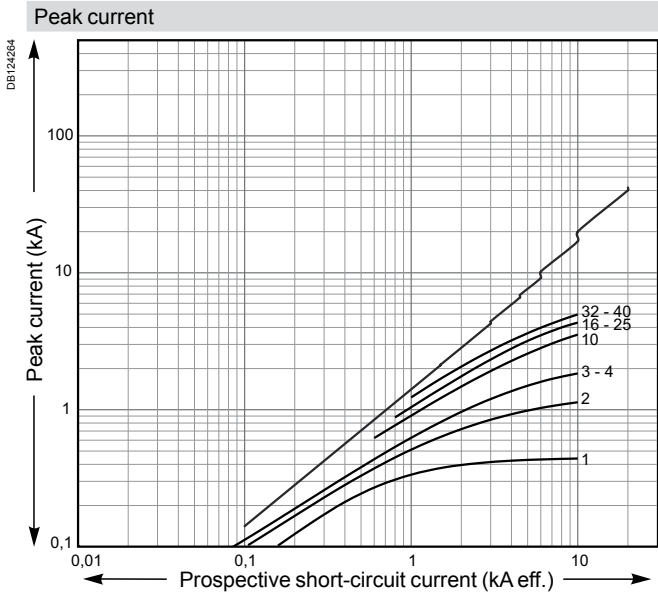
### DPN (MCB and RCBO)

1P+N / 3P / 3P+N



### DPN N (MCB and RCBO)

1P+N / 3P / 3P+N



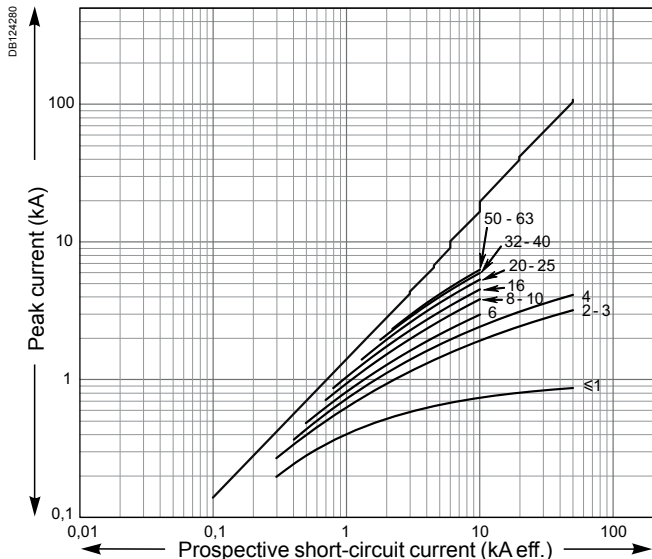
## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

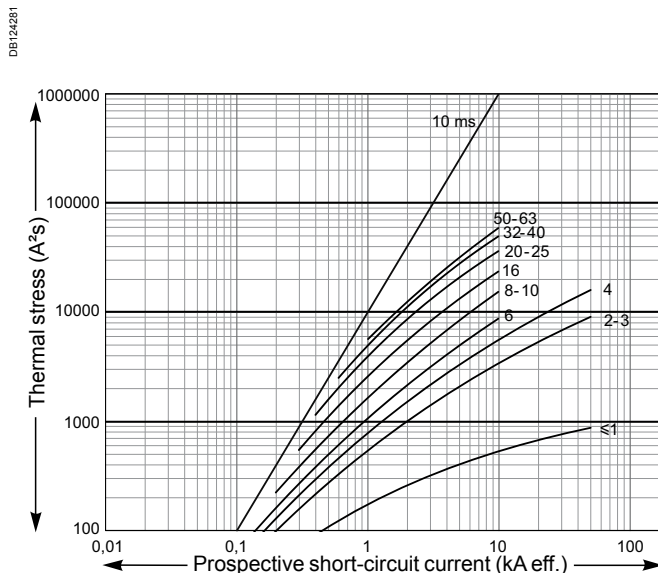
### iC60N

1P / 1P+N / 2P / 3P / 4P

Peak current



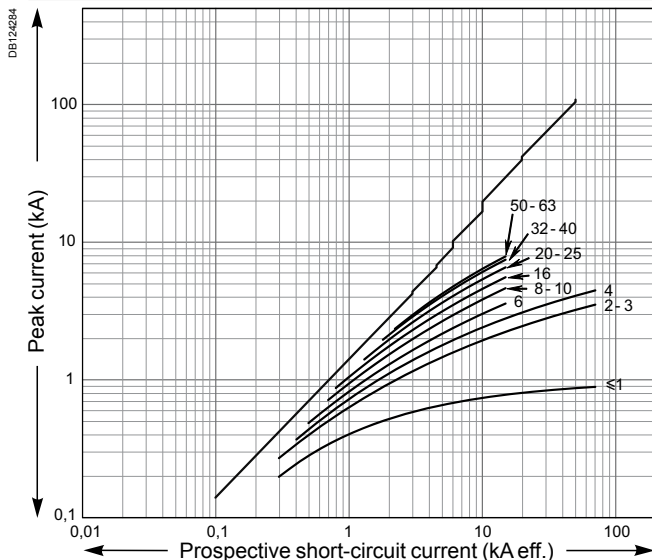
Thermal stress



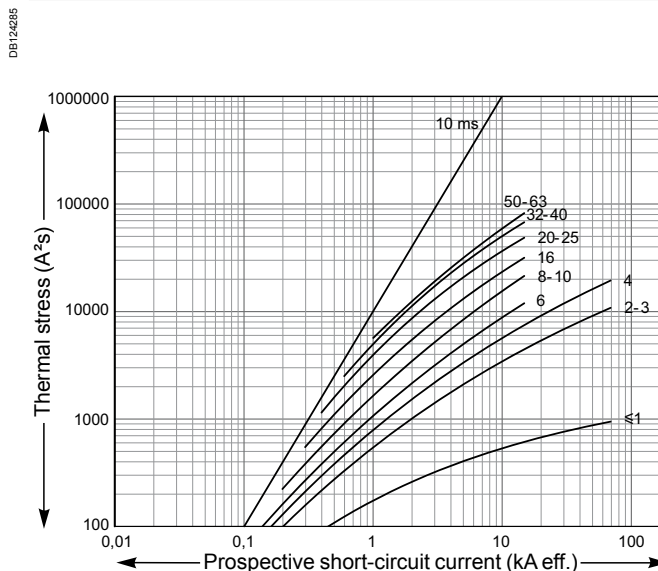
### iC60H

1P / 1P+N / 2P / 3P / 4P

Peak current



Thermal stress



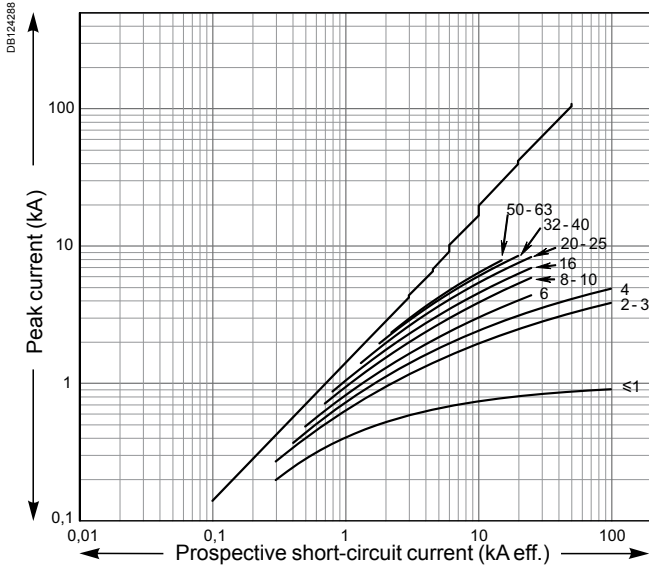
## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

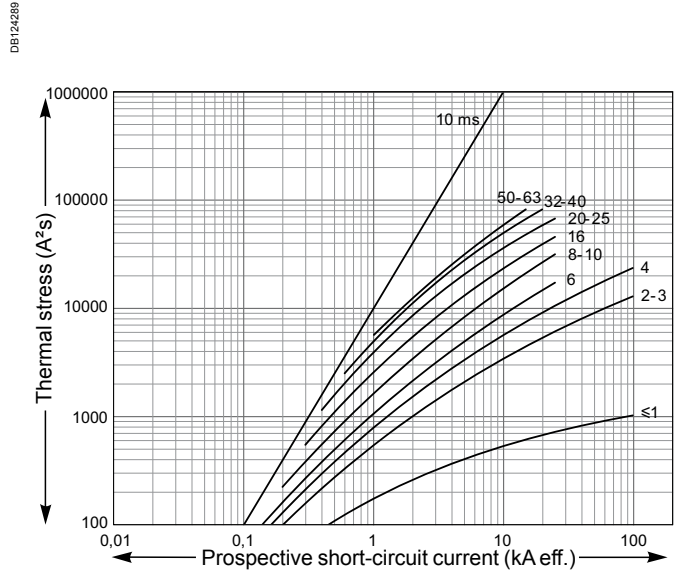
### iC60L

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P

Peak current



Thermal stress

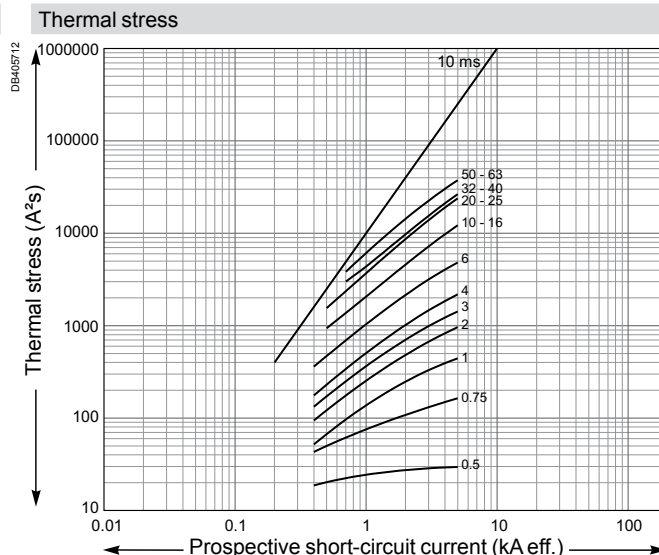
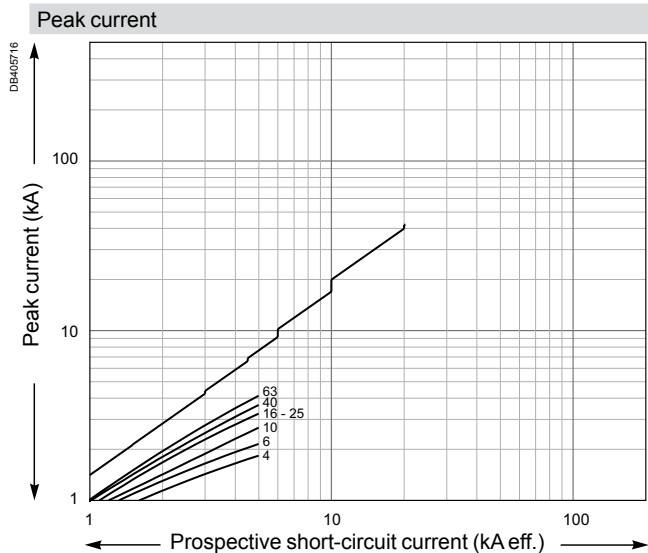


## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

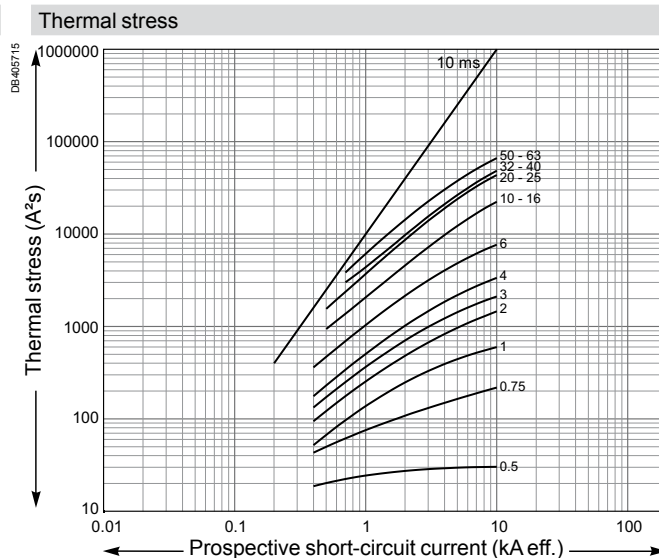
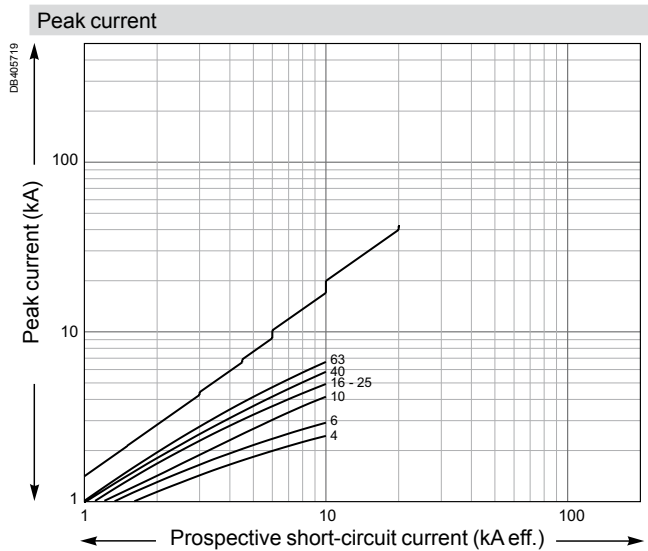
### C60a

1P / 2P / 3P / 3P+N / 4P



### C60N

1P / 1P+N / 2P / 3P / 3P+N / 4P

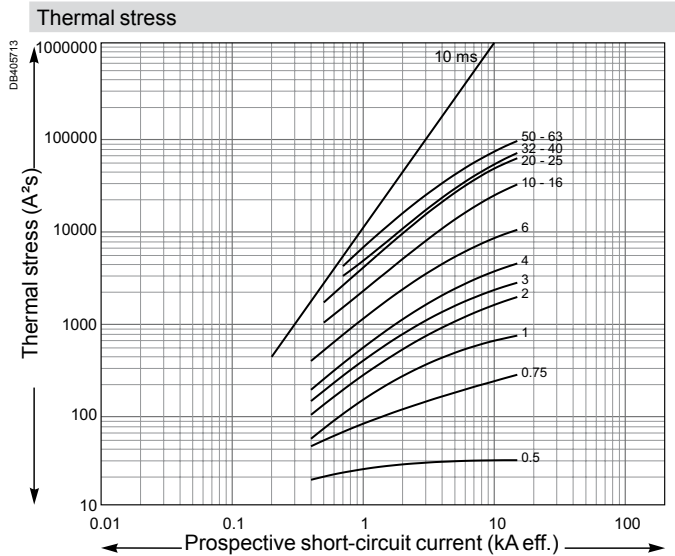
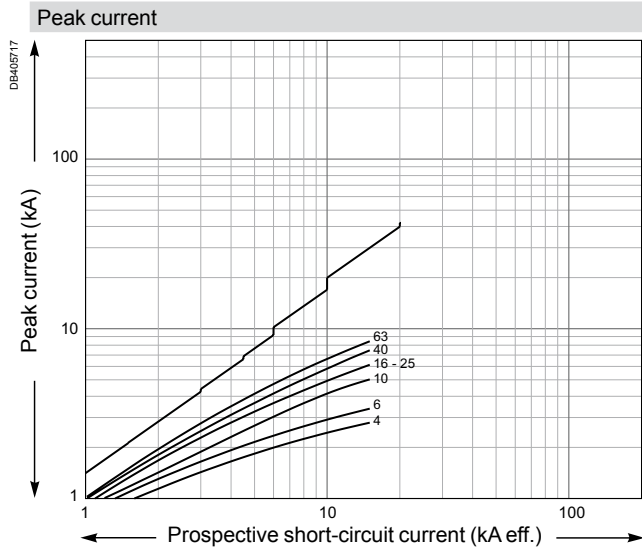


## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

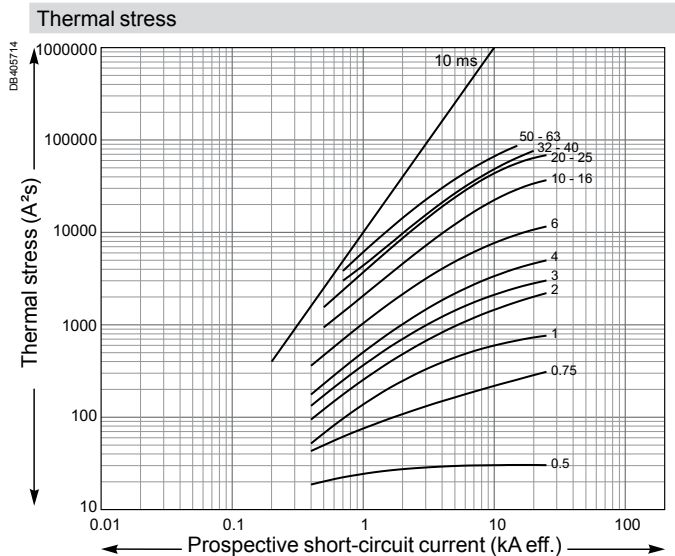
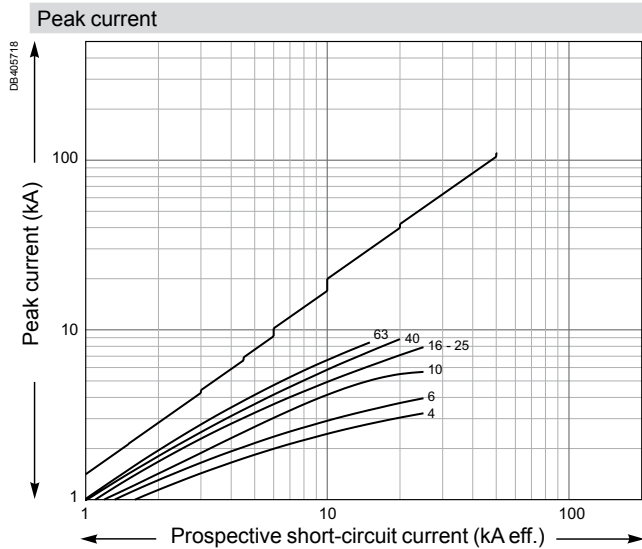
### C60H

1P / 1P+N / 2P / 3P / 3P+N / 4P



### C60L

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P



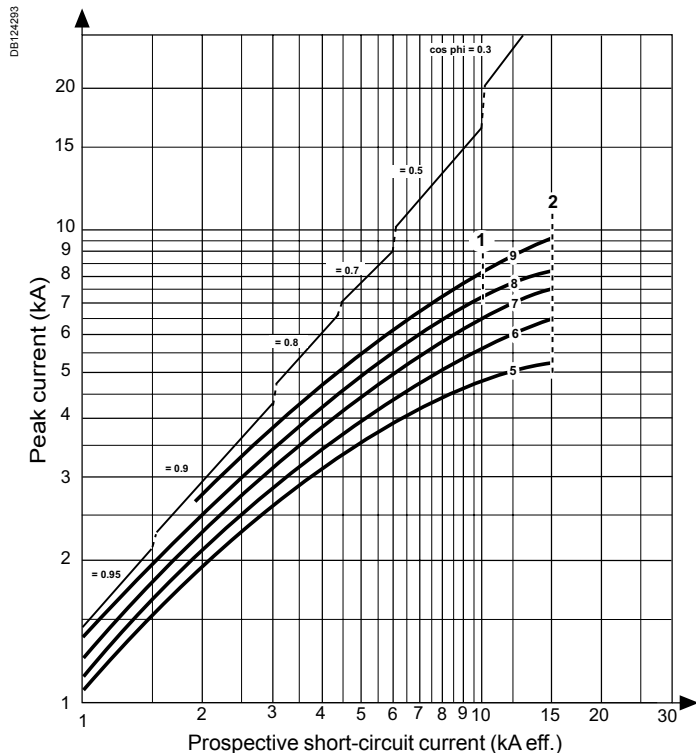
## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

### C120N, H

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P

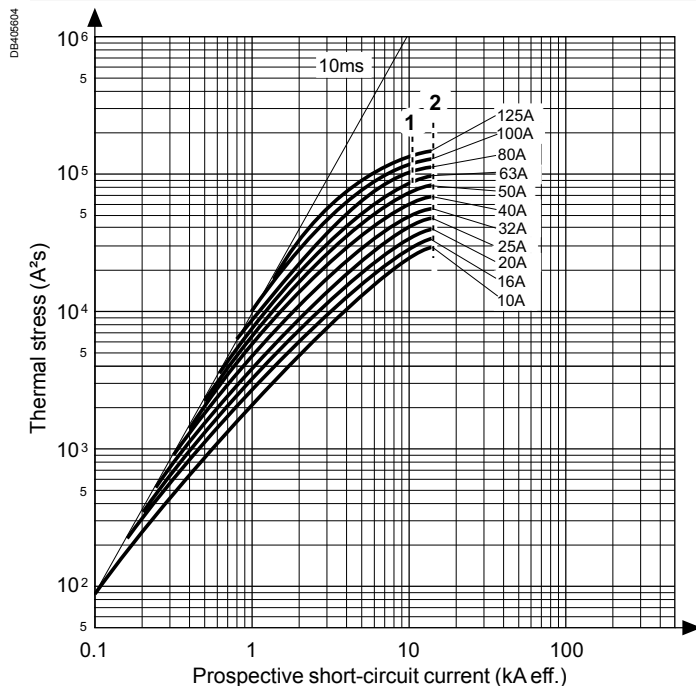
Peak current



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: C120N
- 2: C120H
- 5: 10-16 A
- 6: 20-25 A
- 7: 32-40 A
- 8: 50-63 A
- 9: 80-125 A

Thermal stress



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: C120N
- 2: C120H

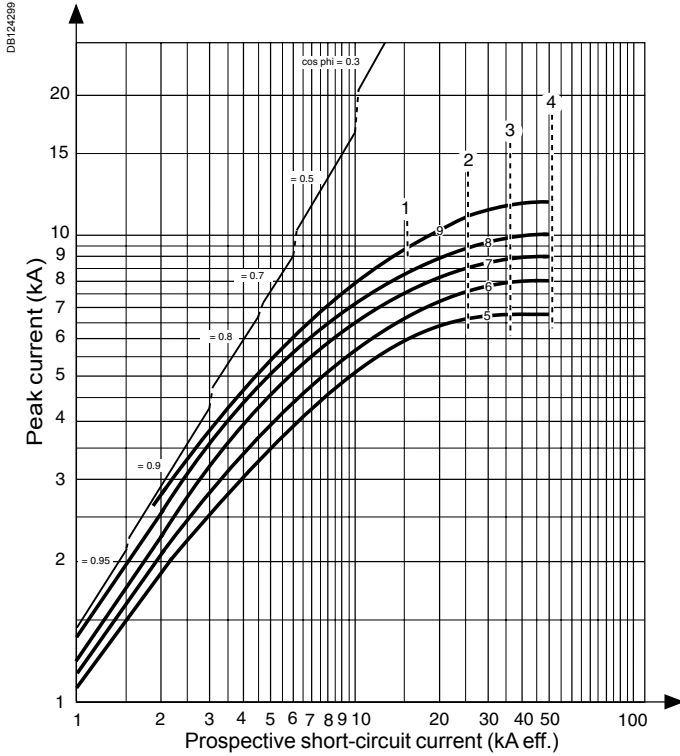
## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V AC (Ph/N 220-240 V AC)

NG125a, N, H, L

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P

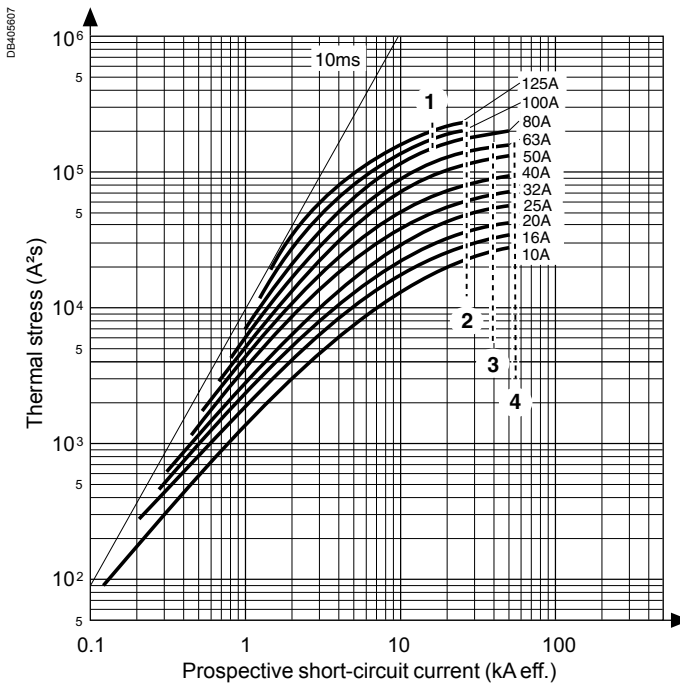
Peak current



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: NG125a
- 2: NG125N
- 3: NG125H
- 4: NG125L
- 5: 10-16 A
- 6: 20-25 A
- 7: 32-40 A
- 8: 50-63 A
- 9: 80-125 A

Thermal stress



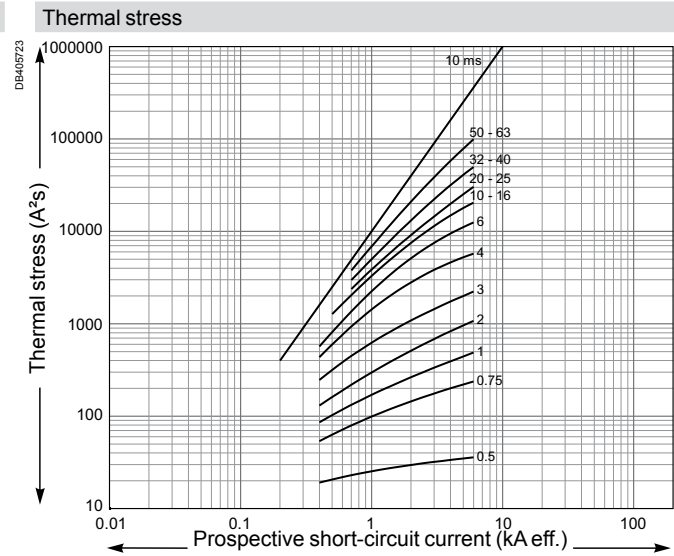
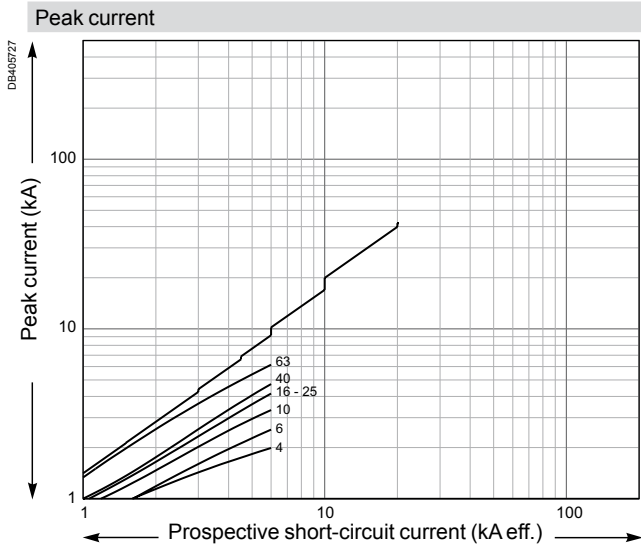
■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: NG125a 80-100-125 A
- 2: NG125N
- 3: NG125H
- 4: NG125L

## Limitation curves for network U<sub>e</sub>: 440 V AC

**C60N**

**2P / 3P / 4P**

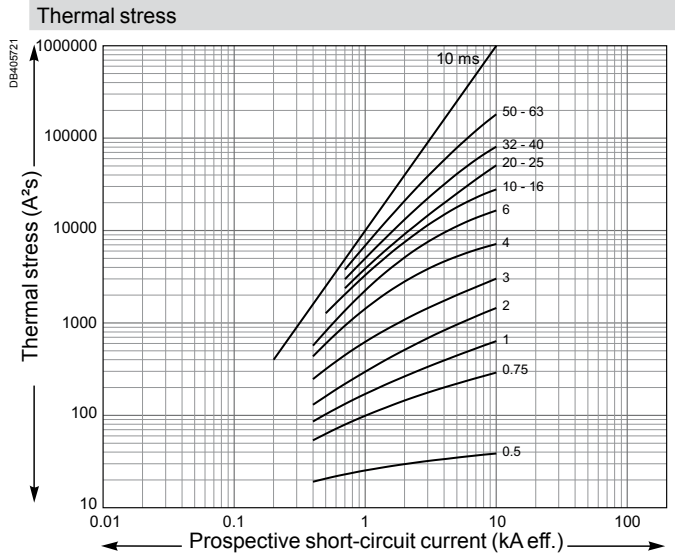
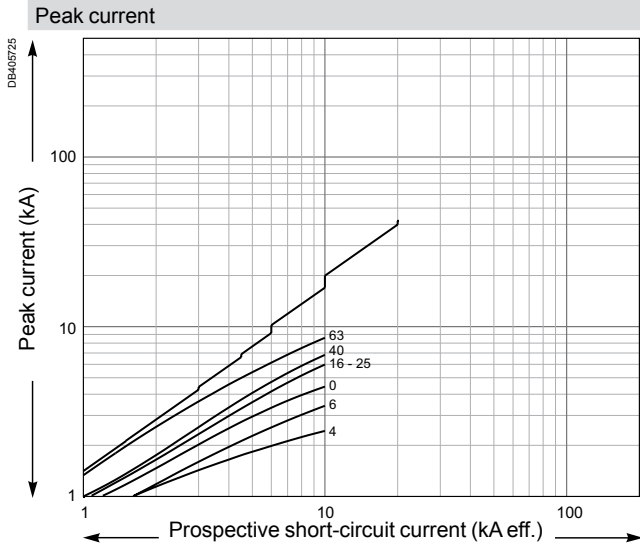




## Limitation curves for network U<sub>e</sub>: 440 V AC

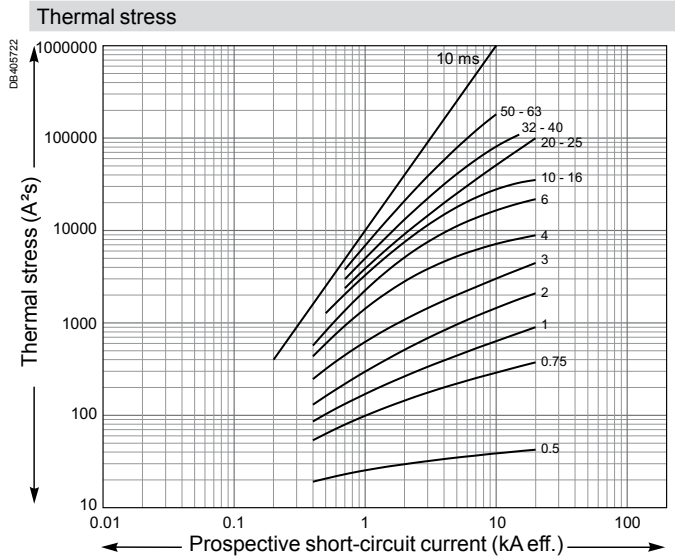
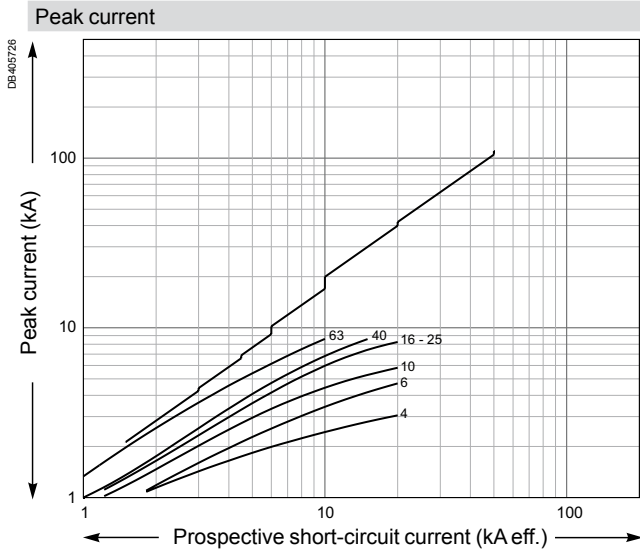
### C60H

2P / 3P / 4P



### C60L

2P / 3P / 4P

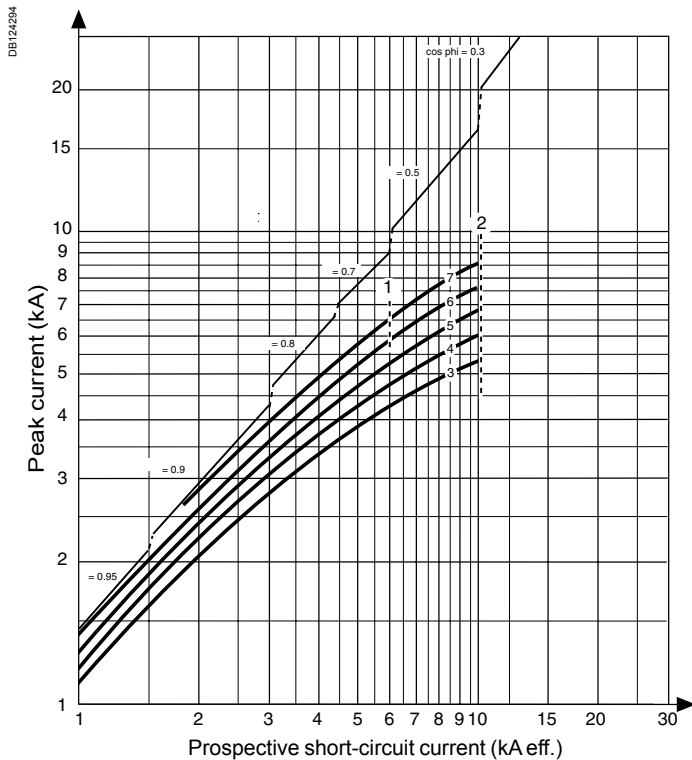


## Limitation curves for network U<sub>e</sub>: 440 V AC

### C120N, H

2P / 3P / 4P

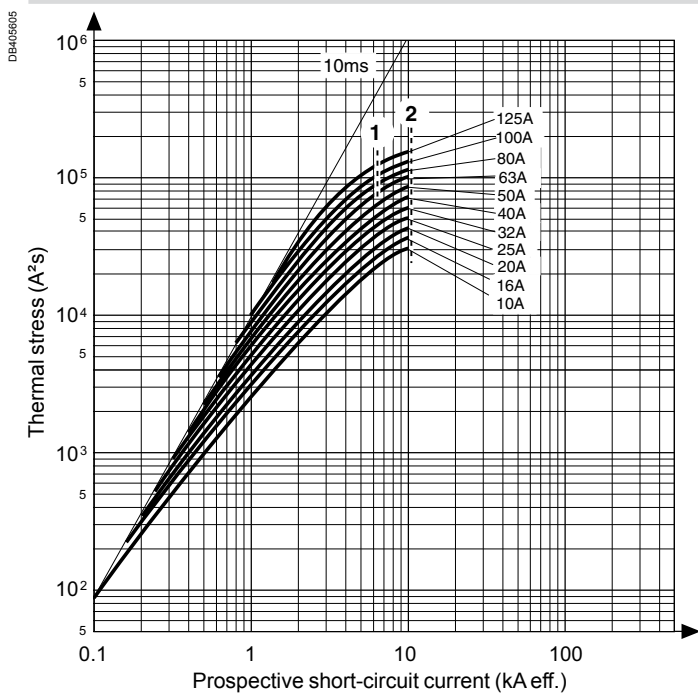
Peak current



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: C120N
- 2: C120H
- 3: 0-16 A
- 4: 20-25 A
- 5: 32-40 A
- 6: 50-63 A
- 7: 80-125 A

Thermal stress



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: C120N
- 2: C120H

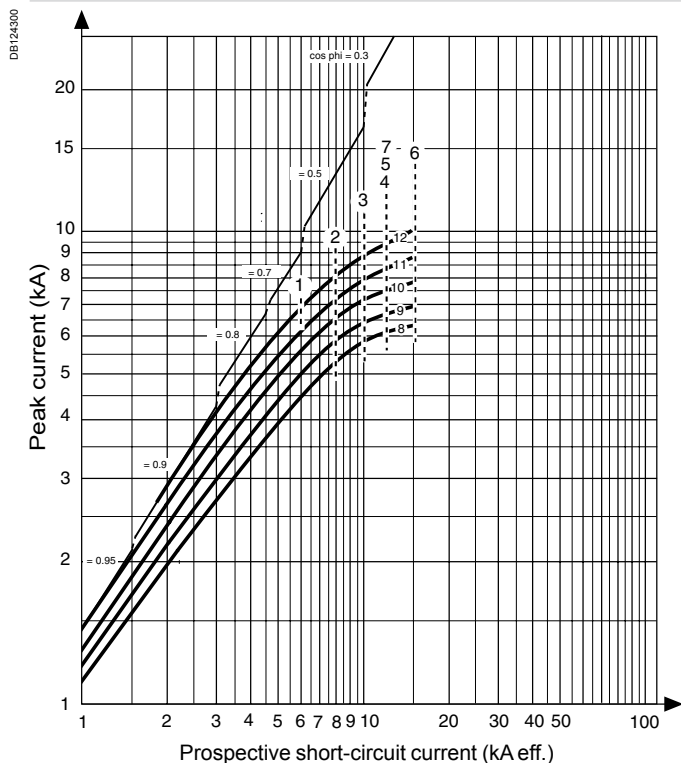
## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 550 V AC

### NG125a, N, H, L

2P / 3P / 4P

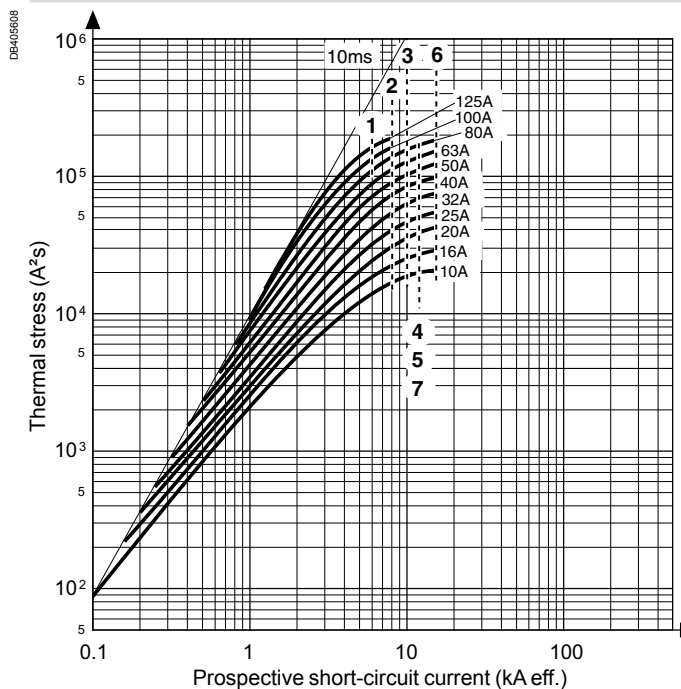
Peak current



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: NG125a 3, 4P
- 2: NG125N 2, 3, 4P
- 3: NG125H 3, 4P
- 4-5: NG125H 2P/NG125L 3, 4P
- 6: NG125L 2P
- 7: NG125 LMA 2, 3, 4P
- 8: 10-16 A
- 9: 20-25 A
- 10: 32-40 A
- 11: 50-63 A
- 12: 80-125 A

Thermal stress



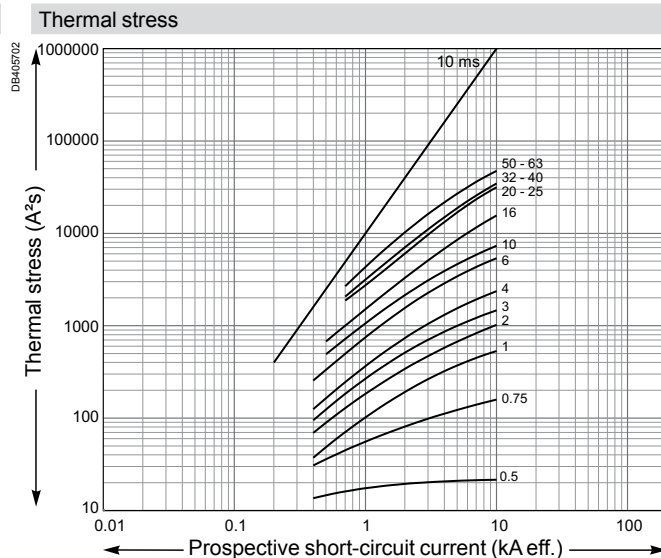
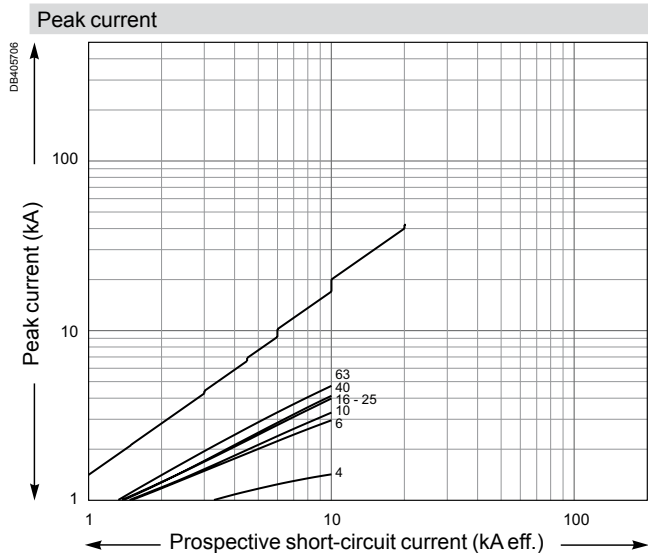
■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: NG125a 3, 4P
- 2: NG125N 2, 3, 4P
- 3: NG125H 3, 4P
- 4-5: NG125H 2P/NG125L 3, 4P
- 6: NG125L 2P
- 7: NG125LMA 2, 3, 4P

## Limitation curves for network U<sub>e</sub>: 220-240 V AC (Ph/N 110-130 V AC)

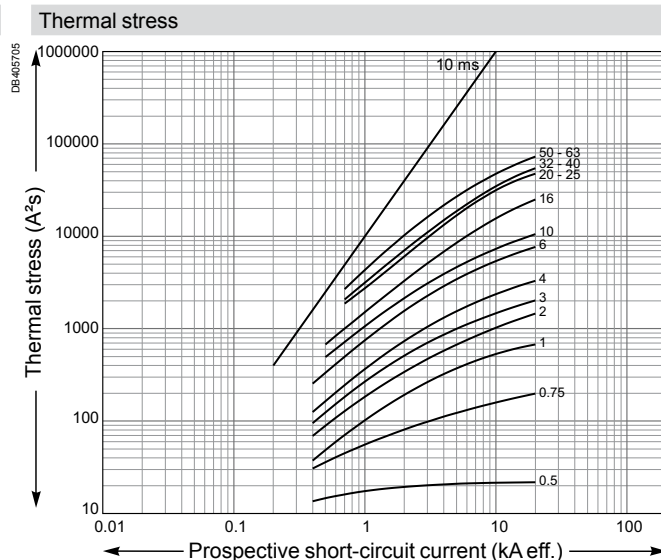
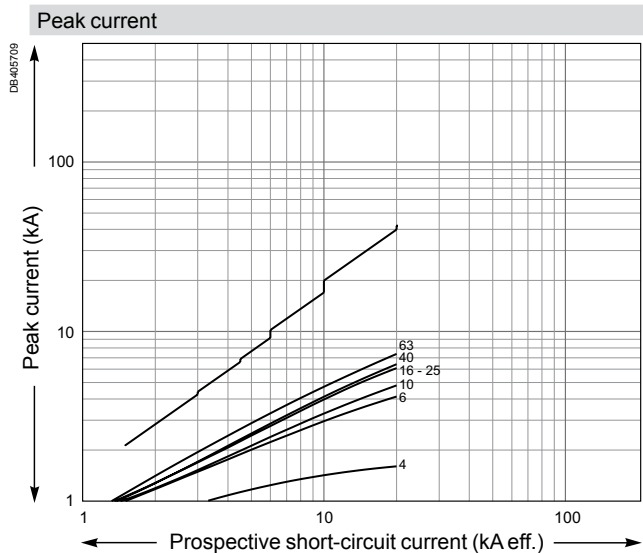
### C60a

1P / 2P / 3P / 3P+N / 4P



### C60N

1P / 1P+N / 2P / 3P / 3P+N / 4P

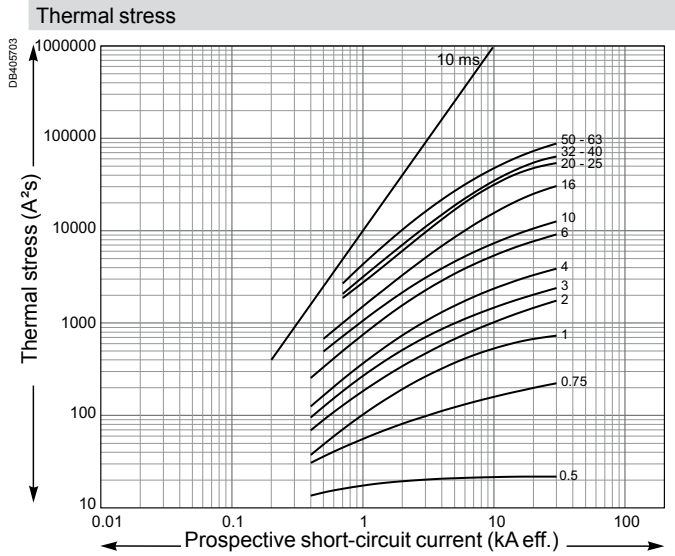
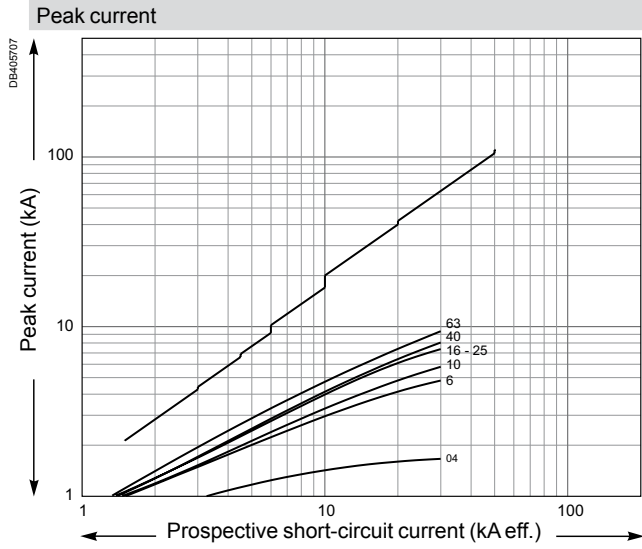


## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 220-240 V AC (Ph/N 110-130 V AC)

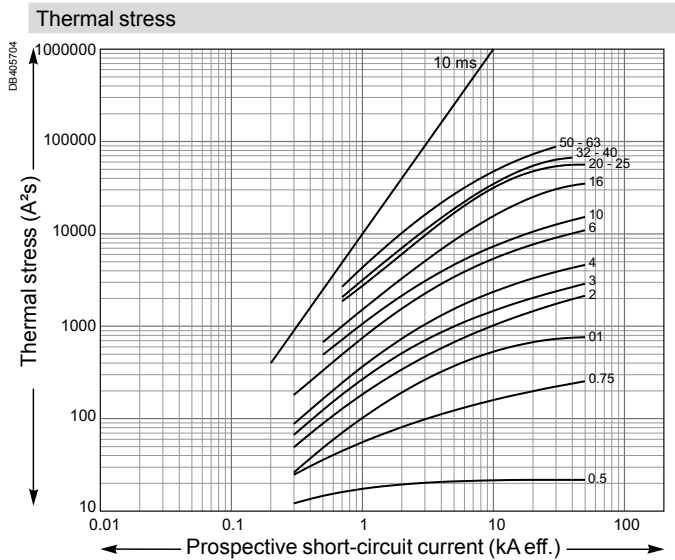
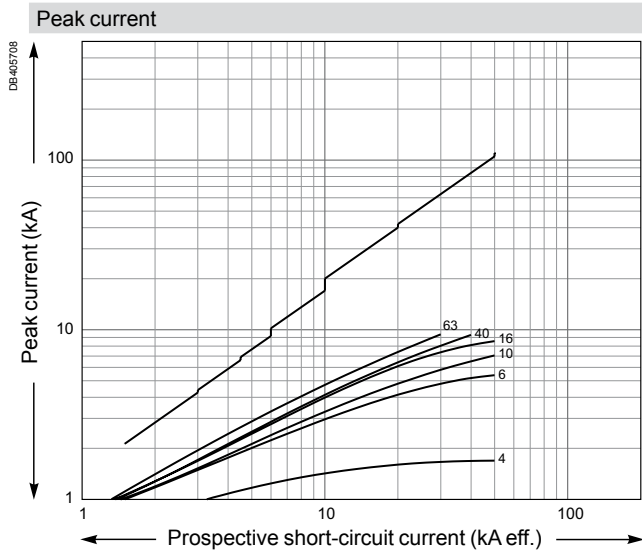
### C60H

1P / 1P+N / 2P / 3P / 3P+N / 4P



### C60L

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P

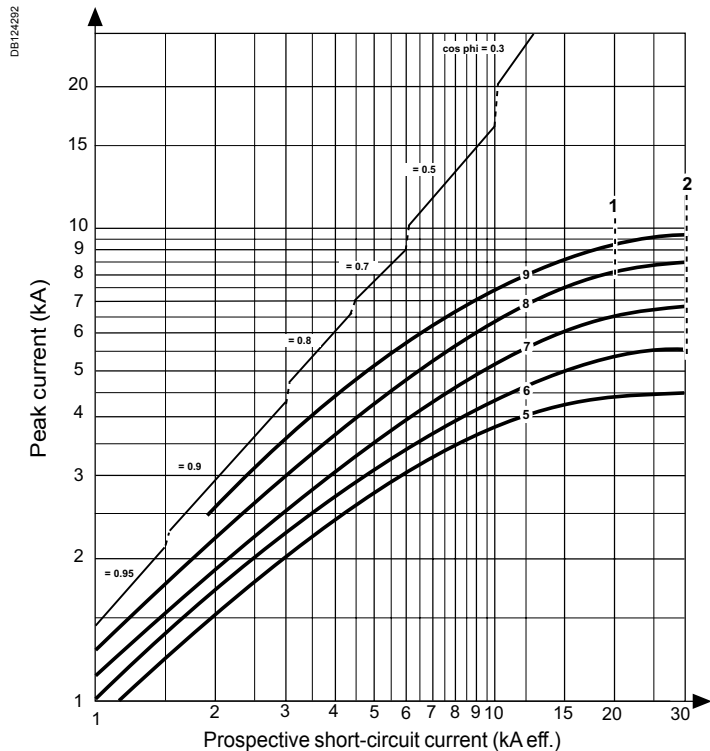


## Limitation curves for network U<sub>e</sub>: 220-240 V AC (Ph/N 110-130 V AC)

### C120N, H

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P

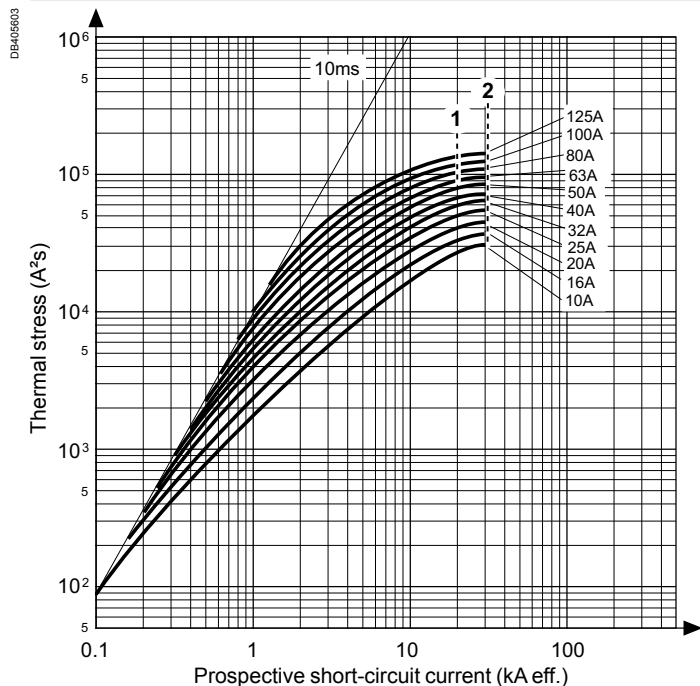
Peak current



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: C120N
- 2: C120H
- 5: 10-16 A
- 6: 20-25 A
- 7: 32-40 A
- 8: 50-63 A
- 9: 80-125 A

### Thermal stress



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: C120N
- 2: C120H

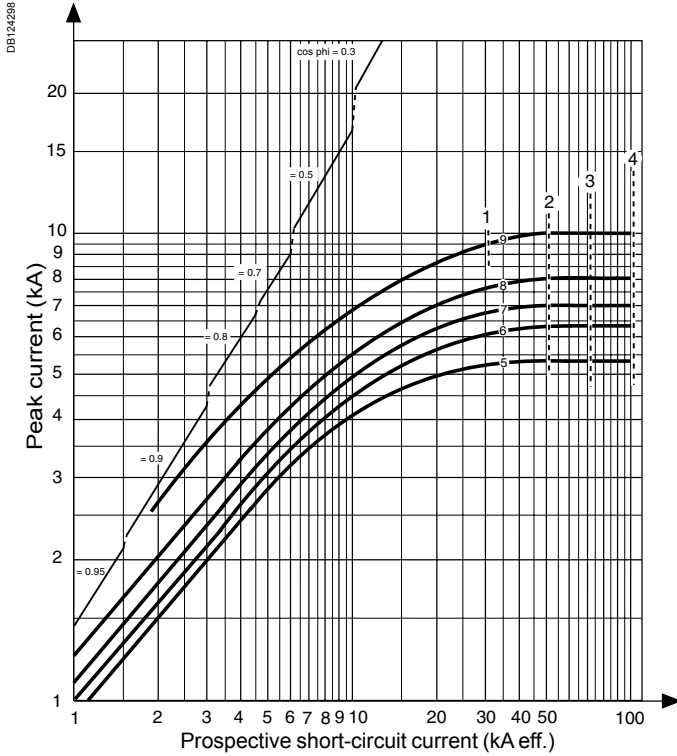
## Limitation curves for network

U<sub>e</sub>: 220-240 V AC (Ph/N 110-130 V AC)

NG125a, N, H, L

1P / 2P / 3P / 4P

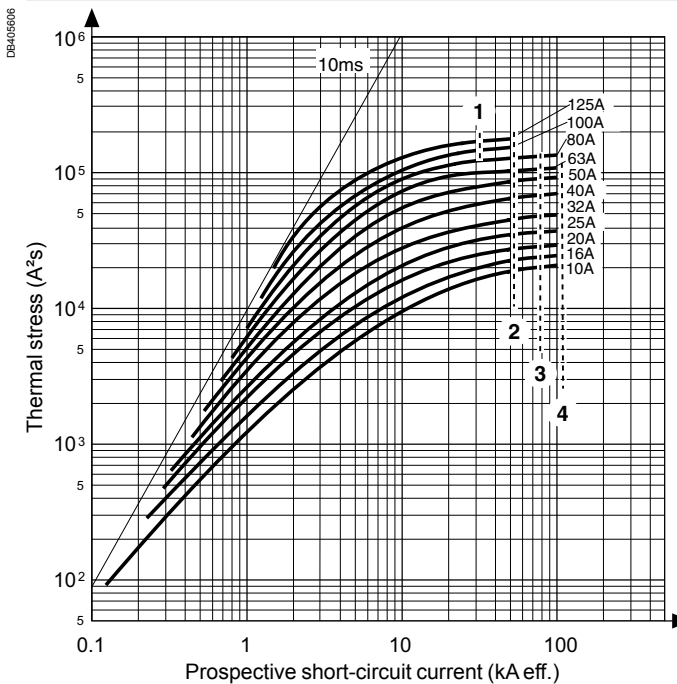
Peak current



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

- 1: NG125a
- 2: NG125N
- 3: NG125H
- 4: NG125L
- 5: 10-16 A
- 6: 20-25 A
- 7: 32-40 A
- 8: 50-63 A
- 9: 80-125 A

Thermal stress



■ Circuit breaker type in accordance with the mark:

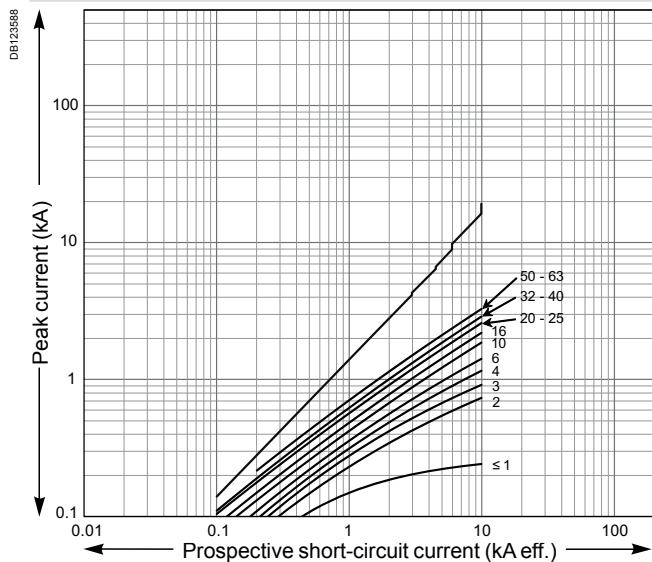
- 1: NG125a 80-100-125 A
- 2: NG125N
- 3: NG125H
- 4: NG125L

## Limitation curves for direct current network

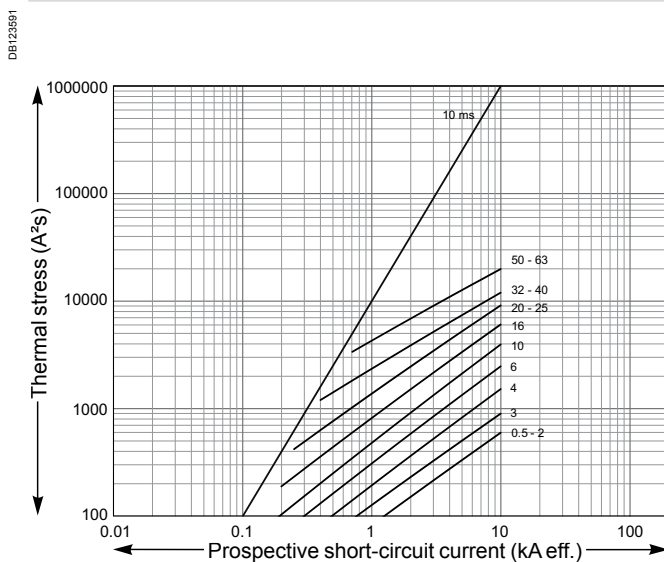
### C60H-DC curve C

1P (220 V) - 2P (440 V)

Peak current



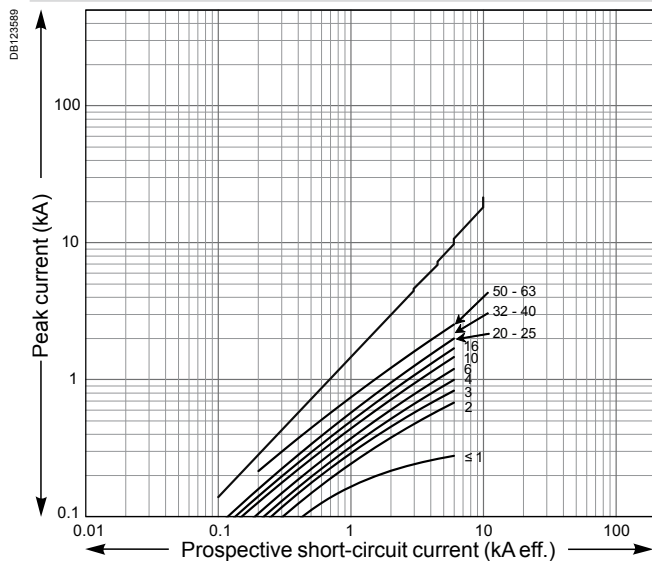
Thermal stress



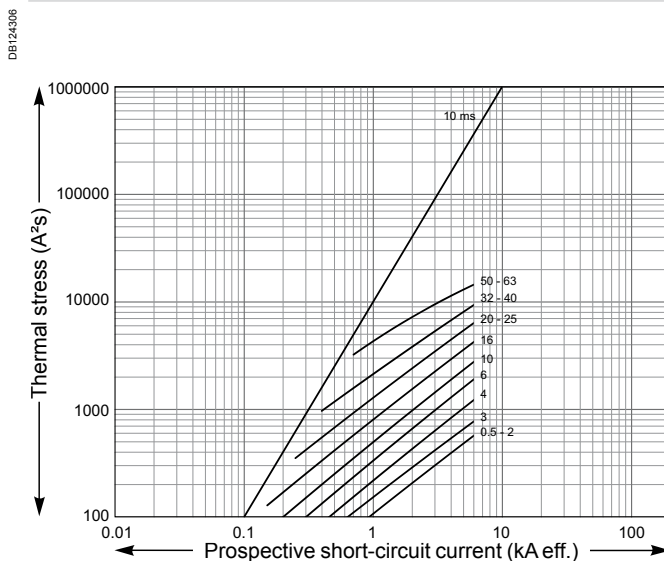
### C60H-DC curve C

1P (250 V DC) - 2P (500 V DC)

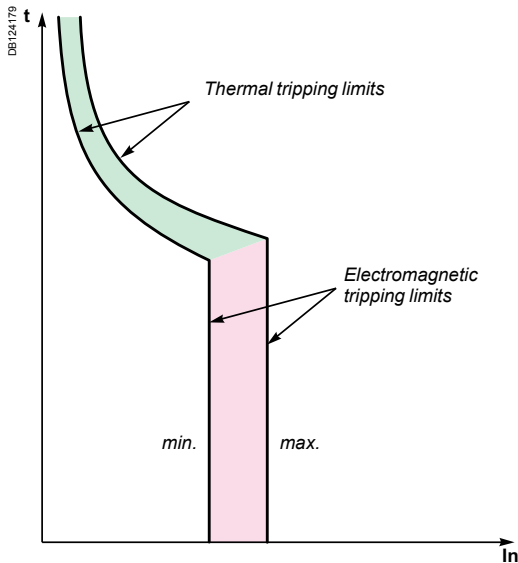
Peak current



Thermal stress







The following curves show the total fault current breaking time, depending on its amperage.

For example: based on the curve, a QOvs circuit breaker curve C of 20 A rating, will interrupt a current of 100 A (5 times the rated current  $I_n$ ) in:

- 1.6 seconds at least
- 12 seconds at most.

The circuit breakers' tripping curves consist of two parts:

- tripping of overload protection (thermal tripping device): the higher the current, the shorter the tripping time
- tripping of short-circuit protection (magnetic tripping device): if the current exceeds the threshold of this protection device, the breaking time is less than 10 milliseconds. For short-circuit currents exceeding 20 times the rated current, the time-current curves do not give a sufficiently precise representation. The breaking of high short-circuit currents is characterized by the current limiting curves, in peak current and in energy. The total breaking time can be estimated at 5 times the value of the ratio  $(I^2t)/(I)^2$ .

### Verification of the discrimination between two circuit breakers

By superimposing the curve of a circuit breaker on that of the circuit breaker installed upstream, one can check whether this combination will be discriminating in cases of overload (discrimination for all current values, up to the magnetic threshold of the upstream circuit breaker). This verification is useful when one of the two circuit breakers has adjustable thresholds; for fixed-threshold devices, this information is provided directly by the discrimination tables.

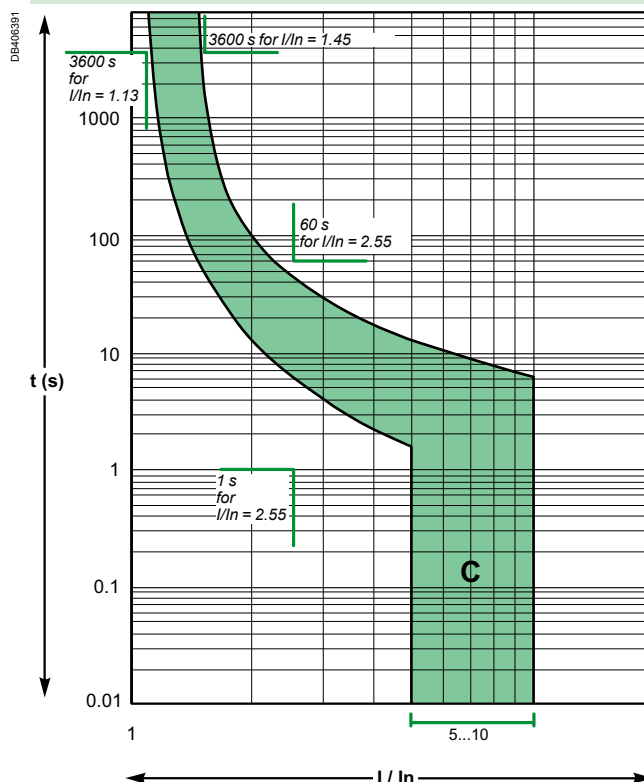
To check discrimination on short circuit, the energy characteristics of the two devices must be compared.

### Alternative current 50/60 Hz

#### QOvs

According to IEC/EN 60898-1 (reference temperature 40°C)

#### Curve C



## IEC 60947-2, Annex A IEC 60364-4-43 § 434.5.1

### What is cascading?

Cascading is the use of the current limiting capacity of circuit breakers at a given point to permit installation of lower-rated and therefore lower-cost circuit breakers downstream.

The upstream Compact circuit breakers acts as a barrier against short-circuit currents. In this way, downstream circuit breakers with lower breaking capacities than the prospective short-circuit (at their point of installation) operate under their normal breaking conditions.

Since the current is limited throughout the circuit controlled by the limiting circuit breaker, cascading applies to all switchgear downstream. It is not restricted to two consecutive devices.

### General use of cascading

With cascading, the devices can be installed in different switchboards. Thus, in general, cascading refers to any combination of circuit breakers where a circuit breaker with a breaking capacity less than the prospective  $I_{sc}$  at its point of installation can be used. Of course, the breaking capacity of the upstream circuit breaker must be greater than or equal to the prospective short-circuit current at its point of installation.

The combination of two circuit breakers in cascading configuration is covered by the following standards of:

- design and manufacture of circuit breakers (IEC 60947-2, Annex A),
- electrical distribution networks (IEC 60364-4-43 § 434.5.1).

### Coordination between circuit breakers

The use of a protective device possessing a breaking capacity less than the prospective short-circuit current at its installation point is permitted as long as another device is installed upstream with at least the necessary breaking capacity. In this case, the characteristics of the two devices must be coordinated in such a way that the energy let through by the upstream device is not more than that which can be withstood by the downstream device and the cables protected by these devices without damage.

Cascading can only be checked by laboratory tests and the possible combinations can be specified only by the circuit breaker manufacturer.

### Cascading and protection discrimination

In cascading configurations, due to the Roto-active breaking technique, discrimination is maintained and, in some cases, even enhanced. Consult the enhanced discrimination tables on page 551 for data on discrimination limits.

### Cascading tables

#### Schneider Electric cascading tables are:

- drawn up on the basis of calculations (comparison between the energy limited by the upstream device and the maximum permissible thermal stress for the downstream device)
- verified experimentally in accordance with IEC standard 60947-2.

For distribution systems with 220-240 V, 380-415 V and 440 V between phases, the tables of the following pages indicate cascading possibilities between upstream Compact and downstream Acti 9 and Compact circuit breakers as well as between upstream Masterpact and downstream Compact circuit breakers.

## Using the cascading tables

This table takes in account:

- all types of faults: between phases, phase and neutral and between phase and earth.

- all earthing systems except IT.

See comment here below.

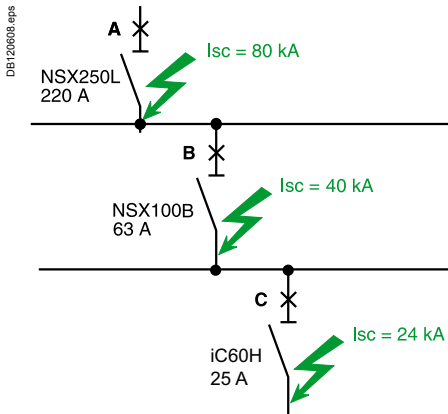
Depending on the network and the type of downstream circuit breaker, the selection table below indicates which table should be consulted to find out the cascading value.

## Selection table

		Upstream network					
		DB123995.eps L1 ———— N ————		DB123995.eps L1 ———— L2 ———— L3 ———— N ————		DB123997.eps L1 ———— L2 ———— L3 ————	
Type of Downstream network	Type of Downstream protection device	Ph/N 110-130 V	Ph/N 220-240 V	Ph/N 110-130 V Ph/Ph 220-240 V	Ph/N 220-240 V Ph/Ph 380-415 V	Ph/Ph 220-240 V	Ph/Ph 380-415 V
DB124079.eps N L1	DB123991.eps  2P	See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V	(1)	See table Ue: 380-415 V	(1)	
	DB124191.eps  1P	See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V	(2)	See table Ue: 380-415 V	(2)	
DB124192.eps L1 L2	DB123981.eps  2P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V	See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V
	DB123983.eps  3P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V	See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V
DB124081.eps N L1 L2 L3	DB123984.eps  4P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V		
	DB123983.eps  3P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V		
	DB123995.eps  3P+N			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V		

(1) For fault phase-neutral with upstream protection of neutral, please consult the table Ue: 220-240 V.

(2) For iC60 1P+N circuit breaker connected between phase and neutral under 220-240 V, consult the table Ue: 220-240 V (only for faults between phase and neutral).



## Example of three level cascading

Consider three circuit breakers A, B and C connected in series. The criteria for cascading are fulfilled in the following two cases:

- the upstream device A is coordinated for cascading with both devices B and C (even if the cascading criteria are not fulfilled between B and C). It is simply necessary to check that the combinations A + B and A + C have the required breaking capacity
  - each pair of successive devices is coordinated, i.e. A with B and B with C (even if the cascading criteria are not fulfilled between A and C). It is simply necessary to check that the combinations A + B and B + C have the required breaking capacity.
- The upstream breaker A is a NSX250L (breaking capacity 150 kA) for a prospective  $I_{sc}$  of 80 kA across its output terminals.
- A NSX100B (breaking capacity 25 kA) can be used for circuit breaker B for a prospective  $I_{sc}$  of 40 kA across its output terminals, since the "reinforced" breaking capacity provided by cascading with the upstream NSX250L is 50 kA.
- A C60H (breaking capacity 15 kA) can be used for circuit breaker C for a prospective  $I_{sc}$  of 24 kA across its output terminals since the "reinforced" breaking capacity provided by cascading with the upstream NSX250L is 25 kA.
- Note that the "reinforced" breaking capacity of the C60H with the NSX100B upstream is only 20 kA, but:
- A + B = 50 kA
  - A + C = 25 kA.

Downstream Type	Upstream							
	iDPN	iC60	C120	NG125	NG160	NSX100	NSX160	NSX250
<b>380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)</b>								
iDPN 230 Ph/N	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 534	page 534	page 535
iC60	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 534	page 534	page 535
C120	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 533	page 534	page 534	page 535
NG125	-	-	-	page 533	page 533	page 534	page 534	page 535
NG160	-	-	-	-	-	page 534	page 534	page 535
NSX100	-	-	-	-	-	page 534	page 534	page 535
NSX160	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 534	page 535
NSX250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 535
<b>440 V</b>								
iC60	-	-	-	-	-	page 540	page 540	-
NG160	-	-	-	-	-	page 540	page 540	page 541
NSX100	-	-	-	-	-	page 540	page 540	page 541
NSX160	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 540	page 541
NSX250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 541
<b>220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)</b>								
iDPN 130 Ph/N	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 547	page 546	page 549
iC60	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 547	page 546	page 549
C120	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 545	page 547	page 546	page 549
NG125	-	-	-	page 545	page 545	page 547	page 546	page 549
NG160	-	-	-	page 545	page 545	page 547	page 546	page 549
NSX100	-	-	-	-	-	page 547	page 546	page 549
NSX160	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 546	page 549
NSX250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 549

## Cascading and enhanced discrimination

Downstream Type	Upstream			
	NG160	NSX100	NSX160	NSX250
<b>380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)</b>				
iC60	page 552	page 554	page 553-554	page 553-555
C120	-	-	page 553	page 553-555
NG125	-	-	page 553	page 553-555
NG160	-	-	-	page 555
NSX100	-	-	-	page 555
<b>440 V</b>				
NSX100	-	-	-	page 558
<b>220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)</b>				
iC60	-	page 562	page 561-562	page 561-563
C120	-	-	page 561	page 561-563
NG125	-	-	page 561	page 561-563
NG160	-	-	-	page 564
NSX100	-	-	-	page 564

Downstream Type	Upstream									
	NSX400	NSX630	NS630 NS630b	NS800	NS1000		NS1250 NS1600		NS2000 NS2500 NS3200	Masterpact
					N	H/L	N	H		
<b>380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)</b>										
NG160	page 536	page 537	page 546	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NSX100	page 536	page 537	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NSX160	page 536	page 537	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NSX250	page 536	page 537	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NSX400	page 536	page 537	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NSX630	-	page 537	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NS630b	-	-	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NS800	-	-	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NS1000	-	-	page 546	page 546	page 546	page 539	page 546	page 539	page 539	page 539
NS1250	-	-	-	-	-	page 539	-	page 539	page 539	page 539
NS1600	-	-	-	-	-	page 539	-	page 539	page 539	page 539
<b>440 V</b>										
NG160	page 541	page 542	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NSX100	page 541	page 542	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NSX160	page 541	page 542	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NSX250	page 541	page 542	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NSX400	page 541	page 542	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NSX630	-	page 542	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NS630b	-	-	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NS800	-	-	page 543	page 543	page 543	page 544	page 543	page 544	page 544	page 544
NS1000	-	-	-	-	-	page 544	-	page 544	page 544	page 544
NS1250	-	-	-	-	-	page 544	-	page 544	page 544	page 544
NS1600	-	-	-	-	-	page 544	-	page 544	page 544	page 544
<b>220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)</b>										
NG160	page 548	page 538	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NSX100	page 548	page 538	page 550	page 550	-	page 550	-	-	-	page 550
NSX160	page 548	page 538	page 550	page 550	-	page 550	-	-	-	page 550
NSX250	page 548	page 538	page 550	page 550	-	page 550	-	-	-	page 550
NSX400	page 548	page 538	page 550	page 550	-	page 550	-	-	-	page 550
NSX630	-	page 538	page 550	page 550	-	page 550	-	-	-	page 550

## Cascading and enhanced discrimination

Downstream Type	Upstream					
	NSX400	NSX630	NS800	NS1000	NS1250	NS1600
<b>380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)</b>						
NG160	page 556	page 556	-	-	-	-
NSX100	page 556	page 556	page 557	page 557	page 557	page 557
NSX160	page 556	page 556	page 557	page 557	page 557	page 557
NSX250	page 556	page 556	page 557	page 557	page 557	page 557
NSX400	-	-	page 557	page 557	page 557	page 557
NSX630	-	-	page 557	page 557	page 557	page 557
<b>440 V</b>						
NSX100	page 559	page 559	page 560	page 560	page 560	page 560
NSX160	page 559	page 559	page 560	page 560	page 560	page 560
NSX250	page 559	page 559	page 560	page 560	page 560	page 560
NSX400	-	-	page 560	page 560	page 560	page 560
NSX630	-	-	page 560	page 560	page 560	page 560
<b>220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)</b>						
NG160	page 565	page 565	page 565	page 565	-	-
NSX100	page 565	page 565	page 565	page 565	-	-
NSX160	page 565	page 565	page 565	page 565	-	-
NSX250	page 565	page 565	page 565	page 565	-	-
NSX400	page 565	page 565	page 565	page 565	-	-
NSX630	page 565	page 565	page 565	page 565	-	-

Upstream	iDPN	iC60					C120		NG125		
	iDPN N	iC60N	iC60H	iC60L		C120N	C120H	NG125N	NG125H	NG125L	
Breaking capacity (kA)	10	10	15	25	20	15	10	15	25	36	50

Downstream													
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)										
iDPN	16	6	10	10	10	20	15	10	10	10	10	16	20
	40	6	10	10	10	15	10	10	10	10	10	16	20
iDPNN	16	10			15	25	20	15		15	20	20	25
	40	10			15	20	15	15		15	16	20	25
iC60N	25	10			15	25	20	15		15	25	25	25
	40	10			15		20	15		15	25	25	25
	63	10			15			15		15	25	25	25
iC60H	25	15				25	20				25	36	36
	40	15					20				25	36	36
	63	15									25	36	36
iC60L	25	25										36	50
	40	20									25	36	50
	63	15									25	36	36
C120N	125	10											
C120H	125	15							15		25	25	36
NG125N	125	25										36	36
NG125H	80	36											50

Upstream	NG160			NSX100					
	NG160E	NG160N	NG160H	NSX100B	NSX100F	NSX100N	NSX100H	NSX100S	NSX100L
Breaking capacity (kA)	16	25	36	25	36	50	70	100	150

Downstream												
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)									
iDPN	40	6	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
iDPNN	16	10	16	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	40	10	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
iC60N	63	10	16	20	25	20	25	30	30	30	30	30
iC60H	40	15	16	25	25	25	36	40	40	40	40	40
	63	15	16	25	25	25	36	36	36	36	36	36
iC60L	25	25					36	40	40	40	40	40
	40	20		25	25	25	36	40	40	40	40	40
	63	15	16	25	25	25	36	36	36	36	36	36
C120N	125	10	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
C120H	125	15	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
NG125N	125	25			36		36	36	36	50	70	70
NG125H	80	36						40	50	70	100	100
NG125L	80	50							70	100	150	150
NSX100B		25					36	36	50	50	50	50
NSX100F		36						50	70	100	150	150
NSX100N		50							70	100	150	150
NSX100H		70								100	150	150
NSX100S		100										150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX160

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125, NG160,  
NSX100, NSX160

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX160					
	NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150

Downstream							
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
iDPN	40	6	10	10	10	10	10
iDPNN	16	10	20	20	20	20	20
	40	10	16	16	16	16	16
iC60N	63	10	20	25	30	30	30
iC60H	40	15	25	36	40	40	40
	63	15	25	30	30	30	30
iC60L	25	25		36	40	40	40
	40	20	25	36	40	40	40
	63	15	25	30	36	36	36
C120N	125	10	25	25	25	25	25
C120H	125	15	25	25	25	25	25
NG125N	125	25		36	36	36	50
NG125H	80	36			40	50	70
NG125L	80	50				70	100
NG160E		16	25	25	30	30	30
NG160N		25		36	36	50	50
NG160H		36			50	50	50
NSX100B		25		36	36	50	50
NSX100F		36			50	70	100
NSX100H		70					100
NSX100S		100					150
NSX160B		25		36	36	50	50
NSX160F		36			50	70	100
NSX160N		50				70	100
NSX160H		70					100
NSX160S		100					150



# Cascading

Upstream: NSX250

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125, NG160,  
NSX100, NSX160, NSX250

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX250					
	NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150

Downstream							
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
iDPN	40	6	10	10	10	10	10
iDPNN	16	10	20	20	20	20	20
	40	10	16	16	16	16	16
iC60N	40	10	20	25	30	30	30
	63	10	20	25	25	25	25
iC60H	40	15	25	30	30	30	30
	63	15	25	25	25	25	25
iC60L	25	25		30	30	30	30
	40	20	25	30	30	30	30
	63	15	25	25	25	25	25
C120N	125	10	25	25	25	25	25
C120H	125	15	25	25	25	25	25
NG125N	125	25		36	36	36	50
NG125H	80	36		40	50	70	100
NG125L	80	50			70	100	150
NG160E		16	25	25	30	30	30
NG160N		25		36	36	50	50
NG160H		36			50	50	50
NSX100B		25		36	36	50	50
NSX100F		36			50	70	100
NSX100N		50				70	100
NSX100H		70					100
NSX100S		100					150
NSX160B		25		36	36	50	50
NSX160F		36			50	70	100
NSX160N		50				70	100
NSX160H		70					100
NSX160S		100					150
NSX250B		25		36	36	50	50
NSX250F		36			50	70	100
NSX250N		50				70	100
NSX250H		70					100
NSX250S		100					150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX400

Downstream: NG160, NSX100, NSX160, NSX250,  
NSX400

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX400 NSX400F	NSX400N	NSX400H	NSX400S	NSX400L
Breaking capacity (kA)	36	50	70	100	150

Downstream						
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
NG160E	16	25	25	30	30	30
NG160N	25		36	50	50	50
NG160H	36		50	50	50	50
NSX100B	25	36	36	50	50	50
NSX100F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX100N	50			70	100	150
NSX100H	70				100	150
NSX100S	100					150
NSX160B	25	36	36	50	50	50
NSX160F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX160N	50			70	100	150
NSX160H	70				100	150
NSX160S	100					150
NSX250B	25	36	36	50	50	50
NSX250F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX250N	50			70	100	150
NSX250H	70				100	150
NSX250S	100					150
NSX400F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX400N	50			70	100	150
NSX400H	70				100	150
NSX400S	100					150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX630

Downstream: NG160, NSX100, NSX160, NSX250,  
NSX400, NSX630

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX630				
	NSX630F	NSX630N	NSX630H	NSX630S	NSX630L
Breaking capacity (kA)	36	50	70	100	150

Downstream						
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
NG160E	16	25	25	30	30	30
NG160N	25		36	50	50	50
NG160H	36		50	50	50	50
NSX100B	25	36	36	50	50	50
NSX100F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX100N	50			70	100	150
NSX100H	70				100	150
NSX100S	100					150
NSX160B	25	36	36	50	50	50
NSX160F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX160N	50			70	100	150
NSX160H	70				100	150
NSX160S	100					150
NSX250B	25	36	36	50	50	50
NSX250F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX250N	50			70	100	150
NSX250H	70				100	150
NSX250S	100					150
NSX400F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX400N	50			70	100	150
NSX400H	70				100	150
NSX400S	100					150
NSX630F	36		50	70	100	150
NSX630N	50			70	100	150
NSX630H	70				100	150
NSX630S	100					150

# Cascading

Upstream: NS630bN to NS1600N, NS630b,  
NS800

Downstream: NSX100, NSX160, NSX250, NSX400,  
NSX630, NS630b, NS800, NS1000

U<sub>e</sub>: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NS630bN to NS1600N	NS630b			NS800		
Breaking capacity (kA)	50	H	L	LB	H	L	LB
		70	150	200	70	150	200

Downstream								
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)						
NSX100B	25	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
NSX100F	36	50	70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX100N	50		70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX100H	70			150	150		150	150
NSX100S	100			150	200		150	200
NSX100L	150				200			200
NSX160B	25	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
NSX160F	36	50	70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX160N	50		70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX160H	70			150	150		150	150
NSX160S	100			150	200		150	200
NSX160L	150				200			200
NSX250B	25	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
NSX250F	36	50	70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX250N	50		70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX250H	70			150	150		150	150
NSX250S	100			150	200		150	200
NSX250L	150				200			200
NSX400F	36	50	70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX400N	50		70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX400H	70			150	150		150	150
NSX400S	100			150	200		150	200
NSX400L	150				200			200
NSX630F	36	50	70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX630N	50		70	150	150	70	150	150
NSX630H	70			150	150		150	150
NSX630S	100			150	200		150	200
NSX630L	150				200			200
NS630bN	50		70	150	200	70	150	200
NS630bH	70			150	200		150	200
NS800N	50					70	150	200
NS800H	70						150	200
NS1000N	50							200
NS1000H	70							200

# Cascading

Upstream: NS1000, NS1250, NS1600, NS2000,  
NS2500, NS3200, Masterpact

Downstream: NSX100-160-250-400-630,  
NS630b, NS800-1000-1250-1600

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NS1000		NS1250H NS1600H	NS2000N NS2500N NS3200N	Masterpact	
	H	L			NT L1	NW L1
Breaking capacity (kA)	70	150	70	70	150	150

Downstream							
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
NSX100B	25	50	50	50		50	
NSX100F	36	70	150	70		150	
NSX100N	50	70	150	70		150	
NSX100H	70		150			150	
NSX100S	100		150			150	
NSX100L	150						
NSX160B	25	50	50	50		50	
NSX160F	36	70	150	70		150	
NSX160N	50	70	150	70		150	
NSX160H	70		150			150	
NSX160S	100		150			150	
NSX160L	150						
NSX250B	25	50	50	50		50	
NSX250F	36	70	150	70		150	
NSX250N	50	70	150	70		150	
NSX250H	70		150			150	
NSX250S	100		150			150	
NSX250L	150						
NSX400F	36	70	150	70		150	
NSX400N	50	70	150	70		150	
NSX400H	70		150			150	
NSX400S	100		150			150	
NSX400L	150						
NSX630F	36	70	150	70		150	
NSX630N	50	70	150	70		150	
NSX630H	70		150			150	
NSX630S	100		150			150	
NSX630L	150						
NS630bN	50	70	150	70	70	150	65
NS630bH	70		150			150	
NS800N	50		150	70	70	150	65
NS800H	70		150			150	
NS1000N	50		150	70	70	150	65
NS1000H	70		150			150	
NS1250N	50			70	70		65
NS1600N	50				70		65

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX100, NSX160

Downstream: iC60, C120, NG125, NSX100,  
NSX160

U<sub>e</sub>: 440 V

Upstream	NSX100 NSX100B	NSX100F	NSX100N	NSX100H	NSX100S	NSX100L
Breaking capacity (kA)	20	35	50	65	90	130

Downstream							
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
iC60N	6	15	15	20	20	20	20
iC60H	10	20	20	25	25	25	25
iC60L	≤ 25 A	20		25	25	25	25
	32-40 A	15	20	20	25	25	25
	50-63 A	10					
NSX100B	20		35	35	50	50	50
NSX100F	35			50	65	90	130
NSX100N	50				65	90	130
NSX100H	65					90	130
NSX100S	90						130

Upstream	NSX160 NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	20	35	50	65	90	130

Downstream							
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
iC60N	6	15	15	20	20	20	20
iC60H	10	20	20	25	25	25	25
iC60L	≤ 25 A	20		25	25	25	25
	32-40 A	15	20	20	25	25	25
	50-63 A	10					
NG160E	16	20	20	30	30	30	30
NG160N	25		35	35	50	50	50
NG160H	30			50	50	50	50
NSX100B	20		35	35	50	50	50
NSX100F	35			50	65	90	130
NSX100N	50				65	90	130
NSX100H	65					90	130
NSX100S	90						130
NSX160B	20		35	35	50	50	50
NSX160F	35			50	65	90	130
NSX160N	50				65	90	130
NSX160H	65					90	130
NSX160S	90						130

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	20	35	50	65	90	130

Downstream							
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
NG160E	16	20	20	30	30	30	30
NG160N	25		35	35	50	50	50
NG160H	30			50	50	50	50
NSX100B	20		35	35	50	50	50
NSX100F	35			50	65	90	130
NSX100N	50				65	90	130
NSX100H	65					90	130
NSX100S	90						130
NSX160B	20		35	35	50	50	50
NSX160F	35			50	65	90	130
NSX160N	50				65	90	130
NSX160H	65					90	130
NSX160S	90						130
NSX250B	20		35	35	50	50	50
NSX250F	35			50	65	90	130
NSX250N	50				65	90	130
NSX250H	65					90	130
NSX250S	90						130

Upstream	NSX400 NSX400F	NSX400N	NSX400H	NSX400S	NSX400L
Breaking capacity (kA)	30	42	65	90	130

Downstream						
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
NG160E	16	20	30	30	30	30
NG160N	25	30	30	50	50	50
NG160H	30		42	50	50	50
NSX100B	20	30	30	50	50	50
NSX100F	35		42	65	90	130
NSX100N	50			65	90	130
NSX100H	65				90	130
NSX100S	90					130
NSX160B	20	30	30	50	50	50
NSX160F	35		42	65	90	130
NSX160N	50			65	90	130
NSX160H	65				90	130
NSX160S	90					130
NSX250B	20	30	30	50	50	50
NSX250F	35		42	65	90	130
NSX250N	50			65	90	130
NSX250H	65				90	130
NSX250S	90					130
NSX400F	30		42	65	90	130
NSX400N	42			65	90	130
NSX400H	65				90	130
NSX400S	90					130

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX630

Downstream: NG160, NSX100, NSX160, NSX250,  
NSX400, NSX630

Ue: 440 V

Upstream	NSX630	NSX630N	NSX630H	NSX630S	NSX630L
Breaking capacity (kA)	30	42	65	90	130

Downstream						
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
NG160E	16	20	30	30	30	30
NG160N	25	30	30	50	50	50
NG160H	30		42	50	50	50
NSX100B	20	30	30	50	50	50
NSX100F	35		42	65	90	130
NSX100N	50			65	90	130
NSX100H	65				90	130
NSX100S	90					130
NSX160B	20	35	30	50	50	50
NSX160F	35		42	65	90	130
NSX160N	50			65	90	130
NSX160H	65				90	130
NSX160S	90					130
NSX250B	20	35	30	50	50	50
NSX250F	35		42	65	90	130
NSX250N	50			65	90	130
NSX250H	65				90	130
NSX250S	90					130
NSX400F	30		42	65	90	130
NSX400N	42			65	90	130
NSX400H	65				90	130
NSX400S	90					130
NSX630F	30		42	65	90	130
NSX630N	42			65	90	130
NSX630H	65				90	130
NSX630S	90					130



# Cascading

Upstream: NS630bN to NS1600N, NS630b, NS800

Downstream: NSX100, NSX160, NSX250, NSX400,  
NSX630, NS630b, NS800

Ue: 440 V

Upstream	NS630bN to NS1600N	NS630b			NS800		
Breaking capacity (kA)		H	L	LB	H	L	LB
	50	65	130	200	65	130	200

Downstream								
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)						
NSX100B	20	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
NSX100F	35	50	65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX100N	50		65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX100H	65			130	130		130	130
NSX100S	90			130	200		130	200
NSX100L	130				200			200
NSX160B	20	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
NSX160F	35	50	65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX160N	50		65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX160H	65			130	130		130	130
NSX160S	90			130	200		130	200
NSX160L	130				200			200
NSX250B	20	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
NSX250F	35	50	65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX250N	50		65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX250H	65			130	130		130	130
NSX250S	90			130	200		130	200
NSX250L	130				200			200
NSX400F	30	50	65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX400N	42		65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX400H	65			130	130		130	130
NSX400S	90			130	200		130	200
NSX400L	130				200			200
NSX630F	30	50	65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX630N	42		65	130	130	65	130	130
NSX630H	65			130	130		130	130
NSX630S	90			130	200		130	200
NSX630L	130				200			200
NS630bN	50		65	130	200	65	130	200
NS630bH	65			130	200		130	200
NS800N	50					65	130	200
NS800H	65						130	200

# Cascading

Upstream: NS1000, NS1250, NS1600, NS2000,  
NS2500, NS3200, Masterpact

Downstream: NSX100, NSX160, NSX250, NSX400,  
NSX630, NS630b, NS800-1000-1250-1600

Ue: 440 V

Upstream	NS1000		NS1250H NS1600H	NS2000N NS2500N NS3200N	Masterpact	
	H	L			NT L1	NW L1
Breaking capacity (kA)	65	130	65	65	130	150

Downstream							
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
NSX100B	20	50	50	50		50	
NSX100F	35	65	130	65		130	
NSX100N	50	65	130	65		130	
NSX100H	65		130			130	
NSX100S	90		130			130	
NSX100L	130						
NSX160B	20	50	50	50		50	
NSX160F	35	65	130	65		130	
NSX160N	50	65	130	65		130	
NSX160H	65		130			130	
NSX160S	90		130			130	
NSX160L	130						
NSX250B	20	50	50	50		50	
NSX250F	35	65	130	65		130	
NSX250N	50	65	130	65		130	
NSX250H	65		130			130	
NSX250S	90		130			130	
NSX250L	130						
NSX400F	30	65	130	65		130	
NSX400N	42	65	130	65		130	
NSX400H	65		130			130	
NSX400S	90		130			130	
NSX400L	130						
NSX630F	30	65	130	65		130	
NSX630N	42	65	130	65		130	
NSX630H	65		130			130	
NSX630S	90		130			130	
NSX630L	130						
NS630bN	50	65	130	65	65	130	65
NS630bH	65		130			130	
NS800N	50	65	130	65	65	130	65
NS800H	65		130			130	
NS1000N	50	65	130	65	65	130	65
NS1000H	65		130			130	
NS1250N	50			65	65		65
NS1600N	50						65

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	iDPN	iC60					C120		NG125		
	iDPNN	iC60N	iC60H	iC60L		C120N	C120H	NG125N	NG125H	NG125L	
Breaking capacity (kA)	15	20	30	50	36	30	20	30	50	70	100

Downstream													
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)										
iDPN	40	10	10	15	20	30	25	20	15	20	20	40	50
iDPNN	40	15		20	30	50	36	30	20	30	30	40	50
iC60N	25	20			30	50	36	30		30	50	50	50
	40	20			30		36	30		30	50	50	50
	63	20			30			30		30	50	50	50
iC60H	25	30				50	36				50	70	70
	40	30					36				50	70	70
	63	30									50	70	70
iC60L	25	50										70	100
	40	36									50	70	100
	63	30									50	70	70
C120N	125	20							30	50	70	70	
C120H	125	30								50	70	70	
NG125N	125	50									70	70	
NG125H	80	70										100	

Upstream	NG160			NSX100					
	NG160E	NG160N	NG160H	NSX100B	NSX100F	NSX100N	NSX100H	NSX100S	NSX100L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	40	50	40	85	90	100	120	150

Downstream											
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)								
iDPN	16	10	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
	40	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
iDPNN	16	15	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
	40	15	15	15	15	30	30	30	30	30	30
iC60N	63	20	25	40	50	40	40	60	60	60	60
iC60H	63	30		40	50	40	50	80	80	80	80
iC60L	25	50		40	50		65	80	80	80	80
	40	36		40	50	40	65	80	80	80	80
	63	30		40	50	40	65	80	80	80	80
C120N	125	20	25	40	40	40	40	50	50	70	70
C120H	125	30		40	40	40	40	50	50	70	70
NG125N	125	50					60	70	70	85	85
NG125H	80	70					85	85	85	100	100
NG125L	80	100								120	150
NG160E		25			50						
NG160N		40									
NG160H		50									
NSX100B		40					85	90	90	100	100
NSX100F		85						90	100	120	150
NSX100N		90							100	120	150
NSX100H		100								120	150
NSX100S		120									150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX160

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125, NG160,  
NSX100, NSX160

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX160					
	NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150

Downstream							
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
iDPN	40	10	20	20	20	20	20
iDPNN	40	15	30	30	30	30	30
iC60N	63	20	40	40	60	60	60
iC60H	63	30	40	50	80	80	80
iC60L	25	50		65	80	80	80
	40	36	40	65	80	80	80
	63	30	40	65	80	80	80
C120N	125	20	40	40	50	50	70
C120H	125	30	40	40	50	50	70
NG125N	125	50		60	70	70	85
NG125H	80	70		85	85	85	100
NG125L	80	100					120
NG160E		25	40	50	50	50	60
NG160N		40		85	90	100	100
NG160H		50		85	90	100	100
NSX100B		40		85	90	90	100
NSX100F		85			90	100	120
NSX100N		90				100	120
NSX100H		100					120
NSX100S		120					150
NSX160B		40		85	90	90	100
NSX160F		85			90	100	120
NSX160N		90				100	120
NSX160H		100					120
NSX160S		120					150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX250

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125, NG160,  
NSX100, NSX160, NSX250

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX250					
	NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150

Downstream							
	In Max (A)	Icu (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
iDPN	40	10	20	20	20	20	20
iDPNN	40	15	30	30	30	30	30
iC60N	63	20	40	40	60	60	60
iC60H	63	30	40	50	65	65	65
iC60L	25	50		65	80	80	80
	40	36	40	65	80	80	80
	63	30	40	50	65	65	65
C120N	125	20	40	40	50	50	70
C120H	125	30	40	40	50	50	70
NG125N	125	50		60	70	70	85
NG125H	80	70		85	85	85	100
NG125L	80	100					120
NG160E		25	40	50	50	50	60
NG160N		40		85	90	100	100
NG160H		50		85	90	100	100
NSX100B		40		85	90	90	100
NSX100F		85			90	100	120
NSX100N		90				100	120
NSX100H		100					120
NSX100S		120					150
NSX160B		40		85	90	90	100
NSX160F		85			90	100	120
NSX160N		90				100	120
NSX160H		100					120
NSX160S		120					150
NSX250B		40		85	90	90	100
NSX250F		85			90	100	120
NSX250N		90				100	120
NSX250H		100					120
NSX250S		120					150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX400

Downstream: NG160, NSX100, NSX160, NSX250,  
NSX400

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX400 NSX400F	NSX400N	NSX400H	NSX400S	NSX400L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	100	120	150

Downstream						
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
NG160E	25	40	50	50	60	60
NG160N	40		85	90	100	100
NG160H	50		85	90	100	100
NSX100B	40		85	90	100	100
NSX100F	85			100	120	150
NSX100N	90			100	120	150
NSX100H	100				120	150
NSX100S	120					150
NSX160B	40		85	90	100	100
NSX160F	85			100	120	150
NSX160N	90			100	120	150
NSX160H	100				120	150
NSX160S	120					150
NSX250B	40		85	90	100	100
NSX250F	85			100	120	150
NSX250N	90			100	120	150
NSX250H	100				120	150
NSX250S	120					150
NSX400F	40		85	100	120	150
NSX400N	85			100	120	150
NSX400H	100				120	150
NSX400S	120					150

# Cascading

Upstream: NSX630

Downstream: NG160, NSX100, NSX160, NSX250,  
NSX400, NSX630

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX630				
	NSX630F	NSX630N	NSX630H	NSX630S	NSX630L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	100	120	150

Downstream						
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)				
NG160E	25	40	50	50	60	60
NG160N	40	40	85	90	100	100
NG160H	50	40	85	90	100	100
NSX100B	40		85	90	100	100
NSX100F	85			100	120	150
NSX100N	90			100	120	150
NSX100H	100				120	150
NSX100S	120					150
NSX160B	40		85	90	100	100
NSX160F	85			100	120	150
NSX160N	90			100	120	150
NSX160H	100				120	150
NSX160S	120					150
NSX250B	40		85	90	100	100
NSX250F	85			100	120	150
NSX250N	90			100	120	150
NSX250H	100				120	150
NSX250S	120					150
NSX400F	40		85	100	120	150
NSX400N	85			100	120	150
NSX400H	100			100	120	150
NSX400S	120				120	150
NSX630F	40		85	100	120	150
NSX630N	85			100	120	150
NSX630H	100			100	120	150
NSX630S	120				120	150

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NS630		NS800-1000			Masterpact	
	NS630bL	NS630LB	NS800L	NS800LB	NS1000L	NT L1	NW L1
Breaking capacity (kA)	150	200	150	200	150	150	150

Downstream								
	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)						
NSX100B	40	50	50	50	50	50	50	
NSX100F	85	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX100N	90	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX100H	100	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX100S	120	150	200	150	200	150	150	
NSX100L	150		200		200			
NSX160B	40	50	50	50	50	50	50	
NSX160F	85	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX160N	90	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX160H	100	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX160S	120	150	200	150	200	150	150	
NSX160L	150		200		200			
NSX250B	40	50	50	50	50	50	50	
NSX250F	85	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX250N	90	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX250H	100	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX250S	120	150	200	150	200	150	150	
NSX250L			200		200			
NSX400F	40	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX400N	85	150	150	150	150	150	150	100
NSX400H	100	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX400S	120	150	200	150	200	150	150	
NSX400L	150		200		200			
NSX630F	40	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX630N	85	150	150	150	150	150	150	100
NSX630H	100	150	150	150	150	150	150	
NSX630S	120	150	200	150	200	150	150	
NSX630L	150		200		200			



# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

With traditional circuit breakers, cascading between two devices generally results in the look of discrimination.

With Compact circuit breakers, the discrimination characteristics in the tables remain applicable and are in some cases even enhanced. Protection discrimination is ensured for short-circuit currents greater than the rated breaking capacity of the circuit breaker and even, in some cases, for its enhanced breaking capacity. In the later case, **protection discrimination is total**, i.e. only the downstream device trips for any and all possible faults at its point in the installation.

## Example

Consider a combination between:

- a Compact NSX250H with trip unit TM250D
- a Compact NSX100F with trip unit TM25D.

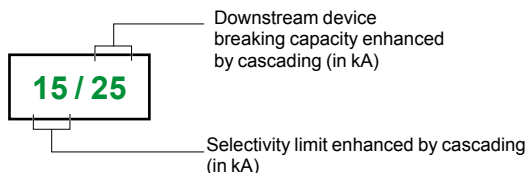
The discrimination tables indicate total discrimination. Protection discrimination is therefore ensured up to the breaking capacity of the NSX100F, i.e. **36 kA**.

The cascading tables indicate an enhanced breaking capacity of **70 kA**.

The enhanced discrimination tables indicate that in a cascading configuration, discrimination is ensured up to **70 kA**, i.e. for any and all possible faults at that point in the installation.

## Enhanced discrimination tables - 380-415 V

For each combination of two circuit breakers, the tables indicate the:



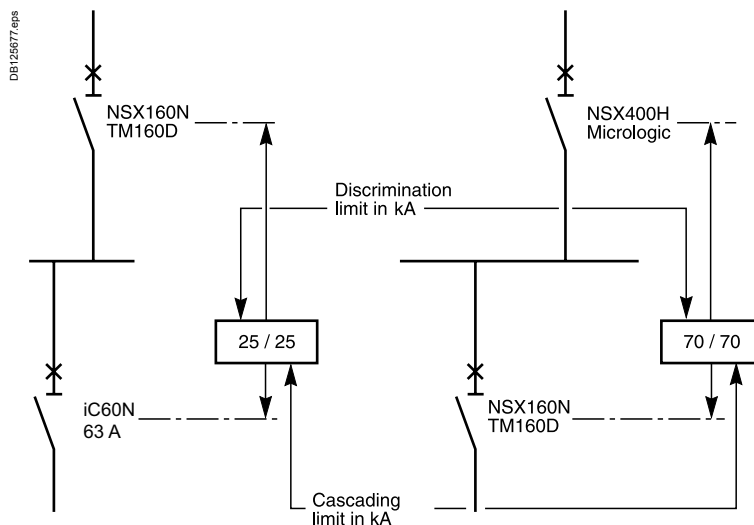
In a table, a box containing two equal values indicates that discrimination is provided up to the reinforced breaking capacity of the downstream device.

These tables apply only to cases with combined discrimination and cascading between two devices. For all other cases, refer to the normal cascading and discrimination tables.

## Technical principle

Enhanced discrimination is the result of the exclusive Compact NSX Roto-active breaking technique which operates as follows:

- due to the short-circuit current (electrodynamic forces), the contacts in both devices simultaneously separate. The result is major limitation of the short-circuit current
- the dissipated energy provokes the reflex tripping of the downstream device, but is insufficient to trip the upstream device.



**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NG160, TM-D

Downstream: iC60

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

<b>Upstream</b>	<b>NG160 NG160E</b>	<b>NG160N</b>
<b>Breaking capacity (kA)</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>Trip unit</b>	<b>TM-D</b>	<b>TM-D</b>

<b>Downstream</b>			<b>63</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>160</b>
<b>Rating (A)</b>		<b>Breaking capacity (kA)</b>	<b>Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)</b>									
<b>iC60N</b>	≤ 20 A	<b>10</b>	10/16	16/16	16/16	16/16	16/16	10/20	16/20	20/20	20/20	20/20
	25 A	<b>10</b>	6/16	6/16	16/16	16/16	16/16	6/20	6/20	20/20	20/20	20/20
	32 A	<b>10</b>	4/16	4/16	7/16	16/16	16/16	4/20	4/20	7/20	20/20	20/20
	40 A	<b>10</b>		4/16	7/16	8/16	8/16		4/20	7/20	8/20	8/20
	50 A	<b>10</b>			5/16	8/16	8/16			5/20	8/20	8/20
	63 A	<b>10</b>				6/16	6/16				6/20	6/20
<b>iC60H</b>	≤ 20 A	<b>15</b>	10/16	16/16	16/16	16/16	16/16	10/25	15/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	25 A	<b>15</b>	6/16	6/16	16/16	16/16	16/16	6/25	6/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	32 A	<b>15</b>	4/16	4/16	7/16	16/16	16/16	4/25	4/25	7/25	25/25	25/25
	40 A	<b>15</b>		4/16	7/16	8/16	8/16		4/25	7/25	8/25	8/25
	50 A	<b>15</b>			5/16	8/16	8/16			5/25	8/25	8/25
	63 A	<b>15</b>				6/16	6/16				6/25	6/25
<b>iC60L</b>	≤ 20 A	<b>25</b>						10/25	15/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	25 A	<b>25</b>						6/25	6/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	32 A	<b>20</b>						4/25	4/25	7/25	25/25	25/25
	40 A	<b>20</b>							4/25	7/25	8/25	8/25
	50 A	<b>15</b>			5/16	8/16	8/16			5/25	8/25	8/25
	63 A	<b>15</b>				6/16	6/16				6/25	6/25

<b>Upstream</b>	<b>NG160H</b>
<b>Breaking capacity (kA)</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>Trip unit</b>	<b>TM-D</b>

<b>Downstream</b>			<b>63</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>160</b>
<b>Rating (A)</b>		<b>Breaking capacity (kA)</b>	<b>Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)</b>				
<b>iC60N</b>	≤ 20 A	<b>10</b>	10/25	15/25	20/25	20/25	20/25
	25 A	<b>10</b>	6/25	6/25	20/25	20/25	20/25
	32 A	<b>10</b>	4/25	4/25	7/25	20/25	20/25
	40 A	<b>10</b>		4/25	7/25	8/25	8/25
	50 A	<b>10</b>			5/25	8/25	8/25
	63 A	<b>10</b>				6/25	6/25
<b>iC60H</b>	≤ 20 A	<b>15</b>	10/25	15/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	25 A	<b>15</b>	6/25	6/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	32 A	<b>15</b>	4/25	4/25	7/25	25/25	25/25
	40 A	<b>15</b>		4/25	7/25	8/25	8/25
	50 A	<b>15</b>			5/25	8/25	8/25
	63 A	<b>15</b>				6/25	6/25
<b>iC60L</b>	≤ 20 A	<b>25</b>	10/25	15/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	25 A	<b>25</b>	6/25	6/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
	32 A	<b>20</b>	4/25	4/25	7/25	25/25	25/25
	40 A	<b>20</b>		4/25	7/25	8/25	8/25
	50 A	<b>15</b>			5/25	8/25	8/25
	63 A	<b>15</b>				6/25	6/25

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX160, NSX250, TM-D

Downstream: iC60, C120, NG125

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX160 NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150
Trip unit	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D

Downstream			Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)											
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)		80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160
<b>iC60N</b>	<b>10</b>			20/20		25/25		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30
<b>iC60H</b>	≤ 40 A <b>15</b>			25/25		36/36		40/40		40/40		40/40		40/40
	50-63 A <b>15</b>			25/25		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30
<b>iC60L</b>	≤ 25 A <b>25</b>					36/36		40/40		40/40		40/40		40/40
	32-40 A <b>20</b>			25/25		36/36		40/40		40/40		40/40		40/40
	50-63 A <b>15</b>			25/25		30/30		36/36		36/36		36/36		36/36
<b>C120N/H</b>	≤ 40 A <b>10/15</b>			25/25		25/25		25/25		25/25		25/25		25/25
	50 to 125 A <b>10/15</b>													
<b>NG125N</b>	≤ 40 A <b>25</b>					36/36		36/36		36/36		50/50		70/70
	50 to 125 A <b>25</b>													
<b>NG125H</b>	≤ 40 A <b>36</b>							40/40		50/50		70/70		100/100
	50 to 80 A <b>36</b>													
<b>NG125L</b>	≤ 40 A <b>50</b>									70/70		100/100		150/150
	50 to 80 A <b>50</b>													

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150
Trip unit	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D

Downstream			Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)		200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250
<b>iC60N</b>	≤ 40 A <b>10</b>		20/20	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	50-63 A <b>10</b>		20/20	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
<b>iC60H</b>	≤ 40 A <b>15</b>		25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	50-63 A <b>15</b>		25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
<b>iC60L</b>	≤ 25 A <b>25</b>			30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	32-40 A <b>20</b>		25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	50-63 A <b>15</b>		25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
<b>C120N/H</b>	<b>10/15</b>		25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
<b>NG125N</b>	<b>25</b>			36/36	36/36	36/36	50/50	70/70
<b>NG125H</b>	<b>36</b>				40/40	50/50	70/70	100/100
<b>NG125L</b>	<b>50</b>					70/70	100/100	150/150
<b>NG160E</b>	<b>16</b>			25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
<b>NG160N</b>	<b>25</b>			36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50
<b>NG160H</b>	<b>36</b>				50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
<b>NSX100B</b> , ≤ 25 A	<b>25</b>			36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50
<b>TM-D</b> 40-100 A	<b>25</b>			36/36	36/36	36/50	36/50	36/50
<b>NSX100F</b> , ≤ 25 A	<b>36</b>				50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
<b>TM-D</b> 40-100 A	<b>36</b>				36/50	36/70	36/100	36/150
<b>NSX100N</b> , ≤ 25 A	<b>50</b>					70/70	100/100	150/150
<b>TM-D</b> 40-100 A	<b>50</b>					36/70	36/100	36/150
<b>NSX100H</b> , ≤ 25 A	<b>70</b>						100/100	150/150
<b>TM-D</b> 40-100 A	<b>70</b>						36/100	36/150
<b>NSX100S</b> , ≤ 25 A	<b>100</b>							150/150
<b>TM-D</b> 40-100 A	<b>100</b>							36/150
<b>NSX100B</b> Micrologic	<b>25</b>			36/36	36/36	36/50	36/50	36/50
<b>NSX100F</b> Micrologic	<b>36</b>				36/50	36/70	36/100	36/150
<b>NSX100N</b> Micrologic	<b>50</b>					36/70	36/100	36/150
<b>NSX100H</b> Micrologic	<b>70</b>						36/100	36/150
<b>NSX100S</b> Micrologic	<b>100</b>							36/150

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX100, NSX160, Micrologic

Downstream: iC60

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX100 NSX100B	NSX100F	NSX100N	NSX100H	NSX100S	NSX100L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream			40	100	40	100	40	100	40	100	40	100	40	100	
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)													
iC60N	≤ 25 A	10	20/20	20/20	25/25	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	32-40 A	10		20/20		25/25		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30	
	50-63 A	10													
iC60H	≤ 25 A	15	25/25	25/25	36/36	36/36	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40
	32-40 A	15		25/25		36/36		36/36		36/36		36/36		36/36	
	50-63 A	15													
iC60L	≤ 25 A	25			36/36	36/36	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40
	32-40 A	20		25/25		36/36		40/40		40/40		40/40		40/40	
	50-63 A	15													

Upstream	NSX160 NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream			80	160	80	160	80	160	80	160	80	160	80	160
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)												
iC60N	≤ 50 A	10	20/20	20/20	25/25	25/25	25/25	30/30	25/25	30/30	25/25	30/30	25/25	30/30
	63 A	10		20/20		25/25		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30
iC60H	≤ 40 A	15	25/25	25/25	36/36	36/36	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40
	50 A	15	25/25	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	63 A	15		25/25		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30		30/30
iC60L	≤ 25 A	25			36/36	36/36	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40
	32-40 A	20	25/25	25/25	36/36	36/36	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40
	50 A	15	25/25	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	36/36	30/30	36/36	30/30	36/36	30/30	36/36
	63 A	15		25/25		30/30		36/36		36/36		36/36		36/36

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX250, Micrologic

Downstream: iC60, C120, NG125, NG160, NSX100

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	36	50	70	100	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream		250	250	250	250	250	250	
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)						
iC60N	≤ 40 A	10	20/20	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	50-63 A	10	20/20	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
iC60H	≤ 40 A	15	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	50-63 A	15	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
iC60L	≤ 25 A	25		30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	32-40 A	20	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
	50-63 A	15	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
C120N/H	10/15	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25	25/25
NG125N	25		36/36	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	70/70
NG125H	36			40/40	50/50	70/70	100/100	100/100
NG125L NG125LMA	50				70/70	100/100	150/150	
NG160E	16		25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
NG160N	25		36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NG160H	36			50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100B, ≤ 25 A	25		36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
TM-D 40-100 A	25		36/36	36/36	36/50	36/50	36/50	36/50
NSX100F, ≤ 25 A	36			50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	36			36/50	36/70	36/100	36/150	36/150
NSX100N, ≤ 25 A	50				70/70	100/100	150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	50				36/70	36/100	36/150	36/150
NSX100H, ≤ 25 A	70					100/100	150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	70					36/100	36/150	36/150
NSX100S, ≤ 25 A	100						150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	100						36/150	36/150
NSX100B Micrologic	25		36/36	36/36	36/50	36/50	36/50	36/50
NSX100F Micrologic	36			36/50	36/70	36/100	36/150	36/150
NSX100N Micrologic	50				36/70	36/100	36/150	36/150
NSX100H Micrologic	70					36/100	36/150	36/150
NSX100S Micrologic	100						36/150	36/150

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX400-630, Micrologic

Downstream: NG160, NSX100-250

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NSX400					NSX630				
	F	N	H	S	L	F	N	H	S	L
Breaking capacity (kA)	36	50	70	100	150	36	50	70	100	150
Trip unit	Micrologic					Micrologic				

Downstream		400	400	400	400	400	630	630	630	630	630
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)									
NG160E	16	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30	25/25	30/30	30/30	30/30	30/30
NG160N	25	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50
NG160H	36		50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50		50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100B, TM-D	25	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100F, TM-D	36		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX100N, TM-D	50			70/70	100/100	150/150			70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX100H, TM-D	70				100/100	150/150				100/100	150/150
NSX100S, TM-D	100					150/150					150/150
NSX160B, TM-D	25	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX160F, TM-D	36		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX160N, TM-D	50			70/70	100/100	150/150			70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX160H, TM-D	70				100/100	150/150				100/100	150/150
NSX160S, TM-D	100					150/150					150/150
NSX250B, TM-D	25						36/36	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX250F, TM-D	36							50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX250N, TM-D	50								70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX250H, TM-D	70									100/100	150/150
NSX250S, TM-D	100										150/150
NSX100B Micrologic	25	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100F Micrologic	36		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX100N Micrologic	50			70/70	100/100	150/150			70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX100H Micrologic	70				100/100	150/150				100/100	150/150
NSX100S Micrologic	100					150/150					150/150
NSX160B Micrologic	25	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX160F Micrologic	36		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150		50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX160N Micrologic	50			70/70	100/100	150/150			70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX160H Micrologic	70				100/100	150/150				100/100	150/150
NSX160S Micrologic	100					150/150					150/150
NSX250B Micrologic	25						36/36	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX250F Micrologic	36							50/50	70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX250N Micrologic	50								70/70	100/100	150/150
NSX250H Micrologic	70									100/100	150/150
NSX250S Micrologic	100										150/150

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NS800-1000-1600, Micrologic

Downstream: NSX100-630

Ue: 380-415 V (Ph/N 220-240 V)

Upstream	NS800				NS1000			NS1250		NS1600	
	N	H	L	LB	N	H	L	N	H	N	H
Breaking capacity (kA)	50	70	150	200	50	70	150	50	70	50	70
Trip unit	Micrologic				Micrologic			Micrologic		Micrologic	

Downstream		800	800	800	800	1000	1000	1000	1250	1250	1600	1600
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)										
NSX100B, TM-D/Micrologic	25	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100F, TM-D/Micrologic	36	50/50	70/70	150/150	150/150	50/50	70/70	150/150	50/50	70/70	50/50	70/70
NSX100N, TM-D/Micrologic	50		70/70	150/150	150/150		70/70	150/150		70/70		70/70
NSX100H, TM-D/Micrologic	70			150/150	150/150			150/150				
NSX100S, TM-D/Micrologic	100			150/150	200/200			150/150				
NSX100L, TM-D/Micrologic	150				200/200							
NSX160B, TM-D/Micrologic	25	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX160F, TM-D/Micrologic	36	50/50	70/70	150/150	150/150	50/50	70/70	150/150	50/50	70/70	50/50	70/70
NSX160N, TM-D/Micrologic	50		70/70	150/150	150/150		70/70	150/150		70/70		70/70
NSX160H, TM-D/Micrologic	70			150/150	150/150			150/150				
NSX160S, TM-D/Micrologic	100			150/150	200/200			150/150				
NSX160L, TM-D/Micrologic	150				200/200							
NSX250B, TM-D/Micrologic	25	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX250F, TM-D/Micrologic	36	50/50	70/70	150/150	150/150	50/50	70/70	150/150	50/50	70/70	50/50	70/70
NSX250N, TM-D/Micrologic	50		70/70	150/150	150/150		70/70	150/150		70/70		70/70
NSX250H, TM-D/Micrologic	70			150/150	150/150			150/150				
NSX250S, TM-D/Micrologic	100			150/150	200/200			150/150				
NSX250L, TM-D/Micrologic	150				200/200							
NSX400F Micrologic	36	50/50	70/70	10/150	10/150	50/50	70/70	15/150	50/50	70/70	50/50	70/70
NSX400N Micrologic	50		70/70	10/150	10/150		70/70	15/150		70/70		70/70
NSX400H Micrologic	70			10/150	10/150			15/150				
NSX400S Micrologic	100			10/150	10/200			15/150				
NSX400L Micrologic	150				10/200							
NSX630F Micrologic	36					50/50	65/70	10/150	50/50	65/70	50/50	65/70
NSX630N Micrologic	50						65/70	10/150		65/70		65/70
NSX630H Micrologic	70							10/150				
NSX630S Micrologic	100							10/150				

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX250, TM-D-Micrologic

Downstream: NSX100

Ue: 440 V

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	35	50	65	90	130
Trip unit	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D

Downstream			200	250	200	250	200	250	200	250	200	250
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)										
NSX100B, TM-D	≤ 25 A	20	35/35	35/35	35/35	35/35	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
	40-100 A	20	35/35	35/35	35/35	35/35	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50
NSX100F, TM-D	≤ 25 A	35			35/35	35/35	65/65	65/65	90/90	90/90	130/130	130/130
	40-100 A	35			35/35	35/35	35/65	35/65	35/90	35/90	35/130	35/130
NSX100N, TM-D	≤ 25 A	50					65/65	65/65	90/90	90/90	130/130	130/130
	40-100 A	50					35/65	35/65	35/90	35/90	35/130	35/130
NSX100H, TM-D	≤ 25 A	65							90/90	90/90	130/130	130/130
	40-100 A	65							35/90	35/90	35/130	35/130
NSX100S, TM-D	≤ 25 A	90									130/130	130/130
	40-100 A	90									35/130	35/130
NSX100B	Micrologic	20	35/35	35/35	35/35	35/35	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50
NSX100F	Micrologic	35			35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50
NSX100N	Micrologic	50					35/65	35/65	35/90	35/90	35/130	35/130
NSX100H	Micrologic	65							35/90	35/90	35/130	35/130
NSX100S	Micrologic	90									35/130	35/130

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	35	50	65	90	130
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream			250	250	250	250	250
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
NSX100B, TM-D	≤ 25 A	20	35/35	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
	40-100 A	20	35/35	35/50	35/50	35/50	35/50
NSX100F, TM-D	≤ 25 A	35		50/50	65/65	90/90	130/130
	40-100 A	35		35/50	35/65	35/90	35/130
NSX100N, TM-D	≤ 25 A	50		50/50	65/65	90/90	130/130
	40-100 A	50		35/50	35/65	35/90	35/130
NSX100H, TM-D	≤ 25 A	65				90/90	130/130
	40-100 A	65				35/90	35/130
NSX100S, TM-D	≤ 25 A	90					130/130
	40-100 A	90					35/130
NSX100B	Micrologic	20	35/35	35/35	35/50	35/50	35/50
NSX100F	Micrologic	35		35/35	35/50	35/50	35/50
NSX100N	Micrologic	50			35/65	35/90	35/130
NSX100H	Micrologic	65				35/90	35/130
NSX100S	Micrologic	90					35/130

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.



# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX400-630, Micrologic

Downstream: NSX100-250

Ue: 440 V

Upstream	NSX400					NSX630				
	F	N	H	S	L	F	N	H	S	L
Breaking capacity (kA)	30	42	65	90	130	30	42	65	90	130
Trip unit	Micrologic					Micrologic				

Downstream			400	400	400	400	400	630	630	630	630	630
Rating (A)		Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)									
NSX100B	Micrologic	20	30/30	30/30	50/50	50/50	50/50	30/30	30/30	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100F	Micrologic	35		42/42	65/65	90/90	130/130		42/42	65/65	90/90	130/130
NSX100N	Micrologic	50			65/65	90/90	130/130			65/65	90/90	130/130
NSX100H	Micrologic	65				90/90	130/130				90/90	130/130
NSX100S	Micrologic	90					130/130					130/130
NSX160B	Micrologic	20	30/30	30/30	50/50	50/50	50/50	30/30	30/30	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX160F	Micrologic	35		42/42	65/65	90/90	130/130		42/42	65/65	90/90	130/130
NSX160N	Micrologic	50			65/65	90/90	130/130			65/65	90/90	130/130
NSX160H	Micrologic	65				90/90	130/130				90/90	130/130
NSX160S	Micrologic	90					130/130					130/130
NSX250B	Micrologic	20						35/35	30/30	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX250F	Micrologic	35							42/42	65/65	90/90	130/130
NSX250N	Micrologic	50								65/65	90/90	130/130
NSX250H	Micrologic	65									90/90	130/130
NSX250S	Micrologic	90										130/130

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NS800-1000-1600, Micrologic

Downstream: NSX100-630

Ue: 440 V

Upstream	NS800				NS1000			NS1250		NS1600	
	N	H	L	LB	N	H	L	N	H	N	H
Breaking capacity (kA)	50	65	130	200	50	65	130	50	65	50	65
Trip unit	Micrologic				Micrologic			Micrologic		Micrologic	

Downstream		800	800	800	800	1000	1000	1000	1250	1250	1600	1600
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)										
NSX100B, TM-D/Micrologic	20	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX100F, TM-D/Micrologic	35	50/50	65/65	130/130	130/130	50/50	65/65	130/130	50/50	65/65	50/50	65/65
NSX100N, TM-D/Micrologic	50		65/65	130/130	130/130		65/65	130/130		65/65		65/65
NSX100H, TM-D/Micrologic	65			130/130	130/130			130/130				
NSX100S, TM-D/Micrologic	90			130/130	200/200			130/130				
NSX100L, TM-D/Micrologic	130				200/200							
NSX160B, TM-D/Micrologic	20	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX160F, TM-D/Micrologic	35	50/50	65/65	130/130	130/130	50/50	65/65	130/130	50/50	65/65	50/50	65/65
NSX160N, TM-D/Micrologic	50		65/65	130/130	130/130		65/65	130/130		65/65		65/65
NSX160H, TM-D/Micrologic	65			130/130	130/130			130/130				
NSX160S, TM-D/Micrologic	90			130/130	200/200			130/130				
NSX160L, TM-D/Micrologic	130				200/200							
NSX250B, TM-D/Micrologic	20	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50
NSX250F, TM-D/Micrologic	35	50/50	65/65	130/130	130/130	50/50	65/65	130/130	50/50	65/65	50/50	65/65
NSX250N, TM-D/Micrologic	50		65/65	130/130	130/130		65/65	130/130		65/65		65/65
NSX250H, TM-D/Micrologic	65			130/130	130/130			130/130				
NSX250S, TM-D/Micrologic	90			130/130	200/200			130/130				
NSX250L, TM-D/Micrologic	130				200/200							
NSX400F Micrologic	30	50/50	65/65	10/130	10/200	50/50	65/65	15/130	50/50	65/65	50/50	65/65
NSX400N Micrologic	42		65/65	10/130	10/200		65/65	15/130		65/65		65/65
NSX400H Micrologic	65			10/130	10/200			15/130				
NSX400S Micrologic	90			10/130	10/200			15/130				
NSX400L Micrologic	130				10/200							
NSX630F Micrologic	30					50/50	65/65	10/130	50/50	65/65	50/50	65/65
NSX630N Micrologic	42						65/65	10/130		65/65		65/65
NSX630H Micrologic	65							10/130				
NSX630S Micrologic	90							10/130				

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX160, NSX250, TM-D

Downstream: iC60, C120, NG125

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX160 NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D

Downstream		80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160	80-100	125-160
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)											
iC60N	20		30/30		40/40		60/60		60/60		60/60		60/60
iC60H	30		40/40		50/50		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80
iC60L	≤ 25 A				65/65		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80
	32-40 A		40/40		65/65		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80
	50-63 A		40/40		65/65		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80
C120N/H	≤ 40 A		40/40		40/40		50/50		50/50		70/70		70/70
	50 to 125 A												
NG125N	≤ 40 A				60/60		70/70		70/70		85/85		85/85
	50 to 125 A												
NG125H	≤ 40A				85/85		85/85		85/85		100/100		100/100
	50 to 80 A												

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D

Downstream		200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
iC60N	20	30/30	40/40	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60
iC60H	30	40/40	50/50	65/65	65/65	65/65	65/65
iC60L	≤ 25 A		65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	32-40 A		40/40	65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80
	50-63 A		40/40	40/40	65/65	65/65	65/65
C120N/H	≤ 100 A		40/40	50/50	50/50	70/70	70/70
	125 A						
NG125N	≤ 100 A		60/60	70/70	70/70	85/85	85/85
	125 A						
NG125H	70		85/85	85/85	85/85	100/100	100/100

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX100, NSX160, Micrologic

Downstream: iC60

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX100 NSX100B	NSX100F	NSX100N	NSX100H	NSX100S	NSX100L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream			40	100	40	100	40	100	40	100	40	100	40	100	
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)													
iC60N	≤ 25 A	20	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60
	32-40 A	20		40/40		40/40		60/60		60/60		60/60		60/60	
	50-63 A	20													
iC60H	≤ 25 A	30	40/40	40/40	50/50	50/50	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	32-40 A	30		40/40		50/50		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80	
	50-63 A	30													
iC60L	≤ 25 A	50			65/65	65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	32-40 A	36				65/65		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80	
	50-63 A	30													

Upstream	NSX160 NSX160B	NSX160F	NSX160N	NSX160H	NSX160S	NSX160L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream			80	160	80	160	80	160	80	160	80	160	80	160	
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)													
iC60N	≤ 50 A	20	40/40	40/40	40/40	40/40	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60
	63 A	20		40/40		40/40		60/60		60/60		60/60		60/60	
iC60H	≤ 50 A	30	40/40	40/40	50/50	50/50	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	63 A	30		40/40		50/50		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80	
iC60L	≤ 40 A	36			65/65	65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	50 A	30	40/40	40/40	65/65	65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	63 A	30		40/40		65/65		80/80		80/80		80/80		80/80	

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX250, Micrologic

Downstream: iC60, C120, NG125

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250B	NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	40	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream		250	250	250	250	250	250
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)					
iC60N	20	40/40	40/40	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60
iC60H	30	40/40	50/50	65/65	65/65	65/65	65/65
iC60L	≤ 25 A		65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	32-40 A		65/65	80/80	80/80	80/80	80/80
	50-63 A	40/40	65/65	65/65	65/65	65/65	65/65
C120N/H	20/30	40/40	40/40	50/50	50/50	70/70	70/70
NG125N	50		60/60	70/70	70/70	85/85	85/85
NG125H	70		85/85	85/85	85/85	100/100	100/100

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX250, TM-D-Micrologic

Downstream: NG160, NSX100

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D	TM-D

Downstream		160	200-250	160	200-250	160	200-250	160	200-250	160	200-250
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)									
NG160E	25		40/40		50/50		50/50		60/60		60/60
NG160N/H	50		85/85		90/90		100/100		100/100		100/100
NSX100B, ≤ 25 A	40		85/85		90/90		100/100		100/100		100/100
TM-D 40-100 A	40		36/85		36/90		36/100		36/120		36/150
NSX100F, ≤ 25 A	85				90/90		100/100		120/120		150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	85				36/90		36/100		36/120		36/150
NSX100N, ≤ 25 A	90						100/100		120/120		150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	90						36/100		36/120		36/150
NSX100H, ≤ 25 A	100								120/120		150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	100								36/120		36/150
NSX100S, ≤ 25 A	120										150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	120										36/150
NSX100B Micrologic	40		36/85		36/90		36/100		36/120		36/150
NSX100F Micrologic	85				36/90		36/100		36/120		36/150
NSX100N Micrologic	90						36/100		36/120		36/150
NSX100H Micrologic	100								36/120		36/150
NSX100S Micrologic	120										36/150

Upstream	NSX250 NSX250F	NSX250N	NSX250H	NSX250S	NSX250L
Breaking capacity (kA)	85	90	100	120	150
Trip unit	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic

Downstream		160	200-250	160	200-250	160	200-250	160	200-250	160	200-250
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)									
NG160E	25	40/40	40/40	50/50	50/50	50/50	50/50	60/60	60/60	60/60	60/60
NG160N/H	50	85/85	85/85	90/90	90/90	100/100	100/100	100/100	100/100	100/100	100/100
NSX100B, ≤ 25 A	40	85/85	85/85	90/90	90/90	100/100	100/100	100/100	100/100	100/100	100/100
TM-D 40-100 A	40	36/85	36/85	36/90	36/90	36/100	36/100	36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100F, ≤ 25 A	85			90/90	90/90	100/100	100/100	120/120	120/120	150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	85			36/90	36/90	36/100	36/100	36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100N, ≤ 25 A	90					100/100	100/100	120/120	120/120	150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	90					36/100	36/100	36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100H, ≤ 25 A	100							120/120	120/120	150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	100							36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100S, ≤ 25 A	120									150/150	150/150
TM-D 40-100 A	120									36/150	36/150
NSX100B Micrologic	40	36/85	36/85	36/90	36/90	36/100	36/100	36/100	36/100	36/100	36/100
NSX100F Micrologic	85			36/90	36/90	36/100	36/100	36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100N Micrologic	90					36/100	36/100	36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100H Micrologic	100							36/120	36/120	36/150	36/150
NSX100S Micrologic	120									36/150	36/150

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Discrimination enhanced by cascading

Upstream: NSX400-630, NS800-1000, Micrologic

Downstream: NG160, NSX100-630

Ue: 220-240 V (Ph/N 110-130 V)

Upstream	NSX400				NSX630				NS800		NS1000
	N	H	S	L	N	H	S	L	L	LB	L
Breaking capacity (kA)	85	100	120	150	85	100	120	150	150	200	150
Trip unit	Micrologic				Micrologic				Micrologic		Micrologic

Downstream		400	400	400	400	630	630	630	630	800	1000
Rating (A)	Breaking capacity (kA)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)									
NG160E	25	50/50	50/50	60/60	60/60	50/50	50/50	60/60	60/60		
NG160N/H	50	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100		
NSX100B, TM-D	40	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	50/50	50/50
NSX100F, TM-D	85		90/90	120/120	150/150		90/90	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX100N, TM-D	90		100/100	120/120	150/150		100/100	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX100H, TM-D	100			120/120	150/150			120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX100S, TM-D	120				150/150				150/150	150/150	200/200
NSX100L, TM-D	150										200/200
NSX160B, TM-D	40	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	50/50	50/50
NSX160F, TM-D	85		90/90	120/120	150/150		90/90	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX160N, TM-D	90		100/100	120/120	150/150		100/100	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX160H, TM-D	100			120/120	150/150			120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX160S, TM-D	120				150/150				150/150	150/150	200/200
NSX160L, TM-D	150										200/200
NSX250B, TM-D	40					85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	50/50	50/50
NSX250F, TM-D	85						90/90	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX250N, TM-D	90						100/100	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX250H, TM-D	100							120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX250S, TM-D	120								150/150	150/150	200/200
NSX250L, TM-D	150										200/200
NSX100B Micrologic	40	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	50/50	50/50
NSX100F Micrologic	85		90/90	120/120	150/150		90/90	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX100N Micrologic	90		100/100	120/120	150/150		100/100	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX100H Micrologic	100			120/120	150/150			120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX100S Micrologic	120				150/150				150/150	150/150	200/200
NSX100L Micrologic	150										200/200
NSX160B Micrologic	40	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	50/50	50/50
NSX160F Micrologic	85		90/90	120/120	150/150		90/90	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX160N Micrologic	90		100/100	120/120	150/150		100/100	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX160H Micrologic	100			120/120	150/150			120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX160S Micrologic	120				150/150				150/150	150/150	200/200
NSX160L Micrologic	150										200/200
NSX250B Micrologic	40					85/85	90/90	100/100	100/100	50/50	50/50
NSX250F Micrologic	85						90/90	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX250N Micrologic	90						100/100	120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX250H Micrologic	100							120/120	150/150	150/150	150/150
NSX250S Micrologic	120								150/150	150/150	200/200
NSX250L Micrologic	150										200/200
NSX400F Micrologic	40								10/150	10/150	15/150
NSX400N Micrologic	85								10/150	10/150	15/150
NSX400H Micrologic	100								10/150	10/150	15/150
NSX400S Micrologic	120								10/150	10/200	15/150
NSX400L Micrologic	150									10/200	
NSX630F Micrologic	40										10/150
NSX630N Micrologic	85										10/150
NSX630H Micrologic	100										10/150
NSX630S Micrologic	120										10/150

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see 557E4300.indd/566 and 557E4305.indd/572.

# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination (Selectivity)

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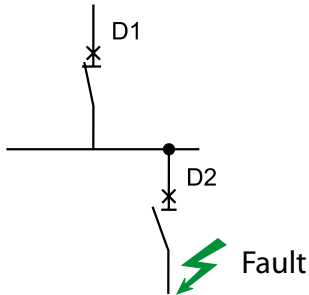


### IEC/EN 60947-2

#### What is discrimination?

It is the coordination of automatic cut-off devices for a fault that occurs at any point in the network to be eliminated by the upstream circuit breaker, the circuit breaker that is immediately upstream of the fault and by that circuit breaker alone!

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D1 and D2 in series.

### Continuity of service

Discrimination is an essential element that must be taken into account as early as in the design of a low voltage installation to enable continuity of the electricity service.

### Production and safety

Discrimination provides much convenience for all users, but it is an essential requirement when continuity of service is of utmost importance.

Discrimination means that only the part with the fault is disconnected. It enables:

- continuity of supply for adjacent circuits,
- localization of the faulty circuit.

For some installations or installation parts:

- operating theatre in clinics and hospitals,
- marine,
- safety equipment,
- production site.

The requirements for continuous electricity often make it necessary to verify the discrimination between upstream and downstream protection devices.

If there is a total lack of discrimination, it will be necessary to try to achieve partial discrimination. Likewise, if there is a limit to the level of discrimination and this proves satisfactory in the majority of cases, it can still be attempted to make it total. Of course, any modification must be made while observing the following main parameters:

- protection of personnel,
- are the thermal stresses  $I^2t$  of the cables always taken into account?
- are the breaking capacities of the devices higher than the prospective  $I_{sc}$ ?

Finally, when it is not possible to achieve discrimination and it is essential for the correct operation of the installation, the installation of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) must be considered. Generator units, inverters, etc. are then used.

There are several types of discrimination that can be used separately or together. For protection against overcurrent, this generally concerns current discrimination and time discrimination.

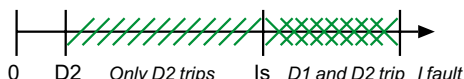
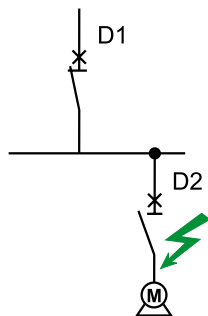
The principle is as follows.



# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination (Selectivity)

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### Current and energy discrimination

Discrimination involves ensuring coordination between two circuit breakers in series, so that, in the event of a fault, only one circuit breaker, located immediately upstream of the fault, trips. A discrimination current  $I_s$  is defined so that:

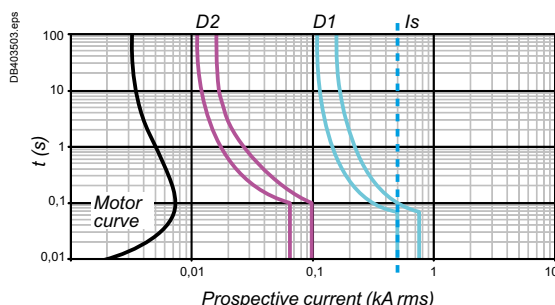
- If  $I_{\text{fault}} < I_s$ : only D2 eliminates the fault, discrimination is ensured,
- If  $I_{\text{fault}} > I_s$ : both circuit breakers may trip, discrimination is not ensured.

### Slight overcurrent or overload

Under the effect of an abnormal inrush current, for example an increase in the resistive torque of a motor, the current going through the circuit is higher than the rated current. These currents may damage the installation (risk of an electrical fire). Devices to protect against overcurrent can be characterized by their operating curves as a function of prospective current  $I_p$ :

- the operating curve is time-based when the breaking time is greater than 50 ms (curve  $t = f(I_p)$ ). Discrimination is achieved if the  $I_n$  upstream /  $I_n$  downstream operation threshold ratio is  $> 1.3$  and if the current offset of the magnetic curves is observed.

### This is current discrimination



The greater the difference between the ratings of the upstream and downstream circuit breakers, the more "extensive" the discrimination.

### Short circuit

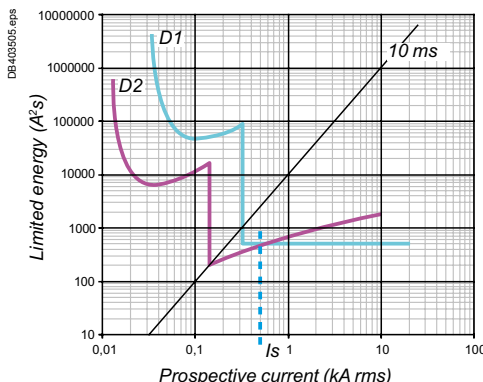
For example when there is contact between two phases we are faced with a full insulation fault which risks damaging the installation.

The function that makes it possible to protect against this type of fault is magnetic protection.

To ensure discrimination, we must maintain a ratio between the upstream and downstream protection devices. This is energy discrimination.

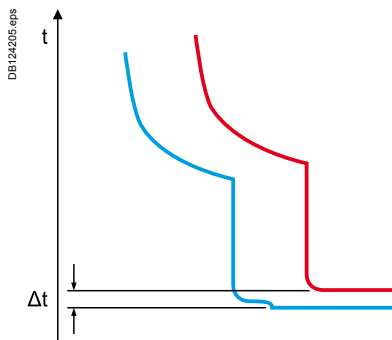
- Energy: when the intervention time is less than 50 ms and more particularly less than the time of one half wave (10 ms) of current with limiting circuit breakers.

### This is energy discrimination



# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination (Selectivity)



### Time discrimination

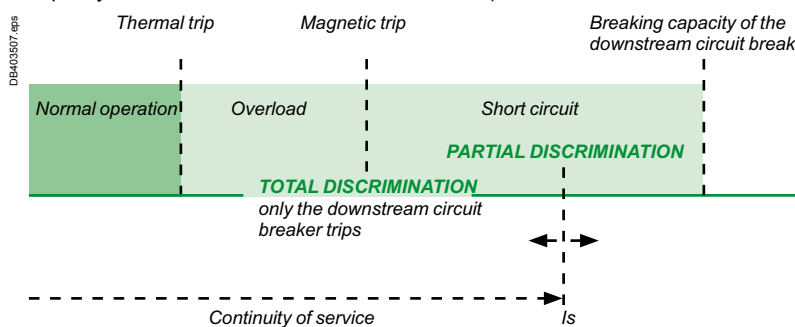
The principle is based on the time difference ( $\Delta t$ ) of the upstream magnetic curve.

To achieve this, it is necessary to have an upstream circuit breaker with time-delay bands.

The delay introduced must make it possible to improve discrimination without endangering the cable or busbars which would then have to withstand the overcurrent for longer (greater thermal effects  $I^2t$  and electrodynamic stresses).

### Total or partial discrimination

Discrimination may be partial or total, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker. For total discrimination, the characteristics of the upstream device must be higher than those of the downstream device (higher than the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker MCCB).



Standard IEC 60947-2 on industrial circuit breakers, and in particular Appendix A, deals with coordination between a circuit-breaker and another device to protect against short circuits combined in the same circuit.

This protection device may be a fuse or another circuit breaker.

# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination (Selectivity)

### Discrimination between modular circuit breakers

We use two types of discrimination when these circuit breakers are combined:

- current discrimination,
- energy discrimination.

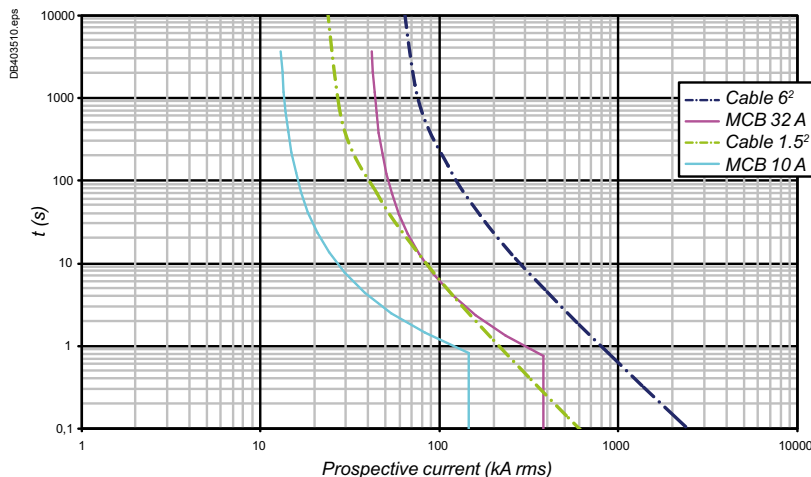
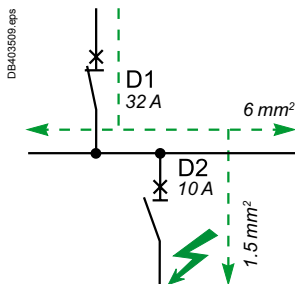
For discrimination to be ensured whatever the prospective fault current, 3 conditions have to be fulfilled:

- the upstream and downstream circuit breakers must have different ratings (ratio > 1.3),
- the envelope of their magnetic curves must be different,
- the energy allowed to pass through the downstream circuit breaker when it cuts off must still be less than the operating energy of the upstream trip.

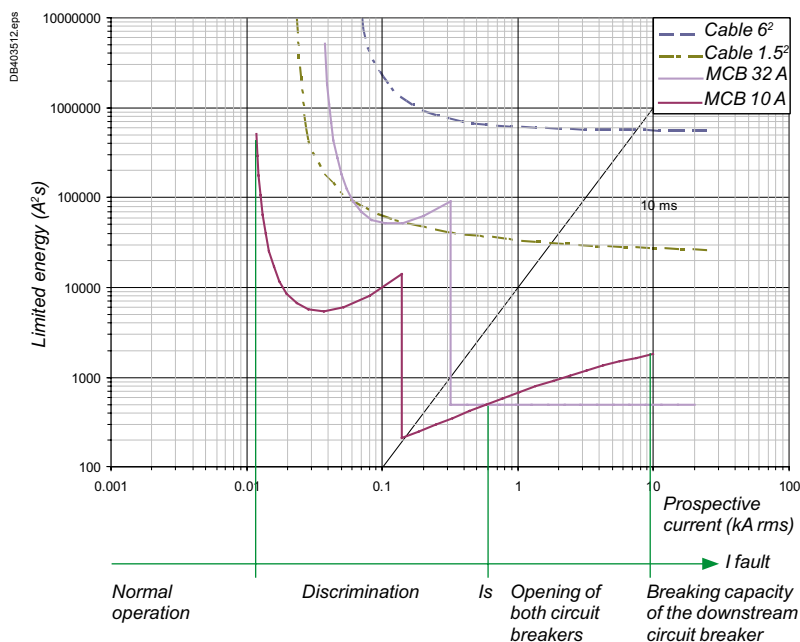
### Example

■ Let us take the example of a single phase network where we have a 32 A curve D circuit breaker in series with a 10 A curve D circuit breaker:

- the 32 A circuit breaker protects the 6<sup>2</sup> cables and the 10 A circuit breaker protects the 1.5<sup>2</sup> cables. This combination allows discrimination, but up to what threshold?
- if current discrimination is considered ( $t = f(I_p)$ ) it can be seen that the tripping curve of the downstream circuit breaker is well below the non-tripping curve of the upstream circuit breaker,
- furthermore, each circuit breaker is well below the maximum stress permitted by the cables.



When considering energy discrimination, it is necessary to compare the maximum stresses characterized by the integrals  $ft$  relative to the development of the arc in the downstream device and by the sensitivity of the trip unit, still in  $ft$ , of the upstream device (curves  $I^2t = f(I_p)$ ).



# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination (Selectivity)

### Discrimination between Compact NSX upstream and modular circuit breakers downstream

Compact NSX circuit breakers have been designed to ensure total discrimination with Acti9 range.

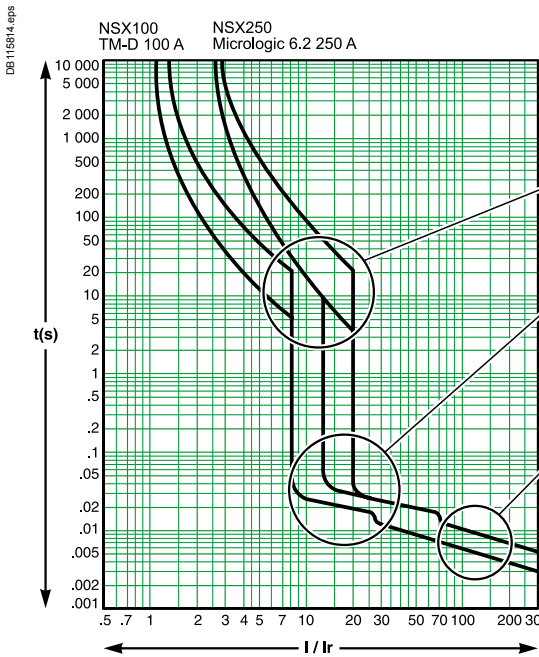
- Total discrimination between Compact NSX 100 A with electronic trip unit and Acti9 circuit breaker up to 40 A.
- Total discrimination between Compact NSX  $\geq 160$  A with TMD trip unit  $\geq 125$  A or electronic trip unit and Acti9 up to 63 A.

### Discrimination between Compact NSX circuit breakers

Thanks to the Roto-Active breaking principle in the Compact NSX, a combination of Schneider Electric circuit breakers provides an exceptional level of discrimination between protection devices.

This performance is due to the combination and optimization of 3 principles:

- current discrimination,
- energy discrimination,
- time discrimination.



**Protection against overloads: current discrimination**

The protection is selective if the ratio between the setting thresholds is higher than 1.6 (in the case of two distribution circuit breakers).

**Protection against weak short circuits: time discrimination**

Tripping of the upstream device has a slight time delay; tripping of the downstream device is faster.

The protection is selective if the ratio between the short-circuit protection thresholds is no less than 1.5.

**Protection against high short circuits: energy discrimination**

This principle combines the exceptional limiting power of the Compact NSX devices and reflex release, sensitive to the energy dissipated by the short circuit in the device.

When a short circuit is high, if it is seen by two devices, the downstream device limits it greatly. The energy dissipated in the upstream device is insufficient to cause it to trip: there is discrimination whatever the value of the short circuit.

The range has been designed to ensure energy discrimination between NSX630/NSX250/NSX100 or NSX400/NSX160.

### Discrimination between Masterpact or Compact NS $\geq 630$ A upstream and Compact NSX downstream

Thanks to their high-performance control units and a very innovative design, Masterpact and Compact NS  $\geq 630$  A devices offer, as standard, a very high level of discrimination with downstream Compact NSX up to 630 A

Respect the basic rules of discrimination for overload and short-circuit, or check that curves do not overlap with Ecodial software.

Check the discrimination limit in tables for high short-circuit current or when using limiter circuit breakers (Masterpact NT L1 or Compact NS L or LB) upstream.

### Discrimination between Masterpact or Compact NS $\geq 630$ A upstream and downstream

The utilization category of these devices (excepted limiters ones) is B according to IEC 60947 standard. Discrimination is ensured by a combination of current discrimination and time discrimination.

Respect the basic rules of discrimination for overload and short-circuit, or check that curves do not overlap with Ecodial software.

Check the discrimination limit in tables for high short-circuit current or when using limiter circuit breakers (Masterpact NT L1 or Compact NS L or LB).

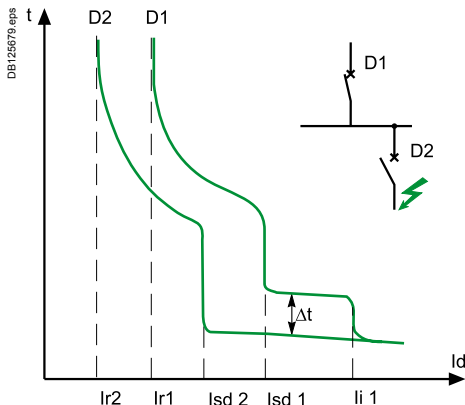
### Basic rules of discrimination for overload and short-circuit

Upstream	Downstream	Thermal protection	Magnetic protection
		$I_r$ upstream / $I_r$ downstream	$I_m$ upstream / $I_m$ downstream
TM	TM or MCB	$\geq 1.6$	$\geq 2$
	Micrologic	$\geq 1.6$	$\geq 1.5$
Micrologic	TM or MCB	$\geq 1.6$	$\geq 1.5$
	Micrologic	$\geq 1.3$	$\geq 1.5^{(1)}$

(1) See "Additional conditions according to the trip units".

# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination (Selectivity)



### Additional conditions according to the trip units

#### Short time trip pickup current (I<sub>sd</sub>)

The tables show the limit of discrimination assuming the short time trip pickup current  $I_{sd} = 10 \times I_r$ .

In many cases, when discrimination is total, a different adjustment may be used provided that the ratio between the magnetic thresholds indicated above is observed.

When downstream breaker is a Compact NSX:

■ upstream circuit breaker magnetic setting shall be higher than downstream instantaneous protection:

NSX 2.2 ou 2.3	Mic 2.2 40	Mic 2.2 100	Mic 2.2 160	Mic 2.2 250	Mic 2.3 400	Mic 2.3 630
Inst.	600 A	1500 A	2400 A	3000 A	4800 A	6900 A

■ or upstream circuit breaker shall be equipped with micrologic type 5 with  $t_{sd} \geq 0.1$ . When downstream circuit breaker is a Masterpact with micrologic 2, upstream circuit breaker shall be equipped with micrologic type 5 and  $t_{sd} \geq 0,1$  and Ii Off. When the limit of discrimination indicated in the table is  $10 \times I_r$ , the limit of discrimination is in fact the upstream magnetic threshold I<sub>sd</sub>.

#### Instantaneous trip pickup current (I<sub>i</sub>)

The tables show the limit of discrimination assuming the instantaneous trip pickup current set to its maximum value and when it is inhibited (category B circuit breaker only).

■ When the limit of discrimination indicated in the table is  $15 \times I_n$  of the upstream device, the limit of discrimination is in fact the instantaneous trip pickup current of the upstream device.

■ When the upstream device is a type B circuit breaker and the downstream device is type A, the instantaneous trip pickup current of the upstream device may be set to below  $15 \times I_n$  as long as it remains higher than the reflex release threshold of the downstream device.

#### Short time tripping delay (T<sub>sd</sub>)

When the upstream and downstream circuit breakers are fitted with a Micrologic 5.x, 6.x, 7.x: trip unit, the minimum non-tripping time of the upstream device must be greater than the maximum tripping time of the downstream device.

#### T<sub>sd</sub> D1 > T<sub>sd</sub> D2 (One band)

#### I<sup>2</sup>t Off / On

The tables show the limit of discrimination assuming function I<sup>2</sup>t OFF. If this is not the case, the user must verify that the curves do not overlap.

#### Ground Fault Protection (GFP<sup>(1)</sup>) (I<sub>g</sub>, T<sub>g</sub>)

When the upstream and downstream circuit breakers are fitted with a Micrologic 6.x trip unit, the user must verify current and time discrimination:

#### current discrimination

The setting of the tripping threshold of the upstream GFP is greater than that of the downstream GFP. Because of the tolerances on the settings, a difference of 30 % between the upstream threshold and the downstream threshold is sufficient.

#### time discrimination

The intentional time-delay setting for the upstream GFP is higher than the opening time of the downstream protection device. Furthermore, it is essential that the intentional time-delay applied to the upstream protection device observes the maximum insulation fault elimination time defined by NEC § 230.95 (i.e. 1 s for 3000 A).

#### I<sub>g</sub> D1 ≥ 1.3 I<sub>g</sub> D2 T<sub>g</sub> D1 > T<sub>g</sub> D2 (One band)

(1) GFP : Ground Fault Protection.

#### Residual current devices

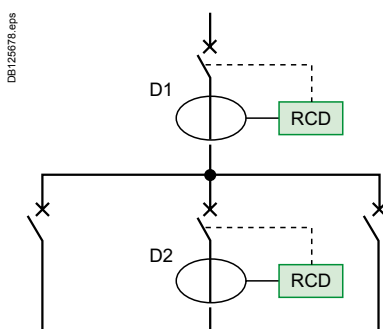
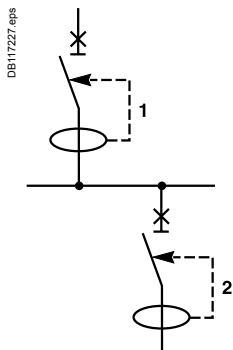
Discrimination of residual current devices (RCD) is also necessary to ensure good continuity of service for the final user. Consequently, any pair of upstream/downstream residual current devices on the distribution network must meet the following conditions:

■ the sensitivity of the upstream residual current device must be at least equal to three times the sensitivity of the downstream residual current device ( $I_{\Delta n} D1 \geq 3 \times I_{\Delta n} D2$ ),

■ the upstream residual current device must be:

- of the selective (S) type (or setting) if the downstream residual current device is an instantaneous type,
- of the delayed (R) type (or setting) if the downstream residual current device is a selective type.

The minimum non-tripping time of the upstream device will therefore be greater than the maximum tripping time of the downstream device for all current values ( $\Delta t (D1) > \Delta t (D2)$ ).



# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination of modular circuit breakers

### Using the discrimination tables

Depending on the network and the type of downstream circuit breaker, the selection table below indicates which table should be consulted to find out the discrimination value.

The discrimination values are given in colour-coded tables.

■ For 220-240 V/380-415 V networks:

□ in the case of a 2P downstream circuit breaker in a single-phase network (220-240 V), refer to the light green tables,

□ in the case of 1P, 1P+N, 3P, 3P+N, 4P and 2P circuit breakers in a two-phase network (380-415 V), refer to the dark green tables.

### Selection table

		Upstream network		
		 DB123966 eps	 DB123968 eps	 DB123967 eps
Type of Downstream network	Type of Downstream protection device	Ph/N 220-240 V	Ph/N 220-240 V Ph/Ph 380-415 V	Ph/Ph 380-415 V
 DB124076 eps	 DB123991 eps	□	□	□
	 DB124191 eps	□	□	□
	 DB123992 eps	□	□	□
 DB124192 eps	 DB123991 eps	□	□	□
 DB124080 eps	 DB123993 eps	□	□	□
 DB124081 eps	 DB123994 eps	□	□	□
	 DB123993 eps	□	□	□
	 DB123995 eps	□	□	□

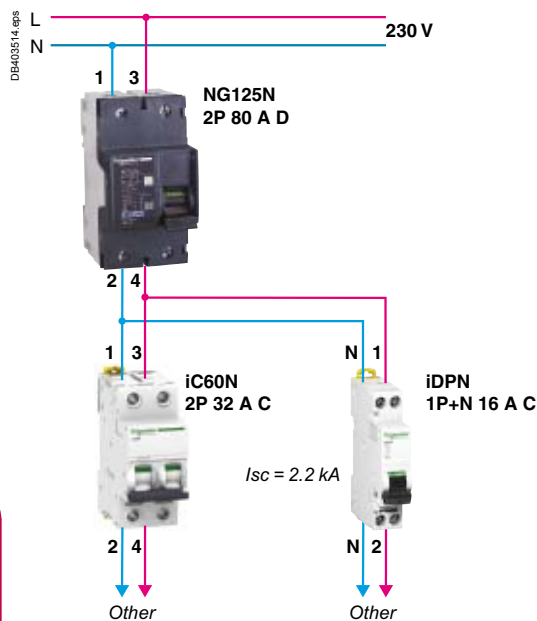
**Note:** this selection table shows you the colour.

By taking your downstream protection device, the type of upstream network and its voltage you can refer to the corresponding discrimination table.

# Coordination between circuit breakers

Discrimination of modular circuit breakers

## Example: solution diagram



Upstream we have a NG125N 80 A 2P curve D and downstream an iC60N 32 A 2P curve C. The network is 230 V between phase and neutral.  
By referring to the light green table on the discrimination page for NG125N curve D with iC60 downstream, we find 2200 A.

If the downstream product is replaced by an iDPN 1P+N curve C, you will use the dark green table for NG125N curve D and iDPN1P+N downstream.  
The discrimination level is 2400 A for a 16 A.

### Specifications

We want to achieve continuity of service in the event of a fault downstream of the NG125N 80 A. This circuit has an  $I_{sc}$  of 2.2 kA under a voltage of 230 V. By referring to the table for 230 V, 1P+N network, we find that for an upstream NG125N curve D with a rating of 80 A, we can have total discrimination up to 16 A if we use an iC60N 1P+N and up to 32 A with an iC60N 2P.

Upstream		NG125N/H/L										
		Curve D										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
Downstream	2P (220-240 V) single-phase network											
Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	1200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	21	3400	3400	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	18	1200	1300	5800	5600	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6	15	700	720	1900	1900	6000	11000	T	T	T	T
	10		22	480	1200	1200	2200	4200	10000	T	T	T
	13			28	51	900	1800	3000	7300	8000	T	T
	16				35	740	1300	2200	4700	5400	T	T
	20					46	88	1700	3500	3500	6900	T
	25						56	600	2500	2500	4600	6800
	32							80	2000	2200	3400	4400
	40								756	1900	2900	3500
	50									960	2300	2800
	63										2300	2800

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

$I_s > I_{sc}$  Total discrimination

# Coordination between circuit breakers

## Discrimination of modular circuit breakers

### Contents

Downstream		Upstream								
Type		iDPN, iDPN N			iC60N/H/L			NG125N/H/L, C120N/H		
	Curve	B	C	D	B	C	D	B	C	D
iDPN	B	page 575	page 576	page 577	page 578	page 585	page 580	page 588	page 590	page 592
	C	page 575	page 576	page 577	page 578	page 585	page 580	page 588	page 590	page 592
	D	page 575	page 576	page 577	page 578	page 585	page 580	page 588	page 590	page 592
iDPN N	B	page 575	page 576	page 577	page 578	page 585	page 580	page 589	page 591	page 593
	C	page 575	page 576	page 577	page 578	page 585	page 580	page 589	page 591	page 593
	D	page 575	page 576	page 577	page 578	page 585	page 580	page 589	page 591	page 593
iC60N/H/L	B	–	–	–	page 582-583	page 584-585	page 586-587	page 594-601	page 596-597	page 598-599
	C	–	–	–	page 582-583	page 584-585	page 586-587	page 594-601	page 596-597	page 598-599
	D	–	–	–	page 582-583	page 584-585	page 586-587	page 594-601	page 596-597	page 598-599
C120, NG125	B	–	–	–	–	–	–	page 600-601	page 602-603	page 604-605
	C	–	–	–	–	–	–	page 600-601	page 602-603	page 604-605
	D	–	–	–	–	–	–	page 600-601	page 602-603	page 604-605

### Discrimination between circuit breakers

In the following tables we show the level of discrimination between two LV circuits that are protected by modular circuit breakers.

This discrimination will be either:

- total: represented by a T (up to the breaking capacity of the downstream device),
- partial: discrimination limit current (I<sub>s</sub>) indicated. Below this value discrimination is ensured, above this value the upstream device is also involved in breaking,
- zero: no discrimination ensured.



# Discrimination table

Upstream: iDPN, iDPN N curve B

Downstream: iDPN/iDPN N curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iDPN, iDPN N Curve B										
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	16	20	25	32	40
<b>Downstream</b>												
<b>1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN	1		8	12	20	30	70	150	250	350	610	980
iDPN N	2			12	16	30	60	110	180	240	340	450
Curve B	3					30	40	64	140	190	280	350
	4					10	40	64	120	160	220	280
	6						40	64	80	100	130	160
	10							64	80	100	130	160
	16									100	130	160
	20										130	160
	25											160
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN	1		6	12	20	30	70	150	250	350	610	980
iDPN N	2				12	30	60	110	180	240	340	450
Curve C	3					13	40	64	140	190	280	350
	4						32	64	120	160	220	280
	6							51	80	100	130	160
	10								64	80	130	160
	16										102	128
	20											128
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN	1				12	30	70	150	250	350	610	980
iDPN N	2					19	60	110	180	240	340	450
Curve D	3						32	64	140	190	280	350
	4							51	120	160	220	280
	6								64	80	130	160
	10										102	128
	16											128

*Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.*

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iDPN, iDPN N curve C

Downstream: iDPN/iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iDPN, iDPN N Curve C										
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	16	20	25	32	40
<b>Downstream 1P+N 3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN	1		16	24	32	70	180	400	630	1200	T	T
iDPN N	2			24	32	48	140	270	350	510	820	830
Curve B	3				32	48	80	210	290	380	630	650
	4					48	80	130	240	320	480	510
	6						80	130	160	200	320	380
	10							130	160	200	260	320
	16								160	200	260	320
	20										260	320
	25											320
	32											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN	1		16	24	32	70	180	400	630	1200	T	T
iDPN N	2			24	32	48	140	270	350	510	820	830
Curve C	3				9	48	80	210	290	380	630	650
	4					10	80	130	240	320	480	510
	6						80	130	160	200	320	380
	10							130	160	200	260	320
	16								45	200	260	320
	20										260	320
	25											320
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN	1		16	24	32	70	180	400	630	1200	T	T
iDPN N	2				25	48	140	270	350	510	820	830
Curve D	3					13	80	210	290	380	630	650
	4						80	130	240	320	480	510
	6							128	160	200	320	380
	10								128	200	260	320
	16									141	153	320
	20											256

**Note:** if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iDPN, iDPN N curve D

Downstream: iDPN/iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream In (A)	iDPN, iDPN N Curve D										
	1	2	3	4	6	10	16	20	25	32	40

Downstream	1P+N	3P, 3P+N
------------	------	----------

Discrimination limit (A)												
iDPN iDPN N Curve B	1		24	36	70	170	380	1200	T	T	T	T
	2			36	48	130	250	490	780	1100	1600	2300
	3				48	72	210	410	640	890	1400	1900
	4					72	120	330	500	670	970	1400
	6						120	190	390	520	740	1000
	10							190	240	300	580	810
	16									300	380	480
	20										380	480
	25											480
	32											480
	40											480

Discrimination limit (A)												
iDPN iDPN N Curve C	1		24	36	70	170	380	1200	T	T	T	T
	2			36	48	130	250	490	780	1100	1600	2300
	3				9	72	210	410	640	890	1400	1900
	4					10	120	330	500	670	970	1400
	6							190	390	520	740	1000
	10							190	240	300	580	810
	16									300	380	480
	20										380	480
	25											480

Discrimination limit (A)												
iDPN iDPN N Curve D	1		24	36	70	170	380	1200	T	T	T	T
	2			36	48	130	250	490	780	1100	1600	2300
	3					14	210	410	640	890	1400	1900
	4					10	120	330	500	670	970	1400
	6						120	190	390	520	740	1000
	10							190	240	300	580	810
	16									300	380	480
	20										380	480
	25											480

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve B

Downstream: iDPN/iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L Curve B												
In (A)		2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63
<b>Downstream 1P+N 3P, 3P+N</b>														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>														
iDPN	1	8	12	16	30	60	80	110	130	150	270	410	450	620
iDPN N	2		12	16	24	40	50	90	80	100	220	300	330	440
Curve B	3				24	40	50	64	80	100	210	270	300	410
	4				14	40	50	64	80	100	190	270	300	380
	6					40	50	64	80	100	130	240	250	250
	10							64	80	100	130	160	200	250
	16									100	130	160	200	250
	20										130	160	200	250
	25											160	200	250
	32												200	250
	40													250
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>														
iDPN	1		12	16	30	60	80	110	130	150	270	410	450	620
iDPN N	2			5	24	40	50	90	80	100	220	300	330	440
Curve C	3				17	40	50	64	80	100	210	270	300	410
	4					34	50	64	80	100	190	270	300	380
	6							47	80	100	130	240	250	250
	10								64	80	130	160	200	250
	16										102	128	200	250
	20											128	160	250
	25												160	201
	32													201
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>														
iDPN	1			12	30	60	80	110	130	150	270	410	450	620
iDPN N	2				19	40	50	90	80	100	220	300	330	440
Curve D	3					32	50	64	80	100	210	270	300	410
	4							51	80	100	190	270	300	380
	6								59	78	130	240	250	250
	10										102	128	200	250
	16											128	160	201
	20												160	201
	25													201

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve C

Downstream: iDPN/iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L													
		Curve C													
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63
<b>Downstream</b>															
<b>1P+N</b>															
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>															
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iDPN	1		16	24	32	48	80	100	210	270	390	540	790	1500	1600
iDPN N	2			24	32	48	80	100	130	160	300	410	540	910	930
Curve B	3				5	48	80	100	130	160	200	260	510	750	760
	4					48	80	100	130	160	200	260	480	720	760
	6						80	100	130	160	200	260	320	400	500
	10							100	130	160	200	260	320	400	500
	16										200	260	320	400	500
	20											260	320	400	500
	25												320	400	500
	32													400	500
	40														500
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iDPN	1		16	24	32	48	80	100	210	270	390	540	790	1500	1600
iDPN N	2			24	32	48	80	100	130	160	300	410	540	910	930
Curve C	3					48	80	100	130	160	200	260	510	750	760
	4					14	80	100	130	160	200	260	480	720	760
	6						80	100	130	160	200	260	320	400	500
	10								130	160	200	260	320	400	500
	16										83	260	320	400	500
	20											260	320	400	500
	25												124	400	500
	32													163	500
	40														186
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iDPN	1		16	24	32	48	80	100	210	270	390	540	790	1500	1600
iDPN N	2				25	48	80	100	130	160	300	410	540	910	930
Curve D	3						80	100	130	160	200	260	510	750	760
	4						80	100	130	160	200	260	480	720	760
	6							100	130	160	200	260	320	400	500
	10										200	260	320	400	500
	16										83	165	320	400	500
	20												151	400	500
	25													176	500
	32														255

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve D

Downstream: iDPN/iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L Curve D														
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	
<b>Downstream 1P+N 3P, 3P+N</b>																
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iDPN	1		30	50	70	72	120	260	350	540	700	1100	1500	2000	2000	
iDPN N Curve B	2			36	48	72	120	160	190	390	510	700	960	1500	2000	
	3				5	72	120	160	190	360	450	580	840	1200	1500	
	4					72	120	160	190	240	450	580	780	1100	1400	
	6						120	160	190	240	300	380	720	1000	1200	
	10							160	190	240	300	380	480	600	760	
	16										300	380	480	600	760	
	20											380	480	600	760	
	25												480	600	760	
	32													600	760	
	40														760	
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iDPN	1		30	50	70	72	120	260	350	540	700	1100	1500	2000	2000	
iDPN N Curve C	2			36	48	72	120	160	190	390	510	700	960	1500	2000	
	3				5	72	120	160	190	360	450	580	840	1200	1500	
	4					14	120	160	190	240	450	580	780	1100	1400	
	6						120	160	190	240	300	380	720	1000	1200	
	10							34	190	240	300	380	480	600	760	
	16										300	380	480	600	760	
	20											380	480	600	760	
	25												124	600	760	
	32													163	760	
	40														186	
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iDPN	1		30	50	70	72	120	260	350	540	700	1100	1500	2000	2000	
iDPN N Curve D	2			36	48	72	120	160	190	390	510	700	960	1500	2000	
	3					17	120	160	190	360	450	580	840	1200	1500	
	4					14	120	160	190	240	450	580	780	1100	1400	
	6						120	160	190	240	300	380	720	1000	1200	
	10								57	240	300	380	480	600	760	
	16											83	380	480	600	760
	20												155	151	600	760
	25													124	180	760
	32														163	760
	40															186

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 2.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.



# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve B

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L														
		Curve B														
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	
<b>Downstream</b>		1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	4	10	40	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	1		10	12	16	40	70	120	170	210	300	780	1300	1700	4000	
	2			12	16	30	60	90	130	140	200	370	520	630	960	
	3					30	40	70	90	120	150	250	380	460	670	
	4					30	40	52	90	80	100	250	310	380	470	
	6						40	52	64	80	100	190	290	300	440	
	10								64	80	100	130	240	200	380	
	13									80	100	130	240	200	250	
	16										100	130	160	200	250	
	20											130	160	200	250	
	25												160	200	250	
	32													200	250	
	40														250	
	50															
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5		10	40	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	1				16	30	70	120	170	210	300	780	1300	1700	4000	
	2				16	18	60	90	130	160	200	370	520	630	960	
	3					15	40	70	90	120	150	250	380	460	670	
	4						27	52	90	80	100	250	310	380	470	
	6								51	80	100	190	290	300	440	
	10									64	80	130	240	200	250	
	13											102	160	200	250	
	16												102	128	200	250
	20													128	160	250
	25														160	200
	32															200
	<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
	iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5			30	50	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1					12	30	60	120	170	210	300	780	1300	1700	4000	
2						19	40	70	110	140	180	370	520	630	860	
3							31	41	90	120	150	250	380	460	670	
4									48	80	100	220	310	340	470	
6										64	80	190	240	300	380	
10												100	128	200	250	
13													128	160	250	
16													128	160	200	
20														160	200	
25														200		

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.



# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve B

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L														
		Curve B														
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>2P (220-240 V) single-phase network</b>														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	4	210	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	1		10	20	20	60	110	260	530	790	2000	T	T	T	T	
	2			12	16	30	70	140	200	250	400	880	1700	2500	5300	
	3					30	40	90	130	160	250	550	800	1100	1400	
	4						40	70	110	120	180	370	520	630	960	
	6							40	52	64	80	100	270	380	460	630
	10									64	80	100	190	290	300	440
	13										80	100	130	240	200	380
	16											100	130	240	200	250
	20												130	160	200	250
	25													160	200	250
	32														200	250
	40															250
	50															250
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>																
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5		170	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	1				20	60	110	260	530	790	2000	T	T	T	T	
	2				16	18	70	140	200	250	400	880	1700	2500	5300	
	3					15	40	90	130	160	230	550	800	1100	1400	
	4						27	70	90	120	180	370	520	630	860	
	6								51	80	100	230	380	410	630	
	10									64	80	130	240	300	440	
	13											102	240	200	380	
	16												102	128	200	250
	20													128	160	250
	25														160	200
	32															200
	<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
	iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1					12	50	110	260	530	790	2000	T	T	T	T	
2						19	60	120	200	250	350	1100	1700	2500	5300	
3							31	41	110	140	230	490	800	960	1400	
4									48	80	150	310	450	630	860	
6										64	80	230	330	410	500	
10												100	128	200	380	
13													128	160	250	
16													128	160	200	
20														160	200	
25														200		

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current (Ik1).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current (If) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve C

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L													
		Curve C													
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63
<b>Downstream</b>		1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P													
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L	0.5	8	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curve B	1	16	24	32	70	180	210	370	590	1100	2400	7000	T	T	
	2		24	32	48	140	160	220	310	460	780	1200	2000	2000	
	3			5	48	120	104	190	280	380	580	820	1400	1400	
	4				14	80	104	130	240	300	430	590	1000	1100	
	6					80	104	130	160	200	380	480	770	850	
	10						104	130	160	200	260	320	680	500	
	13								160	200	260	320	600	500	
	16									200	260	320	600	500	
	20										260	320	400	500	
	25											320	400	500	
	32												400	500	
	40													500	
	50														500
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L	0.5	8	50	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curve C	1	16	24	32	70	180	210	370	590	1100	2400	7900	T	T	
	2		24	32	48	120	160	220	310	460	780	1200	2000	2000	
	3				16	80	104	190	280	380	480	820	1400	1400	
	4				14	80	104	130	160	300	430	590	1000	1100	
	6					80	104	130	160	200	380	480	770	850	
	10							130	160	200	260	320	680	500	
	13								55	200	260	320	600	500	
	16									78	260	320	400	500	
	20										260	320	400	500	
	25											127	400	500	
	32												168	500	
	40													500	
	50														500
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L	0.5		50	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curve D	1		24	32	70	180	210	370	590	1100	2400	7900	T	T	
	2			25	48	120	160	220	310	460	680	1200	2000	2000	
	3				15	80	104	130	240	380	480	710	1400	1400	
	4					28	100	130	160	300	430	590	1000	910	
	6							130	160	200	260	480	770	760	
	10								73	200	260	320	600	500	
	13									79	260	320	600	500	
	16									71	194	320	400	500	
	20											135	400	500	
	25												174	500	
	32													277	
	40														

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve C

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L													
		Curve C													
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>2P (220-240 V) single-phase network</b>													
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1		20	40	50	120	540	940	2700	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2			24	32	70	210	260	430	800	1500	3600	7900	52000	53000
	3				5	48	140	180	250	450	710	1200	2100	11000	9800
	4					14	120	160	220	310	460	680	940	2000	2000
	6						80	104	130	240	350	510	770	1300	1100
	10							104	130	160	200	380	550	930	950
	13									160	200	260	480	770	760
	16										200	260	320	400	500
	20											260	320	400	500
	25												320	400	500
	32													400	500
	40														500
	50														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1		20	40	50	120	540	940	2700	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2			24	32	70	210	260	430	660	1500	3600	7900	60000	53000
	3					16	140	180	250	380	710	1200	2100	11000	9800
	4					14	120	104	190	310	460	680	940	2000	2000
	6						80	104	130	160	350	510	620	1300	1100
	10								130	160	200	260	480	770	850
	13									55	200	260	480	770	760
	16										78	260	320	400	500
	20											260	320	400	500
	25												127	400	500
	32													168	500
	40														500
	50														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1			30	50	120	540	940	2700	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2				25	48	210	260	430	800	1500	3600	7900	60000	53000
	3					15	120	160	250	380	630	1200	2100	11000	9800
	4						28	100	190	280	460	680	940	2000	2000
	6								130	160	300	450	620	1100	1100
	10									73	200	260	480	770	850
	13										79	260	320	680	760
	16										71	194	320	400	500
	20												135	400	500
	25													174	500
	32														277
	40														

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current (Ik1).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current (If) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve D

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream In (A)	iC60N/H/L Curve D													
	1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63

<b>Downstream</b>	1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P
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**Discrimination limit (A)**

iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1			30	50	70	150	290	510	770	2000	3900	T	T	T	T
2				36	48	110	210	300	450	730	890	1400	2300	5000	6800
3					5	72	180	230	330	550	670	1100	1300	2800	4300
4						72	120	160	290	410	560	840	1000	2000	2400
6							120	160	190	360	450	660	910	1300	1600
10								28	190	240	300	380	720	1100	1400
13										240	300	380	480	900	1100
16											300	380	480	900	1100
20												380	480	600	760
25													480	600	760
32														600	760
40															760
50															

**Discrimination limit (A)**

iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1			30	50	70	150	290	510	770	2000	3900	T	T	T	T
2				36	48	110	210	300	450	730	890	1600	2300	5000	6800
3					5	15	120	230	330	550	670	1100	1300	2800	4300
4						13	120	160	290	410	560	710	1000	2000	2400
6							120	160	190	360	450	660	910	1300	1600
10								28	49	240	300	380	720	1100	1100
13										52	300	380	480	900	1100
16											71	380	480	900	760
20												380	480	600	760
25													105	600	760
32														153	760
40															760
50															

**Discrimination limit (A)**

iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5	20	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1			30	50	70	150	290	510	770	2000	3900	T	T	T	T
2				36	48	110	210	300	370	640	890	1600	2300	5000	6800
3						15	120	230	330	450	670	970	1300	2800	3800
4						13	28	160	190	410	560	710	1000	1600	2400
6							32	160	190	240	450	580	810	1300	1600
10									49	73	300	380	480	1100	1100
13										52	80	380	480	900	1100
16											71	380	480	900	760
20												105	135	600	760
25													105	174	760
32														153	760
40															245
50															

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: iC60N/H/L curve D

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		iC60N/H/L													
		Curve D													
In (A)		1	2	3	4	6	10	13	16	20	25	32	40	50	63
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>2P (220-240 V) single-phase network</b>													
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1		50	100	130	340	1600	10000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2			50	80	150	350	650	1100	2600	5800	16000	45000	T	T
	3				5	110	240	370	530	920	1600	3800	9500	T	T
	4					72	180	270	370	640	890	1400	2300	7100	12000
	6						120	160	290	480	590	900	1300	2200	2600
	10							28	190	360	450	660	910	1500	1900
	13									240	450	580	810	1300	1600
	16										300	380	720	1100	1400
	20											380	480	900	1100
	25												480	900	760
	32													600	760
	40														760
	50														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1		50	100	130	340	1600	10000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2			50	70	150	350	580	1100	2600	5800	16000	45000	T	T
	3				5	15	240	370	530	920	1600	3800	9500	T	T
	4					13	180	270	370	640	890	1400	1900	7100	12000
	6						120	160	290	480	590	900	1300	2200	2600
	10							28	190	360	450	660	910	1500	1900
	13									52	300	580	810	1300	1600
	16										71	380	720	1100	1400
	20											380	480	900	1100
	25												105	600	760
	32													153	760
	40														760
	50														
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>															
iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1		40	80	130	340	1600	10000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2			50	70	150	350	650	1200	2600	5800	16000	45000	T	T
	3					15	210	300	530	920	1600	3800	9500	T	T
	4					13	28	230	370	640	890	1400	1900	7100	12000
	6						32	160	190	420	590	900	1100	2200	2600
	10							49	73	450	660	910	1500	1900	
	13									52	300	380	720	1300	1600
	16										71	380	480	1100	1400
	20											105	480	900	1100
	25												105	174	760
	32													153	760
	40														245
	50														

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current (Ik1).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current (If) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve B

Downstream: iDPN curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve B										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>												
<b>1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discriminaaation limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve B	1	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	T	T	T	T
	3	40	64	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	40	64	80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6	40	64	80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10		64	80	100	130	500	600	1800	3000	T	T
	16				100	130	160	200	1000	2000	3300	3750
	20					52	160	200	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25						59	200	800	1300	2100	3700
	32							200	600	1000	1800	2700
	40								112	320	1600	2400
<b>Discriminaaation limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve C	1	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	T	T	T	T
	3	40	64	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	40	64	80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6		51	80	100	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10				80	130	500	600	1800	3000	4000	T
	16					98	128	200	1000	2000	3300	3700
	20						128	160	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25							160	201	1300	2100	3700
	32								201	256	1800	2700
	40									255	320	2400
<b>Discriminaaation limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve D	1	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	T	T	T	T
	3		64	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4			80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6					500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10							600	1800	3000	4000	T
	16								201	2000	3300	3700
	20								201	256	2500	3700
	25								201	256	320	3700
	32									256	320	400
	40										320	400

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve B

Downstream: iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve B										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>												
<b>1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discriminaaation limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve B	1	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	T	T	T	T
	3	40	64	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	40	64	80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6	40	64	80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10		64	80	100	130	500	600	1800	3000	T	T
	16				100	130	160	200	1000	2000	3300	3750
	20					52	160	200	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25						59	200	800	1300	2100	3700
	32							200	600	1000	1800	2700
	40								112	320	1600	2400
<b>Discriminaaation limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve C	1	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	T	T	T	T
	3	40	64	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	40	64	80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6		51	80	100	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10				80	130	500	600	1800	3000	4000	T
	16					98	128	200	1000	2000	3300	3700
	20						128	160	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25							160	201	1300	2100	3700
	32								201	256	1800	2700
	40									255	320	2400
<b>Discriminaaation limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve D	1	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	2000	T	T	T	T
	3		64	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4			80	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6					500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10							600	1800	3000	4000	T
	16								201	2000	3300	3700
	20								201	256	2500	3700
	25								201	256	320	3700
	32									256	320	400
	40										320	400

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve C

Downstream: iDPN curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve C										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>												
<b>1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve B	1	300	500	700	1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	200	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	80	130	170	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6	80	130	170	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10		130	160	200	350	500	600	1800	3000	T	T
	16				200	270	340	450	1250	2000	3300	3700
	20					52	320	400	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25						59	400	800	1300	2100	3700
	32							95	600	1000	1800	2700
	40								112	700	1600	2400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve C	1	300	500	700	1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	200	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	21	200	170	400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	6	18	200	170	400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	10		25	160	200	350	500	600	1800	3000	4500	4500
	16				200	270	340	450	1000	2000	3300	3700
	20					52	320	400	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25						59	400	800	1300	2100	3700
	32							95	800	1000	1800	2700
	40								112	257	1600	2400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve D	1	300	500	700	1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	200	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	21	200	170	400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	6				400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	10				200	450	500	600	1800	3000	4500	4500
	16							450	1000	2000	3300	3700
	20								1000	1600	2500	3700
	25								800	1300	2100	3700
	32										1800	2700
	40											2400

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.



# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve C

Downstream: iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve C										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>												
<b>1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve B	1	300	500	700	1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	200	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	80	130	170	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	6	80	130	170	400	500	700	800	3000	T	T	T
	10		130	160	200	350	500	600	1800	3000	T	T
	16				200	270	340	450	1250	2000	3300	3700
	20					52	320	400	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25						59	400	800	1300	2100	3700
	32							95	600	1000	1800	2700
	40								112	700	1600	2400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve C	1	300	500	700	1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	200	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	21	200	170	400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	6	18	200	170	400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	10		25	160	200	350	500	600	1800	3000	4500	4500
	16				200	270	340	450	1000	2000	3300	3700
	20					52	320	400	1000	1600	2500	3700
	25						59	400	800	1300	2100	3700
	32							95	800	1000	1800	2700
	40								112	257	1600	2400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve D	1	300	500	700	1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	150	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	200	300	500	700	1000	1500	T	T	T	T
	4	21	200	170	400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	6				400	500	700	800	3000	4500	4500	T
	10				200	450	500	600	1800	3000	4500	4500
	16							450	1000	2000	3300	3700
	20								1000	1600	2500	3700
	25								800	1300	2100	3700
	32										1800	2700
	40											2400

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve D

Downstream: iDPN curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve D										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream 1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN Curve B	1	350	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	830	2000	2200	4800	T	T	T	T	T
	3	180	610	640	1600	1700	3800	T	T	T	T	T
	4	120	450	500	1000	1100	1900	4600	T	T	T	T
	6	120	340	360	730	740	1200	2600	4700	T	T	T
	10		192	240	550	580	860	1600	2800	3500	5600	T
	16				300	380	480	1200	1900	2400	3600	4200
	20					380	480	1000	1500	2000	2900	3300
	25						59	950	1400	1700	2600	2900
	32							600	1100	1600	2200	2600
	40								756	1400	2100	2400
	<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>											
iDPN Curve C	1	350	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	830	2000	2200	4800	T	T	T	T	T
	3	180	610	640	1600	1700	3800	T	T	T	T	T
	4	120	450	500	1000	1100	1900	4600	T	T	T	T
	6	18	192	360	730	740	1200	2600	4700	T	T	T
	10		29	240	550	580	860	1600	2800	3500	5600	T
	16				49	380	480	1200	1900	2400	3600	4200
	20					52	480	1000	1500	2000	2900	3300
	25						59	600	1400	1700	2600	2900
	32							95	1100	1600	2200	2600
	40								756	960	2100	2400
	<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>											
iDPN Curve D	1	350	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	830	2000	2200	4800	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	610	640	1600	1700	3800	T	T	T	T	T
	4	21	450	500	1000	1100	1900	4600	T	T	T	T
	6	18	192	360	730	740	1200	2600	4700	T	T	T
	10		25	240	300	580	860	1600	2800	3500	5600	T
	16				49	380	480	1200	1900	2400	3600	4200
	20					52	480	1000	1500	2000	2900	3300
	25						59	600	756	1700	2600	2900
	32							95	756	1600	2200	2600
	40								756	960	2100	2400

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve D

Downstream: iDPN N curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve D										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>												
<b>1P+N</b>												
<b>3P, 3P+N</b>												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve B	1	350	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	830	2000	2200	4800	T	T	T	T	T
	3	180	610	640	1600	1700	3800	T	T	T	T	T
	4	120	450	500	1000	1100	1900	4600	T	T	T	T
	6	120	340	360	730	740	1200	2600	4700	6200	T	T
	10		192	240	550	580	860	1600	2800	3500	5600	7300
	16				300	380	480	1200	1900	2400	3600	4200
	20					380	480	1000	1500	2000	2900	3300
	25						59	950	1400	1700	2600	2900
	32							600	1100	1600	2200	2600
	40								756	1400	2100	2400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve C	1	350	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	830	2000	2200	4800	T	T	T	T	T
	3	180	610	640	1600	1700	3800	T	T	T	T	T
	4	120	450	500	1000	1100	1900	4600	T	T	T	T
	6	18	192	360	730	740	1200	2600	4700	6200	T	T
	10		29	240	550	580	860	1600	2800	3500	5600	7300
	16				49	380	480	1200	1900	2400	3600	4200
	20					52	480	1000	1500	2000	2900	3300
	25						59	600	1400	1700	2600	2900
	32							95	1100	1600	2200	2600
	40								756	960	2100	2400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
iDPN N Curve Da	1	350	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	830	2000	2200	4800	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	610	640	1600	1700	3800	T	T	T	T	T
	4	21	450	500	1000	1100	1900	4600	T	T	T	T
	6	18	192	360	730	740	1200	2600	4700	6200	T	T
	10		25	240	300	580	860	1600	2800	3500	5600	7300
	16				49	380	480	1200	1900	2400	3600	4200
	20					52	480	1000	1500	2000	2900	3300
	25						59	600	756	1700	2600	2900
	32							95	756	1600	2200	2600
	40								756	960	2100	2400

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve B

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream	NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
	Curve B										
In (A)	10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125

<b>Downstream</b>	<b>1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P</b>
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Discrimination limit (A)											
iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	70	150	210	350	550	2000	2500	T	T	T
	2	60	110	140	230	310	590	630	1200	2100	3900
	3	40	90	120	180	220	380	460	770	1400	2000
	4	40	64	80	150	190	310	380	570	940	1400
	6	15	64	80	100	130	290	300	440	620	930
	10		22	80	100	130	200	200	380	550	770
	13			28	100	130	160	200	380	480	680
	16				35	130	160	200	250	320	600
	20					46	160	200	250	320	400
	25						56	200	250	320	400
	32							80	250	320	400
	40								250	320	400
	50									320	400
63										500	

Discrimination limit (A)											
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	70	150	210	350	550	2000	2500	T	T	T
	2	40	110	140	230	250	590	630	1200	2100	3900
	3	30	64	120	180	220	380	460	770	1400	2000
	4		64	80	150	190	310	340	570	940	1400
	6			80	100	130	290	300	440	620	930
	10					130	160	200	380	550	770
	13						160	200	250	480	680
	16							200	250	320	600
	20									320	400
	25									320	400
	32										500
	40										500

Discrimination limit (A)											
iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	60	150	210	350	550	2000	2500	T	T	T
	2	40	90	140	200	250	520	630	1200	2100	3900
	3		64	80	180	220	380	380	770	1200	2000
	4			80	150	190	310	340	570	820	1100
	6					130	240	200	440	620	930
	10							200	380	480	770
	13								250	480	680
	16									320	600
	20										400
	25										500
	32										500

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve B

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

<b>Upstream</b>	<b>NG125N/H/L, C120N/H</b>										
	Curve B										
<b>In (A)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>125</b>

<b>Downstream</b>	<b>2P (220-240 V) single-phase network</b>										
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**Discrimination limit (A)**

<b>iC60N/H/L</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>
Curve B	1	120	490	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	60	160	350	500	1200	4200	8100	T	T	T	T
	3	40	110	170	250	520	1300	1900	6700	T	T	T
	4	40	64	80	190	280	630	750	1400	2700	6200	T
	6	15	64	80	150	150	350	430	810	1400	2100	6100
	10		22	80	100	130	160	200	500	840	1300	2500
	13			28	100	130	240	200	440	770	1100	1900
	16				35	130	160	200	380	520	770	1400
	20					46	160	200	250	320	600	1000
	25						56	200	250	320	400	890
	32							80	250	320	400	840
	40								250	320	400	790
	50									320	400	750
	63											500

**Discrimination limit (A)**

<b>iC60N/H/L</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>
Curve C	1	120	490	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	60	160	350	500	1200	4200	8100	T	T	T	T
	3	30	110	170	250	520	1300	1900	6700	T	T	T
	4		64	80	190	280	630	750	1400	2700	6200	T
	6			80	150	150	350	430	810	1400	2100	6100
	10					130	160	200	500	840	1300	2500
	13						160	200	440	620	1100	1900
	16							200	380	520	770	1400
	20									320	600	1000
	25									320	400	890
	32											840
	40											500

**Discrimination limit (A)**

<b>iC60N/H/L</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>
Curve D	1	120	490	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	60	160	350	500	1200	4200	8100	T	T	T	T
	3		110	170	250	520	1300	1900	6700	T	T	T
	4			80	190	280	630	750	1400	2700	6200	T
	6					150	350	430	810	1400	2100	6100
	10							200	500	840	1300	2500
	13								380	620	930	1900
	16									520	770	1400
	20										600	1000
	25											890
	32											

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current ( $I_{k1}$ ).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current ( $I_f$ ) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve C

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream	NG125N/H/L										
	Curve C										
In (A)	10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125

Downstream	1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P
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**Discrimination limit (A)**

iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1	140	490	920	2300	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
2	80	250	380	550	1800	2400	8800	10000	13000	T	T	T
3	80	190	280	380	1200	1400	4600	8000	8500	14000	T	T
4	80	130	240	300	800	820	2000	2300	3400	7000	13000	T
6	15	130	160	200	610	650	1400	2300	2300	3600	6400	T
10		22	160	200	500	510	1100	1300	1600	2200	3600	T
13			28	200	460	470	930	1100	1400	2000	2600	T
16				35	380	430	770	950	1200	1700	2300	T
20					46	320	680	850	960	1500	2100	T
25						56	600	760	960	1200	1800	T
32							80	500	640	1200	1500	T
40								130	640	800	1500	T
50									640	800	1500	T
63										800	1000	T

**Discrimination limit (A)**

iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1	140	490	920	2300	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
2	80	250	380	550	2100	2400	8800	10000	13000	T	T	T
3	80	190	280	380	1200	1400	4600	8000	8500	14000	T	T
4	18	130	160	300	800	820	2000	2300	3400	6000	13000	T
6	15	130	160	200	610	650	1400	2300	2300	3600	5500	T
10		22	160	200	500	510	930	1300	1400	2200	3100	T
13			28	51	420	430	770	1100	1200	2000	2600	T
16				35	256	400	770	950	1200	1700	2300	T
20					46	320	680	850	960	1500	1800	T
25						56	400	760	960	1200	1800	T
32							80	500	640	1200	1500	T
40								500	640	800	1500	T
50									640	800	1000	T
63											1000	T

**Discrimination limit (A)**

iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
1	140	490	920	2300	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
2	80	250	380	550	1800	2400	8800	10000	13000	T	T	T
3	21	190	280	380	1200	1200	4600	8000	8500	14000	T	T
4	18	130	160	300	740	740	2000	2300	3400	6000	13000	T
6		130	160	200	570	600	1400	1900	1800	3600	5500	T
10				200	450	480	930	1300	1400	2200	3100	T
13					256	430	770	950	1200	1700	2600	T
16						320	770	950	960	1500	2300	T
20							400	760	960	1200	1800	T
25									640	1200	1500	T
32									640	800	1500	T
40											1500	T
50											1000	T

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve C

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L										
		Curve C										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
Downstream		2P (220-240 V) single-phase network										
Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curve B	1	950	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	210	1900	4200	10000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	120	780	1300	4700	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	80	310	590	1100	4000	13000	T	T	T	T	T
	6	15	190	330	510	1500	2700	7200	9000	9000	T	T
	10		22	160	300	1000	1400	2700	3500	3500	7400	T
	13			28	200	760	910	2000	2700	2700	4900	8100
	16				35	620	620	1600	2700	2700	3600	5500
	20					46	480	1100	1600	1600	2200	3600
	25						56	930	1200	1200	2000	2600
	32							80	930	960	1700	2300
	40								130	960	1400	2000
	50									640	1200	1900
	63										1200	1700
Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curve C	1	950	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	210	1900	3500	10000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	80	670	1300	4700	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	18	310	590	1100	3600	13000	T	T	T	T	T
	6	15	190	290	510	1500	2700	7200	9000	9000	T	T
	10		22	160	200	890	1200	2700	3700	3700	6600	T
	13			28	51	760	770	2000	2700	2700	4000	7200
	16				35	256	620	1600	2700	2700	3600	4600
	20					46	320	1100	1400	1400	2200	3600
	25						56	400	1100	1200	2000	2600
	32							80	500	960	1400	2300
	40								500	640	1200	2000
	50									640	800	1700
	63											1000
Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curve D	1	950	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	210	1700	3500	10000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	21	550	1300	4700	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	18	310	520	960	3600	13000	T	T	T	T	T
	6		190	240	460	1500	2700	6400	9000	9000	T	T
	10				200	890	1100	2700	3700	3700	6600	T
	13					256	620	2000	2300	2300	4000	7200
	16						320	1400	2300	2300	3100	4600
	20							400	1400	1400	2200	3100
	25									960	1700	2600
	32									640	1400	2000
	40											1800
	50											

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current (Ik1).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current (If) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve D

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream	NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
	Curve D										
In (A)	10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125

<b>Downstream</b>	<b>1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P</b>
-------------------	--

**Discrimination limit (A)**

<b>iC60N/H/L</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>
Curve B	1	410	3800	5200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	920	2600	2700	7400	14000	T	T	T	T
	3	180	610	640	1300	1600	3600	11000	T	T	T	T
	4	120	450	450	890	1100	1900	4100	11000	13000	T	T
	6	15	340	360	730	740	1300	2600	4700	6200	T	T
	10		22	240	590	660	910	1700	2600	3500	T	T
	13			28	300	580	810	1500	2100	2500	4600	T
	16				35	380	720	1300	1900	2400	3600	T
	20					46	480	1100	1600	2000	3000	3600
	25						56	900	1400	1700	2400	2900
	32							83	1100	1700	2400	2600
	40								1100	1400	2100	2300
	50									1400	2000	2300
	63										2000	2300

**Discrimination limit (A)**

<b>iC60N/H/L</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>
Curve C	1	410	3800	5200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	920	2600	2700	7400	T	T	T	T	T
	3	21	530	640	1300	1600	3600	11000	T	T	T	T
	4	18	450	450	890	1100	1900	4100	11000	13000	T	T
	6	15	340	360	730	740	1300	2200	4700	6200	T	T
	10		22	240	590	580	910	1700	2600	3500	T	T
	13			28	51	580	720	1300	2100	2500	4100	T
	16				35	380	480	1100	1900	2400	3600	T
	20					46	88	1100	1600	2000	2700	2900
	25						56	600	1400	1700	2400	2900
	32							80	1100	1400	2400	2600
	40								756	1400	2100	2300
	50									960	2000	2300
	63										1800	2300

**Discrimination limit (A)**

<b>iC60N/H/L</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>T</b>
Curve D	1	410	3800	5200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	240	770	920	2600	2700	6300	T	T	T	T	T
	3	21	530	550	1300	1600	3600	11000	T	T	T	T
	4	18	370	450	890	970	1600	3700	11000	13000	T	T
	6	15	340	360	730	740	1100	2200	4700	5400	T	T
	10		22	240	520	580	810	1500	2600	3000	T	T
	13			28	51	380	720	1300	2100	2500	4100	T
	16				35	380	480	1100	1900	2400	3600	T
	20					46	480	900	1400	1700	2700	2900
	25						56	600	1400	1700	2400	2600
	32							80	1100	1400	2100	2600
	40								756	1400	2100	2300
	50									960	1800	1500
	63										1800	1500

Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination.

No discrimination.



# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve D

Downstream: iC60N/H/L curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream	NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
	Curve D										
In (A)	10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125

Downstream	2P (220-240 V) single-phase network										
------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L Curve B	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	1200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	520	3400	3400	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	120	1200	1300	5800	5600	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6	15	700	720	1900	1900	6000	11000	T	T	T	T
	10		22	540	1200	1200	2600	4200	10000	T	T	T
	13			28	300	900	1800	3400	7300	8000	T	T
	16				35	740	1500	2200	4700	5400	T	T
	20					46	910	1700	3500	3500	6900	T
	25						56	1500	2500	2500	5200	6800
	32							83	2000	2400	3400	4400
	40								1800	1900	2900	4000
	50									1900	2800	3300
63										2300	2800	

Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L Curve C	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	1200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	21	3400	3400	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	18	1200	1300	5800	5600	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6	15	700	720	1900	1900	6000	11000	T	T	T	T
	10		22	480	1200	1200	2200	4200	10000	T	T	T
	13			28	51	900	1800	3000	7300	8000	T	T
	16				35	740	1300	2200	4700	5400	T	T
	20					46	88	1700	3500	3500	6900	T
	25						56	600	2500	2500	4600	6800
	32							80	2000	2200	3400	4400
	40								756	1900	2900	3500
	50									960	2300	2800
63										2300	2800	

Discrimination limit (A)												
iC60N/H/L Curve D	0.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	1	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	2	1200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	3	21	3000	3400	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	4	18	1100	1300	5800	4500	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6	15	600	600	1600	1600	5300	11000	T	T	T	T
	10		22	420	1000	1100	2200	3400	10000	T	T	T
	13			28	51	900	1700	2600	6400	7100	T	T
	16				35	380	1300	2200	3900	4500	T	T
	20					46	480	1500	3000	3500	6000	T
	25						56	600	2100	2500	4100	5900
	32							80	1800	2200	3400	4400
	40								756	1700	2400	2900
	50									960	2300	2800
63										2000	2300	

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current ( $I_{k1}$ ).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current ( $I_f$ ) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve B

Downstream: C120, NG125 curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve B										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>		1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P										
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve B</b>	10			80	100	130	160	200	250	320	400	800
	16				100	130	160	200	250	320	400	750
	20					65	160	200	250	320	400	750
	25						160	200	250	320	400	500
	32							200	250	320	400	500
	40								250	320	400	500
	50									320	400	500
	63										400	500
80											400	400
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve C</b>	10					130	160	200	250	320	400	750
	16							200	250	320	400	500
	20								250	320	400	500
	25									320	400	500
	32										400	500
	40											500
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve D</b>	10							200	250	320	400	750
	16									320	400	500
	20										400	500
	25											500
	32											

**Note:** if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream : NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve B

Downstream : C120, NG125 curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve B										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
Downstream		2P (220-240 V) single-phase network										
Discrimination limit (A)												
C120, NG125 Curve B	10			80	100	130	260	200	400	540	670	1100
	16				100	130	240	200	250	480	630	910
	20					65	160	200	250	320	600	830
	25						160	200	250	320	400	830
	32							200	250	320	400	750
	40								250	320	400	750
	50									320	400	500
	63										400	500
80											400	
Discrimination limit (A)												
C120, NG125 Curve C	10					130	240	200	250	480	670	980
	16							200	250	320	400	830
	20								250	320	400	830
	25									320	400	750
	32										400	500
	40											500
Discrimination limit (A)												
C120, NG125 Curve D	10							200	250	320	630	980
	16									320	400	750
	20										400	750
	25											500
	32											

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current ( $I_{k1}$ ).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current ( $I_f$ ) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve C

Downstream: C120, NG125 curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve C										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P</b>										
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve B</b>	10		130	160	200	260	320	650	820	960	1300	1700
	16				200	260	320	600	760	800	900	1500
	20					65	320	400	500	640	800	1500
	25						320	400	500	640	800	1000
	32							400	500	640	800	1000
	40								500	640	800	1000
	50									640	800	1000
	63										800	1000
	80											1000
	100											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve C</b>	10		39	160	200	260	320	650	760	900	1200	1700
	16				70	110	320	400	500	640	800	1500
	20					65	124	400	500	640	800	1000
	25						89	149	500	640	800	1000
	32							123	240	640	800	1000
	40								181	269	800	1000
	50									227	800	1000
	63										800	1000
	80											1000
	<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>											
<b>C120, NG125 Curve D</b>	10					260	320	600	760	900	1200	1600
	16						320	400	500	640	800	1000
	20							400	500	640	800	1000
	25								500	640	800	1000
	32										800	1000
	40											1000
	50											

*Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.*

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve C

Downstream: C120, NG125 curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H											
		Curve C											
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>2P (220-240 V) single-phase network</b>											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>													
<b>C120, NG125 Curve B</b>	10			130	160	200	480	510	930	1100	1200	1700	2500
	16					200	260	320	800	990	1100	1400	2000
	20						65	320	730	910	1100	1400	1900
	25							320	730	830	960	1200	1600
	32								400	830	960	1200	1600
	40									500	640	800	1500
	50										640	800	1500
	63											800	1000
	80												1000
	100												
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>													
<b>C120, NG125 Curve C</b>	10			39	160	200	260	480	870	1100	1200	1700	2500
	16					70	110	320	730	910	1100	1400	2000
	20						65	124	670	830	960	1300	1700
	25							89	149	500	640	1200	1600
	32								123	240	640	800	1500
	40									181	269	800	1000
	50										227	800	1000
	63											800	1000
	80												1000
	<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve D</b>	10						260	320	800	1100	1100	1600	2200
	16							320	630	830	960	1300	1900
	20								400	760	960	1300	1700
	25									500	640	800	1500
	32											800	1500
	40												1000
	50												

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current ( $I_{k1}$ ).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current ( $I_f$ ) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve D

Downstream: C120, NG125 curves B, C, D

220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve D										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>1P, 1P+N 2P (380-415 V) two-phase network 3P, 3P+N 4P</b>										
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve B</b>	10		190	240	300	380	480	970	1300	1600	2200	2500
	16				300	380	480	600	1100	1400	2000	2300
	20					65	480	600	1100	1400	2000	2300
	25						480	600	760	960	1200	1500
	32							600	760	960	1200	1500
	40								760	960	1200	1500
	50									960	1200	1500
	63										1200	1500
	80											1500
	100											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve C</b>	10		190	240	300	380	480	970	1300	1600	2200	2500
	16				70	110	480	600	1100	1400	2000	2300
	20					65	124	600	1100	1400	2000	2300
	25						89	149	760	960	1200	1500
	32							123	240	960	1200	1500
	40								181	269	1200	1500
	50									227	1200	1500
	63										1200	1500
	80											1500
	100											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve D</b>	10		39	240	300	380	480	970	1300	1600	2200	2500
	16				70	110	480	600	1100	1400	2000	2300
	20					65	124	193	1100	1400	2000	2300
	25						89	149	236	960	1200	1500
	32							123	240	960	1200	1500
	40								181	269	1200	1500
	50									227	1200	1500
	63										1200	1500
	80											1500
	100											

*Note: if you cannot find your combination, refer to the selection table on page 572.*

4000 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG125N/H/L, C120N/H curve D

Downstream: C120, NG125 curves B, C, D

## 220-240/380-415 V

Upstream		NG125N/H/L, C120N/H										
		Curve D										
In (A)		10	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125
<b>Downstream</b>		<b>2P (220-240 V) single-phase network</b>										
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve B</b>	10		190	240	250	380	720	1300	2000	2400	3700	4800
	16				300	380	480	1100	1600	1900	2600	3200
	20					65	480	1100	1500	1800	2600	2900
	25						480	600	1200	1400	2100	2400
	32							600	1200	1400	2100	2400
	40								760	960	1200	1500
	50									960	1200	1500
	63										1200	1500
	80											1500
	100											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve C</b>	10		190	240	250	380	720	1300	2000	2400	3700	4800
	16				70	110	480	1100	1600	1900	2600	3200
	20					65	124	1100	1500	1800	2600	2900
	25						89	149	1200	1400	2100	2400
	32							123	240	1400	2100	2400
	40								181	269	1200	1500
	50									227	1200	1500
	63										1200	1500
	80											1500
	100											
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>												
<b>C120, NG125 Curve D</b>	10		39	240	250	380	720	1300	2000	2400	3700	4800
	16				70	110	480	1100	1600	1900	2600	3200
	20					65	124	193	1500	1800	2600	2900
	25						89	149	236	1400	2100	2400
	32							123	240	1400	2100	2400
	40								181	269	1200	1500
	50									227	1200	1500
	63										1200	1500
	80											1500
	100											

**Note:** the discrimination limits given in the table must be compared to the phase/neutral fault current ( $I_{k1}$ ).  
If the max. phase/earth fault current ( $I_f$ ) is high, the discrimination of this fault current should also be verified by referring to the limits given in the dark green part of the table.

$U_e \leq 440 \text{ V}$

### Contents

Downstream Type	Upstream								
	NG160	NSX100		NSX160		NSX250		NSX400	NSX630
		TM-D	Micrologic	TM-D	Micrologic	TM-D	Micrologic	Micrologic	Micrologic
iDPN	page 607	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 612	page 612
iDPN N	page 607	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 612	page 612
iC60N/H/L	page 607	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 612	page 612
C120, NG125	page 607	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 612	page 612
NG160	-	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 608	page 609	page 612	page 612
NSX100	-	page 610	page 611	page 610	page 611	page 610	page 611	page 612	page 612
NSX160	-	page 610	page 611	page 610	page 611	page 610	page 611	page 612	page 612
NSX250	-	page 610	page 611	page 610	page 611	page 610	page 611	page 612	page 612
NSX400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 612	page 612

### Discrimination between circuit breakers

In the following tables we show the level of discrimination between two LV circuits that are protected by modular circuit breakers.

This discrimination will be either:

- total: represented by a T (up to the breaking capacity of the downstream device),
- partial: discrimination limit current (Is) indicated. Below this value discrimination is ensured, above this value the upstream device is also involved in breaking,
- zero: no discrimination ensured.



# Discrimination table

Upstream: NG160E/N/H

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125

$U_e \leq 440\text{ V}$

Upstream		NG160E/N/H									
In (A)		16	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	160
<b>Downstream</b>											
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>											
iDPN Curves B, C	$\leq 10$	5	5	5	5	5	T	T	T	T	T
	16			3	3	3	T	T	T	T	T
	20				3	3	T	T	T	T	T
	25					3	T	T	T	T	T
	32						4	4	T	T	T
	40							4	T	T	T
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>											
iDPNN Curves C, D	$\leq 10$	5	5	5	5	5	T	T	T	T	T
	16			3	3	3	T	T	T	T	T
	20				3	3	T	T	T	T	T
	25					3	6	6	T	T	T
	32						4	4	7	T	T
	40							4	7	8	8
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>											
iC60N/H Curves B, C, D	$\leq 10$	5	5	5	5	5	10	T	T	T	T
	16			3	3	3	10	T	T	T	T
	20				3	3	10	T	T	T	T
	25					3	6	6	T	T	T
	32						4	4	7	T	T
	40							4	7	8	8
	50								5	8	8
	63									6	6
iC60L Curves B-C-D-K-Z	$\leq 10$	5	5	5	5	5	10	15	T	T	T
	16			3	3	3	10	15	T	T	T
	20				3	3	10	15	T	T	T
	25					3	6	6	T	T	T
	32						4	4	7	T	T
	40							4	7	8	8
	50								5	8	8
	63									6	6
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>											
C120N/H Curves B, C, D	10 (H)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	16 (H)			0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	20 (H)			0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	25 (H)				0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	32 (H)						0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	40 (H)							0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	50 (H)							0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	63									1.25	1.25
	80										1.25
	100										1.25
	125										
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>											
NG125N/H/L Curves B, C, D	10	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	16			0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	20			0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	25				0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	32						0.8	0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	40							0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	50							0.8	1	1.25	1.25
	63									1.25	1.25
	80										1.25
	100 (N)										1.25
	125 (N)										

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: Compact NSX100-250 TM-D

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125-160

U<sub>e</sub> ≤ 440 V

Upstream		NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L/R								NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L				NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L/R			
Trip unit		TM-D								TM-D				TM-D			
In (A)		16	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	80	100	125	160	160	200	250	
<b>Downstream</b>																	
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																	
iDPN Curves B, C	≤ 10	0.19	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	16		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	20			0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	25					0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	32						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	40						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																	
iDPNN Curves C, D	≤ 10	0.19	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	16		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	20			0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	25					0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	32						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	40						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																	
iC60N/H Curves B, C, D	≤ 10	0.19	0.3	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	3	1.3	3	T	T	T	T	T	
	16		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	2	1	2	T	T	T	T	T	
	20			0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	1.5	0.63	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	
	iC60L Curves B-C-D-K-Z	25				0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	1.5	0.63	1.5	T	T	T	T	T
		32						0.5	0.63	1	0.63	1	T	T	T	T	T
		40						0.5	0.63	1	0.63	1	T	T	T	T	T
50								0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
63							0.8		0.8	0.8	T	T	T	T	T		
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																	
C120N/H Curves B, C, D	10 (H)	0.19	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	16 (H)		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	20 (H)			0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	25 (H)					0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	32 (H)						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	40 (H)							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	50 (H)							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	63								0.8		0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	80												2.4	2.4	T	T	
	100														T	T	
	125															T	
	<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
NG125N/H/L Curves B, C, D	10	0.19	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	16		0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	20			0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	T	T	T	T	T	
	25					0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	32						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	40							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	50							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	63								0.8		0.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	
	80												2.4	2.4	T	T	
	100 (N)														T	T	
	125 (N)															T	
	<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
NG160E/N/H	16			0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	T	T	
	25				0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	T	T	
	32						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	T	T	
	40							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	T	T	
	50							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	2	2	2	T	T	
	63								0.8		0.8	2	2	2	T	T	
	80											2	2	2	T	T	
	100												2	2	T	T	
	125														T	T	
	160															T	

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: Compact NSX100-250  
Micrologic  
Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125-160

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L/R								NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L				NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L/R		
Trip unit		Micrologic								Micrologic				Micrologic		
Downstream	Rating (A)	40				100				160				250		
	Setting Ir	16	25	32	40	40	63	80	100	80	100	125	160	160	200	250
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
iDPN Curves B, C	≤ 10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	16		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	20			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	25				T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	32						T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	40							T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
iDPNN Curves C, D	≤ 10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	16		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	20			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	25				T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	32						T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	40							T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
iC60N/H Curves B, C, D	≤ 10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	16		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	20			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
iC60L Curves B-C-D-K-Z	25				T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	32						T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	40							T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	50								6	6	T	T	T	T	T	T
	63									6		T	T	T	T	T
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
C120N/H Curves B, C, D	10 (H)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	16 (H)		0.6	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	20 (H)			0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	25 (H)				0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	32 (H)						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	40 (H)						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	50 (H)							1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	63								1.5		2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	80											2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	100												2.4	T	T	T
	125														T	T
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
NG125N/H/L Curves B, C, D	10	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	16		0.6	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	20			0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	25				0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	32						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	40						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	50							1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	63								1.5		2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	80											2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	100 (N)												2.4	T	T	T
	125 (N)														T	T
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
NG160E/N/H	16				0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	25					1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	32						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	40							1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	50							1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	63								1.5		2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	80											2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	100												2.4	T	T	T
	125														T	T
	160															T

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: Compact NSX100-250 TM-D

Downstream: Compact NSX100-250

TM-D - Micrologic

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream	NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L/R								NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L				NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L/R		
Trip unit	TM-D								TM-D				TM-D		
In (A)	16	25	32	40	50	63	80	100	80	100	125	160	160	200	250

Downstream																
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX100 B/F TM-D	16				0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	25					0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	32						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	40							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	50							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	63								0.8		0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	80											1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
100												1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX100 N/H/S/L/R TM-D	16				0.5	0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	25					0.5	0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	T	T
	32						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	36	36
	40							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	36	36
	50							0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	36	36
	63								0.8		0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	36	36
	80											1.25	1.25	1.25	36	36
100												1.25	1.25	36	36	
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L TM-D	≤ 63											1.25	1.25	1.25	4	5
	80											1.25	1.25	1.25	4	5
	100												1.25	1.25	4	5
	160															5
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D	≤ 100													1.25	2	2.5
	125														2	2.5
	160															2.5
	200															
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	40						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	2	2.5
	100												1.25	1.25	2	2.5
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic	40						0.5	0.63	0.8	0.63	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.25	2	2.5
	100												1.25	1.25	2	2.5
	160															2.5
Discrimination limit (kA)																
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	≤ 100													1.25	2	2.5
	160															2.5
	250															

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: Compact NSX100-250  
Micrologic  
Downstream: Compact NSX100-250  
TM-D - Micrologic

$U_e \leq 440\text{ V}$

Upstream		NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L/R								NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L				NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L/R		
Trip unit		Micrologic								Micrologic				Micrologic		
Downstream	Rating (A)	40				100				160				250		
	Setting Ir	16	25	32	40	40	63	80	100	80	100	125	160	160	200	250
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX100 B/F TM-D	16					1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	25					1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	32						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	40							1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	50								1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	63										2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	80											2.4	2.4	T	T	T
100												2.4	T	T	T	
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX100 N/H/S/L/R TM-D	16					1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	25					1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	T	T	T
	32						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	36	36	36
	40							1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	36	36	36
	50								1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	36	36	36
	63										2.4	2.4	2.4	36	36	36
	80											2.4	2.4	36	36	36
100												2.4	36	36	36	
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX160 ≤ 63 B/F/N/H/S/L TM-D	80										2.4	2.4	2.4	3	3	3
	100											2.4	2.4	3	3	3
	160												2.4	3	3	3
	160															3
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX250 ≤ 100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D	125													3	3	3
	160														3	3
	200															3
	200															
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX100 40 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	100						1.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	36	36	36
	100												2.4	36	36	36
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX160 40 B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic	100									2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	3	3	3
	160												2.4	3	3	3
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NSX250 ≤ 100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	160													3	3	3
	250															3

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: Compact NSX400-630  
Micrologic  
Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125-160, Compact NSX100-400

$U_e \leq 440\text{ V}$

Upstream		NSX400F/N/H/S/L/R					NSX630F/N/H/S/L/R				
Trip unit		Micrologic					Micrologic				
Downstream	Rating (A)	400					630				
	Setting Ir	160	200	250	320	400	250	320	400	500	630
Discrimination limit (kA)											
iDPN		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
iDPNN		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
iC60N/H/L		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
C120N/H	≤ 80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	125			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
NG125N/H/L	≤ 80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	125			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
NG160E/N/H	≤ 80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	125		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	160			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D	≤ 80	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L TM-D	≤ 100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	125		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D	160			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	200				4.8	4.8		T	T	T	T
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D	250					4.8			T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Discrimination limit (kA)											
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic	40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	160			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	200										
Discrimination limit (kA)											
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	≤ 100	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	T	T	T	T	T
	160			4.8	4.8	4.8	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX400 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	250					4.8			T	T	T
	320										
Compact NSX400 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	400						6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9
								6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9
									6.9	6.9	6.9
										6.9	6.9

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566.

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/12/16 H1/H2																													
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0				Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In				Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF																					
Downstream	Rating (A)	630			800			1000			1250			1600			630			800			1000			1250			1600		
	Setting Ir	250	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	250	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	250	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	250	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600		
Discrimination limit (kA)																															
iDPN, iDPNN		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
iC60		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
C120N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
NG125N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
NG125L		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
NG160E/N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX250 ≤ 125 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		200		T	T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T			
		250		T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T					
Compact NSX100 40 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX160 40 B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX250 ≤ 100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		250		T	T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T					
Compact NSX400 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		200		T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T					
		250		T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T					
		320			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T			
		400			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T			
Compact NSX630 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		250		T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			
		320			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T			
		400			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T				T	T	T			
		500				T	T	T					T	T	T	T					T	T	T	T							
		630					T	T	T					T	T	T											T	T	T		

Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/12/16 H1																			
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF							
Downstream	Rating (A)	630		800		1000		1250		1600		630		800		1000		1250		1600	
	Setting Ir	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600		
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																					
Compact NS630b	250	4	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	9.4	9.4	12	15	18.7	24	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	N/H		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T	
		500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T	
		630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T	
Compact NS800	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T		
	N/H		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T		
	Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T		
		500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T		
		630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24			T	T	T		
Compact NS1000	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T		
	N/H			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T		
	Micrologic	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T		
		630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T		
		800					12.5	16					18.7	24					T		
Compact NS1250	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T		
	N/H				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T		
	Micrologic	630				12.5	16					18.7	24					T	T		
		800					16						24						T		
		1250												24							
Compact NS1600	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T		
	N/H					12.5	16					18.7	24					T	T		
	Micrologic	960					16						24						T		
		1250																			
		1600																			
Compact NS630b	250	4	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T		
	L/LB		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		
	Micrologic	400		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T			
		500			8	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T			
		630				T	T	T				T	T	T				T			
Compact NS800	320		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T			
	L/LB		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T			
	Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	T	T			T	T	T			T	T				
		500			8	10	T	T				T	T	T			T				
		630				10	T	T				T	T	T			T				
Compact NS1000	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	T		9.4	12	T	T	T		T	T	T				
	L			8	10	12.5	T			12	T	T	T			T	T				
	Micrologic	500			8	10	12.5	T				T	T	T			T				
		630				10	12.5	T					T	T			T				
		800					12.5	T						T	T						
	1000						T														

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.



Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/12/16 H1																	
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF					
Downstream	Rating (A)	630		800	1000	1250	1600	630		800	1000	1250	1600	630		800	1000	1250	1600
	Setting Ir	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																			
Masterpact NT06 H1/H2 Micrologic	250	4	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	9.4	9.4	12	15	18.7	24	T	T	T	T	T	T
	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T
Masterpact NT08 H1/H2 Micrologic	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24				T	T	T
Masterpact NT10 H1/H2 Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24					T	T
	1000						16						24						T
Masterpact NT12 H1/H2 Micrologic	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24					T	T
	1000						16						24						T
	1250																		T
Masterpact NT16 H1/H2 Micrologic	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				T	T	T
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24					T	T
	960						16						24						T
	1250																		
	1600																		
Masterpact NT06 L1 Micrologic	250	4	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	320		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				T	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
Masterpact NT08 L1 Micrologic	320		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				10	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
	800					T	T					T	T					T	T
Masterpact NT10 L1 Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	T		9.4	12	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	12.5	T			12	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
	800					12.5	T					T	T					T	T
	1000						T						T						T

- Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/12/16 H2																	
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF					
Downstream	Rating (A)	630		800	1000	1250	1600	630		800	1000	1250	1600	630		800	1000	1250	1600
	Setting Ir	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600
Discrimination limit (kA)																			
Compact NS630b N/H Micrologic	250	4	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	9.4	9.4	12	15	18.7	24	42	42	42	42	42	42
	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				42	42	42
Compact NS800 N/H Micrologic	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24				42	42	42
Compact NS1000 N/H Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24				42	42	42
	1000						16						24					42	42
Compact NS1250 N/H Micrologic	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24				42	42	42
	1000						16						24					42	42
	1250																		42
Compact NS1600 N/H Micrologic	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24				42	42	42
	960						16						24					42	42
	1250																		42
	1600																		42
Compact NS630b L/LB Micrologic	250	4	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	320		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				T	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
Compact NS800 L/LB Micrologic	320		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				10	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
	800					T	T					T	T					T	T
Compact NS1000 L Micrologic	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	T		9.4	12	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	12.5	T			12	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
	800					12.5	T					T	T					T	T
	1000						T						T						T

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/12/16 H2																	
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF					
Downstream	Rating (A)	630		800	1000	1250	1600	630		800	1000	1250	1600	630		800	1000	1250	1600
	Setting Ir	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600	400	630	800	1000	1250	1600
Discrimination limit (kA)																			
Masterpact NT06 H1/H2	250	4	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	9.4	9.4	12	15	18.7	24	42	42	42	42	42	42
	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				42	42	42
Masterpact NT08 H1/H2	320		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24				42	42	42
Masterpact NT10 H1/H2	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	16		9.4	12	15	18.7	24		42	42	42	42	42
	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24					42	42
	1000						16						24						42
Masterpact NT12 H1/H2	500			8	10	12.5	16			12	15	18.7	24			42	42	42	42
	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24					42	42
	1000						16						24						42
	1250																		42
Masterpact NT16 H1/H2	630				10	12.5	16				15	18.7	24				42	42	42
	800					12.5	16					18.7	24					42	42
	960						16						24						42
	1250																		
	1600																		
Masterpact NT06 L1	250	4	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	320		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	T	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				T	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
Masterpact NT08 L1	320		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	400		6.3	8	10	T	T		9.4	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				10	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
	800					T	T					T	T					T	T
Masterpact NT10 L1	400		6.3	8	10	12.5	T		9.4	12	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T
	500			8	10	12.5	T			12	T	T	T			T	T	T	T
	630				10	12.5	T				T	T	T				T	T	T
	800					12.5	T					T	T					T	T
	1000						T						T						T

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/10 L1														
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0					Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In					Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF				
Downstream	Rating (A)	630			800	1000	630			800	1000	630			800	1000
	Setting Ir	250	400	630	800	1000	250	400	630	800	1000	250	400	630	800	1000
Discrimination limit (kA)																
iDPN, iDPNN		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
iC60		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
C120N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
NG125N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
NG125L		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
NG160		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX160 B/F TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX160 N/H/S/L TM-D		36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D	≤ 125	20	20	20	T	T	20	20	20	T	T	20	20	20	T	T
	160	20	20	20	T	T	20	20	20	T	T	20	20	20	T	T
	200		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T
	250		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX160 N/H/S/L Micrologic	40	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T
	100	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T
	160	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T	36	36	36	T	T
Compact NSX250 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	≤ 100	20	20	20	T	T	20	20	20	T	T	20	20	20	T	T
	160		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T
	250		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T		20	20	T	T
Compact NSX400 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	160	6.3	6.3	6.3	10	15	6.3	6.3	6.3	10	15	6.3	6.3	6.3	10	15
	200		6.3	6.3	10	15		6.3	6.3	10	15		6.3	6.3	10	15
	250		6.3	6.3	10	15		6.3	6.3	10	15		6.3	6.3	10	15
	320		6.3	6.3	10	15			6.3	10	15			6.3	10	15
	400			6.3	10	15			6.3	10	15			6.3	10	15
Compact NSX630 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic	250		6.3	6.3	8	10		6.3	6.3	8	10		6.3	6.3	8	10
	320			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	400			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	500				8	10				8	10				8	10
	630					10					10					10

**T** Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

**4** Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NT06/08/10 L1														
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0					Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In					Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF				
Downstream	Rating (A)	630			800	1000	630			800	1000	630			800	1000
	Setting Ir	250	400	630	800	1000	250	400	630	800	1000	250	400	630	800	1000
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																
Compact NS630b N/H/L/LB Micrologic	250		6.3	6.3	8	10		6.3	6.3	8	10		6.3	6.3	8	10
	320			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	400			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	500				8	10				8	10				8	10
	630					10					10					10
Compact NS800 N/H/L/LB Micrologic	320			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	400			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	500				8	10				8	10				8	10
	630					10					10					10
	800															
Compact NS1000 N/H/L Micrologic	400					10					10			6.3	10	10
	500					10					10				10	10
	630					10					10					10
	800															
	1000															
Masterpact NT06 H1/H2/L1 Micrologic	250		6.3	6.3	8	10		6.3	6.3	8	10		6.3	6.3	8	10
	320			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	400			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	500				8	10				8	10				8	10
	630					10					10					10
Masterpact NT08 H1/H2/L1 Micrologic	320			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	400			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10			6.3	8	10
	500				8	10				8	10				8	10
	630					10					10					10
	800															
Masterpact NT10 H1/H2/L1 Micrologic	400					10					10			6.3	10	10
	500					10					10				10	10
	630					10					10					10
	800															
	1000															

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 N1/H1/H2/L1																													
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0								Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In								Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF													
Downstream	Rating (A)	800			1000			1250			1600			2000			800			1000			1250			1600			2000		
	Setting Ir	320	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	320	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	320	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	320	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000		
Discrimination limit (kA)																															
iDPN, iDPNN		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
iC60		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
C120N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
NG125N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
NG125L		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
NG160E/N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX250 ≤ 125 B/F/N/H/S/L/R TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		250		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX160 B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic		40	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX250 ≤ 100 B/F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		250		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX400 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		160	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		200	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		250	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		320		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		400		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
Compact NSX630 F/N/H/S/L/R Micrologic		250	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		320		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		400		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		500			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			
		630				T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T			

Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

No discrimination.

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 N1/H1/H2																			
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF							
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000		1250		1600		2000		800		1000		1250		1600		2000	
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000		
Discrimination limit (kA)																					
Compact NS630bN/H Micrologic	250	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NS800N/H Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NS1000N/H Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
Compact NS1250N/H Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T	T	
Compact NS1600N/H Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
	1250					16	20					24	30						T	T	
Compact NS630bL/LB Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
	960					16	20					24	30					T	T	T	
	1600						20						30							T	
Compact NS800 L/LB Micrologic	250	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	320	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NS1000L Micrologic	630			T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				T	T	T			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NS1000L Micrologic	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T	T	
	800					T	T					T	T					T	T	T	
	1000					T	T						T						T	T	

- Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 N1/H1/H2																			
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF							
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000		1250		1600		2000		800		1000		1250		1600		2000	
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000		
Discrimination limit (kA)																					
Masterpact NT06 H1/H2 Micrologic	250	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT08 H1/H2 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT10 H1/H2 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT12 H1/H2 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T	T	
Masterpact NT16 H1/H2 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T	T	
Masterpact NT16 H1/H2 Micrologic	1250						20						30							T	
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T	T	
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T	T	
	960					16	20					24	30					T	T	T	
Masterpact NT16 H1/H2 Micrologic	1250						20						30							T	
	1600																				
	250	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	320	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT06L Micrologic	400	6.3	8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	
	800				T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT08L Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	
	630			10	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT10L Micrologic	800				T	T	T			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T	
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT10L Micrologic	800				12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T				T	T	T	T	
	1000					T	T						T	T				T	T	T	

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.



Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 N1/H1																	
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF					
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000	1250	1600	2000	800		1000	1250	1600	2000	800		1000	1250	1600	2000
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
Discrimination limit (kA)																			
Masterpact NW08 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW10 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
Masterpact NW12 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW16 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	960					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW20 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
	1600																		T
Masterpact NW08 H2 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW10 H2 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
Masterpact NW12 H2 Micrologic	500					16	20					24	30					T	T
	630		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
Masterpact NW16 H2 Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	960					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW20 H2 Micrologic	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
	1600																		T

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 H2																	
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF					
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000	1250	1600	2000	800		1000	1250	1600	2000	800		1000	1250	1600	2000
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																			
Masterpact NW08 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW10 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
Masterpact NW12 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW16 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	960					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW20 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30					T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30						T
	1250						20						30						T
	1600																		
Masterpact NW08 H2 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	82	82	82	82	82	82
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	82	82	82	82	82	82
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		82	82	82	82	82
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
Masterpact NW10 H2 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	82	82	82	82	82	82
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		82	82	82	82	82
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
Masterpact NW12 H2 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		82	82	82	82	82
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
	1000					16	20					24	30					82	82
Masterpact NW16 H2 Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
	960					16	20					24	30					82	82
	1250						20						30						82
Masterpact NW20 H2 Micrologic	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
	1000					16	20					24	30					82	82
	1250						20						30						82
	1600																		

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 L1																			
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF							
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000		1250		1600		2000		800		1000		1250		1600		2000	
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000		
Discrimination limit (kA)																					
Compact NS630bN/H Micrologic	250	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Compact NS800N/H Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
Compact NS1000N/H Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				37	37	37	37	37
Compact NS1250N/H Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				37	37	37	37	37
	1000					16	20					24	30					37	37	37	37
Compact NS1600N/H Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				37	37	37	37	37
	1250					16	20					24	30					37	37	37	37
Compact NS630bL/LB Micrologic	250	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	320	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS800L/LB Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS1000L Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS1600L Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	T	T				T	T	T				T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS630b-1600	1600												30								37

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 H2																	
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF					
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000	1250	1600	2000	800		1000	1250	1600	2000	800		1000	1250	1600	2000
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																			
Masterpact NW08 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW10 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
Masterpact NW12 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW16 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	960					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
Masterpact NW20 N1/H1/L1 Micrologic	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				T	T	T
	1000					16	20					24	30					T	T
	1250						20						30						T
	1600																		
Masterpact NW08 H2 Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	82	82	82	82	82	82
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	82	82	82	82	82	82
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		82	82	82	82	82
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
Masterpact NW10 H2 Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	82	82	82	82	82	82
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		82	82	82	82	82
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
Masterpact NW12 H2 Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		82	82	82	82	82
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
	1000					16	20					24	30					82	82
Masterpact NW16 H2 Micrologic	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			82	82	82	82
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
	960					16	20					24	30					82	82
	1250						20						30						82
Masterpact NW20 H2 Micrologic	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				82	82	82
	1000					16	20					24	30					82	82
	1250						20						30						82
	1600																		

- Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

Ue ≤ 440 V

Upstream		Masterpact NW08/12/16/20 L1																			
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In						Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF							
Downstream	Rating (A)	800		1000		1250		1600		2000		800		1000		1250		1600		2000	
	Setting Ir	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000		
Discrimination limit (kA)																					
Compact NS630bN/H Micrologic	250	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Compact NS800N/H Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
Compact NS1000N/H Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	20	12	12	15	18.75	24	30	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				37	37	37	37	37
Compact NS1250N/H Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				37	37	37	37	37
	1000					16	20					24	30					37	37	37	37
Compact NS1600N/H Micrologic	500		8	10	12.5	16	20		12	15	18.75	24	30		37	37	37	37	37	37	37
	630			10	12.5	16	20			15	18.75	24	30			37	37	37	37	37	37
	800				12.5	16	20				18.75	24	30				37	37	37	37	37
	1250					16	20					24	30					37	37	37	37
Compact NS630bL/LB Micrologic	250	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	320	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS800L/LB Micrologic	320	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS1000L Micrologic	400	6.3	8	10	12.5	T	T	12	12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	500		8	10	12.5	T	T		12	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	630			10	12.5	T	T			T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	800				12.5	T	T				T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS1600L Micrologic	400					T	T														
	500					T	T														
	630					T	T														
	1000					T	T														

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

# Protection discrimination

Upstream: Masterpact NW25-40 H1/H2,  
 Masterpact NW40b-63 H1 Micrologic  
 Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125-160,  
 Compact NSX100-630, NS630b-3200

$U_e \leq 440 \text{ V}$

Upstream	Masterpact NW25/32/40 H1/H2	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H1	Masterpact NW25/32/40 H1/H2	Masterpact NW40b 50/6 3H1	Masterpact NW25/32/40 H1/H2	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H1
Trip unit	Micrologic 2.0		Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In		Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF	

Downstream	Rating (A)	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																			
iDPN, iDPNN		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
iC60		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
C120N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
NG125N/H/L		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
NG160E/N/H		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX B/F/H/N/S/L/R TM-D	NSX100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NSX250	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX160 B/F/H/N/S/L TM-D		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX B/F/H/N/S/L/R Micrologic	NSX100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NSX250	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
F/H/N/S/L/R Micrologic	NSX400	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NSX630	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NSX160 B/F/H/N/S/L Micrologic		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS N Micrologic	NS630b	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS800	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1000	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1250	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1600	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS H Micrologic	NS630b	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS800	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1000	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1250	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1600	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS N Micrologic	NS1600b	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS2000	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS2500	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63	37,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	T	T	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T
	NS3200		32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63		48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	T	T		T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T
Compact NS H Micrologic	NS1600b	25	32	40	40	50	63	37,5	48	60	60	75	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS2000	25	32	40	40	50	63	37,5	48	60	60	75	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS2500	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63	37,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	75	T	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T
	NS3200		32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63		48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	75	T		T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T
Compact NS L Micrologic	NS630b	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS800	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Compact NS LB Micrologic	NS630b	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NS800	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T

(1) With  $I_r$  upstream > 1,3  $I_r$  downstream.

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

$U_e \leq 440 \text{ V}$

Upstream		Masterpact NW25/32/40 H1								
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0			Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In			Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF		
Downstream	Rating (kA)	2500	3200	4000	2500	3200	4000	2500	3200	4000
<b>Discrimination limit (A)</b>										
Masterpact NT H1 Micrologic	NT06	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NT08	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NT10	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NT12	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NT16	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
Masterpact NT H2 Micrologic 2.0	NT06	25	32	40	37.5	48	T	T	T	T
	NT08	25	32	40	37.5	48	T	T	T	T
	NT10	25	32	40	37.5	48	T	T	T	T
	NT12	25	32	40	37.5	48	T	T	T	T
	NT16	25	32	40	37.5	48	T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW N1 Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	37.5	T	T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW H1 Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW20	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW25	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	37,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T
Masterpact NW H2 Micrologic	NW08	25	32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40		48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60		T <sup>(1)</sup>	T
	NW10	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW20	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW25	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	37,5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T
Masterpact NW H3 Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW20	25	32	40	37,5	48	60	T	T	T
Masterpact NT L1 Micrologic	NT06	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT08	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Masterpact NW L1 Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T
Masterpact NW L1 Micrologic	NW20	25	32	40	37.5	48	60	T	T	T

<sup>(1)</sup> With  $I_r$  upstream > 1,3  $I_r$  downstream.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

# Protection discrimination

Upstream: Masterpact NW25-40 H2,  
Masterpact NW40b-63 H1 Micrologic  
Downstream: Masterpact NT06-16,  
Masterpact NW08-50

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream	Masterpact NW25/32/40 H2	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H1	Masterpact NW25/32/40 H2	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H1	Masterpact NW25/32/40 H2	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H1
Trip unit	Micrologic 2.0		Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In		Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF	

Downstream	Rating (A)	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
<b>Discrimination limit (kA)</b>																			
<b>Masterpact NT H1</b> Micrologic	NT06	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT08	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT10	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT12	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Masterpact NT H2</b> Micrologic	NT06	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT08	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT10	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT12	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Masterpact NW N1</b> Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	40	T	T	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Masterpact NW H1</b> Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW20	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW25	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63	37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	T	T	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Masterpact NW H2</b> Micrologic	NW32		32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63		48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	T	T		T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T
	NW40			40 <sup>(1)</sup>	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63			60 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	T	T			T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T
	NW08	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	82	82	82	82	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	82	82	82	82	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	82	82	82	82	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	82	82	82	82	T	T
	NW20	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	82	82	82	82	T	T
	NW25	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63	37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	75	94	82 <sup>(1)</sup>	82	82	82	T	T
<b>Masterpact NW H1</b>	NW40b			40 <sup>(1)</sup>	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63			60 <sup>(1)</sup>	60 <sup>(1)</sup>	75	94			T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T
	NW50					50 <sup>(1)</sup>	63					75 <sup>(1)</sup>	94					T <sup>(1)</sup>	T
<b>Masterpact NW H3</b> Micrologic	NW20	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	82	82	82	82	T	T
	NW25	25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63	37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	75	94	82 <sup>(1)</sup>	82	82	82	T	T
	NW32		32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63		48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	75	94		82 <sup>(1)</sup>	82	82	T	T
	NW40			40 <sup>(1)</sup>	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63			60 <sup>(1)</sup>		75	94			82 <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T
<b>Masterpact NW H2</b>	NW40b				40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63			60 <sup>(1)</sup>	60 <sup>(1)</sup>	75	94			T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T
	NW50					50 <sup>(1)</sup>	63					75 <sup>(1)</sup>	94					T <sup>(1)</sup>	T
<b>Masterpact NT L1</b> Micrologic	NT06	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT08	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NT10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
<b>Masterpact NW L1</b> Micrologic	NW08	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW10	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW12	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW16	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	T	T	T	T	T	T
	NW20	25	32	40	40	50	63	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	T	T	T	T	T	T

<sup>(1)</sup> With  $I_r$  upstream > 1,3  $I_r$  downstream.

T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.

4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.

No discrimination.

**Note:** respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.



# Protection discrimination

Upstream: Masterpact NW20-40 H3, Masterpact NW40b-63 H2 Micrologic

Downstream: iDPN, iC60, C120, NG125-160, Compact NSX100-630, NS630b-3200

$U_e \leq 440 \text{ V}$

Upstream	Masterpact NW20/25/32/40 H3	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H2	Masterpact NW20/25/32/40 H3	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H2	Masterpact NW20/25/32/40 H3	Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H2
Trip unit	Micrologic 2.0		Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In		Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF	

Downstream Rating (A)	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	
Discrimination limit (kA)																						
iDPN, iDPNN	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
iC60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
C120N/H	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
NG125N/H/L	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
NG160E/N/H	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NSX100 B/F/H/N/S/L/R TM-D	NSX100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NSX250	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NSX160 B/F/H/N/S/L TM-D	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact B/F/H/N/S/L/R Micrologic	NSX100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NSX250	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact NSX160 B/F/H/N/S/L Micrologic	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact F/H/N/S/L/R	NSX400	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NSX630	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact N Micrologic	NS630b	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS800	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS1000	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS1250	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS1600	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact H Micrologic	NS630b	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS800	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS1000	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS1250	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS1600	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
Compact N Micrologic	NS1600b	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS2000	20 <sup>(1)</sup>	25	32	40	40	50	63	30 <sup>(1)</sup>	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS2500		25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63		37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	T	T		65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	T	T	T
	NS3200			32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63			48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	T	T			65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	T	T	T
Compact H Micrologic	NS1600b	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	T	65	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS2000	20 <sup>(1)</sup>	25	32	40	40	50	63	30 <sup>(1)</sup>	37.5	48	60	60	75	T	65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	65	T	T	T
	NS2500		25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63		37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	75	T		65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	T	T	T
	NS3200			32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63			48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	75	T			65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	T	T	T
Compact L Micrologic	NS630b	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS800	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS1000	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Compact LB Micrologic	NS630b	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NS800	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	

(1) With  $I_r$  upstream > 1,3  $I_r$  downstream.

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

Note: respect the basic rules of discrimination, in terms of overload, short-circuit, see page 557E4300.indd/566, or check curves with Curve Direct software.

# Protection discrimination

Upstream: Masterpact NW20-40 H3,  
Masterpact NW40b-63 H2 Micrologic  
Downstream: Masterpact NT06-16,  
Masterpact NW08-50

$U_e \leq 440 V$

Upstream		Masterpact NW20/25/32/40 H3				Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H2				Masterpact NW20/25/32/40 H3				Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H2				Masterpact NW20/25/32/40 H3				Masterpact NW40b 50/63 H2							
Trip unit		Micrologic 2.0								Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : 15 In								Micrologic 5.0 - 6.0 - 7.0 Inst : OFF											
Downstream	Rating (A)	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	5000	6300
Discrimination limit (kA)																													
Masterpact NT H1 Micrologic	NT06	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT08	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT10	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT12	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NT H2 Micrologic	NT06	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT08	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT10	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT12	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	48	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NW N1 Micrologic	NW08	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW10	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW12	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW16	20	25	32	40	40	T	T	30	37.5	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NW H1 Micrologic	NW08	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW10	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW12	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW16	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW20	20 <sup>(1)</sup>	25	32	40	40	50	63	30 <sup>(1)</sup>	37.5	48	60	60	T	T	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW25		25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63		37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	T	T		T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW32			32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63			48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	T	T		T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NW H2 Micrologic	NW08	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	65	65	65	65	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	
	NW10	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	65	65	65	65	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW12	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	65	65	65	65	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW16	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	65	65	65	65	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW20	20 <sup>(1)</sup>	25	32	40	40	50	63	30 <sup>(1)</sup>	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	65	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW25		25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63		37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	75	94		65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW32			32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63			48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	75	94			65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NW H1	NW40b				40 <sup>(1)</sup>	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63				60 <sup>(1)</sup>	75	94	94				65 <sup>(1)</sup>	T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T	T	T		
	NW50						50 <sup>(1)</sup>	63					75 <sup>(1)</sup>	94	94					T <sup>(1)</sup>	T	T	T	T	T	T	T		
Masterpact NW H3 Micrologic	NW20	20 <sup>(1)</sup>	25	32	40	40	50	63	30 <sup>(1)</sup>	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	65	120	120	120							
	NW25		25 <sup>(1)</sup>	32	40	40	50	63		37.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	48	60	60	75	94		65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	65	120	120	120							
	NW32			32 <sup>(1)</sup>	40	40	50	63			48 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	60	75	94			65 <sup>(1)</sup>	65	120 <sup>(1)</sup>	120	120							
	NW40				40 <sup>(1)</sup>	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63				60 <sup>(1)</sup>	60	75	94				65 <sup>(1)</sup>	120 <sup>(1)</sup>	120	120							
Masterpact NW H2	NW40b				40 <sup>(1)</sup>	40 <sup>(1)</sup>	50	63				60 <sup>(1)</sup>	75	75	94				65 <sup>(1)</sup>	120 <sup>(1)</sup>	120	120							
	NW50						50 <sup>(1)</sup>	63					75 <sup>(1)</sup>	94	94					120 <sup>(1)</sup>	120	120							
Masterpact NT L1 Micrologic	NT06	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT08	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NT10	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
Masterpact NW L1 Micrologic	NW08	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	100	100	100	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW10	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	100	100	100	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW12	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	100	100	100	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW16	20	25	32	40	40	50	63	30	37.5	48	60	60	75	94	100	100	100	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
	NW20	20	25	32	40	40	50	63		37.5	48	60	60	75	94		100	100	100	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	

(1) With  $I_r$  upstream > 1,3  $I_r$  downstream.

- T Total discrimination, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker.
- 4 Discrimination limit = 4 kA.
- No discrimination.

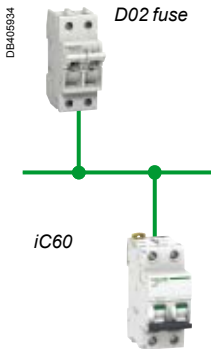
# Discrimination table

Upstream: type gG Diazed D02 fuse  
Downstream: iC60 circuit breaker

## Selectivity

Selectivity between MCB iC60 and fuse gG in upstream according to the IEC 60947-2 annexe A.

The table below shows the limits of selectivity for a short-circuit current in kA with a fuse in upstream and a MCB iC60 in downstream.



Upstream	Type gG Diazed D02 fuse							
In (A)	20	25	32	35	40	50	63	

Downstream Rating (A)		Discrimination limit (kA)								
iC60 Curve B	6	0.7	1	1.9	2.2	3.7	5	6.7		
	10	0.5	0.8	1.5	1.6	2.4	3.3	4.1		
	13		0.7	1.2	1.5	2	2.6	3.5		
	16		0.6	1.1	1.2	1.9	2.2	2.9		
	20				1	1.6	1.9	2.4		
	25					1.4	1.7	2		
	32						1.6	1.9		
	40						1.4	1.8		
	50							1.6		
	63									
		Discrimination limit (kA)								
iC60 Curve C	6	0.7	1	1.9	2.2	3.7	5	6.7		
	10			1.5	1.6	2.4	3.3	4.1		
	13				1.5	2	2.6	3.5		
	16					1.9	2.2	2.9		
	20						1.9	2.4		
	25						1.7	2		
	32							1.9		
	40									
			Discrimination limit (kA)							
	iC60 Curve D	6		1	1.9	2.2	3.7	5	6.7	
10					1.6	2.4	3.3	4.1		
13						2	2.6	3.5		
16							2.2	2.9		
20							1.9	2.4		
25								2		
32										

1.9 Discrimination limit (kA) = 1.9 kA.

No discrimination.

### Example:

Combination of a fuse gG 63 A in upstream with a MCB iC60 of 25 A B curve in downstream, selectivity up to a short circuit current of 2 kA.

## Cascading

The table below shows the enhanced breaking capacity thanks to cascading of the iC60 MCB and the maximum rating of the upstream fuse.

Upstream	Type gG Diazed D02 fuse
	20 – 63 A

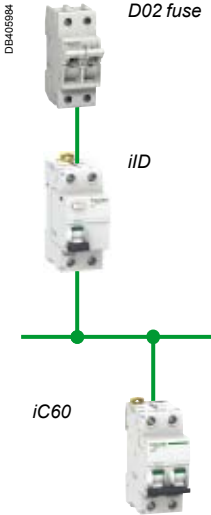
Downstream device		
iC60N	10 kA	50 kA
iC60H	15 kA	
iC60L	25-20-15 kA	

The enhanced breaking capacity is indicated in kA according to IEC 60947-2 annex A.

# Discrimination table

Upstream: type gG Diazed D02 fuse

Downstream: iC60 circuit breaker



## Coordination with an iID RCCB

The table below shows the enhanced breaking capacity thanks to cascading of the iC60 MCB and the maximum rating of the upstream fuse, coordinated with an iID residual current circuit breaker.

Upstream		Type gG Diazed D02 fuse
		20 – 63 A
iID	Downstream device	
	iC60N 10 kA	30 kA
	iC60H 15 kA	
	iC60L 25-20-15 kA	

The enhanced breaking capacity is indicated in kA according to IEC 60947-2 annex A.

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications

Complementary  
technical information



# Circuit breakers for direct current applications

## Contents

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# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Typical applications

Direct current has been used for a long time, and in many fields. It offers major advantages, in particular immunity to electrical interference. Moreover, direct-current installations are now simpler, because they benefit from the development of power supplies with electronic converters and batteries.

- Communication or measurement network:
  - 48 V DC switched telephone network,
  - 4-20 mA current loop.
- Electrical supply for industrial PLCs:
  - PLCs and peripheral devices (24 or 48 V DC).
- Auxiliary uninterruptible direct current power supply:
  - relays or electronic protection units for MV cubicles,
  - switchgear opening / closing trip units,
  - LV control and monitoring relays,
  - indicator lights,
  - circuit-breaker or on/off switch motor drives,
  - power contactor coils,
  - control/monitoring and supervision devices with communication that can be powered via a separate uninterruptible power supply.
- 24 to 48 V DC wind application:
  - isolated homes,
  - cottages, bungalows, mountain refuges,
  - pumps, street lighting,
  - measuring instruments, data acquisition,
  - telecommunication relays,
  - industrial applications.

### Types of direct current networks

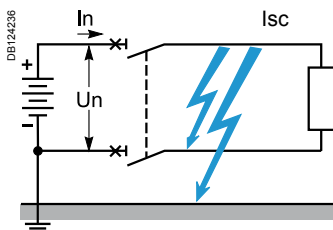
According to the types of DC networks illustrated below, we can identify the risks to the installation and define the best means of protection.

Earthed		Isolated from earth	
I: Earthed (or grounded) polarity (in this case negative)	II: Earthed mid-point	III: Isolated polarities	
1 pole (1P isolation)	2 poles (2P isolation)	2 poles	2 poles
	2 poles (1P isolation 1P+N)		
Worst-case faults			
Fault A and fault B (if only one polarity is protected)		Fault B	Double fault A and D or C and E

For further information on the types of networks and the faults that characterise them, refer to the direct current circuit breaker (LV) selection guide, 220E2100.indd.

For all these configurations, we propose a single protection solution that depends only on the requirement for the nominal current  $I_n$  and the short-circuit current  $I_{sc}$  at the installation point concerned.

The second important point in our solution is the fact that the protection is implemented by non-polarised circuit breakers that can operate efficiently, whatever the direction of the direct current.



# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### 24 - 48 V direct current protection solution

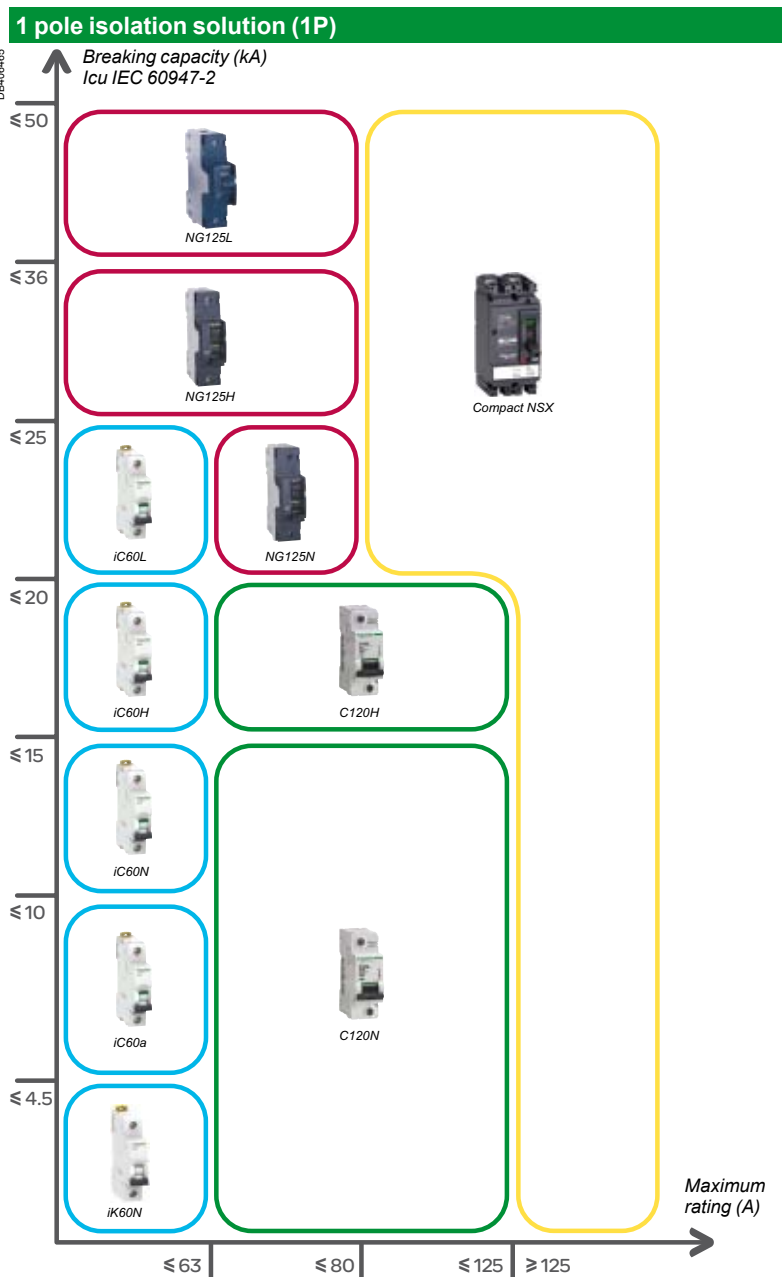
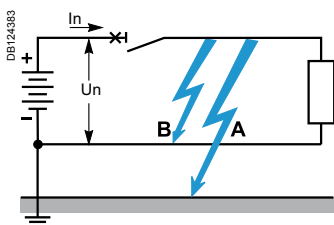
The performance levels shown in the tables below correspond to the most critical faults according to the network configuration.

- Breaking on one pole.
- Fault between polarity and earth (Fault A).

### Standard solution depending on the network and the requirements of the installation (In / Isc)

In addition to the parameters shown on the following pages, the tables below illustrate our range of circuit breakers according to the nominal current of the load and short-circuit current at the point of installation.

- Circuit breaker rating.
- Breaking capacity of the circuit breaker.

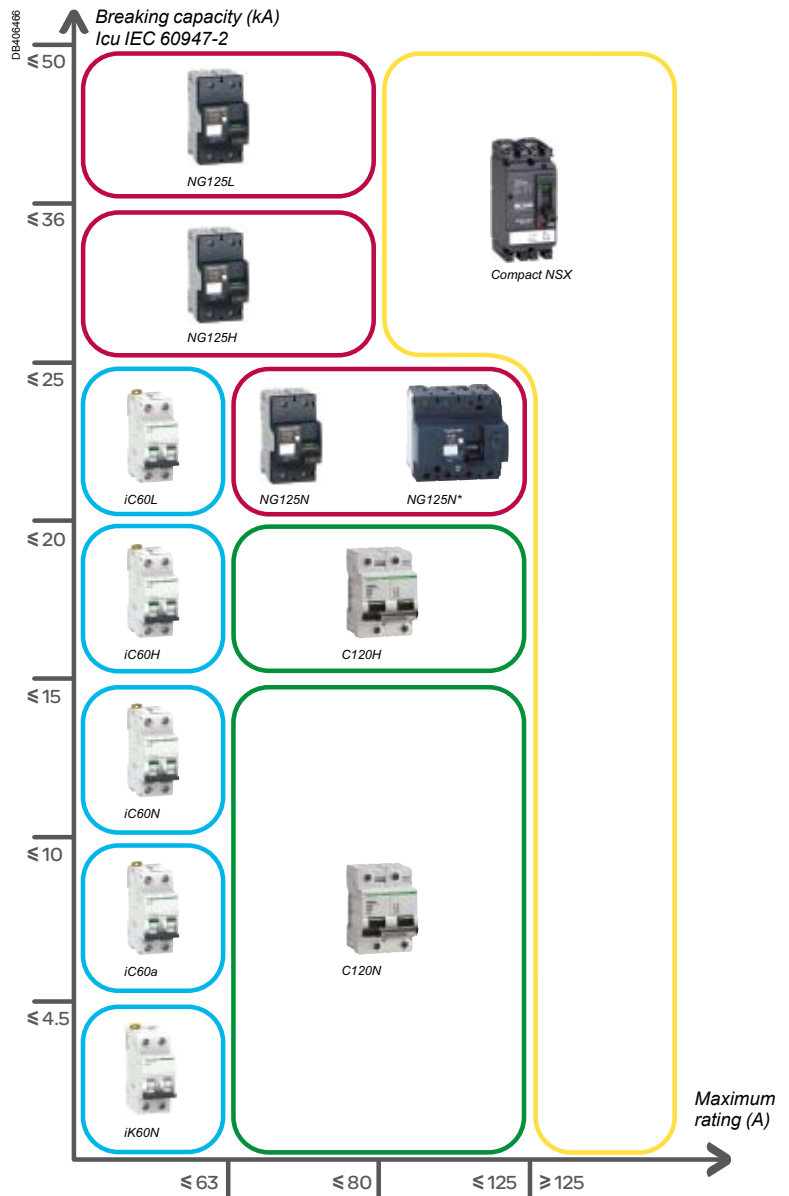
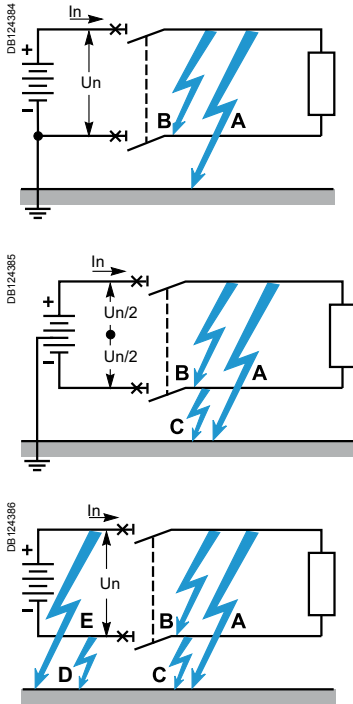




# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

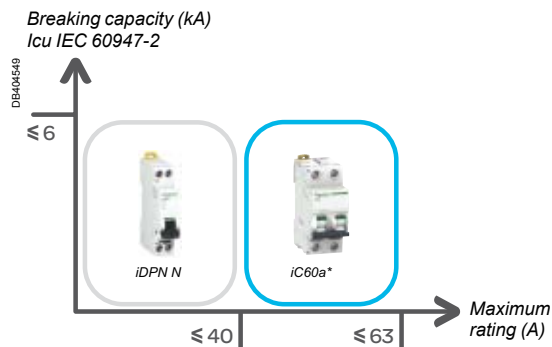
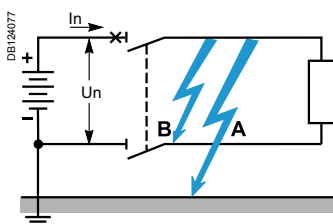
### 2 pôles isolation solution (2P)



(\*) 3P NG125N connected in a two-pole configuration to reach 125 A (1P / 2P NG125 has a maximum rating of 80 A).

### 1 pole isolation solution (1P+N)

Specific use of the iDPN range in a network with one polarity earthed and both poles isolated: compact solution (1P+N in 18 mm).



(\*) iC60a breaking capacity  $I_{cu} = 10$  kA.

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Constraints related to "direct current" applications

In direct current, inductors and capacitors do not disturb the operation of the installation in steady state. Capacitors are charged and inductors no longer oppose changes in the current.

However, they create transient phenomena when the circuit opens or closes, during which time the current varies. Actual loads have both characteristics and generate oscillatory phenomena.

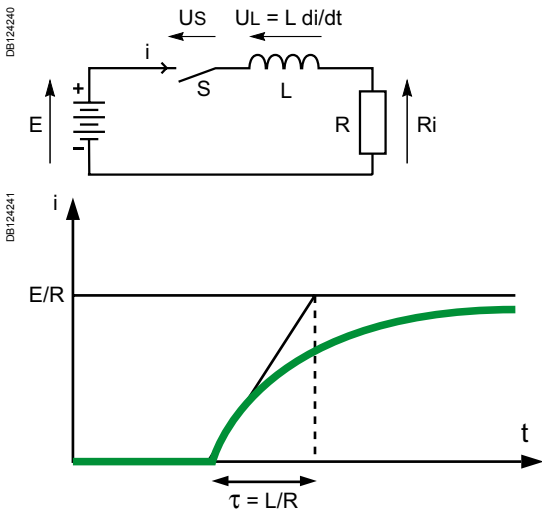
#### Type of load

##### Inductive load

An inductive load will tend to lengthen the current interrupt or establishment time, because the inductance  $L$  then opposes the change in the current ( $L di/dt$ ). The transient phenomenon will mainly be characterised by a time constant imposed by the load and whose value corresponds approximately to the interrupt or closing time that the switchgear has to withstand. In addition, during the interrupt time, the switchgear must be able to withstand the additional energy stored in the inductor in steady state.

An inductive load therefore requires particular attention with respect to its time constant.

A low value (typically  $< 5$  ms) facilitates interruption.

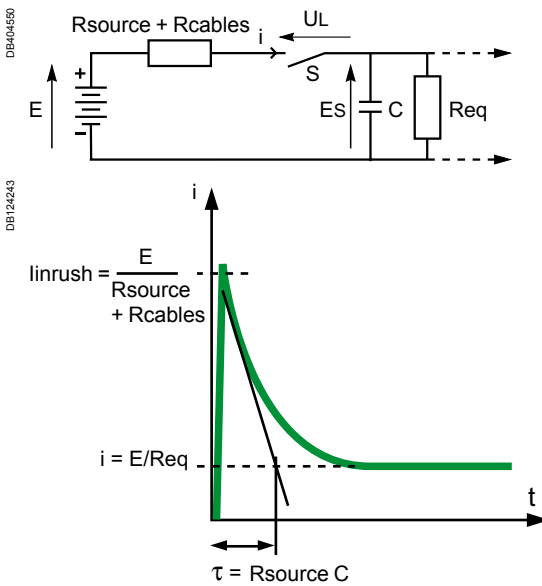


Inductive load

##### Capacitive load

During a closing operation, a capacitive load will cause an inrush current due to the load on the capacitor, virtually under short-circuit condition at the beginning of the phenomenon.

On opening, it will tend to discharge. The time constant is generally very low ( $< 1$  ms) and its effect is secondary with respect to the inrush current. A capacitive load will require particular attention to the inrush or discharge current surges.



Capacitive load

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Time constant L/R

When a short-circuit occurs across the terminals of a direct current circuit, the current increases from the operating current ( $< I_n$ ) to the short-circuit current  $I_{sc}$  during a time depending on the resistance  $R$  and the inductance  $L$  of the short-circuited loop.

The equation that governs the current in this loop is:  $U = Ri + Ldi/dt$ .

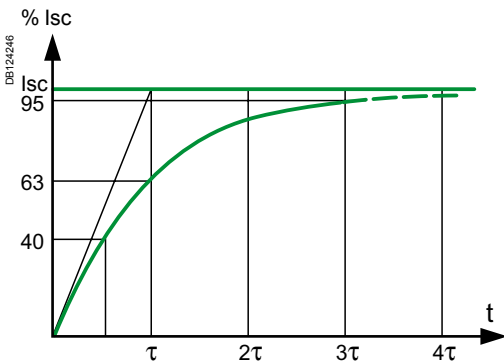
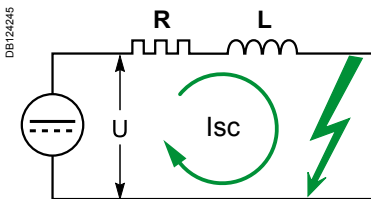
A short-circuit current is established (neglecting  $I_n$  with respect to  $I_{sc}$ ) by the equation:

$$i = I_{sc} (1 - \exp(-t/\tau)),$$

where  $\tau = L/R$  is the time constant used to establish the short-circuit.

In practice, after a time  $t = 3\tau$  the short-circuit is considered to be established, because the value of  $\exp(-3) = 0.05$  is negligible compared to 1.

The lower the corresponding time constant (e.g. battery circuit), the faster a short-circuit is established.



L/R	Description	DC applications
2 ms	Very fast short-circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Photovoltaic applications</li> </ul>
5 ms	Fast short-circuit established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Resistive or slightly inductive circuits:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> indicator light</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> trip units (MN, MX)</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> motor armatures</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> battery charger/uninterruptible power supply (UPS)</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Capacitive circuits: electronic controller</li> </ul>
15 ms	Standardised value used in standard IEC 60947-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Inductive circuits:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> electromagnetic coil</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> contactor coil</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> motor inductor</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
30 ms	Slower short-circuit established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Highly inductive circuits:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><input type="checkbox"/> electromagnetic coil</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> contactor coil</li> <li><input type="checkbox"/> motor inductor</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

In general, the system time constant is calculated under worst case conditions, across the terminals of the generator.

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Tripping curves

We can choose our solution according to the inrush currents generated by our loads, in the same way as for alternating current. In direct current, the same thermal tripping curves are obtained as in alternating current. The only difference is that the magnetic thresholds are offset by a coefficient  $\sqrt{2}$  compared to the curves obtained in alternating current.

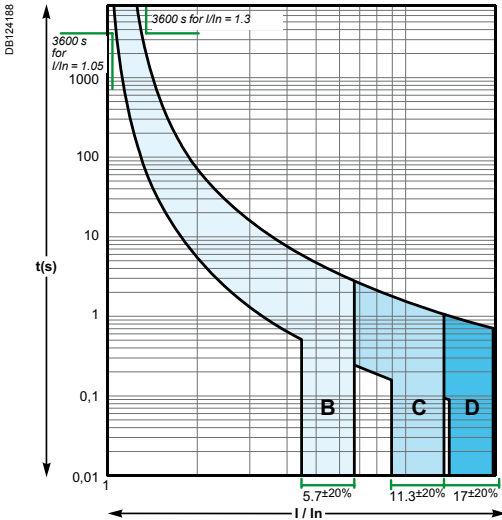
Characteristics of the various curves and their applications:

Curves	Magnetic thresholds		DC applications
	AC	DC	
Z	2.4 to 3.6 In	3.4 to 5 In	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Resistive loads</li> <li>Loads with electronic circuits</li> </ul>
B	3.2 to 4.8 In	4.5 to 6.8 In	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Motor inductor: starting current 2 to 4 In</li> <li>Battery charger/Uninterruptible power supply (UPS)</li> </ul>
C	6.4 to 9.6 In	9.05 to 13.6 In	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Electronic controller</li> </ul>
D et K	9.6 to 14.4 In	13.6 to 20.4 In	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Electromagnetic coil: inrush overvoltage 10 to 20 Un</li> <li>LV relay</li> <li>Trip units (MN, MX)</li> <li>Indicator light</li> <li>PLCs (industrial programmable logic controllers)</li> </ul>

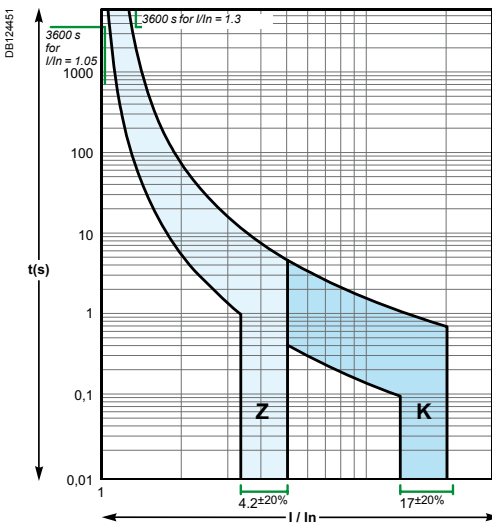
The figures opposite are iC60 tripping curves showing DC magnetic thresholds and normative limits

### Example

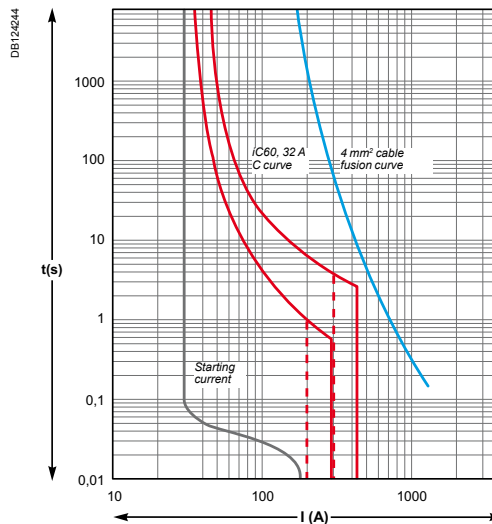
Protection of the 4 mm<sup>2</sup> cable supplying a load at In = 30 A with a 32 A rating and a tripping curve that allows the starting current for this load to be absorbed.



Curves B, C, D, ratings 6 A to 63 A



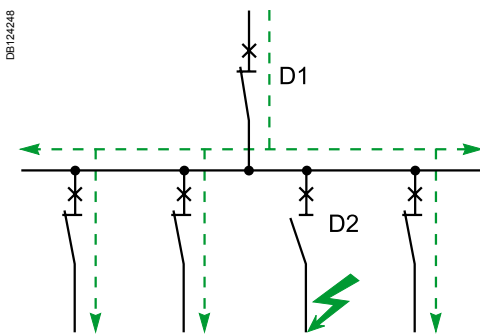
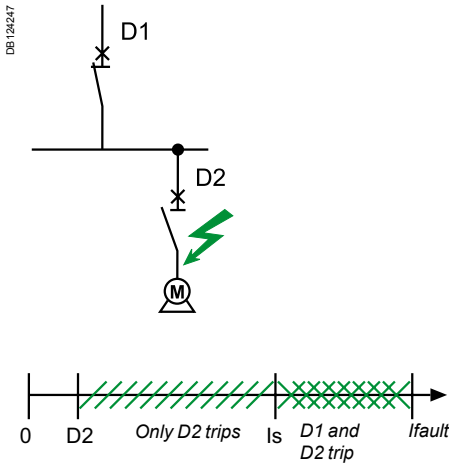
Curves Z, K, ratings 6 A to 63 A



Curve C, rating 32 A (AC magnetic thresholds in dotted lines)

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications



### Continuity of service of the solutions

#### Discrimination of the direct current protection devices

Discrimination is a key element that must be taken into account right from the design stage of a low-voltage installation to allow continuity of service of the electrical power.

Discrimination involves coordination between two circuit breakers connected in series, so that in the event of a fault, only the circuit breaker positioned immediately upstream of the fault trips. A discrimination current  $I_s$  is defined as:

- $I_{\text{fault}} < I_s$ : only D2 removes the fault, discrimination ensured,
- $I_{\text{fault}} > I_s$ : both circuit breakers may trip, discrimination not ensured.

Discrimination may be partial or total, up to the breaking capacity of the downstream circuit breaker. To ensure total discrimination, the characteristics of the upstream device must be higher than those of the downstream one.

The same principles apply to designing both direct current and alternating current installations. Only the limit currents change when direct current is used.

Once again, we find the same concepts of discrimination:

- **total**: up to the breaking capacity of the downstream device. Our tests have been performed at up to 25 kA or 50 kA depending on the breaking capacity of the devices in question.
- **partial**: indication of the discrimination limit current  $I_s$ . Discrimination is ensured below this value; above this value, the upstream device participates in the breaking process,
- **none**: no discrimination ensured, the upstream and downstream circuit breakers will trip.

For further information about the discrimination concept for protection devices in general, refer to technical supplement 557E4300, "Discrimination of modular circuit breakers".

#### Total discrimination solutions

In the following tables, we offer you solutions that favour continuity of service (total discrimination between circuit breakers), for different short-circuit currents.

#### Total discrimination: 10 kA

		Upstream		Curve C		Time constant (L/R) = 15 ms				
		iC60a		C120N					NSX	
In (A)		10 - 16	20 - 25	32	40	50 - 63	80	100	125	≥ 100
<b>Downstream</b>										
iC60a	≤ 3	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curves B,C	4		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6			T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	10				T	T	T	T	T	T
	13					T	T	T	T	T
	16 to 25						T	T	T	T
	32							T	T	T
	40								T	T
	50 - 63								T	T

T Total discrimination.  
  No discrimination.

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

24 V - 48 V direct current applications

## Total discrimination: 15 kA

		Upstream		Curve C		Time constant (L/R) = 15 ms				
In (A)		iC60N				C120N			NSX	
		10 - 16	20 - 25	32	40	50 - 63	80	100	125	≥ 100
<b>Downstream</b>										
iC60N	≤ 3	T		T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curves B,C	4		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6				T	T	T	T	T	T
	10					T	T	T	T	T
	13						T	T	T	T
	16 to 25						T	T	T	T
	32							T	T	T
	40							T	T	T
	50 - 63								T	T

## Total discrimination: 20 kA

		Upstream		Curve C		Time constant (L/R) = 15 ms				
In (A)		iC60H				C120H			NSX	
		10 - 16	20 - 25	32	40	50 - 63	80	100	125	≥ 100
<b>Downstream</b>										
iC60H	≤ 3	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curves B,C	4		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6				T	T	T	T	T	T
	10						T	T	T	T
	13						T	T	T	T
	16 to 25						T	T	T	T
	32							T	T	T
	40							T	T	T
	50 - 63								T	T

## Total discrimination: 25 kA

		Upstream		Curve C		Time constant (L/R) = 15 ms				
In (A)		iC60L				NG125N			NSX	
		10 - 16	20 - 25	32	40	50 - 63	80	100	125	≥ 100
<b>Downstream</b>										
iC60L	≤ 3	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
Curves B,C	4		T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
	6				T	T	T	T	T	T
	10						T	T	T	T
	13						T	T	T	T
	16 to 25						T	T	T	T
	32							T	T	T
	40								T	T
	50 - 63									T

## Total discrimination: 36 kA

		Upstream		Curve C		Time constant (L/R) = 15 ms	
In (A)		NG125H				NSX	
		80				≥ 100	
<b>Downstream</b>							
NG125H	10	T				T	
Curves B,C	16 to 63					T	

## Total discrimination: 50 kA

		Upstream		Curve C		Time constant (L/R) = 15 ms	
In (A)		NG125L				NSX	
		80				≥ 100	
<b>Downstream</b>							
NG125L	10	T				T	
Curves B,C	16 to 63					T	

Total discrimination.

No discrimination.

# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Coordination with loads

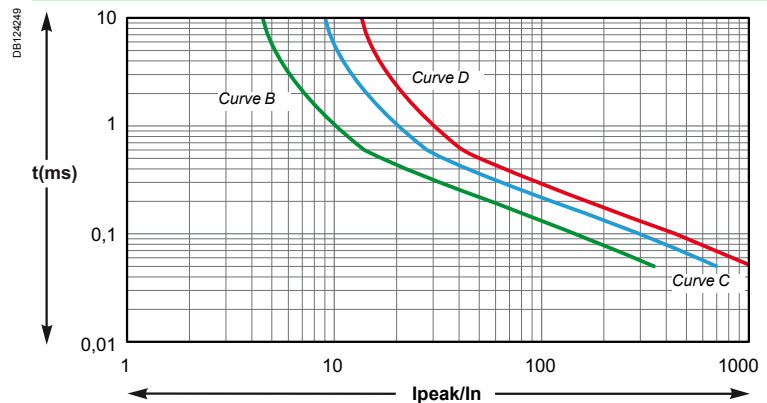
As seen above, the circuit-breaker characteristics chosen depend on the type of load downstream of the installation.

The rating depends on the size of the cables to be protected and the curves depend on the load inrush current.

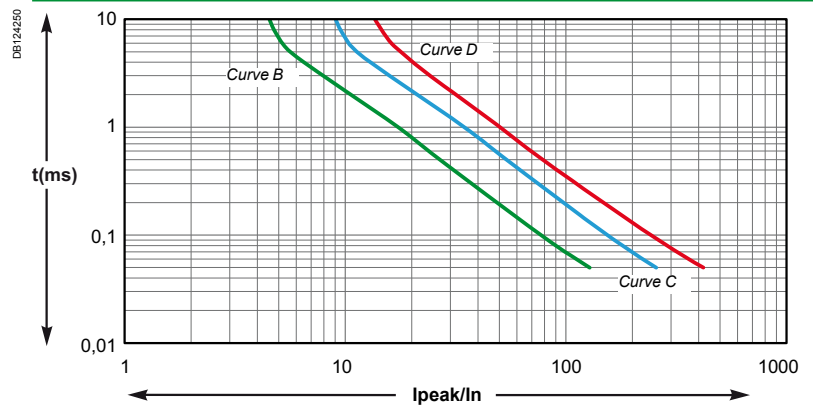
### Product selection according to the load inrush current

When certain "capacitive" loads are switched on, very high inrush currents appear during the first milliseconds of operation. The following graphs show the average DC non-tripping curves of our products for this time range (50  $\mu$ s to 10 ms).

#### iC60



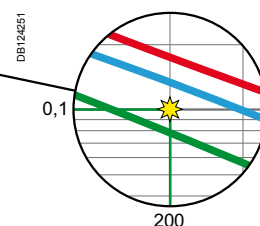
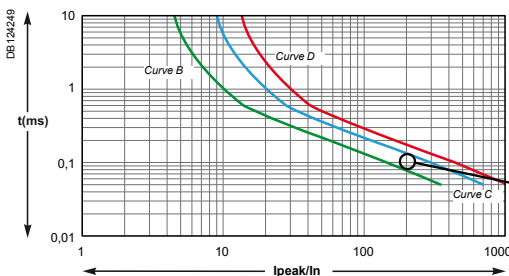
#### NG125 / C120



This information allows us to select the most appropriate product, according to the load specifications: curve and rating.

### Example

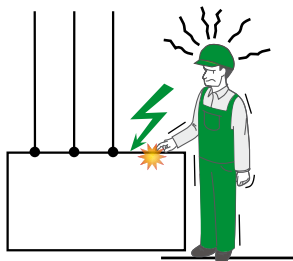
When an iC60 is used with a load with current peaks in the order of 200  $I_n$  during the first 0.1 millisecond, a curve C or D product must be installed.



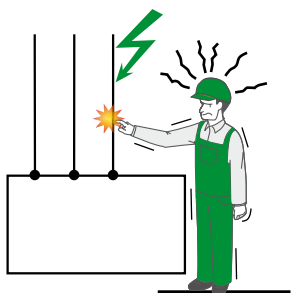
# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

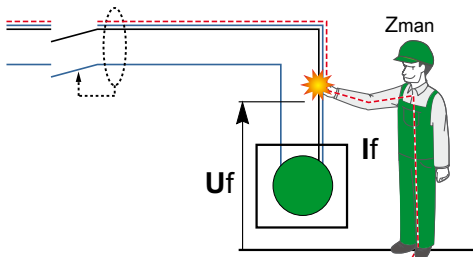
DE124238



DE124239



DE124237



Standards: IEC 60479-2, NF C 15100, IEC 60755.

### Personal protection

Personal protection (earth-leakage protection) is not mandatory for this voltage range (24-48 V DC).

In fact, according to the standards currently in force, the minimum ventricular fibrillation current  $I_f$  for human beings is in the order of 25 mA for alternating current (50 Hz), whereas for direct current, it is more than 50 mA.

The table below shows the data according to the standards and conditions:

Environment		Voltage specifications	
		AC	DC
Dry environment	$U_f = Z \times I_f$ $Z_{man} = 2000 \text{ Ohm}$	50 V	100 V
Wet environment	$U_f = Z \times I_f$ $Z_{man} = 1000 \text{ Ohm}$	25 V	50 V

With  $Z$  corresponding to the impedance of the human body in the different types of environment,  $I_f$  being the current passing through the body and  $U_f$  the minimum contact voltage required to reach the danger current.

Under normal operating conditions, this voltage range (< 50 V) is therefore not dangerous to human beings.



# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Examples of applications

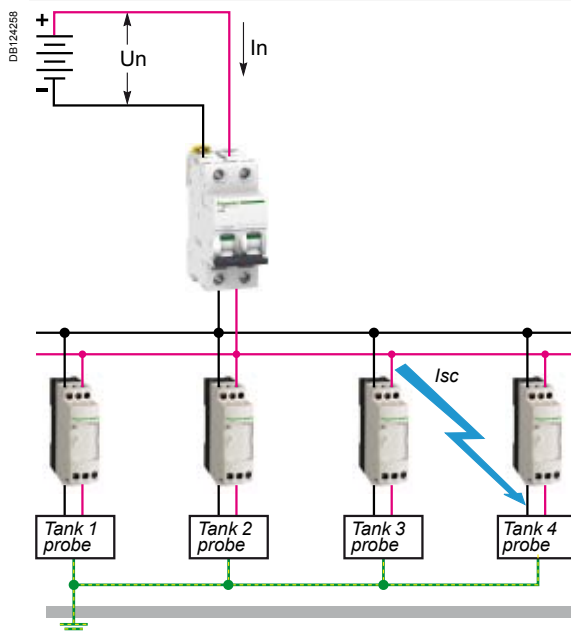
#### Industrial applications

Monitoring of agro-food tanks with 24 V DC converters for probes and other sensors

- Isolated network:
- $I_{sc} = 25 \text{ kA}$ ,
- $I_n = 40 \text{ A}$ .

#### Solution

iC60L 2P 40 A + 24 V converters

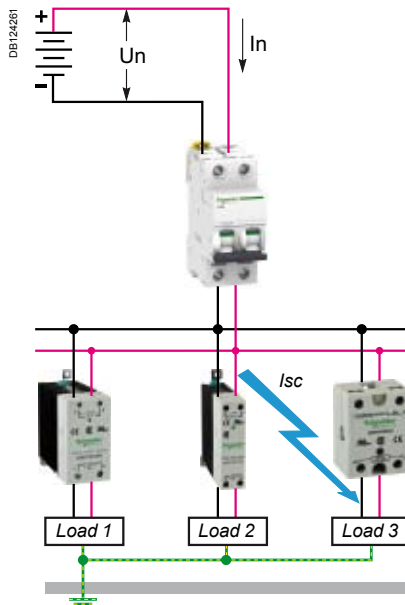


Control of industrial process measurement by 12/24/48 V DC control

- Isolated network:
- $I_{sc} = 20 \text{ kA}$ ,
- $I_n = 40 \text{ A}$ .

#### Solution

iC60H 2P 40 A + DC solid-state relays



# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

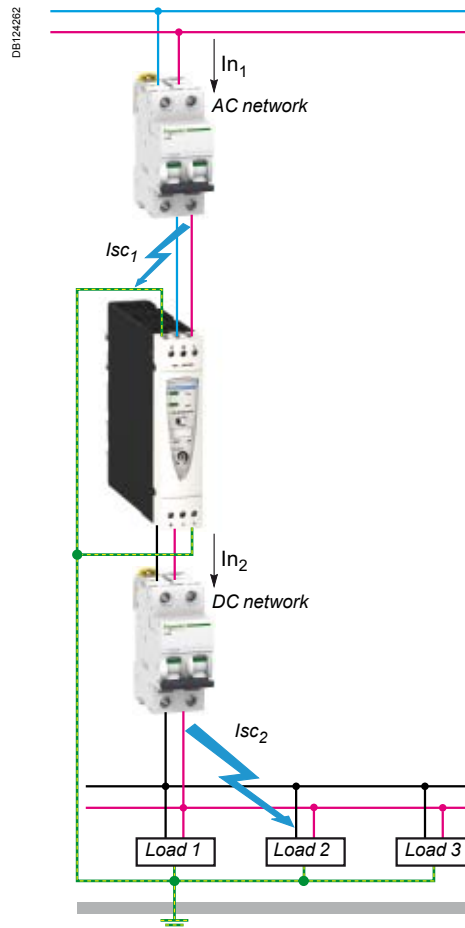
## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### 24 V DC generator power supply protection

- Earthed network:
- $I_{sc} = 10 \text{ kA} / I_n = 63 \text{ A}$ ,
- $I_{sc} = 10 \text{ kA} / I_n = 20 \text{ A}$ .

### Solution

iC60N 2P 63 A + iC60N 2P 20 A + DC loads



# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

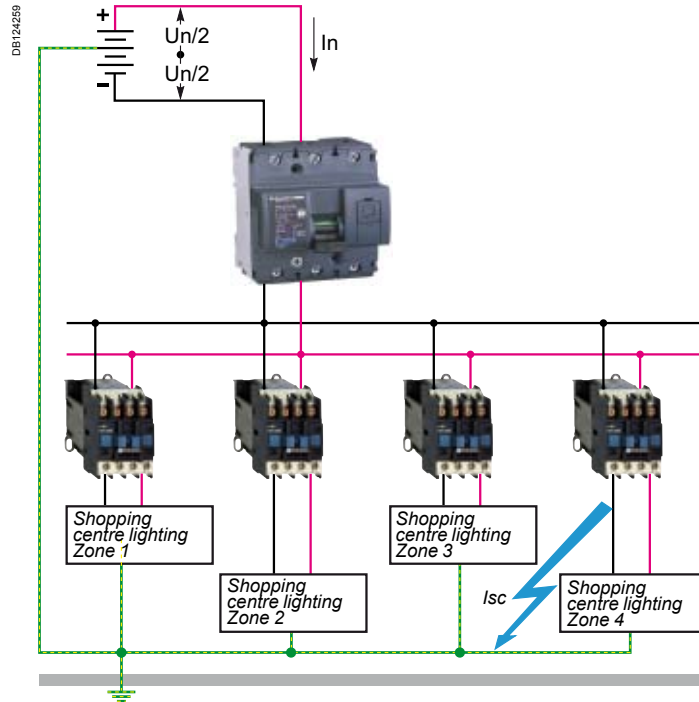
### Tertiary applications

Control and monitoring of the 48 V DC emergency lighting distribution for a shopping centre

- Mid-point of the network:
- $I_{sc} = 20 \text{ kA}$ ,
- $I_n = 125 \text{ A}$ .

#### Solution

NG125H 3P 125 A + power contactors

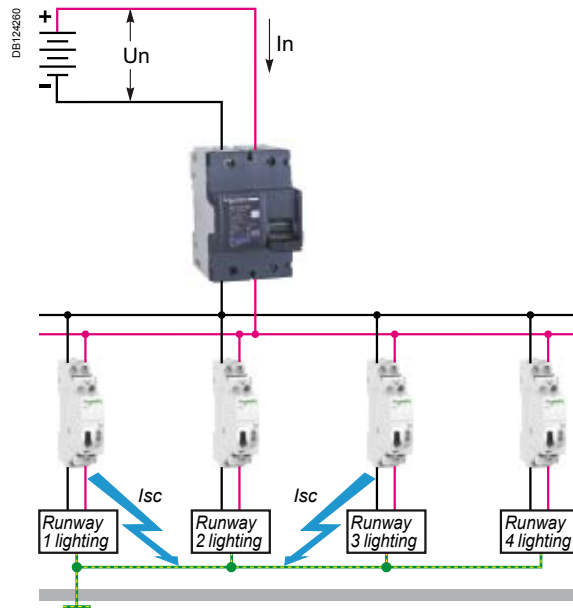


Major airport in France, 48 V DC emergency lighting for runways

- Isolated network:
- $I_{sc} = 50 \text{ kA}$ ,
- $I_n = 80 \text{ A}$ .

#### Solution

NG125L 2P 80 A + impulse relays



# Circuit breakers for direct current applications (cont.)

## 24 V - 48 V direct current applications

### Power supply protection by 24 V DC direct current generator

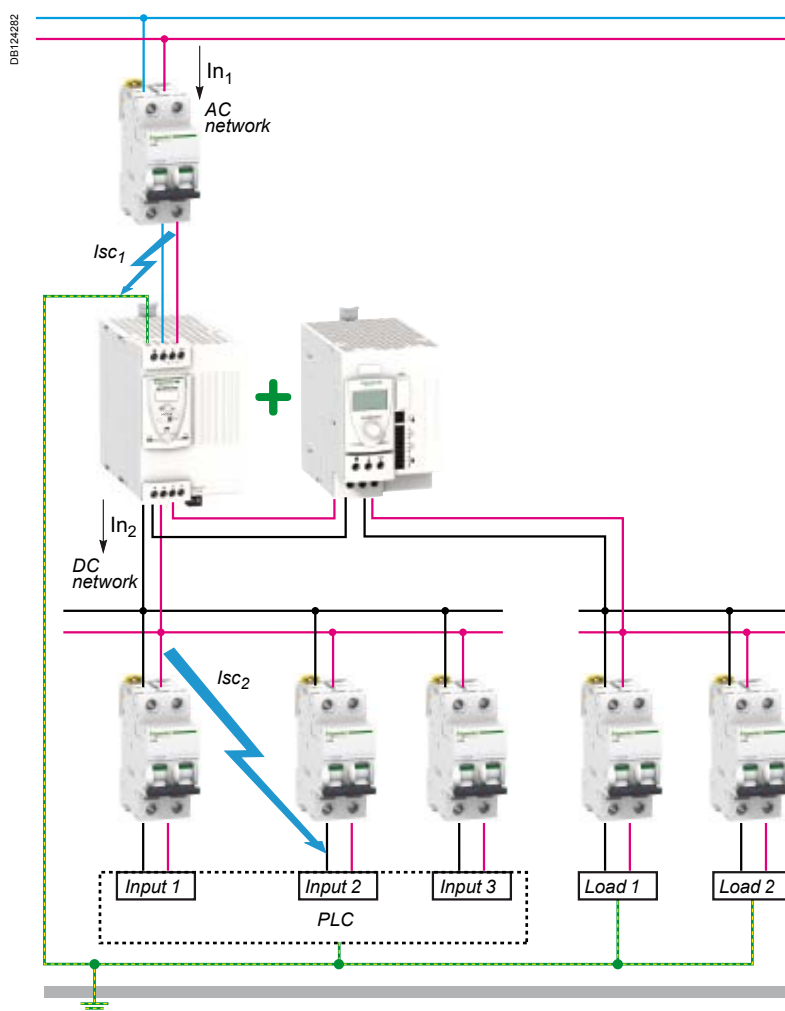
- Earthed network:
- $I_{sc1} = 10 \text{ kA} / I_n = 40 \text{ A}$ ,
- $I_{sc2} = 10 \text{ kA} / I_n = 2/4/6 \text{ A}$ .

### Solution

#### iC60N 2P 40 A + iC60N 2P 2/4/6 A + PLC inputs + DC loads

The Phaseo network failure solution provides the installation (or part thereof) with a 24 V DC power supply in the event of a mains voltage failure:

- throughout the mains failure, to ensure the continuity of service of the installation.
- during a limited time to allow:
  - data to be backed up,
  - actuators to be put in the fallback position,
  - a generating set to be started up,
  - the operating systems to be shut down,
  - remote supervision data to be transmitted.



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# Direct current distribution

Choosing and implementing protective devices

Complementary  
technical information

This document illustrates the use of the Acti9 product range for the protection of direct current distribution applications of voltage less than 500 V.

There is also a circuit breaker offer dedicated to photovoltaic applications: C60PV-DC (low breaking capacity 1.5 kA and higher voltage 800 V).

### Choice

#### Choosing the rating

The thermal tripping curve of a circuit breaker is the same in direct current as in alternating current (50/60 Hz). The rule for choosing is therefore the same: to ensure protection against circuit overloads, choose a circuit breaker with a rating ( $I_n$ ) less than or equal to the current ( $I_z$ ) allowed to pass through the cable.

#### Circuits with momentary current direction reversal

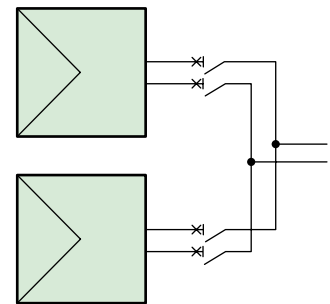
In the case of circuits with momentary current direction reversal:

- C60H-DC circuit breakers cannot be used
- iC60 circuit breakers can be used

#### Examples of circuits with momentary current direction reversal

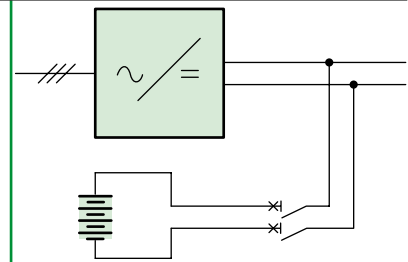
- Paralleled energy sources (photovoltaic cells, generators, generating sets, etc.).

DBI125710



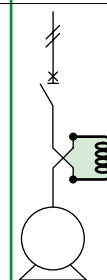
- Batteries with rectifier/charger.

DBI125711



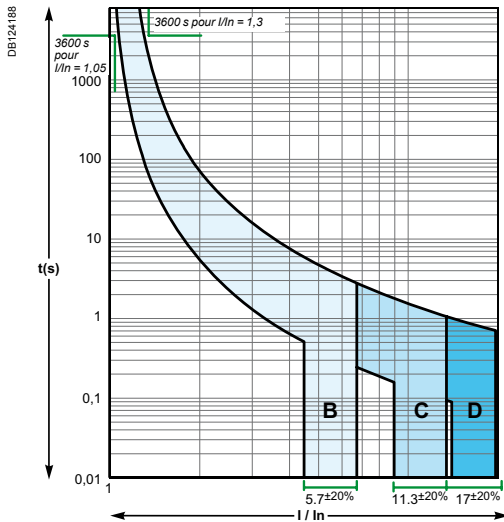
- Motor protective devices capable of operating as a generator.

DBI125712



- Use of the C60PV-DC is specifically dedicated to photovoltaic (PV) applications (generally higher voltages with low breaking capacity).





Example: iC60, B, C, D curves, ratings from 6 A to 63 A.

### Choosing the curve

The magnetic tripping threshold must be:

- higher than the inrush currents due to loads (motors, capacitors, etc.)
- lower than the short-circuit current at the installation point, which depends on:
  - the short-circuit power of the source (indicated by the manufacturer),
  - the impedance of the supply line.

In direct current:

- the short-circuit power of the sources is generally low: batteries, photovoltaic panels, generators, electronic converters, etc
- the loads generate lower inrush currents than in alternating current (e.g. motor start-up: 2 to 4 times the rated current)
- the magnetic threshold of Acti 9 circuit breakers (relative to the rated current) is higher than in alternating current.

Circuit breaker	iC60 / C120 / NG125				C60H-DC
	Z	B	C	D	C
Magnetic tripping threshold	3,4 ...5 In	4,5 ...7 In	9...14 In	14...20 In	7....10 In

➤ Generally, choose a C60H-DC circuit breaker or a B-curve iC60 circuit breaker.

*Note: It may be necessary to choose a C curve or a D curve for very high inrush current applications (e.g., electronic equipment with particularly large capacitive filters).*

### Choosing the breaking capacity

The choice of circuit breaker with respect to the breaking capacity depends on:

- the earthing system
- the network voltage
- the short-circuit current at the installation point in question.

*Note: The breaking capacities are given for a time constant (L/R) equal to 0.015 s..*

### Reading the tables

- Select the table according to the earthing system.
- Select the circuit breaker corresponding to the network:
  - the circuit breaker(s) to be installed is/are identified based on the rating and short-circuit current,
  - the type of connection (number of poles, position relative to the load, isolation of polarities) is indicated according to the voltage.

# Direct current distribution

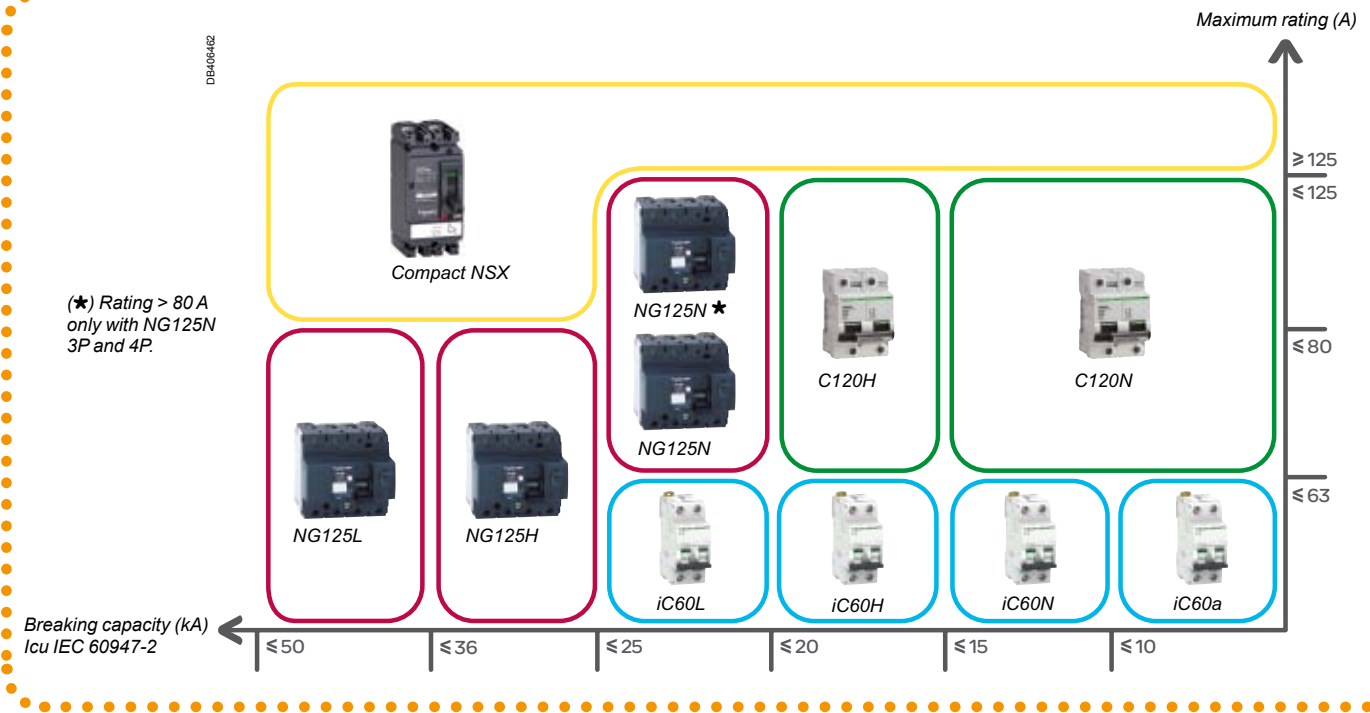
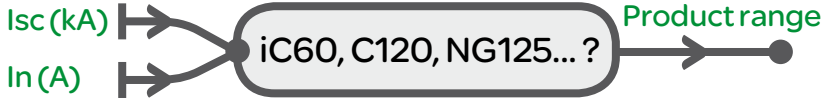
## Choosing and implementing circuit breakers

iC60, C120, NG125 offer

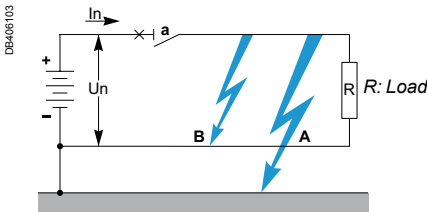
### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution with earthed polarity

The following tables show the number of poles connected in series according to the DC network voltage, and the circuit breaking performance of our circuit breaker range.

**Breaking capacity for a maximum voltage per pole of: 60 V DC for the iC60 offers and 125 V DC for the C120 and NG125 offers**



### Fault condition analysis 1



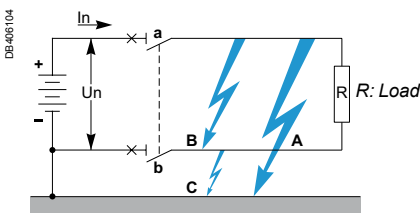
1 The figure shows a source with the negative polarity earthed.

Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A, B	I <sub>sc</sub>	U <sub>n</sub>	a	I <sub>sc</sub> at U <sub>n</sub> on the poles connected to the positive polarity

I<sub>sc</sub>: presumed short-circuit current.  
U<sub>n</sub>: rated network voltage.

> All the circuit-breaker poles must be on the non-earthed polarity.

### Fault condition analysis 2

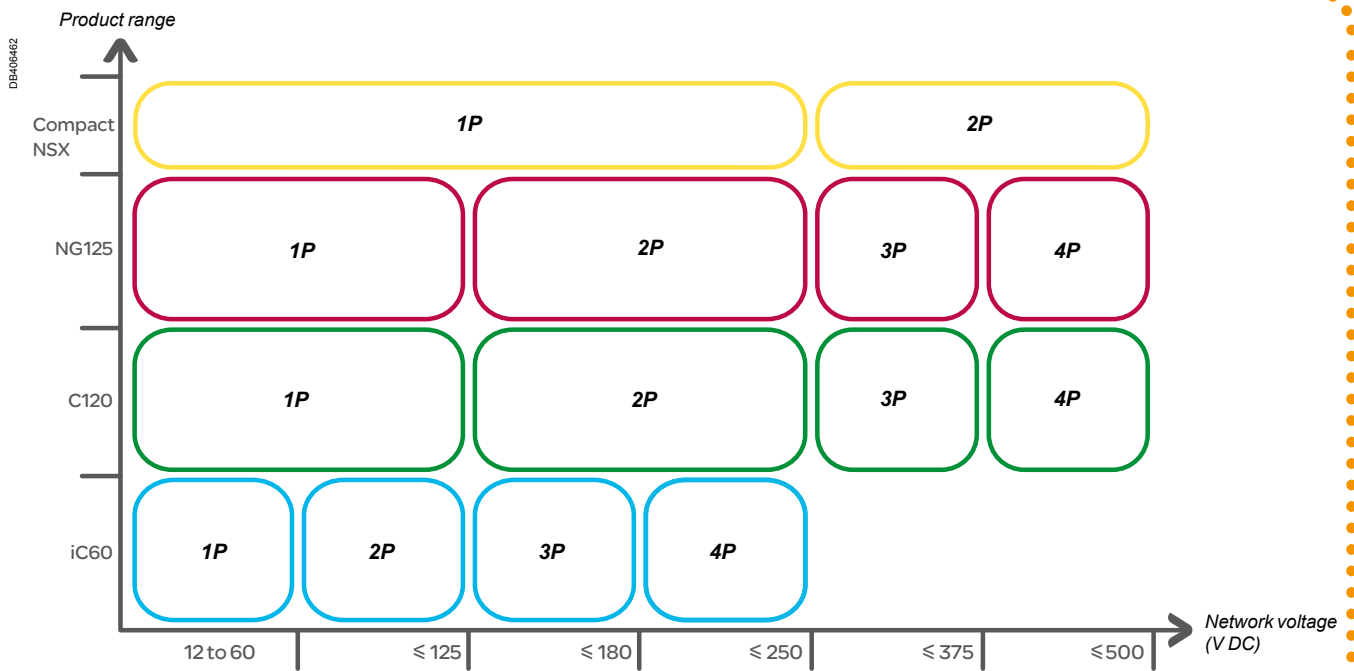


2 The figure shows a source with the negative polarity earthed.

Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A	I <sub>sc</sub>	U <sub>n</sub>	a	I <sub>sc</sub> at U <sub>n</sub> on the poles connected to the positive polarity
B	I <sub>sc</sub>	U <sub>n</sub>	a + b	I <sub>sc</sub> at U <sub>n</sub> on all the poles connected in series
C	-	-	b	No breaking needed

I<sub>sc</sub>: presumed short-circuit current.  
U<sub>n</sub>: rated network voltage.

> All the circuit-breaker poles must be on the non-earthed polarity. One pole on the earthed polarity will allow isolation to be performed.



Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram			
	1P	2P	3P	4P
Not required <b>1</b>	DB405938 	DB405939 	DB405940 	DB405941 
Required <b>2</b>	DB405942 	DB405943 	DB405944 	

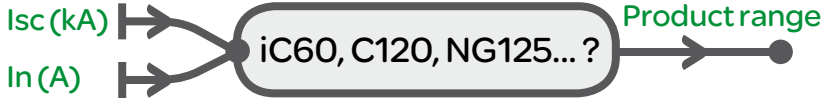
R: Load.

iC60, C120, NG125 offer

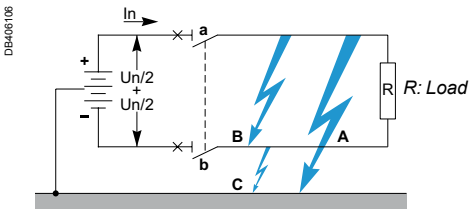
### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution with earthed mid-point

The following tables show the number of poles connected in series according to the DC network voltage, and the circuit breaking performance of our circuit breaker range.

**Breaking capacity for a maximum voltage per pole of: 60 V DC for the iC60 offers and 125 V DC for the C120 and NG125 offers**



### Fault condition analysis

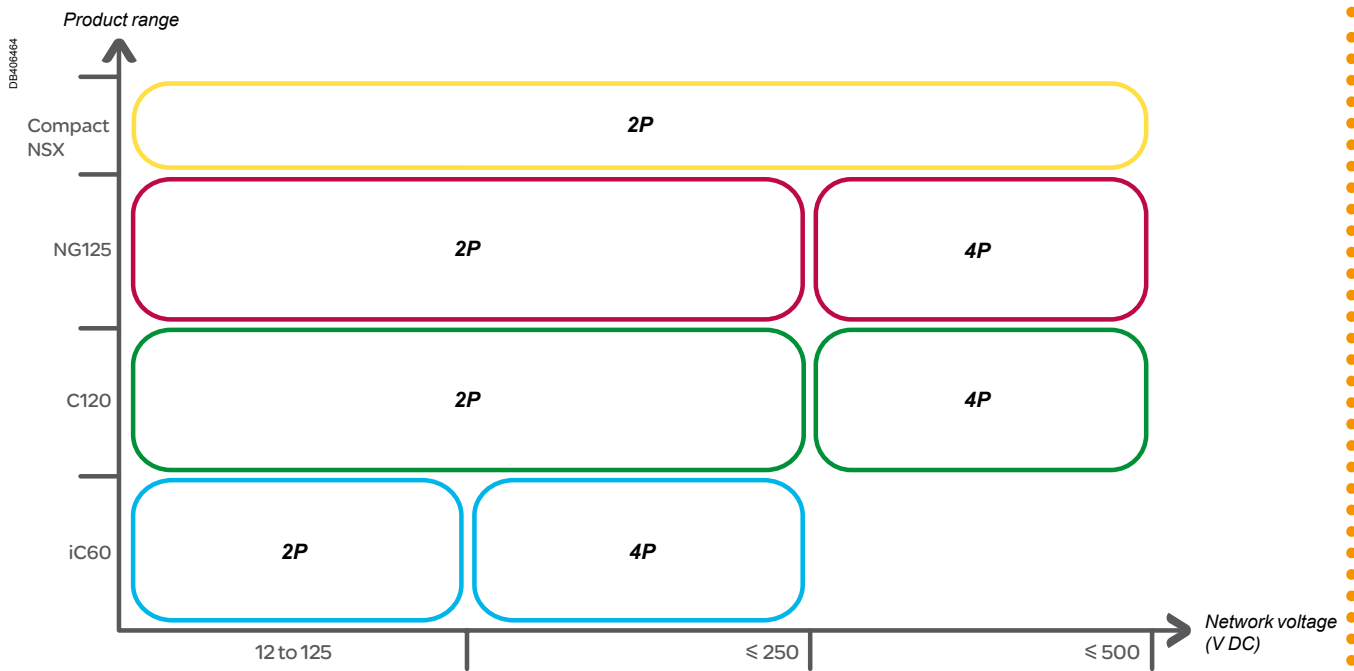


Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A	I <sub>sc</sub>	U <sub>n</sub> /2	a	I <sub>sc</sub> at U <sub>n</sub> /2 on the poles connected to the positive polarity
B	I <sub>sc</sub>	U <sub>n</sub>	a + b	I <sub>sc</sub> at U <sub>n</sub> on all the poles connected in series
C	I <sub>sc</sub>	U <sub>n</sub> /2	b	I <sub>sc</sub> at U <sub>n</sub> /2 on the poles connected to the negative polarity

I<sub>sc</sub>: presumed short-circuit current.  
U<sub>n</sub>: rated network voltage.

**> The circuit-breaker poles must be distributed symmetrically over the two polarities.**

Obviously, this connection provides isolation.



Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram	
Required or not	2P	4P

R: Load.

iC60, C120, NG125 offer

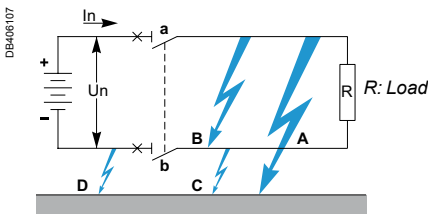
### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution isolated from earth

The following tables show the number of poles connected in series according to the DC network voltage, and the circuit breaking performance of our circuit breaker range.

**Breaking capacity for a maximum voltage per pole of: 60 V DC for the iC60 offers and 125 V DC for the C120 and NG125 offers**



### Fault condition analysis



The figure shows a source in IT system with a second fault (D) on the negative polarity.

Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A	Low	Low	a	No breaking needed
A and D	$I_d^{(1)}$	$U_n$	a	$I_d$ at $U_n$ on the poles connected to the positive polarity
B	$I_{sc}$	$U_n$	a + b	$I_{sc}$ at $U_n$ on all the poles connected in series
C	Low	Low	b	No breaking needed

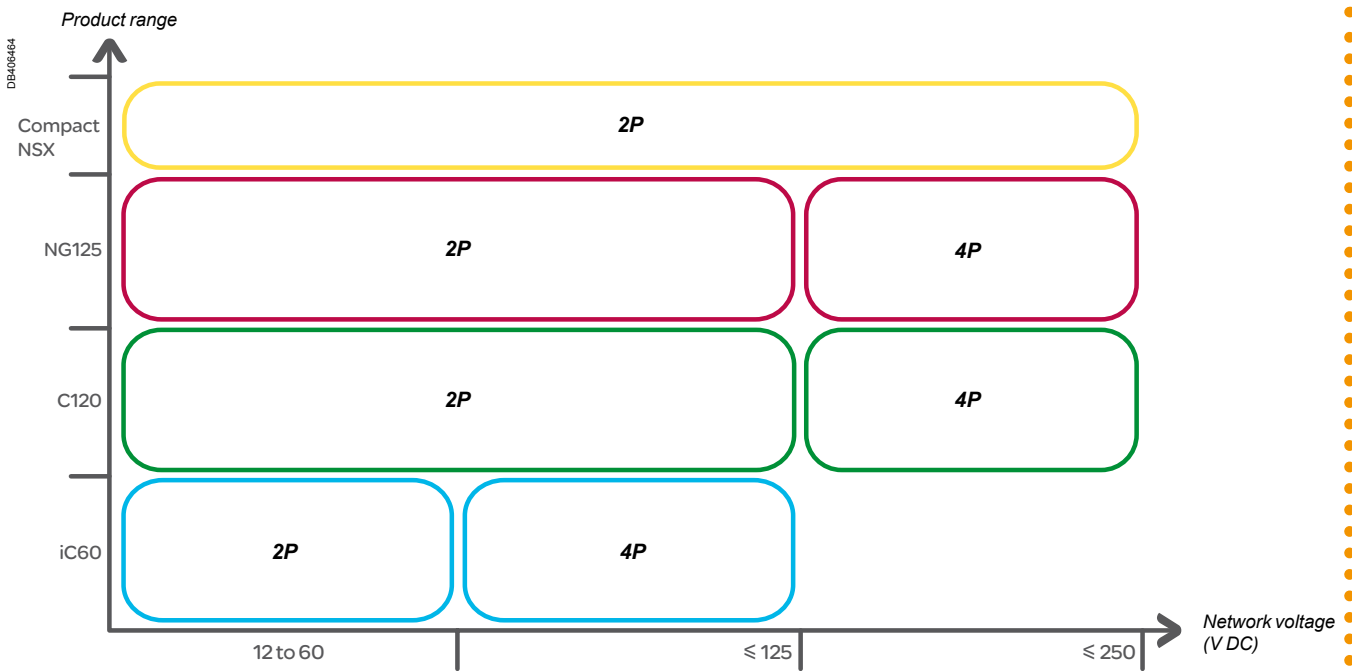
$I_{sc}$ : presumed short-circuit current.  
 $U_n$ : rated network voltage.

(1) Fault current values acceptable according to the installation rules.

- If  $I_{sc} < 10$  kA: fault current  $\leq 0.15 I_{sc}$ .
- If  $I_{sc} > 10$  kA: fault current  $\leq 0.25 I_{sc}$ .

**> The circuit-breaker poles must be distributed symmetrically over the two polarities.**

Obviously, this connection provides isolation.



Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram	
Required or not	2P	4P

R: Load.

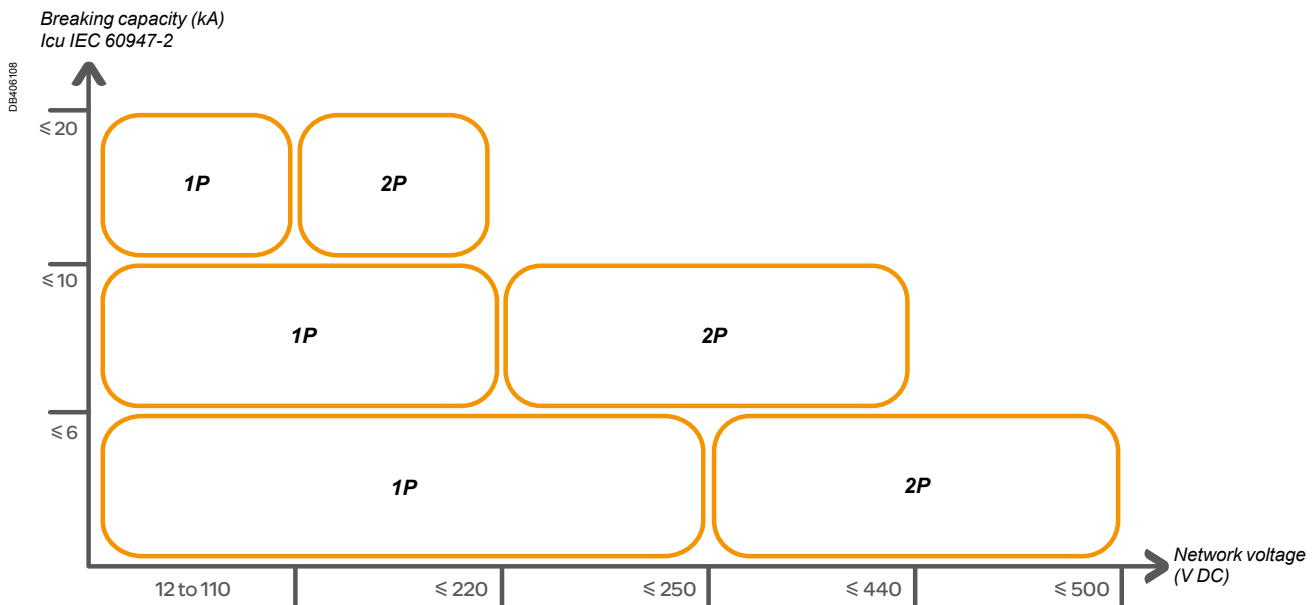
# Direct current distribution

## Choosing and implementing circuit breakers

### C60H-DC offer

Unlike the preceding offers, the C60H-DC offer comprises polarised circuit breakers reserved exclusively for direct current applications. As we saw earlier, it is therefore not compatible in the case of circuits with (even momentary) current direction reversal. The same applies to "mixed" networks operating successively in AC and DC (e.g. safety devices).

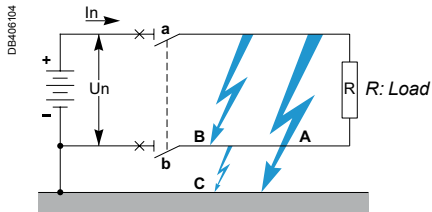
**It is an offer corresponding to the C curve and ranging up to 63 A.**





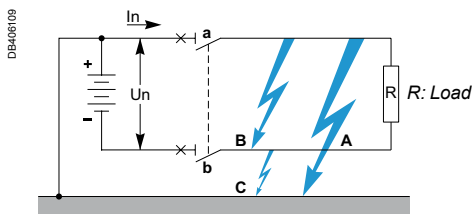
## Choosing circuit breakers for distribution with earthed polarity

### "-" polarity earthed



The figure shows a source with the negative polarity earthed.

### "+" polarity earthed



The figure shows a source with the positive polarity earthed.

Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram	
	1P	2P
Not required		
Required		
Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram	
	1P	2P
Not required		
Required		

R: Load.

### Fault condition analysis with "-" polarity earthed

Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A	Isc	Un	a	Isc at Un on the pole connected to the positive polarity
B	Isc	Un	a + b	Isc at Un on the both poles
C	-	-	b	No breaking needed

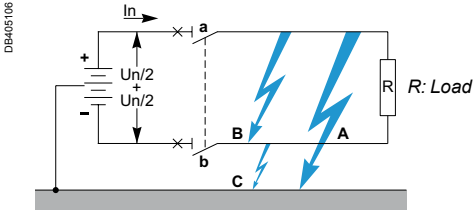
Isc: presumed short-circuit current.

Un: rated network voltage.

➤ All the circuit-breaker poles must be on the non-earthed polarity. One pole on the earthed polarity will allow isolation to be performed.

### C60H-DC offer

#### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution with earthed mid-point



The figure shows a source with earthed mid-point.

Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram
Required or not	2P

R: Load.

#### Fault condition analysis

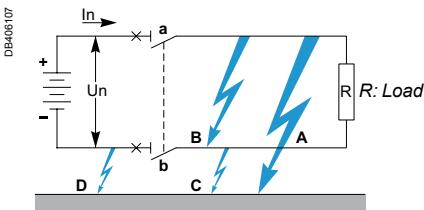
Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A	Isc	Un/2	a	Isc at Un/2 on the pole connected to the positive polarity
B	Isc	Un	a + b	Isc at Un on the both poles
C	Isc	Un/2	b	Isc at Un/2 on the pole connected to the negative polarity

Isc: presumed short-circuit current.  
Un: rated network voltage.

➤ The circuit-breaker poles must be distributed symmetrically over the two polarities.

Obviously, this connection provides isolation.

#### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution isolated from earth



The figure shows a source in IT system with a second fault (D) on the negative polarity.

Isolation	Number of poles and connection diagram
Required or not	2P

R: Load.

#### Fault condition analysis

Fault	Fault current (max.)	Voltage	Poles involved in breaking	Breaking characteristics
A	Low	Low	a	No breaking needed
A and D	Id <sup>(1)</sup>	Un	a	Id at Un on the pole connected to the positive polarity
B	Isc	Un	a + b	Isc at Un on the both poles
C	Low	Low	b	No breaking needed

Isc: presumed short-circuit current.  
Un: rated network voltage.

(1) Fault current values acceptable according to the installation rules.

- If Isc < 10 kA: fault current ≤ 0.15 Isc.
- If Isc > 10 kA: fault current ≤ 0.25 Isc.

➤ The circuit-breaker poles must be distributed symmetrically over the two polarities.

Obviously, this connection provides isolation.

### Connection

#### Series connection

In the preceding offers we extensively used the principle of series connection of products. Series connection of the poles, by dividing the voltage per pole, optimizes the circuit breaking performance for high-voltage networks. Series connection of the poles of a circuit breaker used in direct current therefore makes it possible to:

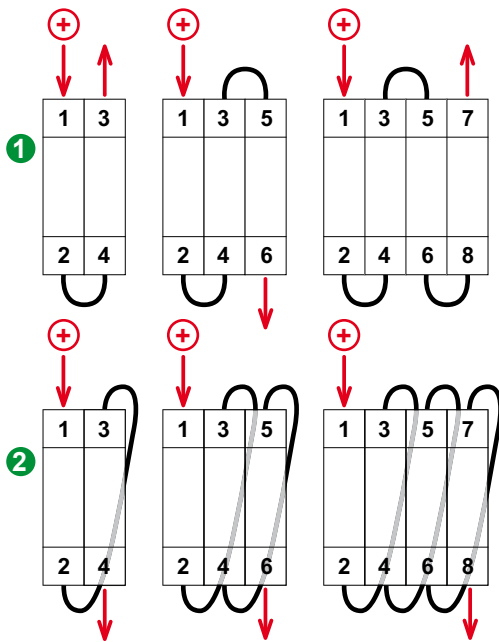
- divide the network voltage by the number of poles
- have the rated current for each pole
- have the circuit breaker's breaking capacity for all the poles.

#### Direction of cabling and cable length

In the case of series connection, the direction of cabling has a major impact on the product's performance.

Usually the first product cabling method ① will be used. For special applications where there is only a single possible current direction, the second cabling method ② is preferable, especially for electrical endurance properties.

Subsequently the cable cross section and length combination should be optimized, depending on the loads. Generally, a greater length and cross section improves performance.



Rating (In)	Cross section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Min. shunt length (mm)
≤ 63 A	≤ 16	500
	25	200
	35	100
≤ 125 A	35	300
	50	200

**Note:** This table gives the minimum cable (shunt) lengths optimizing the equipment's performance according to the cable cross sections.

#### Clarification concerning voltage drops

##### Importance of allowing for voltage drops

Voltage drops are an issue that must be taken into account especially in direct current distribution due to:

- the common use of very low voltage (24, 48 or sometimes 12 V):
  - for a given resistance and current in a circuit, relative voltage drops increase as the voltage is lowered,
  - the natural voltage drop of batteries in power reserve mode, as they are discharged,
  - the criticality of the associated applications, often requiring a high level of security and continuity of service.

##### Cause of voltage drops

Voltage drops are caused by the sum of the resistances in series in the circuit:

- internal resistance (r) of the source
- resistance of connecting cables
- internal resistance of control and protection switchgear, often significant for circuit breakers of low rating (a few amperes) powered at very low voltage
  - it is generally expressed in mΩ
  - in the absence of data directly from the manufacturer, it can be calculated by dividing the power consumption by the square of the current:  $r = P/I^2$
  - spurious resistance of connections.

Voltage drops in the circuit must be less than the rated operating tolerances of the various loads in steady-state conditions and especially at start-up (inrush current).

Table G.52.1 – Voltage drop

Type of installation	Lighting %	Other uses %
A – Low voltage installations supplied directly from a public low voltage distribution system	3	5
B – Low voltage installation supplied from private LV supply*	6	8

\* As far as possible, it is recommended that voltage drop within the final circuits do not exceed those indicated in installation type A.

When the main wiring systems of the installations are longer than 100 m, these voltage drops may be increased by 0,005 % per metre of wiring system beyond 100 m, without this supplement being greater than 0,5 %.

Voltage drop is determined from the demand by the current-using equipment, applying diversity factors where applicable, or from the values of the design current of the circuits.

IEC 60364-5-52 standard.

The multipolar low rating use (< 4 A) is not suitable for very low voltage networks (< 24 V DC).

# Direct current distribution

## Choosing and implementing circuit breakers

### Examples of choices

#### Example 1

In a direct current distribution system, powered by a rectifier/charger of voltage 125 V with earthed "-" polarity, which circuit breakers should be installed to protect:

- the battery outgoing feeder of permissible current  $I_z = 69$  A, operating current  $I_b = 55$  A, and short-circuit current 10 kA?
- a lighting outgoing feeder of permissible current  $I_z = 22$  A, operating current  $I_b = 18$  A, and short-circuit current 10 kA?

If the battery outgoing feeder is with momentary current direction reversal, choose an iC60 circuit breaker:

Circuit to be protected	Choice of circuit breaker	
$I_b = 55$ A, $I_z = 69$ A	Rating	$I_n = 63$ A
No high current peak	Curve	B
$U_n = 125$ V, $I_{sc} = 10$ kA, "-" earthed	Breaking capacity	iC60N
	Connection	2 poles in series on "+"
Isolation required		1 pole on "-"

➤ Choose a B-curve iC60N 3P 63 A circuit breaker with 2 poles connected to the positive polarity.

If the lighting outgoing feeder is without momentary current direction reversal, choose a C60H-DC circuit breaker:

Circuit to be protected	Choice of circuit breaker	
$I_b = 18$ A, $I_z = 22$ A	Rating	$I_n = 20$ A
No high current peak	Curve	C
$U_n = 125$ V, $I_{sc} = 10$ kA, "-" earthed	Breaking capacity	C60H-DC
	Connection	1 pole on "+"
Isolation not required		No pole on "-"

➤ Choose a C60H-DC 1P 20 A circuit breaker with 1 pole connected to positive polarity.

#### Example 2

In a direct current distribution system, powered by a rectifier/charger of voltage 125 V, with earthed mid-point, which circuit breakers should be installed to protect:

- the battery outgoing feeder of permissible current  $I_z = 69$  A, operating current  $I_b = 55$  A, and short-circuit current 20 kA?
- a lighting outgoing feeder of permissible current  $I_z = 22$  A, operating current  $I_b = 18$  A, and short-circuit current 20 kA?

If the battery outgoing feeder is with momentary current direction reversal, choose an iC60 circuit breaker of characteristics in compliance with the installation:

Circuit to be protected	Choice of circuit breaker	
$I_b = 55$ A, $I_z = 69$ A	Rating	$I_n = 63$ A
No high current peak	Curve	B
$U_n = 125$ V, $I_{sc} = 20$ kA, earthed mid-point	Breaking capacity	iC60H
	Connection	1 pole on "+" 1 pole on "-"
Isolation required		Provided by both poles

➤ Choose a B-curve iC60H 2P 63 A circuit breaker, connected symmetrically to the "+" and "-" polarities.

# Direct current distribution

## Choosing and implementing circuit breakers

If the lighting outgoing feeder is without momentary current direction reversal, choose a C60H-DC circuit breaker:

Circuit to be protected	Choice of circuit breaker	
$I_b = 18\text{ A}$ , $I_z = 22\text{ A}$	Rating	$I_n = 20\text{ A}$
$U_n = 125\text{ V}$ , $I_{sc} = 20\text{ kA}$ , earthed mid-point	Breaking capacity	C60H-DC
	Connection	1 pole on "+" 1 pole on "-"
Isolation not required		Provided by both poles

➤ Choose a C60H-DC 2P 20 A circuit breaker connected symmetrically to the "+" and "-" polarities.

### Example 3

In a direct current distribution system powered by two rectifiers in parallel  $U_n = 250\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{sc} (2\text{ sources}) = 35\text{ kA}$ , in IT system, which circuit breakers should be installed to protect:

- the pair of rectifiers of permissible current  $I_z = 69\text{ A}$  and operating current  $I_b = 55\text{ A}$ ?
- a lighting outgoing feeder of permissible current  $I_z = 22\text{ A}$  and operating current  $I_b = 18\text{ A}$ ?

If the pair of rectifiers is with momentary current direction reversal, choose an iC60 circuit breaker:

Circuit to be protected	Choice of circuit breaker	
$I_b = 55\text{ A}$ , $I_z = 69\text{ A}$	Rating	$I_n = 63\text{ A}$
No high current peak	Curve	B or C (the magnetic threshold is far lower than the short-circuit current)
$U_n = 250\text{ V}$ , $I_{sc} = 35\text{ kA}$ , IT system	Breaking capacity	NG125L
	Connection	2 poles on "+" 2 poles on "-"
Isolation required		Provided by the 4 poles

➤ Choose an NG125L 4P 63 A circuit breaker connected symmetrically to the "+" and "-" polarities.

The lighting outgoing feeder is without momentary current direction reversal but the short-circuit current is too great to choose a C60H-DC circuit breaker.

Circuit to be protected	Choice of circuit breaker	
$I_b = 18\text{ A}$ , $I_z = 22\text{ A}$	Rating	$I_n = 20\text{ A}$
No high current peak	Curve	B
$U_n = 250\text{ V}$ , $I_{sc} = 35\text{ kA}$ , IT system	Breaking capacity	NG125L
	Connection	2 poles on "+" 2 poles on "-"
Isolation not required		Provided by the 4 poles

➤ Choose a B-curve NG125L 4P 20 A circuit breaker connected symmetrically to the two "+" and "-" polarities.

Residual current devices do not work on a direct current distribution system.

Earth leakage protection can be provided by circuit breakers or residual current circuit breakers installed on the upstream AC distribution system.

Standard IEC 60479-1 determines applicable values for the protection of users.

### Residual current devices

#### DC networks isolated from any AC network

Residual current devices will not work with a direct current distribution system powered directly by a battery, a generating set, photovoltaic cells, etc., or a rectifier with galvanic insulation. In this case protection for users is provided by choosing a network voltage that is not dangerous and an appropriate earthing system.

#### Safe direct current network voltage

Environment	TN-S system		IT system
	Earthed polarity	Earthed mid-point	
Dry	100 V	200 V	100 V
Wet	50 V	100 V	50 V
Immersed	25 V	50 V	25 V

#### DC networks connected to an AC network

In the case of a direct current distribution system powered by an AC/DC converter (without galvanic insulation), earth leakage protection can be provided by circuit breakers or residual current circuit breakers installed on the AC network upstream of the converter.

#### Protection against direct contact

Earth leakage protection of high sensitivity ( $I_{\Delta n} = 30 \text{ mA}$ ) is compulsory if certain circuits operating on direct current entail risks of barring of live parts (see installation standards). This protection system should be chosen as follows:

- type A or si (bipolar), if the converter is powered by a single-phase supply
- type B, if the converter is powered by a three-phase supply.

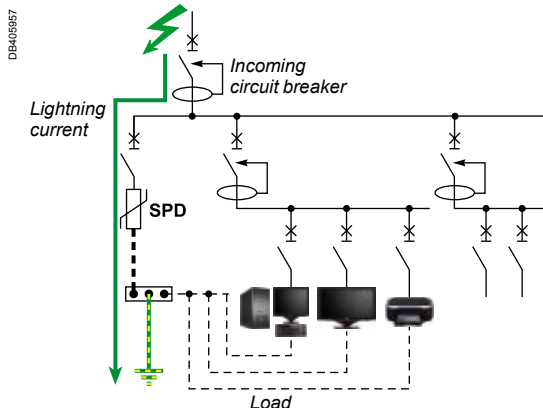
The choice of this protection system does not depend on the earthing system.

#### Protection against indirect contact

Protection against indirect contact		Medium-sensitivity earth leakage protection $I_{\Delta n} \geq 300 \text{ mA}$		
Upstream power supply		Three-phase		Single-phase
Characteristics of direct-current circuits to be protected		Without double insulation	With double insulation	
Upstream earthing system	TT or IT with non-interconnected exposed conductive parts	Type B	Type A	
	TN-S IT	Type A		

#### Fire protection

Fire protection		Medium-sensitivity earth leakage protection $I_{\Delta n} = 300 \text{ mA}$		
Upstream power supply		Single-phase or three-phase		
Characteristics of direct-current circuits to be protected		Humid or dusty environments, ancient installations and buildings		
Upstream earthing system		No influence		
		Type A		



### Surge protective device

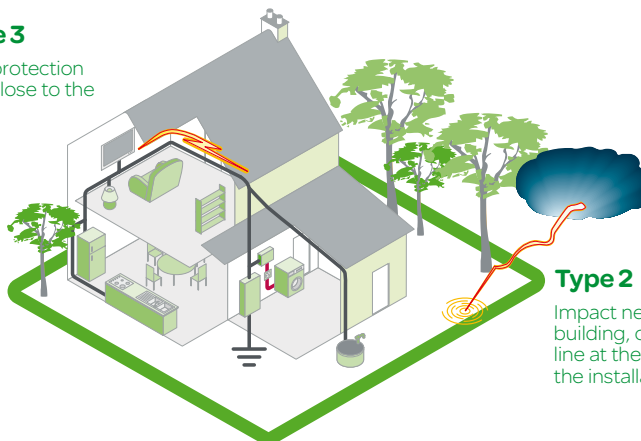
In fact the operating principle of the surge protective device remains identical in direct current; the surge protective devices capture and conduct to earth the current of electric overvoltages.

Particularly if the direct current is implemented by a rectifier without galvanic insulation and if the AC network already contains a surge protective device, there will be no need for a specific protective device.

Otherwise, the surge protective device should be adapted "finely" to the network voltage (and the overvoltage resistance of the loads, which is linked to the network voltage).

### Type 3

Fine protection very close to the loads



### Type 2

Impact near the building, on the LV line at the entry to the installation

### Type 1 surge protective device

The type 1 surge protective device is recommended in the specific case of service-sector and industrial buildings, protected by a lightning rod or a meshed cage. It protects electrical installations against direct lightning strokes. It can discharge the back-current from lightning spreading from the earth conductor to the network conductors.

Type 1 surge protective devices are characterized by a 10/350  $\mu$ s current wave.

### Type 2 surge protective device

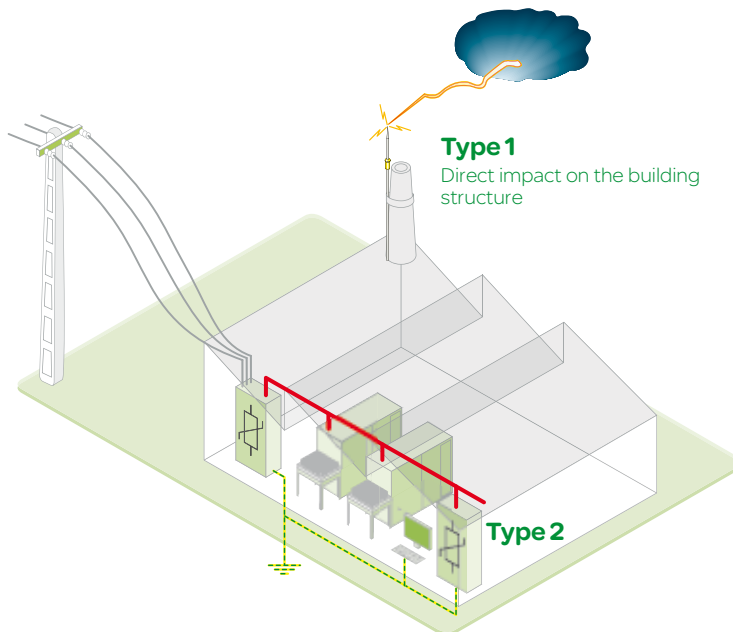
The type 2 surge protective device is the main protection system for all low-voltage electrical installations. Installed in each electrical switchboard, it prevents the spread of overvoltages in the electrical installations and protects the loads.

Type 2 surge protective devices are characterized by an 8/20  $\mu$ s current wave.

### Type 3 surge protective device

These surge protective devices have a low discharge capacity. They must therefore mandatorily be installed as a supplement to type 2 surge protective devices and in the vicinity of sensitive loads.

Type 3 surge protective devices are characterized by a combination of voltage waves (1.2/50  $\mu$ s) and current waves (8/20  $\mu$ s).



### Type 1

Direct impact on the building structure

### Type 2

Generally the direct current switching voltage should be assigned a coefficient of  $\sqrt{2}$  compared with alternating current. Apart from this the principle for choosing devices according to the networks remains the same.

Network voltage	Comments	Offer
24 / 48 V	Communication	iPRI
< 200 V	Communication	iPRC
200 to 400 V	Type 2 and 3	iPRD, iPF
200 to 400 V	Type 1 and 2	iPRF1, PRD1
200 to 400 V	Type 1	PRD1 Master, PRF1 Master
600 or 1000 V	PV applications	iPRD-DC

### Coordination with disconnectors

A study is underway on the coordination of our surge protective devices on direct current networks; it will enable this document to be supplemented at a later stage.

DE400090

**Table 6 – Equipment having a nominal voltage below 120 V a.c. or below 750 V d.c.**

DC		AC	
Nominal values		Nominal values	
Preferred V	Supplementary V	Preferred V	Supplementary V
	2,4		
	3		
	4		
	4,5		
	5		5
6	7,5	6	
	9		
12	15	12	15
24	30	24	
36	40		36
48		48	
60			60
72			
96	80		100
110		110	
220	125		
440	250		
	600		

NOTE 1 Because the voltage of the primary and secondary cells is below 2,4 V, and the choice of the type of cell to be used in various applications will be based on properties other than the voltage, these values are not included in the table. The relevant IEC technical committees may specify types of cells and related voltages for specific applications.

NOTE 2 It is recognized that for technical and economic reasons, additional voltages may be required for certain specific fields of application.

IEC 60038 standard.

The installation rules of the IEC 60364 standard apply to direct current distribution systems.

### Network voltage

24 V, 48 V, 60 V, 125 V, 250 V, 500 V, 750 V.

These voltages often depend on the application or the sources used, for example:

- batteries on single-phase DC charger: voltage 240 V DC,
- batteries on three-phase DC charger: voltage 440 V DC.

### Overcurrent protection

#### Short-circuit current

The short-circuit current depends on the source. For a distribution system powered by a battery, it can be calculated by the formula  $I_{sc} \text{ (in A)} = kC$  with:

- C the battery capacity in Ah,
- k a coefficient close to 10 and in any case always less than 20.

#### Example

A 125 V battery of capacity 220 Ah delivers a short-circuit current  $I_{sc}$  between 2.2 kA and 4.4 kA.

**Note:** Since the  $I_{sc}$  current value is relatively low and the distribution system is not very extensive, the maximum short-circuit current  $I_{sc}$  at any point of the installation is taken as equal to the short-circuit current  $I_{sc}$  of the source (value by excess).

#### Overload protection

For a load of operating current  $I_b$  and a duct of permissible current  $I_z$ , the duct protection by a distribution circuit breaker must have a rating  $I_n$  such that:  $I_b \leq I_n \leq I_z$ .

#### Short-circuit protection

The installation standards impose no particular constraint: a magnetic tripping threshold  $I_m$  such that  $5 I_n \leq I_m \leq 10 I_n$  is generally advisable.





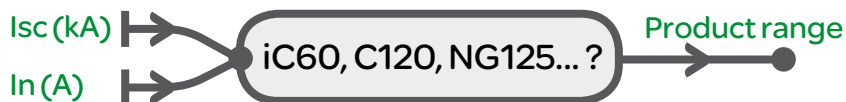
### Appendix 1

#### iC60, C120, NG125 offer

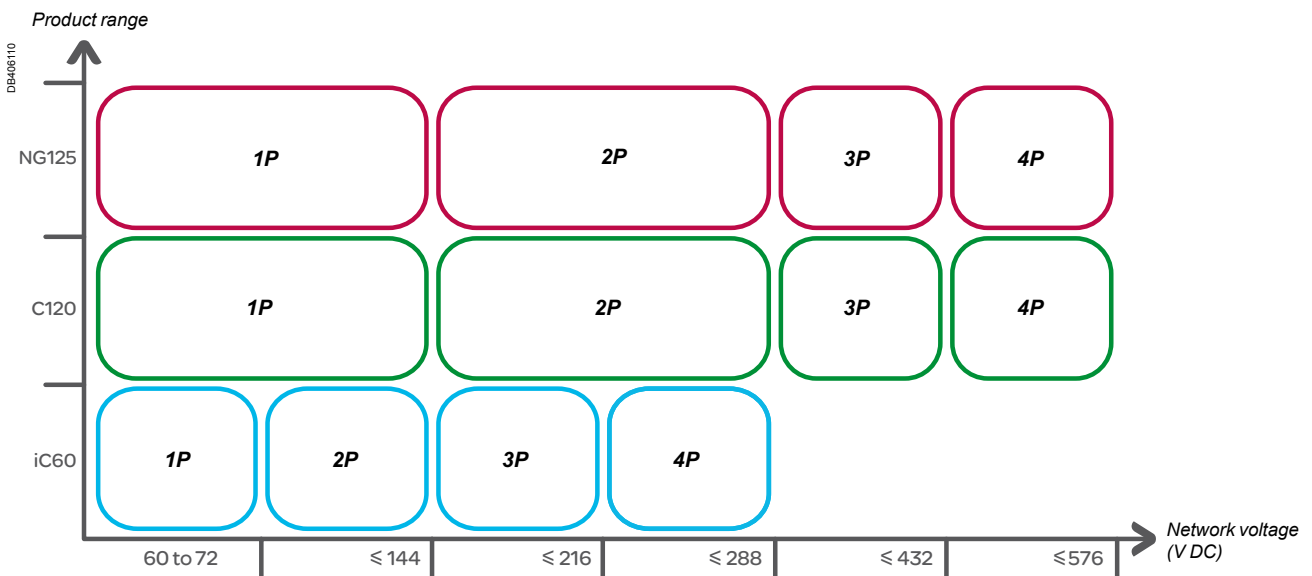
#### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution with earthed polarity

The following tables show the number of poles connected in series according to the DC network voltage, and the circuit breaking performance of our circuit breaker range.

Breaking capacity for a maximum voltage per pole of: 72 V DC for the iC60 offers and 144 V DC for the C120 and NG125 offers



Fault condition analysis, see page 656.



Isolation, number of poles and connection diagram, see page 657.

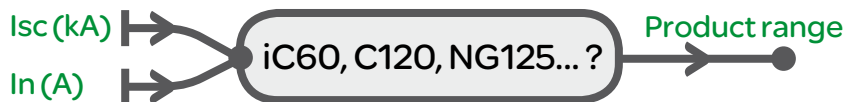
### Appendix 2

#### iC60, C120, NG125 offer

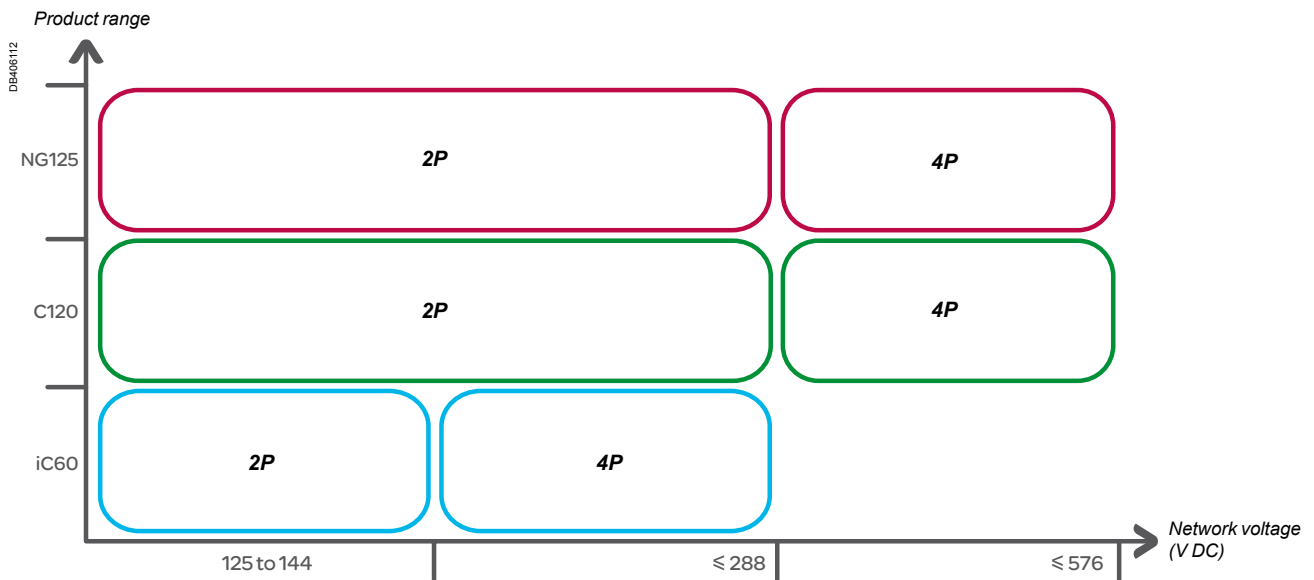
#### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution with earthed mid-point

The following tables show the number of poles connected in series according to the DC network voltage, and the circuit breaking performance of our circuit breaker range.

**Breaking capacity for a maximum voltage per pole of: 72 V DC for the iC60 offers and 144 V DC for the C120 and NG125 offers**



Fault condition analysis, see page 658.



Isolation, number of poles and connection diagram, see page 659.

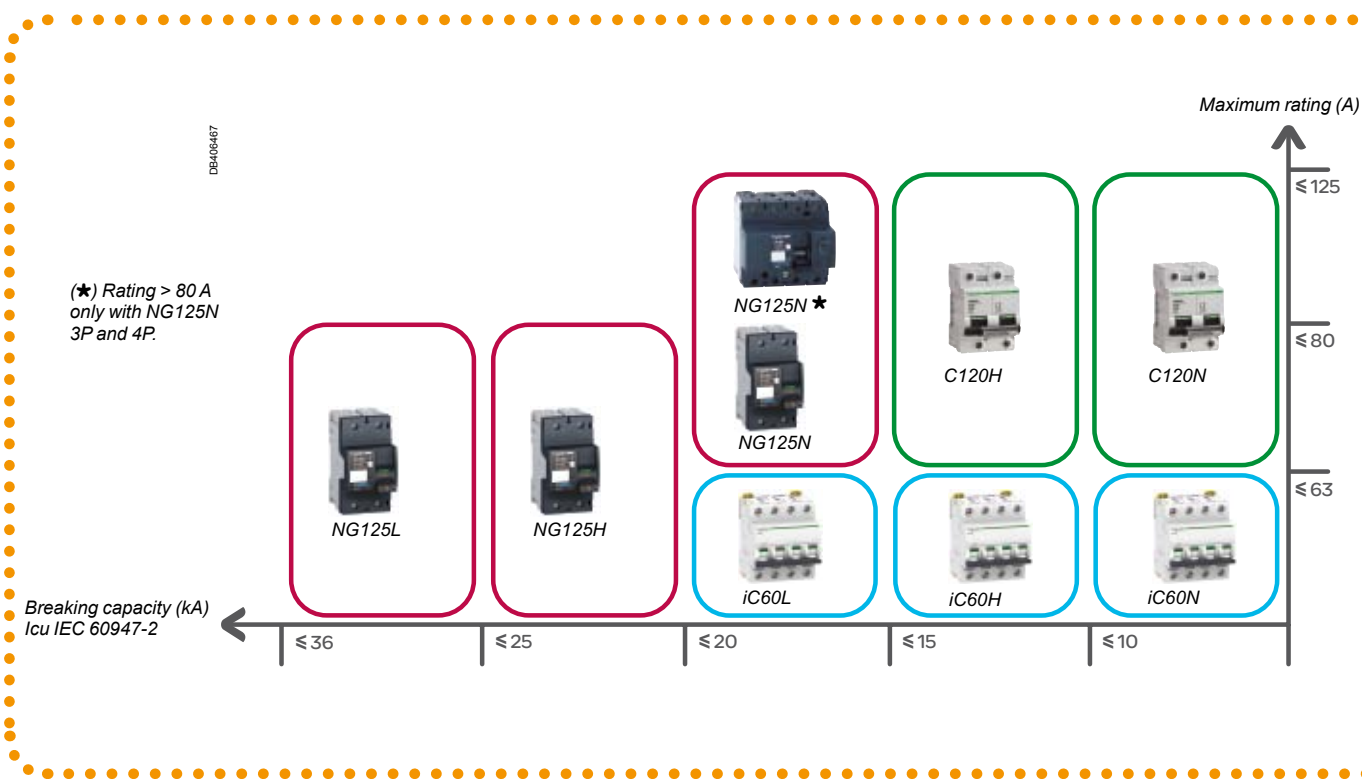
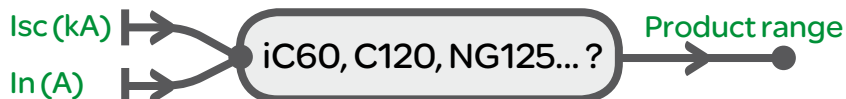
### Appendix 3

#### iC60, C120, NG125 offer

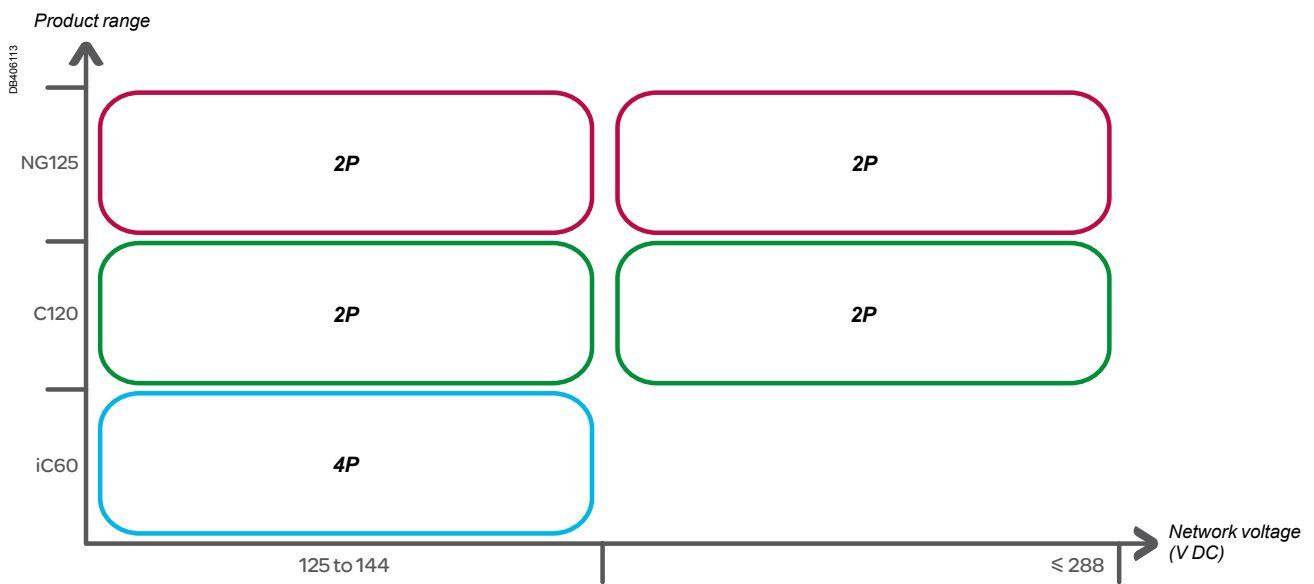
#### Choosing circuit breakers for distribution isolated from earth

The following tables show the number of poles connected in series according to the DC network voltage, and the circuit breaking performance of our circuit breaker range.

**Breaking capacity for a maximum voltage per pole of: 72 V DC for the iC60 offers and 144 V DC for the C120 and NG125 offers**



Fault condition analysis, see page 660.



Isolation, number of poles and connection diagram, see page 661.

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35, rue Joseph Monier  
CS 30323  
F- 92506 Rueil Malmaison Cedex

RCS Nanterre 954 503 439  
Capital social 896 313 776 €  
[www.schneider-electric.com](http://www.schneider-electric.com)

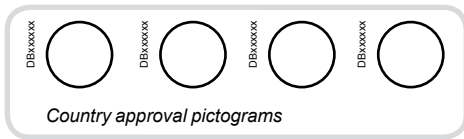
As standards, specifications and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this publication.



*Printed on ecological paper*

Publication : Schneider Electric Industries SAS  
Design-Layout: SEDOC





(Basic functions)



MA circuit breaker:  
short-circuit protection  
and isolation

Contactor:  
control

Thermal relay:  
overload protection

### IEC 60947-4-1

#### Types of co-ordination

Standard IEC 60947.4 defines tests at various current levels with the aim of placing the switchgear in extreme conditions. According to the state of components after testing, the standard defines 2 types of coordination.

■ Type 1:

Deterioration of the contactor and relay is accepted under 2 conditions:

- there is no risk for the operator,
- parts other than the contactor and relay must not be damaged.

■ Type 2:

Welding of the contactor or starter contacts is accepted only if they can easily be separated:

- after type 2 coordination tests, the functions of the protection and control switchgear are operational.

#### Which type to choose?

The choice of coordination type depends on the operating parameters. It must be suitable for the user's needs and ensure optimised cost of the installation.

■ Type 1:

- qualified maintenance service,
- reduced volume and cost of switchgear,
- continuity of supply not required or ensured by replacing the faulty motor rack.

■ Type 2:

- continuity of supply vital,
- reduced maintenance service,
- specifications stipulating type 2.

The various thermal relay classes: the thermal relay class must be appropriate for the motor starting time.

Classes	Tripping time at 7.2 I <sub>r</sub> (s)
10/10 A	2 to 10
20	6 to 20

#### Type 1 of co-ordination

- Starting: normal (Class 10).
- Breaking performance: equal to the breaking capacity of the circuit breaker only.
- Temperature: 40°C.

### Catalogue numbers

Motor								Circuit breaker			Contactor	Thermal relay	
220 to 230 V		380 to 400 V		415 V		440 V <sup>(1)</sup>		Type	Rating (A)	I <sub>rm</sub> (A)	Type	Type	Irth
P (kW)	I (A)	P (kW)	I (A)	P (kW)	I (A)	P (kW)	I (A)						
-	-	0.37	1.2	0.37	1.1	0.37	1	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	1.6	20	LC1-D09	LRD-06	1 to 1.6
-	-	0.55	1.6	0.55	1.5	0.55	1.4	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	1.6	20	LC1-D09	LRD-06	1.25 to 2
0.37	2	0.75	2	0.75	1.8	0.75	1.7	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	2.5	30	LC1-D09	LRD-07	1.6 to 2.5
-	-	-	-	1.1	2.6	-	-	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	4	50	LC1-D09	LRD-08	2.5 to 4
0.55	2.8	1.1	2.8	1.5	3.4	1.5	3.1	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	4	50	LC1-D09	LRD-08	2.5 to 4
11	5	2.2	5.3	2.2	4.8	2.2	4.5	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	6.3	75	LC1-D09	LRD-10	4 to 6
1.5	6.5	3	7	3	6.5	3	5.8	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	10	120	LC1-D09	LRD-12	5.5 to 8
2.2	9	4	9	4	8.2	4	7.9	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	10	120	LC1-D09	LRD-14	7 to 10
-	-	5.5	12	5.5	11	-	-	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	12.5	150	LC1-D12	LRD-16	9 to 13
4	15	7.5	16	7.5	14	7.5	13.7	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	16	190	LC1-D18	LRD-21	12 to 18
-	-	-	-	9	17	9	16.9	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	25	300	LC1-D18	LRD-21	12 to 18
5.5	20	11	23	11	21	11	20.1	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	25	300	LC1-D25	LRD-22	16 to 24
7.5	28	15	30	15	28	15	26.5	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	40	480	LC1-D32	LRD-32	23 to 32
-	-	18.5	37	-	-	-	-	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	40	480	LC1-D40A	LRD-340	30 to 40
11	39	-	-	22	40	22	39	iC60LMA-NG125LMA	40	480	LC1-D40A	LRD-350	37 to 50
-	-	22	43	25	47	-	-	NG125LMA	63	750	LC1-D40A	LRD-350	37 to 50
15	52	-	-	-	-	30	51.5	NG125LMA	63	750	LC1-D50A	LRD-365	48 to 65

(1) 480 V Nema.

The examples of photovoltaic installation architectures presented in this document illustrate the use of direct current circuit breakers dedicated to protection of the modules and cables of the PV strings, to protect against overloads and short circuits. To ensure the safety of the photovoltaic installation it is necessary, in the cases described below, to combine the C60PV-DC circuit breaker with other protective or fault detection devices on the DC side.

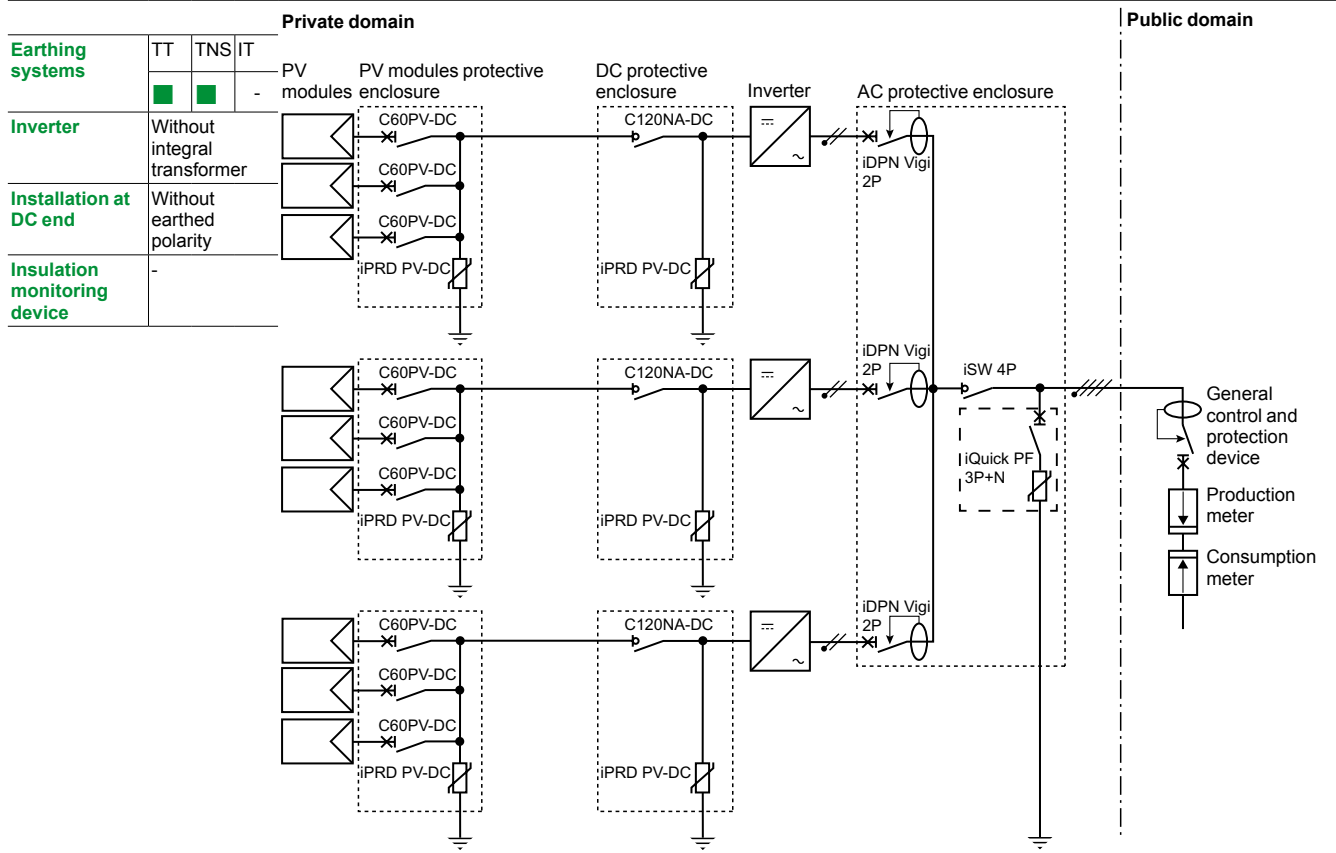
### Installation from 10 to 100 kW - $U_e \leq 800$ V DC

In the case of a PV architecture without an earthed polarity on the DC side and with a PV inverter without galvanic isolation, it is necessary to:

- protect each string of photovoltaic modules with a C60PV-DC installed in the junction box near the PV modules
  - add a residual current device on the AC side of the PV inverter so that the latter trips as soon as an earth fault occurs on the DC side.
- It is necessary to intervene immediately on the site at the first default.**

Restarting will be possible only after eliminating the fault.

DE408329



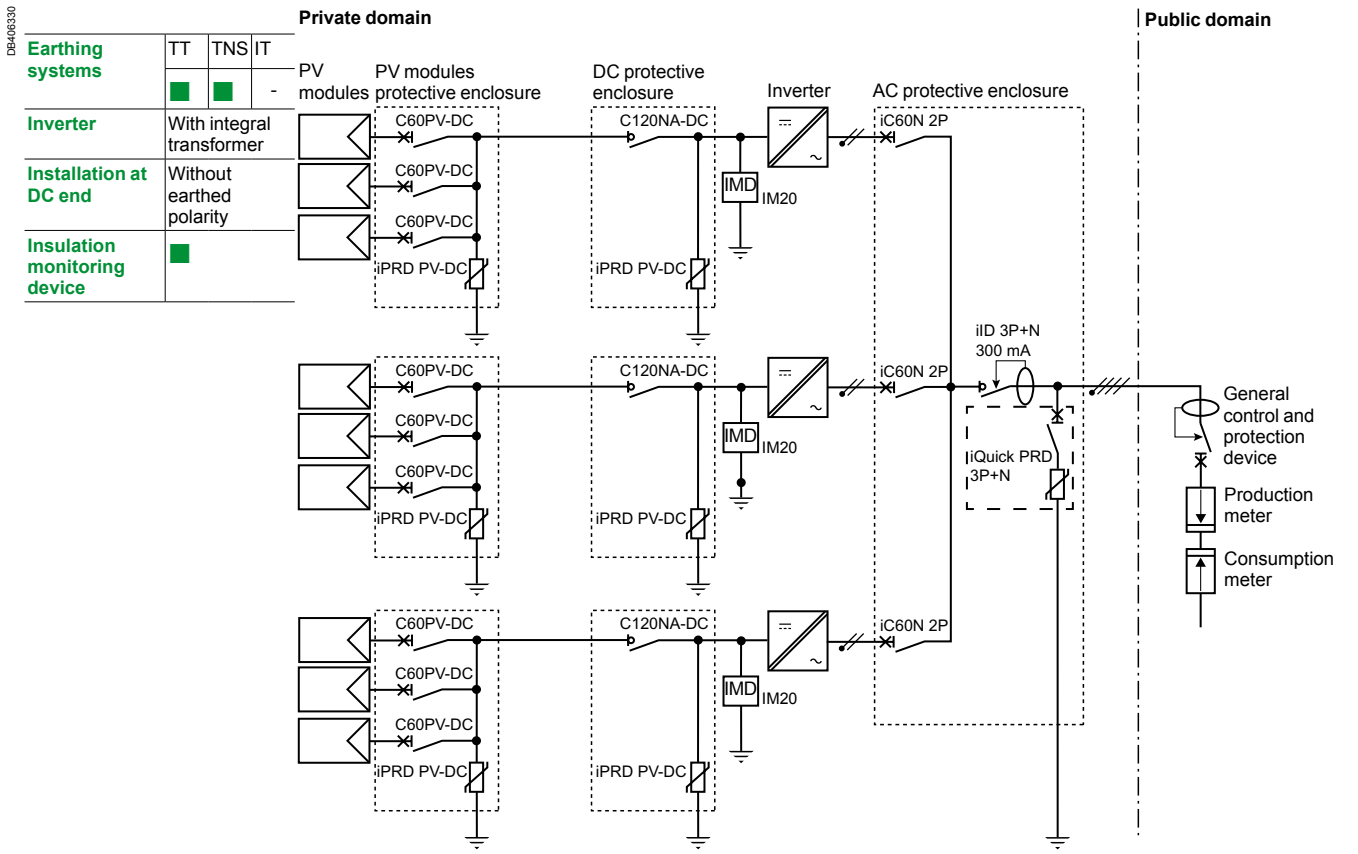
### Installation from 10 to 100 kW - $U_e \leq 800$ V DC

In the case of a PV architecture without an earthed polarity on the DC side and with a PV inverter or with galvanic isolation, it is necessary to:

- protect each string of photovoltaic modules with a C60PV-DC installed in the junction box near the PV modules;
- add an insulation monitoring device on the DC side of the PV inverter in order to indicate a first earth fault and actuate stoppage of the inverter as soon as it occurs.

**It is necessary to intervene immediately on the site at the first default.**

Restarting will be possible only after eliminating the fault.



### Installation from 10 to 100 kW - $U_e \leq 800$ V DC

In the case of a **PV architecture with an earthed polarity on the DC side and with a PV inverter having galvanic isolation**, it is necessary to:

- protect each string of photovoltaic modules with a C60PV-DC installed in the junction box near the PV modules

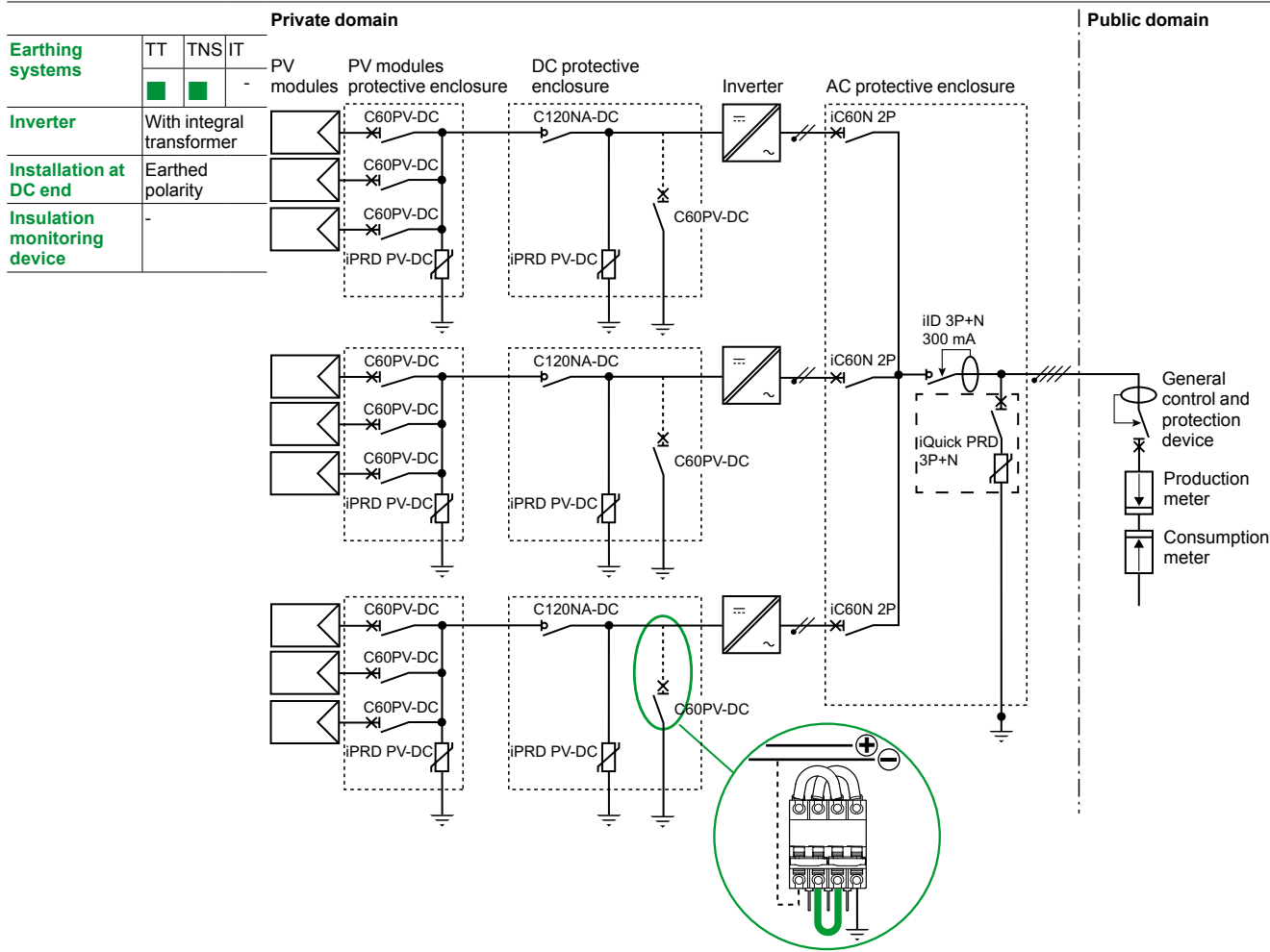
- add a C60PV-DC earth protection circuit breaker, with all poles in series, on the DC side of the PV inverter.

PV inverter stoppage is actuated via an auxiliary contact combined with the earth protection circuit breaker. Polarity earthing and the protective device should not be implemented if the PV inverter already has an earthed polarity.

**It is necessary to intervene immediately on the site at the first default.**

Restarting will be possible only after eliminating the fault.

DE408331

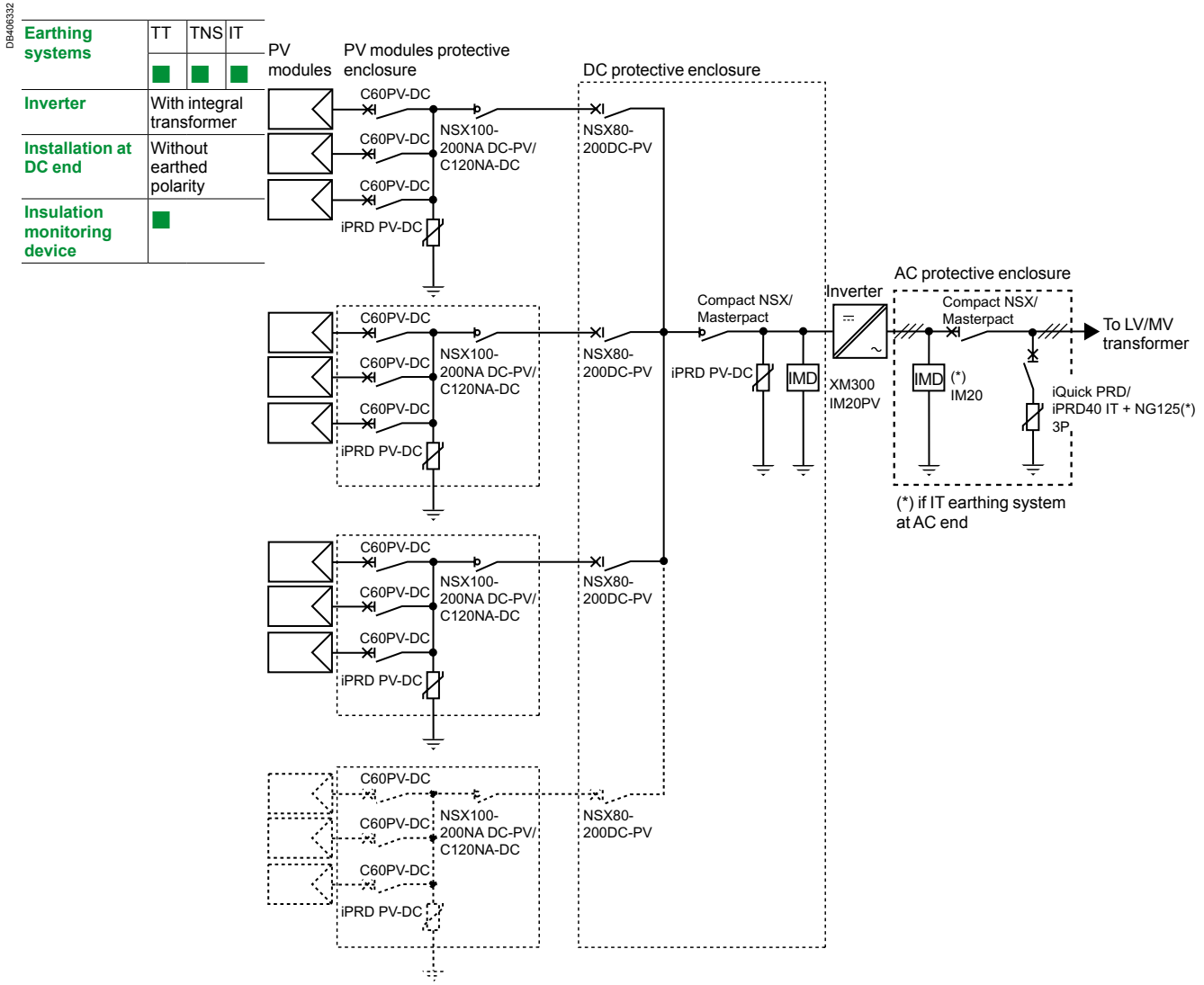


**Installation > 100 kW - U<sub>e</sub> ≤ 800 V DC**

In the case of a PV architecture without an earthed polarity on the DC side and a central PV inverter having galvanic isolation, it is necessary to:

- protect each string of photovoltaic modules with a C60PV-DC installed in the protection cabinet for the PV strings located near the PV modules
- add an insulation monitoring device (IMD) on the DC side of the PV inverter (and on the AC side if IT earthing system on AC side) in order to indicate a first earth fault and actuate stoppage of the PV inverter as soon as it occurs.

**It is necessary to intervene immediately on the site at the first default.**  
Restarting will be possible only after eliminating the fault.



### Installations > 100 kW - $U_e \leq 800$ V DC

In the case of a PV architecture with an earthed polarity on the DC side and a central inverter having galvanic isolation and an IT earthing system on the AC side, it is necessary to:

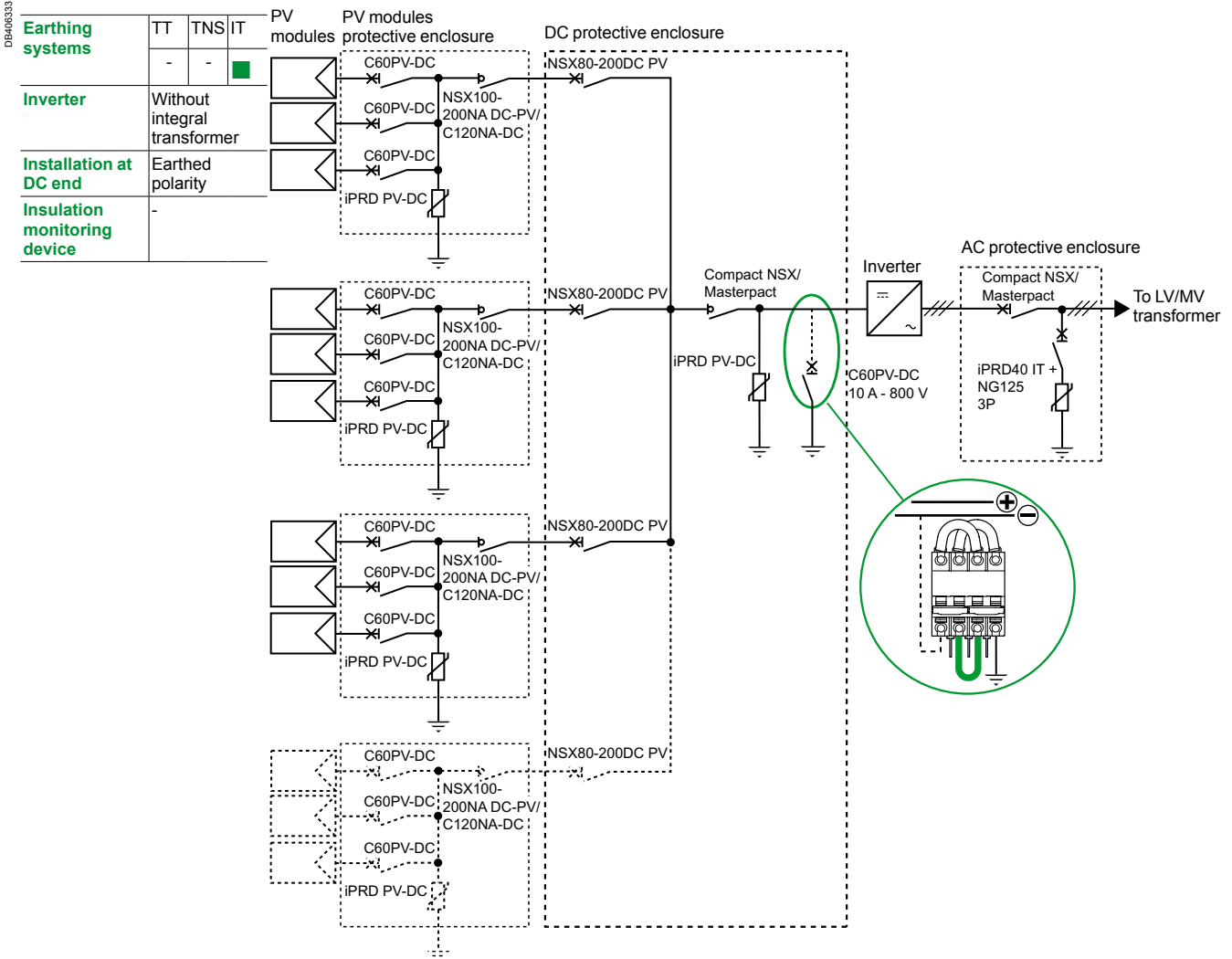
- protect each string of photovoltaic modules with a C60PV-DC installed in the protection cabinet for the PV strings located near the PV modules
- add a C60PV-DC earth protection circuit breaker, with all poles in series, on the DC side of the PV inverter.

PV inverter stoppage is actuated via an auxiliary contact combined with the earth protection circuit breaker. Polarity earthing and the protective device should not be implemented if the PV inverter already has an earthed polarity.

If the Isc of the DC installation exceeds 1.5 kA, replace the C60PV-DC earth protection circuit breaker with an NSX80 DC PV provided with a 16 A release.

**It is necessary to intervene immediately on the site at the first default.**

Restarting will be possible only after eliminating the fault.

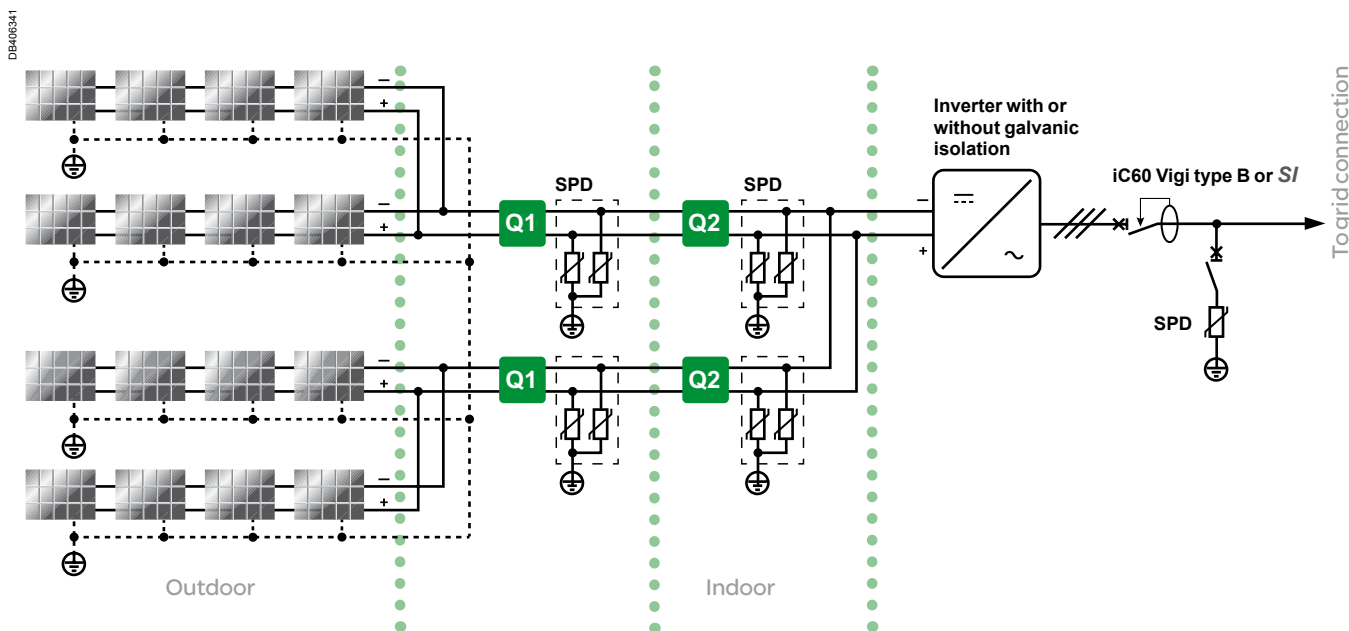


# Examples of using C120NA-DC switch-disconnector Architectures

## 10 kW-100 kW grid-connected PV system (small buildings)

### Three-phase multi-input inverter without array box

Typically, 10 kW to 36 kW grid-connected inverters with  $U_{OC,MAX}$  probably higher than 600 V (i.e. 800 V or 1000 V) and  $I_{SCTC} < 125 A$ ,  $I_{AC} < 63 A$ . In this range of power, inverters usually have between 2 and 4 maximum power point tracking (MPPT) inputs, so the number of strings in the same DC sub-network is equal to one or two. There is no need for string protection. A PV main switch for each MPPT input is necessary. When an inverter is indoors, additional remote-controlled switches at DC cable entry point are recommended for emergency services.



	String junction box	PV main switch
<b>Needs</b>	<b>Switchgears and control</b>	
Isolation	■	■ (b)
Switching (making and breaking rated current)	■ DC21B	■ (b) DC21B
Control	■ (a)	■ (b)
<b>Schneider Electric offer</b>	"Q1" C60NA-DC + MX / MN or C120NA-DC + MX / MN	"Q2" INS PV or C60NA-DC or C120NA-DC

(a) Remote switching for emergency services located as closely as possible to the PV modules or to the point of entry of DC cables in the building.  
 (b) Service and emergency switching.

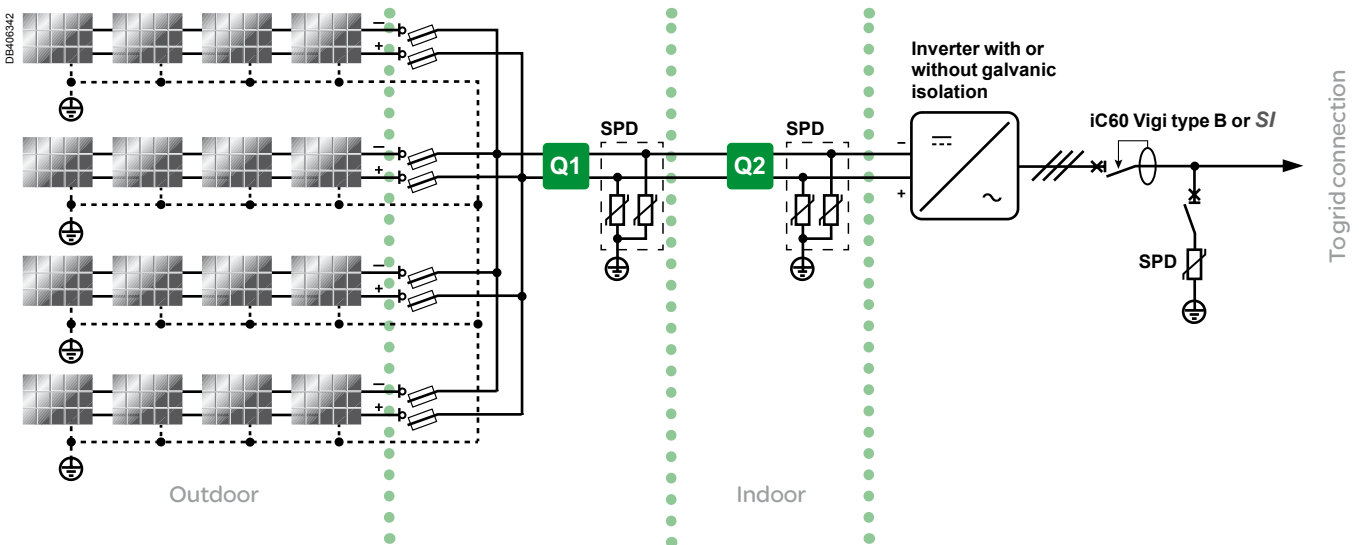
- If the inverter provides at least simple separation:
  - without functional earthing: insulation monitoring is necessary, it's usually done by the inverter in this range of power
  - with functional earthing: the earthing shall be done with a DC MCB breaker (C60PV 4P series 2 – 10 A) or a fuse.

# Examples of using C120NA-DC switch-disconnector Architectures (cont.)

## 10 kW-100 kW grid-connected PV system (small buildings)

### Three-phase inverter with one array box

Typically, 30 kW to 60 kW grid-connected inverters.  $U_{OC,MAX}$  is generally higher than 600 V (up to 1000 V),  $I_{SCTC}$  does not exceed 200 A,  $I_{AC}$  does not exceed 100 A. This design has more than 2 strings. Reverse current protection is therefore necessary. A main PV switch is required. When an inverter is inside, additional remote-controlled switches at DC cable entry point are recommended for emergencies.



	String / Array junction box	PV array main switch
<b>Needs</b>	<b>Switchgears and control</b>	
Isolation	■	■ (b)
Switching (Making & breaking rated current)	■ DC21B	■ (b) DC21B
Control	■ (a)	■ (b)
<b>Schneider Electric offer</b>	"Q0" TeSys DF "Q1" Compact NSX DC PV + MX / MN or C120NA-DC + MX / MN	"Q2" Compact NSX DC PV or C120NA-DC

(a) Remote switching for emergency services located as closely as possible to the PV modules or to the point of entry of DC cables in the building. The main switch in array box can be equipped with tripping coil.  
 (b) Service and emergency switching.

- If the inverter provides at least simple separation:
  - without functional earthing: insulation monitoring is necessary
  - with functional earthing: the earthing shall be done with a DC MCB breaker (C60PV 4P series 2 – 10 A) or a fuse.



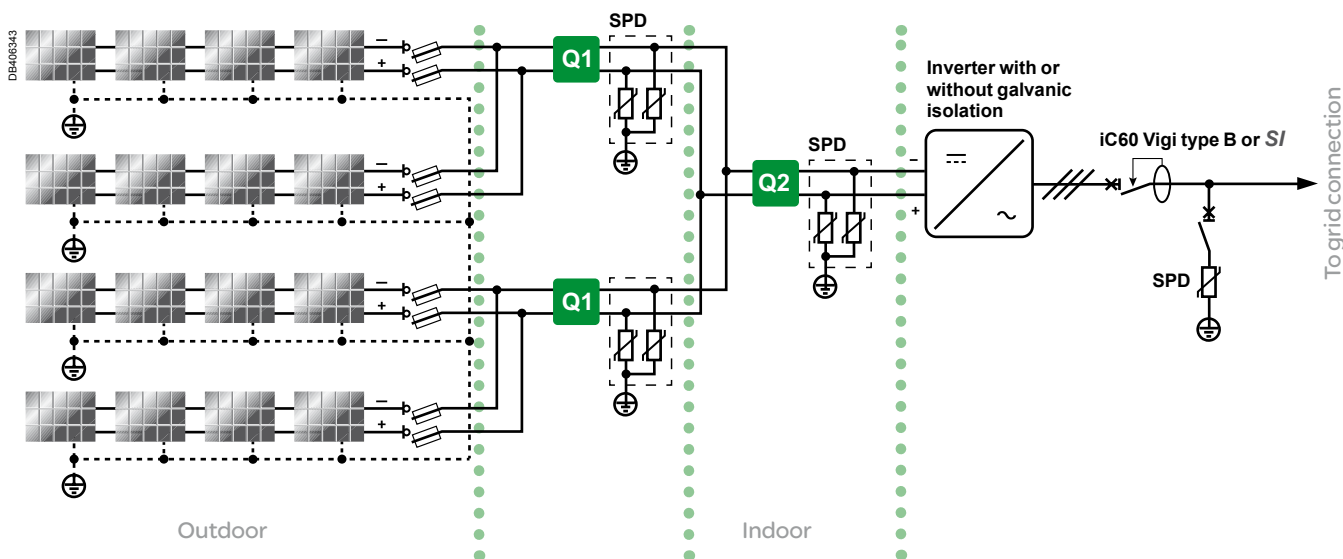
# Examples of using C120NA-DC switch-disconnector Architectures (cont.)

## 10 kW-100 kW grid-connected PV system (small buildings)

### Three-phase inverter with two array boxes

Typically, 60 kW to 100 kW grid-connected inverters with 2 arrays. Array cable protection is not necessary for 2 or 3 arrays.

The  $I_{SCTC}$  array  $\leq 200$  A,  $I_{SCTC} \leq 400$  A, and  $I_{ACMAX} \leq 200$  A. A PV main switch is required close to the inverter. Remotely operated switches in array boxes allow disconnects to be located close to the PV modules in the event of emergencies.



	String	Array junction box	PV generator main switch
<b>Needs</b>	<b>Switchgears and control</b>		
Isolation	■	■	■ (b)
Switching (making and breaking rated current)		■ DC22A	■ (b) DC22A
Control		■ (a)	■ (b)
<b>Schneider Electric offer</b>	"Q0" TeSys DF	"Q1" Compact NSX NA DC PV or C60NA-DC or <b>C120NA-DC</b>	"Q2" <b>C120NA-DC</b> or Compact NSX NA DC PV

(a) If emergency service switching is required, switches in array boxes can be equipped with tripping coils and motor mechanisms for remote reclosing.

(b) Service and emergency switching.

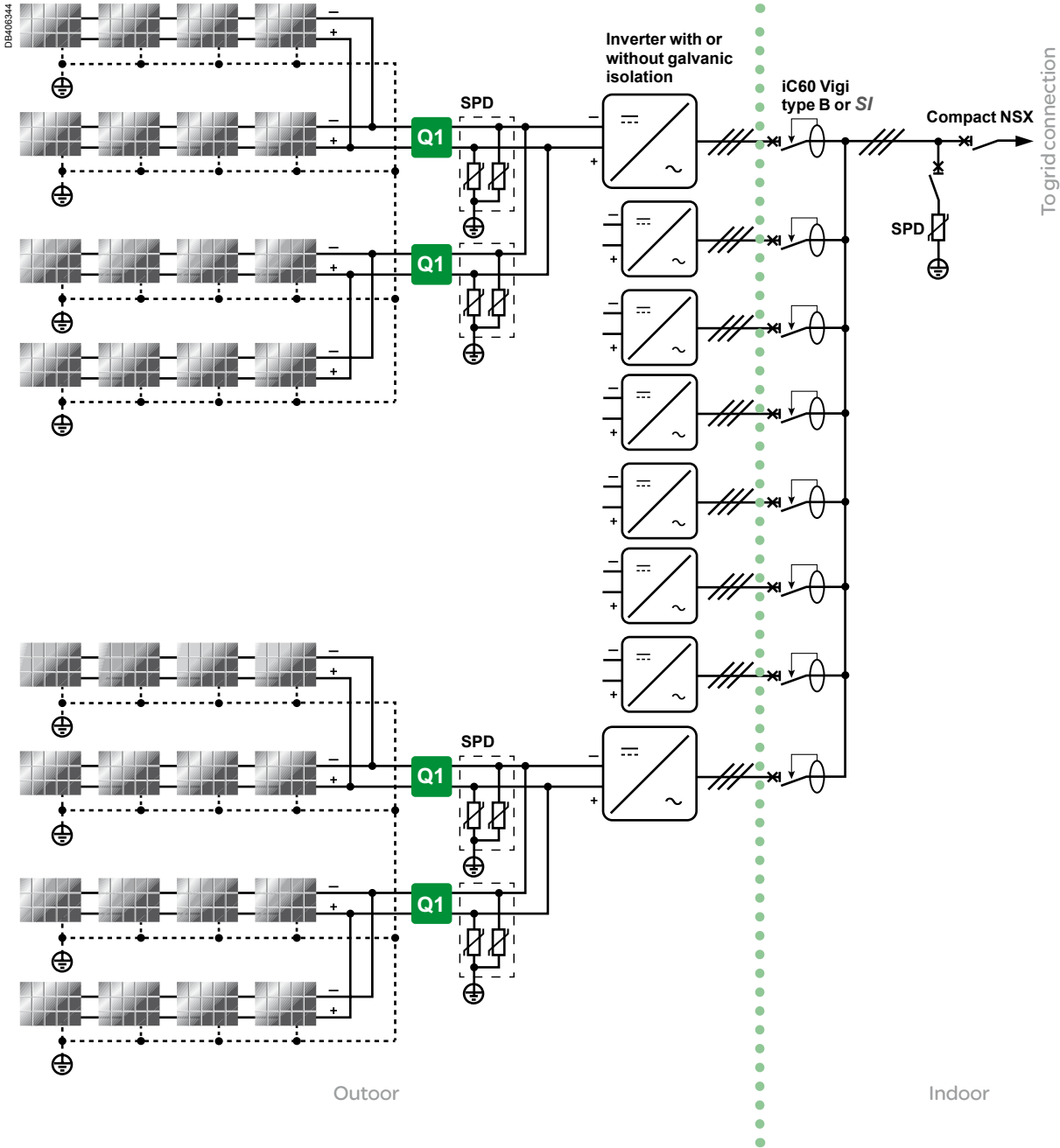
■ If the inverter provides at least simple separation:

- without functional earthing: insulation monitoring is necessary
- with functional earthing: the earthing shall be done with a DC MCB breaker (C60PV 4P series 2 – 10 A) or a fuse.

# Examples of using C120NA-DC switch-disconnector Architectures (cont.)

## 150 kW-500 kW grid-connected PV system (large buildings and farms)

**Multi three-phase inverter design without array box**  
 Typically, 10 x 20 to 20 x 30 kW grid-connected inverters.  $U_{OC\ MAX} \leq 1000\ V$ .  
 One or two string per inverter.  $I_{AC\ MAX} 50\ A$  for one inverter.







String / Array junction box	
<b>Needs</b>	<b>Switchgears and control</b>
Schneider Electric offer	"Q1" C60NA-DC or C120NA-DC or SW60DC See 10 to 36 kW design

Compact NSX with Micrologic trip unit ensures full selectivity with iC60 up to 40 A and offer advanced measurement and communication capabilities.



## Acti 9 Smartlink and enclosure/cubicle mounting compatibility

Enclosures configuration	Type of Smartlink mounting above DIN rail in all cases						TOP fed	
	Functional units Height in 50 mm Vertical modules	Power downstream cabling Power upstream cabling					DIN rail	Linergy FM 80 A
24-horizontal modules		Strands	Wiring band (cat. no. 04239)	Single cable trough support + cable trough 30 or 40	Adaptable cable trough support + cable trough 60	Cable trough behind the rail		
<b>Pragma Evolution - Surface mounting</b>								
	3 modules 150 mm	■					☑	☑
<b>Prisma Plus Pack - 160 A and 250 A</b>								
	3 modules 150 mm	■	■				☑	☑
<b>Prisma Plus G - Enclosure and cubicle</b>								
	3 modules 150 mm	■	■				☑	☑
	4 modules 200 mm	■	■	■			☑	☑
	5 modules 250 mm	■	■	■	■		☑	☑
<b>Prisma Plus P – Cubicle</b>								
	3 modules 150 mm	■	■			■	☑	☑
	4 modules 200 mm	■	■	■		■	☑	☑
	5 modules 250 mm	■	■	■	■	■	☑	☑

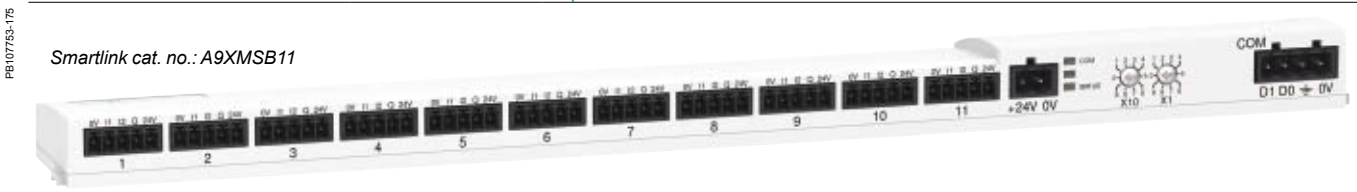
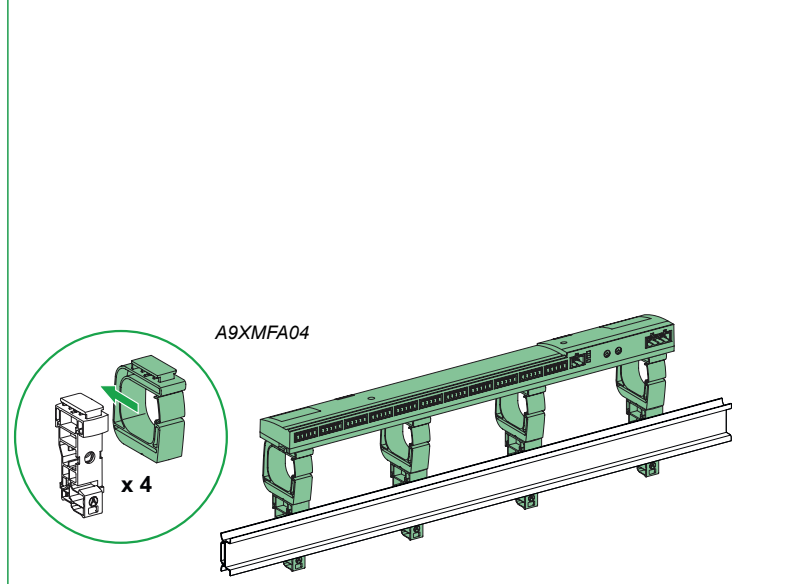
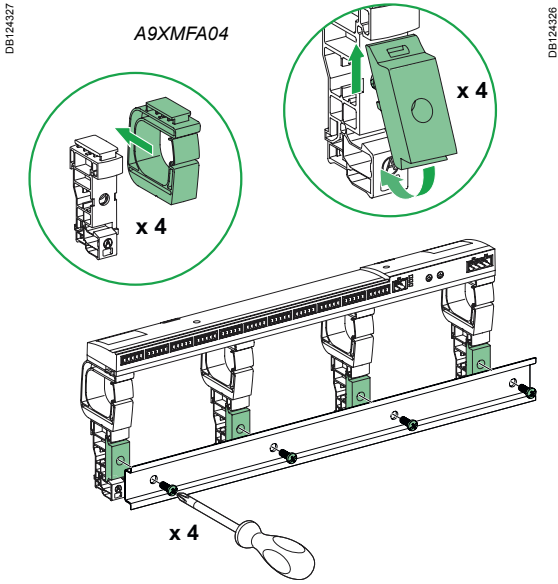
		Bottom fed			
Linergy FM 200 A		DIN rail (without comb busbar)		DIN rail + comb busbar (bottom position only)	
		Downstream cabling (in foot band)	Downstream cabling (in cable trough)	Downstream cabling (in foot band)	Downstream cabling (in cable trough)
		☑			
		☑			
		☑			
		☑	☑	☑	
☑		☑	☑	☑	☑
		☑			
		☑	☑	☑	☑
☑		☑	☑	☑	☑

**Key**

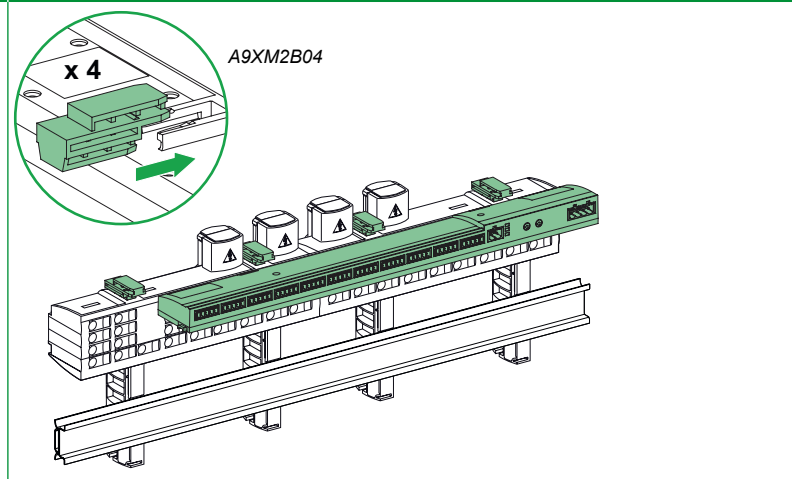
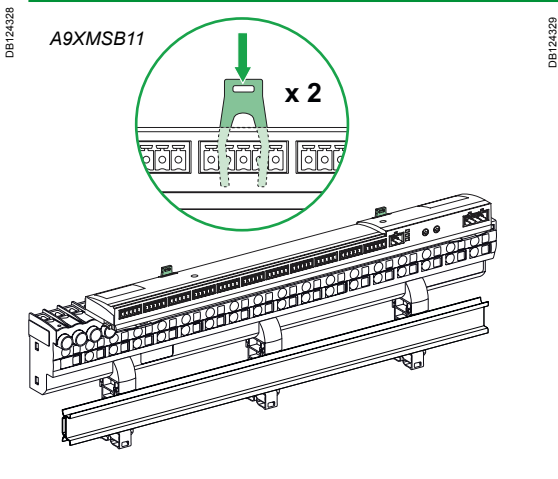
- ☑ Compatible
- ☐ Incompatible or not applicable

## Installation

### On DIN rail      On asymmetrical DIN rail



### On Linergy FM 80 A cat. no.: 04000      On Linergy FM 200 A cat. no.: 04012, 04013, 04014



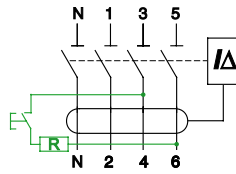
### Test software

Residual current devices are vital for the safety of people.

That is why:

- the electrical installation operation and maintenance standards require these protection devices to be tested at regular intervals,
  - les the product standards IEC 61008 and IEC 61009 require such devices to be fitted with a test button (marked "T") on the front panel.
- The user can therefore check and be certain that the device is working correctly.

The test button provides reliable information about how the device is working: tripping as soon as the button is pressed guarantees that the protection is working properly. If the device fails to trip, it must be examined to determine the cause of this malfunction.



Example iID

### Test frequency

The residual current devices must be tested as frequently as required by the installation regulations and/or the safety regulations currently in force.


In the absence of any regulations, Schneider Electric recommends the test to be carried out:

- after initial connection and any subsequent reconnection,
- every years, for devices recently installed in good environmental conditions (no dust, corrosion, humidity, etc.),
- every 3 months, for devices that have been in use for seven years or more in good environmental conditions,
- every months, for devices used in corrosive or harsh environmental conditions or highly exposed to lightning strikes.

### Procedure

The residual current device is powered on and the loads are connected.

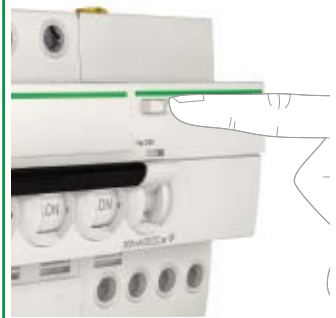
**Briefly** press the test button marked "T" on the front panel.

 Pressing the test button too long can seriously damage the device.

The residual current device should trip instantly.

If it fails to trip, the additional checks described below should be performed.

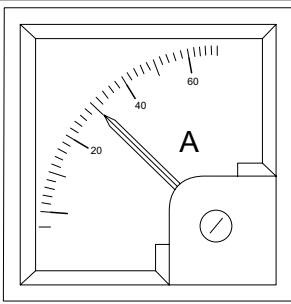
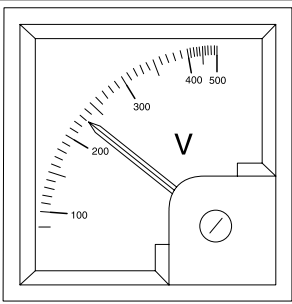
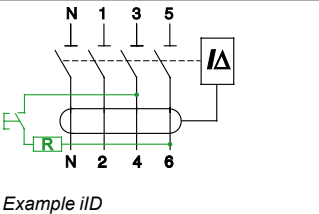
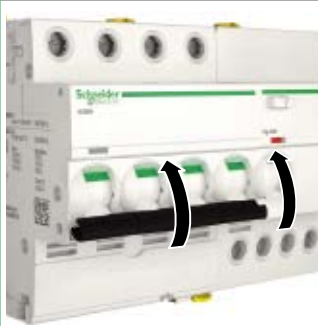
When the test is finished, put the residual current device back into service.



### Failure to trip during the test


Failure to trip during the test is often due to a cause that is external to the residual current device.

The table below shows the possible causes, the additional checks and tests to be carried out and the corrective actions to be taken, depending on the results. After a corrective action has been performed, repeat the test until a correct result is obtained.

Cause of the malfunction			
Network frequency	Network voltage	Connection (three-pole or four-pole device)	Load leakage currents
<b>Additional test</b>			
Check that the network frequency is the same as the frequency read on the device.	Check that the mains voltage is the same as that indicated on the front face of the device.	Measure the voltage between terminals: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 2 and 4 for Vigi iC60</li> <li>■ 3 and 6 for iLD.</li> </ul> This voltage must be between 85 % and 110 % of the voltage indicated on the device <sup>(1)</sup> .	Disconnect the loads and press the test button again.
		 Example iLD	
<b>Incorrect test result</b>			
If the network frequency is different, the button test is not significant.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ If the voltage measured is less than 85 % of that indicated on the device, the test button may not work, although the protection device will continue to function <sup>(1)</sup>.</li> <li>■ If the voltage measured is more than 110 % of the voltage indicated on the device there is a risk that the device will be destroyed.</li> </ul>	The incorrect voltage may be due to a connection error (e.g. phase/neutral inversion/missing phase, etc.).  The Acti 9 three-pole and four-pole residual current devices cannot be used on single-phase circuits. The Acti 9 four-pole residual current devices can be used normally on three-phase circuits without neutral.	If the device trips, the earth leakage protection is working correctly.
<b>Corrective actions</b>			
The device must be checked by an external device (see below).	If the voltage measured is different from the rated voltage of the mains, look for the problem on the power supply or on the downstream circuits (lines, loads): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ if the rated voltage of the mains is lower than that indicated on the device it must be replaced by a device with a suitable rated voltage the next time it is shut down</li> <li>■ if the rated voltage of the mains is higher than the voltage indicated on the device it must immediately be replaced by a device with a suitable rated voltage.</li> </ul>	Modify the connection to obtain the rated voltage (phase-phase) between terminals.	Measure the permanent leakage current of each load. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ in the event of abnormal load leakage, correct the insulation fault.</li> <li>■ otherwise, separate the circuits to reduce the permanent leakage currents seen by each residual current device.</li> </ul>

(1) In most cases, the test button on the Acti 9 residual current devices functions at down to 50 % of the rated voltage.

If none of the additional tests indicate a fault, the residual current device is faulty. Checking with an external device (see below) will show whether or not it has to be replaced urgently.

Test result	Positive	Negative
<b>Diagnosis</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ the earth leakage protection device is working properly</li> <li>■ the test circuit is faulty</li> </ul>	Earth leakage protection is not working
<b>Corrective actions</b>		
The residual current device must be replaced quickly (as soon as it is no longer being used).		 The residual current device must be replaced immediately



Some tertiary and industrial installation safety regulations require residual current devices to be checked with a specific device.

### Checking with a specific test device

For the tests performed to be valid, these devices must comply with IEC 61557-6.

These devices are used to check:

- the operating voltage
- the tripping threshold (according to the sensitivity  $I_{\Delta n}$ ) of the residual current device
- the tripping times at  $I_{\Delta n}$ ,  $2 \times I_{\Delta n}$ ,  $5 \times I_{\Delta n}$ , etc. The normal values are shown on pages CT6-1 and CT6-4.

With an IT earthing system (isolated neutral), a first insulation fault should be created artificially to allow a fault current to circulate during the tests.

### Procedure

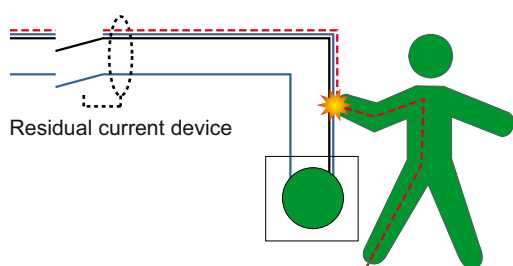
- Disconnect the fixed and mobile loads (if the residual current device protects the power outlets).
- Connect the test device to the downstream terminals of the residual current device or to a downstream power outlet.



# Earth leakage protection

## Response time of high-sensitivity residual current devices

All the high-sensitivity residual current devices (30 mA) in the Acti 9 range conform to the IEC/EN 61008 and IEC/EN 61009 standards. The response times defined by these standards guarantee their effectiveness in protecting people against direct contacts.



### Response time

The response time of a residual current device is the time between the appearance of a dangerous leakage current and the interruption of the circuit.

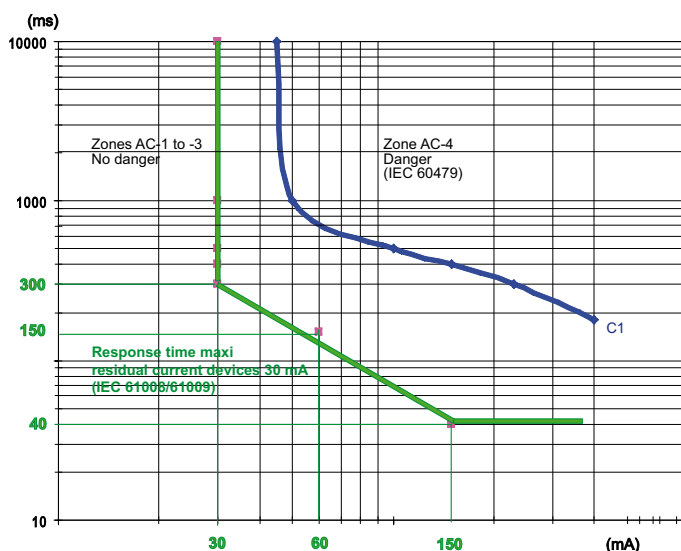
For a residual current device with a sensitivity of  $I_{\Delta n}$  30 mA:

Fault current (mA)		Maximum response time (ms)
$I_{\Delta n}/2$	15 mA	No tripping
$I_{\Delta n}$	30 mA	300 ms
$2 \times I_{\Delta n}$	60 mA	150 ms
$5 \times I_{\Delta n}$	150 mA	40 ms

These response times conform to the specifications of the IEC/EN 61008 and IEC/EN 61009 standards.

They guarantee protection of people against direct contacts for the following reasons :

- When a person comes into direct contact with a live conductor, the current passes directly through the human body.
- This current, with the same magnitude, is detected by the residual current device.



■ The IEC 60479 technical report studies the sensitivity of the human body to the electric current. Curve c1 defines for each current value the maximum time before the current causes injury to a person.

■ Superimposing the two curves shows that the above response times protects the users.

### Measuring the response time

If the user wishes to check the response time of his residual current devices, he should follow a specific procedure to:

- establish a leakage current of calibrated magnitude
- measure the exact response time.

#### Procedure

The measuring instruments must conform to IEC/EN 61557-6.

Carry out the operations in the following order according to the safety instructions:

- disconnect the loads
- install the measuring instrument downstream of the residual current device to be tested (for example on a power outlet)
- perform the measurement.

# Earth leakage protection

## Response time of medium-sensitivity residual current devices

### Response time of iC60 Vigi and iLD60 residual current devices

The medium-sensitivity residual current devices (100...1000 mA) in the Acti 9 range conform to IEC/EN 61008 and 61009:

- their response time guarantees personal protection against indirect contacts and fire risks
- in the case of selective versions (S), a "non-tripping time" guarantees discrimination with the residual current devices installed downstream.

#### Instantaneous residual current devices

		Sensitivity (I $\Delta$ n)			
		100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	
Fault current (mA)	I $\Delta$ n/2	50	150	250	No tripping
					Max. response time
	I $\Delta$ n	100	300	500	300 ms
	2 x I $\Delta$ n	200	600	1000	150 ms
	5 x I $\Delta$ n	500	1500	2500	40 ms
<b>500 A</b>					40 ms

#### Selective (S) and time-delayed (R) residual current devices

Residual current device	Sensitivity (I $\Delta$ n)				Type				
	100 mA	300 mA	500 mA	1000 mA	Selective (S)		Time-delayed (R)		
Fault current (mA)	I $\Delta$ n/2	50	150	250	500	No tripping		No tripping	
						Non-tripping time	Response time	Non-tripping time	Response time
	I $\Delta$ n	100	300	500	1000	130 ms	500 ms	300 ms	1000 ms
	2 x I $\Delta$ n	200	600	1000	2000	60 ms	200 ms	150 ms	500 ms
	5 x I $\Delta$ n	500	1500	2500	5000	50 ms	150 ms	150 ms	300 ms
<b>500 A</b>					40 ms	150 ms	150 ms	300 ms	

### Definitions

#### Response time

Time between the appearance of a hazardous leakage current and circuit power down.

#### Non-tripping time

For selective and time-delayed devices, the non-tripping time is the time between the appearance of a hazardous leakage current and the device tripping.

If the leakage current disappears before this time, the device does not trip.

This fast disappearance of the leakage current can be due to:

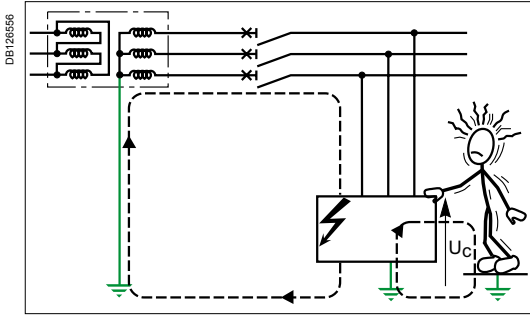
- the transient nature of the fault (e.g. the current generated by a switching surge)
- the interruption of the fault current by another faster residual current device situated downstream.

Selective and time-delayed devices therefore afford the user:

- better immunity against nuisance tripping
- total discrimination between residual current devices.

# Earth leakage protection

## Response time of medium-sensitivity residual current devices



### Protection against indirect contacts

The response times of residual current devices guarantee personal protection against indirect contacts, in conformance with the requirements of the installation standards (IEC 60364 or equivalent).

#### Indirect contacts

A person who comes into contact with an accidentally live frame caused by an insulation fault experiences an indirect contact: the contact voltage  $U_c$  creates a current that passes through the human body.

#### Maximum breaking time

The maximum breaking time required by the installation standards, in the event of an insulation fault, depends on:

- the network voltage
- the earthing system.

#### Maximum breaking time for terminating circuits (ms)

Earthing system	Network phase/neutral voltage			
	50...120V	120...230V	230...400V	> 400 V
TN or IT	800	400	200	100
TT	300	200	70	40

**Note:** a breaking time of no more than 5 s is permitted for distribution circuits to ensure discrimination with the devices installed on the terminating circuits. This time should be reduced to the essential minimum.

These times are based on the maximum prospective values of the contact voltage  $U_c$  and on the contact times authorised by technical report IEC 60479.

#### Example

On a three-phase phase/neutral voltage network  $U_o = 230\text{ V}$  in a TT system:

- the resistance of the neutral earth connection  $R_n$  is  $10\ \Omega$ ,
- the resistance of the operating frame earth connection  $R_A$  is  $100\ \Omega$ .

In the event of an insulation fault, the leakage current  $I_d$  is equal to:  $U_o / (R_A + R_n)$  i.e.  $230\text{ V} / 110\ \Omega = 2.1\text{ A}$ .

The contact voltage  $U_c$  is therefore  $I_d \times R_A$  i.e.  $2.1\text{ A} \times 100\ \Omega = 210\text{ V}$ .

#### ■ Protection sensitivity

The residual current device must trip as soon as the leakage current corresponds to a hazardous situation, i.e. a contact voltage of  $50\text{ V}$  (in a dry atmosphere). Hence,  $I_{\Delta n} = 50\text{ V} / R_A$ , i.e.  $50\text{ V} / 100\ \Omega = 500\text{ mA}$ .

#### ■ Maximum breaking time

For a  $230\text{ V}$  phase/neutral voltage network in a TT system, the IEC 60364 standard requires a maximum breaking time of  $200\text{ ms}$ .

For the  $2.1\text{ A}$  leakage current:

- an instantaneous residual current device with a sensitivity of  $300\text{ mA}$  will power down the circuit in less than  $40\text{ ms}$ ,
- an instantaneous residual current device with a sensitivity of  $500\text{ mA}$  will power down the circuit in less than  $60\text{ ms}$ .

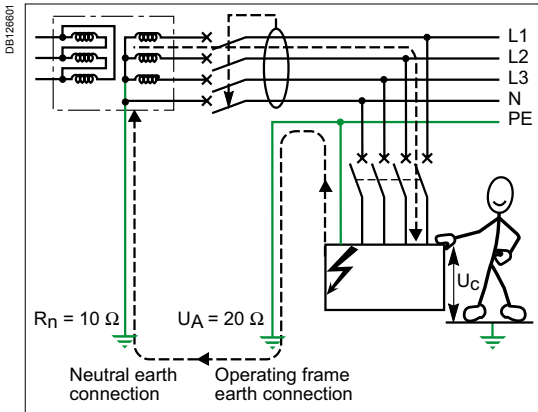
**Note:** For well-designed and regularly maintained electrical installations, the resistance of the operating frame earth connection can be less than  $100\ \Omega$ .

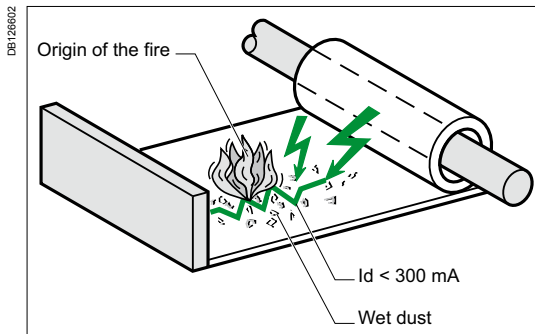
#### Use of the time-delayed residual current devices

In accordance with the breaking times required by the installation standards (above), the selective and time-delayed residual current devices can be used in the following cases:

Circuit	Network voltage (phase/neutral)	Residual current device		
		Instantaneous I	Selective S	Time-delayed R
Terminating circuit	$\leq 230\text{ V}$	■	■	(1)
	$> 230\text{ V}$	■		
Sub-distribution or general		■	■	■

(1) Only in a TN system for a phase/neutral voltage  $< 120\text{ V}$ .





The response times of residual current devices with a sensitivity of 300 mA guarantee protection against fires generated by leakage currents

### Protection against fire hazards

Most fires of electrical origin are caused by the creation and propagation of electric arcs in building materials, in the presence of moisture, dust, pollution, etc. These arcs appear and develop due to the wear and tear or ageing of the insulating materials. The fire risk occurs when the leakage currents reach a few hundred milliamps for a few seconds.

For fault currents of this magnitude, residual current devices with a sensitivity of 300 or 500 mA trip in less than a second, whether they be instantaneous, selective or time-delayed.

IEC 60364-4-42 (subclause 422.3.10) states that it is mandatory to install a residual current device with a sensitivity less than or equal to 500 mA:

- on premises with a risk of explosion (BE3)
- on premises with a risk of fire (BE2)
- in agricultural and horticultural buildings
- for circuits supplying fair, exhibition and entertainment equipment
- on temporary outdoor leisure facilities.

In certain countries, the installation rules and/or local safety regulations require a sensitivity of 300 mA.

# Earth leakage protection

## Response time of medium-sensitivity residual current devices

### Discrimination of residual current devices

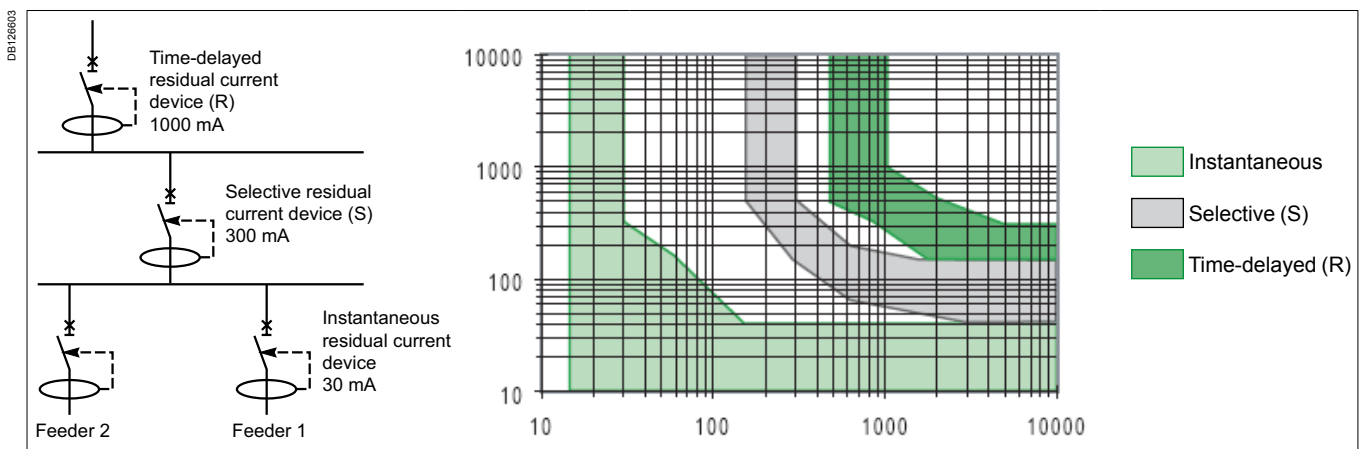
The non-tripping times of type (S) and (R) residual current devices ensure discrimination with the residual current devices located downstream.

### Combination rules

To ensure discrimination between two cascading residual current devices, the following two conditions must be met simultaneously:

- the sensitivity of the upstream device must be at least 3 times the sensitivity of the downstream residual current device
- the upstream residual current device must be one of the following types:
  - Selective (S) if the downstream residual current device is instantaneous,
  - Time-delayed (R) if the downstream residual current device is selective (S).

The figure below shows how compliance with these rules provides discrimination on three levels: whatever the value of the fault current, it will be interrupted by the device situated immediately upstream of the fault and only by this device.



### Example:

In the above diagram for a fault current of 1000 mA:

- if the fault occurs downstream of the 30 mA residual current device, the latter will interrupt the current in less than 40 ms, whereas type S and R devices "wait" for 80 ms and 200 ms respectively. Therefore, neither of the two devices trips.
- if the fault occurs downstream of the type S residual current device, the latter will interrupt the current in less than 175 ms, whereas the type R device "wait" for 200 ms and therefore does not trip.

If these cascading combination rules are complied with, the level of continuity of service provided to the user depends on the way in which the "horizontal discrimination" is implemented: the terminal feeders must be divided into as many circuits as necessary, each protected by a residual current device.

# Electrical and electromagnetic interference

## Operation of earth leakage protection devices

Some types of electrical and electromagnetic interference caused by the network or its environment may affect the operation of earth leakage protection devices and result in:

- **Nuisance tripping** (tripping in a non-dangerous situation). Such tripping is often repetitive, which is highly detrimental to satisfying the user's energy requirements.
- **Risk of non-tripping** in dangerous situations. This risk must be carefully analysed, because it affects people's safety. The standards define three categories of earth leakage protection devices according to their ability to control these types of situation.

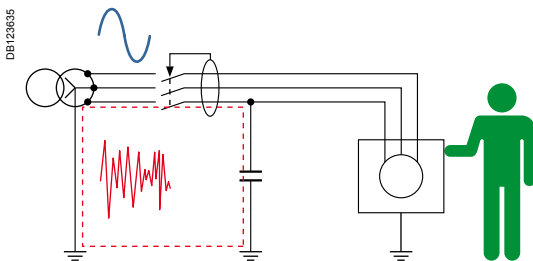
- The risk of interference must be taken into account when selecting earth leakage protection devices (see module CA902000), according to the loads supplied and the environment.

- The explanations given below specify the main types of interference, their origin and how Schneider Electric's earth leakage protection devices respond, according to their type.

### Nuisance tripping

This type of tripping is caused by the combination of two factors:

- A transient or continuous high-frequency voltage that is superimposed on the normal network voltage (50 Hz).
  - The presence of capacitors between the electrical network and the earth (or frames). As these capacitors are exposed to a high-frequency voltage, a current which can trip an earth leakage protection device flows to earth.
- The causes, duration and frequency spectra of such interference, which is often difficult to identify, can vary greatly, as shown in the examples below.

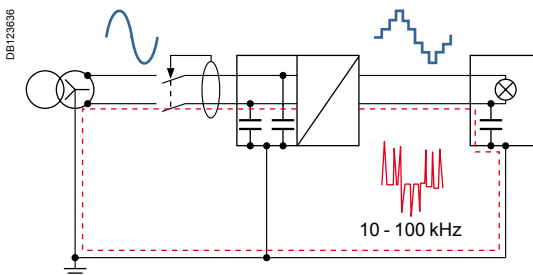


### High-frequency harmonics

The current absorbed by non-linear loads such as IT equipment power supplies, frequency converters, variable speed drive motor controls, electronic ballast lights, etc. includes high-order harmonics.

If the natural capacitances of the protected circuit are significant (between the cables and earth, or between the live parts of the devices and their frames), earth leakage protection devices may be tripped, although no danger is present.

This risk of nuisance tripping is all the more likely to occur when a large number of identical loads are supplied in parallel and protected by the same earth leakage protection device.



### Low-frequency continuous leakage currents

These leakage currents are mainly generated by the filtering capacitors in the power supply stage of electronic devices. Depending on the number of devices protected by the same earth leakage protection device, these leakage currents may:

- Increase the risk of tripping in the event of high-frequency interference.
- Cause frequent tripping

To guarantee satisfactory operation, these continuous leakage currents must not exceed 25% of the sensitivity ( $I_{\Delta n}$ ) of the earth leakage protection device, by limiting the number of "interfering" loads protected by the same earth leakage protection device.

■ If more accurate data is unavailable, the leakage current can be estimated on the following basis, for a 230 V, 50 Hz network:

- heating floor: 1 mA / kW,
- fax, printer: 1 mA,
- PC, workstation: 2 mA,
- photocopier: 1.5 mA.

If long cables are installed downstream of the earth leakage protection devices, it may be necessary to take the natural capacitance formed by the cable/earth pair into account (order of magnitude: at 230 V, approximately 1.5 mA for 100 m).

# Electrical and electromagnetic interference

## Operation of earth leakage protection devices (cont.)

### Switching capacitive or inductive components

- Switching on capacitors creates a transient inrush current similar to that shown in Fig. 1.
- Switching off inductive components, such as power supply transformers used for lighting (halogen or fluorescent) creates brief voltage surges, the frequency of which can reach 10 MHz.

### Common mode voltage surges

Electrical networks can be exposed to transient voltage surges caused by:

- Lightning strikes: these voltage surges are represented normatively by a 1.2/50  $\mu$ s voltage waveform (see Fig. 2). The currents induced by these voltage surges are represented by a normalised 8/20  $\mu$ s waveform (see Fig. 3).
- Sudden changes in network operating conditions (faults, blown fuses, inductive load switching, MV switchgear operations, etc.).

When a fault occurs in an IT system (isolated neutral), a transient leakage current is created due to the sudden change in potential with respect to earth. A similar phenomenon can occur when a UPS switches between the mains supply and the battery supply, whilst the output neutral is briefly disconnected from the earth (then reconnected with a slight phase lag).

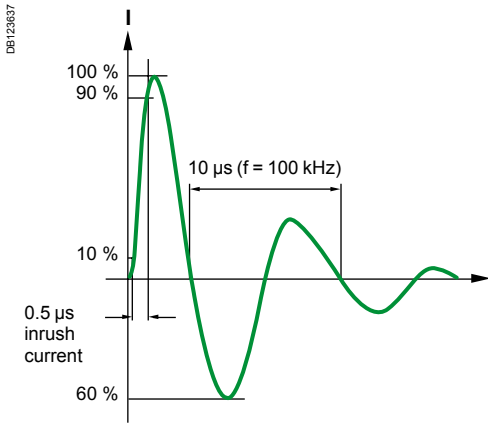


Fig. 1: 0.5  $\mu$ s/100 kHz normalised current waveform

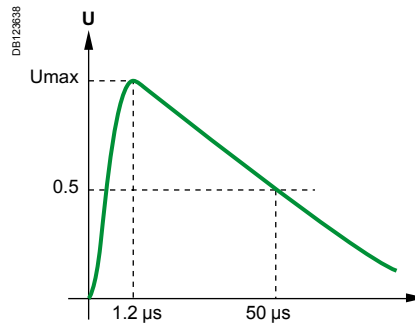


Fig. 2: 8/20  $\mu$ s normalised current waveform

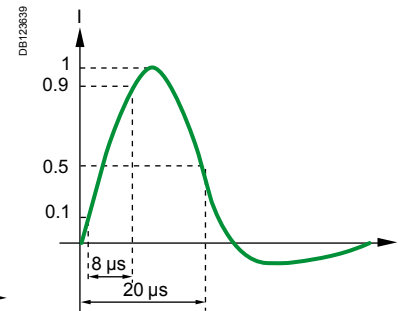


Fig. 3: 1.2/50  $\mu$ s normalised voltage waveform

### Immunity of Schneider Electric earth leakage protection devices

The *SI* earth leakage protection devices, exclusive to Schneider Electric, demonstrated their immunity to nuisance tripping in all the cases of interference indicated below:

Interference	Non-tripping test conditions	Performance required by the IEC 61008 / 61009 standards	Performance of Schneider Electric's <i>SI</i> type earth leakage protection devices
<b>Continuous interference</b>			
Flow of harmonic currents to earth	1 kHz sine wave	-	8 x I $\Delta$ n
<b>Transient interference</b>			
Voltage surge induced by a lightning strike	1.2/50 $\mu$ s pulse (IEC/EN 61000-4-5)	4 kV between 5 kV conductors / earth	4.5 kV between 5.5 kV conductors / earth
Current induced by a lightning strike	8/20 $\mu$ s pulse (IEC/EN 61008)	250 A	5 kA
Operating transient current; indirect lightning strike current	0.5 $\mu$ s/100 kHz waveform (IEC/EN 61008)	200 A	400 A
Surge protective device operation downstream of the earth leakage protection device; switching on of capacitors	10 ms pulse	-	500 A
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>			
Switching of inductive loads, fluorescent lighting, motors, etc.	Repeated bursts (IEC 61000-4-4)	4 kV / 2.5 kHz	5 kV / 2.5 kHz 4 kV / 400 kHz
Fluorescent lighting, circuits controlled by thyristors	150 kHz to 230 MHz conducted RF waves (IEC 61000-4-16)	3 V (IEC) 10 V (EN)	30 V
Radio waves (TV and radios, transmitters, telecommunication, etc.)	80 MHz to 1 GHz transmitted RF waves (IEC 61000-4-3)	3 V / m (IEC) 10 V / m (EN)	30 V / m



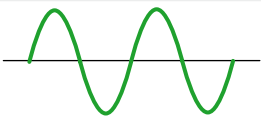
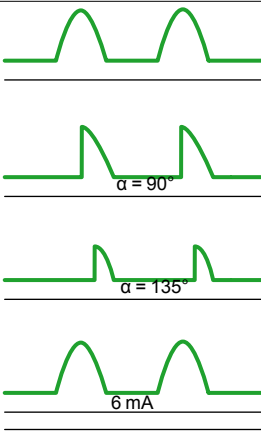
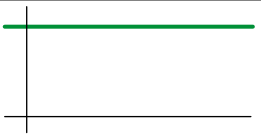
# Electrical and electromagnetic interference

## Operation of earth leakage protection devices (cont.)

### Risk of non-tripping in a dangerous situation

When an insulation fault occurs in the DC stage of a switch-mode power supply (e.g. variable speed drive) or on a DC network supplied by a converter, the leakage current is rectified and is no longer a sine wave. This current waveform may not be transmitted correctly by the transformer located inside the earth leakage protection device. Consequently, a leakage current with a dangerous amplitude (greater than the nominal sensitivity of the earth leakage protection device) may not cause it to trip.

In order to select earth leakage protection devices that are appropriate to each situation, the IEC 60755 and IEC 61008 standards define three types of earth leakage protection devices, according to the waveforms that cause them to trip.

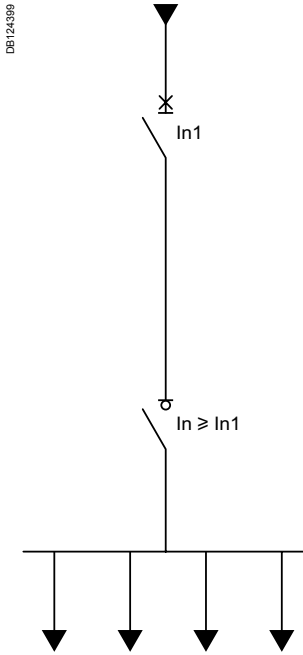
Type of earth leakage protection device	Checking fault-current tripping		Supply circuit protection
	Waveform	RMS value	
AC type	 <p>DB123640</p>	$I_{\Delta n}$	Current loads
A type	 <p>DB123641</p>	$1.4 I_{\Delta n}$	Single-phase loads with rectifiers (low-power variable speed drive, rectifier/charger, etc.)
B type	 <p>DB123642</p>	$2 I_{\Delta n}$	Three-phase loads with rectifiers (three-phase high-power high-duty variable speed drive, three-phase rectifier/charger, etc.)

Schneider Electric's **SI** earth leakage protection devices are also protected against the risk of non-tripping due to atmospheric conditions:

- Very cold temperatures (risk of mechanical parts freezing up): up to  $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Corrosive chemical agents (risk of corrosion of alloys used to manufacture sensitive mechanical components). For information on using earth leakage protection devices in corrosive atmospheres, see module CA908027.

# Coordination

## Switches and residual current circuit breakers protection



Like all the components of the electrical installation, switches must be protected:

- against overloads;
- against short circuits.

Coordination between the switches and its protection device must be guaranteed and proved by the manufacturer.

Moreover, in a TN earthing, it must be ensured that the protection devices are capable of interrupting earth fault currents of high amperage.

### Overload protection

■ The current rating of the switches is the maximum current that it can withstand without being damaged.

■ It is protected against overloads by the circuit breaker located upstream on its power supply line<sup>(1)</sup>.

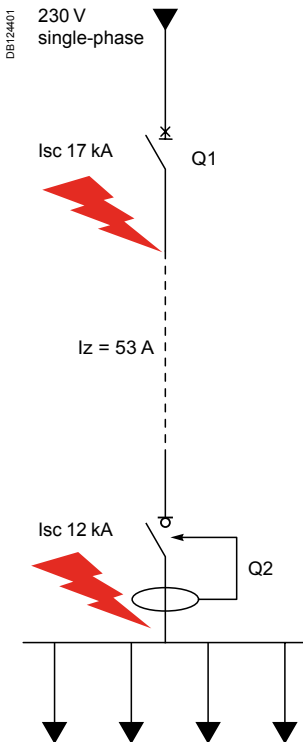
As a consequence:

**The rating of the switches must be equal to or greater than the rating of the circuit breaker located upstream.**

**Be careful: only the circuit breaker ensure the protection against overloads.**

**For example:** on a circuit protected by an 32 A iC60 circuit breaker, an iSW-NA switches of rating 40 A or 63 A must be installed.

*(1) In some countries, the installation standards consider that overload protection can be provided by all the downstream circuit breakers, if the sum of their ratings is less than or equal to the rating of the residual current circuit breaker.*



### Short-circuit protection

■ The switches is protected against short circuits by the circuit breaker (or fuse) located upstream on its power supply line<sup>(2)</sup>.

■ To prevent any damage, the circuit breaker must sufficiently limit any short-circuit current that could pass through the switches (up to the max. short-circuit current I<sub>sc</sub> at its installation point).

**The short-circuit withstand of the switches and residual current circuit breaker is given in the following tables, as a function of the upstream circuit breaker. It must be greater than or equal to the prospective short-circuit current I<sub>sc</sub> at its installation point.**

*(2) Exemption in case of special installation described at the end of this document, page 710.*

#### Example

Choice of protection devices Q1 and Q2 in the diagram opposite:

Circuit breaker Q1		
Rated current	Less than or equal to the cable withstand I <sub>z</sub>	50 A
Breaking capacity	Greater than or equal to the short-circuit current I <sub>sc</sub> (17 kA)	iC60N 2P or C120N 2P (20 kA under 230 V)
Residual current circuit breaker Q2		
Rated current	Greater than or equal to that of circuit breaker Q1	63 A
Short-circuit withstand (I <sub>nc</sub> )	Greater than or equal to the short-circuit current I <sub>sc</sub> (12 kA)	Based on the tables opposite: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ with iC60N: 20 kA: is suitable</li> <li>■ with C120N: 20 kA: is suitable</li> </ul>

# Coordination

## Residual current circuit breakers protection

### Protection against earth fault currents

In the event of an insulation fault in a TN system, the phase-to-earth fault current is equal to the phase-to-neutral fault current.

- The residual current circuit breaker interrupts this current, if it does not exceed its specific breaking capacity  $I_{\Delta m}$ .
- If the fault current exceeds this value, it must be interrupted by the circuit breaker located upstream.

Therefore, the magnetic threshold (instantaneous tripping threshold) of the circuit breaker must always be less than or equal to the breaking capacity of the residual current circuit breaker ( $I_{\Delta m}$ ).

### Breaking and making capacity ( $I_{\Delta m}$ ) of iID residual current circuit breakers


Rating (A)	iID type AC, A, SI	RCCB-ID type B
16	1500	-
25	1500	500
40	1500	500
63	1500	630
80	1500	800
100	1500	-
125	1250	1250

**The combination of an iID residual current circuit breaker and an iC60 circuit breaker of appropriate rating naturally satisfies this condition.**

#### Example:

- iID RCCB, rating 63 A:  $I_{\Delta m} = 1500$  A;
- iC60N circuit breakers of rating 63 A:
  - B curve: magnetic threshold 189 to 315 A;
  - C curve: magnetic threshold 315 to 630 A;
  - D curve: magnetic threshold 630 to 882 A.

The condition is satisfied whatever the iC60 circuit breaker (of rating at most equal to 63 A).

For protection by fuse, the user should check that the fuse blowing time is less than the residual current circuit breaker's response time for a fault current of amplitude superior than  $I_{\Delta m}$ , i.e.: type : 40 ms.

# Coordination

## Switches and residual current circuit breakers protection

### Using the coordination tables

This table takes in account:

- all types of faults: between phases, phase and neutral and between phase and earth.

- all earthing systems except IT.

See comment here below.

Depending on the network and the type of protection, the selection table below indicates which table should be consulted to find out the coordination value.

### Selection table

		Upstream network					
		DB123896 eps L1 ——— N ———		DB123898 eps L1 ——— L2 ——— L3 ——— N ———		DB123897 eps L1 ——— L2 ——— L3 ———	
Type of Downstream network	Type of protection device	Ph/N 110-130 V	Ph/N 220-240 V	Ph/N 110-130 V Ph/Ph 220-240 V	Ph/N 220-240 V Ph/Ph 380-415 V	Ph/Ph 220-240 V	Ph/Ph 380-415 V
DB124079 eps N L1	DB123891 eps  2P	See table Ue: 220-240 V	(1) See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 220-240 V	(1) See table Ue: 220-240 V		
	DB124191 eps  1P	See table Ue: 220-240 V	(2) See table Ue: 380-415 V	See table Ue: 220-240 V	(2) See table Ue: 380-415 V		
DB124192 eps L1 L2	DB123891 eps  2P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V	See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V
	DB123892 eps  1P+N						
DB124080 eps L1 L2 L3	DB123892 eps  3P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V	See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V
DB124081 eps N L1 L2 L3	DB123894 eps  4P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V		
	DB123983 eps  3P			See table Ue: 220-240 V	See table Ue: 380-415 V		
	DB123985 eps  3P+N						

(1) For fault phase-earth please consult the table Ue: 380-415 V.

(2) For iC60 1P+N circuit breaker connected between phase and neutral under 220-240 V, consult the table Ue: 220-240 V (only for faults between phase and neutral).

# Coordination

Upstream: iDPN, iC60

Downstream: switch-disconnectors,  
residual current circuit breakers

**Ue: 380-415 V and Ue: 220-240 V**

Protection by circuit breaker				Ue: 380-415 V			Ue: 220-240 V		
Downstream		Upstream Circuit breaker							
Product	Ratings (A)	Product	Ratings (A)	0.5 to 25	32-40	50-63	0.5 to 25	32-40	50-63
iID NG125NA iSW-NA INS	All	iDPN	iDPN	6	6		6	6	
			iDPN N	10	10		10	10	
		iC60	iC60a	6	6	6	10	10	10
			iC60N	10	10	10	20	20	20
			iC60H	15	15	15	30	30	30
	iC60L	25	20	15	50	36	30		
iSW	20 to 32	iDPN	iDPN	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	
			iDPN N	4.5	4.5		4.5	4.5	
		iC60	iC60a/N/H/L	4.5	4.5	3	5.5	5.5	4
	40 to 125	iDPN	iDPN	6	6		6	6	
			iDPN N	10	10		10	10	
		iC60	iC60a	6	6	6	10	10	10
			iC60N	10	10	10	20	20	20
			iC60H	15	15	15	30	30	30
			iC60L	25	20	15	50	36	30
RCCB-ID type B	All	iDPN	iDPN	6	6				
			iDPN N	10	10				
		iC60	iC60a	6	6	6			
			iC60N	10	10	10			
			iC60H	15	15	15			
			iC60L	25	20	15			

**10** Total coordination up to the MCB breaking capacity: Value of Short circuit withstand of the circuit breaker - Switch-disconnector or residual current circuit breaker combination (kA rms)

**4.5** Coordination limit: Value of Short circuit withstand of the circuit breaker - Switch-disconnector or residual current circuit breaker combination (kA rms)

No coordination

## Ue: 380-415 V and Ue: 220-240 V

Protection by circuit breaker				Ue: 380-415 V							Ue: 220-240 V							
Downstream		Upstream Circuit breaker		0.5 to 25	32-40	50-63	80	100	125	160	0.5 to 25	32-40	50-63	80	100	125	160	
Product	Ratings (A)	Product	Ratings (A)															
iID iSW-NA	≤ 63	C120	C120N	10	10	10	6	6	6		20	20	20	12	12	12		
			C120H	15	15	15	6	6	6		30	30	30	12	12	12		
		NG125	NG125a				4	4	4						8	8	8	
			NG125N	16	16	16	6	6	6		30	30	30	12	12	12		
			NG125H	20	16	16	6				40	30	30	12				
			NG125L	25	20	16	6				50	36	30	12				
		NG160	NG160	7	7	7	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	5	5	5	5	
NSX	NSX100/160	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	5	5	5	5			
iID iSW-NA	80 to 100	C120	C120N	10	10	10	10	10	10		20	20	20	20	20	20		
			C120H	15	15	15	10	10	10		30	30	30	20	20	20		
iSW	40 to 125* *for iSW	NG125	NG125a				6	6	6					12	12	12		
			NG125N	16	16	16	10	10	10		30	30	30	20	20	20		
			NG125H	20	16	16	10				36	30	30	20				
			NG125L	25	20	16	10				50	36	30	20				
iSW	20 to 32	NSX	NSX100/160	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
			NSX100/H	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
iSW	20 to 32	C120	C120N/H	3	3						4.5	4.5						
			NG125	NG125N/H/L	3	3						4.5	4.5					
NG125NA INS	All	C120	C120N	10	10	10	10	10	10		20	20	20	20	20	20		
			C120H	15	15	15	15	15	15		30	30	30	30	30	30		
		NG125	NG125a				16	16	16					16	16	16		
			NG125N	25	25	25	25	25	25		50	50	50	50	50	50		
			NG125H	36	36	36	36				70	70	70	70				
NG125NA	All	NG160	NG160E	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	
			NG160N	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	40	40	40	40	40	40		
			NG160H	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	50	50	50	50	50	50		
		NSX	NSX100B/160B	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	40	40	40	40	40	40		
			NSX100F/160F	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	50	50	50	50	50	50		
NSX100N/H/S/L NSX160N/H/S/L	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	50	50	50	50	50	50	50				
RCCB-ID type B	All	C120	C120N/H	7	7	7	7	5	5									
			NG125	NG125a				8	8	8								
		NG125N		15	15	15	15	10	10									
		NG125H/L		15	15	15	15											
		NG160	NG160	7	7	7	5	5	4									
NSX	NSX100/160	4	4	4	4	4	4											

**10** Total coordination up to the MCB breaking capacity: Value of Short circuit withstand of the circuit breaker - Switch-disconnector or residual current circuit breaker combination (kA rms)

**4.5** Coordination limit: Value of Short circuit withstand of the circuit breaker - Switch-disconnector or residual current circuit breaker combination (kA rms)

No coordination

# Coordination

Upstream: fuses gG

Downstream: switch-disconnectors,  
residual current circuit breakers

**Ue: 380-415 V and Ue: 220-240 V**

Protection by fuse

Ue: 380-415 V

Ue: 220-240 V

Downstream		Upstream Fuse														
Product	Ratings (A)	Product	Ratings (A)	16	20	25	32	40	63	80	100	125				
iID	16 to 40	Fuse gG		100	100	100	80	80	30	15	10					
	63 to 100			100	100	100	80	80	30	15	10	5				
iSW	20 to 32			60	40	25	15	8								
	40 to 63			60	40	25	20	10	10							
iSW-NA	100 to 125			60	40	25	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
	40			100	100	100	80	80	30	15						
NG125NA	63 to 100			100	100	100	80	80	30	15	10	5				
	125			100	100	100	80	80	50	50	50	50				
RCCB-ID type B	25			100	100	100	80									
	40 à 80			100	100	100	100	80	30	20						
	100 à 125			100	100	100	100	80	30	20	10	10				

100 Total coordination up to the fuse breaking capacity: Value of Short circuit withstand of the fuse - Switch-disconnector or residual current circuit breaker combination (kA rms)

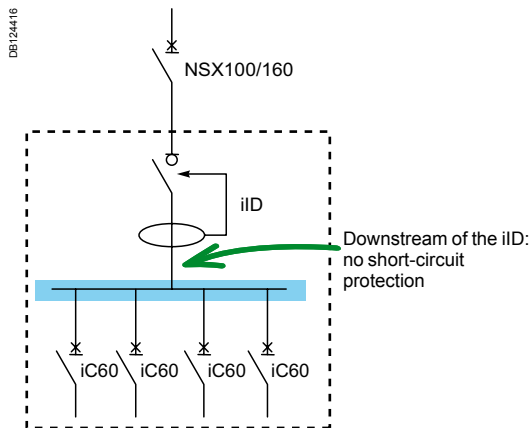
30 Coordination limit: Value of Short circuit withstand of the fuse - Switch-disconnector or residual current circuit breaker combination (kA rms)

No coordination

# Coordination

Upstream: NSX100/160

Downstream: modular residual current circuit breakers and modular circuit breakers



Installation required on the same DIN rail and under the same comb busbar to avoid any risk of short-circuits.

## 2P residual current circuit breakers installed between a NSX100/160 and a circuit breaker (220 V to 240 V single-phase circuit)

Protection by circuit breaker

Upstream	Residual current circuit breakers 2P ratings (A)		
	25	40	63
<b>Downstream Circuit breakers</b>			
iDPN	6	6	-
iDPN N	7.5	7.5	-
iC60N	20	20	20
iC60H	30	30	30
iC60L	50	36	30

Short-circuit current withstand of the circuit breakers-residual current circuit breakers combination (kA r.m.s.)

## 4P residual current circuit breakers installed between a NSX100/160 and a circuit breaker (380 V to 415 V three-phase circuit)

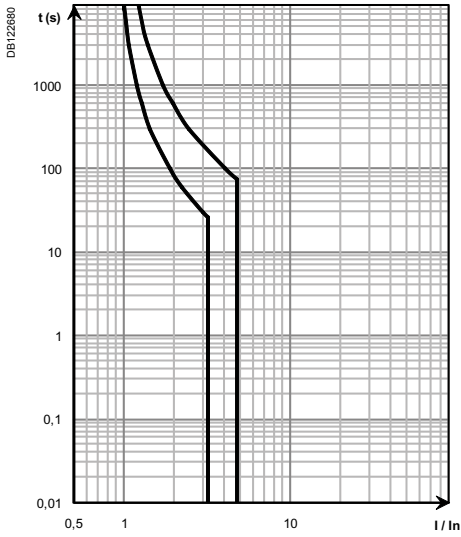
Protection by circuit breaker

Upstream	Residual current circuit breakers 4P ratings (A)		
	25	40	63
<b>Downstream Circuit breakers</b>			
iDPN	2	2	-
iDPN N	3	3	-
iC60N	10	10	10
iC60H	15	15	15
iC60L	20	20	15

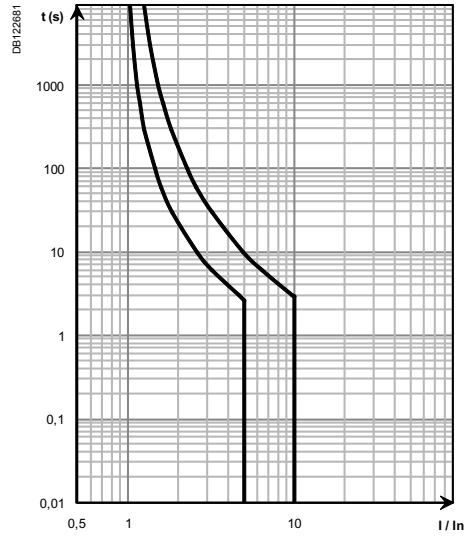
Short-circuit current withstand of the circuit breakers-residual current circuit breakers combination (kA r.m.s.)



## Tripping curves

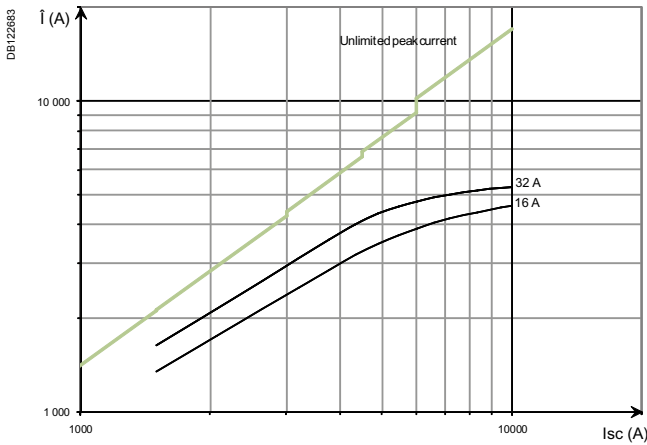


B curve

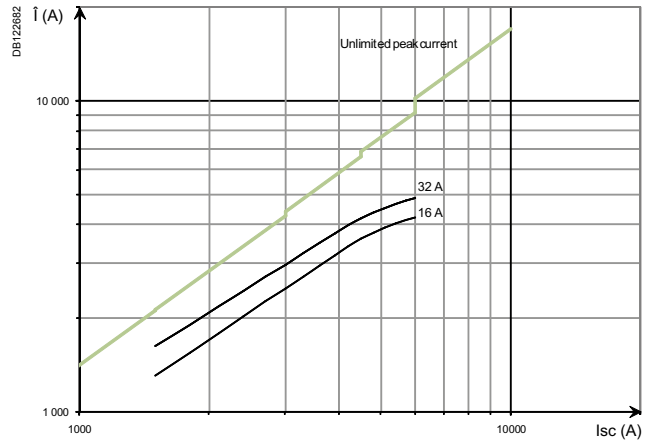


C curve

## Peak limitation curves

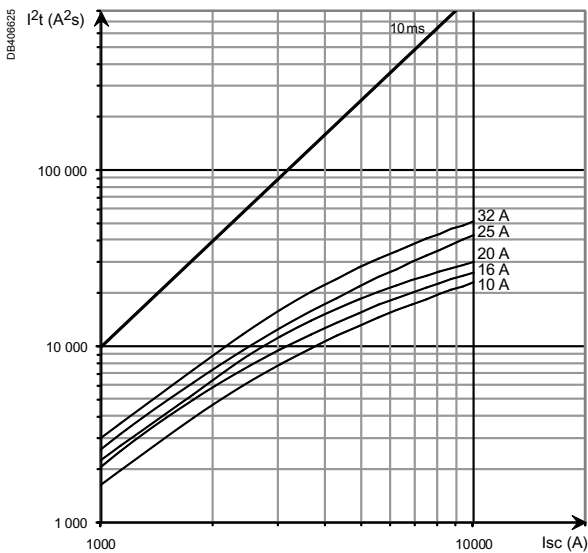


2P/3P - 230 V

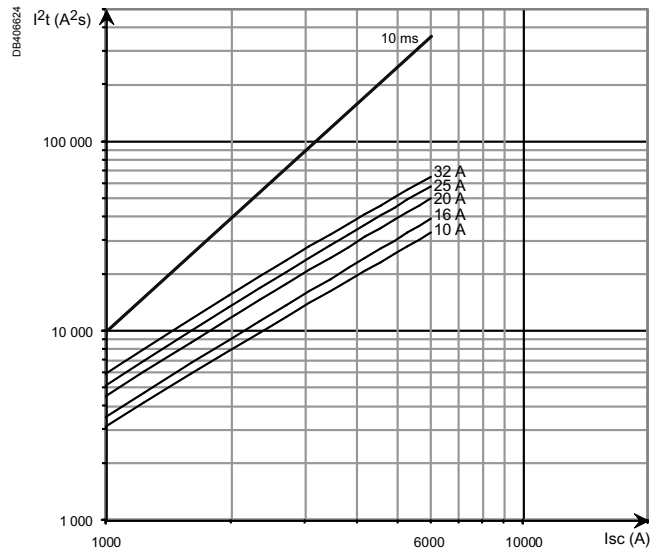


4P - 400 V

## Energy curves



DCP N, H Vigî (2P/3P - 230 V)



DCP N Vigî (4P - 400 V)

## Power loss per pole

Rating (In)	10 A	13 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A
R (mΩ)	20.6	???	8.9	6.8	4.6	3.6
P (W)	2.06	???	2.28	2.72	2.88	3.67

## Cascading 230 V (kA)

Type	Upstream	C60N	C60L			C120N	C120H	NG125N	NG125H	NG125L
			≤ 25 A	32/40 A	50/63 A					
Downstream	Breaking capacity (kA rms)	20	50	40	30	20	30	50	70	100
DCP N, H Vigi	10	15	30	25	20	15	20	20	40	50

Type	Upstream	NS100	NS160	NS250	NSX100	NSX160	NSX250
		F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L
Downstream	Breaking capacity (kA rms)						
DCP N, H Vigi	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

## Cascading 400 V (kA)

Type	Upstream		Fuse type gG							
Downstream	Rating	Breaking capacity (kA rms)	20 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
DCP N Vigi 4P	10 to 16 A	6	100	100	100	100	35	35	35	35
	20 to 25 A	6	-	100	100	100	35	35	35	35
	32 A	6	-	-	100	100	35	35	35	35

Type	Upstream		Fuse type Am							
Downstream	Rating	Breaking capacity (kA rms)	20 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
DCP N Vigi 4P	10 to 16 A	6	35	35	35	35	35	35	15	-
	20 to 25 A	6	-	35	35	35	35	35	15	-
	32 A	6	-	-	35	35	35	35	15	-

Type	Upstream	C60N	C60L			C120N	C120H	NG125N	NG125H	NG125L	
			≤ 25 A	32/40 A	50/63 A						
Downstream	Rating	Breaking capacity (kA rms)	10	25	20	15	10	15	25	36	50
DCP N Vigi 4P	10 to 16 A	6	10	20	16	10	10	10	16	16	20
	20 to 32 A	6	10	20	16	10	10	10	10	10	10

Type	Upstream	NG160E	NS100	NS160	NS250	NSX100	NSX160	NSX250
		E/N/H	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L	F/N/H/S/L
Downstream	Rating	Breaking capacity (kA rms)						
DCP N Vigi 4P	10 to 16 A	6	16	16	16	16	16	16
	20 to 32 A	6	10	10	10	10	10	10

## Temperature derating (A)

Rating (In)	Temperature					
	10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C	50°C	60°C
10 A	11.8	10.8	10	9.6	9.1	8.6
13 A	14.8	14	13	12.2	11.2	10.3
16 A	18.2	17.2	16	15.2	14.3	13.4
20 A	22.8	21.4	20	19.5	18.3	17.4
25 A	28.5	26.8	25	24	23	22
32 A	36.5	34.2	32	30.8	29.5	28.8

Upstream : C60N/H/L, B curve

Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)										
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	C60N/H/L, B curve: upstream									
	8 A	10 A	13 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	180	300	390
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	380
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	380
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310
25-32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	C60N/H/L, B curve: upstream									
	8 A	10 A	13 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	150	270	360
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	250	350
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	320
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	280
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Upstream : C60N/H/L, C curve

Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)										
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	C60N/H/L, C curve: upstream									
	8 A	10 A	13 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400	640	820
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	640	810
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	630	810
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	660
25-32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	C60N/H/L, C curve: upstream									
	8 A	10 A	13 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	-	210	270	370	620	800
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350	600	790
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	330	590	770
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	280	480	630
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	470	610
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	440	590

Upstream : C60N/H/L, D curve

Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)										
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	C60N/H/L, D curve: upstream									
	8 A	10 A	13 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	620	980	1200
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	980	1200
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	970	1200
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000
25-32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	C60N/H/L, D curve: upstream									
	8 A	10 A	13 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	-	340	450	590	970	1200
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	580	950	1200
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	560	940	1200
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	460	760	980
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	970
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	730	950

Upstream : C60B

Downstream : DCP H Vigî, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)					
DCP H Vigî, B curve: downstream	C60B: upstream				
	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	980	980	980	980	1200
13 A	980	980	980	980	1200
16 A	-	970	970	970	1200
20 A	-	600	600	600	1000
25 A	-	-	600	600	750
32 A	-	-	-	-	750
DCP H Vigî, C curve: downstream	C60B: upstream				
	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A
10 A	970	970	970	970	1200
13 A	950	950	950	950	1200
16 A	-	940	940	940	1200
20 A	-	760	760	760	980
25 A	-	-	750	750	970
32 A	-	-	-	-	950

1200 Discrimination limit = 1.2 kA.

T Total discrimination.

- No discrimination.

Upstream : C120N/H, B curve

Downstream : DCP H Vigì, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigì, B curve: downstream	C120N/H, B curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	180	240	300	390	510	640	810
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	230	300	380	500	640	810
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	290	380	490	630	800
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	400	510	650
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	390	510	640
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	630
DCP H Vigì, C curve: downstream	C120N/H, B curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	100	150	210	270	360	480	620	790
13 A	-	-	-	-	130	180	250	350	460	600	780
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	160	230	320	450	590	760
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	280	370	480	620
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260	350	470	610
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	320	440	580

Upstream : C120N/H, C curve

Downstream : DCP H Vigì, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigì, B curve: downstream	C120N/H, C curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	400	510	640	820	1100	1300	1700
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	500	640	810	1000	1300	1700
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	630	810	1000	1300	1700
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	660	840	1100	1300
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	840	1100	1300
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1300
DCP H Vigì, C curve: downstream	C120N/H, C curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	270	370	480	620	800	1000	1300	1700
13 A	-	-	-	-	350	460	600	790	1000	1300	1700
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	450	590	770	1000	1300	1600
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	480	630	820	1000	1300
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	470	610	810	1000	1300
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	440	590	780	1000	1300

Upstream : C120N/H, D curve

Downstream : DCP H Vigì, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigì, B curve: downstream	C120N/H, D curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	620	780	980	1200	1600	2000	2500
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	770	980	1200	1600	2000	2500
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	970	1200	1600	2000	2500
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	1300	1600	2000
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1300	1600	2000
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2000
DCP H Vigì, C curve: downstream	C120N/H, D curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	450	590	760	970	1200	1600	2000	2500
13 A	-	-	-	-	580	740	950	1200	1600	2000	2500
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	730	940	1200	1600	2000	2500
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	760	980	1300	1600	2000
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	970	1300	1600	2000
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	730	950	1200	1600	2000

Upstream : NG125N/L, B curve  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	NG125N/L, B curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	180	240	300	390	510	640	810
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	380	500	640	810
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380	490	630	800
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400	510	650
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	510	640
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	490	630
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	NG125N/L, B curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	100	150	210	270	360	480	620	790
13 A	-	-	-	-	130	180	250	350	460	600	780
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	160	230	320	450	590	760
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	280	370	480	620
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260	350	470	610
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	320	440	580

Upstream : NG125N/L, C curve  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	NG125N/L, C curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	400	510	640	820	1100	1300	1700
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	640	810	1000	1300	1700
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	810	1000	1300	1700
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	840	1100	1300
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1100	1300
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1100	1300
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	NG125N/L, C curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	370	480	620	800	1000	1300	1700
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	460	600	790	1000	1300	1700
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	590	770	1000	1300	1600
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	480	630	820	1000	1300
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	470	610	810	1000	1300
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	590	780	1000	1300

Upstream : NG125N/L, D curve  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	NG125N/L, D curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	620	780	980	1200	1600	2000	2500
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	980	1200	1600	2000	2500
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1200	1600	2000	2500
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1300	1600	2000
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1600	2000
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1600	2000
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	NG125N/L, D curve: upstream										
	10 A	16 A	20 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A
10 A	-	-	-	-	590	760	970	1200	1600	2000	2500
13 A	-	-	-	-	-	740	950	1200	1600	2000	2500
16 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	940	1200	1600	2000	2500
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	760	980	1300	1600	2000
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	970	1300	1600	2000
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	950	1200	1600	2000

Upstream : NS100N/SX/H/L TMD

Downstream : DCP H Vigì, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)								
DCP H Vigì, B curve: downstream	NS100N/SX/H/L TMD: upstream							
	16 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	290	470	640	810	810	810	1000	1300
13 A	-	470	640	810	810	810	1000	1300
16 A	-	-	630	800	800	800	1000	1300
20 A	-	-	570	710	710	710	890	1100
25 A	-	-	-	710	710	710	890	1100
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	710	890	1100
DCP H Vigì, C curve: downstream	NS100N/SX/H/L TMD: upstream							
	16 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	270	450	620	790	790	790	1000	1300
13 A	-	430	600	780	780	780	1000	1300
16 A	-	-	590	760	760	760	990	1300
20 A	-	-	570	710	710	710	890	1100
25 A	-	-	-	710	710	710	890	1100
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	710	890	1100

Upstream : NS160N/SX/H/L TMD

Downstream : DCP H Vigì, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)				
DCP H Vigì, B, C curves: downstream	NS160N/SX/H/L TMD: upstream			
	80 A	100 A	125 A	160 A
10 A	T	T	T	T
13 A	T	T	T	T
16 A	T	T	T	T
20 A	T	T	T	T
25 A	T	T	T	T
32 A	T	T	T	T

Upstream : NS250N/H/L TMD

Downstream : DCP H Vigì, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)			
DCP H Vigì, B, C curves: downstream	NS250N/H/L TMD: upstream		
	160 A	200 A	250 A
10 A	T	T	T
13 A	T	T	T
16 A	T	T	T
20 A	T	T	T
25 A	T	T	T
32 A	T	T	T

1000 Discrimination limit = 1 kA.

T Total discrimination.

- No discrimination.

Upstream : NS100N/SX/H/L STR  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)								
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	NS100N/SX/H/L STR: upstream							
	Rating (In)	40 A			100 A			
	Setting (Ir)	16 A	25 A	40 A	40 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	-	-	640	640	2000	2000	2000	2000
13 A	-	-	-	640	2000	2000	2000	2000
16 A	-	-	-	630	2000	2000	2000	2000
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	1700	1700	1700
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	1700	1700	1700
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	1700	1700
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	NS100N/SX/H/L STR: upstream							
	Rating (In)	40 A			100 A			
	Setting (Ir)	16 A	25 A	40 A	40 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	-	-	620	620	2000	2000	2000	2000
13 A	-	-	-	600	2000	2000	2000	2000
16 A	-	-	-	590	2000	2000	2000	2000
20 A	-	-	-	-	-	1700	1700	1700
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	1700	1700	1700
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	1700	1700

Upstream : NS160N/SX/H/L STR  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigi, B, C curves: downstream	NS160N/SX/H/L STR: upstream										
	Rating (In)	80 A					160 A				
	Setting (Ir)	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A	160 A
10 A	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
13 A	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
16 A	-	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
20 A	-	-	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
25 A	-	-	-	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
32 A	-	-	-	-	T	-	T	T	T	T	

Upstream : NS250N/H/L STR  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)						
DCP H Vigi, B, C curves: downstream	NS250N/H/L STR: upstream					
	Rating (In)	250 A				
	Setting (Ir)	100 A	125 A	160 A	200 A	250 A
10 A	T	T	T	T	T	
13 A	T	T	T	T	T	
16 A	T	T	T	T	T	
20 A	T	T	T	T	T	
25 A	T	T	T	T	T	
32 A	T	T	T	T	T	

2000 Discrimination limit = 2 kA.

T Total discrimination.

- No discrimination.



Upstream : NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L TMD  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)								
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L TMD: upstream							
	16 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	290	470	640	810	810	810	1000	1300
13 A	-	470	640	810	810	810	1000	1300
16 A	-	-	630	800	800	800	1000	1300
20 A	-	-	570	710	710	710	910	1100
25 A	-	-	-	710	710	710	910	1100
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	710	910	1100
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	NS100N/SX/H/L TMD: upstream							
	16 A	25 A	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	270	450	620	790	790	790	1000	1300
13 A	-	430	600	780	780	780	1000	1300
16 A	-	-	590	760	760	760	1000	1300
20 A	-	-	570	710	710	710	910	1100
25 A	-	-	-	710	710	710	910	1100
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	710	910	1100

Upstream : NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L TMD  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)				
DCP H Vigi, B, C curves: downstream	NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L TMD: upstream			
	80 A	100 A	125 A	160 A
10 A	1000	1300	T	T
13 A	1000	1300	T	T
16 A	1000	1300	T	T
20 A	910	1100	T	T
25 A	910	1100	T	T
32 A	910	1100	T	T

Upstream : NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L TMD  
Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)			
DCP H Vigi, B, C curves: downstream	NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L TMD: upstream		
	160 A	200 A	250 A
10 A	T	T	T
13 A	T	T	T
16 A	T	T	T
20 A	T	T	T
25 A	T	T	T
32 A	T	T	T

1000 Discrimination limit = 1 kA.

T Total discrimination.

- No discrimination.

Upstream : NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic

Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)								
DCP H Vigi, B curve: downstream	NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic: upstream							
	Rating (In)	40 A			100 A			
	Setting (Ir)	16 A	25 A	40 A	40 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	-	980	980	980	T	T	T	T
13 A	-	980	980	980	T	T	T	T
16 A	-	-	970	970	-	T	T	T
20 A	-	-	850	850	-	T	T	T
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	T	T	T
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	T
DCP H Vigi, C curve: downstream	NSX100B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic: upstream							
	Rating (In)	40 A			100 A			
	Setting (Ir)	16 A	25 A	40 A	40 A	63 A	80 A	100 A
10 A	-	960	960	960	T	T	T	T
13 A	-	950	950	950	T	T	T	T
16 A	-	-	940	940	-	T	T	T
20 A	-	-	850	850	-	T	T	T
25 A	-	-	-	-	-	T	T	T
32 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	T

Upstream : NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic

Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

Protection discrimination (A)											
DCP H Vigi, B, C curves: downstream	NSX160B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic: upstream										
	Rating (In)	80 A					160 A				
	Setting (Ir)	32 A	40 A	50 A	63 A	80 A	63 A	80 A	100 A	125 A	160 A
10 A	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
13 A	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
16 A	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
20 A	-	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
25 A	-	-	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	
32 A	-	-	-	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	

Upstream : NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic

Downstream : DCP H Vigi, B, C curves

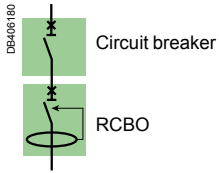
Protection discrimination (A)					
DCP H Vigi, B, C curves: downstream	NSX250B/F/N/H/S/L Micrologic: upstream				
	Rating (In)	250 A		160 A	
	Setting (Ir)	100 A	125 A	160 A	200 A
10 A	T	T	T	T	T
13 A	T	T	T	T	T
16 A	T	T	T	T	T
20 A	T	T	T	T	T
25 A	T	T	T	T	T
32 A	T	T	T	T	T

1300 Discrimination limit = 1.3 kA.

T Total discrimination.

- No discrimination.

## TT and TN earthing systems



Upstream	NG125		NG160			NS(X)100			NS(X)160			NS(X)250		
	N	L	E	N	H	B	F	N	B	F	N	B	F	N
Breaking capacity (kA)	25	50	16	25	36	25	36	50	25	36	50	25	36	50

Downstream																	
RCBO's	Breaking capacity (kA)	In (A)	Reinforced breaking capacity (kA)														
			iDPN N/H Vigi	10	1 to 16	20	25	16	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
		20 to 40	16	25	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	
iC60N Vigi	10	0.5 to 40	25	25	16	20	25	20	25	30	20	25	30	20	25	30	
		50 to 63	25	25	16	20	25	20	25	30	20	25	30	20	25	25	
iC60H Vigi	15	0.5 to 40	25	36	16	25	25	25	36	36	40	25	36	40	25	30	30
		50 to 63	25	36	16	25	25	36	36	36	25	30	30	25	25	25	
iC60L Vigi	25	0.5 to 25	-	50	-	-	-	-	36	40	-	36	40	-	30	30	
	20	32 to 40	25	50	-	25	25	25	36	40	25	36	40	25	30	30	
	15	50 to 63	25	36	16	25	25	25	36	36	25	30	36	25	25	25	

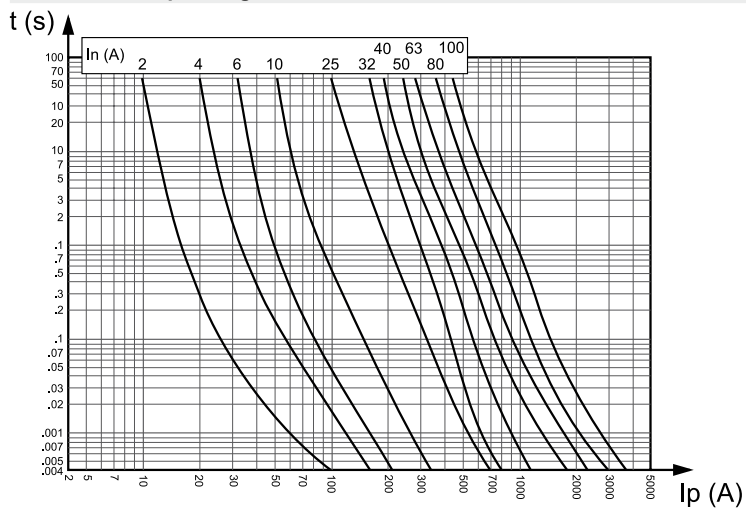
# SBI / STI Fuse cartridges

## aM fuses curves

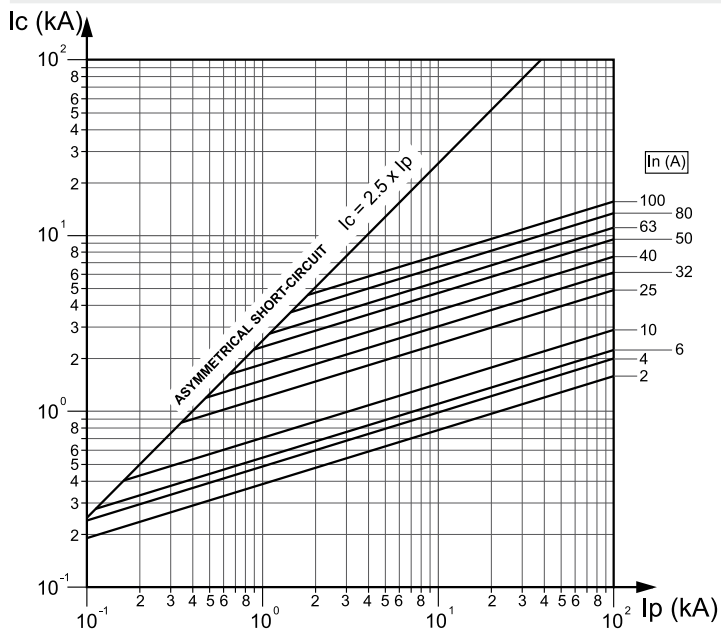
8.5 x 31.5 - 10.3 x 38 - 14 x 51 - 22 x 58

### aM fuses curves

#### Time/Current operating curves



#### Current limitation curves



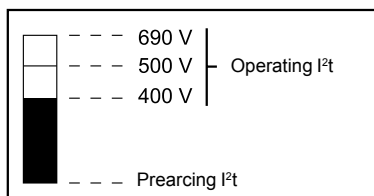
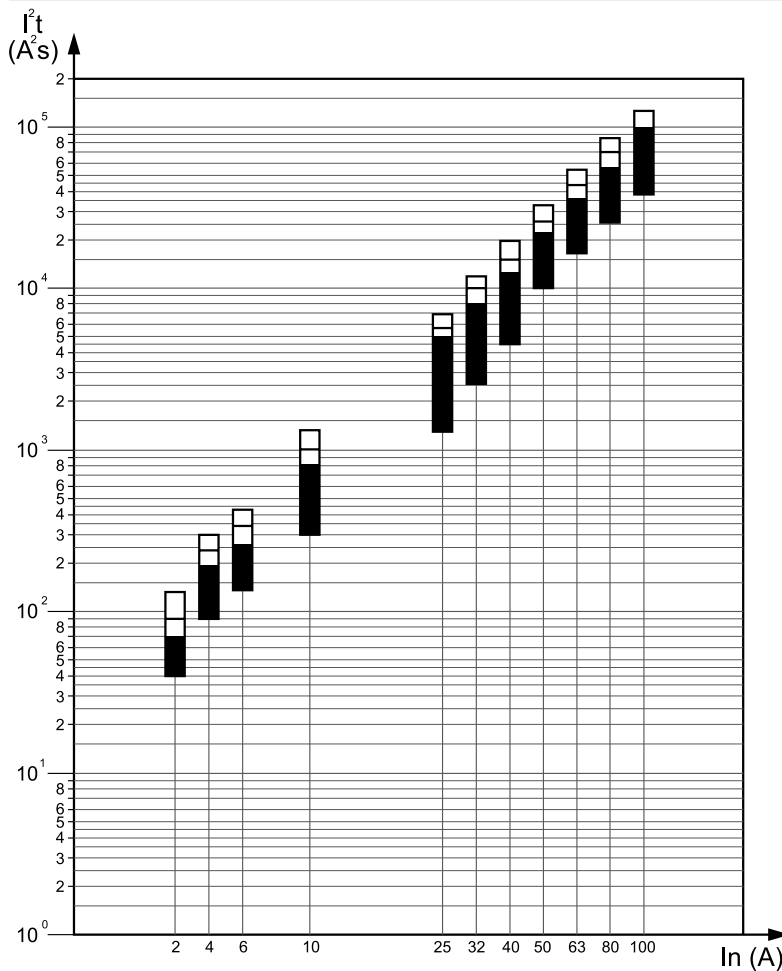
# SBI / STI Fuse cartridges

## aM fuses curves

8.5 x 31.5 - 10.3 x 38 - 14 x 51 - 22 x 58 (cont.)

### aM fuses curves

#### Thermal stress limitation curves



### Dissipated power (in Watts)

$I_n$	Dimensions (mm)	
	14 x 51	22 x 58
10 A	-	-
16 A	-	-
25 A	1.80 W	-
32 A	2.10 W	-
40 A	2.60 W	3.20 W
50 A	2.90 W	3.90 W
63 A	-	4.60 W
80 A	-	5.60 W
100 A	-	6.50 W

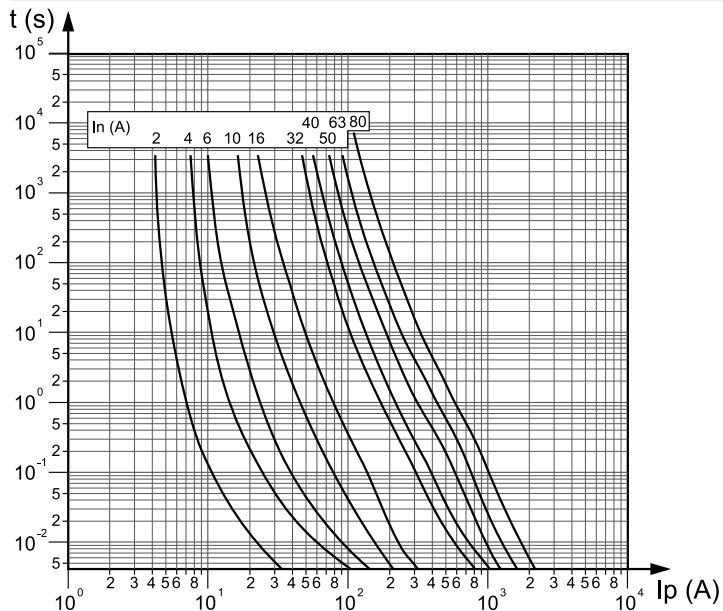
# SBI / STI Fuse cartridges

## gG fuses curves

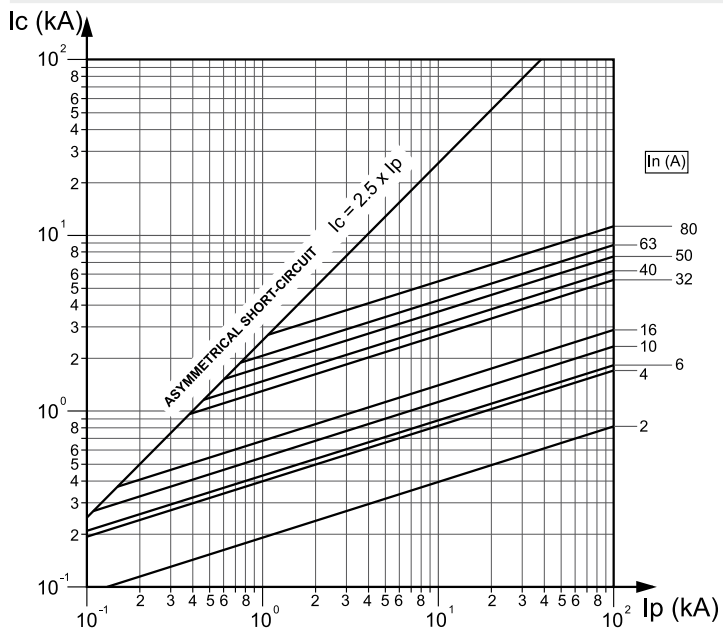
8.5 x 31.5 - 10.3 x 38 - 14 x 51 - 22 x 58

### gG fuses curves

#### Time/Current operating curves

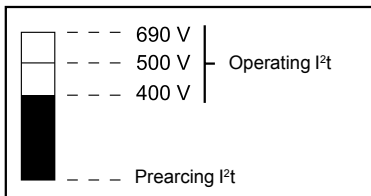
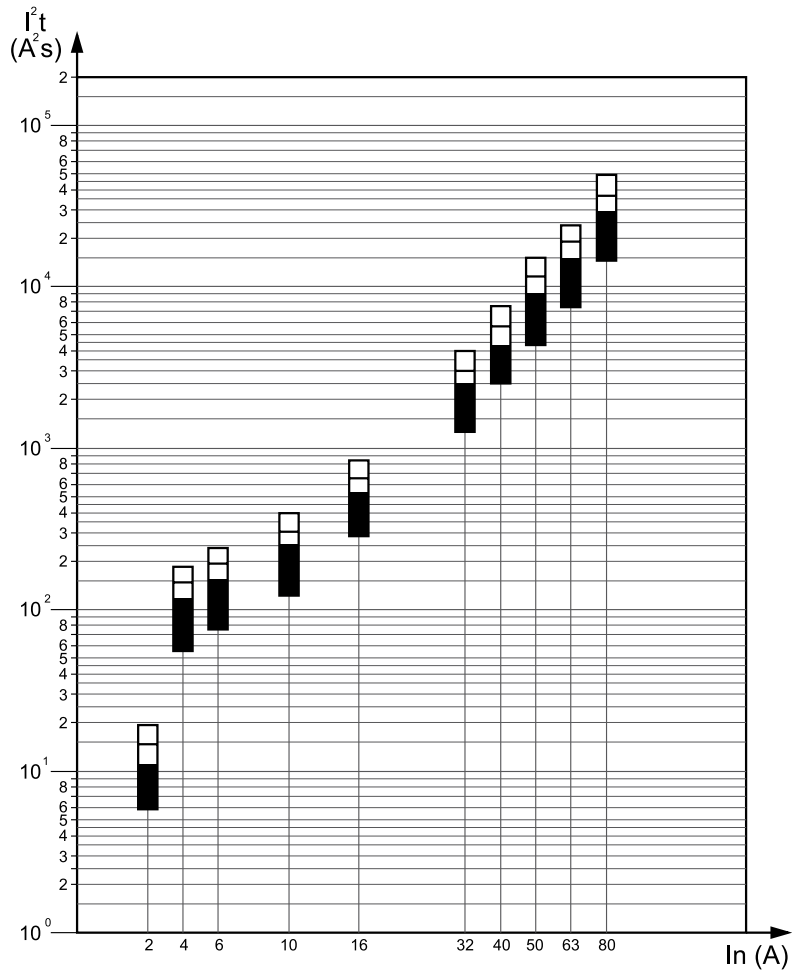


#### Current limitation curves



### gG fuses curves

#### Thermal stress limitation curves



#### Dissipated power (in Watts)

In	Dimensions (mm)	
	14 x 51	22 x 58
10 A	1.80 W	-
16 A	2.55 W	-
25 A	3.80 W	4.30 W
32 A	4.40 W	5.10 W
40 A	-	5.50 W
50 A	-	6.70 W
63 A	-	8 W
80 A	-	5.60 W
100 A	-	6.50 W

## Use of contactors from 16 to 100 A

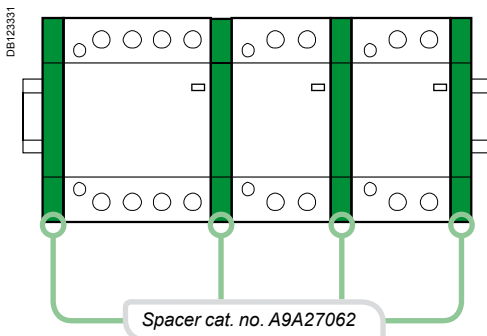
For automation needs in the housing, tertiary and industrial sectors, the range of modular CT contactors is used for:

- Power control of final circuits for housing and the tertiary sector:
  - lighting (luminous signs, shop windows, safety lighting, etc.)
  - heating, heat pumps, ovens
  - hot water for domestic use
  - small utility motors (pumps, fans, barriers, garage doors, etc.)
  - emergency stops and safety systems
  - air conditioning
- Energy distribution control:
  - load shedding and restoration
  - source changeover, etc.

## Characterisation on load types

■ Standard IEC 61095 applies to electromechanical contactors for domestic and similar purposes. It differs from standard IEC 60947.4 (designed for industrial applications) by specific requirements relating to safety of persons and equipment in premises and corridors accessible to the general public.

Applications	Industrial: IEC 60947.4	Domestic: IEC 61095
Motor	AC3	AC7b
Heating	AC1	AC7a
Lighting	AC5a and b	AC5a and b



## Use for temperatures between 50°C and 60°C

When contactors are mounted in enclosures with an internal temperature of between 50°C and 60°C, a spacer, catalogue number A9A27062, must be placed between each contactor.



# iTL impulse relays and iCT contactors

## Choice of rating according to load type

### General comment

Modular contactors and impulse relays do not use the same technologies. Their rating is determined according to different standards and does not correspond to the rated current of the circuit. For example, for a given rating, an impulse relay is more efficient than a modular contactor for the control of light fittings with a strong inrush current, or with a low power factor (non-compensated inductive circuit).

### Relay rating

■ The table below shows the maximum number of light fittings for each relay, according to the type, power and configuration of a given lamp. As an indication, the total acceptable power is also mentioned.

■ These values are given for a 230 V circuit with 2 active conductors (single-phase phase/neutral or two-phase phase/phase). For 110 V circuits, divide the values in the table by 2.

■ To obtain the equivalent values for the entire 230 V three-phase circuit, multiply the number of lamps and the maximum power output:

□ by  $\sqrt{3}$  (1.73) for circuits with 230 V between phases without neutral;

□ by  $\sqrt{3}$  for circuits with 230 V between phase and neutral or 400 V between phases.

*Note: The power ratings of the lamps most commonly used are shown in bold.*

*For powers not mentioned, use a proportional rule with the nearest values.*

### Choice table

Products		iTL impulse relays				iCT contactors								
Type of lamp	Unit power and capacitance of power factor correction capacitor	Maximum number of light fittings for a single-phase circuit and maximum power output												
		16 A		32 A		16 A		25 A		40 A		63/100 A		
<b>Basic incandescent lamps, LV halogen lamps, replacement mercury vapour lamps (without ballast)</b>														
	<b>40 W</b>	40	<b>1500 W</b>	106	<b>4000 W</b>	38	<b>1550 W</b>	57	<b>2300 W</b>	115	<b>4600 W</b>	172	<b>6900 W</b>	
	<b>60 W</b>	25	to	66	to	30	to	45	to	85	to	125	to	
	<b>75 W</b>	20	<b>1600 W</b>	53	<b>4200 W</b>	25	<b>2000 W</b>	38	<b>2850 W</b>	70	<b>5250 W</b>	100	<b>7500 W</b>	
	<b>100 W</b>	16		42		19		28		50		73		
	150 W	10		28		12		18		35		50		
	200 W	8		21		10		14		26		37		
	300 W	5	<b>1500 W</b>	13	<b>4000 W</b>	7	<b>2100 W</b>	10	<b>3000 W</b>	18	<b>5500 W</b>	25	<b>7500 W</b>	
	500 W	3		8		4		6		10	to	15	to	
	1000 W	1		4		2		3		6	<b>6000 W</b>	8	<b>8000 W</b>	
	1500 W	1		2		1		2		4		5		
<b>ELV 12 or 24 V halogen lamps</b>														
With ferromagnetic transformer	<b>20 W</b>	70	<b>1350 W</b>	180	<b>3600 W</b>	15	<b>300 W</b>	23	<b>450 W</b>	42	<b>850 W</b>	63	<b>1250 W</b>	
	<b>50 W</b>	28	to	74	to	10	to	15	to	27	to	42	to	
	75 W	19	<b>1450 W</b>	50	<b>3750 W</b>	8	<b>600 W</b>	12	<b>900 W</b>	23	<b>1950 W</b>	35	<b>2850 W</b>	
	100 W	14		37		6		8		18		27		
With electronic transformer	<b>20 W</b>	60	<b>1200 W</b>	160	<b>3200 W</b>	62	<b>1250 W</b>	90	<b>1850 W</b>	182	<b>3650 W</b>	275	<b>5500 W</b>	
	<b>50 W</b>	25	to	65	to	25	to	39	to	76	to	114	to	
	75 W	18	<b>1400 W</b>	44	<b>3350 W</b>	20	<b>1600 W</b>	28	<b>2250 W</b>	53	<b>4200 W</b>	78	<b>6000 W</b>	
	100 W	14		33		16		22		42		60		
<b>Fluorescent tubes with starter and ferromagnetic ballast</b>														
1 tube without compensation <sup>(1)</sup>	15 W	83	<b>1250 W</b>	213	<b>3200 W</b>	22	<b>330 W</b>	30	<b>450 W</b>	70	<b>1050 W</b>	100	<b>1500 W</b>	
	<b>18 W</b>	70	to	186	to	22	to	30	to	70	to	100	to	
	20 W	62	<b>1300 W</b>	160	<b>3350 W</b>	22	<b>850 W</b>	30	<b>1200 W</b>	70	<b>2400 W</b>	100	<b>3850 W</b>	
	<b>36 W</b>	35		93		20		28		60		90		
	40 W	31		81		20		28		60		90		
	<b>58 W</b>	21		55		13		17		35		56		
	65 W	20		50		13		17		35		56		
	80 W	16		41		10		15		30		48		
	115 W	11		29		7		10		20		32		
1 tube with parallel compensation <sup>(2)</sup>	15 W	5 $\mu$ F	60	<b>900 W</b>	160	<b>2400 W</b>	15	<b>200 W</b>	20	<b>300 W</b>	40	<b>600 W</b>	60	<b>900 W</b>
	<b>18 W</b>	5 $\mu$ F	50		133		15	to	20	to	40	to	60	to
	20 W	5 $\mu$ F	45		120		15	<b>800 W</b>	20	<b>1200 W</b>	40	<b>2400 W</b>	60	<b>3500 W</b>
	<b>36 W</b>	5 $\mu$ F	25		66		15		20		40		60	
	40 W	5 $\mu$ F	22		60		15		20		40		60	
	<b>58 W</b>	7 $\mu$ F	16		42		10		15		30		43	
	65 W	7 $\mu$ F	13		37		10		15		30		43	
	80 W	7 $\mu$ F	11		30		10		15		30		43	
	115 W	16 $\mu$ F	7		20		5		7		14		20	
2 or 4 tubes with series compensation	2 x <b>18 W</b>		56	<b>2000 W</b>	148	<b>5300 W</b>	30	<b>1100 W</b>	46	<b>1650 W</b>	80	<b>2900 W</b>	123	<b>4450 W</b>
	4 x <b>18 W</b>		28		74		16	to	24	to	44	to	68	to
	2 x <b>36 W</b>		28		74		16	<b>1500 W</b>	24	<b>2400 W</b>	44	<b>3800 W</b>	68	<b>5900 W</b>
	2 x <b>58 W</b>		17		45		10		16		27		42	
	2 x 65 W		15		40		10		16		27		42	
	2 x 80 W		12		33		9		13		22		34	
	2 x 115 W		8		23		6		10		16		25	

# iTL impulse relays and iCT contactors (cont.)

Choice of rating according to load type

## Choice table (cont.)

Products		iTL impulse relays		iCT contactors										
Type of lamp	Unit power and capacitance of power factor correction capacitor	Maximum number of light fittings for a single-phase circuit and maximum power output per circuit												
		16 A		32 A		16 A		25 A		40 A		63/100 A		
<b>Fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast</b>														
1 or 2 tubes	18 W	80	1450 W	212	3800 W	74	1300 W	111	2000 W	222	4000 W	333	6000 W	
	36 W	40	to	106	to	38	to	58	to	117	to	176	to	
	58 W	26	1550 W	69	4000 W	25	1400 W	37	2200 W	74	4400 W	111	6600 W	
	2 x 18 W	40		106		36		55		111		166		
	2 x 36 W	20		53		20		30		60		90		
	2 x 58 W	13		34		12		19		38		57		
<b>Compact fluorescent lamps</b>														
With external electronic ballast	5 W	240	1200 W	630	3150 W	210	1050 W	330	1650 W	670	3350 W	Not tested		
	7 W	171	to	457	to	150	to	222	to	478	to			
	9 W	138	1450 W	366	3800 W	122	1300 W	194	2000 W	383	4000 W			
	11 W	118		318		104		163		327				
	18 W	77		202		66		105		216				
	26 W	55		146		50		76		153				
With integral electronic ballast (replacement for incandescent lamps)	5 W	170	850 W	390	1950 W	160	800 W	230	1150 W	470	2350 W	710	3550 W	
	7 W	121	to	285	to	114	to	164	to	335	to	514	to	
	9 W	100	1050 W	233	2400 W	94	900 W	133	1300 W	266	2600 W	411	3950 W	
	11 W	86		200		78		109		222		340		
	18 W	55		127		48		69		138		213		
	26 W	40		92		34		50		100		151		
<b>High-pressure mercury vapour lamps with ferromagnetic ballast without ignitor</b>														
<b>Replacement high-pressure sodium vapour lamps with ferromagnetic ballast with integral ignitor (3)</b>														
Without compensation <sup>(1)</sup>	50 W	Not tested, infrequent use				15	750 W	20	1000 W	34	1700 W	53	2650 W	
	80 W					10	to	15	to	27	to	40	to	
	125 / 110 W <sup>(3)</sup>					8	1000 W	10	1600 W	20	2800 W	28	4200 W	
	250 / 220 W <sup>(3)</sup>					4		6		10		15		
	400 / 350 W <sup>(3)</sup>					2		4		6		10		
	700 W					1		2		4		6		
With parallel compensation <sup>(2)</sup>	50 W	7 µF					10	500 W	15	750 W	28	1400 W	43	2150 W
	80 W	8 µF					9	to	13	to	25	to	38	to
	125 / 110 W <sup>(3)</sup>	10 µF					9	1400 W	10	1600 W	20	3500 W	30	5000 W
	250 / 220 W <sup>(3)</sup>	18 µF					4		6		11		17	
	400 / 350 W <sup>(3)</sup>	25 µF					3		4		8		12	
	700 W	40 µF					2		2		5		7	
1000 W	60 µF					0		1		3		5		
<b>Low-pressure sodium vapour lamps with ferromagnetic ballast with external ignitor</b>														
Without compensation <sup>(1)</sup>	35 W	Not tested, infrequent use				5	270 W	9	320 W	14	500 W	24	850 W	
	55 W					5	to	9	to	14	to	24	to	
	90 W					3	360 W	6	720 W	9	1100 W	19	1800 W	
	135 W					2		4		6		10		
	180 W					2		4		6		10		
	With parallel compensation <sup>(2)</sup>	35 W	20 µF	38	1350 W	102	3600 W	3	100 W	5	175 W	10	350 W	15
55 W		20 µF	24		63		3	to	5	to	10	to	15	to
90 W		26 µF	15		40		2	180 W	4	360 W	8	720 W	11	1100 W
135 W		40 µF	10		26		1		2		5		7	
180 W		45 µF	7		18		1		2		4		6	

# iTL impulse relays and iCT contactors (cont.)

Choice of rating according to load type

## Choice table (cont.)

Products		iTL impulse relays		iCT contactors										
Type of lamp	Unit power and capacitance of power factor correction capacitor	Maximum number of light fittings for a single-phase circuit and maximum power output per circuit												
		16 A	32 A	16 A	25 A	40 A	63/100 A							
<b>High-pressure sodium vapour lamps</b>														
<b>Metal-iodide lamps</b>														
With ferromagnetic ballast with external ignitor, without compensation <sup>(1)</sup>	35 W	Not tested, infrequent use		16	600 W	24	850 W	42	1450 W	64	2250 W			
	<b>70 W</b>			8		12	to	20	to	32	to			
	<b>150 W</b>			4		7	1200 W	13	2000 W	18	3200 W			
	<b>250 W</b>			2		4		8		11				
	400 W			1		3		5		8				
	1000 W			0		1		2		3				
With ferromagnetic ballast with external ignitor and parallel compensation <sup>(2)</sup>	35 W	6 µF	34	1200 W	88	3100 W	12	450 W	18	650 W	31	1100 W	50	1750 W
	<b>70 W</b>	12 µF	17	to	45	to	6	to	9	to	16	to	25	to
	<b>150 W</b>	20 µF	8	1350 W	22	3400 W	4	1000 W	6	2000 W	10	4000 W	15	6000 W
	<b>250 W</b>	32 µF	5		13		3		4		7		10	
	400 W	45 µF	3		8		2		3		5		7	
	1000 W	60 µF	1		3		1		2		3		5	
	2000 W	85 µF	0		1		0		1		2		3	
With electronic ballast	35 W		38	1350 W	87	3100 W	24	850 W	38	1350 W	68	2400 W	102	3600 W
	<b>70 W</b>		29	to	77	to	18	to	29	to	51	to	76	to
	<b>150 W</b>		14	2200 W	33	5000 W	9	1350 W	14	2200 W	26	4000 W	40	600 W

<sup>(1)</sup> Circuits with non-compensated ferromagnetic ballasts consume twice as much current for a given lamp power output. This explains the small number of lamps in this configuration.

<sup>(2)</sup> The total capacitance of the power factor correction capacitors in parallel in a circuit limits the number of lamps that can be controlled by a contactor. The total downstream capacitance of a modular contactor of rating 16, 25, 40 or 63 A should not exceed 75, 100, 200 or 300 µF respectively. Allow for these limits to calculate the maximum acceptable number of lamps if the capacitance values are different from those in the table.

<sup>(3)</sup> High-pressure mercury vapour lamps without ignitor, of power 125, 250 and 400 W, are gradually being replaced by high-pressure sodium vapour lamps with integral ignitor, and respective power of 110, 220 and 350 W.

# iTL impulse relays and iCT contactors (cont.)

## Heating application

■ Impulse relay rating to be chosen according to the power to be controlled.

230 V heating		
Type	Maximum power for a given rating iTL impulse relays	
Single-phase circuit	16 A	32 A
Heating (AC1)	3.6 kW	7.2 kW

■ Contactor rating to be chosen according to the power to be controlled and the number of operations a day.

230 V heating				
Type of heating application	Maximum power for a given rating iCT contactors			
Number of operations / day	25 A	40 A	63 A	100 A
25	5.4 kW	8.6 kW	14 kW	21.6 kW
50	5.4 kW	8.6 kW	14 kW	21.6 kW
75	4.6 kW	7.4 kW	12 kW	18 kW
100	4 kW	6 kW	9.5 kW	14 kW
250	2.5 kW	3.8 kW	6 kW	9 kW
500	1.7 kW	2.7 kW	4.5 kW	6.8 kW

400 V heating				
25	16 kW	26 kW	41 kW	63 kW
50	16 kW	26 kW	41 kW	63 kW
75	14 kW	22 kW	35 kW	52 kW
100	11 kW	17 kW	26 kW	40 kW
250	5 kW	8 kW	13 kW	19 kW
500	3.5 kW	6 kW	9 kW	14 kW

## Small motor application

■ Contactor rating to be chosen according to the power to be controlled.

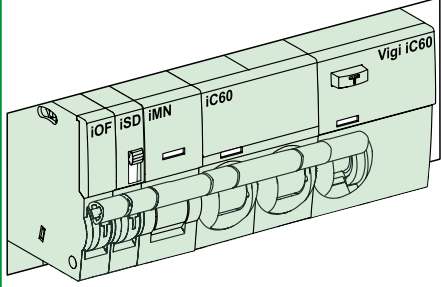
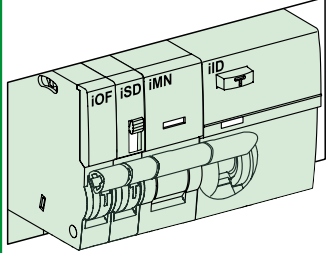
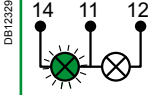
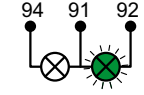
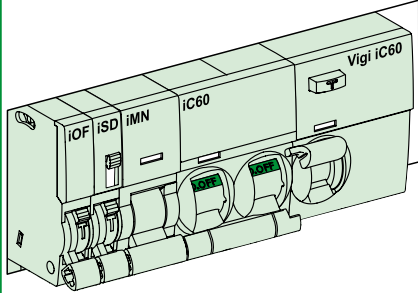
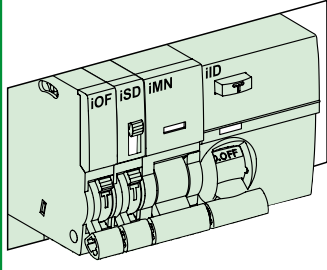
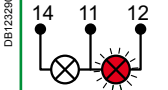
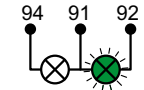
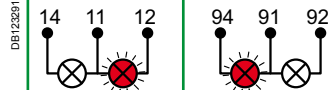
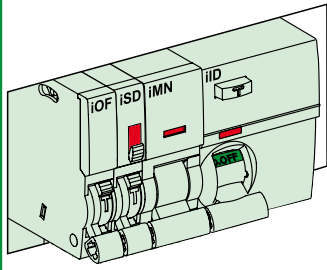
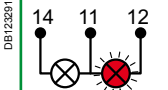
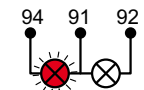
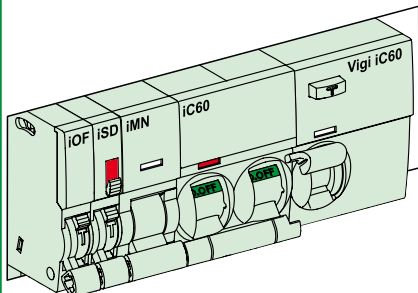
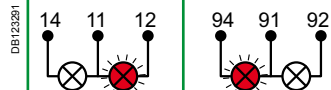
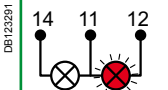
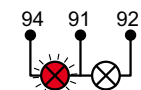
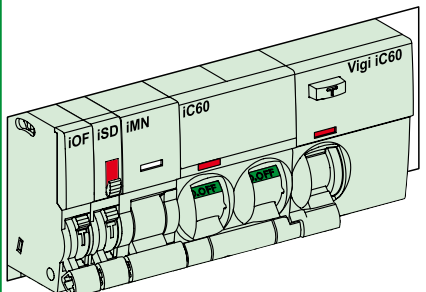
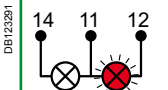
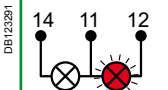
Asynchronous single-phase motor with capacitor			
Small motor application type	Maximum power for a given rating iCT contactors		
Voltage	25 A	40 A	63 A
230 V	1.4	2.5	4

Asynchronous three-phase motor			
400 V	4	7.5	15

Universal motor			
230 V	0.9	1.4	2.2

# Auxiliary indicating contacts for Acti 9 protective devices

Table showing state of auxiliary contacts according to the main device and the type of fault.

Functions and use	Main device		Auxiliary contacts	
	Circuit breaker	Residual current circuit breaker	OF	SD
<b>Closed</b>	 <p>DB123286</p>	 <p>DB123289</p>	 <p>DB123292</p>	
<b>Manually opened</b>	 <p>DB123277</p>	 <p>DB123278</p>	 <p>DB123290</p>	
<b>Tripped by release auxiliary (iMN, iMX)</b>	 <p>DB404827</p>	 <p>DB404829</p>	 <p>DB123291</p>	
<b>Tripped upon overload or short circuit</b>	 <p>DB123285</p>	<p>—</p>	 <p>DB123291</p>	
<b>Tripped upon earth fault</b>	 <p>DB404826</p>	 <p>DB123287</p>	 <p>DB123291</p>	

# Auxiliary indicating contacts for Acti 9 protective devices (cont.)

## Function

### RESET (SD contact)

When the main device is tripped and the fault has been eliminated, it is possible to switch the SD contact manually, via the "RESET" button on the front panel. The unit is then in "device opened manually" configuration.

	iOF	iSD	iOF/SD+OF iOF+SD24
	-	■	■ iSD only

### TEST (SD or OF contact)

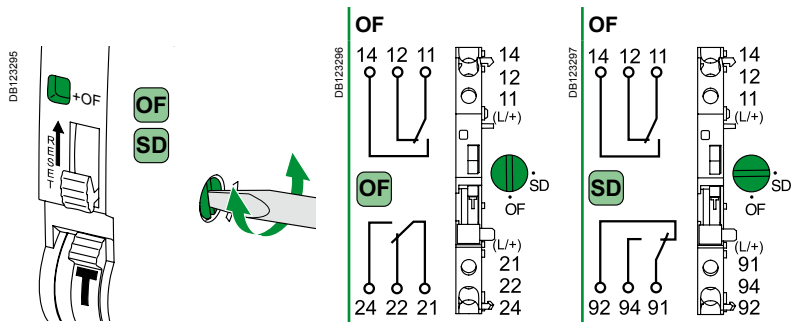
When the main device is opened or tripped, the TEST button can be used to check the satisfactory operation of the indicating circuit by simulating operation of the main device. This operation also modifies the position of the indicator on the front panel of the iSD auxiliary.

On the double contact (iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24), this function can be implemented only for the SD indicating circuit.

	iOF	iSD	iOF/SD+OF iOF+SD24
	■	■	■

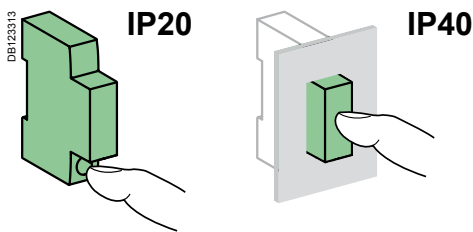
### iOF/SD+OF double contact

Change of function of the second contact from OF to SD.



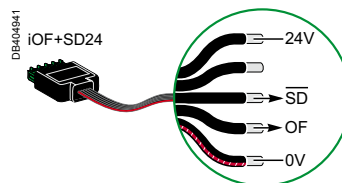
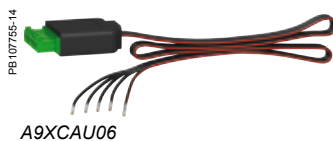
## Technical data

Main characteristics		iOF, iSD, iOF/SD+OF		iOF+SD24
		IEC/EN 60947-5-1		IEC/EN 60947-5-1, IEC/EN 60947-5-4
Insulation voltage (Ui)		400 V AC		500 V AC
Degree of pollution		3		3
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)		4 kV (6 kV relative to the associated protective device)		4 kV (6 kV relative to the associated protective device)
Current rating (A)	Min.	24 V, 10 mA		24 V ± 20 %, 2 mA mini, 100 mA maxi Low level contact: compatible with IEC/EN 61131-2 Programmable Controllers, suitable for any connection to 24 V DC PLCs
	Maxi	AC12 415 V AC	3 A	
		AC12 ≤ 240 V AC	6 A	
		DC12 130 V DC	1 A	
		DC12 60 V DC	1.5 A	
		DC12 48 V DC	2 A	
DC12 24 V DC	6 A			
Additional characteristics				
Degree of protection (IEC 60529)	Device only	IP20		IP20
	Device in a modular enclosure	IP40 Insulation class II		IP40 Insulation class II
Endurance (O-C)	Electrical	20,000 cycles		20,000 cycles
Overvoltage category (IEC 60364)		III		III
Short-circuit resistance		1 kA		1 kA
Rating of device for auxiliary contact protection against short circuits	Circuit breaker	iC60 - C curve - 6 A		iC60 - C curve - 6 A
	Fuse	6 A, 500 V type Gg 10.3 x 38 mm		6 A, 500 V type Gg 10.3 x 38 mm
Operating temperature		-35°C to +70°C		-20°C to +60°C
Storage temperature		-40°C to +85°C		-40°C to +85°C

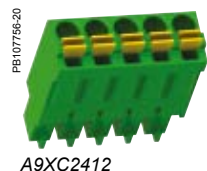


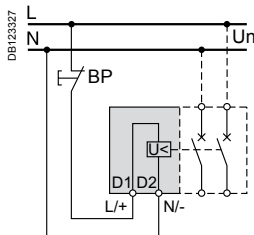
## iOF+SD24 connection

The indicating auxiliary iOF+SD24 can be connected with a factory-built link, **A9XCAU06**: moulded connector (iOF+SD24 side) and with the 5 wires (PLC side).

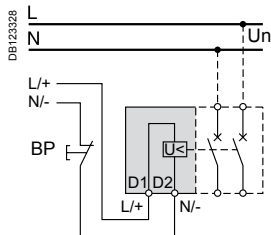


Or using a Ti24 5-point connector, **A9XC2412**





iMN/iMNs powered by main network



iMN/iMNs with separate power supply

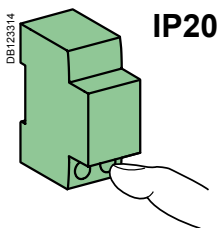
## iMN, iMNs: undervoltage release units

### Function

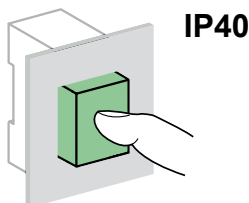
- Tripping of the associated protective device, when the voltage across its terminals falls:
  - either by opening the control circuit (e.g. push-button),
  - or by lowering the supply voltage.
- Resetting of the protective device is possible only after the voltage across the terminals of the auxiliary has returned to its nominal value.
- The MNs undervoltage release does not perform tripping in the event of a voltage drop lasting less than 200 ms.
- A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected by the circuit breaker (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration.

### Technical data

Auxiliary trip units	iMN			iMNs	
Catalogue numbers	A9A26960	A9A26961	A9A26959	A9A26963	
<b>Main characteristics</b>					
Rated voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (Un)	220...240 V, 50/60 Hz	48 V, 50/60 Hz	48 V DC	115 V, 400 Hz	220...240 V, 50/60 Hz
Holding current <sup>(2)</sup>	A	0.014	0.022	0.034	0.017
Power consumption	VA	3.3	1.6	1.1	2
<b>Tripping</b>					
Threshold (V)	Between 0.35 and 0.75 of Un				
Duration of voltage dip (ms)	Min.	30	8	8	30
<b>Restoration</b>					
Threshold (V)	Min.	187	40.8	40.8	98
<b>Additional characteristics</b>					
Endurance	20,000 operations				
Insulation voltage (Ui)	400 V				
Degree of pollution	3				
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	4 kV (6 kV relative to the associated protective device)				



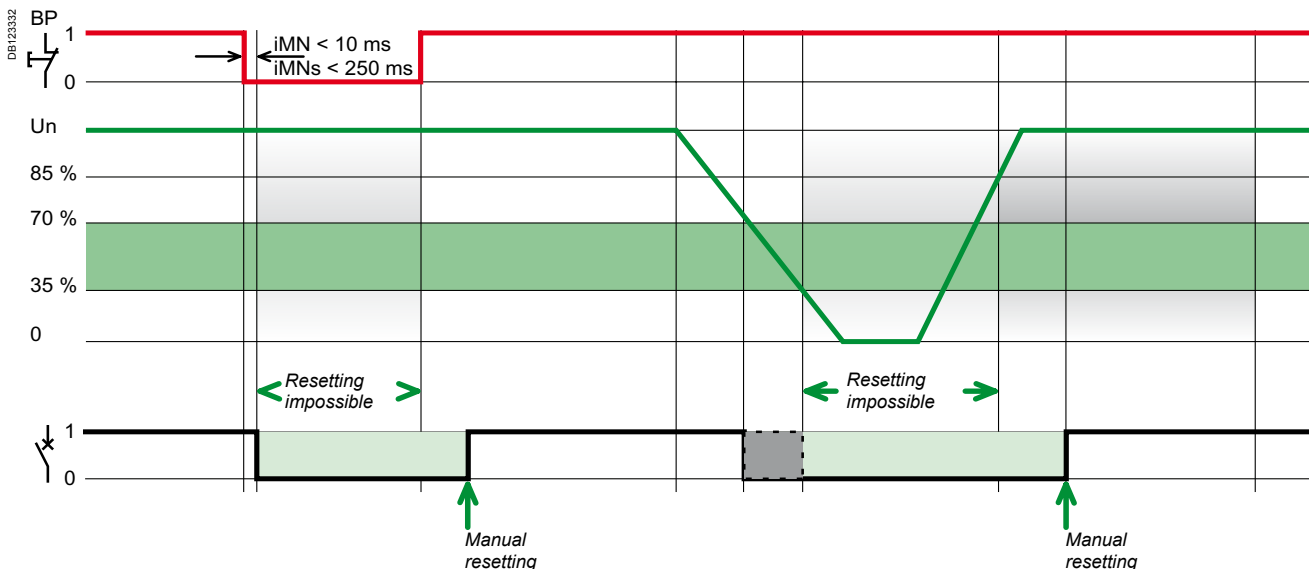
IP20



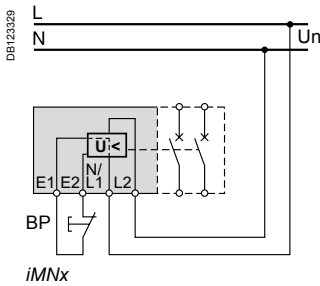
IP40

(1) For a lower power supply (e.g., control by a PLC output), an iRTBT interface must be implemented (see page 739).  
 (2) This characteristic must be taken into account to define the number of multiple controls by switches provided with an indicator lamp.

### Operation timing chart







## iMNx: trip units with push-button control

### Function

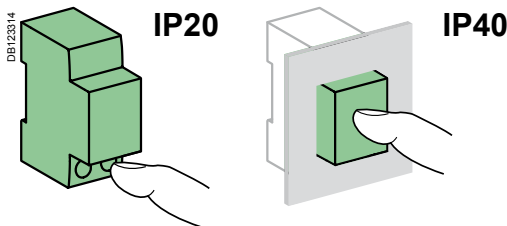
- Tripping of the associated protective device by opening of the control circuit (e.g. push-button, dry contact).
- A drop in the supply voltage does not trip the associated protective device.
- A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected by the circuit breaker (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration.

**Important:** Before any servicing operation switch off the mains power supply (voltage presence at terminals E1/E2)

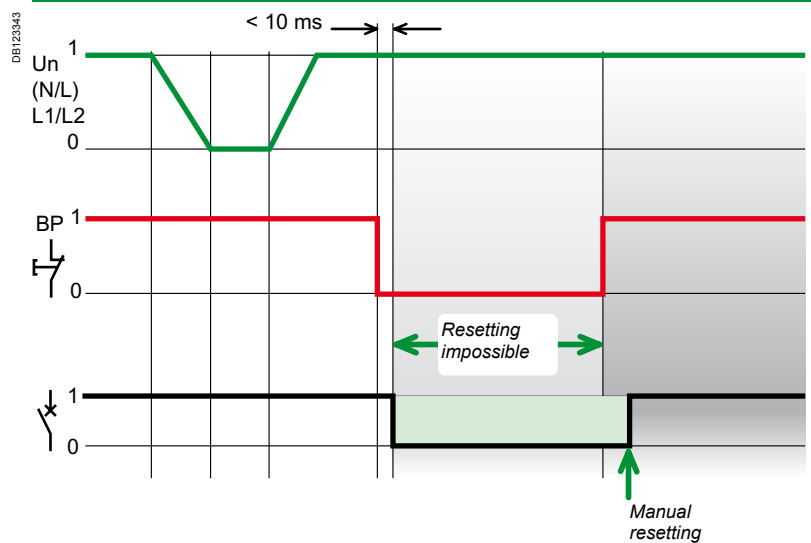
### Technical data

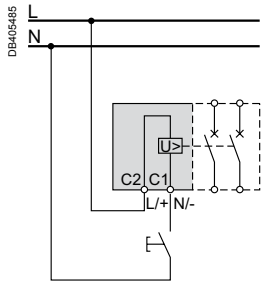
Auxiliary trip units		iMNx	
Catalogue numbers	A9A26969	A9A26971	
<b>Main characteristics</b>			
Rated voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (Un)	220...240 V, 50/60 Hz	380...415 V, 50/60 Hz	
Power consumption (at Un)	A	0.014	
<b>Tripping</b>			
Threshold (V)	70 % of Ue		
Control-circuit opening duration Min. (ms)	30		
<b>Additional characteristics</b>			
Endurance	20,000 operations		
Insulation voltage (Ui)	400 V		
Degree of pollution	3		
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	4 kV (6 kV relative to the associated protective device)		

(1) For a lower supply voltage (e.g., control by a PLC output), an iRTBT interface must be implemented (see page 739).

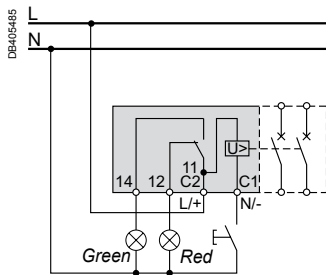


### Operation timing chart





iMX powered by main network



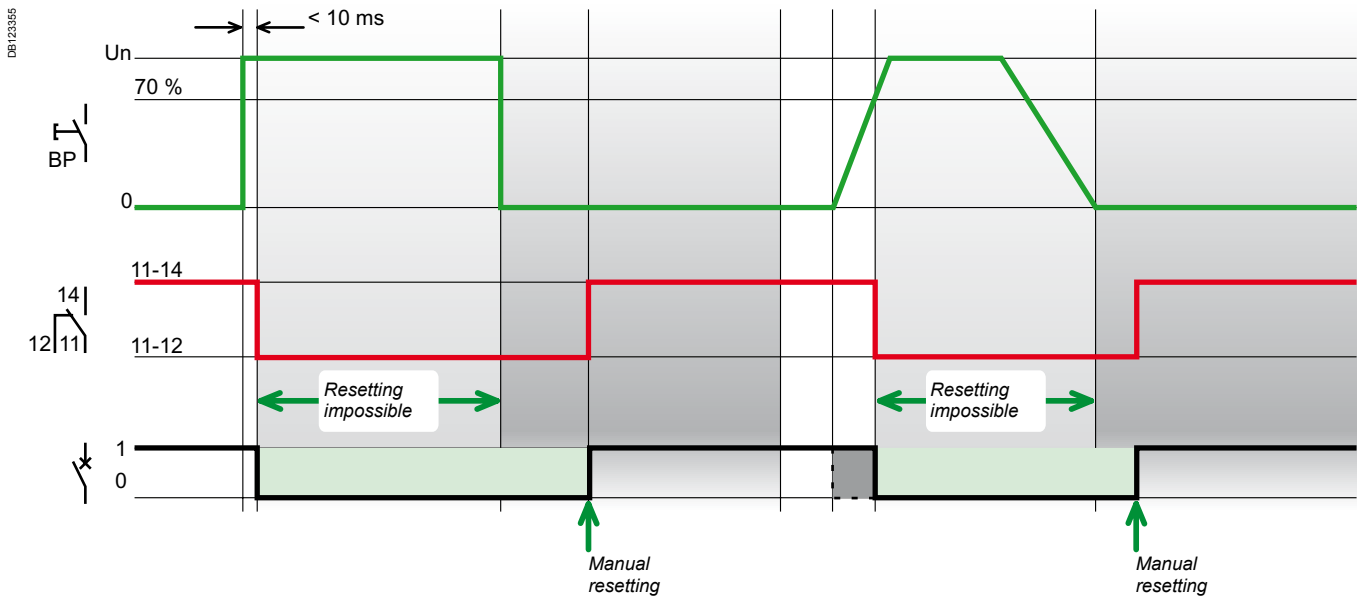
Control by N/O push-button with verification of voltage presence (iMX+OF)

## iMX, iMX+OF: shunt release units

### Function

- Tripping of the associated protective device when a voltage appears across the terminals of the auxiliary (control by: N/O push-button, dry contact, etc.).
- Resetting of the protective device is possible only when the voltage across the terminals of the auxiliary has disappeared.
- A locking push-button control allows the circuit protected by the circuit breaker (e.g. machine control) to be placed in safety configuration.

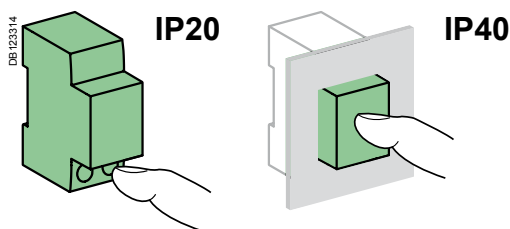
### Operation timing chart

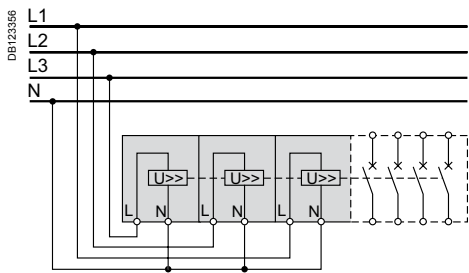


## Technical data

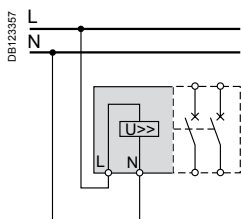
Auxiliary trip units			iMX			iMX + OF									
Catalogue numbers			A9A26476	A9A26477	A9A26478	A9A26946	A9A26947	A9A26948							
<b>Main characteristics</b>															
Rated voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (U <sub>n</sub> )			100...415 V, 50/60 Hz	48 V, 50/60 Hz	12...24 V, 50/60 Hz	100...415 V, 50/60 Hz	48 V, 50/60 Hz	12...24 V, 50/60 Hz							
			110...130 V DC	48 V DC	12...24 V DC	110...130 V DC	48 V DC	12...24 V DC							
<b>Tripping</b>															
Threshold (V)			70 % of U <sub>e</sub>												
Control signal duration (ms)			Min.	8	8	8	8	8							
Inrush current			A	0.4...1.5 (V AC) 0.3 (V DC)	1 (V AC) 0.7 (V DC)	4...7.7 (V AC) 2.5...5.8 (V DC)	0.4...1.5 (V AC) 0.3 (V DC)	1 (V AC) 0.7 (V DC)	4...7.7 (V AC) 2.5...5.8 (V DC)						
<b>Caractéristiques complémentaires</b>															
Endurance			20,000 operations			20,000 cycles (O-C)									
Auxiliary contacts (11, 12, 14)			Current rating (A)	Min.	24 V, 10 mA										
				Max.	AC12 415 V AC	3 A	AC12 ≤ 240 V AC	6 A	DC12 130 V DC	1 A	DC12 60 V DC	1.5 A	DC12 48 V DC	2 A	DC12 24 V DC
Insulation voltage (U <sub>i</sub> )			400 V												
Degree of pollution			3												
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> )			4 kV (6 kV relative to the associated protective device)												

(1) For a lower power supply (e.g., control by a PLC output), an iRTBT interface must be implemented (see page 739)

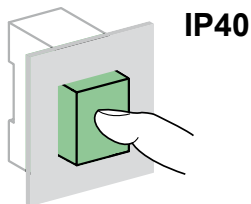
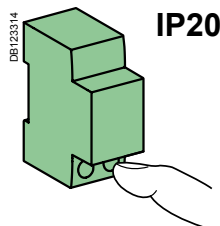




Three-phase power supply monitoring



Single-phase power supply monitoring



## iMSU: overvoltage release units

### Function

- Tripping of the associated protective device when the voltage across its terminals exceeds its nominal value.
- This auxiliary can protect sensitive loads from mains voltage fluctuations, in particular those due to breakage of the neutral conductor.
- Resetting of the protective device is possible only when the voltage across the terminals of the auxiliary has returned to its nominal value.
- When assembling with the associated device:
  - take the operating temperature range of the associated protective device into account
  - when the assembly is complete, test the handle of the associated protective device.

### Technical data

Auxiliary trip units		iMSU	
Catalogue numbers		A9A26500	
<b>Main characteristics</b>			
Rated voltage (Un)	230 V, 50/60 Hz		
Power consumption (at Un)	A	0.002	
Power consumption	Holding	VA	0.046
	Inrush	V $\hat{A}$	128
Insulation voltage (Ui)	400 V		
Degree of pollution	3		
Rated impulse withstand voltage (Uimp)	4 kV (6 kV relative to the associated protective device)		
<b>Additional characteristics</b>			
Endurance	20,000 operations		

### Standardised operating and non-response to voltage (Ua) times

	255 V AC	275 V AC	300 V AC	350 V AC	400 V AC
Maximum operating time	Pas de déclenchement	15 s	5 s	0.75 s	0.20 s
Minimum non-response time		3 s	1 s	0.25 s	0.07 s

(Ua)

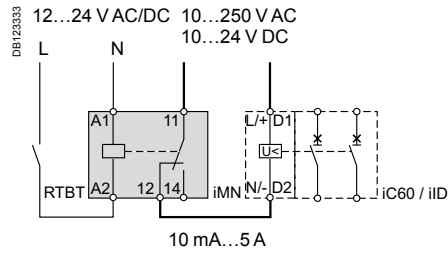
Voltagés measured between the phase and the neutral conductor, at which the iMSU device must control the associated protective device.

063960A\_SE-40



## "Low-level" control

The iRTBT relay cat. no. A9A15416 allows the auxiliary trip units to be controlled by a low-level signal (e.g. iMN).



## iRTBT relay

Inputs (A1, A2)		12...24 V AC/DC, 0...60 Hz
Outputs (11 and 12, 11 and 14)	Mini	10 mA/10 V DC (DC12) 10 mA/10 V AC
	Maxi	1 A/24 V DC (DC12) 5 A/250 V AC

# Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iSW-NA, ARA and RCA

The mounting order for the various auxiliaries must be complied with.  
The tripping auxiliaries (iMN, iMX) should be mounted first, as close as possible to the circuit breaker or the residual current circuit breaker. Then, the indicating auxiliaries (iOF, iSD) should be mounted, complying with their position shown in the following table.

## Indicating auxiliaries

PE104474-25



PE104475-25



DB1123593














1 (iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24 or iSD)	1 iOF/SD+OF
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)
None	1 iOF+SD24
None	None
1 iSD	1 iSD
None	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24)
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)
None	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF or iOF+SD24)
1 iOF	1 (iSD or iOF or iOF/SD+OF)



The tripping auxiliaries should be installed first.  
Comply with the position of the SD function.

# Electrical auxiliaries for iC60, iID, iSW-NA, ARA and RCA (cont.)

Tripping auxiliaries	Remote control	Device	Vigi iC60
 PB104496-25	ARA automatic recloser or RCA remote control	iC60 circuit breaker or iID residual current circuit breaker or iSW-NA switch-disconnector	Vigi iC60 add-on residual current device
1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) max.	-	 PB104437-25 <i>iC60</i>	 PB104466-25 <i>Vigi iC60</i>
2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) max.	-		
2 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) max.	-		
3 iMSU max.	-		
1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) max.	-	 PB104472-25 <i>iID/iSW-NA</i>	
1 (iMN, iMNs, iMNx or iMX, iMX+OF or iMSU) max.	 PB100256-25 <i>ARA</i>	 PB104437-25 <i>iC60</i>	 PB104466-25 <i>Vigi iC60</i>
None		 PB104472-25 <i>iID</i>	
1 (iMX or iMN or iMSU) max.	 PB100253-25 <i>RCA</i>	 PB104437-25 <i>iC60</i>	 PB104437-25 <i>Vigi iC60</i>
None			






> Twilight switches




P111837 P83237

**IC100**  
Adjustable from 2 to 100 lux.  
It comes with a wall-mounted cell.




P111839 P118858 P106856

**IC2000**  
Adjustable from 2 to 2000 lux. It comes with a standard wall-mounted or switchboard cell.




P111840 P83237

**IC2000P+**  
It has 3 customisable pre-set programs and 3 setting ranges from 2 to 2100 lux. Its 4 keys and large screen facilitate its programming.  
It comes with a wall-mounted cell.



P118857




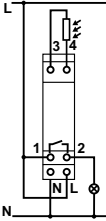
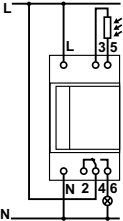
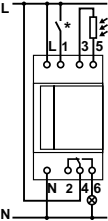
**IC Astro**  
It operates without photoelectric cell and calculates sunrise and sunset times according to its geographic position.  
It can be customised by using its programming function.



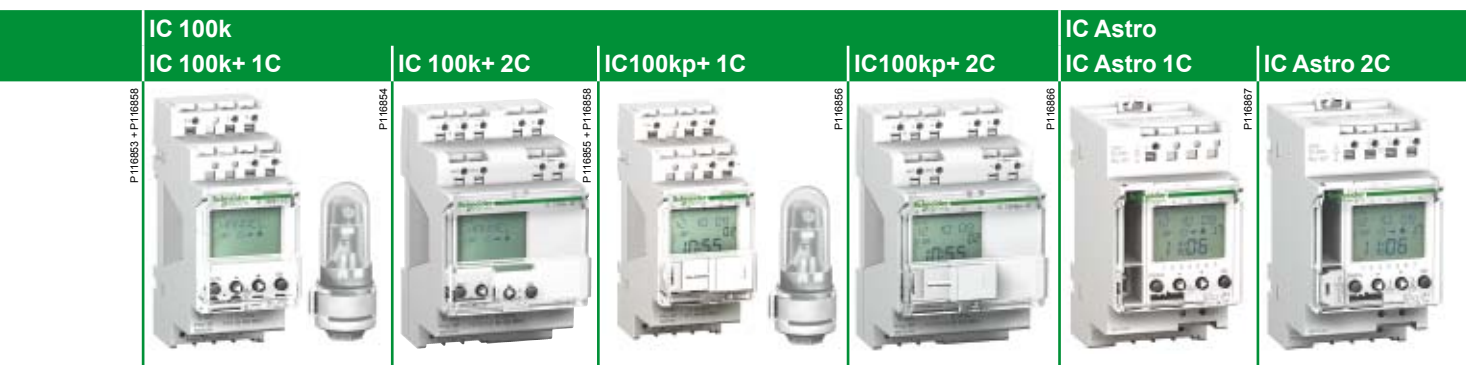
P118853 P118856 P118859 P118859

**IC 100k**  
Adjustable from 2 to 99000 lux.  
Its 4 keys and large screen facilitate its programming.  
It comes with a digital wall-mounted or a switchboard cell.

## Selection table

	IC100	IC2000	IC2000P+	
	 <p>P11637 + P8237</p>	 <p>P11639 + P16859 + P16856</p>	 <p>P11640 + P8237</p>	
<b>Function</b>	The IC100 controls closing of a contact when brightness decreases and drops below the selected threshold. It controls opening of a contact when brightness increases and rises above the selected threshold	The IC2000 control closing of a contact when brightness decreases and drops below the selected threshold. They control opening of a contact when brightness increases and rises above the selected threshold	The IC2000P+ controls lighting according to brightness and time. If brightness drops below the set threshold (twilight function: IC) and if the time program allows relay closing (time switch function), then the lighting circuit is activated	
<b>Wiring diagrams</b>	 <p>P16857</p>	 <p>P16858</p>	 <p>P16859</p>	
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	15482	CCT15284	CCT15368 15483 <sup>(1)</sup>	
<b>Technical specifications</b>				
Delivered with	Wall-mounted cell	Switchboard cell (CCT15281)	Wall-mounted cell (CCT15268)	Wall-mounted cell
Optional accessories	Wall-mounted cell (CCT15268)	Switchboard cell (CCT15281) Wall-mounted cell (CCT15268)	Wall-mounted cell (CCT15268) Switchboard cell (CCT15281)	Wall-mounted cell (CCT15268)
Adjustable brightness threshold	2 to 100 lx	2 to 2000 lx		Range 1: 2 to 50 lx Range 2: 60 to 300 lx Range 3: 350 to 2100 lx
Voltage rating (Ue) (+10 %, -15 %)	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz		230 V AC, 50/60 Hz
Consumption	6 VA	6 VA		3 VA
Operating temperature	-20°C to +50°C	-25°C to +50°C		-20°C to +50°C
Width (9 mm modules)	2	5		5
Insulation class	Class II	Class II		Class II
Degree of protection	IP20B	IP20B		IP20B
Output contact rating $\cos \varphi = 1$ (under 250 VAC)	16 A	16 A		16 A
$\cos \varphi = 0.6$	10 A	10 A		10 A
Time delays (On and Off)	20 s (On) 80 s (Off)	≥ 60 s		Adjustable from 20 to 140 s (80 s by default)
Operating accuracy	–	–		< ±1 s / day at 20 °C.
Monitoring indicator light, not time delayed, lit when brightness is less than the threshold	Red	Red		–
Contact switching indicator light	Green	Green		–
LCD liquid crystal display	–	–		Back-lit
Program saving by lithium battery	–	–		■
Operating reserve	–	–		5-6 years
Location for instruction manual on front face	–	■		■
Cabling test function with a push-button on front face	–	■		–
Number of channels	1	1		1
Control by brightness detection	■	■		■
Coupling with weekly programming	–	–		42 switching times Minimum switching: 1 min Switching accuracy: 1 s
Control by calculation of sunrise/sunset times	–	–		–

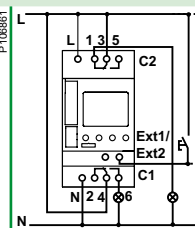
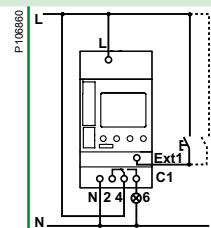
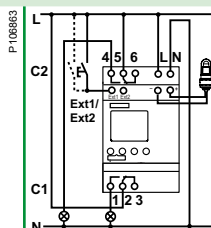
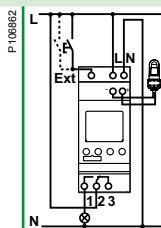
**Languages:** (1) English, french, spanish, italian, german, portuguese, swedish, dutch, finnish, norwegian/danish. (2) English, french, spanish, portuguese, hungarian, polish, romanian



The IC 100k+ 1C/2C control closing of a contact when brightness decreases and drops below the selected threshold. It controls opening of a contact when brightness increases and rises above the selected threshold

The IC100kp+ 1C/2C control lighting according to brightness and time. If brightness drops below the set threshold (twilight function: IC) and if the time program allows relay closing (time switch function), then the lighting circuit is activated

The IC Astro astronomic programmable twilight switch is used to start and stop an electric load (e.g. lighting) according to sunrise and sunset times, without a brightness detector. Sunrise and sunset times are calculated automatically by the IC Astro according to the geographic parameters configured by the user



CCT15250 (2)  
CCT15251 (3)

CCT15252 (2)  
CCT15253 (3)

CCT15490 (2)  
CCT15491 (3)

CCT15492 (2)  
CCT15493 (3)

CCT15223 (2)  
CCT15224 (3)

CCT15243 (2)  
CCT15244 (3)

Digital wall-mounted cell (CCT15260)

Digital wall-mounted cell (CCT15260)  
Memory key (alone) (CCT15861)

–  
Memory key (alone) (CCT15861)

Digital wall-mounted cell (CCT15260)  
Digital switchboard cell (CCT15261)  
Programming kit for PC (CCT15860)

Digital wall-mounted cell (CCT15260)  
Digital switchboard cell (CCT15261)  
Programming kit for PC (CCT15860)  
Memory key (alone) (CCT15861)

Programming kit for PC (CCT15860)  
Memory key (alone) (CCT15861)

1 to 99000 lx

1 to 99000 lx

According to sunrise/sunset times

230 V AC, 50/60 Hz

100-240 V AC, 50/60 Hz

230 V AC, 50/60 Hz

100-240 V AC, 50/60 Hz

230 V AC, 50/60 Hz

3 VA

3 VA

3 VA

6 VA

-30°C to +50°C

-30°C to +50°C

-25°C to +45°C

4

6

4

6

5

Class II

Class II

Class II

IP20C

IP20C

IP20B

16 A

16 A

16 A

10 A

10 A

10 A

Adjustable from 0 to 59.59 min.

Difference in sunset and/or sunrise times adjustable separately by ±120 min.

Back-lit

Back-lit

Back-lit

■  
10 years

■  
10 years

■  
6 years

1

2

1

2







1

2

84 switching times  
Operating accuracy: < ±1 s / day at 20°C  
Minimum switching: 1 min  
Switching accuracy: 1 s

84 switching times (not including sunrise/sunset)  
Minimum time between 2 switching operations: 1 min.  
Switching accuracy: 1 s  
Time accuracy: ±1 s / day

## Accessories selection table

	Wall-mounted cell	Switchboard cell	Programming kit for PC	Memory key	Digital wall-mounted cell	Digital switchboard cell	
							
<b>Function</b>	Wall-mounted photoelectric cell	Switchboard photoelectric cell	Consists of a programming device, a memory key, a CDROM and a 2 m USB cable	Saving and duplicating programs	Digital wall-mounted photoelectric cell	Digital wall-mounted photoelectric cell	
<b>Mounting</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delivered with its fixing device for IC100 and IC200P+</li> <li>Replaced by CCT15268 for spare part use</li> <li>Cell connection: by double insulation 2-conductor cable, not to be laid next to mains cables or water ducts, maximum length: 25 m</li> </ul>	Delivered with 1 m cable and its fixing device	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delivered with its fixing device</li> <li>Cell connection: by double insulation 2-conductor cable, not to be laid next to mains cables or water ducts, maximum length: 100 m</li> </ul>	–	–	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Delivered with its fixing device.</li> <li>Cell connection:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>by double insulation 2-conductor cable:                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 0.5 - 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> for <b>CCT15260</b></li> <li>- 0.25 - 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> for <b>CCT15261</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>Not to be laid next to mains cables or water ducts, maximum length:                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 100 m (2 x 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>- 50 m (2 x 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Catalogue no.</b>	–	<b>CCT15268</b>	<b>15281</b>	<b>CCT15860</b>	<b>CCT15861</b>	<b>CCT15260</b>	<b>CCT15261</b>

### Technical specifications

	IP54	IP65	IP54	–	–	IP55	IP66
Degree of protection	IK05	–	IK05	–	–	–	–
Operating temperature	-40°C to +70°C	-40°C to +70°C	-40°C to +70°C	–	–	-40°C to +70°C	-40°C to +70°C
Horizontally orientable	–	–	90°	–	–	90°	90°

### Load table

Type of lighting (230 V AC)	Max. power (for higher power, relay with a contactor)				
	IC100	IC2000	IC2000P+	IC Astro	IC 100k
Incandescent and halogen lamps	2300 W	2300 W	2300 W	2300 W	2600 W
Non-corrected / serial-corrected / dual mounted fluorescent tubes with conventional ballast	2300 VA	2300 VA	26 x 36 W, 20 x 58 W, 10 x 100 W	26 x 36 W, 20 x 58 W, 10 x 100 W	26 x 36 W, 20 x 58 W, 10 x 100 W
Parallel corrected fluorescent tubes with conventional ballast	400 VA	400 VA	10 x 36 W, 6 x 58 W, 2 x 100 W	10 x 36 W, 6 x 58 W, 2 x 100 W	10 x 36 W, 6 x 58 W, 2 x 100 W
Fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast	–	–	9 x 36 W, 6 x 58 W	9 x 36 W, 6 x 58 W	650 VA max.
Dual-mounted fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast	300 VA	300 VA	5 x (2 x 36 W), 3 x (2 x 58 W)	5 x (2 x 36 W), 3 x (2 x 58 W)	–
Fuocompact lamps with electronic ballast	9 x 7 W, 7 x 11 W, 7 x 15 W, 7 x 20 W, 7 x 23 W	9 x 7 W, 7 x 11 W, 7 x 15 W, 7 x 20 W, 7 x 23 W	9 x 7 W, 7 x 11 W, 7 x 15 W, 7 x 20 W	9 x 7 W, 7 x 11 W, 7 x 15 W, 7 x 20 W	22 x 7 W, 18 x 11 W, 16 x 15 W, 16 x 20 W, 14 x 23 W
Fuocompact lamps with conventional ballast	1500 VA	1500 VA	–	–	–
Parallel-corrected mercury and sodium vapour lamps	400 VA	400 VA	250 VA	250 VA	800 VA max. (80uF)
Non-corrected/ serial-corrected mercury and sodium vapour lamps	1000 VA	1000 VA	–	–	–
Motor	–	–	–	–	2300 VA max.

## Specific technical data

### IC2000P+

#### External input

Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC, +10 %, -15 %
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Input current	≤ 2.5 mA
Consumption	≤ 0.4 mW
Cable length	≤ 100 m

### IC Astro

Programming longitude	-180° (East) to +180° (West) in steps of 1°
Programming latitude	-90° (South) to +90° (North) in steps of 1°
External inputs for external control with a standard switch or a push-button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 1 input "Ext1" for IC Astro 1C</li> <li>■ 2 inputs "Ext1" and "Ext2" for IC Astro 2C</li> <li>□ consumption: &lt; 0.5 mA</li> <li>□ cable length: ≤ 100 m</li> </ul>
Programming accessories	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Programming kit for PC consists of a programming device, a memory key, a CDROM and a 2 m USB cable</li> <li>■ Memory key for saving and duplicating programs</li> </ul>

### IC 100k, IC Astro

Programming accessories	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Programming kit for PC consists of a programming device, a memory key, a CDROM and a 2 m USB cable</li> <li>■ Memory key for saving and duplicating programs</li> </ul>
-------------------------	--

Memory key delivered on front face for IC100kp+ 1C, IC100kp+ 2C and IC Astro

#### External inputs

External inputs for external control with a standard switch or a push-button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 1 input "Ext" for 1 channel versions</li> <li>■ 2 inputs "Ext1" and "Ext2" for 2 channels versions</li> </ul>
Voltage rating (Ue)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 230 V AC, +10 %, -15 % for 1 channel versions</li> <li>■ 100-240 V AC +10 %, -15 % for 2 channels versions</li> </ul>
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Input current	≤ 0.5 mA
Consumption	≤ 130 mW
Cable length	≤ 100 m

### IC2000P+

The IC 2000P+ uses its time programming to define lighting On and Off periods:

- According to three pre-set time programs:
  - "DAYPROG": On time programming from 7 am to 8 pm a validation of the IC function from 7 am to 8 pm,
  - "NIGHTPROG": On time programming from 5 am to 8 am and from 6 pm to 11 pm a validation of the IC function on these two operating periods,
  - "EMPTYPROG": Off time programming throughout the day a no validation of the IC function. These programs can be modified if necessary.
- According to a customised operating period, with possibility of copying to the other days. It is equipped with the following functions:
  - consideration of periods of absence (holidays),
  - temporary or permanent On or Off override,
  - remote control of lighting override by NO external contact,
  - consideration of change to "summer/winter" time, automatic or manual,
  - permanent liquid crystal display: of time and minutes, of day of the week, of the contact output status and current program.

### Example

Lighting of a shop window, in the evening, at a time variable according to brightness and switch-off at a set time (e.g. 11 pm). Then in the morning, lighting at a set time (e.g. 4 am) and switch-off at a time variable according to brightness (see Fig. 1).

### Configuration

This consists of recording in the memory:

- The language.
- The year, month, day and time.
- One of the 3 pre-set programs:
  - "DAYPROG": "On" time programming from 7 am to 8 pm → validation of the IC function from 7 am to 8 pm,
  - "NIGHTPROG": "On" time programming from 5 am to 8 am and from 6 pm to 11 pm → validation of the IC function on these two operating periods,
  - "EMPTYPROG": "Off" time programming throughout the day → no validation of the IC function. These programs can be modified.
- The brightness threshold. Once this phase is over, your IC 2000P+ operates in AUTO mode according to the items you have chosen.

### Programming

The IC2000P+ is used to manage time programs. It allows:

- Creation of a new program with the possibility of copying to the other days.
- Viewing programs in memory.
- Modification of a program in memory, of the time, date, summer/winter time.
- Partial or total deletion of the program (date, time and language are kept).
- Modification of the brightness threshold.
- Separate setting of the time delay on switch-on and switch-off.

### Move to On/Off override

- Press briefly (< 2 s) and simultaneously the 2 keys "-", "+" (value setting and navigation keys) on the front face to move to "MAN ON" or "MAN OFF".
- Press the keys for more than 2 s to move to "PERM ON" or "PERM OFF".
- Supply of terminal 1 overrides the IC 2000P+ output to the "On" position.

This external override takes priority over the product On/Off override function (see Fig. 2, 3).

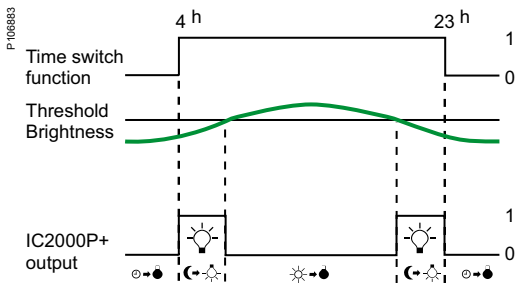


Fig. 1.

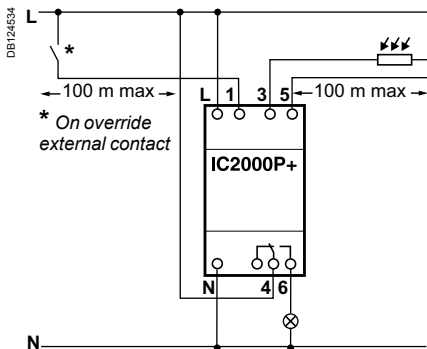


Fig. 2.

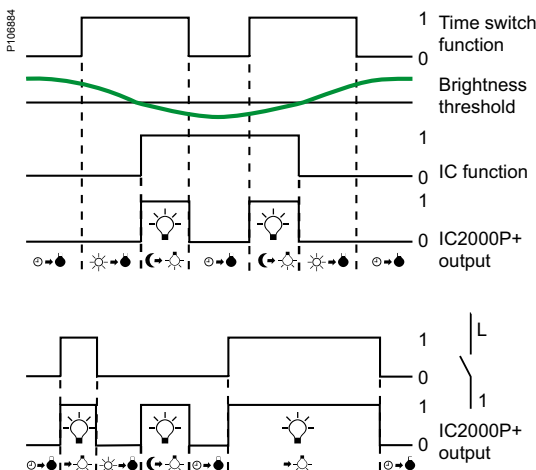


Fig. 3.

## IC Astro

The IC Astro is configured according to the place of installation.

- The place of installation of the IC Astro can be configured:
  - either by selecting a country and a town,
  - or by its geographic coordinates (latitude, longitude).
- The IC Astro allows:
  - addition or deletion of a switch-off/switch-on switching operation (Off-On) between the sunset and sunrise times,
  - different programmes each day,
  - difference in sunset and/or sunrise times, adjustable separately by  $\pm 120$  min. according to local constraints (mountains, buildings, etc.),
  - consideration of periods of absence (holidays),
  - remote control of lighting override by external standard switch or push-button via the external input (1 external input per channel),
  - re-initialisation of programmes,
  - automatic switching to "summer-winter" time,
  - permanent display by liquid crystals: hours and minutes, day of the week, contact output status, and current programme,
  - manual waiver of the lighting On/Off programme, permanently or temporarily (up to the next switching operation).
  - back-lighting of the screen.

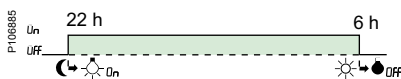


Fig. 3.



Fig. 4.



Fig. 5.

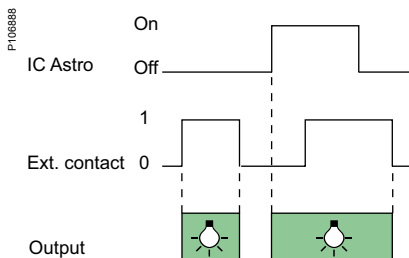


Fig. 6.

### Example

Automatically lighting On and Off a shop window in Paris according to sunset and sunrise, example the 20th June.

- At night (10 pm) the lighting switch-on.
- At the morning (6 am) the lighting switch-off.

### Configuration

This consists of writing in the memory:

- The language.
- The place of installation, either:
  - by its position (Argentina, China, etc.) and by the closest town,
  - by its geographic coordinates (latitude, longitude, time difference with respect to GMT) (a map is provided with the product).
- The year, month, day and time.
- Once this phase is complete, IC Astro will calculate the sunrise and sunset times and propose a default programme (operation from sunset to sunrise) (see Fig. 3).

### Programming an Off period

The IC Astro offers the possibility of adding an "Off" period (programmed switch-off and switch-on) inside the programme, between the sunrise and sunset times (by default it is proposed from 11 pm to 5 am) (see Fig. 4).

### Modifying programming and configuration

The twilight switch allows:

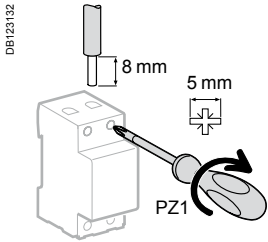
- Creation of a new customised programme with possibility of copying onto the other days.
- Display of programmes in memory.
- Deletion, modification or addition of an automatic or programmed switching operation.
- Partial or total deletion of the programme (date, time and language are kept).
- Modification of time, date, summer/winter time.
- Temporary cancellation of the "On" periods by configuring start and end dates and Times of absence (holidays).
- Adjustment of difference in sunset and/or sunrise times by  $\pm 120$  min. according to local constraints (mountains, buildings, etc.) (see Fig. 5).



### Move to On/Off override

- Briefly press (<2 s) at the same time on the 2 keys "-", "+": (value setting and navigation keys) on the front face to move to "ON TEMP" or "OFF TEMP".
- Hold down (>2 s) the keys to move to "ON PERM" or "OFF PERM".
- The supply of input 5 forces the IC Astro output to the "ON" position. This override takes priority over the product On/Off override function (see Fig. 6).



## Connection



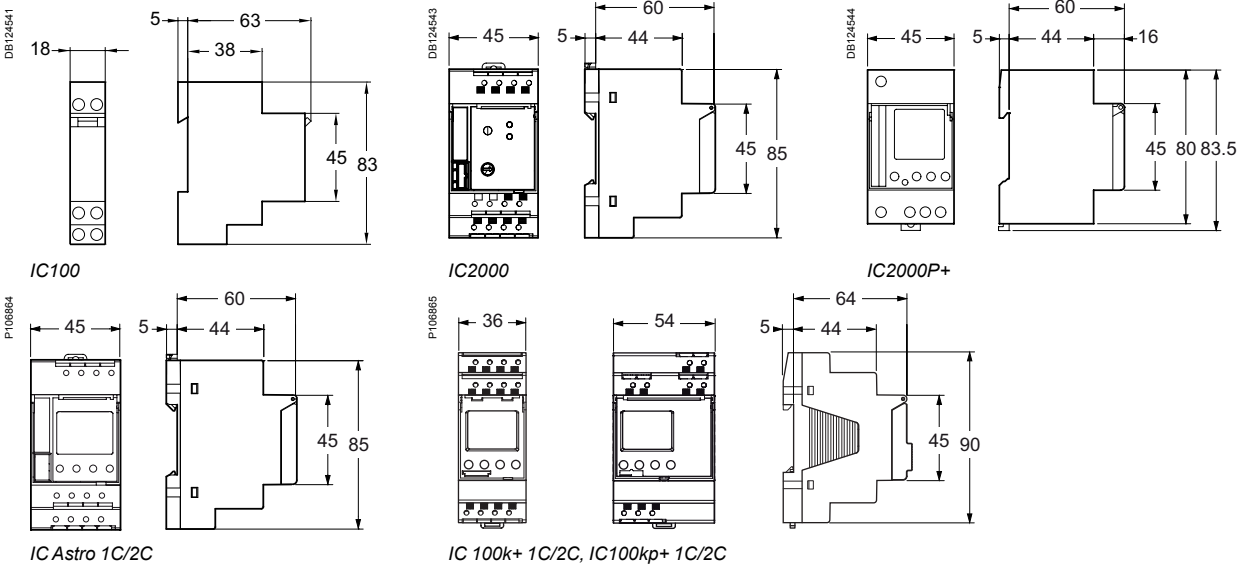
Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
IC100, IC2000P+	1.2 N.m	 ≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	 ≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
IC2000, IC Astro, IC 100k	2 screwless / pole	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

IC100, IC Astro are mechanical compatible with electrical distribution comb busbar.

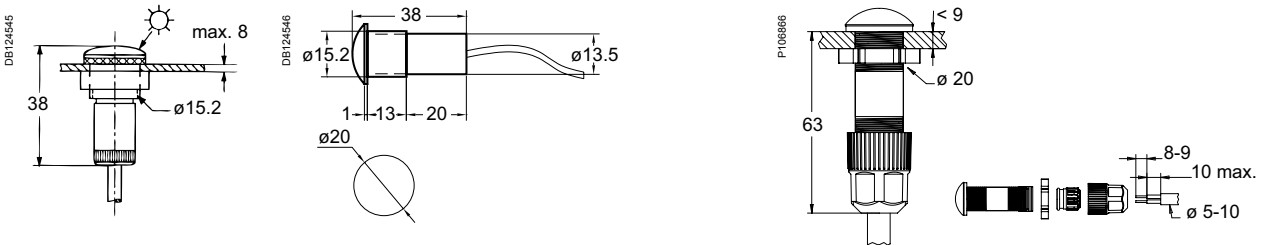
## Weight (g)

Twilight switches	
IC100	173
IC2000	280
IC2000P+	323
IC Astro	132
IC 100k+/kp+ 1C / IC 100k+/kp+ 2C	183/ 352

## Dimensions (mm)

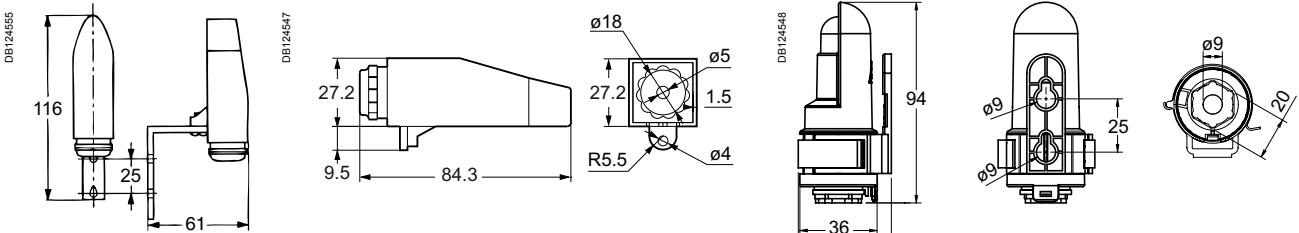


## Cells



Standard switchboard cell (15281) Fixed externally in vertical position by 2  $\varnothing$  4 mm screws

Digital switchboard cell (CCT15261)



Wall-mounted cell (delivered with IC100, IC2000P+)


Standard and digital wall-mounted cell (CCT15268, CCT15260)






> Time switches

> The 45 mm digital time switches



**IHP 1c**      **IHP 2c**      **IHP+1c**      **IHP+2c**

Automatically switch On and Off loads according to the program entered by the user with 4 keys and a display, they operate on a weekly cycle: the same program is repeated week after week.



**IHP DCF 1c + ANT DCF**  
Synchronised on the frankfort transmitter via the ANT DCF antenna.

> The 18 mm digital time switches



**IHP 1c/+ 1c**

Automatically switch On and Off loads according to the program entered by the user with 4 keys and a display, they operate on a weekly cycle: the same program is repeated week after week.

> The 54 mm mechanical time switches

**IH 60mn 1c SRM**    **IH 24h 1c SRM/ ARM**    **IH 24h 2c ARM**

**IH 24h + 7j 1+c ARM**    **IH 7j 1c ARM**

Automatically switch On and Off loads according to the program entered by the user they operate on an hourly, daily or weekly cycle: the same program is repeated hour after hour (IH 60mn), day after day (IH 24h) or week after week (IH 7j).

> The 18 mm mechanical time switches

**IH 24h 1c SRM/ ARM**    **IHH 7j 1c ARM**

Automatically switch On and Off loads according to the program entered by the user they operate daily on a weekly cycle.

> The digital yearly time switches

**ITA 1C**    **ITA 4C**

They operate on an daily, weekly or yearly program (ITA 1c: 1 channel, ITA 4c: 1, 2, 3 or 4 channels - 2 external inputs).

### Selection table

The time switches control opening and closing of one or more separate circuits according to a programming pre-set by the user:

- by memorisation of On and Off switching operations for the IHP and ITA digital time switches
- by positioning of jumpers or captive segments on a programming dial for the IH mechanical time switches.

An IHP, IH or ITA time switch is chosen according to the following criteria:

Designation	Number of channels	Cycle period (d: day)	Minimum time between 2 switching operations	Number of switching operations	Saving on mains cut off	Width (modules of 9 mm)	Override controls On / Off	Output contact changeover switch (cos φ =1)	Time changeover (summer / winter)
<b>The 45 mm digital time switches</b>									
IHP 1c	1	24 h and/or 7 d	1 min.	56	6 years	5	On / Off	16 A	Auto
IHP + 1c	1	24 h and/or 7 d	1 s	84	6 years	5	On / Off	16 A	Auto
IHP 2c	2	24 h and/or 7 d	1 min.	56	6 years	5	On / Off	16 A	Auto
IHP + 2c	2	24 h and/or 7 d	1 s	84	6 years	5	On / Off	16 A	Auto
IHP DCF 1c <sup>(1)</sup>	1	24 h and/or 7 d	1 s	42	4 years	5	On / Off	16 A	Auto
<b>The 18 mm digital time switches</b>									
IHP 1c 18 mm	1	24 h and/or 7 d	1 min.	56	10 years	2	On / Off	16 A	Auto
IHP + 1c 18 mm	1	24 h and/or 7 d	1 min.	84	10 years	2	On / Off	16 A	Auto
<b>The 36 or 72 mm digital yearly time switches</b>									
ITA 1c <sup>(2)</sup>	1	24 h, 7 d, year	1 min.	300	10 years	4	On/Off	16 A	Manual / Auto <sup>(3)</sup>
ITA 4c <sup>(2)</sup>	4	24 h, 7 d, year	1 min.	300	10 years	8	On/Off	10 A	Manual / Auto <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>The 54 mm mechanical time switches</b>									
IH 60mn 1c SRM	1	60 min.	37.5 s	48 On - 48 Off	none	6	On / Off	10 A	Manual
IH 24h 1c SRM	1	24 h	15 min.	48 On - 48 Off	none	6	On / Off	16 A	Manual
IH 24h 1c ARM	1	24 h	15 min.	48 On - 48 Off	200 h <sup>(4)</sup>	6	On / Off	16 A	Manual
IH 24h 2c ARM	2	24 h	30 min.	24 On - 24 Off	150 h	6	On	16 A	Manual
IH 7j 1c ARM	1	7 days	2 h	42 On - 42 Off	200 h <sup>(4)</sup>	6	On / Off	16 A	Manual
IH 24h + 7j 1+1c ARM	1+1	24 h + 7 days	45 min. + 12 h	16 On -16 Off + 7 On -7 Off	150 h	6	On	16 A	Manual
<b>The 18 mm mechanical time switches</b>									
IHH 7j 1c ARM	1	7 days	2 h	42 On - 42 Off	100 h	2	On / Off	16 A	Manual
IH 24h 1c ARM	1	24 h	15 min.	48 On - 48 Off	100 h	2	On / Off	16 A	Manual
IH 24h 1c SRM	1	24 h	15 min.	48 On - 48 Off	none	2	On / Off	16 A	Manual

(1) The IHP DCF can be synchronised on the Frankfurt's DCF77 radio station via the ANT DCF antenna.

(2) The ITA 1c and ITA 4c can be synchronised on the Frankfurt's DCF77 radio station via the DCF antenna for ITA or GPS antenna for ITA.

(3) Summer/Winter-Time can be set to auto without any antenna.

(4) 110 h for 100 V CA supply voltage.

Back-lit display, random function and pulse programming	"Absence for holidays" function	Screwless connection	Mechanical compatibility with electrical distribution comb busbars	Input for external control	Instruction manual holder on front face	Memory key supplied with the product	Cat. no.
	■	■	■		■		CCT15400 <sup>(6)</sup> , CCT15420 <sup>(7)</sup> , CCT15450 <sup>(8)</sup> , CCT15720 <sup>(9)</sup> , CCT15850 <sup>(10)</sup>
■	■	■	■	1 input	■	■	CCT15401 <sup>(6)</sup> , CCT15421 <sup>(7)</sup> , CCT15451 <sup>(8)</sup> , CCT15721 <sup>(9)</sup> , CCT15851 <sup>(10)</sup>
	■	■	■		■		CCT15402 <sup>(6)</sup> , CCT15422 <sup>(7)</sup> , CCT15452 <sup>(8)</sup> , CCT15722 <sup>(9)</sup> , CCT15852 <sup>(10)</sup>
■	■	■	■	2 inputs	■	■	CCT15403 <sup>(6)</sup> , CCT15423 <sup>(7)</sup> , CCT15453 <sup>(8)</sup> , CCT15723 <sup>(9)</sup> , CCT15853 <sup>(10)</sup>
■	■				■		15857
	■	■				(12)	CCT15854 <sup>(11)</sup>
■ + Cycle programming	■	■		1 input		■	CCT15837 <sup>(11)</sup>
Back-lit display, pulse and cycle programming	■ <sup>(5)</sup>					(13)	CCT15910
Back-lit display, pulse and cycle programming	■ <sup>(5)</sup>			2 inputs		(13)	CCT15940
		■					CCT15338
		■					CCT16364
		■					CCT15365
							15337
		■					CCT15367
							15366
							15331
							15336
							15335

(5) Function included and can be realized through special program entry.

(6) English, Russian, Ukrainian, Latvian, Lituani, Estonian languages.

(7) English, Bulgarian, Greek, Slovene, Serbian, Croatian languages.

(8) English, Hungarian, Polish, Romanian, Czech, Slovak languages.

(9) French, English, Italian, Spanish, German, Portuguese languages.





(10) French, English, Swedish, Dutch, Finnish, Norwegian/Danish languages.

(11) French, English, Italian, Spanish, German, Portuguese, Dutch languages.

(12) Memory key (CCT15861) is not supplied with IHP 1c 18mm (CCT15854) but this memory key and the programming kit (CCT15860) can be used and operate on IHP 1c 18mm (see "Accessories selection table").

(13) Memory key (CCT15955) is not supplied with ITA 1c/4c but this memory key and the programming kit (CCT15950) can be used and operate on ITA 1c/4c (see "Accessories selection table").

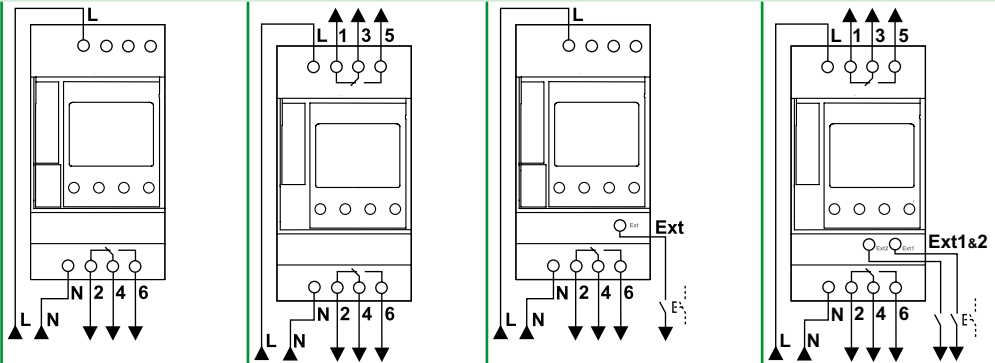
## Selection table Programmable time switches

	IHP 1c	IHP2c	IHP+1c	IHP+2c
	P140626 	P140627 	P111624 	P111626 

### Function

- These time switches automatically switch on and off loads according to the program entered by the user
  - They operate on weekly cycle: the same program is repeated week after week
  - They offer automatic summer/winter time change and allow to adjust it according to where you are located
  - The program can be overridden temporary or permanently by pressing 2 keys on the product
  - They also offer holidays program, by configuring the starting and ending dates of the absence.
- A memory key and a programming kit can be used to duplicate on another IHP+ or to save the program created by the contractor (see "Accessories selection table")
  - Override control with switch or push-button via external input ( 1 external input for IHP+1c and 2 externals inputs for IHP+ 2c)

### Wiring diagrams



### Catalogue numbers






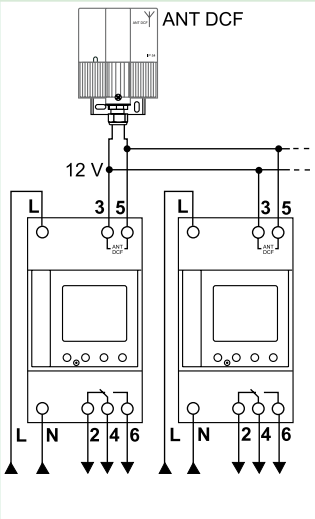
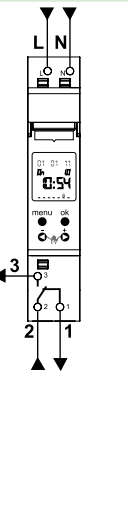
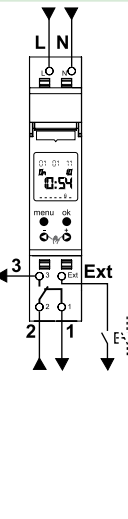
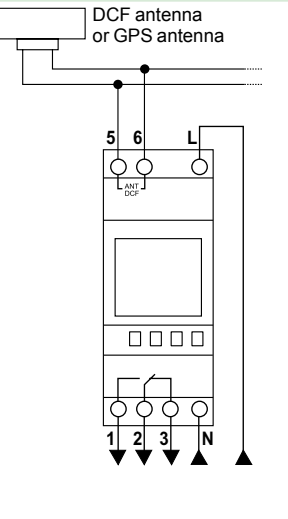
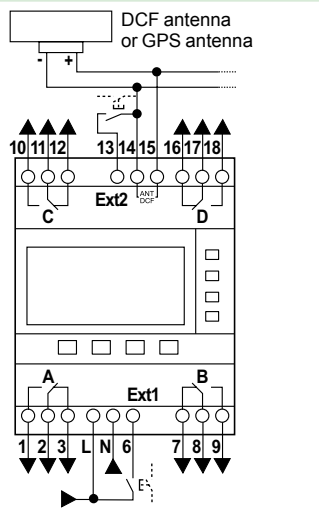
CCT15400 <sup>(1)</sup> CCT15420 <sup>(2)</sup> CCT15450 <sup>(3)</sup> CCT15720 <sup>(4)</sup> CCT15850 <sup>(5)</sup>	CCT15402 <sup>(1)</sup> CCT15422 <sup>(2)</sup> CCT15452 <sup>(3)</sup> CCT15722 <sup>(4)</sup> CCT15852 <sup>(5)</sup>	CCT15401 <sup>(1)</sup> CCT15421 <sup>(2)</sup> CCT15451 <sup>(3)</sup> CCT15721 <sup>(4)</sup> CCT15851 <sup>(5)</sup>	CCT15403 <sup>(1)</sup> CCT15423 <sup>(2)</sup> CCT15453 <sup>(3)</sup> CCT15723 <sup>(4)</sup> CCT15853 <sup>(5)</sup>
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### Technical specifications

Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz
Consumption	4 VA	7 VA	4 VA	7 VA
Output contact current (250 V AC)	Cos φ = 1 16 A Cos φ = 0.6 10 A	16 A 10 A	16 A 10 A	16 A 10 A
Degree of protection	IP20B	IP20B	IP20B	IP20B
Operating temperature	-10°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C
Time accuracy	± 1 s per day at 20°C	± 1 s per day at 20°C	± 1 s per day at 20°C	± 1 s per day at 20°C
Program saving and time by lithium battery	Lifetime	6 years	6 years	6 years
	Back-up time, cumulated mains cut off	6 years	6 years	6 years





(1) English, russian, ukrainian, latvian, lituanien, estonian. (2) English, bulgarian, greek, slovene, serbian, croatian. (3) English, hungarian, polish, romanian, czech, slovak. (4) French, english, italian, spanish, german, portuguese. (5) French, english, swedish, dutch, finnish, norwegian/danish.

## Yearly programmable time switches

IHP DCF 1c	IHP 1c 18 mm	IHP+1c 18 mm	ITA 1c	ITA 4c
				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A memory key and a programming kit can be used to duplicate on another IHP or to save the program created by the contractor (see "Accessories selection table")</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Weekly or yearly time programming to be distributed over 1 channel</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Weekly or yearly time programming to be distributed over 1 channel</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Weekly or yearly time programming to be distributed over 1, 2, 3 or 4 channels</li> <li>■ Override control with switch or push-button via external inputs</li> </ul>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A memory key and a programming kit can be used to duplicate on another IHP or to save the program created by the contractor (see "Accessories selection table")</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ A memory key and a programming kit can be used to duplicate on another ITA or to save the program created by the user (see "Accessories selection table").</li> </ul>	
				
15857	CCT15854 (6)	CCT15837 (6)	CCT15910	CCT15940
230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, +10 %, -15 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, +10 %, -15 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz
2 VA	2.3 VA	2.3 VA	1.4 - 1.9 W (depending on the switching status)	1.2 - 3.2 W (depending on the switching status)
16 A	16 A	16 A	16 A	10 A
10 A	4 A	4 A	6 A	6 A
IP20B	IP20B	IP20B	IP20	IP20
-10°C to +50°C	-25°C to +55°C	-25°C to +55°C	-30 °C to +55 °C	-30 °C to +55 °C
1 s on 1 million years thanks to the synchronisation on the DCF Frankfurt's DCF77 radio station via the ANT DCF	± 0.5 s per day at 25°C	± 0.5 s per day at 25°C	Without antenna: ± 0.5 s per day at 20 °C With antenna: 1 s on 1 million years (7)	Without antenna: ± 0.5 s per day at 20 °C With antenna: 1 s on 1 million years (7)
12 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
4 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years

(6) French, english, italian, spanish, german, portuguese, dutch. (7) Thanks to the synchronisation on the DCF Frankfurt's DCF77 radio station via the DCF antenna or GPS antenna.

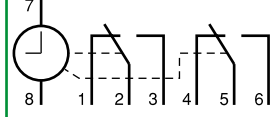
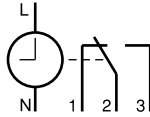
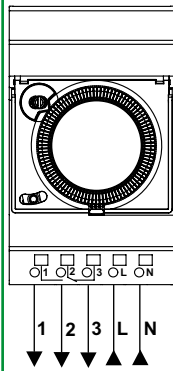
**Selection table** Mechanical time switches

	IH 60mn 1c SRM	IH 24h 1c SRM	IH 24h 1c ARM	IH 24h 2c ARM
P116860		P116861		P116892
				P116816
				

**Function**

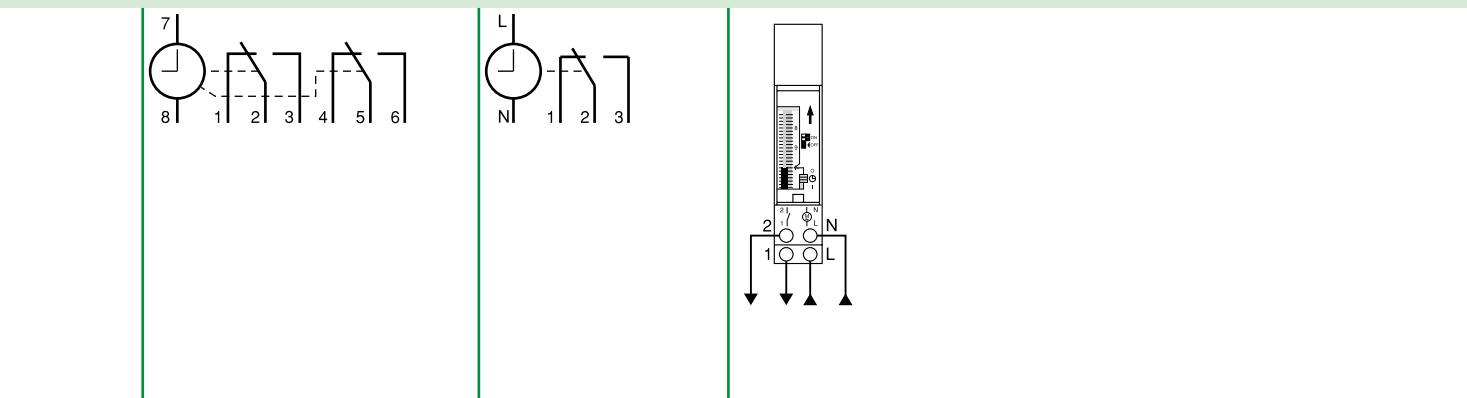
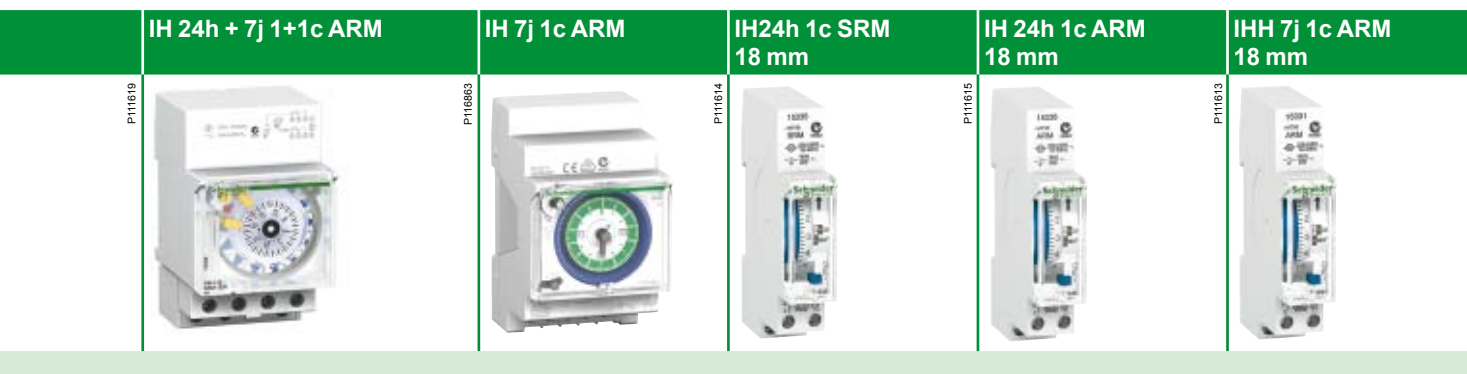
- They operate on hourly, daily or weekly cycle: the same program is repeated hour after hour (IH 60mn), day after day (IH 24h) or week after week (IH 7), (IHH 7)
- The program can be overridden On

**Wiring diagrams**



Catalogue numbers		CCT15338	CCT16364	CCT15365	15337
<b>Technical specifications</b>					
Voltage rating (Ue)		230 V AC +10 %, -15%, 50 Hz	230 V AC +10 %, -15%, 50/60 Hz	110-230 V AC +10 %, -15%, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC +10 %, -15%, 50/60 Hz
Consumption		1 VA	2.5 VA	2.5 VA	2.5 VA
Output contact current under 250 VAC	Cos φ = 1	10 A	16 A	16 A	16 A
	Cos φ = 0.6	4 A	4 A	4 A	4 A
Degree of protection		IP20B	IP20B	IP20B	IP20B
Operating temperature		-20°C to +55°C	-20°C to +55°C	-20°C to +55°C	-20°C to +55°C
Time accuracy		±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C
Saving of program and time by lithium battery	Lifetime	-	-	6 years	6 years
	Back-up time, cumulated mains cut off	-	-	200 h with 230 V AC 100 h with 100 V AC	150 h
Programming by:	Jumpers (supplied)	-	-	-	4 red + 4 green + 2 white
	Captive segments	96	96	96	-









	15366	CCT15367	15335	15336	15331
	230 V AC +10 %, -15%, 50 Hz	110-230 V AC +10 %, -15%, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz	230 V AC, ±10 %, 50/60 Hz
	2.5 VA	2.5 VA	2.5 VA	2.5 VA	2.5 VA
	16 A	16 A	16 A	16 A	16 A
	4 A	4 A	4 A	4 A	4 A
	IP20B	IP20B	IP20B	IP20B	IP20B
	-20°C to +55°C	-20°C to +55°C	-10°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C
	±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C	±1 s per day at 20°C
	6 years	6 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
	150 h	200 h with 230 V AC 100 h with 110 V AC	–	100 h	100 h
	6 yellow (24 h), 12 blue + 2 red (7 days)	–	–	–	–
	–	84	96	96	84

## Accessories selection table

## Programming kits for PC

## Memory keys




Accessories selection table	Programming kits for PC		Memory keys	
	IHP+	ITA	IHP+	ITA
				
<b>Function</b>	Consists of a programming device, a memory key, a CDROM and a 2 m USB cable For IHP+ 1c/2c, IHP 1c 18 mm, IHP+ 1c 18 mm	Consists of a programming device, a CDROM and a 1.5 m USB cable For ITA 1c and ITA 4c	Saving and duplicating programs For IHP+ 1c/2c, IHP 1c 18 mm, IHP+ 1c 18 mm	For ITA 1c and ITA 4c
<b>Mounting</b>	–		Located on front face	
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	<b>CCT15860</b>	<b>CCT15950</b>	<b>CCT15861</b>	<b>CCT15955</b>
<b>Technical specifications</b>				
Degree of protection	–		–	–
Operating temperature	–		–	–

## Specific technical data

IHP+ 1c, IHP+ 2c, IHP DCF	
Manual functions	Temporary cancellation of programming for holidays, public holidays, etc. by configuration of the 2 dates - start and end of absence Simulation of presence thanks to random operation during On periods
Pulse functions	Programming of pulses adjustable from 1 to 59 s (pulse takes priority over switching)
Back-lighting of the screen	
External input (only for IHP+ 1c, IHP+ 2c)	
External inputs for external control with a standard switch or a push-button	1 input for IHP+ 1c 2 inputs for IHP+ 2c
Voltage rating (U <sub>e</sub> )	230 V AC, +10 %, -15 %
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Input current	≤ 1.2 mA
Consumption	≤ 0.3 mW
Cable length	≤ 100 m
Synchronisation on the Frankfurt's DCF 77 radio station signal (only for IHP DCF)	
Automatic on commissioning, then at 1 am, 2 am, 3 am and 4 am every day	
Manual by pressing the IHP keys or after a "reset"	
Displayed on the screen by the letters RC	
Programming of pulses adjustable from 1 to 59 s (pulse takes priority over switching)	

## Antennas

## Additional jumpers

IHP ANT DCF	DCF antenna for ITA	GPS antenna for ITA	IH jumpers
			
Antenna for IHP DCF	Antenna for ITA 1c and ITA 4c	Antenna for ITA 1c and ITA 4c	They are used to program a larger number of sequences for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ IH 24h 2c ARM (15337)</li> <li>■ IH 24h + 7j 1+1c ARM (15366)</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 5 IHP DCF maximum per antenna, maximum distance between the IHP and the antenna: 200 m</li> <li>■ Outside the electrical switchboard, outdoors, under shelter</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 10 ITA maximum per antenna, maximum distance between the ITA and the antenna: 200 m</li> <li>■ Outside the electrical switchboard, outdoors, under shelter</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 10 ITA maximum per antenna, maximum distance between the ITA and the antenna: 200 m</li> <li>■ Outside the electrical switchboard, outdoors, under shelter</li> </ul>	1 bag containing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 5 red</li> <li>■ 5 green</li> <li>■ 5 white</li> <li>■ 5 yellow</li> </ul>
<b>15858</b>	<b>CCT15960</b>	<b>CCT15970 <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>15341</b>
IP54	IP54	IP54	–
-20 °C to +70 °C	-20 °C to +50 °C	-30 °C to +55 °C	–

<sup>(1)</sup> external 12-30 V DC power supply needed

### ITA 1c, ITA 4c

Switching functions	On, Off, pulse, cycle, yearly program	
Pulse lenght pulse function (switching time)	1 s to 59 min 59s	
Pulse lenght timer (manual switching)	1 s to 9 h 59 min 59 s	
Pulse/pause length cycle	1 s to 9 h 59 min 59 s	
Minimum interval	1 min	
<b>External inputs (only for ITA 4c)</b>		
External inputs for external control with a standard switch or a push-button	2 inputs : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Ext1 input: supplied with 230 V AC, ±10%- 50/60 Hz</li> <li>■ Ext2 input Ext2: potential free</li> </ul>	
<b>Antennas</b>	<b>DCF- ITA</b>	<b>GPS- ITA</b>
Power supply	Via time switch (without battery)	External 12 - 30 VDC
Output	Protocole DCF	DCF time telegraph (no weather data)
Receiver	Narrowband-heterodyne receiver	–
Operation indicator	Flashing LED on receiving	Flashing LED on receiving

# IHP, IH, IHH, ITA (cont.)

## Praticle advices

### Programming principle

- For the digital time switches, this consists of memorising the days and times of the required switching operations.
- For the mechanical time switches, this is performed by positioning captive segments or jumpers on a switching dial.

#### Example

- Controlling an air conditioner in a hairdressing salon:

	Monday <sup>(1)</sup>	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday <sup>(2)</sup>	Etc.	
On n° 1		08 h 30	08 h 30	08 h 30		Switch on
Off n° 1		12 h 00	12 h 00			Switch off
On n° 2		13 h 30	13 h 30			Switch on
Off n° 2		20 h 00	20 h 00	20 h 00		Switch off

<sup>(1)</sup> Closed on Mondays

<sup>(2)</sup> Non-stop

### Programming by copying or blocks

Whenever identical switching operations are found at the same times, several days in the week, this function lets you program these operations once only. In this case a single switching operation is used. If this function is used wisely, the number of possible switching operations can be greatly increased.

#### Example

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
On n°1	10 h 00			10 h 00		Switch on
Off n°1		18 h 00	18 h 00		18 h 00	Switch off

### Number of switching operations

Designation	Number of switching operations
IHP 1c	56
IHP + 1c	84
IHP DCF 1c	42
IHP 2c	56
IHP + 2c	84
IHP 1c 18 mm	56
IHP + 1c 18 mm	84
ITA 1c, ITA 4c	300
IH 24h 1c ARM	48 On - 48 Off
IH 24h 1c SRM	48 On - 48 Off
IH 60mn 1c SRM	48 On - 48 Off
IH 24h 1c SRM	48 On - 48 Off
IH 24h 1c ARM	48 On - 48 Off
IH 24h 2c ARM	24 On - 24 Off
IH 7j 1c ARM	42 On - 42 Off
IH 24 h + 7j 1+1c ARM	16 On - 16 Off + 7 On - 7 Off

### Saving on mains cut off

For digital switches equipped with this function, a lithium battery is used for saving. The program, date and time are preserved. Switching operations are not performed.

Lets you control starting and stopping of a group of loads according to a cycle that is repeated every 60 minutes.

## 60 min. time programming

Example

Controlling automatic watering	
On n° 1	2 min. 30 s
Off n° 1	5 min.
On n° 2	25 min.
Off n° 2	37 min. 30 s

### Relevant time switches

IH 60mn 1c SRM.

Lets you control starting and stopping of one or two groups of loads according to a daily cycle that is repeated, in identical manner, every day of the week.

## 24 h daily programming

Example

- Controlling a door of a block of flats:
  - from 8 am to 7.30 pm: contact on "On", free access,
  - from 7.30 pm to 8 am the next day: contact on "Off", access by confidential code every day of the week:

From Monday to Sunday	
On n° 1	8 am
Off n° 1	7.30 pm

### Relevant time switches

- IH 24h 1c SRM/ARM.
- IH 24h 2c ARM.
- IHP 1c 18 mm.
- IHP + 1c 18 mm.
- IHP DCF 1c.
- IHP 1c, IHP + 1c.
- IHP 2c, IHP + 2c.
- ITA 1c, ITA 4c.

Lets you control starting and stopping of one to 4 groups of loads according to a weekly cycle, that can be different each day, repeated each week.

## 7 days weekly programming

Example

- Controlling an air conditioner in a hairdressing salon:

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
On n° 1			09 h 00	09 h 00	09 h 00		
Off n° 1			12 h 00	12 h 00			
On n° 2			14 h 00	14 h 00			
Off n° 2			20 h 00	20 h 00	20 h 00		
On n° 3						8 h 30	8 h 30
Off n° 3						12 h 30	12 h 30
On n° 4						14 h 30	14 h 30
Off n° 4						21 h 00	21 h 00

### Relevant time switches

- IH 7j 1c ARM.
- IHP 1c, IHP + 1c.
- IHP 2c, IHP + 2c.
- IHP 1c 18 mm.
- IHP + 1c 18 mm.
- IHP DCF 1c.
- ITA 1c, ITA 4c.

Lets you control by pulses (adjustable from 1 to 59 s) one to four groups of loads (pulse relays, bells, etc.).

## Pulse programming

Example

■ Automatic controlling of bells, lighting and distribution of food: bells sounding the resumption and finish of work (channel 1), lighting of premises (channel 2), feeding fish in the aquarium (channel 3):

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
<b>Channel 1: bell (20 s pulse order)</b>							
On	08 h 00	08 h 00	08 h 00	08 h 00	07 h 00	09 h 00	–
Duration	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	–
On	12 h 00	12 h 00	12 h 00	12 h 00	11 h 00	13 h 00	–
Duration	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	–
On	14 h 00	14 h 00	14 h 00	14 h 00	13 h 00	–	–
Duration	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	–	–
On	18 h 00	18 h 00	18 h 00	18 h 00	16 h 00	–	–
Duration	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	20 s	–	–
<b>Channel 2: lighting (latched order)</b>							
On	07 h 30	07 h 30	07 h 30	07 h 30	06 h 30	08 h 30	–
Off	18 h 30	18 h 30	18 h 30	18 h 30	17 h 00	13 h 30	–
<b>Channel 3: aquarium (15 s pulse order)</b>							
On	10 h 00	–	10 h 00	–	10 h 00	–	10 h 00
Duration	15 s	–	15 s	–	15 s	–	15 s

## Programming

- Programming of a pulse takes up 2 memory spaces.
- Combination of the two order types (pulse and latched) is possible on the same channel.

## Relevant time switches

- IHP + 1c.
- IHP + 1c 18 mm.
- IHP DCF 1c.
- IHP + 2c.
- ITA 1c, ITA 4c.

Lets you create special programs for dated days.

## Programming special days.

Example

- Controlling lighting and heating in a school:
- basic programming: program lighting (channel 1) and heating (channel 2):

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
<b>Channel 1: lighting</b>							
On	07 h 00	07 h 00	07 h 00	07 h 00	07 h 00	–	–
Off	20 h 00	20 h 00	16 h 00	20 h 00	16 h 00	–	–
<b>Channel 2: heating</b>							
On	06 h 00	06 h 00	06 h 00	06 h 00	06 h 00	–	–
Off	18 h 00	18 h 00	12 h 00	18 h 00	12 h 00	–	–

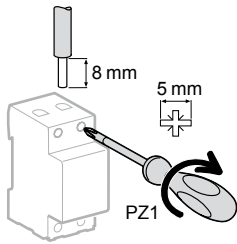
- dated programming: periods of non-operation, school holidays, etc. Just memorise an Off at the start and another Off at the end of each period of absence:



		Holidays				
		Winter	Spring	Summer	Autumn	End of year
<b>Channel 1: lighting</b>						
Off	Date	20 feb.	17-apr	07-july	23 oct.	18 dec.
	Time	12 h 00	17 h 00	12 h 00	17 h 00	12 h 00
Off	Date	08-march	03-may	9 sept.	2 nov.	4 jan.
	Time	01 h 00	01 h 00	01 h 00	01 h 00	01 h 00
<b>Channel 2: heating</b>						
Off	Date	20 feb.	17-apr		23 oct.	18 dec.
	Time	12 h 00	17 h 00		17 h 00	12 h 00
Off	Date	08-march	03-may		2 nov.	4 jan.
	Time	01 h 00	01 h 00		01 h 00	01 h 00

## Relevant time switches

- ITA 1c, ITA 4c.

## Connection



Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
<b>IHP</b> 1c, 2c, +1c, +2c	2 screwless / pole		
<b>IHP 18 mm</b> 1c, +1c	2 screwless / pole	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>IHP</b> DCF	1.2 N.m	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>IH</b> 60mn 1c SRM	2 screwless / pole	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
24h 1c SRM, ARM	2 screwless / pole	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
24h 2c ARM	1.2 N.m	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
7j 1c ARM	2 screwless / pole	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
24h + 7j 1+1c ARM	1.2 N.m	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>IH 18 mm</b> 24h 1c SRM/ ARM	1.2 N.m	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>IHH 18 mm</b> 7j 1c ARM	1.2 N.m	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>ITA 1c, ITA 4c</b>	1.2 N.m	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>

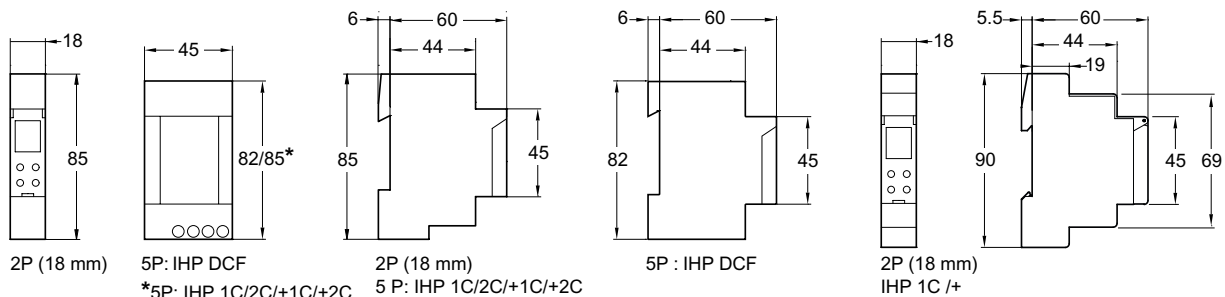
IHP 1c/2c, IHP+ 1c/2c are mechanical compatible with electrical distribution comb busbar.

## Weight (g)

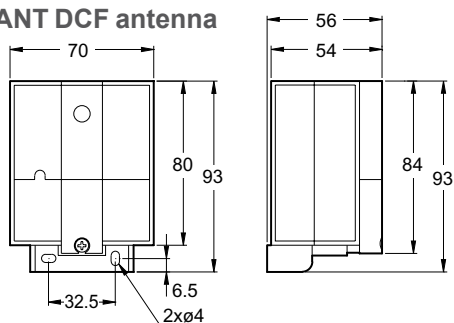
Time switches		
<b>IHP</b>	1c / 2c	170/ 205
<b>IHP+</b>	1c / 2c	190/ 211
<b>IHP 18 mm</b>	1c / +1c	90
<b>IHP DCF</b>		244
<b>IH 54 mm</b>	60mn 1c SRM	208
	24h 1c SRM/ARM	212 / 119
	24h 2c ARM	216
	7j 1c ARM	119
	24h + 7j 1+1c ARM	223
<b>IH 18 mm</b>	24h 1c SRM / ARM	97
<b>IHH 18 mm</b>	7j 1c ARM	101
<b>ITA 1c</b>		152
<b>ITA 4c</b>		303

## Dimensions (mm)

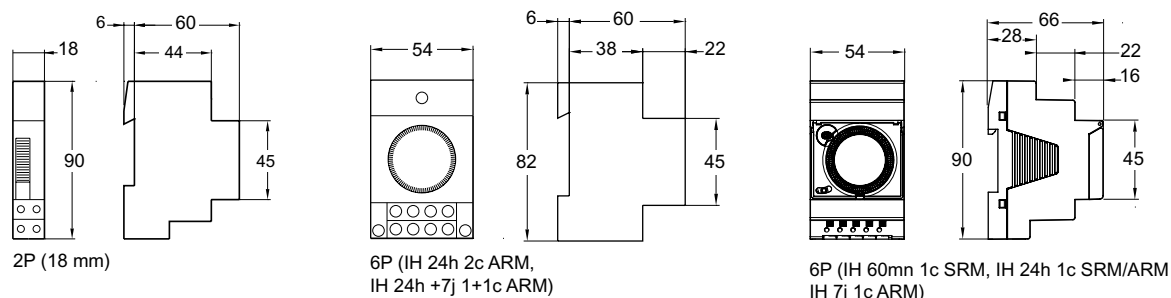
### IHP time switches



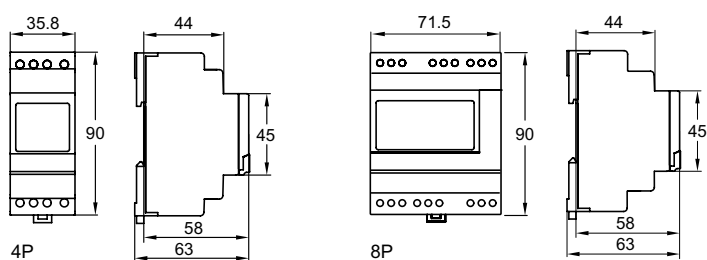
### ANT DCF antenna



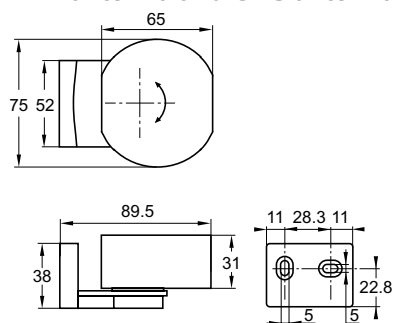
### IH, IHH time switches



### ITA yearly time switches



### DCF antenna and GPS antenna for ITA





> Timers



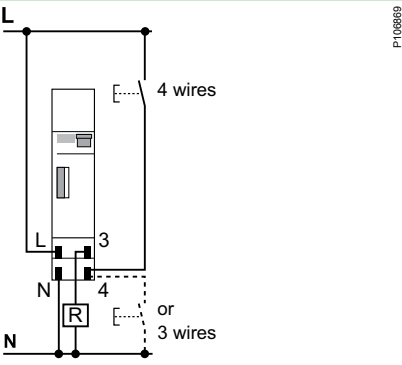
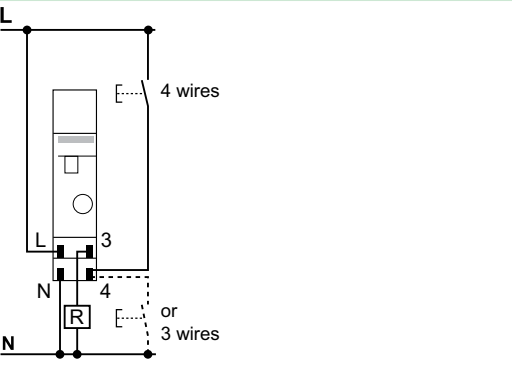
> Electromechanical timer




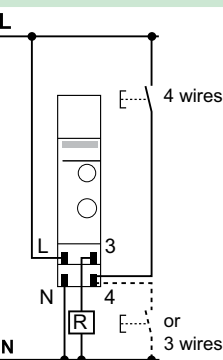
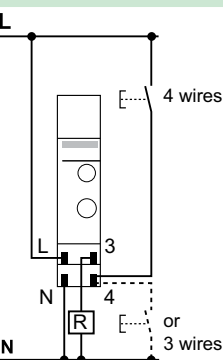
**MIN**  
Adjustable time delay from 1 to 7 min.

> Silent electronic timers

<p><b>MINs</b> Adjustable time delay from 0.5 to 20 min.</p>	<p><b>MINp</b> Adjustable time delay from 0.5 to 20 min. with switch-off warning.</p>	<p><b>MINt</b> Adjustable time delay from 0.5 to 20 min. with switch-off warning and impulse relay function.</p>
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## Selection table

	MIN	MINs
<b>Type</b>	<b>Electromechanical timer</b> 	<b>Silent electronic timer</b> 
<b>Function</b>	These timers allow closing and then opening of a contact in a determined time Control circuit: connected standard or luminous push-buttons. Timer inoperative via self-protection if consumption above 50 mA maximum	
<b>Wiring diagrams</b>		
<b>Mounting</b>	Two operating modes triggered by switch on front face: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Automatic mode:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ operation in timing mode</li> <li>□ time delay adjustable from 1 to 7 min.</li> <li>□ setting in steps of 15 s using knob</li> <li>□ pressing a push-button renews the time delay</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Manual override mode: constant lighting</li> </ul>	Two operating modes triggered by switch on front face: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Timer mode: time delay adjustable from 0.5 to 20 min.</li> <li>■ Permanent mode: constant lighting</li> </ul>
<b>Catalogue numbers</b>	<b>15363</b>	<b>CCT15232</b>
<b>Technical specifications</b>		
Voltage rating (Ue) (+10 %, -15 %)	230 V AC, 50 Hz	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz
Consumption	1 VA	< 6 VA
Output contact current <span style="margin-left: 20px;">Cos φ = 1</span>	16 A	16 A
Degree of protection	IP20B	IP20B
Operating temperature	-10°C to +50°C	-10°C to +50°C
Width (9 mm modules)	2	2
Consumption of connected luminous push-buttons	50 mA maxi	150 mA maxi
Adjustable time delay	1 to 7 min.	0.5 to 20 min.
Long time delay	–	–
Insulation class	–	Class II
1 screw connection per pole for cables up to 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	■	■
Selection of the type of connection (3 or 4 wires)	Selector switch	Automatic
Mechanical compatibility with electrical distribution comb busbar	–	■
Switch-off warning function	–	–
Impulse relay function	–	–

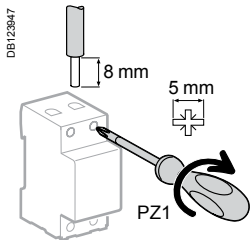
MINp	MINt	Accessory
<b>Silent electronic timer</b> 		<b>Wall mount accessory</b> 
<p>The MINp timer allows closing and then opening of a contact in a determined time, and it also provides warning that the lighting is about to be switched off by flickering of the lamplight (switch-off warning)</p>	<p>The MINt timer is the same as MINp with an "impulse relay" additional function</p>	<p>The MIN timers can be mounted on a wall by using 15359 reference. The protection cover is sealable.</p>
		<p>The 15359 accessory can be also used to mount others 18 mm DIN rail devices (for example: time switches, circuit breakers...).</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Time delay adjustable from 0.5 to 20 min.</li> <li>■ Three operating modes triggered by switch on front face: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ timer mode with "switch-off warning" function built into the device. The lamp blinks 40 and 30 s before the end of the time delay</li> <li>□ timer mode without "switch-off warning" function</li> <li>□ permanent mode : constant lighting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Timer mode operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ pressing a push-button for longer than 2 s: lighting will last for 1 h. Pressing again a push-button for less than 2 s relaunch the time delay of 1 h and pressing again a push-button for more than 2 s switches off the light</li> <li>□ pressing a push-button for less than 2 s launch the pre-set time delay, pressing again a push-button for less than 2 s relaunch the pre-set time delay</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>CCT15233</b>	<b>CCT15234</b>	<b>15359</b>
230 V AC, 50/60 Hz < 6 VA 16 A IP20B -25°C to +50°C 2 150 mA maxi 0.5 to 20 min. 1 h Class II ■ Automatic ■ ■ -	230 V AC, 50/60 Hz < 6 VA 16 A IP20B -25°C to +50°C 2 150 mA maxi 0.5 to 20 min. 1 h Class II ■ Automatic ■ ■ -	See § dimensions

## Load table

Products	MIN	MINs	MINp, MINT
<b>Type of lighting</b>	<b>Maximum power</b>		
230 V incandescent and halogen lamps	2300 W	2300 W	3600 W
Non-corrected / serial-corrected / dual mounted fluorescent tubes with conventional ballast	2300 VA	2300 VA	3600 VA <sup>(1)</sup>
Fluocompact lamps with conventional ballast	2000 VA	1500 VA	1500 VA <sup>(1)</sup>
Parallel-corrected fluorescent tubes with conventional ballast	1300 VA (70 F)	400 VA (42 µF)	1200 VA (120 µF) <sup>(1)</sup>
Fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast	300 VA	300 VA	1000 VA
Fluocompact lamps with electronic ballast	9 x 7 W, 6 x 11 W, 5 x 15 W, 5 x 20 W	9 x 7 W, 7 x 11 W, 7 x 15 W, 7 x 20 W, 7 x 23 W	34 x 7 W, 27 x 11 W, 24 x 15 W, 22 x 23 W

<sup>(1)</sup> The "switch-off warning" function is not available for these types of loads.

## Connection

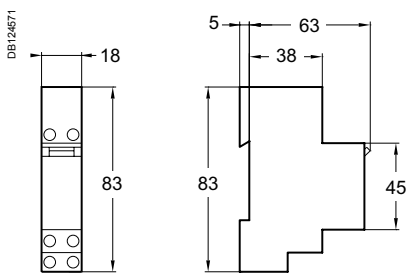


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
MIN, MINs, MINp, MINT	1.2 N.m	 ≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	 ≤ 6 mm <sup>2</sup>

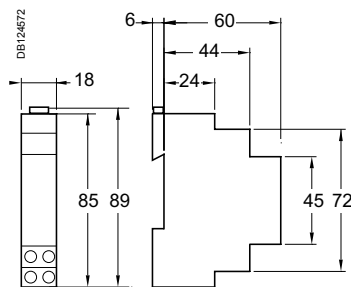
## Weight (g)

Time switches	
MIN	84
MINs	75
MINp	103
MINT	76

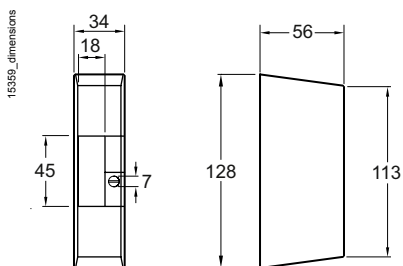
## Dimensions (mm)



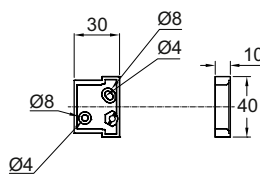
MIN



MINs, MINp, MINT



Wall mount accessory



# STD and SCU range

## STD400RC/RL-DIN & SAE

## STD1000RL-DIN & SAE

## SCU10-DIN & SAE

### STD



#### STD

- The STD dimmers modulate incandescent halogen, lighting brightness and motors for unit powers from 40 to 1000 W from one or more switch-on points.
- They can be controlled either with the local control push-button placed on front panel or with auxiliary push-buttons.
- They have soft-On / soft-Off, light level memory and minimum level setting features.
- They are available in 2 different types:
  - DIN type (STD400RC/RL-DIN, STD1000RL-DIN) supplied without digital inputs,
  - SAE type (STD400RC/RL-SAE, STD1000RL-SAE) supplied with 4 digital inputs.

### SCU



#### SCU

- The SCU dimmers modulate fluorescent lighting brightness for unit powers from 40 to 1500 W from one or more switch-on points.
- They can be controlled either with the local control push-button placed on front panel or with auxiliary push-buttons.
- They have soft-On / soft-Off, light level memory and minimum level setting features.
- They are available in 2 different types:
  - DIN type (SCU10-DIN) supplied without digital inputs,
  - SAE type (SCU10-SAE) supplied with 4 digital inputs.

# STD and SCU range (cont.)





STD400RC/RL-DIN & SAE

STD1000RL-DIN & SAE

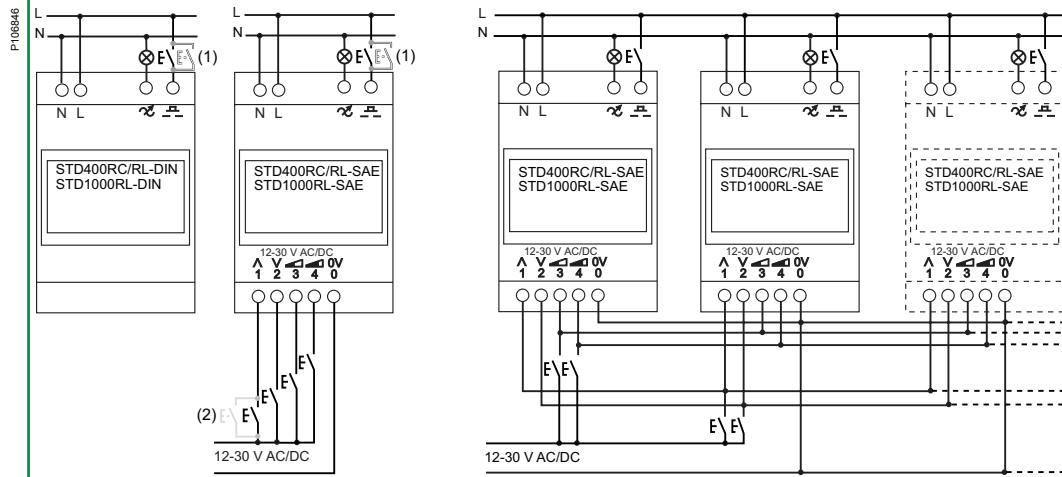
SCU10-DIN & SAE

## Selection table

### STD

	STD400RC/RL-DIN	STD400RC/RL-SAE	STD1000RL-DIN	STD1000RL-SAE
Type	400 W		1000 W	
				

## Wiring diagrams



## Mounting

With SAE types, it is possible to control a maximum of 20 dimmers combining STD400RC/RL-SAE and STD1000RL-SAE, with only one push-button via the 4 digital inputs

Catalogue numbers	CCTDD20001	CCTDD20002	CCTDD20003	CCTDD20004
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## Technical specifications

Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC $\pm$ 10 %, 50 Hz			
Consumption	0.8 VA			
Power loss	3 W			
Current sink for 1-10 V output	-			
Local push-button	Short push for On/Off control, long push for dimming			
Auxiliary push-button input	Short push for On/Off control, long push for dimming: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ up to 25 parallel connected auxiliary push-buttons without indication lamps</li> <li>■ up to 5 parallel connected auxiliary push-buttons with indication lamps</li> <li>■ max wire length 50 m</li> </ul>			
The minimum light level setting is adjustable	■			
Indication blue LED (built in the local push-button)	Illuminates during the on-state. The LED is blinking in error mode			
Degree of protection	IP20			
Operating temperature	0°C to +40°C, 40°C to +70°C with - 6 W /°C de-rating			
Storage temperature	0°C to +60°C			
Width (module of 9 mm)	4	4	8	8
Protections, fuses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Electronic overload, overvoltage and over temperature protection</li> <li>■ Single shot thermal fuse</li> </ul>			
Standards	According to EN 60669-2-1			
Directives	According to CE, EMC 89/336/EEC and LVD 73/73/23/EEC			

(1) Use of maximum 25 push-buttons without indication lamp and 5 push-buttons with indication lamp, connected in parallel.

(2) Use of maximum 25 push-buttons without indication lamp, connected in parallel, only for STD400RC/RL-SAE and STD1000RL-SAE.

# SCU

## SCU10-DIN

## SCU10-SAE

1 - 10 V

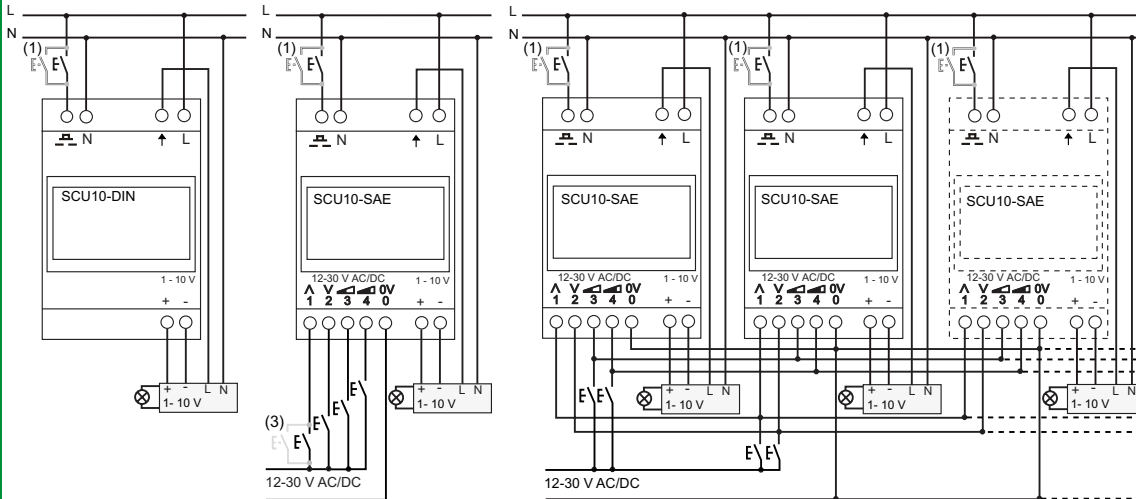
P112250



P112221



P10847



With SAE types, it is possible to control a maximum of 20 dimmers combining STD400RC/RL-SAE, STD1000RL-SAE and SCU10-SAE with only one push-button via the 4 digital inputs

**CCTDD20011**

**CCTDD20012**

230 V AC  $\pm$  10 %, 50 Hz

0.8 VA

3 W

0.2- 100 mA

Short push for On/Off control, long push for dimming

Short push for On/Off control, long push for dimming:

- up to 25 parallel connected auxiliary push-buttons without indication lamps
- up to 5 parallel connected auxiliary push-buttons with indication lamps
- max wire length 50 m

■

Illuminates during the on-state. The LED is blinking in error mode

IP20

0°C to +40°C, 40°C to +70°C with - 6 W /°C de-rating

0°C to +60°C

8

8

- Electronic overload, overvoltage and over temperature protection
- Single shot thermal fuse

According to EN 60669-2-1

According to CE, EMC 89/336/EEC and LVD 73/73/23/EEC

(3) Use of maximum 25 push-buttons without indication lamp, connected in parallel, only for SCU10-SAE

# STD and SCU range (cont.)

## STD400RC/RL-DIN & SAE

## STD1000RL-DIN & SAE

## SCU10-DIN & SAE

### Specific technical data


SAE types		
Input voltage		12- 30 V AC/DC
The <b>STD400RC/RL-SAE</b> , <b>STD1000RL-SAE</b> and <b>SCU10-SAE</b> dimmers are supplied with 4 digital inputs	Input 1	On/Off and dimming up/down or only On and dimming up (depends on function mode)
	Input 2	Off and dimming down or only Off (depends on function mode)
	Input 3	Adjustable lighting level memory 1 (50 % default)
	Input 4	Adjustable lighting level memory 2 (100 % default)
Max wire length		50 m
Up to 25 push-buttons per input. No push-button with indication lamp		
STD400RC/RL-DIN and STD400RC/RL-SAE dimmers are power regulators designed for all dimmable load types. Dimmers have automatic load type detection and the load regulation method is adjusted to fit the load		

### Operation modes for SAE types

- **STD400RC/RL-SAE**, **STD1000RL-SAE** and **SCU10-SAE** dimmers have 2 different operation modes (**A** and **B**) using auxiliary push-buttons connected on digital inputs (1, 2, 3 and 4 terminals).
- Modes **A** and **B** can be changed by pushing the digital inputs 3 and 4 simultaneously for 10 s. After the mode is changed the load and the LED start to blink as long as the inputs are pushed.
- In the mode **A**, the input 1 dims the lights on with a short push and up with a long push and turns light off with a short push and dims the light down with a long push. The direction is changed every time the input 1 is released. The input 2 dims the lights always off.
- In the mode **B**, the input 1 dims lights only up with a long push and turns lights on with a short push. The input 2 dims the lights only down with a long push and turns lights off with a short push.
- Inputs 3 and 4 are for memory places for light levels. The light level is called with a short push and set into the memory with a long push of 3 s.

### Common technical data

#### Common operation mode for SAE & DIN types

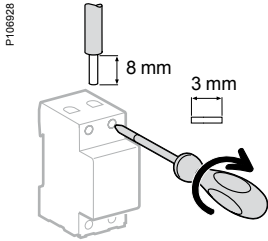
- The dimmer is turned On/Off by shortly pushing the front panel push-button. This push-button lights blue when the dimmer is On.
- The light level is controlled by keeping the front panel push-button pushed until wanted level has been reached.
- The direction of dimming (up/down) is changed every time the front panel push-button is released.
- The dimmer has memory function which stores the light level before Off-command. When the dimmer is turned back On, the light level is the same as it was before Off-command.
- Auxiliary push-buttons connected on  terminal have the same functionality as the push-button on the front panel of the dimmer.



### Load table

STD400RC/RL-DIN, STD400RC/RL-SAE	
230 V incandescent and halogen lamps	40 - 400 W
Low voltage halogen lamps with electronic transformer	40 - 400 W
Low voltage halogen lamps with conventional transformer	40 - 400 W
Low voltage halogen lamps with toroidal transformer	40 - 300 W
Motors (fans, ventilators...)	40 - 200 W
STD1000RL-DIN, STD1000RL-SAE	
230 V incandescent and halogen lamps	60 - 1000 W
Low voltage halogen lamps with conventional transformer	60 - 1000 W
Motors (fans, ventilators...)	60 - 600 W
SCU10-DIN, SCU10-SAE	
Mono fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast (dia.26 mm)	50 x 18 W, 40 x 36 W, 25 x 58 W
Duo fluorescent tubes with electronic ballast (dia.26 mm)	40 x 18 W, 20 x 36 W, 12 x 58 W
Fluocompact lamps with electronic ballast	50 max. up to 1500 W



## Connection

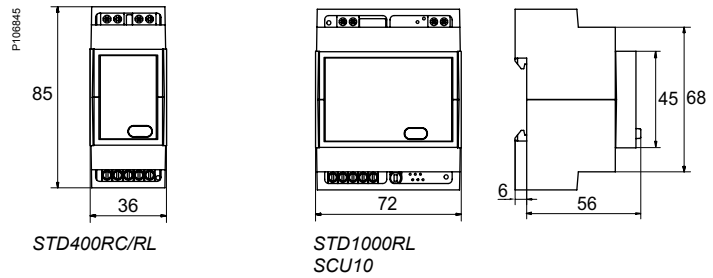


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
		DB1122545 	DB123553 
<b>STD and SCU (top connection)</b>	0.5 N.m	< 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	< 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>STD and SCU (bottom connection)</b>	0.5 N.m	< 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	< 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Weight (g)

Dimmers	
STD400RC/RL-DIN	80
STD400RC/RL-SAE	90
STD1000RL-DIN	120
STD1000RL-SAE, SCU10	130

## Dimensions (mm)





## Thermostats

P123732



### TH4

For individual and multifamily housing, tertiary premises, TH4 thermostat monitors and regulates ambient temperature from +8°C to +26°C according to 3 temperature set points:

- comfort: while the premises are occupied
- reduced: while the premises are unoccupied
- above freezing: for a prolonged period of non-occupancy.

P123731



### TH7

For industrial premises stretching from cold storage to ovens, TH7 thermostat monitors and regulates temperature from -40°C to +80°C with a wide setting range.

It can also be used for frost protections at home.

## Programmable thermostats

P126317



### THP1 and THP2

Programmable thermostats control the operating periods of all heating types by monitoring and regulating ambient temperature between 5°C and 30°C, using a programme pre-set by the user and memorised:

- THP1: 1 zone,
- THP2: 2 zones.

P126318

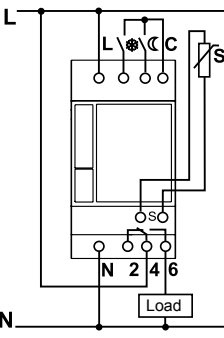
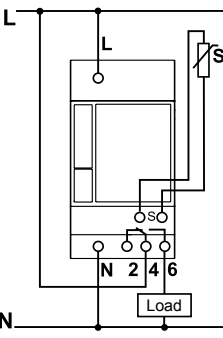


## Selection table

## Thermostats

	TH4	TH7
Type	 P123732	 P123731

Function	<p>For individual and multifamily housing, tertiary premises, TH4 thermostat monitors and regulates ambient temperature from +8°C to +26°C according to 3 temperature set points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ comfort: while the premises are occupied</li> <li>■ reduced: while the premises are unoccupied</li> <li>■ above freezing: for a prolonged period of non-occupancy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ For industrial premises stretching from cold storage to ovens, TH7 thermostat monitors and regulates temperature from -40°C to +80°C with a wide setting range</li> <li>■ It can also be used for frost protections at home</li> </ul>
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Wiring diagrams	 P106772	 P106773
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Mounting	Delivered with CCT15846 ambient temperature probe	Delivered without probe
Catalogue numbers	<b>CCT15841</b>	<b>CCT15840</b>

Technical specifications					
Voltage rating (Ue)	230 V AC, ± 10 %, 50/60 Hz				
Consumption	< 4 VA				
Output contact current (250 V AC)	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Cos φ = 1</td> <td>16 A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cos φ = 0.6</td> <td>3 A</td> </tr> </table>	Cos φ = 1	16 A	Cos φ = 0.6	3 A
Cos φ = 1	16 A				
Cos φ = 0.6	3 A				
Power reserve	–				
Time base	–				
Difference between tripping and activation	±0.2°C				
Degree of protection	IP20				
Operating temperature	-10°C to +55°C				
Storage temperature	-20°C to +60°C				
Set Point accuracy	1°C				
Humidity	15-95 % RH (no condensation)				
Width (module of 9 mm)	5				
Color	White RAL 9003				
Protections, fuses	Internal over voltage protection against surges, internal over temperature protection				
Compliance with Community Directives	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Isolating requirements, E.M.C. guidelines and Safety guidelines</td> <td>EN 60730-2-9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RoHS and environmental issues</td> <td>                     EU-directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)                      WEEE-directive 2002/96/EC (recycling)                      REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006                 </td> </tr> </table>	Isolating requirements, E.M.C. guidelines and Safety guidelines	EN 60730-2-9	RoHS and environmental issues	EU-directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) WEEE-directive 2002/96/EC (recycling) REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
Isolating requirements, E.M.C. guidelines and Safety guidelines	EN 60730-2-9				
RoHS and environmental issues	EU-directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) WEEE-directive 2002/96/EC (recycling) REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006				

## Programmable thermostats

### THP1

P126317

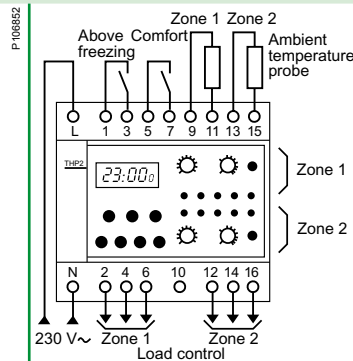
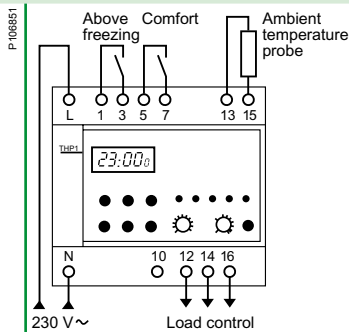


### THP2

P126318



- The THP1 and THP2 programmable thermostats control the operating periods of all heating types by monitoring and regulating ambient temperature between 5°C and 30°C, using a programme pre-set by the user and memorised
- The THP1 and THP2 monitors and regulates temperature in a room by comparing the value of the temperature measured by the ambient temperature probe with the value of the setpoint displayed on its front face according to 3 operating modes:
  - comfort: 5°C to 30°C while the premises are occupied
  - reduced: 5°C to 26°C while the premises are unoccupied
  - above freezing: the temperature in the premises is maintained at approximately 6°C
- The THP1 and THP2, can control the following loads:
  - convectors
  - a burner
  - a "hot air" heating system
  - heating valves: hydraulic, electromagnetic or electrothermal



Delivered with 1 non-adjustable ambient temperature probe

**15833**

Delivered with -2 non-adjustable ambient temperature probes

**15834**

230 V AC

-

1 VA

5 A

1 A

6 years

Quartz

±0.2°C

IP20.1

-5°C to +55°C

-25°C to +70 °C

-

30-50 % RH (no condensation)

10

White RAL 9003

-

NF C 47-121



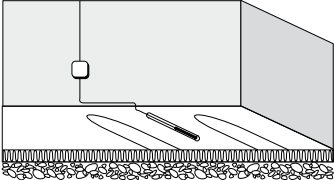
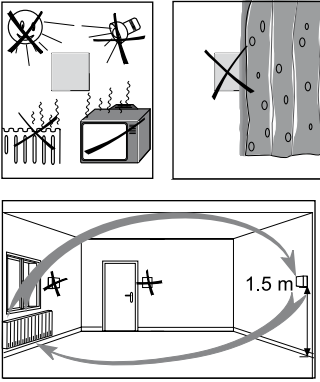
EN 60730-1: 1991

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## Selection table TH4, TH7 temperature probes

Accessories	Floor temperature probe (with 1.5 m cable)	Ambient temperature probe (with 1.5 m cable)
Type	<p>P123733</p> 	<p>P123734</p> 
Installation	<p>P106863</p> 	<p>P106864</p> 
Mounting	<p>This probe must be placed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ in a Ø 9 mm tube, embedded in the slab in the middle of a turn</li> <li>■ one of the ends must run out of a distribution box sealed in the nearest wall (to simplify probe installation or replacement)</li> </ul>	<p>This probe must be fixed 1.50 m above the floor, away from drafts and sources of heat (sun's rays, radiators, machines, etc.)</p>
Catalogue numbers	CCT15845	CCT15846

**Note:** for all probes, do not run connecting cables alongside power cables.  
 TH4 and TH7 probes cables can be extended up to 70 m by using 6/10th telephone cable or up to 150 m by using shielded copper cable.  
 THP1 and THP2 probes cables can be extended up to 50 m by using 6/10th telephone cable or shielded copper cable.

## Specific technical data






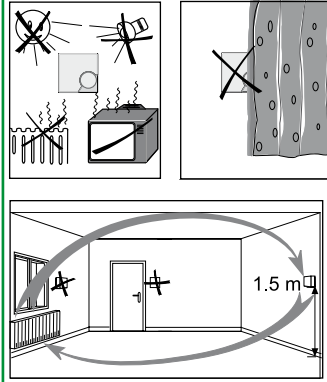
TH4		
Settings	Comfort	From +8°C to +26°C
	Reduced	From 0°C to 10°C below the selected "comfort" temperature set point: control (manual or automatic) by external dry contact
	Above freezing	Maintains room temperature according to a factory adjusted temperature set point of +5°C: control (manual or automatic) by external dry contact
Three indicator lights visualise	Green	Above freezing operation
	Yellow	Reduced operation
	Red	Relay: ON
Delivered with ambient temperature probe (CCT15846)		NTC 10 kΩ (25°C) can be extended up to 150 m with shielded copper cable and up to 70 m with telephone cable

**Note:** however, the set point selected never can't be less than +8°C. Eg. If the reduced set point is selected with a 12°C set point temperature and a 10°C reduction temperature, the operative set point will not be +2°C (12-10) but rather +8°C (+5°C only if the "above freezing" input is closed/active).

TH7		
Temperature set point settings <sup>(1)</sup>	Range	6 fixed positions: -40°C, -20°C, 0°C, +20°C, +40°C and +60°C
	Adjustments	From 0°C to 20°C above the selected fixed position
Indicator light	Red	Relay: ON
Delivered without probe		

(1) For example: if "range" is on -40°C, setting is possible between -40°C and -20°C.

## THP1, THP2 temperature probes

Outside temperature probe (with 2 m cable)		Collar temperature probe (with 1.5 m cable)		Ambient temperature probes				
				Non-adjustable probe	± 3 °C adjustable probe	Spare battery		
P122735		P122736		P126320			P126321	
								
This probe must be fixed away from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the sun preferably facing north</li> <li>all heat sources (chimney, etc.)</li> </ul>		This probe must be fixed on the hot water outgoing pipe (min. ø 21 mm, max. ø 90 mm) approximately 1.50 m from the boiler.		These probes must be fixed 1.50 m above the floor, away from drafts and sources of heat (sun's rays, radiators, machines, etc.)				
CCT15847		CCT15848		15835	15836	16358		

### THP1, THP2

Display	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By liquid crystal display of hour, minutes, day of the week and of contact status</li> <li>Indicator lights: 5 LEDs for 1 zone and 10 for 2 zones displaying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the automatic, comfort and reduced operating modes (yellow)</li> <li>the above freezing operating mode (green)</li> <li>the ON position of the output contact(s) (red)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Choosing the operating mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By local pushbutton: automatic, reduced, comfort, above freezing</li> <li>By external remote contact overriding the local push-button</li> <li>The comfort operating mode overrides the above freezing mode</li> </ul>
Programming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum programming time between 2 switching operations: 1 minute</li> <li>Memory: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>THP1: up to 42 switching operations</li> <li>THP2: up to 168 switching operations</li> </ul> </li> <li>Programming 24 h / 7 days with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>possible anticipation of switching</li> <li>deletion of a switching operation in order to modify or cancel a sequence</li> </ul> </li> <li>Changeover to "summer-winter" time in a single operation</li> </ul>

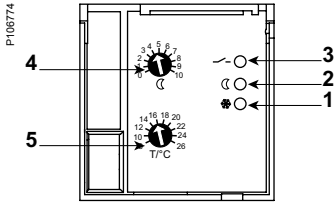


Fig. 1.

### TH4

#### Front face (see Fig. 1)

- 1 Above freezing mode indicator.
- 2 Reduced mode indicator.
- 3 Relay.
- 4 Reduced threshold adjustment (reduction of temperature with respect to the setpoint).
- 5 Temperature threshold adjustment.

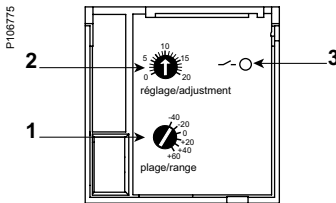


Fig. 2.

### TH7

#### Front face (see Fig. 2)

- 1 Temperature range setting (6 ranges).
- 2 Temperature fine adjustment.
- 3 Relay indicator.

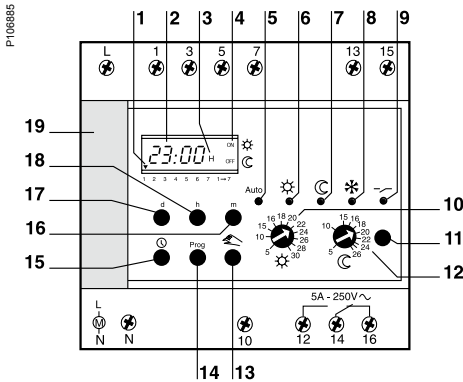


Fig. 3.

### THP1

#### Front face (see Fig. 3)

- 1 Days indication: cursor on 1 = Monday, on 2 = Tuesday, etc.
- 2 Hours and minutes indication.
- 3 Stopping during holiday periods (holiday override mode).
- 4 Visualisation of switching status:  
ON: comfort ☀  
OFF: reduced ☾
- 5 Yellow indicator light: "Auto" position.
- 6 Yellow indicator light: "comfort" position.
- 7 Yellow indicator light: "reduced" position.
- 8 Green indicator light: "above freezing" position.
- 9 Red indicator light: output contact status.
- 10 Button for setting the "comfort" operating mode.
- 11 Pushbutton for selecting the operating mode for zone 1.
- 12 Button for setting the "reduced" operating mode.
- 13 Key for anticipation of switching and programming over 7 days.
- 14 Key for scrolling the switching and memorisation operations.
- 15 Function key for time and day updating and return to the time display.
- 16 Minutes setting key.
- 17 Days setting key.
- 18 Hours setting key.
- 19 Manual slot.

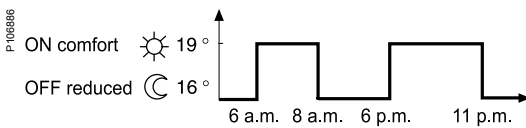


Fig. 4.

### THP1 programming

A programmable clock, built into the THP1, is used for programming (see Fig. 4).

- The various operations for:
  - updating time and day,
  - introduction of the programme, are the same as those used to programme the IHP 24 hours and 7 days.
- Programming possibilities:
  - 24 hours and 7 days: a separate programme for each day of the week,
  - up to 42 switching operations memorised,
  - the same switching operation used over several days only counts as one switching operation,
  - power reserve: 6 years.

#### Example

- Programming:
  - temperature thresholds: "comfort" 19°C and "reduced" 16°C,
  - presence from 6 a.m. to 8 a.m. and from 6 p.m. to 11 p.m.: "comfort" heating, temperature of 19°C,
  - absence (from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.) and nighttime (from 11 p.m. to 6 a.m.): "reduced" heating, temperature of 16°C.



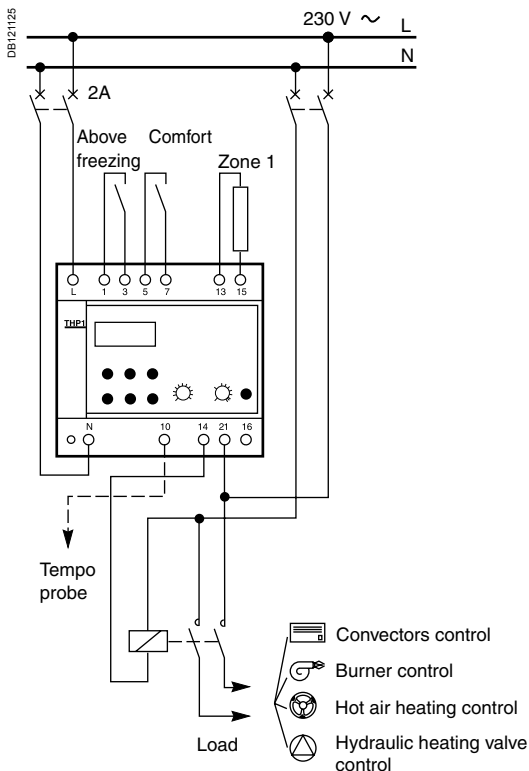


Fig. 5. THP1 connection example.

## Local control

The operating mode pushbutton (11) is used to select the operating mode and to light up the relevant indicator lights in turn:

### Auto (indicator light 5)

Operation takes place according to a pre-set programme (see § on "programming").

- Temperature is regulated with respect to the following temperature thresholds:
  - comfort (ON symbol visible) which is set using the button (10),
  - reduced (OFF symbol visible) which is set using the button (12).

### Comfort (indicator light 6)

The ON symbol is visible.

- Indicator light ON: temperature is regulated only with respect to the "comfort" temperature threshold (setting button 10).
- Flashing indicator light (see § on "remote control").

### Reduced (indicator light 7)

Temperature is regulated only with respect to the "reduced" temperature threshold (setting button 12). The OFF symbol is visible.

### Above freezing (indicator light 8)

- Indicator light ON: temperature is regulated only with respect to the 6.5°C temperature threshold pre-set in the factory.
- Flashing indicator light (see § on "remote control").

## Remote control

This operating mode corresponds to the closing of a contact external to the THP (e.g. switch or TRC).

### Closing a comfort operation contact

(Red indicator light (6) flashing on the THP). Once closed, temperature is only regulated with respect to the "comfort" temperature threshold.

This external contact (terminals 5 and 7) takes priority over:

- The local controls ("Auto", "comfort", "reduced", "above freezing").
- The external "above freezing" contact.

### Closing an above freezing operation contact

(Green indicator light (8) flashing on the THP). Once closed, temperature is only regulated with respect to the "above freezing" temperature threshold.

This external contact (terminals 1 and 3) takes priority over local controls ("Auto", "comfort", "reduced", "above freezing").

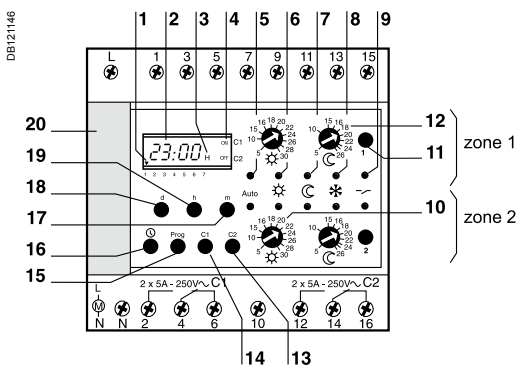


Fig. 6.

## THP2

### Front face (see Fig. 6)

- 1 Days indication: cursor on 1 = Monday, on 2 = Tuesday, etc.
- 2 Hours and minutes indication.
- 3 Stopping during holiday periods (holiday override).
- 4 Visualisation of switching status.

		Comfort ☀	Reduced ☾
Zone 1	C1	ON	OFF
Zone 2	C2	ON	OFF

- 5 Yellow indicator light: "Auto" position.
- 6 Yellow indicator light: "comfort" position.
- 7 Yellow indicator light: "reduced" position.
- 8 Green indicator light: "above freezing" position.
- 9 Red indicator light: output contact status.
- 10 Button for setting the "comfort" operating mode.
- 11 Pushbutton for selecting the operating mode for the zone.
- 12 Button for setting the "reduced" operating mode.
- 13 Zone 2 selection key.
- 14 Zone 1 selection key.
- 15 Key for scrolling switching and memorisation operations.
- 16 Function key for updating time and day and return to the time display.
- 17 Minutes setting key.
- 18 Days setting key.
- 19 Hours setting key.
- 20 Manual slot.

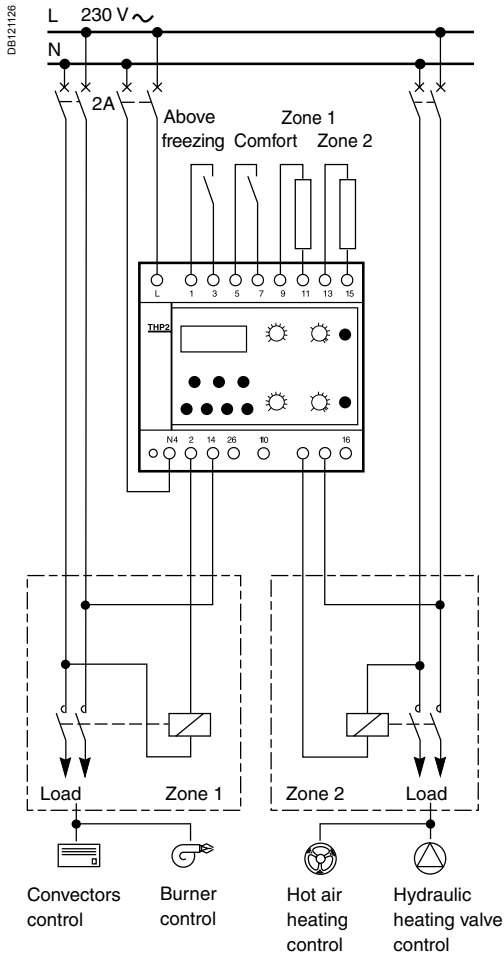
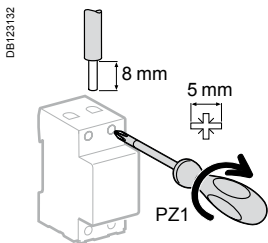


Fig. 7. THP2 connection example.

### THP2 programming

- Programming is carried out by a 2 channel, IHP 24 hours and 7 days programmable time switch, built into the THP2.
- Programming possibilities:
  - 24 hours and 7 days: a separate programme for each day of the week,
  - 24 switching operations memorised, to be divided up over the 2 zones,
  - the same switching operation, used over several days, only counts for the same operation,
  - power reserve: 6 years.

### Connection

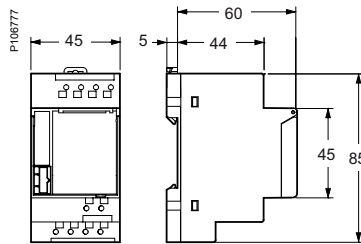


Type	Tightening torque	Copper cables	
		Rigid	Flexible or with ferrule
THP1, THP2	1.2 N.m	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 mm <sup>2</sup>
TH4, TH7	2 screwless / pole	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>

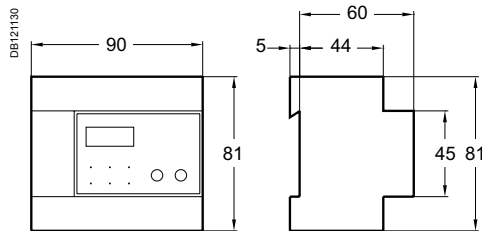
### Weight (g)

Thermostats	
TH4, TH7	125
TH4 with probe	205
Programmable thermostats	
THP1	489
THP2	570

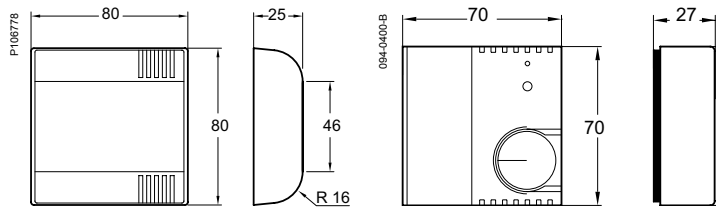
## Dimensions (mm)



*TH4 and TH7 thermostats*



*THP1 and THP2 programmable thermostats*



*TH4, TH7, ambient temperature probe*

*THP1, THP2, ambient temperature probes*

**Schneider Electric Industries SAS**

35, rue Joseph Monier  
CS 30323  
F- 92506 Rueil Malmaison Cedex

RCS Nanterre 954 503 439  
Capital social 896 313 776 €  
[www.schneider-electric.com](http://www.schneider-electric.com)



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